GENERAL STATUTES

OF THE

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

PREPARED BY THE COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED TO REVISE THE STATUTES OF THE STATE, BY ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE, PASSED FEBRUARY 17, 1863.

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CHAP. LXXV. CONCERNING REAL PROPERTY.

C. S. p. 595, Sect. 1.

CHAPTER LXXV.

ACTIONS CONCERNING, AND RIGHTS IN REAL PROPERTY.

- Section 1. An action may be brought by any person in
- 2 possession, by himself, or his tenant of real property, against 3 any person who claims an estate or interest therein, adverse
- 4 to him, for the purpose of determining such adverse claim,
- 5 estate or interest.
- SECT. 2. If the defendant in such action, disclaims in
- 2 his answer, any interest or estate in the property, or suffers C.S. p. 505, Sect. 2
- judgment to be taken against him without answer, the plain-
- tiff cannot recover costs.
- SECT. 3. In an action for the recovery of dower, before
- 2 admeasurement, or by a tenant in common, or joint tenant C.S. p. 505, Sect. 8
- 3 of real property, against a co-tenant, the plaintiff shall show,
- 4 in addition to the evidence of his right, that the defendant
- 5 either denied the plaintiff's right, or did some act amount-
- 6 ing to such denial.
- SECT. 4. In an action for the recovery of real property,
- 2 when the plaintiff shows a right to recover, at the time the ac- c.s.p. 595, sect. 4.
- 3 tion was commenced, but it appears that such right has term-
- 4 inated during the pendency of the action, the verdict and
- judgment shall be according to the fact, and the plaintiff
- may recover damages for withholding the property.
- Sect. 5. Any person against whom a judgment for the 2 recovery of real property is rendered, may within six months C.S.P 505, Sect.5.
- 3 after written notice of the judgment, upon the payment of
- 4 all costs and damages recovered thereby, demand another
- 5 trial, by notice in writing to the adverse party, or to his
- 6 attorney in the action, and thereupon the action may be
- 7 brought to trial by either party.
- SECT. 6. The judgment given on a trial to be had under
- 2 the last section, shall be annexed to the judgment roll of the c.s. p. 595, sect. 7.
- 3 former trial, and the judgment last given shall be the final
- 4 determination of the rights of the parties. If a prior judg-
- 5 ment has been executed, restitution shall be ordered as the
- 6 last judgment may determine the rights of the parties, and
- 7 the same may be enforced by execution.

664 C. S. p. 596, Sect. 8.

SECT. 7. Damages for withholding the property recovered, shall not exceed the fair value of the property, exclusive of the use of improvements, made by the defendant for a period not exceeding six years; and when permanent improvements have been made by a defendant or those under whom he claims, holding under color of title adversely to the claims of the plaintiff, in good faith, the value thereof shall be allowed as a set-off against the damages of the plaintiff for the use of the property.

1864-p. 92, Sect. 1.

Sect. 8. Any person who erects any building, tene-2 ment or fences upon land, in good faith, and having color of title, and good reason to believe that the legal title to 4 such lands is or was vested in him, when, in fact, such title 5 was or is not in him, and he has no legal or equitable rights whereby he can enforce a conveyance to him of such title, such person shall be entitled to and may remove such buildings, tenements or fences from said land, doing no unnecessary dam-9 age to the land, and in so doing shall only be liable for the ac-10 tual damage done the land; *Provided*, That no person shall 11 remove a building or fence under the provisions of this sec-12 tion, unless he removes the same within sixty days after the 13 determination of the action or proceeding, respecting the 14 title to the premises on which such building or fence is 15 erected, as contemplated herein, or within sixty days after 16 notice to remove the same, given by the holder of the legal 17 title, unless within said sixty days an action is commenced 18 and prosecuted to try such question of title.

(64 c. s. p. 596, Sect. 9.

1 SECT. 9. The court in which an action is pending for 2 the recovery of real property, may on motion, upon notice 3 by either party, and for cause shown, grant an order allowing to such party the right to enter upon the property and 5 make survey and measurement thereof for the purpose of the 6 action.

C. S. p. 596, Sect. 10.

1 Sect. 10. The order shall describe the property, and a 2 copy thereof shall be served on the owner or occupant, and 3 thereupon such party may enter upon the property with ne-4 cessary surveyors and assistants, and make such survey and 5 measurement, but if any unnecessary injury is done to the 6 property, he is liable therefor.

C. S. p. 596, Sect. 11.

- 1 SECT. 11. A mortgage of real property is not to be 2 deemed a conveyance, so as to enable the owner of the mort-3 gage to recover possession of the real property without a 4 foreelosure.
- 1 SECT. 12. When real property is sold on execution, the 2 purchaser thereof, or any person who may have succeeded

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3 to his interest, may after his estate becomes absolute, reco- c.s.p. 506, Sect. 12. 4 ver damages for injury to the property by the tenant in 5 possession, after the sale, and before possession is delivered 6 under the conveyance.

SECT. 13. An action for the recovery of real property, 2 against a person in possession or in receipt of the rents and c.s.p. 500, Sect. 13. profits thereof, cannot be prejudiced by an alienation made 4 by such person, either before or after the commencement of 5 the action, but in such case if the defendant has no proper-6 ty sufficient to satisfy the damages recovered for the with-7 holding of possession, such damages may be collected by - 8 action against the purchaser.

ECT. 14. The district court has power to pass the title 2 to dal estate by a judgement, without any other act to be 3 done on the part of the defendant, when such appears to be Amended. 4 the proper mode to carry its judgments into effect; and such 5 juagment being recorded in the registry of deeds of the 6 con y where such real estate is situated, shall, while in F for be as effectual to transfer the same, as the deed of the S devia dant.

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icr. 15. When in case of a lease of real property, te failure of the tenant to pay rent, the landlord has a C.S. p. 596, Sect. 14. ting right to re-enter for such failure, he may bring ion to recover possession of the property, and such is equivalent to a demand of the rent and a re-entry 6 ages he property; but if at any time before the expiration 7 of months after possession obtained by the plaintiff on 8 recovery in the action, the lessee or his successor in inter-9 est as to the whole or part of the property, pays to the A adapted; or brings into court the amount of rent then in ar-1 resire with interest and the costs of the action, and performs I the where covenants on the part of the lessee, he may be re-Annea o'the possession, and hold the property according to the terms of the original lease.

16. In actions affecting the title to, lien upon, or in real property, the plaintiff, at the time of the 1861-ch. 19, Sect. 1. C. // demnessible ement of the action, or at any time afterwards, I have the for record in the office of the register of deeds of be above hty, in which the real property so affected, or some 5 and the eof is situated, a notice of the pendency of the acittion, containing the names of the parties, the object of the 8 action, and a description of the real property in the county 9 affected thereby; and when the plaintiff amends his com-10 plaint by altering the description of the premises affected 11 thereby, or so as to extend his claim against the premises, 12 he shall file a new notice. And the register of deeds shall

- 13 record all such notices in the same book and in the same
- 14 manner as mortgages are recorded. From the time of filing
- 15 such notice, and from such time only, the pendency of the
- 16 action shall be notice to purchasers or incumbrancers of the
- 17 rights and equities of the plaintiff to the real property in
- 18 said notice described.

1861-ch. 19, Sect. 2. Amended.

SECT. 17. If in any such action there are defendants 2 against whom no personal claim is made, the plaintiff may serve upon such defendants at the time of the service of 4 the summons on them, a written notice, subscribed by the plaintiff or his attorney, setting forth the general object of 6 the action, a description of the property affected by it, and 7 that no personal claim is made against such defendants. If 8 any such defendant on whom such notice is so served, un 9 reasonably defends the action, he shall pay full costs to the 10 plaintiff.

C 36 C. S. p. 410, Sect. 31.

Sect. 18. Every person in possession of land, out of 2 which any rent is due, whether it was originally demised in 3 fee, or for any other estate of freehold, for any term of 4 years, shall be liable for the amount or proportion of rent 5 due from the land in his possession, although it is only a 6 part of what was originally demised.

SECT. 19. Such rent may be recovered in a civil action, 2 and the deed, demise, or other instrument in writing, if 3 there is any, showing the provisions of the lease, may be 4 used in evidence by either party to prove the amount due 5 from the defendant.

. 1 Sect. 20. Nothing contained in the two preceding secc.s.p. 410, Sect. 83 2 tions shall deprive landlords of any other legal remedy for 3 the recovery of their rent, whether secured to them by their · 4 leases or provided by law.

C. S. p. 411, Sect. 34.

SECT. 21. Estates at will may be determined by either party by three months' notice in writing for that purpose, 3 given to the other party; and when the rent reserved is payable at periods of less than three months, the time of such notice shall be sufficient if it is equal to the interval between the times of payment; and in all cases of neglect or refusal to pay the rent due on a lease at will, fourteen days' notice to quit, given in writing by the landlord to the tenant, is '9 sufficient to determine the lease.

C. S. p. 411, Sects. 35

SECT. 22. Aliens may take, hold, transmit and convey 2 real estate, and no title to real estate shall be invalid on ac-3 count of the alienage of any former owner.

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- 3 had probable cause to believe that the land on which the
- 4 trespass was committed was his own, or that of the person 5 in whose service, or by whose direction the act was done,
- 6 judgment shall be given for only the single damages assess-
- ed in the action.

C64 C. S. p. 597, Sect. 20.

- SECT. 30. Nothing in the last two sections authorizes 2 the recovery of more than the just value of the timber taken 3 from uncultivated wood land for the repair of a public high-4 way or bridge upon the land, or adjoining it.
- C. S. p. 597, Sect. 21,
- SECT. 31. If a person put out of real property in a 2 forcible manner without lawful authority, or being so put 3 out, is afterwards kept out by force, recovers damages there-4 for, judgment may be entered for three times the amount 5 at which the actual damages are assessed.
- C: 8. p. 597, Sect. 22.
- SECT. 32. In case of forcible entry or forcible detention, 2 if a person claiming in good faith under color of title to be 3 rightfully in possession so put out, or kept out, recovers 4 damages therefor, judgment may be entered in his favor for 5 three times the amount at which the actual damages are as-6 sessed.

CHAPTER LXXVI.

ACTIONS RESPECTING CORPORATIONS.

C. S. p. 605, Sect. 1.

- 1 Section 1. This chapter embraces all corporations, in-2 cluding in such designation, all associations having any cor-3 porate rights, whether created by special acts or under general laws.
- C. S.p. 605, Sect. 2. Amended.
- Sect. 2. A foreign corporation may prosecute in the 1 2 courts of this state, in the same manner as corporations 3 created under the laws thereof.
- C. S. p. 605, Sect. 3.
- Sect. 3. A foreign corporation cannot maintain an ac-2 tion in this state upon an obligation or liability arising out 3 of, or in consideration of an act which is contrary to the 4 law or policy of the state, or which is thereby forbidden in 5 respect to corporations or associations therein, whose general business is similar to that of such foreign corporation.
- C. S. p. 605, Sect. 5.
- 1 'Sect. 4. Actions may be commenced against corpora-2 tions whether created under the laws of this state or any