THE

MRogen

GENERAL STATUTES

OF THE

STATE OF MINNESOTA:

REVISED BY COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED UNDER AN ACT APPROVED FEBRUARY 17, 1863, AND

ACTS SUBSEQUENT THERETO, AMENDED BY THE LEGISLATURE,

AND PASSED AT THE SESSION OF 1866.

TO WHICH

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, THE ORGANIC ACT, THE ACT AUTHORIZING A STATE GOVERNMENT, AND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA,

ARE PREFIXED;

AND A LIST OF ACTS PREVIOUSLY REPEALED,

A GLOSSARY, AND INDEX, ARE ADDED.

Edited and Published under the authority of Chapters 15 and 16 of the Laws of 1866.

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1872.

CHAPTER LXVII.

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SECURITY FOR COSTS

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SECTION 1. The right of a party to agree with an attorney or counsel compensation of for his compensation, is unrestricted, and the measure and mode of such compensation is left to the agreement, express or implied, of the parties; but there may be allowed to the prevailing party, certain sums by way of indemnity, for his expenses in the action, which allowances are termed costs.

Costs are allowed to the prevailing party in actions commenced costs in district Sec. 2. in the district court as follows:

First. To the plaintiff upon a judgment in his favor of one hundred dollars or more in an action for the recovery of money only, when no issue of fact or law is joined, five dollars. When an issue is joined, ten dollars;

Second. In all other actions except as hereinafter otherwise provided. ten dollars;

Third. To the defendant upon discontinuance or dismissal, five dollars:

Fourth.When judgment is rendered in his favor on the merits, ten dollars.

In every action commenced in the district court, the prevail- Disbursements ing party shall be allowed his disbursements necessarily paid or incurred, action.

Sec. 4. When several actions are brought on any instrument in writ- when there are ing, or in any other case for the same cause of action against several par- several actions, costs allowed in ties who might have been joined as defendants in the same action, no costs one only, when can be allowed to the plaintiff in more than one of such actions, which may be at his election, if the parties proceeded against in the other actions were at the commencement of the previous action openly within this state; but the disbursements of the plaintiff may be allowed to him as provided in the preceding section.

In equitable actions, costs may be allowed, or not; and if Costs in equitable allowed, may be apportioned between the parties on the same or adverse discretion of the sides, in the discretion of the court. When there are several defendants 8 Min. 451 not united in interest, and making separate defences by separate answers, and the plaintiff fails to recover judgment against all, the court may award

lowed, termed 8 Min. 303.

courtallowed prevailing party.

costs to such of the defendants as have judgment in their favor, or any of them.

Costs in action on judgment of a court of this state. Sec. 6. Costs cannot be allowed to the plaintiff in an action upon a judgment of a court of this state, between the same parties, unless such action was brought with previous leave of the court, for cause shown; but this prohibition does not apply to an action upon the judgment of a justice brought in another county, or brought in the same county, in case of the summons not having been served on all the defendants, or the death of a party, or the death, resignation, incapacity to act, or removal from the county of the justice, or the loss of his docket.

Interest allowed, when.

Sec. 7. When the judgment is for the recovery of money, interest from the time of the verdict or report, until the judgment is finally entered, shall be computed by the clerk, and added thereto.

bursements, how taxed—objections—appeal.
2 Min. 67.
3 Min. 347.
2 Min. 552.
4 Min. 552.
5 Min. 522.
8 Min. 303.

10 Min. 423.

Coats and dis-

Sec. 8. Costs and disbursements shall be taxed and allowed, in the first instance, by the clerk, upon two days' notice by either party, and inserted in the entry of judgment; the disbursements shall be stated in detail and verified by affidavit which shall be filed; the party objecting to any item shall specify in writing the grounds of objection, and the same, in case of appeal, shall be certified to the court by the clerk, and the appeal shall be heard and determined upon the objections so certified, and none other.

Court may impose terms, when. Sec. 9. The court may impose terms, not exceeding ten dollars at any one time, as a condition to opening defaults, granting continuances, amendments, leave to answer or demur, and other applications of a discretionary nature whenever justice requires it.

Guardian ad litem of infant

SEC. 10. When costs are adjudged against an infant plaintiff, the guardian by whom he appears in the action is responsible for them, and judgment therefor may be entered against both the guardian and the infant.

responsible for costs.

Defendant enti-

tled to costs after

tender, when.

SEC. 11. When in an action on contract express or implied, the defendant alleges in his answer, that before the commencement of the action, he tendered to the plaintiff the full amount to which he was entitled, and thereupon deposits in court for the plaintiff the amount so tendered, and the allegation is found true, the defendant is entitled to costs and disbursements.

Costs chargeable on estate or fund, when.

SEC. 12. In an action prosecuted or defended by an executor, administrator, trustee of an express trust, or a person expressly authorized by statute, costs and disbursements, may be recovered, as in an action by and against a person prosecuting or defending in his own right, but the same shall by the judgment, be made chargeable only upon the estate, fund, or party represented, unless the court directs the same to be paid by the plaintiff or defendant personally, for mismanagement or bad faith in the action; but no costs or disbursements are recoverable in such action, unless it appears that the demand was first presented to the executor or administrator, verified by oath, and payment demanded.

Relator liable for costs, how.

Sec. 13. When an action or proceeding is instituted in the name of the state, on the relation of any citizen, such relator is entitled to and liable for costs and disbursements, in the same cases and to the same extent as if such action or proceeding had been instituted in his own name.

Costs on appeal from justice of the peace. Sec. 14. In civil actions tried before a justice of the peace, if the plaintiff appeals from a judgment in his favor, and does not recover in the district court, a greater sum as damages than he recovered by the first judgment, the defendant is entitled to costs and disbursements; if the defendant appeals and the amount of the plaintiff's recovery before the justice is reduced one-half or more in the district court, the defendant is entitled to costs and disbursements; in all other cases of appeal from the

judgment of a justice of the peace in such actions, the successful party is entitled to costs and disbursements.

Sec. 15. In comparing the sums recovered by the two judgments, for Interest not conthe purposes specified in the preceding section, the interest accrued on the sidered in cases under preceding plaintiff's demand, after the first judgment, shall not be considered.

COSTS IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Sec. 16. Costs in the supreme court may be allowed in the discretion Costs in supreme of said court, as follows:

To the prevailing party upon a judgment in his favor on the 4 Min. 558. First. merits, not exceeding twenty-five dollars;

Second. Upon dismissal, not exceeding ten dollars.

Sec. 17. In all cases the prevailing party shall be allowed his dis- Disbursements

bursements necessarily paid or incurred.

SEC. 18. In an action for the recovery of money only, said court may, Court may allow if of opinion that the appeal was taken for delay, merely, allow the percentage, when. plaintiff, in addition to costs and disbursements, a sum not exceeding three per cent. on the amount of the judgment recovered in the district court.

court, discretion-6 Min. 508.

allowed in all

SECURITY FOR COSTS.

SEC. 19. When an action is commenced in the district court in the Security for costs name of any plaintiff who is committed and in execution for a crime, or wherein the plaintiff is a non-resident of this state, or wherein all of several plaintiffs are non-residents of this state, or in the name and behalf of any foreign corporation, such plaintiff shall file with the clerk of the court wherein such action is brought, before the service of the summons therein, a bond in the penal sum of seventy-five dollars, executed by one or more sureties, payable to the clerk of such court, for the benefit of parties who may become entitled to disbursements or costs in such action, and conditioned for the payment of all, disbursements and costs that may be adjudged against the plaintiff in the action. If, after the commencement of the action, all the parties plaintiff therein, become non-residents of this state, or the sureties in the bond above provided for remove from this state or become insolvent, the defendant may on motion by order of the court, Additional bond require an additional bond to be filed, payable and conditioned as herein may be required. provided.

SEC. 20. If any party commences an action without filing a bond, or Party neglecting to file security. fails to provide an additional one, as above required, the court, on motion proceeding of the defendant, may order a stay of all proceeding in such action, or a be stayed. dismissal of such action at the cost of the attorney commencing the same.

Sec. 21. When judgment is entered against any party who has given Bond may be put security as above provided, and the disbursements and costs so adjudged in suit, when. against such party remain in whole or in part unpaid for ten days after the entry of judgment, such bond may be put in suit and prosecuted to final judgment and execution.