

Nineteen Hundred Thirty-One
Supplement

to

Mason's Minnesota Statutes

(1927 thru 1931)

Containing the text of the acts of the 1929 and 1931 Sessions of the
Legislature, both new and amendatory, and notes showing repeals,
together with annotations from the various courts, state
and federal, construing the constitution, statutes,
charters and court rules of Minnesota



Edited by
WILLIAM H. MASON, Editor-in-Chief
W. H. MASON, JR., Assistant Editor

CITER-DIGEST CO.
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA
1931

county. If the amount in the indemnity fund is insufficient in any one year to pay all duly allowed claims and the other items properly payable out of said fund as hereinbefore provided, the county board shall transfer from said general revenue fund an amount, not exceeding the amount previously transferred thereto from said indemnity fund, sufficient funds to pay the unpaid balance of said warrants. (Act Apr. 21, 1931, c. 295, §35.)

§7297-36. Provisions separable.—In the event that any section, provision or part of this act shall be declared unconstitutional, it shall not in any way affect any other section,

provision or part thereof. (Act Apr. 21, 1931, c. 295, §36.)

§7297-37. Act supplemental.—This act is supplemental to all other laws relating to dogs, and to all laws relating to taxation of dogs as personal property, and shall not be construed as to modify, repeal or in any wise affect any part or provision of any such laws nor so as to prevent municipalities from prohibiting or licensing or regulating the running at large of dogs within their respective limits as by law or ordinance now or hereafter provided. (Act Apr. 21, 1931, c. 295, §37.)

CHAPTER 55

Hotels and Public Resorts

§7321. Equal rights in hotels, etc.

A complaint, charging that the plaintiff, on entering a cafeteria for the purpose of being served food, was told that he was too dirty to be served and would have to get out, and was

refused service, when in fact his clothing and person were clean, does not state a cause of action either for slander or for deprivation of any civil rights. *Larson v. W.*, 235NW393. See *Dun. Dig.* 4509.

CHAPTER 56

Auctioneers

§7322. Licenses—Persons entitled to.

Any person may be licensed as an auctioneer to make sales of livestock without regard to his residence. *Op. Atty. Gen.*, Dec. 10, 1929.

Minnesota cannot license a resident of Iowa. *Op. Atty. Gen.*, Feb. 27, 1931.

§7327. Unlicensed sales.

Owner of goods may not sell them at auction without license. *Op. Atty. Gen.*, Oct. 5, 1929.

CHAPTER 56A

Hawkers, Peddlers, and Transient Merchants

HAWKERS AND PEDDLERS

§7328. Engaging in business without license, etc.

A salesman representing a wholesaler dealing exclusively with retail merchants and not consumers is not a "peddler." *Op. Atty. Gen.*, July 2, 1930.

One holding a wholesale produce dealer's li-

cense is not thereby relieved from the necessity of taking out a peddler's license. *Op. Atty. Gen.*, Mar. 12, 1931.

TRANSIENT MERCHANTS

§7337. Engaging in business without license.

175M374, 221NW428.

CHAPTER 56C

Newspapers

§7352-11. Newspapers to register statement of ownership—exceptions.—Every newspaper printed or published within the State of Minnesota excepting legally qualified newspapers shall register in the office of the register of deeds, a statement of the owners, printers and publishers of said paper, and the residence of each, and if the same shall be published by a corporation, the names and residences of the president, secretary and editors thereof. (Act Apr. 21, 1931, c. 293, §1.)

§7352-12. Register of deeds to provide book.—The register shall provide a suitable book in which to register the names as herein provided and shall charge therefor a fee of fifty cents. (Act Apr. 21, 1931, c. 293, §2.)

§7352-13. Shall not publish paper unless registered.—No newspaper excepting a legally qualified newspaper shall be printed or published within the State of Minnesota without the names of the owners, publishers and edi-