MINNESOTA STATUTES 1953

CHAPTER 47

FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS

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- **47.01 DEFINITIONS.** Subdivision 1. **Terms.** Unless the language or context clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended, the following terms, for the purposes of this chapter, shall be given the meanings ascribed to them.
- Subd. 2. **Bank.** A bank is a corporation under public control, having a place of business where credits are opened by the deposit or collection of money and currency, subject to be paid or remitted upon draft, check, or order, and where money is advanced, loaned on stocks, bonds, bullion, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, and where the same are received for discount or sale; and all persons and copartnerships, respectively, so operating, are bankers.
- Subd. 3. Savings bank. A savings bank is an institution under like control, managed by disinterested trustees solely, authorized to receive and safely invest the savings of small depositors.
- Subd. 4. **Trust company.** A trust company is a corporation under like control authorized, within prescribed limitations, to act as a safe deposit company, trustee or representative for or under any court, public or private corporation, or individual, and as surety or guarantor.
- Subd. 5. **Building and loan association.** A building and loan association is a corporation under like control authorized solely to accumulate funds to be loaned to members to assist them in acquiring homes.
 - [R. L. s. 2967] (7635)
- 47.015 CLOSING ON CERTAIN DAYS. Subdivision 1. Financial institutions. As used in this section the term "financial institution" shall include banks, trust companies, banks and trust companies, mutual savings banks, industrial loan and thrift companies, savings and loal associations, building and loan associations, national banking associations, federal reserve banks and federal savings and loan associations now or hereafter doing business in this state.
- Subd. 2. **Days for closing.** Any financial institution (a) located in, or not more than ten miles from any city of the first class, or (b) located in a county having an area of more than 5,000 square miles and a population of more than 150,000, or (c) located in a county having over 33,000 and less than 35,000 inhabitants according to the 1950 federal census and assessed valuation over \$20,000,000, or (d) located in any county, which, at the time of the enactment of Laws 1953, c 445, has an assessed valuation of not less than \$1,200,000 and not more than \$2,900,000 and having an area of not less than 1,375 square miles and not more than 2,200 square miles, and having a population according to the 1950 federal census figures of not less than 2,800 inhabitants and not more than 8,500 inhabitants, or (e) in a city containing over 10,000 inhabitants located in a county having an assessed valuation over \$14,000,000 and less than \$15,000,000 exclusive of money and credits, containing over 30,000 and less than 32,000 inhabitants according to the 1950 federal census and

over 30 full and fractional congressional townships may remain closed on any Saturday. Any financial institution in the state may remain closed on any Monday next following a Sunday on which falls a holiday designated by any law of this state. Any Saturday or any such Monday on which any financial institution in the state remains closed as herein permitted shall be, with respect to such financial institution, a holiday and not a business day. Any act authorized, required or permitted by law or contract to be performed on any such Saturday or on any such Monday at, by or with respect to any such financial institution remaining closed on such day may be performed on the next succeeding regular business day, and no liability or loss of rights on the part of any person or financial institution shall result from such closing.

Subd. 3. May remain open on Mondays or holidays. Any financial institution in the state may remain open for the transaction of business on any such Monday or on any holiday designated by any law of this state, and on any such day any financial institution in this state may accept, certify or pay checks, drafts or other instruments, may charge the same against the accounts of customers, and may receive payment of notes, drafts and other instruments, all to the same extent and with the same legal effect as if such day were a regular business day, but nothing herein contained shall affect the due date of any time instrument.

[1949 s 38 s 1; 1951 c 128 s 1; 1953 c 61 s 1; 1953 c 445 s 1]

47.02 "BANK" AND "SAVINGS BANK." A "bank" is a corporation having a place of business in this state, where credits are opened by the deposit of money or currency, or the collection of the same, subject to be paid or remitted on draft, check, or order; and where money is loaned or advanced on stocks, bonds, bullion, bills of exchange, or promissory notes, and where the same are received for discount or sale. A "savings bank" is a corporation managed by disinterested trustees, solely authorized to receive and safely invest the savings of small depositors. Every "bank" or "savings bank" in this state shall at all times be under the supervision and subject to the control of the commissioner of banks, and when so conducted the business shall be known as "banking."

[1907 c. 111 s. 1; 1909 c. 103 s. 1] (7636)

- 47.03 WHEN USE OF CERTAIN WORDS PERMITTED. Subdivision 1. No individual, partnership, unincorporated association, or corporation, except as specifically authorized by the laws of this state, who does not hold an effective certificate of authority, issued by the commissioner of banks, to engage in the business of banking and is not subject to and complying with all the provisions of law relating to banks shall engage in such business, or make use of the words "bank," "banker," or "banking," or any derivative or compound of any such words, or any word or words in a foreign language having the same or a similar meaning, in its business name or in any sign, symbol, token, letterhead, circular, advertisement, or any other written or printed matter, in such manner as might indicate to any person that such individual, partnership, unincorporated association, or corporation is authorized to engage in the business of banking. This subdivision shall not apply to any holding company affiliate or affiliate as defined in the Act of Congress, known as the Banking Act of 1933, nor to any insurance company authorized to engage in the insurance business in the state of Minnesota.
- Subd. 2. Every individual, partnership, unincorporated association, or corporation which shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall forfeit to the state the sum of not to exceed \$100 for each day the violation shall continue, as determined by the court, to be recovered in a civil action to be brought by the attorney general in the name of the state at the request of the commissioner of banks, and may be enjoined from any further violation in an action brought in the name of the state for that purpose.

[1907 c. 111 s. 2; 1945 c. 133 s. 1] (7637)

47.04, 47.05 [Repealed, 1945 c 133 s 3]

47.07 WHAT COMPANIES SUBJECT TO PROVISIONS. All companies, associations, and corporations organized under any law of this state, other than those relating to the organization of banks and trust companies, which assume or exercise any of the functions, powers, or privileges conferred upon banks or trust companies under any law of this state, shall be subject to all the limitations, penalties, and requirements incident or pertaining to these functions, powers, or privileges; and

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the stockholders or persons forming the same shall be liable in the same manner and to the same extent as if these companies, associations, and corporations were organized as banks or trust companies under this chapter.

[R. L. s. 2982] (7655)

47.08 ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION FILED WITH COMMISSIONER. All persons proposing to incorporate and organize any financial institution, whether defined or described as such by the laws of the state, shall, before doing any business in the state as a corporation, and before filing their articles of incorporation with the secretary of state or with any other officer with whom the law requires such articles to be filed or recorded, file a copy of such articles with the commissioner of banks.

[1911 c. 323 s. 1] (7656)

47.09 ADVERTISEMENTS. No such financial institution shall, directly, indirectly, or by inference of any kind, display, represent, hold out or otherwise advertise as its capital, resources, assets or financial strength or ability or availability therefor, any capital, resources, or assets of any other financial institution or institutions, whether or not such other financial institution or institutions are in any way connected with such financial institution through or by way of a holding company or other corporation or similar structure; nor shall any such financial institution, the capital stock of which is, in whole or in part, controlled or owned by any such holding company, other corporation or similar structure, display, represent, hold out or otherwise advertise that it is affiliated with or has any other connection with such company, corporation or similar structure other than that which truly and actually exists; and no such financial institution shall advertise as its capital any amount other or greater than the amount of actual paid-in capital, which it shall have at the time of the appearance of such advertisement, and no such financial institution shall advertise in any way the aggregate or individual responsibility or financial worth of its stockholders, or in any manner seek to convey the impression that the financial resources of its stockholders above the limit provided by law are available for the purpose of meeting its liabilities.

[1911 c 323 s 2; 1925 c 169; 1931 c 380] (7657)

47.10 REAL ESTATE, RIGHT TO ACQUIRE AND HOLD. Save as otherwise specially provided, the entire cost of land and buildings for the transaction of the business of such a corporation, including premises leased to others, shall not be more than as follows, assets other than cash being taken at cash market value: For a bank or a trust company, 40 per cent of its existing capital and surplus; for a savings bank, 50 per cent of its net surplus; for a building and loan association, five per cent of its net assets. Any such corporation may change its location, dispose of its place of business, and acquire another, upon the written approval of the commissioner of banks.

(R. L. s. 2976; 1941 c. 37] (7648)

47.11 SELECTION OF NAME. Before execution of the certificate of incorporation of any such corporation, its proposed name shall be submitted to the commissioner of banks, who shall compare it with those of corporations operating in the state, and if it is likely to be mistaken for any of them, or to confuse the public as to the character of its business, or is otherwise objectionable, additional names shall be submitted until a satisfactory one is selected, whereupon he shall issue his certificate of approval thereof.

[R. L. s. 2972] (7644)

- 47.12 FINANCIAL CORPORATIONS. Corporations may be formed for any one of the following purposes:
- (1) Carrying on the business of banking, by receiving deposits, buying, selling, and discounting notes, bills, and other evidences of debt, domestic or foreign, dealing in gold and silver bullion and foreign coins, issuing circulating notes, and loaning money upon real estate or personal security;
- (2) Establishing and conducting clearing houses, for effecting, in one place, the speedy and systematic daily exchange and adjustment of balances between banks and bankers in any municipality, town, or county, establishing and enforcing uniform methods of conducting the banking business in such locality, and adjusting disputes or misunderstandings between members of such clearing house engaged in the banking business;

- (3) Creating and conducting savings banks for the reception, on deposit, of money offered for that purpose, the investment thereof, and the declaring, crediting, and paying of dividends thereon, as authorized and provided by law;
 - (4) Transacting business as a trust company in conformity with the laws

relating thereto; and

(5) Carrying on, in accordance with law, the business of building, loan, and savings associations.

[R. L. s. 2847] (7441)

47.13 [Renumbered 300.025]

- 47.14 CERTIFICATE, HOW ACCOMPANIED. The certificate of incorporation, when presented to the commissioner of banks, shall be accompanied, in the case of a bank, with the certificate of a solvent bank in this state of the deposit therein, in cash, to the credit of the proposed bank, and payable upon its order when countersigned by the commissioner of banks, of an amount equal to its capital stock. In the case of a reorganization of a former national bank, it shall also be accompanied with the written consent of the holders of a majority of its former capital stock. In the case of a savings bank, it shall be accompanied with proof of four weeks' published notice of the intention of the incorporators to organize the same, specifying its proposed name and location, and the names of the proposed incorporators, and that a majority thereof reside in the county of its proposed location, and a sworn declaration by each proposed trustee that he will perform his duties as such to the best of his ability, according to law, with proof of the record of such declaration with the register of deeds; and if there is a savings bank organized and doing business in such county, a copy of such notice shall be served by mail on such bank at least 15 days before the filing of such certificate.
 - [R. L. s. 2973] (7645)
- 47.15 BYLAWS; WHERE FILED. Within 90 days after the adoption of bylaws or any amendment thereof, a certified copy of the same shall be filed with the commissioner of banks.

[R. L. s. 2975] (7647)

47.16 COMMISSIONER'S CERTIFICATE. If the commissioner of banks is satisfied that such corporation has been organized for legitimate purposes, and under such conditions as to merit and have public confidence, and that all provisions of law applicable to every branch of business in which, by the terms of its certificate, it is authorized to engage, have been complied with, he shall so certify. When the original certificate, with proof of publication thereof, and the certificate of the secretary of state to the regularity of its incorporation, shall be filed with the commissioner of banks, he shall, within 60 days thereafter, execute and deliver to it his certificate of authority.

[R. L. s. 2974] (7646)

47.17 VICE-PRESIDENTS; ELECTION, QUALIFICATIONS. The directors of any financial institution who are required, under the provisions of its articles of incorporation, to elect a vice-president, are hereby forbidden to elect any other person than a member of the board of directors or other such governing body as vice-president of such institution; provided, however, that if the articles of incorporation of any such financial institution provide for the election of more than one vice-president, so long as there is at least one vice-president fully qualified and acting who is a member of the board of directors or other such governing body, additional vice-presidents may be elected from stockholders or members of the corporation other than members of the board of directors or of such governing body.

[1911 c. 323 s. 3; 1921 c. 90 s. 1] (7658)

47.18 "CORPORATION"; "AGENCY." For the purpose of sections 47.18 and 47.19, the term "corporation" shall be construed to mean any bank, savings bank, trust company, insurance company, or building and loan association organized under the laws of this state; and the term "agency" shall be construed to mean the federal home loan bank of the district of which this state is a part, or of an adjoining district if convenience shall so require, or other financial corporation, association or agency created by any act of congress.

[1933 c. 101 s. 1] (7658-1)

47.19 CORPORATION MAY BE MEMBER OR STOCKHOLDER OF FEDERAL AGENCY. Any corporation is hereby empowered and authorized to become a member of, or stockholder in, any such agency, and to that end to purchase stock

in, or securities of, or deposit money with, such agency and/or to comply with any other conditions of membership or credit; to borrow money from such agency upon such rates of interest, not exceeding the contract rate of interest in this state, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon by such corporation and such agency, for the purpose of making loans, paying withdrawals, paying maturities, paying debts, and for any other purpose not inconsistent with the objects of the corporation; provided, that the aggregate amount of the indebtedness, so incurred by such corporation, which shall be outstanding at any time shall not exceed 25 per cent of the then total assets of the corporation; to assign, pledge and hypothecate its bonds, mortgages or other assets; and, in case of building and loan associations, to repledge with such agency the shares of stock in such association which any owner thereof may have pledged as collateral security, without obtaining the consent thereunto of such owner, as security for the repayment of the indebtedness so created by such corporation and as evidenced by its note or other evidence of indebtedness given for such borrowed money; and to do any and all things which shall or may be necessary or convenient in order to comply with and to obtain the benefits of the provisions of any act of congress creating such agency, or any amendments thereto.

[1933 c. 101 s. 2] (7658-2)

- 47.20 FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS MAY USE FEDERAL HOUSING ACT. Pursuant to such regulations as the commissioner of banks finds to be necessary and proper, banks, savings banks, mutual savings banks, building and loan associations, and savings and loan associations, trust companies, trust companies acting as fiduciaries, and other banking institutions subject to the supervision of the commissioner of banks, are authorized:
- (1) To make such loans and advances of credit and purchases of obligations representing loans and advances of credit as are insured by the federal housing administrator, and to obtain such insurance;
- (2) To make such loans secured by mortgages on real property which the federal housing administrator has insured or made a commitment to insure, and to obtain such insurance.

[1935 c. 49 s. 1; 1937 c. 88 s. 1] (7658-3)

- 47.21 LAWS PRESCRIBING TYPE OF SECURITY NOT TO APPLY. No law in this state prescribing the nature, amount or form of security or requiring security upon which loans or advances of credit may be made, or prescribing or limiting interest rates upon loans or advances of credit, or prescribing or limiting the period for which loans or advances of credit may be made, shall be deemed to apply to loans, advances of credit or purchases made pursuant to section 47.20, paragraphs (1) and (2).
- (1) Such institutions may invest in notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured pursuant to section 47.20, paragraph (2), and in securities issued by national mortgage associations;
- (2) The notes, bonds and other securities herein made eligible for investment may be used wherever, by statute, collateral is required as security for the deposit of public or other funds; or deposits are required to be made with any public official or department; or an investment of capital or surplus, or a reserve or other fund, is required to be maintained consisting of designated securities.

[1935 c. 49 s. 2; 1937 c. 88 s. 2] (7658-4)

47.23 SAVINGS DEPARTMENTS. Subdivision 1. Except as specifically authorized by other laws of this state, no individual, partnership, unincorporated association, or corporation, other than a savings bank, safe deposit company, or trust company, holding an effective certificate of authority or license issued by the commissioner of banks and subject to and complying with all of the provisions of law relating to such savings banks, safe deposit companies, and trust companies, respectively, shall in any manner display or make use of any sign, symbol, token, letterhead, card, circular, or advertisement stating, representing, or indicating that he, it, or they, are authorized to transact the business which a savings bank, safe deposit company, or trust company usually does, or under these provisions is authorized to do; nor shall any such individual, partnership, unincorporated association, or corporation use the words "savings" or "trust" or "safe deposit" alone or in combination in title or name or otherwise, or in any manner solicit business or make loans or solicit or receive deposits or transact business as a savings bank, safe deposit company, or trust company; except that a state bank, or trust com-

pany, regularly incorporated and authorized to do business under the laws of this state, may establish and maintain a savings department under the supervision of the commissioner of banks, and may solicit and receive deposits in this savings department and advertise the same as such, and every such trust company having a savings department may use in its name or title, in addition to the word "trust," the words "savings" or "savings bank." Savings deposits received by any trust company using the word "savings" or "savings bank" in its name or title shall be invested only in authorized securities, as defined by law, and the trust company shall keep on hand, at all times, such securities as deposits in savings bank may be invested in to an amount at least equal to the amount of the deposits, and these securities shall be the representative of, and the fund for, applicable first and exclusively to the payments of, the savings deposits. Deposits received by the trust company subject to its right to require notice of withdrawal evidenced by pass-books shall be deemed savings deposits.

- Subd. 2. Any old line life insurance company which does not in any manner display or make use of any sign, symbol, token, letterhead, card, circular, or advertisement representing or indicating that it is authorized to transact any business which a savings bank, safe deposit company, or trust company usually does and which does not attempt to do any such business; and which uses the word "trust" in its name in combination with other words in such a manner that it is apparent that the company is not either a savings bank, safe deposit company, or trust company, and does not attempt to do any of the business which a savings bank, safe deposit company, or trust company usually does, shall not be prohibited from so using such word "trust" in its name.
- Subd. 3. Every individual, partnership, unincorporated association, or corporation which shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall forfeit to the state the sum of not to exceed \$100 for each day the violation shall continue, to be recovered in a civil action to be brought by the attorney general in the name of the state at the request of the commissioner of banks, and may be enjoined from any further violation in an action brought in the name of the state for that purpose. [R. L. s. 2978; 1909 c. 178 s. 1; 1915 c. 236 s. 1; 1929 c. 77 s. 1; 1945 c. 133 s. 2]
- 47.24 FAILURE TO REPORT; FORFEITURES. Every corporation which shall fail to make and transmit to the commissioner of banks, within ten days after the time prescribed by law therefor, any report required by the provisions of this chapter, or by other lawful authority, or shall fail to include therein any matter required by the commissioner of banks, shall forfeit to the state the sum of \$100 for every day that the report is withheld or delayed or that it shall fail to report any such omitted matter.

[R. L. s. 2979] (7652)

- 47.25 NOTICE OF MEETINGS. At least 30 days prior to any annual, and at least ten days prior to any special, meeting of its stockholders, mailed notice shall be given to each stockholder, specifying the time, place, and purpose thereof; also a notice of any resolution or proposition on which action is proposed to be taken. [R. L. s. 2980] (7653)
- 47.26 VIOLATIONS. Every officer, agent, or employee of any corporation or copartnership, and every other individual, who shall knowingly and wilfully do or omit anything, the doing or omission of which on the part of any corporation, copartnership, or individual is in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter and who continues or repeats such act or omission for or during more than ten successive days, shall be guilty of a felony.

[R. L. s. 2981] (7654)

- 47.27 **DEFINITIONS.** Subdivision 1. Unless the language or context clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended, the words, terms, and phrases defined in subdivisions 2, 3 and 4, shall, for the purposes of sections 47.27 to 47.32, be given the meanings subjoined to them.
- Subd. 2. "Savings bank" shall have the meaning set forth in sections 47.01 and 47.02 and shall also mean a mutual savings bank.
- Subd. 3. "Savings, building and loan association" shall have the meaning set forth in section 51.01, subdivision 2.

Subd. 4. "Federal savings and loan association" means an association organized under that certain act of Congress known as The Home Owners Loan Act of 1933, and acts amendatory thereof.

[1949 c. 337 s. 1]

47.28 SAVINGS BANKS MAY CONVERT INTO SAVINGS, BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS. Subdivision 1. Any savings bank organized and existing under and by virtue of the law of this state may amend its articles of incorporation so as to convert itself into a savings, building and loan association, by complying with the following requirements and procedure:

The savings bank by a two-thirds vote of the entire board of trustees, at any regular or special meeting of said board duly called for that purpose, shall (a) pass a resolution declaring their intention to convert the savings bank into a savings, building and loan association, and (b) cause an application in writing to be executed, by such persons as the trustees may direct, in the form prescribed by the department of commerce, requesting a certificate of authorization (charter) as a savings, building and loan association to transact business at the place and in the name stated in the application. The amendments proposed to the articles of incorporation and bylaws shall be included as part of the application.

The application shall be submitted to, considered and acted upon by the department of commerce in the same manner and by the same standards as applications

are submitted, considered and acted upon under section 51.08.

Subd. 2. If the certificate of authorization (charter) be issued, the articles of incorporation may then be amended so as to convert the savings bank into a savings, building and loan association by following the procedure prescribed for amending articles of incorporation of savings banks; provided, that before any such conversion shall take place the secretary of the savings bank shall cause 30 days' written notice of such intended conversion (which notice, before mailing, shall be submitted to and approved by the commissioner of banks) to be mailed prepaid to each depositor, at his last known address according to the records of the bank, and after such notice each depositor may, prior to the time the conversion becomes final and complete, on demand and without prior notice, withdraw the full amount of his deposit or such part thereof as he may request, and upon such withdrawal he shall receive interest to the date of withdrawal at the same rate last paid or credited by the bank, notwithstanding the provisions of any law, by-law, rule or regulation to the contrary.

Subd. 3. At any time after the expiration of the 30 day period specified in subdivision 2, (which fact shall be evidenced by the secretary of the savings bank filing an affidavit to that effect with the commissioner of banks and the secretary of state,) upon receipt of the fees required for filing and recording amended articles of incorporation of savings banks, the secretary of state shall record the amended articles of incorporation and certify that fact thereon, whereupon the conversion of such savings bank into a savings, building and loan association shall become final and complete and thereafter said corporation shall have the powers and be subject to the duties and obligations prescribed by the laws of this state applicable to savings, building and loan associations.

Subd. 4. When the conversion of any savings bank into a savings, building and loan association becomes final and complete, the surplus fund of the bank shall become the contingent or reserve fund of the association and every person who was a depositor of the savings bank at the time of the conversion shall cease to be a depositor and shall thereafter be a shareholder of the savings, building and loan association and be credited with payments on his share account equal to the full amount of his deposit with the savings bank at the time of conversion, plus interest to the date of conversion at the same rate last paid or credited by the bank, notwithstanding the provisions of any law, by-law, rule or regulation to the contrary.

Subd. 5. The resulting association shall as soon as practicable and within such time not extending beyond three years from the date the conversion becomes final and complete and by such methods as the department of commerce shall direct, cause its organization, its securities and investments, the character of its business, and the methods of transacting the same to conform to the laws applicable to savings, building and loan associations.

[1949 c 337 s 2]

47.29 SAVINGS BANKS MAY CONVERT INTO FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS. Subdivision 1. Any savings bank organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of this state, is hereby authorized and empowered,

by a two-thirds vote of the entire board of trustees, at any regular or special meeting of said board duly called for that purpose to convert itself into federal savings and loan association whenever said conversion is authorized by any act of the congress of the United States: Provided, that before any such conversion shall become final and complete, (a) the secretary of the savings bank shall cause 30 days' written notice of such intended conversion (which notice, before mailing, shall be submitted to and approved by the Commissioner of Banks) to be mailed prepaid to each depositor, at their last known address, according to the records of the bank, and after such notice each depositor may, prior to the time the conversion becomes final and complete, on demand and without prior notice, withdraw the full amount of his deposit or such part thereof as he may request, and upon such withdrawal he shall receive interest to the date of withdrawal at the same rate last paid or credited by the bank, notwithstanding the provisions of any law, by-laws, rule or regulation to the contrary, and (b) that such conversion be approved in writing by the commissioner of banks.

Subd. 2. At any time after the expiration of the 30 day period specified in subdivision 1, clause (a), (which fact shall be evidenced by the secretary of the savings bank filing an affidavit to that effect with the commissioner of banks and the secretary of state of this state), upon filing a copy of the federal charter, certified by the issuing federal agency with the secretary of state of this state, the secretary of state shall record said charter and certify that fact thereon, whereupon the conversion shall be final and complete and the savings bank shall at that time cease to be a savings bank supervised by this state, and shall thereafter be a federal savings and loan association.

[1949 c. 337 s. 3]

47.30 SAVINGS, BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION MAY CONVERT INTO SAVINGS BANK. Subdivision 1. Any savings, building and loan association organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of this state may amend its articles of incorporation so as to convert itself into a savings bank, by complying with the following requirements and procedure:

A meeting of the shareholders shall be held upon not less than 15 days' written notice to each shareholder, served either personally or by mail prepaid, directed to him at his last known post office address according to the records of the association, stating the time, place and purpose of such meeting.

At such meeting, the shareholders may by two-thirds vote (according to the book value of said shares) of those present in person or by proxy pass a resolution declaring their intention to convert such association into a savings bank and setting forth the names of the proposed first board of trustees. A copy of the minutes of such meeting verified by the affidavit of the chairman and the secretary of the meeting, shall be filed in the office of the department of commerce and with the secretary of state within ten days after the meeting. Such copy, when so filed, shall be evidence of the holding of such meeting and of the action taken.

- Subd. 2. An application for a certificate authorizing a savings bank to transact business, in the form required by sections 45.04 and 45.08, shall be submitted to, considered and acted upon by the department of commerce in the same manner and by the same standards as applications are submitted, considered and acted upon under sections 45.04, 45.07, 45.08, 50.01 and 50.02. The fees required by section 45.04 shall be paid and the amendments proposed to the articles of incorporation and by-laws shall be included as part of the application.
- Subd. 3. If the department of commerce grants the application, the certificate of authorization (charter) shall be issued as provided by section 45.04, and the articles of incorporation may then be amended so as to convert the savings, building and loan association into a savings bank by following the procedure prescribed for amending articles of incorporation of savings, building and loan associations: Provided, that the proposed amended articles shall contain the names of, and be signed by, the proposed first board of trustees.
- Subd. 4. Before any such conversion shall take place, a period of 30 days shall elapse from the date of the adoption by the shareholders of the resolution amending the articles of incorporation during which period of time each shareholder of the association may, on demand and without prior notice, tender his unpledged shares for repurchase by the association and thereupon be entitled to receive the full with-

drawal value of his share account, or such part thereof as he may request, plus dividends to date of payment at the same rate last paid or credited by the association, notwithstanding the provisions of any law, by-law, rule or regulation to the contrary.

- Subd. 5. At any time after the expiration of the 30 day period specified in subdivision 4, (which fact shall be evidenced by the secretary of the association filing an affidavit to that effect with the commissioner of banks and the secretary of state), upon receipt of the fees required for filing and recording amended articles of incorporation of savings, building and loan associations, the secretary of state shall record the amended articles of incorporation and certify that fact thereon, where upon the conversion of such savings, building and loan association into a savings bank shall become final and complete and thereafter the signers of said amended articles and their successors shall be a corporation, and have the powers and be subject to the duties and obligations prescribed by the laws of this state applicable to savings banks.
- Subd. 6. When the conversion of any savings, building and loan association becomes final and complete the contingent or reserve fund of the association shall become the surplus fund of the bank and every person who was a shareholder of the association at the time of the conversion shall cease to be a shareholder and shall thereafter be a depositor of the bank and be credited with deposits in his account equal to the full withdrawal value of his share account plus dividends to the date of conversion at the same rate last paid or credited by the association, notwithstanding the provisions of any law, by-law, rule or regulation to the contrary.
- Subd. 7. The resulting savings bank shall as soon as practicable and within such time not extending beyond three years from the date the conversion becomes final and complete and by such methods as the commissioner of banks shall direct, cause its organization, its securities and investments, the character of its business, and the methods of transacting the same to conform to the laws applicable to savings banks. [1949 c. 337 s. 4]
- 47.31 FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION MAY CONVERT INTO SAVINGS BANK. When authorized by act of the congress of the United States, any federal savings and loan association with its principal place of business in this state may convert itself into a savings bank pursuant to the laws of this state: Provided, (a) that the association complies with all requirements imposed for such conversion under the laws of the United States; (b) that the association complies with the requirements and procedure set forth in section 4, except that the procedure for obtaining original articles of incorporation of a savings bank shall be followed in lieu of the procedure for amending articles of incorporation and the 30 day period specified in section 4, subdivisions 4 and 5, shall begin on the day the organization meeting is held pursuant to section 300.025; and (c) that the commissioner of banks approves such conversion in writing.

[1949 c. 337 s. 5]

47.32 CONVERTING INSTITUTION DEEMED CONTINUANCE; TRANSFER OF PROPERTY AND RIGHTS. Upon the conversion of any savings bank into a savings, building and loan association or into a federal savings and loan association, and of a savings building and loan association or federal savings and loan association into a savings bank, the corporate existence of the converting savings bank or association shall not terminate, and the resulting association or savings bank shall be a continuance of the converting savings bank or association; and all the property of the converting savings bank or association (including its rights) shall by operation of law vest in the resulting association or savings bank as of the time when the conversion becomes final and complete, and all of the obligations of the converting savings bank or association become those of the resulting association or savings bank. Actions and other judicial proceedings to which the converting savings bank or association is a party may be prosecuted and defended as if the conversion had not been made.

[1949 c. 337 s. 6]