

Nineteen Hundred Thirty-One
Supplement

to

Mason's Minnesota Statutes

(1927 thru 1931)

Containing the text of the acts of the 1929 and 1931 Sessions of the
Legislature, both new and amendatory, and notes showing repeals,
together with annotations from the various courts, state
and federal, construing the constitution, statutes,
charters and court rules of Minnesota



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requirements of the preceding section have been complied with. Both duplicates of the certificate shall be attested by the two witnesses and one shall be attached to each duplicate of the statement of the claim. All animals produced at any one time shall be included in one certificate. Both duplicates of the certificate and statement shall be delivered to the claimant, who shall pay a fee of thirty-five cents therefor. The clerk shall keep a record of all certificates issued by him, showing the date of issuance of each certificate, name of claimant, number and kind of animals killed, and date and place of the killing thereof. (Act Apr. 24, 1931, c. 309, §3.)

§6260-4. Certificate to be presented to county auditor.—The claimant shall produce both duplicates of the statement and certificate, together with the hide of each animal described therein, with scalp and ears intact, to the county auditor. The auditor shall examine the same, and if he finds that the statement and certificate are in proper form, and if he is satisfied that the hides produced are those of the animals described in the statement and certificate, that the requirements of the law have been complied with and that the claimant is entitled to the bounty claimed, he shall punch a three-eighths inch hole in each ear of each hide

presented, and shall issue to the claimant a warrant upon the county treasurer for the sum due.

The county auditor shall keep a record of all claims for such rewards allowed and paid by him, showing the same items as hereinbefore specified for the records of the town clerk, also the numbers, dates, and amounts of all warrants issued in payment of such claims, specifying whether for state or county rewards. (Act Apr. 24, 1931, c. 309, §4.)

§6260-5: Fraudulent claims—penalties.—Every person who shall fraudulently claim or obtain any bounty for the killing of a grey fox, or issue any fraudulent or unauthorized certificate or warrant therefor, or claim reward upon a grey fox which he has in any way protected, or upon any tame or captive grey fox, or upon the offspring of any tame or captive grey fox, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor, the punishment for which shall be a fine of not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$500.00, or imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 60 days nor more than six months, or both such fine and imprisonment; provided, that the provisions of this section shall not be deemed to supersede or to exclude the operation of any other penal law which may be applicable. (Act Apr. 24, 1931, c. 309, §5).

CHAPTER 40 Public Lands

Laws 1931, c. 186, ante, §§53-23a to 53-23l, creates a new department of conservation, to which is transferred the powers of the state auditor and commissioner of the state land office with respect to the public lands.

SALES BY AUDITOR [DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION]

§6261. School lands—Price.

State cannot be estopped to claim a judicial cancellation of certificates where timber-bearing school land was sold as agricultural land without separate sale of timber, or the collection in cash of the value thereof. *State v. Hamre-Hogenson Holding Co.*, 236NW456. See *Dun. Dig.* 3211.

§6277. Appraisal of school or other state lands—Etc.

State v. Hamre-Hogenson Holding Co., 236NW456; note under §6261.

§6285. Certificate — Default in interest — Resale.

See §6452-1.

Where state lands were sold and school or swamp land certificates issued, and lands were placed on tax list and then sold for delinquent taxes, and petitioners purchased at the tax judgment sale or took assignments from the estate, and original purchaser of lands failed to live up to the terms of his contract, petitioners were not entitled to a refund. *Op. Atty. Gen.*, Feb. 2, 1931.

§6287. Effect of certificate—Record.

State v. Hamre-Hogenson Holding Co., 236NW456; note under §6261.

§6289. Conditional sales of certain swamp, etc.

Act to legalize sale of certain swamp land. Laws 1931, c. 21.

§6290. Sales by mistake, etc.—Refund.

State v. Hamre-Hogenson Holding Co., 236NW456; note under §6261.

§6293. Payments on school lands extended.

—That the treasurer of the State of Minnesota is hereby authorized to receive payments up to and including December 31st, 1932, of the principal on all State land certificates where the time for payment of said principal has expired, or will expire, on or before May 31st, 1932, and the governor of the State of Minnesota is hereby authorized to execute patents covering those lands on which all demands due the State have been paid in full, as hereinbefore provided; Provided Further, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to State land certificates that have been canceled prior to the passage of this act. (As amended by Laws 1929, c. 10, §1, which is amended Jan. 23, 1931, c. 4, §1.)

§6294. Interest rate on balance.—That interest on the principal remaining unpaid May 31, 1932, shall run thereafter at the rate of ten per cent per annum until the said principal is paid in full. (As amended by Laws 1929, c. 10, §2, which is amended Jan. 23, 1931, c. 4, §2.)

§6296-1. Liability under official bonds.—The liability under the official bonds of county treasurers and of their deputies and employes shall include liability for the faithful performance of the duties of such treasurers, deputies and employes, under Section 6296, General Statutes 1923. (Act Apr. 16, 1929, c. 200, §1.)

§6296-2. Effective January 6, 1930.—This act shall take effect on the first Monday in January, 1930. (Act Apr. 16, 1929, c. 200, §3.)

§6297. [Repealed].

Repealed by Laws 1929, c. 200, §2.

§6302-1. State to sell certain lands.—The department of conservation is hereby authorized and directed to take the proper and necessary proceedings, under laws relative to the sale of state swamp lands and state school lands, to sell any and all state owned lands, including any lands set apart as school forest or other state forests, lying within the general boundaries of the Superior National Forest and the Chippewa National Forest, in the State of Minnesota, as such boundaries now exist or may hereafter be extended, which the United States may desire to acquire as a part of either of said forests, and which shall be designated by the executive council, upon the recommendation of the commissioner of conservation, for disposal to the United States for such purpose, and at such sale said lands shall be purchased for the state by the commissioner of conservation at a price not exceeding a maximum fixed by the executive council. (Act Apr. 19, 1929, c. 246, §1.)

See §§6513-1 to 6513-8.

Act is not workable because of lack of official authorized to carry it into effect. Op. Atty. Gen., Dec. 28, 1929.

§6302-2. State may exchange land.—The executive council is hereby authorized and empowered to exchange any or all of the lands which may be acquired by the state by purchase as aforesaid for lands of the United States of the same general character and of substantially the same value as in its judgment will promote the best interests of the state, upon such terms and conditions as it shall deem proper, and to that end may accept or pay out of any available funds such cash differences as will affect an equitable exchange of lands. The said council is hereby authorized to cause any lands so acquired to be appraised by such competent authority as it shall appoint or direct. (Act Apr. 19, 1929, c. 246, §2.)

§6302-3. Governor to execute conveyances.—For the purpose of carrying out the objects of this act, the governor is hereby authorized and empowered to execute proper instruments of conveyance in the name and under the seal of the state. (Act Apr. 19, 1929, c. 246, §3.)

§6302-4. Appropriation.—There is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$10,000 to carry out the provisions of this act. (Act Apr. 19, 1929, c. 246, §4.)

INVESTMENT

§6303. Investment of permanent school fund.—The permanent school fund, permanent university fund, swamp land fund; internal improvement land fund, and all other permanent trust funds of the State of Minnesota shall be invested in the bonds of the United States or of this state or the bonds of any school district, county, city, town or village of this state, bearing not less than four per cent interest, but no investment shall be made in bonds issued to aid in the construction of any railroad. Such funds shall be invested by a board of commissioners consisting of the governor, treasurer, auditor, attorney general and one commissioner to be appointed by the Regents of the University of Minnesota from among their members, which shall be known as the State Board of Investment, and which shall hold regular meetings on the first and third Wednesdays of each month. The governor shall be ex-officio president of said board, which shall have a permanent secretary, who shall keep record of its proceedings. Both the secretary of the board and the auditor shall keep a record showing the number and amount of each bond, when issued, the rate of interest, when and where payable, by whom executed, when purchased, when withdrawn and for what purpose. Such bonds shall be endorsed so as to show to which trust fund they belong and shall be transferable only upon the order of said board of investment, but no bonds shall be purchased, sold, exchanged or transferred from one trust fund to another except upon a majority vote of all members of said board of investment, and no purchase of said bonds in excess of \$250,000 shall hereafter be made from any municipality in this state except in cases of emergency heretofore or hereafter arising from damage or destruction by flood, fire or cyclone unless such purchases have been heretofore approved by said investment board. In investing the permanent school fund preference shall be given to application for loans from school districts and priority shall be accorded such loans of \$25,000 and less. The board of investment shall have the power to fix and to change the rate of interest on loans to municipalities within the state, provided such rate is never less than four per cent, and whenever such rate is changed after any municipality has voted its bonds to the state such municipality is hereby authorized to pay the new rate so fixed and to issue its bonds bearing such rate upon approval and acceptance thereof by resolution of its governing body. (As amended Apr. 19, 1929, c. 254, §1, and Apr. 25, 1931, c. 346, §1.)

Membership of the President of the Board of Regents of the University in the State Board of Investment may be changed so as to substitute therefor a commissioner to be appointed by the Board of Regents from among their members, as proposed in Senate File 460. Op. Atty. Gen., Feb. 25, 1931.

MISCELLANEOUS

§6323. Taxation — Sales — Redemption — Etc.

Where state lands were sold and school or swamp land certificates issued, and lands were placed on tax list and then sold for delinquent

taxes, and petitioners purchased at the tax judgment sale or took assignments from the estate, and original purchaser of lands failed to live up to the terms of his contract, petitioners were not entitled to a refund. Op. Atty. Gen., Feb. 2, 1931.

§6324 to 6327. [Repealed].

Repealed Feb. 14, 1929, c. 18.

TIMBER LANDS

§6367. [Superseded].

See temporary act Apr. 9, 1931, c. 136, §2.

STATE TIMBER ACT

§6394-3. Trespasses on state land—Damages—Possession of timber, etc.

Delay of 11 years by state before starting action to recover for timber cut from state land, held to render it guilty of laches, barring question of items of settlement. 181M513, 233NW 16. See Dun. Dig. 5356, 7957.

§6394-10. Sales of timber by auditor.

Lands in state forests, see post, §§6513-1 to 6513-8.

§6394-17. Permits to purchasers to cut and remove timber,—etc.

Laws 1931, c. 136, authorizes the extension of permits issued between Sept. 18, 1926 and Oct. 31, 1927.

Statute of limitations does not run against the state in action on bond given by permittee. 180M160, 230NW484.

§6394-32. Timber unlawfully cut or removed, etc.

See §6513-5 herein.

§6394-33. Auditor's record of trespasses.

See §6513-5 herein.

§6394-37. Statutes of limitations not applicable, etc.

In view of this section statute does not run against state as to action on bond of timber permittee. 180M160, 230NW484.

MINERAL LANDS

§6430-1. Executive council may extend contracts.—Whenever a contract or agreement has been made with the State of Minnesota pursuant to Chapter 110, General Laws 1917 [§§6428 to 6430], and the laws amendatory thereof, covering the bed of a public lake or river, the Executive Council is empowered, upon application of the owner or holder thereof, to extend said contract or agreement for an additional period no greater than the period covered by the terms of the original contract or agreement, where the Executive Council deems such extension necessary or desirable in the public interest. The Executive Council is further empowered to grant a license for such definite term or period as it may determine; to the owner or holder of said contract or agreement, or to any person, co-partnership or corporation having a right to mine any minerals in riparian lands adjacent to those covered by said contract or agreement, to divert the waters from or drain any public lakes or streams in this state as shall by the Executive Council be deemed in the public interest and necessary or desirable either to facilitate a practical carrying out of said contract or agreement or to facilitate

the removal of minerals in such aforesaid riparian lands. The Executive Council is further empowered to grant rights of way across or through said lake or stream beds when drained or diverted and the right to construct, maintain and operate, cuts, tunnels, or other engineering works to facilitate mining operations on lands adjacent to the beds of such drained or diverted waters. All rights granted by the Executive Council under the terms of this act shall be assignable. (Act Apr. 21, 1931, c. 286, §1.)

§6430-2. Provisions separable.—In case any section, provision or part of this act shall be declared unconstitutional, it shall not in any way affect any other section, provision or part hereof. (Act Apr. 21, 1931, c. 286, §2.)

§6430-3. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All other acts or parts of acts now in effect inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby superseded, modified or amended to conform to and give full force and effect to the provisions of this act. (Act Apr. 21, 1931, c. 286, §3.)

OTHER LANDS

§6452-1. Reforestation areas to be set off.—For the purpose of vesting and re-vesting the State with title to lands suitable primarily for the development of forests and prevention of forest fires, and for experimenting in and practically advancing afforestation and reforestation, or for the purpose of impounding, controlling and regulating the waters of meandered lakes and the flow of natural streams in the State, or for either or any of such purposes, or for other public state purposes, the board of county commissioners of any county within which such lands are located, and in which on January 1, 1931, the taxes on more than 35 per cent of the taxable land are delinquent and of which on January 1, 1931, the bonded ditch indebtedness, including accrued interest, equals or exceeds nine percent of the assessed valuation of the county, exclusive of monies and credits, may, by resolution duly adopted, propose to the State of Minnesota that one or more areas in such county, containing such land be taken over by the State for afforestation, reforestation, flood control projects, or other public state purposes, to be managed, controlled and used for the development of forests and prevention of forest fires, and for the purpose of experimenting in and practically advancing afforestation, reforestation, or for the purpose of impounding, controlling and regulating the waters of meandered lakes and the flow of natural streams, or for other public state purposes, on lands to be acquired by the State within such projects as hereinafter set forth. Each such area shall include lands which have been assessed for all or part of the cost of the establishment and construction of public drainage ditches under the laws of this State, and on which such assessments or installments thereof are over due, delinquent and unpaid. A duly certified copy of each such resolution of the county board shall be submitted to and filed with the Department of Conservation of the State of Minnesota and considered and acted upon by that Department; if approved by that Depart-

ment, it shall then be submitted to, considered and acted upon by the Executive Council of the State, and if approved by the Executive Council such proposition shall be formally accepted by the Governor and his acceptance shall be communicated in writing to and filed with the county auditor of such county. State lands which have been sold as provided by law, and for which certificates of sale have been issued, shall be considered taxable lands within the meaning of this section, and if the taxes against such lands or the interest of the purchaser therein are delinquent, shall be considered lands on which the taxes are delinquent within the meaning of this section, until such time as the title of the certificate holder shall have been terminated by the State Auditor in accordance with the provisions of Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 6285. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §1.)

The enacting clause of Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, is as follows:

"Whereas, the laws of the State of Minnesota, in force prior to the year 1925, relating to public drainage ditches authorized the establishment of such ditches upon petitions signed by a small number of property owners, and upon hearings thereon, at which the general tax payers were not adequately represented, and

Whereas, upon the establishment of each of such ditches it was found and determined by the constituted authorities that the establishment and construction thereof would be a public utility or benefit or would promote the public health, and

Whereas, under such laws, it was mandatory upon the boards of county commissioners and other county officials to issue and sell the general obligation bonds of the county secured by the pledge of the full faith, credit and resources and unlimited taxing powers of such county to the extent necessary to pay the costs of establishment and construction of such ditches, and

Whereas, pursuant to such laws certain counties have heretofore incurred obligations to finance and refinance such ditches upon lands which it now appears were and are not now primarily suitable for agriculture, and the assessments levied upon lands supposedly benefited thereby cannot be collected in a sum sufficient to pay such bonds, and the payment of such bonds by the use of the taxing powers of such counties would result in confiscatory rates such that taxes so levied would not be paid, and

Whereas, default in the payment of such bonds by certain of such counties is imminent, and the general credit of the State of Minnesota and all its political subdivisions and municipal corporations would thereby be damaged, resulting in greatly added interest charges on all public financing for many years to come, and

Whereas, certain lands in such counties will become available for State ownership by reason of delinquent tax liens thereon, and such lands are suitable for State ownership and administration, for use for afforestation, reforestation, flood control projects or other public state purposes, and will produce revenue to assist in relieving the tax burdens and preventing such bonds' default.

Now therefore, be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:"

§6452-2. Department of conservation to manage areas.—Each of such projects, so approved and accepted, shall be under the management and control of the Department of Conservation, which shall have and is hereby given full power and authority to make, establish, promulgate and enforce all necessary rules and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of the State for the care, preserva-

tion, protection and development of forests and for experimenting in and practically advancing afforestation and reforestation therein, and impounding, controlling and regulating the waters of meandered lakes and the flow of natural streams, or for other public state purposes, and for the prevention of forest fires therein, and for the sale of merchantable timber from lands acquired by the State therein when and where, in the opinion of such Department, the same may be sold and removed without damage or injury to the purposes of such project. Such rules and regulations may relate also to the care, preservation, protection, breeding, propagation and disposition of any and all species of wild life therein and the regulation, issuance, sale and revocation of special licenses or special permits for hunting, fishing, camping and other uses of said areas not inconsistent with the terms of this Act or of other laws of the State now or hereafter applicable thereto. The Department may provide for the policing of each of such projects in such manner as may be needful for the proper development, use and protection thereof, and of its purposes, and all supervisors, guards, custodians and caretakers assigned to duty in any such project shall have and possess the authority and powers of peace officers while in their employment. All lands within the boundaries of any such project shall be subject to such rules and regulations, whether owned by the State or privately, consistent with the rights of such private owners or with the laws of this State now or hereafter applicable thereto. All such rules and regulations shall be published once in one qualified newspaper in each county affected and shall take effect after such publication, and shall be, in addition thereto, posted on the boundaries of each project affected. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §2.)

§6452-3. Disposition of proceeds.—The proceeds of all certificates of indebtedness issued under the provisions of this Act, all monies received from redemption as hereinafter provided, all monies received as gifts to the State for the purposes of any such project, and all income which may be received from the operation, development, management and use of such projects, including fees received from such licenses and permits, all income which may be received from the sale of all birds, animals, fish and flora therefrom and from the sale of lands and timber thereon owned by the State within such area, other than university, school and swamp lands, State forest lands set apart pursuant to Section 7 of Article 8 of the Constitution and State lands acquired under the system of rural credits, and all monies of the State which may hereafter be transferred thereto under any law of this State shall be paid into the State Treasury and credited to the project to which the same pertain and same are hereby annually appropriated for the purposes thereof; provided that, under the provisions of this act, the aggregate or total of all certificates of indebtedness issued shall not exceed one million five hundred thousand dollars. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §3.)

§6452-4. County Auditor to make list of lands.—As soon as practicable after the approval and acceptance of any such project, the

county auditor of each county in which the same is situated shall certify to the State Auditor a list of all the lands within the boundaries of said project, except lands lying within the boundaries of any incorporated city or village, which have been bid in for the State at the delinquent tax sale held in the year of 1928 for the nonpayment of taxes or special drainage assessments and not redeemed or assigned to an actual purchaser, which certificate shall contain the following information:

A. The legal description of each parcel of such lands.

B. The amount of the principal and interest of delinquent drainage assessments, if any, or installments thereof for all years prior to the date of such report against each such parcel of land.

C. The amount of drainage assessments thereof assessed against each such parcel of land, which have been or are to be extended upon the tax rolls of such county for collection with the taxes for the year of 1927 and subsequent years.

On or before June 15th of each year thereafter such county auditor shall certify to the State Auditor a supplemental report giving the information contained in said original report covering such lands within each such project bid in for the State at the annual tax sale of that year and not included in the previous reports.

When redemption is made of any parcel of such land within any such project which has been bid in for the State at any tax sale for taxes heretofore levied, or when tax liens on such lands are assigned to an actual purchaser, the County Auditor shall report the same forthwith to the State Auditor, and the County Treasurer shall transmit forthwith the proceeds of such redemption or assignment to the State Treasurer.

Forthwith upon the approval and acceptance of any such project and thereafter, after each distribution has been made of the tax collections on the June and November tax settlements, such County Auditor shall certify to the State Auditor the following information relating to bonds issued to finance or refinance public drainage ditches lying wholly or partly within such projects, and the collection of assessments levied on account of such ditches:

A. The amount of principal and interest to become due on such bonds prior to the next ensuing tax settlement and distribution.

B. The amount of monies collected from such drainage assessments and credited to the funds of said ditches.

C. The amount of the deficit in the ditch fund of said county chargeable to such ditches.

Upon the approval of said certificate by the State Auditor, he shall draw a warrant or warrants on the State Treasurer payable out of the fund pertaining to such project for the amount of said deficit in favor of such county.

As to all public drainage ditches which lie wholly within any such project, the maximum amount of money which shall be paid to or

for the benefit of said county in the manner above provided shall never exceed the principal and interest of the bonds issued to finance and refinance such ditches outstanding at the time of the passage and approval of this Act less monies on hand in the county ditch fund to the credit of such ditches, and such liabilities shall be reduced from time to time by the amount of any and all payments of assessments hereafter extended, made by the owners of lands heretofore assessed for benefits on account of such ditches. As to all public drainage ditches which lie partly within and partly without the boundaries of any such project, the maximum amount which shall be paid from the fund pertaining to such project to or for the benefit of such county shall never exceed the percentage of bonds issued to finance and refinance such ditches so outstanding, less monies on hand in the county ditch fund to the credit of such ditches at the time of the passage and approval of this Act, which bears the same proportion to the whole amount of such bonds as the original benefits assessed against lands within the project bear to the original total benefits assessed to the entire system of such ditches, and such liability shall be reduced from time to time by the payments of all assessments hereafter extended, made by the owners of lands within such project of assessments for benefits heretofore assessed on account of any such ditch.

The State Auditor shall have authority to provide and prescribe the forms for any reports required by this Act to be made to him, and to require any further and additional information from any officials of any such county which he deems necessary for the proper administration of this Act. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §4.)

§6452-5. State Auditor to sell certificates of indebtedness.—For the purpose of anticipating the annual revenues of the fund pertaining to any such project, the State Auditor is hereby authorized and directed, upon the acceptance and approval of each such project, and upon there being certified to him the information relating to bonds contemplated by Section 4 [§6452-4] of this Act, to issue and sell certificates of indebtedness in an aggregate sum not to exceed the maximum amount of money payable to or for the benefit of the county in which such project is located, as prescribed in said Section 4, payable from said fund pertaining to such project, such certificates to be numbered serially and to be of such denominations and bear such dates of issue and of maturity and bear interest at such rate, not exceeding five per cent per annum, as the State Auditor shall determine; provided that none of such certificates of indebtedness shall run beyond the tax settlement dates for the next annual tax levy thereafter to be made by such Auditor, as hereinafter required in anticipation of the collection of which such certificates of indebtedness are issued. Such certificates shall be so issued from time to time as the proceeds thereof are needed for the demands on said fund. The interest on such certificates of indebtedness shall be payable with the principal thereof. Said certificates shall be in such form and upon such terms and conditions, not incon-

sistent with the terms of this Act as the State Auditor shall determine, shall be signed by the Governor and attested by the State Auditor and shall be sold for not less than par. Such certificates may be purchased by the State Board of Investment for the Permanent School Fund, Swamp Land Fund, Internal Improvement Land Fund or any other trust fund of the State of Minnesota, and shall be deemed "authorized securities" within the provisions of Section 7714, General Statutes, 1923, and Acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §5.)

§6452-6. State Auditor to make tax levy.—Whenever the State Auditor shall approve a deficiency certificate of the County Auditor as specified in Section 4 [§6452-4] of this Act, he shall compute the portion thereof which will exceed cash on hand in the fund pertaining to any such project available for its payment and shall make an entry in his records that such excess, plus the amount required to pay interest on certificates of indebtedness, to be issued to provide money for the payment thereof, is to be extended upon the tax rolls for the next succeeding tax levy, and there is hereby levied for the year in which such entry is made the aggregate of the sums so entered for collection up to the time of the certification of state taxes for such year, and for each year thereafter, until the maximum state liability prescribed by section 4 [§6452-4] hereof has been exhausted, the aggregate of such entries made since the last preceding certification of state taxes, which taxes shall be extended and collected in the same manner as other state taxes, and the proceeds of such levies are hereby appropriated and pledged to the payment of the principal and interest of the certificates of indebtedness issued pursuant to this Act. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §6.)

§6452-7. Lands to be held by state.—The title to all parcels of land lying within any such project, except lands lying within the boundaries of any incorporated city or village, which shall be acquired by the State under the provisions of Chapter 119, Laws 1927 [§§2139 to 2139-5], or any amendments thereof, shall be held by the State free from the trust in favor of the taxing districts specified in said chapter, and shall be held and used or disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §7.)

§6452-8. Auditor to certify to the department of conservation.—Upon receipt by the State Auditor of the reports of the County Auditor specified in Section [§6452-4] hereof, he shall certify a copy thereof to the Department of Conservation which shall classify all such lands as to their suitability for agriculture or for afforestation, reforestation, or for the purpose of impounding, controlling and regulating the waters of meandered lakes and flow of natural streams, or for other public state purposes; and after the title to any such lands has been acquired by the State in the manner herein provided, such lands may be reclassified from time to time. All such lands which become the ab-

solute property of the State under the provisions of this Act which have been classified as suitable for agriculture, and timber from any lands so acquired, shall be subject to sale by the State as provided by law. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §8.)

§6452-9. Department of conservation to accept gift.—The Department of Conservation is hereby authorized and empowered to receive for and in behalf of the State, and to make suitable acknowledgments of, any gift, bequest, devise or grants of land or interests in lands in any such project, or of money or personal property of any kind, which it may deem suitable for use in connection with the operation, control, development or use of any or all of such projects. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §9.)

§6452-10. Department of conservation to have right of eminent domain.—The Department of Conservation is hereby authorized and empowered to acquire, by exercise of the right of eminent domain, which right is hereby given it, to be exercised in the manner provided in Chapter 41, General Statutes 1923, and any amendments thereof, or by purchase, any lands or interests in lands in any such project which said Department shall deem necessary for State ownership, use or development for the purposes of this Act; provided, however, that no monies shall be used for the purposes specified in this Section until and unless such Department and the State Auditor shall have determined that such monies will not be required to meet the requisitions of the counties authorized under Section 4 [§6452-4] of this Act or for payment of certificates of indebtedness and interest thereon herein provided for. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §10.)

§6452-11. Counties may assume obligations.—Any county wherein any such project or portion thereof is located, may voluntarily assume in the manner hereinafter specified the obligation to pay that portion of the principal and interest of the bonds issued before the approval and acceptance of such project and remaining unpaid at maturity, of any school district or township situated in said county and wholly or partly lying within said project, which portion bears the same proportion to the whole of such unpaid principal and interest as the last assessed valuation, prior to the acceptance of said project, of lands then acquired by the State pursuant to this Act in such school district or township bears to the total assessed valuation for the same year of such school district or township. Such assumption shall be evidenced by a resolution of the county board of said county, a copy of which shall be certified to the State Auditor within one year after the acceptance of such project; and thereafter, if any of such bonds shall remain unpaid at maturity, the county board shall upon demand of the governing body of such school district or township or of the holder of any such bonds provide for the payment of the portion thereof so assumed, and such county boards shall levy general taxes on all the taxable property of the county therefor, or shall issue its bonds to raise such sum as may be needed, conform-

ing to the provisions of law respecting the issuance of county refunding bonds. The proceeds of such taxes or bonds shall be paid over by the County Treasurer to the Treasurer of the School District or Township.

In the event that any such county shall fail or neglect so to adopt and certify such resolution, the State Auditor shall withhold from the payments to be made to such county under the provisions of Section 4 of this Act, a sum equal to that portion of the principal and interest of such outstanding bonds which bears the same proportion to the whole thereof as the above determined assessed valuation of lands acquired by the State within such project bears to the total assessed valuation for the same year of such school district or township. Monies so withheld from the county shall be set aside in the State Treasury and shall not be paid to the County until the full principal and interest of such school district and township bonds shall have been paid.

In the event that any such bonds remain unpaid at maturity, upon the demand of the governing body of such school district or township, or the holder of any such bonds, the State Auditor shall issue to the Treasurer of such school district or township a warrant on the State Treasurer for that portion of such past due principal and interest computed as in the case of the county liability hereinbefore authorized to be voluntarily assumed. All monies received by any school district or township pursuant to this section shall be applied to the payment of such past due bonds and interest. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §11.)

§6452-12. Violations a misdemeanor.—Any person who within the limits of any such project shall wilfully violate or fail to comply with any rule or regulation of the Department of Conservation adopted and promulgated in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §12.)

§6452-13. Provisions separable.—This Act shall be held unconstitutional only in the event that some major provisions of the Act are found unconstitutional and invalid that would make the Act unworkable. If any minor provisions of this Act be held unconstitutional it shall in no way affect or invalidate any other provision or part hereof. (Act Apr. 25, 1931, c. 407, §13.)

STATE PARKS, STATE PUBLIC CAMP GROUNDS AND STATE MONUMENTS

§6459. State parks to be for use of public.

There was no authority and no public necessity for the condemnation of an easement for an electric power line through Jay Cooke State Park. 177M343, 225NW164.

§6462. Violation of rules.

There was no authority and no public necessity for the condemnation of an easement for an electric power line through Jay Cooke State Park. 177M343, 225NW164.

§6463. State land on meandered lakes to be withdrawn from sale.—All state lands bordering on or adjacent to meandered lakes and other public waters and watercourses and

the live timber growing or being thereon hereby are withdrawn from sale.

Of all such land bordering on or adjacent to meandered lakes and other public waters and watercourses and so withdrawn from sale, a strip two rods in width, the ordinary high water mark being the water side boundary thereof, and the landside boundary thereof being a line drawn parallel to the ordinary high water mark and two rods distant landward therefrom, hereby is reserved for public travel thereon, and wherever the conformation of the shore line or conditions require, the auditor shall reserve a wider strip for such purposes;

Provided, nevertheless, that any such state lands bordering on or adjacent to the Mississippi River or any such lakes, waters and watercourses in the bottom lands thereof, desired or needed by the United States Government for, or in connection with, any project heretofore authorized by Congress for the improvement of navigation in said river, may be sold by the auditor at public sale according to law, as in other cases, upon application by a fully authorized United States official, setting forth a description of the said land and transmitted with a map showing its location with reference to adjoining properties. (As amended Feb. 14, 1929, c. 21.)

§6472. School houses in state parks.

There was no authority and no public necessity for the condemnation of an easement for an electric power line through Jay Cooke State Park. 177M343, 225NW164.

§6493-1. Boundaries of Minneopa State Park.—That the boundaries of Minneopa State Park, as established and created by General Laws 1905, Chapter 297, and as enlarged by General Laws 1909, Chapter 409, and by General Laws 1917, Chapter 157 [§§6491 to 6496], be and the same hereby are enlarged by adding to said park the following land situate in Blue Earth County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Commencing at a point eight hundred thirty-five (835) feet west and ten hundred eighty-seven (1,087) feet south of the northeast corner of section eighteen (18), township one hundred eight (108) north of range twenty-seven (27) west, thence at an angle of one hundred twenty-two (122) degrees seventeen (17) minutes right (north sixty-three (63) degrees west) seven hundred seventy-two (772) feet to a point on the north side of highway; thence along the north side of highway one hundred fifty-eight (158) degrees thirty-one (31) minutes left (south forty-one (41) degrees forty-five (45) minutes east) three hundred forty-five and 7/10 (345.7) feet, thence thirty-four (34) degrees, thirty-six (36) minutes left (south seventy-six (76) degrees thirty (30) minutes east) four hundred seventy-four and 8/10 (474.8) feet; thence one hundred ten (110) degrees, thirty-six (36) minutes left (north five (5) degrees forty-five (45) minutes west, twenty-three (23) feet to the place of beginning, containing about one and 24/100 acres of land. (Act Feb. 4, 1931, c. 7, §1.)

§6508-4. Birch Cooley Battle Field State Memorial Park established.—That the north-

east quarter (NE¼) of the southeast quarter (SE¼) of Section nineteen (19) and the northwest quarter (NW¼) of the southwest quarter (SW¼) of Section twenty (20), all in Township one hundred thirteen (113) of Range thirty-four (34) in the county of Renville, be and the same hereby is set apart and established as a state memorial park in commemoration of the heroic deeds and sacrifices of Minnesota's pioneer citizens and her soldiers and sailors of all wars. (Act Mar. 19, 1929, c. 75, §1.)

§6508-5. Same—Name.—That the name of said park shall be "Birch Cooley Battle Field State Memorial Park," and the same by this act hereby is dedicated to the perpetual use of the people as a public park as a resting place for Minnesota's soldier and sailor dead of all wars, under the restrictions herein contained or which may hereafter be provided by law. (Act Mar. 19, 1929, c. 75, §2.)

§6508-6. Same—Commission to be appointed by governor.—That a commission to be known as the Birch Cooley State Memorial Park Commission, comprised of three persons to be appointed by the governor forthwith upon the passage of this act, hereby is created. Upon appointment the commission shall proceed to acquire by gift/or purchase and/or exercise of the power of eminent domain that part of the lands described in Section 1 [§6508-4] hereof not now owned by the state, and to pay therefor such reasonable compensation as may be agreed upon, subject to the approval of the governor. In case said lands or any part thereof cannot be secured for a price which is satisfactory to the commission and the governor, the attorney general hereby is authorized, and fully empowered, upon written request of the commission, to institute and carry on, for and in behalf of and in the name of the state proceedings for the acquisition of the title in fee to said lands or such part thereof, by exercise of the power of eminent domain, in the manner provided by law therefor. (Act Mar. 19, 1929, §3.)

§6508-7. Same—Part of park to be cemetery.—That upon final acquisition by the state of the title to said lands and premises the commission shall cause a plat thereof to be made, and a part thereof, suitably located and so situated that its boundaries may be extended as from time to time may be necessary, to be set aside, marked and platted as a cemetery for the burial of Minnesota's soldier and sailor dead of all wars, and the plat or plats thereof to be duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Renville county. The portion of said park so set aside, marked and platted as a cemetery shall be known as the "Minnesota Soldiers' and Sailors' Rest." (Act Mar. 19, 1929, c. 75, §4.)

§6508-8. Same—Commission to serve without compensation.—That the members of the commission shall serve without compensation or expenses. The commission shall make full report to the 1931 legislature of its acts and doings hereunder, and following the acquisition of the lands and the completed performance by the commission of its duties as herein prescribed, the department of con-

servation shall have the care, improvement, supervision, control and management of said park. (Act Mar. 19, 1929, c. 75, §5.)

§6508-9. Same—Appropriation.—That the sum of \$7,500.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary, available immediately and until the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1931, hereby is appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the use of the commission for carrying out the purposes of this act, payable upon itemized vouchers of expenditures approved by the commission. (Act Mar. 19, 1929, c. 75, §6.)

§6508-9½. Lake Chetek State Park—Appropriation for additional land.—The sum of \$1,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated from any moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of acquiring, by purchase or by condemnation, additional lands not exceeding two acres in area surrounding the public monument erected at Lake Shetek in Murray County, Minnesota, under authority of General Laws 1923, Chapter 149, and for a right of way for a public highway leading from said monument to an improved public highway adjacent thereto, and for the construction and maintenance as a highway of the right of way so acquired. (Act Apr. 20, 1929, c. 269, §1.)

Laws 1923, c. 149, referred to in this section made appropriations for removal of bodies of citizens of Minnesota massacred at Lake Chetek in 1862, for erection of monument, and for acquisition of burial grounds. The act appointed a commission to carry the act into effect.

§6508-10. Same—State Auditor to acquire lands.—Said lands shall be acquired and said appropriation expended by the state auditor, who shall, by order made and filed in his office, determine what lands shall be acquired for the purposes herein specified.

In the acquisition of said lands, whether by purchase or by condemnation, consideration shall be given in fixing the compensation to be paid to the owners thereof to the provision in the deed by which D. H. Evans and wife conveyed to the State of Minnesota the lands upon which said monument has been erected, which is to the effect that the said grantors will at all times provide convenient access to said monument site by the state, its agents and servants, and by the public. (Act Apr. 20, 1929, c. 269, §2.)

§6508-11. Same—Lands to be State Park.—The lands acquired under authority of this act are, together with the lands heretofore acquired under the provisions of General Laws 1923, Chapter 149, hereby declared to be a state park. (Act Apr. 20, 1929, c. 269, §3.)

§6508-12. Same—Custodian.—In the event the legislature shall at its present session enact any law imposing upon an officer, other than the state auditor, the duty of supervising or caring for state parks, then the powers and duties hereby conferred upon the state auditor shall be transferred to and exercised and performed by the officer so charged with the duty of supervising and caring for state parks. (Act Apr. 20, 1929, c. 269, §4.)

§6508-13. Sam Brown Memorial Park Commission created.—That a commission to be known as the Sam Brown Memorial Park Commission, comprised of three persons to be appointed by the governor forthwith upon the passage of this act, hereby is created. Upon appointment the commission shall proceed to acquire for and in the name of the state, by gift and/or purchase and/or exercise of the power of eminent domain, and to pay therefor such reasonable compensation, within the limits of appropriations made available therefor as may be approved by the governor, those certain tracts and parcels of land, with the log cabin and other improvements and structures thereon, situate in the village of Browns Valley, County of Traverse and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the north side of Broadway, 181 feet west from the southeast corner of Block Four, West Side Addition to the Village of Browns Valley, thence west along said Broadway 100 feet, thence north to the Little Minnesota River, thence easterly along said river to a point due north from the place of beginning, thence due south to the place of beginning, all in the Village of Browns Valley; and beginning at a point 281 feet west from the southeast corner of Block Four of West Side Addition to the Village of Browns Valley, thence west 25 feet, thence north to the south bank of the Little Minnesota River, thence east 25 feet, and thence south to the south line of said Block Four. Also that tract more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point 225 feet east from the southwest corner of Block Five of West Side Addition to the Village of Browns Valley, thence east 81 feet, thence north to the center of the Little Minnesota River, thence west 31 feet, and thence south to the southern line of said block five to the place of beginning, in the Village of Browns Valley, Traverse County, State of Minnesota. (Act Apr. 24, 1929, c. 357, §1.)

§6508-14. Sam Brown Memorial Park established.—That upon final acquisition of a good and marketable title to said lands and premises, the said area comprising the same be and it hereby is set apart and established as a state memorial park in commemoration of the heroic deeds and sacrifices of Minnesota's pioneers, for the use of and enjoyment by the people. (Act Apr. 24, 1929, c. 357, §2.)

§6508-15. Same—Name.—That the name of said park shall be the "Sam Brown Memorial Park." (Act Apr. 24, 1929, c. 357, §3.)

§6508-16. Same—Village to pay expense of upkeep.—That upon the acquisition of said park and its improvements as hereinafter provided, the same, with all monuments, markers or other memorials thereon, shall be forever kept, improved, maintained and controlled by and at the expense of the Village of Browns Valley, subject to the general supervision of the department of conservation. (Act Apr. 24, 1929, c. 357, §4.)

§6508-17. Same—Commission to repair buildings.—That upon final acquisition of said property and within the limits of appropriations available therefor, the commission shall

cause the log cabin thereon to be repaired and placed in condition for permanent preservation, and may place thereon a suitable memorial tablet or inscription. (Act Apr. 24, 1929, c. 357, §5.)

§6508-18. Same—To erect monument.—That within such limits the commission may erect or place upon said site a suitable inscribed and protected monument or marker to the memory of Samuel J. Brown. (Act Apr. 24, 1929, c. 357, §6.)

§6508-19. Same—Members to serve without compensation.—That the members of the commission shall serve without compensation or expenses. The commission shall make full report to the 1931 legislature of its acts and doings hereunder. (Act Apr. 24, 1929, c. 357, §7.)

§6508-20. Same—Appropriation.—That the sum of \$6,500 or so much thereof as may be necessary, available immediately and until the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1931, hereby is appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the use of the commission for carrying out the purposes of this act, payable upon itemized vouchers of expenditures approved by the commission. (Act Apr. 24, 1929, c. 357, §8.)

§6508-21. Charles A. Lindbergh State Park—State Auditor to accept park.—The state auditor is hereby authorized to accept on behalf of the State a gift of the following described premises in Morrison County, Minnesota, from Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh and others, to-wit:

Lot One (1) and the Southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section 25, Township 129, Range 30;

Lot One (1) of Section 30, Township 129, Range 29;

That part of Lot Nine (9) of Park Outlots to the City of Little Falls (in Section 25, Township 129, Range 30, which is within the following metes and bounds: beginning at the southwest corner of said Lot 9 and from thence follow the south line thereof to the southeast corner thereof, thence north follow to the east line of said lot to a point thereon 175 feet north of the southeast corner, and thence in a southwesterly direction in a straight line to the point of beginning, containing nearly three quarters of an acre in the southeast corner of said Lot 9;

Exempting therefrom, however, all flowage rights and grants of record. (Act Mar. 12, 1931, c. 53, §1.)

§6508-22. Same—Name.—When proper conveyances have been delivered to the state, vesting in the state title thereto, said property shall constitute a state park to be known as "Charles A. Lindbergh State Park," and shall remain dedicated to the perpetual use of the people of the state under such restrictions as may be provided by law. (Act Mar. 12, 1931, c. 53, §2.)

§6508-23. Same—State Auditor to supervise park.—The general care, supervision and control of said state park shall be vested in

the state auditor. (Act Mar. 12, 1931, c. 53, §3.)

Sec. 4 makes an appropriation for maintenance.

§6508-24. The Old Crossing—Executive council to accept lands.—The Executive Council is hereby authorized to accept in behalf of the State of Minnesota, a deed of conveyance to Lot One (1), Section thirty-three (33), Township One Hundred fifty-one (151), North, of Range Forty-five (45) West, of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Red Lake County, Minnesota, and upon which property the United States Government, pursuant to Act of Congress approved January 31st, 1931, is to erect a monument and historical tablet on the banks of the Red Lake River at the place known as The Old Crossing, to commemorate the signing of a treaty on October 2nd, 1863, between the United States of America and the Chippewa Indians. (Act Apr. 20, 1931, c. 235.)

STATE FORESTS

§6513-1. Definitions.—The term "State Forests" as used in this act shall include all state lands now or hereafter set apart as state forests and shall be held to include all state owned forest lands of every description which may now or hereafter be devoted to uses of forestation or timber production, including all such lands set apart under section 7 of article 8 of the state constitution and laws enacted in pursuance thereof, also all such lands withdrawn from sale for the purpose of forestation and timber reserves under the provisions of section 4 of article IV, laws 1925, chapter 426 [§53-22], and all other such lands now or hereafter otherwise acquired or set apart as state forests or forest reserves or for the purpose of forestation and timber production. (Act Apr. 20, 1931, c. 263, §1.)

See §§6302-1 to 6302-4.

§6513-2. Commissioner of forestry to have charge of state forest.—The commissioner of forestry and fire prevention shall have charge and control of all state forests, and shall maintain and manage the same on forestry principles for timber production and for such other uses as are not inconsistent therewith. (Act Apr. 20, 1931, c. 263, §2.)

§6513-3. State Auditor to sell timber.—(a) Timber and other forest products in the state forests shall be sold by the state auditor, upon recommendation and request of the commissioner, in the same manner as provided by law for the sale of timber on other state lands, except as herein otherwise provided. Before any such sale is made, it shall be approved by the executive council, as successor in authority to the state timber board, as provided by law in case of sale of timber on other state lands. No timber or other forest products shall be offered or advertised for sale, or made subject to competitive bidding, in lots or parcels extending over more than one section or exceeding Fifteen Thousand (\$15,000.00) Dollars of appraised value.

(b) Such timber and other forest products in the state forests shall be estimated and appraised for sale under the direction of the

commissioner. Such estimates and appraisals may be made either by duly appointed and qualified state appraisers, designated by the commissioner, with the approval of the state auditor, or by qualified persons appointed for the purpose by the commissioner, who shall be known as state forest appraisers. Each such state forest appraiser shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take an oath and give a bond as provided by law for state appraisers, and shall, under the direction of the commissioner, with respect to all state forest lands and the timber and forest products thereon, have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties by law vested in or imposed upon state appraisers with respect to other state lands.

(c) The cutting and removal of all such timber and other forest products sold in the state forests shall be conducted under the supervision of the commissioner, and subject to such conditions, rules, and regulations as he may prescribe, and the notice of sale given by the auditor shall so state; provided, that so far as not inconsistent herewith all provisions of law relating to the cutting and removal of timber on other state lands shall apply to and govern the cutting and removal of timber and forest products in the state forests. (Act Apr. 20, 1931, c. 263, §3.)

§6513-4. Commissioner may sell dead and down timber.—The commissioner may sell dead, down, dying, insect infested or diseased timber in the state forests in the same manner and subject to the same conditions and restrictions as provided by law for the sale of such timber by the state auditor upon other state lands by Laws 1925, Chapter 276, Section 10 [§6394-10]. For the purpose of such sales and the cutting and removal of timber so sold the commissioner shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties vested in or imposed upon the auditor by said section, and the cutting and removal of such timber shall be conducted under the supervision of the commissioner and subject to such conditions, rules, and regulations as he may prescribe. The commissioner may also sell in the same manner and subject to the same conditions and restrictions any green standing timber when in his judgment it is necessary or advisable to cut and remove such timber for the improvement of the forest wherein the same is situated. (Act Apr. 20, 1931, c. 263, §4.)

§6513-5. Commissioner to prosecute trespass.—With respect to trespass and unlawful cutting or removal of timber upon the state forest lands, the commissioner shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties vested in or imposed upon the state auditor by Laws 1925, Chapter 276, Sections 32 and 33 [§§6394-32, 6394-33], or by any other law relating to trespass or unlawful cutting or removal of timber upon other state lands, and the state forest appraisers and other authorized employees of the commissioner shall have like power and authority with respect to trespass and unlawful cutting or removal of timber upon the state forest lands as the authorized employees of the auditor have by law with respect to said matters upon other state lands. Except as herein

otherwise provided, all trespasses and unlawful cutting or removal of timber upon state forest lands and all matters pertaining thereto or connected therewith shall be subject to and shall be governed by the laws pertaining to trespasses and unlawful cutting or removal of timber upon state lands. (Act Apr. 20, 1931, c. 263, §5.)

§6513-6. Commissioner to grant leases.—The commissioner shall have power to grant and execute in the name of the state leases and permits for the use of any state forest lands for any purpose which in his opinion is not inconsistent with the maintenance and management of the state forest in which the land is situated on forestry principles for timber production; provided, that every such lease or permit shall be revocable at the discretion of the commissioner at any time, and shall be subject to such conditions and regulations as the commissioner may prescribe. The approval of the commission of administration and finance shall not be required upon any such lease or permit. No such lease or permit for a period exceeding two years shall be granted except with the approval of the executive council. (Act Apr. 20, 1931, c. 263, §6.)

§6513-7. Commissioner to issue permits for roads.—No public highway other than a state trunk highway shall be established or laid out through any State Forest as the same shall be created and withdrawn from public sale and entry by existing or subsequent Act, without the consent of the commissioner, certified by him in writing to the public authority having power to establish or lay out such highway. In any judicial proceedings affecting the laying out of a highway, the court may either sustain or reverse the action of the commissioner as the court in its discretion may deem proper. The limitations and restrictions provided in Section 7 [§6513-7] of this act shall not apply to state owned lands which have not been expressly withdrawn from sale and created and reserved as State Forests, so called. No state forest lands or right or easement therein shall be taken by eminent domain for any purpose without the consent of the commissioner certified by him in writing to the authority or corporation exercising such right of eminent domain. (Act Apr. 20, 1931, c. 263, §7.)

§6513-8. Commissioner to make rules.—The commissioner shall have power to prescribe such rules and regulations governing the use of the state forests or any part thereof by the public or governing the exercising by holders of leases or permits upon state forest lands all their rights under such leases or permits as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this act. (Act Apr. 20, 1931, c. 263, §8.)

§6515. Tax title lands, how set apart:

Act authorizing exchange of lands acquired under delinquent tax laws by the state in Red Lake Game Preserve for lands privately owned. Laws 1931, c. 32, ante, §§5620-14 to 5620-21.

§6522-2. Certain lands specified as State Forests.—The State School and other public lands now owned by the State of Minnesota, included within the following described limits:

Township 152, Ranges 25 and 26, Township 153, Ranges 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29, Township 154, Ranges 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, Township 155, Ranges 25, 26, 27, 28, and 29, Township 156, Ranges 25, 26, 27, and 28, Township 157, Ranges 26 and 27 from the Minnesota and International Railroad west to the old Red Lake Indian Reservation boundary; Township 158, Ranges 26 and 27, from the Minnesota and International Railroad west to the old Red Lake Indian Reservation boundary and south of the Black River, west of the 5th Principal Meridian and Township 64, Ranges 24, 25, 26, 27, Township 65, Ranges 24, 25, 26, and 27, Township 66, Ranges 26 and 27, Township 67, Ranges 26 and 27, Township 64, Range 20, Township 64, Range 21 east of the Nett Lake Indian Reservation, Township 63, Range 19, Townships 61 and 62, Range 17, Township 54, Ranges 12, 13, 14 and 15, Township 55, Ranges 13, 14 and 15, Township 42, Ranges 16, 17 and 18, Township 41, Ranges 16, 17 and the east one-half of Range 18, Township 49, Range 19, Township 49 and 50, Range 23, Township 60 and the south one-half of Township 61, Range 20, Sections 23-24-25-26-35 and 36, Sections 1 to 12 inclusive, Township 59, Range 21, Townships 59, 60 and the south one-half of Township 61, Range 21, Townships 59, 60 and the south one-half of Township 61, Range 22, Township 59, 60 and 61, Range 23, Township 59, 60, and the East one-half of Township 61, Range 24, Township 60 and 61, Range 25, west of the 4th Principal Meridian, Section 16, Township 139, Range 32, Township 134, Range 29, west of Gull Lake, Township 134, Range 30, Sections 7 to 36 inclusive in Township 144, Ranges 36, 37, and 38, and all of Township 143, Range 37, and Township 143, Range 38, and Sections 1 to 6 inclusive in Townships 142, Range 37 and 142, Range 38, the west five-sixths of Township 137, Range 31, the east one-sixth of Township 137, Range 32, Township 138, Range 31, the north one-half of Township 158, Ranges 33, 34, and 35, Township 159, Ranges 33, 34 and 35, the south one-half of Township 160, Ranges 33 and 34, Township 160, Range 35, west of the 5th Principal Meridian, are hereby withdrawn from sale and established as state forests, to be governed, operated, managed and controlled in the same manner as other state forests. (Act Apr. 9, 1931, c. 124.)

§6522-3. Certain state lands to become state forest.—Whenever the Commissioner of Forestry and Fire Prevention shall determine that any tract of public land of the state which shall have reverted to the state on account of default after sale theretofore made to an individual purchaser, and which, after being reoffered for sale, remains unsold, is suitable and is required for use as a forestry administrative station, demonstration forest, or for any other forestry purpose, and which has heretofore been put to such use, all in designated state forests, and shall so certify to the State Auditor, it shall be the duty of the Auditor forthwith to certify such tract upon his records as state forest land. Thereupon any and all right of the prior purchaser of such tract to redeem the same shall be terminated and extinguished and such tract

shall become and be a part of the state forests, subject to all the provisions of law relating thereto. (Act Apr. 21, 1931, c. 283, §1.)

UNITED STATES LANDS

§6528-1. State relinquishes swamp lands.—

The State of Minnesota hereby waives and relinquishes any and all right and claim that it may by virtue of the Act of Congress of March 12, 1860 (12 Statutes at Large 3) have in or to swamp and overflowed lands lying within the White Earth Indian Reservation in Minnesota which have heretofore been conveyed by the United States, by patent in trust or in fee, to any Indian whether of full blood or of mixed blood. (Act Apr. 18, 1929, c. 226, §1.)

§6528-2. Effective when.—This act shall take effect and be of force only when and after the United States shall by act of Congress have ratified and confirmed in the State of Minnesota and its grantees and assigns the title to all lands included within the following described patents issued by the United States to the State of Minnesota, to-wit:

Patent No. 1	dated May	14, 1877
Patent No. 3	dated August	5, 1880
Patent No. 4	dated November	20, 1880
Patent No. 5	dated April	13, 1881

Patent No. 6	dated March	27, 1885
Patent No. 7	dated March	10, 1888
Patent No. 28	dated September	20, 1893
Patent No. 41	dated March	15, 1895
Patent No. 59	dated April	30, 1896
Patent No. 65	dated September	15, 1896
Patent No. 72	dated January	18, 1897
Patent No. 73	dated February	11, 1897
Patent No. 77	dated May	6, 1897
Patent No. 82	dated October	20, 1897
Patent No. 84	dated January	15, 1898
Patent No. 92	dated February	21, 1899
Patent No. 95	dated March	15, 1899
Patent No. 106	dated October	23, 1899
Patent No. 110	dated April	20, 1900
Patent No. 126	dated August	26, 1901
Patent No. 127	dated August	28, 1901
Patent No. 139	dated August	17, 1903
Patent No. 163	dated October	14, 1904
Patent No. 167	dated January	12, 1905
Patent No. 169	dated March	27, 1905
Patent No. 170	dated April	8, 1905
Patent No. 174	dated October	17, 1905
Patent No. 176	dated November	23, 1905

and shall have dismissed with prejudice the suit involving said lands and their value and the proceeds from sales thereof now pending in the Supreme Court of the United States, and entitled United States versus State of Minnesota. (Act Apr. 18, 1929, c. 226, §2.)

**CHAPTER 41
Eminent Domain**

§6537. Right of eminent domain.

177M146, 225NW86.

Village of North St. Paul has authority to condemn rights of way for an alley or to condemn an easement for water and sewer pipes across private property. Op. Atty. Gen., May 26, 1931.

§6541. Petition and notice.

There was no authority and no public necessity for the condemnation of an easement for an electric power line through Jay Cooke State Park. 177M343, 225NW164.

§6546. Payment — Tender — Deposit in court.

Boundary dispute between claimants of land condemned. Fitzpatrick v. B., 223NW767.

The United States seeking to condemn lands for a public building, has no further interest in the condemnation proceedings after it pays the award to the clerk of the court. St. Paul v. Certain Lands, (CCA8), 48F(2d)805. See Dun. Dig. 3100.

Where an award is made to owner of land upon which mortgage is being foreclosed, the purchaser at the foreclosure sale is entitled to the award in the absence of redemption. Op. Atty. Gen., Apr. 2, 1931.

§6548. Accruing taxes.

Delinquent taxes on land are a first lien and should be paid first out of an award made in condemnation proceedings by the highway department. Op. Atty. Gen., Aug. 8, 1930.

Where damages are awarded in condemnation proceedings by highway department, and they are insufficient to cover taxes against the land, they should be distributed among the various funds the same as they would be if the taxes had been paid. Op. Atty. Gen., Aug. 8, 1930.

Where Government condemns property for post office, title does not pass until final judg-

ment and payment of the award, and county auditor has authority until that time to assess taxes against the property, even though under Mason's USCA, Title 40, §258, title relates back to the date of the filing of the commissioner's award. Op. Atty. Gen., Jan. 26, 1931.

Where City of St. Paul acquired by condemnation portions of property for widening of street and property owner gave City deed on December 26th, 1930, and award was ratified by City Council on December 30th, 1930, but proceedings of Council were not published in the official newspaper until January 3rd, 1931, on which date award was paid, taxes for 1930 spread by the auditor on December 24th, 1930, constituted a lien on the property and should be paid by the City. Op. Atty. Gen., April 25, 1931.

§6549. Appeal.

City intervening to recover special assessments, held not entitled to appeal from award. St. Paul v. Certain Lands, (CCA8), 48F(2d)805. See Dun. Dig. 3107.

§6550. Trial—Costs.

To the extent that traffic upon a trunk highway is beneficial to an abutting farm, as such, it is a benefit in common with the general public. 176M525, 223NW923.

Special benefits may be shown in the reduction of damages. 176M525, 223NW923.

Gross damages are first to be determined and then award is to be apportioned as justice may require. 176M525, 223NW923.

Where such rule is ignored, and a different procedure is adopted without objection, in which the dissatisfied party has acquiesced, he cannot thereafter complain. 176M525, 223NW923.

§6551. Judgment—Possession.

One obtaining market value of property was not entitled to an additional award for expense