

GENERAL STATUTES
of
MINNESOTA
1923

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CHAPTER 35A

COLLECTION AGENCIES

5888. **To file bond with secretary of state—Conducting agency, etc., without bond prohibited**—No person, partnership, association or corporation shall conduct a collection agency, collection bureau or collection office in this state or engage in this state solely in the business of collecting or receiving payment for others of any account, bill or other indebtedness, or engage in this state in the business of soliciting the right to collect or receive payment for another of any account, bill or other indebtedness, or advertise for or solicit in print the right to collect or receive payment for another of any account, bill or other indebtedness, unless, at the time of conducting such collection agency, collection bureau, collection office or collection business, or of doing such advertising or soliciting, such person, partnership, association or corporation, or the person, partnership, association or corporation for whom he or it may be acting as agent, shall have on file with the secretary of state a good and sufficient bond as hereinafter specified. ('13 c. 532 § 1) [5098]

5889. **Amount and condition of bond**—Said bond shall be in the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) and shall provide that the person, partnership, association or corporation giving the same shall, upon written demand, pay and turn over to or for the person, partnership, association or corporation for whom any account, bill or other indebtedness is taken for collection the proceeds of such collection in accordance with the terms of the agreement upon which such amount, bill or other indebtedness was received for collection. Said bond shall be in such form as the attorney general shall prescribe. ('13 c. 532 § 2) [5099]

5890. **Term of bond—Limitation**—Said bond shall

be for the term of one year from the date thereof, unless the secretary of state and the person, partnership, association or corporation giving the same shall agree on a longer period. No action on said bond shall be begun after two years from the expiration of the bond. ('13 c. 532 § 3) [5100]

5891. **How executed and approved—Sureties, etc.**—Said bond shall be executed by said persons, partnerships, associations or corporations as principal, with at least two good and sufficient sureties who shall be residents and owners of real estate within the state. The bond shall not be accepted unless approved by the secretary of state and, upon such approval, it shall be filed in his office. The bond of a surety company may be received if approved as aforesaid; or cash may be accepted in lieu of sureties. ('13 c. 532 § 4) [5101]

5892. **Record of bonds**—The secretary of state shall keep a record of the bonds filed with him under the provisions hereof, with the names, places of residence and places of business of the principals and sureties, and the name of the officer before whom the bond was executed or acknowledged; and the record shall be open to public inspection. ('13 c. 532 § 5) [5102]

5893. **Violation a gross misdemeanor**—Any person, member of a partnership or officer of an association or corporation who fails to comply with any provision of this act shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor. ('13 c. 532 § 6) [5103]

5894. **Not applicable to attorneys, banks or trust companies**—This act shall not apply to any attorney-at-law duly authorized to practice in this state and resident herein, to a national bank, or to any bank or trust company duly incorporated under the laws of this state. ('13 c. 532 § 7) [5104]

CHAPTER 36

PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE AND REGULATION
OF HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

HOTELS, THEATERS AND OTHER BUILDINGS

5895. **Classification of buildings**—For the purposes of this chapter, buildings shall be classified as follows:

1. Hotels and other structures two stories high, with ten or more sleeping rooms, where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public.

2. Such hotels and structures more than two stories high.

3. Tenements, flat buildings and boarding houses, more than two stories high, accommodating more than twenty persons, whether in one family or more; an attic or mansard-roof floor, when used for sleeping, to be counted as a story.

4. Buildings used as theaters or public halls, and having a seating capacity of over three hundred.

5. Public school buildings, and seminary, academy and college buildings, more than two stories high.

6. Hospitals and asylums two or more stories high.

7. Prisons, reformatories, workhouses, jails and other places of penal confinement. (2365) [5105]

116-299, 133+856; 126-149, 148+110.

5896. **Requirements for class one**—For each twenty-five hundred feet of area, or fractional part thereof, covered by a building in class one, there shall be provided an efficient chemical fire extinguisher, conveniently located in a public hallway outside of the sleeping rooms, and always in condition for use, or a one and one-fourth inch inside standpipe, with hose connection, and hose of sufficient length always attached, in such hallway, which standpipe shall be supplied by a sufficient pressure of water. (2366) [5106]

5897. **Class two**—Each six thousand feet of area, or fractional part thereof, covered by a building in class two, shall be provided with a one and three-fourths inch inside standpipe, and sufficient one and one-fourth inch hose connected therewith on each floor, and constantly furnished with sufficient water pressure from waterworks or pump which can be put into instant action; or for each such area there shall be a two and one-half inch metallic standpipe, with metallic ladder attached above the first story, located upon the outside of the wall, extending above the roof, and so