

CHAPTER 33

DAIRY; BUTTER SUBSTITUTES

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33.01 USE OF "BUTTER" IN ADVERTISING CERTAIN PRODUCTS UNLAWFUL. It shall be unlawful for any person to make, publish, disseminate, circulate, or place before the public, or directly or indirectly cause to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in this state, in a newspaper or other publication, or in any book, notice, handbill, poster, bill, label, circular, pamphlet, or letter, or in any other way, any publication advertising in any manner any food product or article of food produced or manufactured, in whole or in part, out of or from any animal fats or vegetable oils, or any article or product manufactured or produced in imitation or semblance of natural butter, not produced wholly from pure, unadulterated milk or cream, in or as a part of or connected with which publication, the word "butter" is used or appears; provided, that the word "butter" may be used in designating the food article known to the trade as "plum butter," "apple butter," "peanut butter," when used in connection with the name of article manufactured from. Nothing herein contained shall repeal or modify any of the provisions now in force for the labeling of the food product known as oleomargarine.

[1921 c. 309 s.1] (3917)

33.02 MANUFACTURERS OF BUTTER SUBSTITUTES NOT TO USE CERTAIN WORDS IN ADVERTISING. No person shall use in any way in connection or association with the sale or offering or exposure for sale or advertisement of any substances designed to be used as a substitute for butter, the word "butter," "creamery" or "dairy," or the name or representation of any breed of dairy cattle, or any combination of such word or words and representation, or any other words or symbols or combination thereof commonly used in the sale of butter.

[1923 c. 116 s. 1] (3923)

33.03 BUTTER IMITATIONS PROHIBITED. No person, firm or corporation shall, by himself or itself, his or its servant or agent, or as a servant or agent of another, manufacture, use, sell, distribute, offer or expose for sale or distribution in the state, or have in his possession with intent to use, sell, or exchange, any artificial or imitation flavoring preparation to be used in fats, oils, or any article of food to produce a flavor in imitation of that of natural butter, the product of the dairy. Bacterial culture used for ripening or souring or fermenting milk or skimmed milk in the production of any such culture in milk or skimmed milk shall not be considered an artificial or imitation flavoring preparation.

[1931 c. 97 s. 1] (3928-1)

33.04 OLEOMARGARINE NOT TO BE COLORED. No person, firm or corporation shall, by himself or itself, or by his or its agent or servant, nor shall any officer, agent, servant, or employee of any person, firm, or corporation, manufacture, sell, ship, consign, offer for sale, expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine or any similar substance, article, product or compound made, wholly or in part, out of any fats, oils, or oleaginous substances or compound thereof, not produced from pure, unadulterated milk, or cream from the same, without the admixture or addition of any fat foreign to the milk or cream, and which shall be in imitation of yellow butter produced from pure, unadulterated milk, or cream from the same, with or without coloring matter; nor, unless the article, product, or

compound, so manufactured, shipped, consigned, offered for sale, exposed for sale, or had in possession with intent to sell, shall be made and kept free from all coloration or ingredients causing it to look like butter of any shade of yellow, as herein-after described; nor, unless the same shall be kept and presented in a separate and distinct form and in such manner as will advise the purchaser and consumer of its real character; nor, unless such person, firm, or corporation shall in all respects comply with and observe the provisions of sections 33.04 to 33.09. For the purposes of sections 33.04 to 33.09, oleomargarine or similar substances shall be deemed to look like, be in resemblance of, or in imitation of butter of a shade of yellow, when it has a tint or shade containing more than one and six-tenths degrees of yellow, or of yellow and red collectively, but with an excess of yellow over red, as measured in the terms of the Lovibond tintometer scale, or its equivalent. Nothing in sections 33.04 to 33.09 shall be construed as prohibiting the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine made, in whole or in part, from animal fats or oils.

[1931 c. 344 s. 1] (3855-1)

33.05 MUST HAVE LICENSE TO SELL. No person, firm, or corporation shall, by himself or itself, or by his or its agent or servant, nor shall any officer, agent, servant, or employee of any person, firm, or corporation, manufacture, sell, ship, consign, offer for sale, expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine, without first having obtained a license granted by the commissioner, who shall provide a suitable blank form of application for the use of the applicant. The fee for license shall be \$1.00, and it shall expire June 30th next after its issue and no license shall be issued for a longer term than one year and it shall not be transferable from one person to another person, or from the ownership to whom issued to another ownership. A separate license shall be procured for each place from which sale is made, and shall be posted at all times at such place.

[1931 c. 344 s. 2] (3855-2)

33.06 OLEOMARGARINE, LABELING. It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell, ship, consign, offer for sale, expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine made, wholly or partly, out of fats, oils, or oleaginous substances or compound thereof, unless each receptacle and package in which the same is kept for sale or sold has securely affixed upon the side thereof, a white or light colored label, which shall be printed in the English language with black ink in type not smaller than 36-point bold-faced capitals, the word "oleomargarine" and immediately thereafter, under the same label and in the same colors, there shall be printed in the English language, in eight-point bold-faced Gothic capitals, the name and, with substantial accuracy, the percentage of each ingredient contained in such oleomargarine, giving the name of each animal or vegetable from which such fats or oils are derived.

[1931 c. 344 s. 3] (3855-3)

33.07 MUST BE STAMPED OR PLACARDED. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, or offer or expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, any oleomargarine which is not marked and distinguished on the outside of each tub, package, or parcel thereof, in a conspicuous place, by a placard with the word "oleomargarine" printed in English thereon; the placard to be placed in a conspicuous position in full view of the purchaser; and the word "oleomargarine" on such placard shall be printed in plain, uncondensed Gothic letters, each letter not less than one inch in height, and these placards shall contain no other words thereon; and there shall also be displayed upon each tub, package, or parcel containing such oleomargarine, in the same manner and in a conspicuous position, a placard with the word "oleomargarine" printed thereon, in the same form as above described in this section; and when oleomargarine is sold from such package, or tub, or otherwise, at retail, in print, roll, or other form, before being delivered to the purchaser, it shall be wrapped in wrappers plainly stamped on the outside thereof with the word "oleomargarine" printed or stamped thereon in English in letters one-fourth inch square, the quantity sold, and immediately following there shall appear upon the wrapper the name and address of the manufacturer.

[1931 c. 344 s. 4] (3855-4)

33.08 DESCRIPTIVE MATTER ON PACKAGES. Descriptive matter upon the label shall be free from any statement, design, or device that is in itself misleading or that conveys or tends to convey information that the product is derived from other than the ingredients of which it is composed; and it shall be unlawful to label oleomargarine "dairy rolls," "country rolls," "Guernsey," "Jersey," "Holstein," or

other labeling that would indicate that the product is of dairy or creamery origin. The use of any false or misleading statement, design, or device shall not be justified by any statement given as the opinion of any expert or other person appearing on the label, nor by any descriptive matter explaining the use of the false or misleading statement, design, or device.

[1931 c. 344 s. 5] (3855-5)

33.09 OLEOMARGARINE, SERVING AS BUTTER. It shall be unlawful for the proprietor of any hotel, dining room, dining car, drinking place, cafe, bakery, boat, lumber camp, mining camp, railroad camp, boarding house, or hospital, or any place where guests, boarders, or patients are served with food for pay, or for any managing agent or servant of such proprietor, to serve as or for butter, or as a substitute thereof, any oleaginous substance or compound other than that produced wholly from pure, unadulterated milk or cream, unless he or they shall cause to be plainly printed in English upon every bill of fare, if one be used, and in letters not smaller than eight-point bold-faced Gothic capitals, the words "oleomargarine used in place of butter," and in case no bill of fare be used, the manager or person in charge of the establishment shall cause to be posted upon each side of the dining car or eating room, in a conspicuous position and in letters large enough to be distinctly seen and read from all parts of the room, placards containing on the face thereof the words, in the English language, "oleomargarine used in place of butter," and such person shall keep such placards continuously posted, as long as such butter substitute be kept or used.

[1931 c. 344 s. 6] (3855-6)

33.10 TAX ON OLEOMARGARINE. There is hereby imposed, levied, and assessed an inspection fee and excise tax of ten cents upon each pound of oleomargarine containing less than 65 per cent of animal fats and oils and upon each pound of oleomargarine containing any fats or oils other than animal fat and oil, milk fat, peanut, cottonseed or corn oil sold, offered or exposed for sale, or given or delivered to a consumer, such fee and tax to be paid to the commissioner prior to any such sale, gift, or delivery. For the purposes of sections 33.10 to 33.15, any fractional part of a pound contained in a container, package, or carton shall be deemed to be a pound.

[1933 c. 175 s. 1] (3855-10)

33.11 STAMPS TO BE AFFIXED TO PACKAGES. All oleomargarine offered or exposed for sale or distributed in any manner in this state shall be packed in firkins, tubs, or other wooden or paper packages not before used for that purpose, and in the manner required by the laws of this state and of the United States. Before any container, package, or carton containing oleomargarine, upon which a fee and tax are imposed by section 33.10, is broken, or is offered or exposed for sale, gift, or distribution to a consumer, there shall be securely affixed thereto the stamp or stamps provided for, in the amount of the fee and tax prescribed. Such stamp or stamps shall be canceled prior to the removal from the package, container, or carton of any oleomargarine, by stamping or writing across the face thereof the date of cancellation and the oleomargarine license number of the seller, if any. The commissioner shall prescribe rules and regulations relative to the handling, keeping, disposal, and distribution of oleomargarine and the affixing and cancellation of the stamps required by sections 33.10 to 33.15.

[1933 c. 175 s. 2] (3855-11)

33.12 COMMISSIONER TO FURNISH STAMPS. The commissioner shall prepare and have suitable stamps for use on each container, package, or carton and there shall be sufficient space thereon for the insertion of the name and address of the manufacturer of the oleomargarine in the carton, container, or package to which the stamp is to be affixed and such stamps shall be sold by the commissioner to all persons applying for them.

[1933 c. 175 s. 3] (3855-12)

33.13 SPOILED OR UNUSED STAMPS TO BE DESTROYED. Any spoiled or unused stamps in the possession of the commissioner shall be destroyed upon joint certificate of the commissioner and the public examiner setting forth the number, denomination, and face value of the same. This certificate shall relieve the accountable officer from accountability in the amount thereof.

[1933 c. 175 s. 4] (3855-13)

33.14 PAYMENT BY MANUFACTURER OR IMPORTER. The payment of the inspection fee and tax and the stamping and cancellation of any container,

carton, or package of oleomargarine by the manufacturer or importer of any oleomargarine shall exempt all other persons from the requirements of sections 33.10 to 33.15 relative to the stamping of and cancelation of stamps on containers, cartons, and packages of oleomargarine.

[1933 c. 175 s. 5] (3855-14)

33.15 REDEMPTION OF UNUSED STAMPS. Upon written request of the original purchaser thereof and the return of any unused stamps, the commissioner shall redeem such stamps and cause a refund to be made thereof. He shall prepare a voucher showing the amount of the refund due and the state auditor shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer for this amount.

[1933 c. 175 s. 6] (3855-15)

33.16 USE OF OLEOMARGARINE IN STATE INSTITUTIONS PROHIBITED. The service of oleomargarine or any other butter substitute to the inmates of any state institution as a substitute for table butter is hereby prohibited.

[1921 c. 438 s. 1; 1923 c. 24 s. 1] (3921)

33.17 FUNDS, DISPOSAL AND USE. The commissioner shall, on the first day of each month, transfer and pay to the state treasurer, for the use and benefit of the general fund of the state, the funds collected under the provisions of sections 33.10 to 33.15 and in his hands on those dates; provided, that he may use not to exceed 25 per cent of such funds for the administration and enforcement of sections 33.10 to 33.15.

[1933 c. 175 s. 8] (3855-17)

33.18 ENFORCEMENT. The commissioner shall enforce the provisions of this chapter; and, in so doing, shall have all the power and authority granted him under Laws 1921, Chapter 495, as amended.

[1921 c. 309 s. 3; 1923 c. 116 s. 3; 1931 c. 97 s. 3; 1931 c. 344 s. 7; 1933 c. 175 s. 8] (3855-7) (3855-17) (3919) (3925) (3928-3)

33.19 PROSECUTION BY COUNTY ATTORNEY. It shall be the duty of all county attorneys, upon complaint made, to prosecute all persons violating any of the provisions of section 33.01 within their respective counties.

[1921 c. 309 s. 3] (3919)

33.20 PROSECUTING OFFICERS, DUTIES. It shall be the duty of every prosecuting officer to whom the commissioner of agriculture, dairy, and food shall report any violations of sections 33.02 or 33.03 to cause appropriate proceedings to be instituted in the proper courts and prosecuted, without delay, for the enforcement of the penalties therein specified.

[1923 c. 116 s. 3; 1931 c. 97 s. 3] (3925) (3928-3)

33.21 VIOLATIONS; PENALTIES. Subdivision 1. Any person violating any of the provisions of sections 33.01 to 33.15 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subdivision 2. The minimum punishment for any person violating any of the provisions of sections 33.04 to 33.09 shall be a fine of \$25.00 or imprisonment for 20 days.

Subdivision 3. Any person violating any of the provisions of sections 33.10 to 33.15, or any rule or regulation prescribed by the commissioner of agriculture, dairy, and food thereunder, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$25.00, nor more than \$100.00, or by imprisonment for not more than 30 days in the county jail; and such violation shall be cause for the immediate cancelation of any license issued to such person by the commissioner.

Subdivision 4. Any officer in charge of any state institution affected by section 33.16 who shall knowingly violate the provisions of section 33.16 shall be dismissed from the service of the state immediately by the officer or board by whom he is appointed.

[1921 c. 309 s. 2; 1921 c. 438 s. 2; 1923 c. 24 s. 2; 1923 c. 116 s. 2; 1931 c. 97 s. 2; 1931 c. 344 s. 8; 1933 c. 175 s. 7] (3855-8) (3855-16) (3918) (3922) (3924) (3928-2)