268.01 DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT AND SECURITY

Employment and Security

CHAPTER 268

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268.01 TRANSFER OF POWERS AND DUTIES. All the powers and duties now vested in or imposed upon the industrial commission under the Minnesota Unemployment Compensation Law, Extra Session Laws 1936, Chapter 2, and acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, and all the powers and duties now vested in or imposed upon the industrial commission under Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 4046, subsection 3, and Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 4254, are hereby transferred to, vested in, and imposed upon the director of employment and security.

[1939 c. 431 art. 7 s. 2 (d)] (3199-102)

268.02 POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTOR OF EMPLOYMENT AND SECURITY. Subdivision 1. Free employment agencies. The director of employment and security shall have the power to establish and conduct free employment agencies and to supervise the work of private employment offices, all as now provided by law; to make known the opportunities for self-employment in this state; to aid in inducing minors to undertake promising skilled employment; to encourage wage earners to insure themselves against distress from unemployment; to investigate the extent and causes of unemployment in the state and remedy therefor, and to advise and adopt the most efficient means in his power to avoid unemployment.

Subdivision 2. Cooperation with federal government and municipalities in conduct of labor bureaus. The director of employment and security is hereby authorized and empowered to cooperate with the federal government in the establishment and maintenance within the state of Minnesota of one or more employment bureaus for the purpose of bringing together the man and the job. He is also authorized and empowered to cooperate, in a similar way and for the same purpose, with a municipality or municipalities, or with the federal government and any municipalities. Such cooperative employment bureaus, when established, shall be under the joint management of the cooperating parties; and the cost and expense of establishing, and of carrying on any such bureau, shall be borne by the cooperating parties upon an equitable basis, to be agreed upon between them.

[1917 c. 113 s. 1; 1921 c. 81 s. 15; 1939 c. 431 art. 7 s. 2 (d)] (4046 (3), 4254)

268.025 FREE EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS. The director of employment and security may establish state free employment bureaus in the cities of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winona, and one in the northwestern portion of the state, for the purpose of receiving applications from persons seeking employment, and applications from employers desiring to employ labor. There shall be no fee or compensation charged or received, directly or indirectly, from persons applying for employment, or from those desiring to employ labor through the bureaus. Every application made by an employer or an employee to the free employment bureau shall be void after 30 days from its receipt, unless the same be renewed by the applicant. 2057

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The managers of the state free employment offices shall cause to be received and recorded in books kept for that purpose, the names of all persons applying for employment, as well as the addresses of all persons, firms, or corporations applying to employ labor, designating opposite the name and address of each applicant the character of employment desired or offered. Such managers shall also perform such other duties pertaining to the work of the state free employment bureau in the collection of labor statistics and in keeping the books and accounts of such bureau as the director of employment and security may require, and shall report monthly all business transacted by such offices to him.

No person shall be appointed as a local manager or other employee of the state free employment office who is not possessed of such knowledge as the board of examiners may deem necessary for the proper fulfillment of the duties of such position.

[1913 c. 518 ss. 3, 9] (4048, 4249)

268.03 **DECLARATION OF PUBLIC POLICY.** As a guide to the interpretation and application of sections 268.03 to 268.24, the public policy of this state is declared to be as follows: Economic insecurity due to unemployment is a serious menace to the health, morals, and welfare of the people of this state. Involuntary unemployment is therefore a subject of general interest and concern which requires appropriate action by the legislature to prevent its spread and to lighten its burdens. This can be provided by encouraging employers to provide more stable employment and by the systematic accumulation of funds during periods of employment to provide benefits for periods of unemployment, thus maintaining purchasing power and limiting the serious social consequences of poor relief assistance. The legislature, therefor, declares that in its considered judgment the public good and the general welfare of the citizens of this state. will be promoted by providing, under the police powers of the state for the compulsory setting aside of unemployment reserves to be used for the benefit of persons unemployed through no fault of their own.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 1] (4337-21)

268.04 **DEFINITIONS.** Subdivision 1. Unless the language or context clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended, the following words, terms and phrases, for the purposes of sections 268.03 to 268.24, shall be given the meanings subjoined to them.

Subd. 2. "Base period" means the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of an individual's benefit year.

Subd. 3. "Benefits" means the money payments payable to an individual, as provided in sections 268.03 to 268.24, with respect to his unemployment.

Subd. 4. "Benefit year" with respect to any individual means the one year period beginning with the first day of the first week with respect to which the individual files a valid claim for benefits.

Subd. 5. "Calendar quarter" means the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, or December 31, excluding any calendar quarter or portion thereof which occurs prior to January 1, 1937, or the equivalent thereof, as the director may by regulation prescribe.

Subd. 6. "Contributions" means the money payments required by sections 268.03 to 268.24 to be made by any employing unit on account of having individuals in its employ.

Subd. 7. "Corporation" includes associations, joint-stock companies, and insurance companies. This definition shall not be exclusive.

Subd. 8. "Director" means the director of the division of employment and security.

Subd. 9. "Employing unit" means any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company, or corporation, whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor of any of the foregoing, or the legal representative of a deceased person, which has or subsequent to January 1, 1936, had in its employ one or more individuals performing services for it. All individuals performing services within this state for any employing unit which maintains two or more separate establishments within this state shall be deemed to be employed by a single employing unit for all the purposes of sections 268.03 to 268.24. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of these sections when any employing unit contracts with or has under it any contractor or subcontractor for any work which is part of its

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usual trade, occupation, profession, or business, unless the employing unit as well as each such contractor or subcontractor is an employer by reason of section 268.04, subdivision 10, or section 268.11, subdivision 3, the employing unit shall for all the purposes of sections 268.03 to 268.24 be deemed to employ each individual in the employ of such contractor or subcontractor for each day during which such individual is engaged in performing such work; except that each such contractor or subcontractor who is an employer by reason of section 268.04, subdivision 10, shall alone be liable for the employer's contributions measured by wages payable to individuals in his employ. Each individual employed to perform or assist in performing the work of any agent or individual employed by an employing unit shall be deemed to be employed by such employing unit for all the purposes of sections 268.03 to 268.24 whether such individual, provided the employing unit had actual or constructive knowledge of such work.

Subd. 10. "Employer" means: (1) Any employing unit which for some portion of a day but not necessarily simultaneously, in each of 20 different weeks, whether or not such weeks are or were consecutive within the year 1936 has or had in employment eight or more individuals (irrespective of whether the same individuals are or were employed in each such day) and, for any calendar year subsequent to 1936, an employing unit which, for some portion of a day, in each of 20 different weeks, whether or not such weeks are or were consecutive, and whether or not all of such weeks of employment are or were within the state within either the current or preceding calendar year, has or had in employment one or more individuals (irrespective of whether the same individual or individuals were employed in each such day);

(2) Any employing unit which acquired the organization, trade, or business or substantially all the assets thereof, of another which at the time of such acquisition was an employer subject to sections 268.03 to 268.24;

(3) Any employing unit which acquired the organization, trade, or business, or substantially all the assets thereof, of another employing unit, and which, if treated as a single unit with such other employing unit, would be an employer under clause (1) of this subdivision;

(4) Any employing unit which, together with one or more other employing units, is owned or controlled (by legally enforceable means or otherwise) directly or indirectly by the same interests, or which owns or controls one or more other employing units (by legally enforceable means or otherwise), and which, if treated as a single unit with such other employing units or interests or both, would be an employer under clause (1) of this subdivision;

(5) Any employing unit which, having become an employer under clauses (1), (2), (3), or (4), has not, under section 268.11, ceased to be an employer subject to these sections;

(6) For the effective period of its election pursuant to section 268.11, subdivision 3, any other employing unit which has elected to become fully subject to sections 268.03 to 268.24; or

(7) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24, any employing unit not an employer by reason of any other clause of this subdivision for which service is performed with respect to which such employing unit is liable for any federal tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment compensation fund.

Subd. 11. "Employee" means every individual, whether male, female, citizen, alien, or minor, who is performing, or subsequent to January 1, 1936, has performed services in insured work.

Subd. 12. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this subdivision "employment" means service performed prior to January 1, 1945, which was employment as defined in this section prior to such date, and any service performed after December 31, 1944, including service in interstate commerce, by any individual who is a servant under the law of master and servant or who performs services for any employing unit, unless such services are performed by such individual in pursuit of his independently established business or is in fact an independent contractor. The services performed by officers of corporations are included as employment under sections 268.03 to 268.24.

(2) The term "employment" shall include an individual's entire service, performed within or both within and without this state if (a) the service is localized

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in this state; or (b) the service is not localized in any state but some of the service is performed in this state and (1) the base of operations, or, if there is no base of operations, then the place from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this state; (2) the base of operations or place from which such service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the individual's residence is in this state.

(3) Service shall be deemed to be localized within a state if (a) the service is performed entirely within such state; or (b) the service is performed both within and without such state, but the service performed without such state is incidental to the individual's service within the state, for example, is temporary or transitory in nature or consists of isolated transactions.

(4) (a) Service covered by an election pursuant to section 268.11, subdivision 3; and

(b) Service covered by an arrangement pursuant to section 268.13 between the director and the agency charged with the administration of any other state or federal employment and security law, pursuant to which all service performed by an individual for an employing unit is deemed to be performed entirely within this state, shall be deemed to be employment if the director has approved an election of the employing unit for which such service is performed, pursuant to which the entire service of such individual during the period covered by such election is deemed to be employment.

Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24, the term "employment" shall include any services which are performed by an individual with respect to which an employing unit is liable for any federal tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment compensation fund.

(6) The term "employment" shall not include:

(a) Agricultural labor. The term "agricultural labor" includes all services performed subsequent to December 31, 1939:

(1) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising, harvesting or threshing any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training and management of livestock, bees, poultry, fur-bearing animals and wildlife.

(2) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane or fire, if the major part of such service is performed on a farm.

(3) In connection with the production or harvesting of maple syrup or maple sugar or any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in section 15 (g) of the Agricultural Marketing Act, as amended, or in connection with the raising or harvesting of mushrooms, or in connection with the hatching of poultry, or in connection with the ginning of cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways used exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming purposes.

(4) In handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; but only if such service is performed as an incident to ordinary farming operations or, in the case of fruits and vegetables, as an incident to the preparation of such fruits or vegetables for market. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption.

As used in this subdivision, the term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animals, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses or other similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural commodities, and orchards.

(b) Domestic service in a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority;

(c) Casual labor not in the course of the employing unit's trade or business;
 (d) Service performed on the navigable waters of the United States as to which this state is prohibited by the Constitution and laws of the United States of America

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from requiring contributions of employers with respect to wages as provided in sections 268.03 to 268.24;

(e) Service performed by an individual in the employ of his son, daughter, or spouse, and service performed by a child under the age of 21 in the employ of his father or mother;

Service performed in the employ of the United States government, or any (f) instrumentality of the United States exempt under the Constitution of the United States from the contributions, imposed by sections 268.03 to 268.24, except that with respect to such service performed subsequent to December 31, 1939, and to the extent that the Congress of the United States shall permit states to require any instrumentalities of the United States to make payments into an unemployment compensation fund under a state unemployment compensation act; then, to the extent permitted by Congress, and from and after the date as of which such permission becomes effective, all of the provisions of these sections shall be applicable to such instrumentalities and to services performed for such instrumentalities in the same manner, to the same extent, and on the same terms as to all other employers, employing units, individuals, and services; provided, that if this state shall not -be certified for any year by the Social Security Board under section 1603 (c) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code, the payments required of such instrumentalities with respect to such years shall be refunded by the director from the fund in the same manner and within the same period as is provided in section 268.16, subdivision 6, with respect to contributions erroneously collected;

(g) Service performed in the employ of this state, or of any other state, or of any political subdivision thereof, or of any instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing which is wholly owned by this state or by one or more states or political subdivisions, and any service performed in the employ of any instrumentality of this state or of one or more states or political subdivisions to the extent that the instrumentality is, with respect to such service immune under the Constitution of the United States from the tax imposed by section 1600 of the federal internal revenue code;

(h) Service with respect to which unemployment compensation is payable under an unemployment compensation system established by an act of congress;

(i) Service performed in any calendar quarter subsequent to December 31, 1940, in the employ of any organization exempt under section 1607 (c) (10) of the federal internal revenue code from the tax imposed by section 1600 of the federal internal revenue code;

(j) Service performed in the employ of a foreign government (including service as a consular or other officer or employee or a non-diplomatic representative);

(k) Service performed in the employ of an instrumentality wholly owned by a foreign government, if

(1) The service is of a character similar to that performed in foreign countries by employees of the United States government or of an instrumentality thereof; and

(2) The director finds that the United States secretary of state has certified to the United States secretary of the treasury that the foreign government, with respect to whose instrumentality exemption is claimed, grants an equivalent exemption with respect to similar service performed in the foreign country by employees of the United States government and of instrumentalities thereof;

(1) Service covered by an arrangement between the director and the agency charged with the administration of any other state or federal employment and security law pursuant to which all services performed by an individual for an employing unit during the period covered by such employing unit's duly approved election, are deemed to be performed entirely within such agency's state;

(m) Services performed in the employ of a corporation, community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation;

(n) Service performed subsequent to December 31, 1940, as a student nurse in the employ of a hospital or a nurses' training school by an individual who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes in a nurses' training school chartered or approved pursuant to state law; and service performed as an interne in the employ of a hospital by an individual who has completed a four years' course in a medical school chartered and approved pursuant to state law;

(o) Service performed subsequent to December 31, 1940, by an individual for a person as an insurance agent or as an insurance solicitor, if all such service performed by such individual for such person is performed for remuneration solely by way of commission (the word "insurance" as used in this subdivision shall include an annuity and an optional annuity);

(p) Service performed by an individual under the age of 18 in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or shopping news, not including delivery or distribution to any point for subsequent delivery or distribution;

(q) Service performed in the employ of any farmers' cooperative association dealing primarily with agricultural or dairy products or farmers' mutual insurance company, not subject to the tax imposed by section 1600 of the federal internal revenue code;

(r) Service performed subsequent to December 31, 1939, without wages by an officer of a corporation which is not subject to the tax imposed by section 1600 of the federal internal revenue code;

(s) Service performed subsequent to December 31, 1939, outside the corporate limits of a city, village, or borough of 10,000 population or more, as determined by the most recent United States census, for an employer who is not subject to the tax imposed by section 1600 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code with respect to employment during either the current or preceding calendar year; provided the services of all of such employer's employees are performed outside such corporate limits. For the purpose of this provision, service shall be deemed to be performed outside such corporate limits if

(1) Performed entirely outside such corporate limits; or

(2) Performed both outside and within such corporate limits, if the service performed within such corporate limits is incidental to the individual's service outside such corporate limits and is temporary or transitory in nature or consists of isolated transactions;

(t) If the service performed subsequent to December 31, 1940, during one-half or more of any pay period by an individual for the person employing him constitutes employment, all the service of such individual for such period shall be deemed to be employment; but if the service performed during more than one-half of any such pay period by an individual for the person employing him does not constitute employment, then none of the service of such individual for such period shall be deemed to be employment. As used in this subdivision, the term "pay period" means a period (of not more than 31 consecutive days) for which a payment of remuneration is ordinarily made to the individual by the person employing him. This subdivision shall not be applicable with respect to service performed in a pay period by an individual for the person employing him, where any of such service is excluded by section 268.04, subdivision 12, clause (6) (h) and (s).

The specific exclusions mentioned in subdivision 12, clause (6) of this section shall not be exclusive.

Subd. 13. "Employment and Security Administration Fund" means the employment and security administration fund established by sections 268.03 to 268.24, from which administrative expenses under these sections shall be paid.

Subd. 14. "Employment office" means a free public employment office, or branch thereof, operated by this or any other state, territory, or the District of Columbia as a part of a state-controlled system of public employment offices charged with the administration of an employment and security program or free public employment offices.

Subd. 15. "Filing" means the delivery of any document to the director or any of his agents or representatives, or the depositing of the same in the United States mail properly addressed to the division with postage prepaid thereon, in which case the same shall have been filed on the day indicated by the cancellation mark of the United States post office department.

Subd. 16. "Fund" means the unemployment compensation fund established by sections 268.03 to 268.24.

Subd. 17. "Insured work" means employment for employers as defined in this section.

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Subd. 18. "Interested party," as used in sections 268.03 to 268.24, shall include the claimant, his base period employers, and his most recent employer prior to the filing of a valid claim for benefits.

Subd. 19. "Person" means an individual, trust or estate, a partnership or a corporation.

Subd. 20. "Social Security Act" means the social security act passed by the Congress of the United States of America, approved August 14, 1935, as amended.

. Subd. 21. "Social Security Board" means the board established pursuant to Title VII of the Social Security Act.

Subd. 22. "State" includes, in addition to the states of the United States of America, Alaska, Hawaii, and the District of Columbia.

Subd. 23. "Unemployment"—An individual shall be deemed "unemployed" in any week during which he performs no service and with respect to which no wages are payable to him, or in any week of less than full time work if the wages payable to him with respect to such week are less than his weekly benefit amount. The director may, in his discretion, prescribe regulations relating to the payment of benefits to such unemployed individuals.

Subd. 24. "Valid claim" with respect to any individual means a claim filed by an individual who has registered for work and who has earned wage credits during his base period sufficient to entitle him to benefits under section 268.07, subdivision 2.

Subd. 25. "Wages" means all remuneration for services, employment, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of all remuneration in any medium other than cash, except that such term shall not include:

(1) For the purpose of determining contributions payable under section 268.06, subdivision 2, clause (2) that part of the remuneration which, after remuneration equal to \$3,000 has been paid to an individual by an employer with respect to employment in this state or any other state during any calendar year subsequent to December 31, 1944, is paid to such individual by such employer with respect to employment during such calendar year;

(2)The amount of any payment made to, or on behalf of, an employee under a plan or system established by an employer which makes provision for his employees generally or for a class or classes of his employees (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment), on account of (a) retirement, or (b) sickness or accident disability, or (c) medical and hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, or (d) death, provided the employee (i) has not the option to receive. instead of provision for such death benefit, any part of such payment, or if such death benefit is insured, any part of the premium (or contributions to premiums) paid by his employer and (ii) has not the right, under the provisions of the plan or system or policy of insurance providing for such death benefit, to assign such benefit, or to receive a cash consideration in lieu of such benefit either upon his withdrawal from the plan or system providing for such benefit or upon termination of such plan or system or policy of insurance or of his employment with such employer:

(3) The payment by an employer (without deduction from the remuneration of the employee (a) of the tax imposed upon an employee under section 1400 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code, or (b) of any payment required from an employee under a state unemployment compensation law; or

(4) Dismissal payments which the employer is not legally required to make:

(5) Any payments made to a former employee during the period of active military service in the armed forces of the United States by such employer, which are not legally required.

Subd. 26. "Wage credits" mean the amount of wages paid and wages due but not paid by or from an employer to an employee for insured work except that with respect to wages paid by or due from an employer to an employee for seasonal employment (as defined in section 268.07, subdivision 5), "wage credits" shall mean the proportion (computed to the next highest multiple of five per cent) of such wages which the customary period of operations bears to a calendar year, except that wage credits shall not include wages paid by an employer for part time employment, who continues to give the employee part time employment substantially equal to the part time employment previously furnished such employee by such employer. Subd. 27. "Week" means calendar week, ending at midnight Saturday, or the equivalent thereof, as determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the director.

Subd. 28. "Weekly benefit amount" with respect to any particular week of total unemployment means the amount of benefits computed in accordance with the provisions of section 268.07, which an individual would be entitled to receive for such week, if totally unemployed and eligible.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 2; 1937 c. 43 s. 1; 1937 c. 306; 1939 c. 443 s. 1; 1941 c. 554 s. 1; 1943 c. 650 s. 1; 1945 c. 376 s. 1] (4337-22)

268.05 UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND. Subdivision 1. Establishment; how constituted. There is hereby established as a special fund, separate and apart from all public moneys or funds of this state, an unemployment compensation fund, which shall be administered by the director exclusively for the purpose of sections 268.03 to 268.24. This fund shall consist of:

(1) All contributions collected under those sections;

(2) Interest earned upon any moneys in the fund;

(3) Any property or securities acquired through the use of moneys belonging to the fund;

(4) All earnings of such property or securities; and

(5) Any moneys received from the Federal Unemployment Account in the unemployment trust fund in accordance with Title XII of the Social Security Act, as amended.

All moneys in the fund shall be mingled and undivided.

Subd. 2. State treasurer to be custodian; separate accounts; bonds. The state treasurer shall be ex-officio the treasurer and custodian of the fund. He shall administer the fund in accordance with the directions of the director, and issue his warrants upon it in accordance with such regulations as the director shall prescribe. He shall maintain within the fund three separate accounts:

(1) A clearing account;

(2) An unemployment trust fund account; and

(3) A benefit account.

All moneys payable to the fund, upon receipt thereof by the director, shall be forwarded to the treasurer who shall immediately deposit them in the clearing account. All moneys in the clearing account, after clearance thereof, shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be immediately deposited with the secretary of the treasury of the United States to the credit of the account of this state in the unemployment trust fund established and maintained pursuant to section 904 of the Social Security Act, as amended, any provisions of law in this state relating to the deposit, administration, release, or disbursement of moneys in the possession or custody of this state to the contrary notwithstanding. Refunds payable pursuant to section 268.16, subdivision 6, and section 268.04, subdivision 12, clause (6) (f), may be paid from the clearing account or the benefit account. The benefit account shall consist of all moneys requisitioned from this state's account in the unemployment trust fund in the United States Treasury. Except as herein otherwise provided, moneys in the clearing and benefit accounts may be deposited by the treasurer, under the direction of the director, in any depository bank in which general funds of the state may be deposited, but no public deposit insurance charge or premium shall be paid out of the fund. Moneys in the clearing and benefit accounts shall not be commingled with other state funds, but shall be maintained in separate accounts on the books of the depository bank. Such money shall be secured by the depository bank to the same extent and in the same manner as required by the general depository law of this state; and collateral pledged for this purpose shall be kept separate and distinct from any collateral pledged to secure other funds of the state. The treasurer shall give a separate bond conditioned upon the faithful performance of his duties with respect to the fund in an amount not less than \$25,000. The bond shall be approved by the attorney general. Premiums for this bond shall be paid from the administration fund. All sums recovered for losses sustained by the fund shall be deposited therein.

Subd. 3. Withdrawals. (1) Moneys requisitioned from this state's account in the unemployment trust fund shall be used exclusively for the payment of benefits and for refunds pursuant to sections 268.16, subdivision 6, and 268.04, subdivision 12, clause (6) (f). The director, or his duly authorized agent for that purpose, shall

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from time to time requisition from the unemployment trust fund such accounts, not exceeding the amount standing to this state's account therein, as he deems necessary for the payment of such benefits and refunds for a reasonable future period. Upon receipt thereof the treasurer shall deposit such moneys in the benefit account and issue his warrants for the payment of benefits solely from such benefit account. Expenditures of such moneys in the benefit account and refunds from the clearing account shall not be subject to any provisions of law requiring specific appropriations or other formal release by state officers of money in their custody. All warrants issued by the treasurer for the payment of benefits and refunds shall bear the signature of the treasurer and the counter signature of the director or his duly authorized agent for that purpose;

(2) Any balance of moneys requisitioned from the unemployment trust fund which remains unclaimed or unpaid in the benefit account after the expiration of the period for which such sums were requisitioned shall either be deducted from estimates for, and may be utilized for the payment of, benefits and refunds during succeeding periods or, in the discretion of the director, shall be redeposited with the secretary of the treasury of the United States, to the credit of this state's account in the unemployment trust fund, as provided in subdivision 2 of this section.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 3; 1937 c. 452 s. 1; 1939 c. 443 s. 2; 1941 c. 554 s. 2; 1945 c. 376 s. 2] (4337-23)

268.06 CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYERS. Subdivision 1. Payments. (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to sections 268.03 to 268.24 with respect to wages (as defined in section 268.04, subdivision 25) for employment. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the division of employment and security for the fund in accordance with such regulations as the director may prescribe, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the wages of individuals in such employer's employ. No rule of the director shall be put in force which will permit the payment of such contributions at a time or under conditions which will not allow the employer to take credit for such contribution against the tax imposed by section 1600 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(2) In the payment of any contribution, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to one-half cent or more in which case it shall be increased to one cent.

Subd. 2. Rate. (1) Each employer shall pay contributions equal to the following percentages of wages payable by him with respect to employment:

(a) Nine-tenths of one per cent with respect to employment occurring during the calendar year 1936;

(b) One and eight-tenths per cent with respect to employment occurring during the calendar year 1937;

(c) Two and seven-tenths per cent with respect to employment occurring during the calendar years 1938, 1939, 1940; and

(2) Each employer shall pay contributions equal to two and seven-tenths per cent of wages paid and wages overdue and delayed beyond the usual time of payment from him with respect to employment occurring during each calendar year subsequent to December 31, 1940, except as may be otherwise prescribed in subdivisions 3, 4, and 11 of this section, provided that contributions, payment of which has been deferred to May 31, 1941, with respect to employment occurring during the calendar year 1940 shall not become due from or payable by an employer not subject to the tax imposed by section 1600 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code.

Subd. 3. Determination of rate; beneficiary wages; ratio; schedules. (1) The director shall, for the years 1941 and 1942, determine the contribution rate of each employer whose unemployment experience as an employer under sections 268.03 to 268.24 is equivalent to the minimum requirements of section 1602 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code for the purpose of obtaining additional credit thereunder with respect to any reduced rates of state contributions.

(2) "Beneficiary wages" for the purpose of this section, means wages paid or payable by an employer for employment to an employee during his base period, except that with respect to wages paid or payable by an employer to an employee during his base period for seasonal employment as defined in section 268.07, subdivision 5, "beneficiary wages" shall mean the proportion of wages, paid or payable by an employer to an employee for seasonal employment during his base period which is allowed to the employee as wage credits in accordance with section 268.04, subdivision 26. "Beneficiary wages" as defined in this subdivision shall be charged in the year in which benefits are first paid or payable pursuant to a claim for benefits.

(3) (a) The "beneficiary wage ratio" of each employer for the year 1941 shall be a percentage equal to the total of his beneficiary wages for the three immediately preceding completed calendar years divided by his total taxable payroll for the same three years on which all contributions due have been paid to the director for the fund on or before January 31, 1941.

(b) The "beneficiary wage ratio" of each employer for the year 1942 shall be a percentage equal to the total of his beneficiary wages for the thirty-six (36) consecutive calendar month period ending on June 30, 1941, divided by his total taxable payroll for the same period on which all contributions due have been paid to the division on or before July 31, 1941.

Subd. 4. Rates; schedules. The director shall for the year 1943 and for each calendar year thereafter determine the contribution rate of each employer whose unemployment experience as an employer under these sections is equivalent to the minimum requirements of section 1602 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code for the purpose of obtaining additional credit thereunder with respect to any reduced rates of state contributions.

Subd. 5. Notifications. Benefits paid to an individual pursuant to a valid claim filed subsequent to June 30, 1941, shall be charged against the account of his employer as and when paid. The amount of benefits so chargeable against each base period employer's account shall bear the same ratio to the total benefits paid to an individual as the base period wage credits of the individual earned from such employer bear to the total amount of base period wage credits of the individual earned from such employer all his base period employers. In making computations under this provision, the amount of wage credits if not a multiple of \$1.00, shall be computed to the nearest multiple of \$1.00.

Subd. 6. Separate account for each employer. The director shall, for the calendar year 1943, and for each calendar year thereafter, compute an experience ratio for each employer. Such experience ratio shall be the quotient obtained by dividing the total benefits chargeable to his account which were paid during the 36-month period ending on June 30 of the preceding calendar year divided by his total taxable payroll for the same three years on which all contributions due have been paid to the division of employment and security on or before July 31 of the preceding calendar year. Such experience ratio shall be computed to the fifth decimal point.

Subd. 7. Single employing unit. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24, whenever any portion of the experience period ends prior to July 1, 1941, one-fourth of the beneficiary wages resulting shall be deemed to constitute benefits chargeable, and the resulting quotient shall be used in computing the employer experience ratio.

Subd. 8. Adjustments. The director shall, for the year 1943, and for each calendar year thereafter, determine a schedule of rates varying from and including the "standard rate" which shall be the highest rate applicable under the schedule. The position of such rates with respect to the standard rate shall be determined on the basis of the ratio of the total assets of the fund as of July 31, of the preceding calendar year, excluding contributions not yet paid on July 31, of such calendar year, to the average (one-third) of the total amount of benefits paid during the three-year period ending June 30 of the year immediately preceding, in accordance with the following schedule and as herein further provided.

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(A) Fund 3.5 or more times average annual benefits 10	(B) Fund 3 to 3.5 times average annual benefits 11	(C) Fund 2.5 to 3.0 times average annual benefits 13	(D) Fund 2.0 to 2.5 times average annual benefits 15	(E) Fund below 2 times average annual benefits 12
categories	categories	categories	categories	categories
	•••••		·	3.25
				3.25
		•		3.25
•••••	•••••	•••••	2 05	3.25
•••••	• •••••		3.25	
	•••••		3.25	3.25
		3.25	3.25	3.25
		3.25	3.25	3.25
•••••				
•••••	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
•				
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	 0 E0
2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	
				•••••
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	•••••
1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	سر
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	•••••
.75	.75	.75	.75	
				•••••• •
.50	.50	.50	.50	•••••
~				

Subd. 9. Duties. The director shall, after having determined the schedule of rates for the current calendar year

(1) divide equally into the number of categories indicated in subdivision 8 of this section, the sum of the preceding year's payroll of all employers eligible for experience rating under the provisions of subdivision 4 of this section;

(2) assign a contribution rate to each payroll category in accordance with the schedule of rates for the current calendar year and classify employers in accordance with their experience ratios, commencing with the lowest ratio;

(3) allocate the payrolls of employers eligible for experience rating under this section for the preceding year into separate categories in the order of their experience ratios as classified, commencing with the lowest ratio and the payroll category having the lowest contribution rate. When an employer's payroll falls within two payroll categories, the entire payroll shall be allocated to the payroll category into which more than 50 per cent of his payroll falls; in case 50 per cent of an employer's payroll falls within each of two categories, his total payroll shall be allocated to the category having the lower rate.

If, subsequent to the date on which the director allocated the payrolls of all employers into categories in the order of their experience ratio pursuant to section 268.06, any circumstance requires the recomputation of any employer's experience ratio, such recomputation shall not alter the category of any other employer, but the employer whose experience ratio has been recomputed shall be placed, for the purpose of subdivision 8, in that category to which he is entitled by such recomputation.

Subd. 10. **Rate applicable to payroll.** Each employer's contribution rate for the year 1943 and for each year thereafter shall be the rate applicable to the payroll category to which his payroll has been allocated, except if payrolls of employers having a zero experience ratio exceed the amount allocated to the lowest contribution rate, then all of such payrolls shall be assigned the lowest rate available under the schedule.

Subd. 11. War risk contribution. Any employer who subsequent to December 31, 1940, has become or becomes subject to Chapter 23 AA, Mason's Minnesota Statutes, 1940 Supplement, as amended by Laws 1941, Chapter 554, and as amended by sections 268.03 to 268.24, shall in addition to his normal contributions pay war risk contributions on that part of his payroll in excess of \$50,000, for any calendar quarter within the period beginning January 1, `1945, and ending June 30, 1947, or the termination of the war, whichever is earlier, and any other employer whose total current payroll, as defined in this subdivision, for any calendar quarter within such period exceeds \$50,000, which has increased 100 per cent or more over and above

his normal payroll for the corresponding calendar quarter in 1940, shall in addition to his normal contributions pay war risk contributions on that part of his current payroll over and above 200 per cent of his normal payroll, or \$50,000, whichever is greater, for any calendar quarter within the period beginning January 1, 1945, and ending June 30, 1947, or the termination of the war, whichever is earlier.

Subd. 12. Normal contributions. As used in these subdivisions, "normal contributions" mean the contributions computed at a percentage rate on an employer's current payroll which he is required to pay under subdivisions 2, 3, or 4 of this section.

Subd. 13. War risk contributions. "War risk contributions" mean the additional contributions required under this section at a rate equal to 3 per cent.

Subd. 14. Normal payroll. "Normal payroll" means an employer's payroll for any calendar quarter in the year 1940 with respect to wages paid for insured work which corresponds to the same calendar quarter in any year within the period beginning January 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1947, or the termination of the war, whichever is earlier. The term "normal payroll" shall include the payroll of any organization, trade, or business of another employing unit acquired by the employer by purchase, consolidation, merger, liquidation, or other form of reorganization.

Subd. 15. **Current payroll.** "Current payroll" means any current quarterly payroll with respect to wages paid for insured work in any year within the period beginning January 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1947, or the termination of the war, whichever is earlier.

Subd. 16. Determining factors. The total current payrolls and total benefits paid to unemployed workers of any employer who is required to pay war risk contributions shall be included as factors in determining such employer's normal contribution rate for the calendar year 1943 and thereafter in the same manner as other employers' contribution rates are determined; except that benefits paid subsequent to June 30, 1944, to unemployed workers of any employer who is required. to pay and has paid war risk contributions as provided for herein, shall not be included as a factor in determining such employers' future contribution rate until such benefits so paid shall equal the total amount of war risk contributions paid by such employer into the unemployment compensation fund, or until wage credits accrued to such employer's workers during the period for which war risk contributions were required of such employer are no longer available as a basis for payment of benefits, whichever event occurs first. Provided, however, that for the purposes of determining contribution rates under subdivisions 4 to 10 of this section. only such benefits as exceed the aggregate amount of such employer's war risk contributions shall be included as a factor in determining such employer's contribution rate.

Subd. 17. **Current payroll.** The current payroll of any employer who is required to pay war risk contributions under subdivisions 11 to 17 shall not be included as a factor in determining the contribution rate of any employer who is not required to pay war risk contributions for the calendar year 1943 and thereafter up to and including June 30, 1947, or to the next computation date of contribution rates after the termination of the present war, as declared by proper authority of the United States whichever is the earlier.

Subd. 18. Notice to employer. The director shall at least once each year notify each employer of the benefits as determined by the division which have been charged to his account subsequent to the last notice. Unless reviewed in the manner hereinafter provided, charges set forth in such notice, or as modified by a redetermination, a decision of a referee, or the director, shall be final and shall be used in determining the contribution rates for all years in which the charges occur within the employer's experience period and shall not be subject to collateral attack by way of review of a rate determination, application for adjustment or refund, or otherwise.

Subd. 19. Notice of rate. The director shall notify each employer of his rate of contributions as determined for any calendar year pursuant to this section. Such notice shall contain the contribution rate, the factors used in determining the individual employer's experience rating, and such other information as the director may prescribe. Unless reviewed in the manner hereinafter provided, the rate as determined or as modified by a redetermination, a decision of a referee, or the

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director shall be final except for fraud and shall be the rate upon which contributions shall be computed for the calendar year for which such rate was determined, and shall not be subject to collateral attack for any errors, clerical or otherwise, whether by way of claim for adjustment or refund, or otherwise.

Subd. 20. Redetermination of rate. The director may in his discretion within six months from the date of mailing such notice order a redetermination or review of any benefit charge or rate of determination. Any employer desiring to obtain a review shall, within 30 days from the date appearing on the notice of the determination to be reviewed, file with the director a protest setting forth the reasons therefor. Upon receipt of such protest the director may redetermine the matter or refer the matter for hearing before a referee appointed by him for that purpose. In the event of a redetermination, a notice thereof shall be mailed to the employer. If within ten days from the date of the redetermination an employer files an appeal. the matter shall be referred to a referee for hearing. After affording the parties reasonable opportunity for a fair hearing, the referee shall affirm, modify, or set aside the determination. The referee may order the consolidation of two or more appeals whenever, in his judgment, such consolidation will not be prejudicial to any interested party. At any such hearing a written report of any employee of the division which has been authenticated shall be admissible in evidence. Appeals from the decision of the referee shall be made in the same manner as appeals from the decision of an appeal tribunal. Decisions of the director made upon appeal from a decision of the referee shall be reviewed by the supreme court upon certiorari in accordance with the procedure outlined therefor with respect to benefit decisions.

Subd. 21. Separate account. The director shall maintain a separate account for each employer, and shall credit his account with all the contributions paid by him. Nothing in sections 268.03 to 268.24 shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by the employer into the fund.

Subd. 22. Merger. For the purposes of this section, two or more employing units which are parties to or the subject of a merger, consolidation or other form of reorganization effecting a change in legal identity or form, shall be deemed to be a single employing unit if the director finds that

(1) Immediately after such change the employing enterprises of the predecessor employing unit or units are continued solely through a single employing unit as successor thereto; and

(2) Immediately after such change such successor is owned or controlled by substantially the same interests as the predecessor employing unit or units; and

(3) The consolidation of such two or more employing units as a single employing unit for the purposes of this subdivision would not be inequitable.

(4) The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to acquisitions prior to as well as subsequent to the effective date of Laws 1941, Chapter 554, for the purpose of computing contributions due for the year 1941 and subsequent years.

Provided that in no event shall a successor be assigned a rate of less than 2.7 per cent until such time as all of the unpaid contributions of the predecessor have been paid.

Subd. 23. **Petition for adjustment.** Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24, or prior acts or regulations, if prior to September 1, 1945, an employer filed a claim for adjustment in which he alleges:

That his account has been charged for beneficiary wages or benefits where such claimant discontinued his employment voluntarily without good cause attributable to his employer, or was discharged for misconduct connected with his work or for misconduct which interferes with and adversely affects his employment, or whose separation was because of his illness, or is separated from her employment because of pregnancy or voluntarily discontinues her employment for the purpose of visiting or living with her husband, or assuming the duties of a housewife, or such claimant's unemployment was due to a labor dispute, and the director determines that charges have been made because of such separations, the amount so charged shall be canceled from such employer's account.

Provided that any cancelation made under this subdivision shall be used in the determination of the contribution rate provided in this section only for the year 1945 and subsequent years.

Provided further, that in the event the Social Security Board shall determine that this subdivision is not in conformity with the various provisions of the Federal Internal Revenue Code or the Social Security Act, then this subdivision shall have no force or effect.

Subd. 24. **Reassignment.** Any employer who has been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subdivision 4 of this section may, for the calendar year 1945 or any calendar year thereafter, obtain a cancelation of all benefits charged to his account during the 36 consecutive month period ending June 30 of the preceding year by making a voluntary contribution to the unemployment compensation fund in an amount equal to all the benefits charged during such period, provided all benefits so charged are less than \$300.

Upon the payment of such voluntary contribution within the period provided for requesting a review and redetermination of employers' rates prescribed in this section, the director shall cancel the benefits so charged and assign to such employer the minimum contribution rate available for such year; provided, the period for making voluntary contributions hereunder for the calendar year 1945 shall extend to September 1, 1945. Provided further that in the event the Social Security Board shall determine that this subdivision is not in conformity with the various provisions of the Federal Internal Revenue Code or the Social Security Act, then this subdivision shall have no force or effect.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 4; 1937 c. 306 s. 2; 1939 c. 443 s. 3; 1941 c. 554 s. 3; 1943 c. 650 s. 2; 1945 c. 376 s. 3] (4337-24)

268.07 BENEFITS PAYABLE; TIME PAYABLE. Subdivision 1. **Paid from the fund.** All benefits provided herein shall be payable from the fund and shall be paid through employment offices, in accordance with such regulations as the director may prescribe.

Subd. 2. Maximum amounts. (1) An individual's maximum amount of benefits payable during his benefit year and weekly benefit amount shall be the amounts appearing in column B and C respectively in the table in this subdivision on the line on which in Column A of such table there appear the total wage credits accruing in his base period for insured work.

A Wage Credits in Base-Period	B Total Maximum Amount of Benefits Payable	C Benefit Amount
	During a Benefit Year	
Under \$200	 None 	None
\$ 200 - \$ 224.99	\$ 84.00	\$ 7.00
225 - 249.99	96.00	8.00
250 - 299.99	117.00	9.00
300 - 349.99	126.00	9.00
350 - 449.99	150.00	10.00
450 - 549.99	180.00	10.00
550 - 649.99	198.00	11.00
650 - 749.99	216.00	12.00
750 - 849.99	234.00	13.00
850 - 949.99	252.00	14.00
950 - ´1,049.99	266.00	14.00
1,050 - 1,149.99	285.00	15.00
1,150 - 1,249.99	` 304.00	16.00
1,250 - 1,349.99	323.00	17.00
1,350 - 1,499.99	360.00	18.00
1,500 - 1,749.99	380.00	19.00
1,750 and over	400.00	20.00

(2) Each eligible individual who is unemployed in any week shall be paid with respect to such week a benefit in an amount equal to his weekly benefit amount less that part of his earnings, payable to him with respect to such week which is \cdot in excess of \$3.00. Such benefit, if not a multiple of \$1.00, shall be computed to the next higher multiple of \$1.00.

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(3) Subd. 3.' Wage Credits. (1) The wage credits of an individual earned in employment with base period employers during the period commencing with the end of the base period and ending on the date on which he filed a valid claim shall not be available for benefit purposes in a subsequent benefit year unless, in addition thereto, such individual has earned wage credits in any part of the third and fourth quarters of the base period upon which the benefits for such subsequent benefit year are based in an amount equivalent to at least four times his current weekly benefit amount.

(2) An employer's experience rating account shall not be charged with benefits paid to any individual based upon wage credits earned by such individual within the period commencing with the end of his previous base period and ending with the date of filing of a valid claim, in excess of the difference between the amount actually paid as benefits to such individual during his next preceding benefit year and the maximum amount allowed him under the benefit schedule during such benefit year, provided:

(a) he was the employer from whom 90 per cent or more of the wage credits were earned by such individual in his next preceding base period; and

(b) his experience rating account has been charged with an amount not properly chargeable under clause (2) of this subdivision.

Subd. 4. **Obtained by fraud.** Any person who, by reason of his fraud has received any sum as benefits under sections 268.03 to 268.24 to which he was not entitled, after a fair hearing, and in the discretion of the director, shall be liable to repay such sum to the division of employment and security for the fund or to have such sum deducted from any future benefits payable to him under these sections.

Subd. 5. Seasonal employment. (1) "Seasonal employment" means employment in any industry or any establishment or class of occupation in any industry which is engaged in activities relating to the first processing of seasonally produced agricultural products in which, because of the seasonal nature thereof, it is customary to operate only during a regularly recurring period or periods of less than 26 weeks in any calendar year. The director shall, after investigation and hearing, determine and may thereafter from time to time redetermine such customary period or periods of seasonal operations. Until the effective date of such determination by the director, no employment shall be deemed seasonal.

(2) Any employer who contends that employment in his industry or any establishment or occupation in such industry is seasonal shall file with the director a written application for a hearing and determination of such matter. Upon receipt of such application, the director shall fix a time and place for such hearing and shall give the employer written notice thereof of not less than 15 days prior to the time of such hearing. Within three days after receipt of such notice, the employer shall post in a conspicuous place in each department of each establishment of his industry, with respect to which such application was made, a written notice setting forth the time and place of such hearing and shall cause such notice to be published in the first next issue of the legal newspaper published nearest such place of business and shall furnish to the director proof of such posting and publication.

(3) In order to insure the prompt disposition of all applications for seasonality determination, the director shall designate one or more representatives, herein referred to as referees, to conduct hearings thereon, at which hearings the employer and his employees shall be entitled to appear, introduce evidence, and be heard in person, by counsel, or by any other representative of their own selection. After having heard the matter, the referee shall promptly make findings of fact and render a decision thereon. Notice of such decision, together with a copy of the findings of fact and the decision, shall be promptly given to the parties to the hearing, and unless the employer or any other party to such matter, within ten calendar days after the delivery of such notice or within 12 calendar days after such notice was mailed to his last known address, files an appeal with the director from such decision, such decision shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith.

(4) The director may on his own motion cause an investigation of any industry or class of occupation in any industry which he believes to be seasonal in nature and, after a hearing on such matter, the referee may make findings of fact and render his decision thereon based upon the facts disclosed by such investigation and hearing. (5) Any employer, employee, or other party to the hearing may appeal from the decision of the referee in the same manner as appeals are provided for in sections 268.03 to 268.24 relative to decisions made by an appeal tribunal in regard to claims for benefits thereunder.

Subd. 6. Military trainees. (1) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24, the benefit rights of military trainees shall be determined in accordance with the following provisions of this subdivision for the periods and with respect to the matters specified therein. Except as herein otherwise provided, all other provisions of these sections shall continue to be applicable in connection with such benefits.

(2) The term "military service," as used in this subdivision, means active service in the land or naval forces of the United States, but the service of an individual in any reserve component of the land or naval forces of the United States who is ordered to active duty in any such force for a period of 30 days or less shall not be deemed to be active service in such force during such period.

(3) The term "military trainee," as used in this subdivision, means an individual who entered military service after March 31, 1940, who continued such service for not less than 90 consecutive days, and whose military service was terminated on or before July 1, 1945.

(4) With respect to any military trainee, the first benefit year following the termination of his military service shall be the one-year period beginning on the first day of the first week next following the date of such termination.

(5) With respect to a benefit year, as defined in clause (4) of this subdivision, the base period of a military trainee shall be the four completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the date of his entry into such service.

(6) The provisions of section 268.08, subdivision 1, clause (4) with respect to waiting period shall not be applicable to a benefit year as defined in clause (4) of this subdivision.

(7) An otherwise eligible military trainee shall be entitled, during the benefit year, as defined in clause (4) of this subdivision, to a weekly benefit amount and a maximum total amount of benefits payable during a benefit year in accordance with the provisions contained in subdivision 2 of this section.

(8) No military trainee shall be deemed eligible for benefits under sections 268.03 to 268.24 unless he has applied for and been denied reinstatement in his former employment, or such employment is not available.

(9) The provisions of section 268.09 shall not be applied to any military trainee after the termination of his military service by reason of any act or course of action on his part prior to the date of entry into such service.

(10) If, under an act of Congress, payments with respect to the unemployment of individuals who have completed a period of military service are payable by the United States, a trainee shall be disqualified for benefits with respect to any week beginning within a benefit year as defined in clause (4) of this subdivision until he has exhausted all his rights to such payments from the United States.

(11) Benefits paid pursuant to this subdivision subsequent to June 30, 1944, shall not be used as a factor in determining any employer's future contribution rate.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 5; 1937 c. 306 s. 3; 1939 c. 443 s. 4; 1941 c. 554 s. 4; 1943 c. 650 s. 3; 1945 c. 376 s. 4] (4337-25)

268.08 WHO ARE ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE BENEFITS. Subdivision 1. When. An individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week of unemployment only if the director finds that:

(1) He has registered for work at and thereafter has continued to report to an employment office, or agent of such office, in accordance with such regulations as the director may prescribe; except that the director may by regulation waive or alter either or both of the requirements of this clause as to types of cases or situations with respect to which he finds that compliance with such requirements would be oppressive or would be inconsistent with the purposes of sections 268.03 to 268.24;

(2) He has made a claim for benefits in accordance with such regulations as the director may prescribe;

(3) He was able to work and was available for work, provided that individual's weekly benefit amount shall be reduced one-fifth for each day such individual is unable to work or unavailable for work;

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(4) He has been unemployed for a waiting period of two weeks during which he is otherwise eligible for benefits under sections 268.03 to 268.24. No individual shall be required to serve a waiting period of more than two weeks within the one year period subsequent to filing a valid claim and commencing with the week within which such valid claim was filed. Such weeks of unemployment need not be consecutive.

Subd. 2. Not counted. No week shall be counted as a week of unemployment for the purposes of this section;

(1) Unless it occurs subsequent to the filing of a valid claim for benefits;

(2) Unless it occurs after benefits first could become payable to any individual under sections 268.03 to 268.24;

(3) With respect to which he is receiving, has received, or has filed a claim for unemployment compensation benefits under any other law of this state, or of any other state, or the federal government, including readjustment allowances under Title V, Servicemen's Readjustment Act, 1944; provided that if the appropriate agency of such other state or the federal government finally determines that he is not entitled to such benefits, this provision shall not apply.

Subd. 3. Not eligible. An individual shall not be eligible to receive benefits for any week with respect to which he is receiving, has received, or has filed a claim for remuneration in an amount equal to or in excess of his weekly benefit amount in the form of

(1) dismissal payment or wages in lieu of notice whether legally required or not; or

(2) vacation allowance; or

(3) compensation for loss of wages under the workmen's compensation law of this state or any other state or under a similar law of the United States, or under other insurance or fund established and paid for by the employer; or

(4) a primary insurance benefit under Title II of the Federal Social Security Act, as amended, or similar old age benefits under any act of Congress, or this state or any other state, or benefit payments from any fund, annuity, or insurance provided by or through the employer and to which the employer contributes 50 per cent or more of the total of the entire premiums or contributions to the fund.

Provided, that if such remuneration is less than the benefits which would otherwise be due under sections 268.03 to 268.24, he shall be entitled to receive for such week, if otherwise eligible, benefits reduced by the amount of such remuneration; provided, further, that if the appropriate agency of such other state or the federal government finally determines that he is not entitled to such benefits, this provision shall not apply.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 6; 1937 c. 43 s. 2; 1937 c. 306 s. 4; 1939 c. 443 s. 5; 1941 c. 554 s. 5; 1943 c. 650 s. 4; 1945 c. 376 s. 5] (4337-26)

268.09 DISQUALIFIED FROM BENEFITS. Subdivision 1. When disqualified. An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

(1) If such individual voluntarily and without good cause attributable to the employer discontinued his employment with such employer or was discharged for misconduct connected with his work or for misconduct which interferes with and adversely affects his employment, if so found by the director, for not less than three nor more than seven weeks of unemployment in addition to and following the waiting period.

This provision shall not apply to any individual who left his employment to accept work in an industry, occupation or activity in accordance with War Manpower policies of the United States or to accept work offering substantially better conditions of work or substantially higher wages or both, or whose separation from such employment was due to serious illness of such individual.

(2) If such individual is separated from her employment because of pregnancy or voluntarily discontinues her employment for the purpose of visiting or living with her husband, or assuming the duties of a housewife; provided that such disqualification shall be removed by subsequent employment in insured work for a period of not less than two weeks.

(3) Benefits paid to any individual whose separation occurs under any of the conditions of the foregoing clauses of this subdivision shall not be used as a factor in determining the future contribution rate of the employer from whose employment such individual so separated.

(4) If such individual's unemployment was caused by separation from employment pursuant to a rule of any employer of such individual whereby any female in the employ of any such employer shall be dismissed within a period of 90 days after acquiring a marital status or after such marital status first becomes known to the employer all wage credits earned in such employment shall be cancelled; provided, however, that:

(a) Such rule shall have been in effect and posted continuously in a conspicuous place in each establishment of the employer's place of business not less than six months immediately preceding the date on which such marital status was acquired; and

(b) Such individual's wages are not the only support of herself or the main support of an immediate member of her family;

(c) Such employer may re-employ such individual for a period not exceeding 90 days in any one year without invalidating the marital rule or without affecting any previous disqualification because of such rule; provided that such wage credits earned in such reemployment shall not also be cancelled because of such marital rule;

(d) During the present world war any employer may, by posting a notice in the same manner as provided in provision (a) of this clause, suspend the operation of such marital rule for a period of the duration and not exceeding six months following the cessation of hostilities in such war at which time such rule may be reinstated and will then become effective on any individual who has acquired a marital status during such period of suspension or was subject to dismissal under such rule at the time of suspension thereof.

(e) All the provisions of this clause relating to disqualification for separation due to a female's acquiring a marital status shall be suspended and have no force or effect for the period beginning July 1, 1945, and ending June 30, 1947.

(5) If the director finds that he has failed, without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work when so directed by the employment office, or the director or to accept suitable work when offered him, or to return to his customary self-employment (if any) when so directed by the director. Such disqualification shall continue for the week in which such refusal or failure occurred and for a period of three weeks of unemployment immediately following such refusal or failure.

(a) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the director shall consider the degree of risk involved to his health, safety, and morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his experience, his length of unemployment and prospects of securing local work in his customary occupation, and the distance of the available work from his residence.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24, no work shall be deemed suitable, and benefits shall not be denied thereunder to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:

(1) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute;

(2) If the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;

(3) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.

(6) If such individual has left or partially or totally lost his employment with an employer because of a strike or other labor dispute. Such disqualification shall prevail for each week during which such strike or other labor dispute is in progress at the establishment in which he is or was employed, except that this disqualification shall not act to deny any individual the right to benefits based on employment subsequent to his separation because of a strike or other labor dispute if such an individual has in writing notified the employer involved in such strike or other labor dispute of his resignation and acceptance of his resignation and acceptance of other bona fide employment and provided further that such resignation is accepted by all parties to the strike or other labor dispute so that such individual is not longer considered an employee of such employer. For the purpose of this section the term "labor dispute" shall have the same definition as provided in the Minnesota Labor Relations Act. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to

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deny benefits to any employee who becomes unemployed because of a lockout or by dismissal during the period of negotiation in any labor dispute and prior to the commencement of a strike.

(7) For the week with respect to which he knowingly and wilfully fails to disclose any remuneration received by him for services performed, for the purpose of obtaining benefits or a greater amount of benefits than he otherwise would have been paid, and for such additional weeks during his benefit year as the director may determine according to the circumstances in each case.

Subd. 2. **Disqualification.** Except with respect to subdivision 1, clause (2), any week of disqualification imposed under the provisions of this section shall be satisfied by wages earned in employment in an amount equal to the weekly benefit amount subsequent to the week in which the disqualifying separation occurred.

Subd. 3. When concurrent. Weeks of disqualification imposed under the provisions of this section shall be concurrent where two or more disqualifying periods overlap.

Subd. 4. **Defined.** A week of unemployment as used in this section shall mean a week during which such individual would be otherwise eligible for benefits.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 7; 1937 c. 401 s. 1; 1939 c. 443 s. 6; 1941 c. 554 s. 6; 1943 c. 650 s. 5; 1945 c. 376 s. 6] (4337-27)

268.10 CLAIMS FOR BENEFITS. Subdivision 1. How made. Claims for benefits shall be made in accordance with such regulations as the director may prescribe. Each employer shall post and maintain printed statements of such regulations in places readily accessible to individuals in his service and shall make available to each such individual at the time he becomes unemployed, a printed statement of such regulations. Such printed statements shall be supplied by the director to each employer without cost to him.

Subd. 2. Duty of designated deputy. A deputy, designated by the director, shall promptly examine the claims for benefits made pursuant to this section, and, on the basis of the facts found, shall determine whether or not such claims are valid, and if valid, the-weekly benefit amount payable, the maximum benefit amount payable during the benefit year, and the date the benefit year terminates. However, the director may in his discretion refer any disputed claims directly to the appeal tribunal for hearing and determination in accordance with the procedure outlined in subdivision 3 of this section and the effect and status of such determination in such a case shall be the same as though the matter had been determined upon an appeal to such appeal tribunal from a claims deputy's initial determination. Notice of any such determination, together with the reasons therefor, shall be promptly given the claimant and all other interested parties. Unless the claimant or such other interested party, parties, or employing unit or units within ten calendar days after the delivery of such notification, or within 12 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last known address, files an appeal from such decision, such decision shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith. If an appeal is filed, benefits may be paid on the uncontested portion of the claim; benefits on the contested portion of the claim, if any, shall be paid after the final determination of the appeal. Except in respect to cases arising under section 268.09, clause (6), if an appeal tribunal affirms an initial determination or the director affirms a decision of the appeal tribunal, allowing benefits, such benefits shall be paid regardless of any appeal which may thereafter be taken, but if such decision is finally reversed, such benefits so paid shall not be considered in determining any individual employer's future contribution rate under section 268.06.

Subd. 3. Hearing. Unless such appeal is withdrawn, the date for hearing before an appeal tribunal shall be set and notice of such hearing shall be mailed to the last known address of all interested parties at least ten days prior to the date set for such hearing. Such hearing shall be a trial de novo, and, upon the evidence presented, the appeal tribunal shall affirm, modify, or set aside the initial determination. The director may, by regulation, provide for the taking of evidence or for the admission of sworn statements in case any interested party is unable to be present at the hearing. The parties shall be duly notified of such tribunal's decision, together with its reason therefor, which shall be deemed to be the final decision unless within ten days after the date of notification of such decision, further appeal is initiated pursuant to subdivision 5 of this section.

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Subd. 4. Appeal tribunals. In order to assure the prompt disposition of all claims for benefits, the director shall establish one or more impartial appeal tribunals consisting of a salaried examiner who shall serve as chairman, and two additional members, one of whom shall be a representative of employers and the other of whom shall be a representative of employees: each of the latter two members shall serve at the pleasure of the director and be paid a fee of not more than \$10.00 per day of active service on such tribunal plus necessary expense. The director shall by regulation prescribe the procedure by which such appeal tribunals may hear and decide disputed claims, subject to appeal to the director. No person shall participate on behalf of the director in any case in which he is an interested party. The director may designate alternates to serve in the absence or disqualification of any member of an appeal tribunal. The chairman shall act alone in the absence or disgualification of any other member and his alternates. In no case shall a hearing before an appeal tribunal proceed unless the chairman of such tribunal is present. There shall be no charges, fees, transcript costs, or other cost imposed upon the employee in prosecuting his appeal. All decisions of such tribunal, complete as to the names of members of such tribunal, shall be made available to the public in accordance with such regulations as the director may prescribe, except that -names of interested parties may be deleted.

Subd. 5. Review by director. Within 12 days after mailing to an interested party at his last known address notice of the filing of an appeal tribunal decision. together with a copy of such decision, any such party may appeal from such decision and obtain a review thereof by the director or his duly authorized representative, and the director within the same period of time may on his own motion order a review of any such decision. Upon review, the director or his duly authorized representative may affirm, modify, or set aside any finding of fact or decision, or both, of the appeal tribunal on the basis of the evidence previously submitted in such case, or remand such matter back to the appeal tribunal for the taking of additional evidence and new findings and decision based on all of the evidence before it. Notice of all hearings on review shall be given to all interested parties in the same manner as provided for by subdivision 3. The director or his representative may remove to himself or transfer to another appeal tribunal the proceedings on any claim pending before an appeal tribunal. Any proceedings so removed to the director or his representative shall be heard upon notice in accordance with the requirements of subdivision 3. The division of employment and security shall mail to all interested parties a notice of the filing of and a copy of the findings and decision of the director or his representative.

Subd. 6. **Procedure.** The manner in which disputed claims shall be presented, the reports thereon required from the claimant and from employers, and the conduct of hearings and appeals shall be in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the director for determining the rights of the parties, whether or not such regulations conform to common law or statutory rules of evidence and other technical rules of procedure. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings in connection with a disputed claim. All testimony at any hearing shall be reduced to writing, but need not be transcribed unless the disputed claim is further appealed.

Subd. 7. **Subpoenaed.** Witnesses subpoenaed pursuant to this section shall be allowed fees at a rate fixed by the director. Such fees shall be deemed a part of the expense of administering sections 268.03 to 268.24.

Subd. 8. Certiorari. Any such decision of the director may be reviewed on certiorari by the supreme court provided such writ is issued and served upon the adverse party or parties within 30 days after the date of mailing notice of any decision to him at his last known address.

Any party in interest except a claimant for benefits upon such review shall furnish a cost bond to be approved by the director and pay to the division of employment and security an appeal fee of \$15.00, \$5.00 of which shall be retained by the division and deposited in its administration fund, and \$10.00 of which shall be forwarded to the clerk of the supreme court.

Subd. 9. **Representation by attorney.** In any proceeding under these sections before an appeal tribunal or the director, a party may be represented by an agent or attorney, but no individual claiming benefits shall be charged fees of any kind in any proceeding thereunder by the appeal tribunal, the director, or his representatives, or by any court or any officers thereof. Any individual claiming benefits in

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any proceedings before the director or his representatives or a court may be represented by counsel or other duly authorized agent, except that said agent in any court proceedings under these sections, must be an attorney at law; but no such counsel shall either charge or receive for such services more than an amount approved by the director and no fees shall be collected from an individual claiming benefits by any agent unless he is an attorney at law.

Subd. 10. Attorney for director. The director shall be deemed to be a party to any judicial action involving any decision and shall be represented therein by any qualified attorney who is a regular salaried employee of the division of employment and security and has been designated by the director for that purpose or, at the director's request, by the attorney general.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 8; 1937 c. 306 s. 5; 1939 c. 443 s. 7; 1941 c. 554 s. 7; 1943 c. 650 s. 6; 1945 c. 376 s. 7] (4337-28)

268.11 EMPLOYERS COVERAGE. Subdivision 1. Employer for part of year. Except as provided in subdivision 3 of this section, any employing unit which is or becomes an employer subject to sections 268.03 to 268.24 within any calendar year shall be deemed to be an employer during the whole of such calendar year.

Subdivision 2. Employer ceasing to be an employer. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 3 of this section, an employing unit shall cease to be an employer subject to sections 268.03 to 268.24 as of the first day of January of any calendar year, if it files with the director, prior to the first day of May of such year, a written application for termination of coverage, and the director finds that there were not 20 different days, each day being in a different week within the preceding calendar year, within which such employing unit employed one or more individuals in employment, as provided in section 268.04, subdivision 12. For the purpose of this subdivision the two or more employing units mentioned in section 268.04, subdivision 10, clause (2), (3) or (4), shall be treated as a single employing unit.

Subd. 3. Employing unit electing to become an employer. (1) An employing unit, not otherwise subject to sections 268.03 to 268.24 as an employer, which files with the director its written election to become an employer subject thereto for not less than two calendar years, shall, with the written approval of such election by the director, become an employer subject hereto to the same extent as all other employers, as of the date stated in such approval and cease to be subject hereto as of the first day of January of any calendar year subsequent to such two calendar years, only, if at least 30 days prior to such first day of January, it has filed with the director a written notice to that effect;

(2) Any employing unit for which services that do not constitute employment are performed, may file with the director a written election that all such service performed by individuals in its employ in one or more distinct establishments or places of business shall be deemed to constitute employment for all the purposes of sections 268.03 to 268.24 for not less than two calendar years. Upon the written approval of such election by the director, such services shall be deemed to constitute employment subject to these sections from and after the date stated in such approval. Such services shall cease to be deemed employment subject hereto as of the first day of January of any calendar year subsequent to such two calendar years only if at least 30 days prior to such first day of January such employing unit has filed with the director a written notice to that effect;

(3) (a) The director shall approve all such written elections where, if such elections were not approved, the employing unit as a contractor or a subcontractor or otherwise, together with the individuals in his employ, under another employing unit, would be deemed employees of such other employing unit, as described in section 268.04, subdivision 9;

(b) Any such employing unit which has heretofore filed such written elections, or which has heretofore paid to the director quarterly contributions and has made the wage reports required hereunder, shall, in case the initial contributions and reports so paid and made have been accepted by the director and the money not refunded, be deemed to be elected employers hereunder, and the services performed by its employees shall be deemed employment, and such employing unit shall be liable for any contributions which may now be due or which were refunded after the payment and acceptance of the initial contribution.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 9; 1937 c. 306 s. 6; 1941 c. 554 s. 8; 1945 c. 376 s. 8] (4337-29)

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268.12 ADMINISTRATION. Subdivision 1. Officers; employees. The director shall administer sections 268.03 to 268.24 and appoint such officers and employees as may be necessary for the administration thereof. The salary of the director shall be \$6,000 per annum, payable semimonthly.

Subd. 2. **Report to governor.** Not later than the first day of August each year the director shall submit to the governor a report covering the administration and operation of these sections during the preceding calendar year and make such recommendations for amendments thereto as the 'director deems proper. When the director believes that a change in contribution or benefit rates will become necessary to protect the solvency of the fund, he shall promptly so inform the governor and the legislature and make recommendations with respect thereto.

Subd. 3. **Rules and regulations.** The director is hereby authorized to adopt, amend, or rescind such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24.

(1) General and special rules may be adopted, amended, or rescinded by the director which rules shall become effective ten days after the publication of the same in one or more newspapers of general circulation in this state. Any employer, employee, or other person whose interest is or may be affected thereby may object to any such rule within ten days after publication thereof by filing with the director a petition setting forth the grounds of objection to the rule and request for hearing thereon, whereupon a hearing shall thereafter be had before the director at a time and place designated by the director after due notice of the hearing has been served by the director or duly authorized person, upon the objecting party or parties not less than five days before the hearing.

(2) Regulations may be adopted, amended, or rescinded by the director and shall become effective in the manner and at the time prescribed by the director; provided that the director shall provide for reasonable notice of all regulations affecting employers and employees, and any person affected by a regulation of the director may, within ten days after the promulgation thereof, petition the director for reconsideration of the regulation; the director shall then provide a reasonable opportunity to the petitioner for a hearing on the reconsideration.

Subd. 4. **Printing and publication.** The director shall cause to be printed for distribution to the public the text of sections 268.03 to 268.24, the director's regulations and general rules, his annual reports to the governor, and any other material the director deems relevant and suitable, providing such printing methods and means are not inconsistent with present statutes.

Subd. 5. Assistance. (1) Subject to the provisions of the state civil service act and to the other provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24 the director is authorized to appoint, and prescribe the duties and powers of, such officers, accountants, attorneys, experts, and other persons as may be necessary in the performance of his duties thereunder. The director may delegate to any such person so appointed such power and authority as he deems reasonable and proper for the effective administration of those sections and may, in his discretion, bond any person handling moneys or signing checks thereunder. The director is authorized to adopt such regulations as he deems necessary to meet personnel standards promulgated by the social security board pursuant to the Social Security Act, as amended, and the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of a national employment system and to cooperate with the states in the promotion of such system and for other purposes," approved June 6, 1933, as amended.

The attorney general shall appoint an assistant attorney general, to be in addition to the number now authorized by law, who shall be the attorney and the chief counsel for the division of employment and security. Such assistant attorney general shall receive the same salary as the other assistant attorneys general, but devote his entire time to this division. This assistant attorney general shall have the power to act for and represent the attorney general in all matters in which the attorney general is authorized to act for the director by these sections. The compensation and all expenses and disbursements of such assistant attorney general shall be paid from the moneys appropriated to and for the use of the director;

(2) (a) No officer or employee engaged in the administration of these sections shall use his official authority to influence for the purpose of interfering with an election or affecting the results thereof. No person engaged in the administration of these sections who holds a position in the state classified service pursuant to

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provisions contained in the state civil service act, while retaining the right to vote as he pleases and to express privately his opinion on all political subjects, shall take an active part in political management or campaigns;

(b) No officer or employee engaged in the administration of these sections shall solicit or receive or be in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription, or contribution for any political purpose for any person;

(c) No officer or employee engaged in the administration of these sections shall, for political purposes, furnish or disclose, or aid or assist in furnishing or disclosing, any list or names of persons obtained in the administration of these sections, to a political candidate, committee, campaign manager, or to any person for delivery to a political candidate, committee, or campaign manager, and it shall be unlawful for any person to receive any such list or names for political purposes.

Subd. 6. State and local advisory councils. The director shall appoint a state advisory council and may appoint such local advisory councils as he deems advisable, composed in each case of an equal number of employer and employee representatives who shall be selected because of their vocation, employment, or affiliation, and of such members representing the general public as the governor may designate. Such councils shall aid the director in formulating policies and discussing problems relating to the administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24 and in assuring impartiality and freedom from political influence in the solution of such problems. The members of such advisory councils shall serve at the pleasure of the governor and may be paid a fee of not more than \$10.00 per day for active service on such councils in lieu of remuneration for such service and subsistence and shall be reimbursed for any necessary traveling expenses at the rate of five cents per mile.

Subd. 7. Employment stabilization. The director is authorized to take all appropriate steps to reduce and prevent unemployment; to encourage and assist in the adoption of practical methods of vocational training, retraining, and vocational guidance; to investigate, recommend, advise, and assist in the establishment and operation, by municipalities, counties, school districts, and the state, of reserves for public works to be used in times of business depression and unemployment; to promote the reemployment of unemployed workers throughout the state in every other way that may be feasible; and to these ends to carry on and publish the results of investigations and research studies.

Work records; report. (1) Each employing unit shall keep true and Subd. 8. accurate work records for such periods of time and containing such information as the director may prescribe. Such records shall be open to inspection, audit, - and verification, and be subject to being copied by any authorized representative of the director at any reasonable time and as often as may be necessary. The director, appeal referee, chairman of an appeal tribunal, or any other duly authorized representative of the director, may require from any employing unit any sworn or unsworn reports, with respect to persons employed by it, which the director, appeal referee, chairman of an appeal tribunal, or any other duly authorized representative of the director deems necessary for the effective administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24, provided that quarterly contribution and wage report forms shall be made to correspond wherever possible with the reports requiredfrom employers under the federal insurance contributions act, so that such state forms may be prepared as duplicates of such federal forms, except that no employer shall be permitted to submit a duplicate report which is not thoroughly legible.

(2) The director may cause to be made such summaries, compilations, photographs, duplications, or reproductions of any records, reports, or transcripts thereof as he may deem advisable for the effective and economical preservation of the information contained therein, and such summaries, compilations, photographs, duplications or reproductions, duly authenticated, shall be admissible in any proceeding under sections 268.03 to 268.24, if the original record or records would have been admissible therein.

(3) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions elsewhere, the director may provide for the destruction or disposition of any records, reports, transcripts, or reproductions thereof, or other papers in his custody, which are more than four years old, the preservation of which is no longer necessary for the establishment of contribution liability or benefit rights or for any purpose necessary to the proper administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24, including any required audit thereof,

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provided, that the director may provide for the destruction or disposition of any record, report, or transcript, or other paper in his custody which has been photographed, duplicated, or reproduced in the manner provided in clause (2) above.

Subd. 9. Testimonial powers. (1) In the discharge of the duties imposed by sections 268.03 to 268.24, the director, the chairman of the appeal tribunal, appeal referee, or any duly authorized representative of the director, shall have power to administer oaths and affirmations, take depositions, certify to official acts, and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records deemed necessary as evidence in connection with a disputed claim or the administration of these sections;

(2) Witnesses subpoenaed pursuant to this subdivision, sections 268.03 to 268.24, shall be allowed fees at a fixed rate prescribed by regulation by the director, which fees need not be paid in advance of the time of giving of testimony, and such fees of witnesses so subpoenaed shall be deemed part of the expense of administering these sections;

(3) In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey, a subpoena issued to any person, any court of this state within the jurisdiction of which the inquiry is carried on or within the jurisdiction of which such person guilty of contumacy or refusal to obey is found or resides or transacts business, upon application by the director, chairman of an appeal tribunal, or referee, or any duly authorized representative of the director, shall have jurisdiction to issue to such person an order requiring such person to appear before the director, the chairman of an appeal tribunal, referee, or any duly authorized representative of the director, there to produce evidence if so ordered or there to give testimony relative to the matter under investigation or in question; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.

Subd. 10. Self-incrimination. No person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records before the director, the chairman of an appeal tribunal, referee, or any duly authorized representative of the director, or in obedience to the subpoena of any of them in any cause or proceeding before the director, an appeal tribunal, referee, or any duly authorized representative of the director, or the director, an appeal tribunal, referee, or any duly authorized representative of the director on the grounds that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, required of him may tend to incriminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture; but no individual shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter, or thing concerning which he is compelled, after having claimed his privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise, except that such individual so testifying shall not be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying.

Subd. 11. Cooperation. (1) In the administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24, the director shall cooperate to the fullest extent consistent with the provisions thereof, with the social security board, created by the act of Congress, entitled "the Social Security Act," as amended; shall make such reports in such form and containing such information as the social security board may from time to time require, and shall comply with such provisions as the social security board may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports; and shall comply with regulations prescribed by the social security board governing the expenditures of sums as may be allotted and paid to this state under Title III of the Social Security Act for the purpose of assisting in the administration of these sections.

(2) If section 303 (a) (5) of Title III of the Social Security Act and section 1603 (a) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code are amended to permit a state agency to use, in financing administrative expenditures incurred in carrying out its employment security functions, some part of the moneys collected or to be collected under the state unemployment compensation law, in partial or complete substitution for grants under said Title III, in that event sections 268.03 to 268.24 shall, by the director's proclamation and rules to be issued with the governor's approval, be modified in the manner and to the extent and within the limits necessary to permit such use by the director under these sections; and such modifications shall become effective on the same date as such use becomes permissible under such federal amendments.

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(3) The director is also authorized and directed to apply for an advance to the state unemployment fund and to do any and all acts necessary and lawfully required for the repayment of such advance in accordance with the conditions specified in Title XII of the Social Security Act, as amended, in order to secure to this state and its citizens the advantages available under the provisions of such title.

Subd. 12. Information. Except as hereinafter otherwise provided, information obtained from any employing unit or individual pursuant to the administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24, and from any determination as to the benefit rights of any individual shall be held confidential and shall not be disclosed or be open to public inspection in any manner revealing the individual's or employing unit's identity. Any claimant or other interested party (or his legal representative) shall be supplied with information from the records of the division of employment and security, to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of his claim, contention or refutation of any claim in which he is an interested party in any proceeding under these sections with respect thereto. Subject to such restrictions as the director may by regulation prescribe, such information may be made available to any agency of this or any other state, or any federal agency charged with the administration of an employment and security law or the maintenance of a system of public employment offices, or the Bureau of Internal Revenue of the United States Department of the Treasury, and information obtained in connection with administration of the employment service may be made available to persons or agencies for purposes appropriate to the operation of a public employment service. Upon request therefor, the director shall furnish to any agency of the United States charged with the administration of public works or assistance through public employment, and may furnish to any state agency similarly charged, the name, address, ordinary occupation, and employment status of each recipient of benefits and such recipient's rights to further benefits under these sections. The director may request the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States to cause an examination of the correctness of any return or report of any national banking association rendered pursuant to the provisions of these sections, and may in connection with such request, transmit any such report or return to the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States as provided in section 1606 (c) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code.

All letters, reports, communications, or any other matters, either oral or written, from an employer or his workers to each other or to the director or any of his agents, representatives, or employees, which shall have been written or made in connection with the requirements and administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24 or the regulations thereunder, shall be absolutely privileged and shall not be made subject matter or basis for any suit for slander or libel in any court of this state.

Subd. 13. **Determinations.** (1) The director may, upon his own motion or upon the written application of an employing unit, and after a fair hearing, notice of which has been given such employing unit as hereinafter provided, make findings of fact, and on the basis thereof, a determination with respect to whether an employing unit constitutes an employer and whether services performed for, or in connection with, the business of any employing unit constitutes employment for such employing unit.

(2) The director shall designate one or more representatives, herein referred to as referees, to conduct such hearing. Any person who can show that he has a real interest in the outcome of such determination shall be entitled to appear in person by counsel or representative, at such hearing and present evidence and be heard. The referee shall fix a time and place within this state for such hearing and shall give the employing unit written notice thereof, by registered mail, not less than ten days prior to the time of such hearing. In the discharge of the duties imposed by this subdivision, the referee shall have power to administer oaths and affirmations, take depositions, certify to official acts, and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records deemed necessary as evidence in connection with the subject matter of such hearing. The written report of any employee of the division of employment and security, made in the regular course of the performance of such employee's duties, shall be competent evidence of the facts therein contained and shall be prima facie correct, unless refuted by other credible evidence.

(3) Upon the conclusion of such hearing, the referee shall serve upon the employing unit by registered mail findings of fact and decision in respect thereto.

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The decision of the referee, together with his findings of fact and reasons in support thereof, shall become final unless, within ten days after the mailing by registered mail of a copy thereof to the employing unit, an appeal is filed with the director, or unless the director, within 12 days after the mailing of such decision, on his own motion orders the matter certified to him for review. Appeal from and review by the director of the decision of the referee shall be had in the manner provided by regulation. The director may without further hearing affirm, modify, or set aside the findings of fact or decision, or both, of the referee on the basis of the evidence previously submitted in the case, or direct the taking of additional evidence. The director may disregard the findings of fact of the referee and examine the testimony taken and make such findings of fact as the evidence taken before the referee may, in the judgment of the director, require, and make such decision as the facts so found by him may require. The director shall notify the employing unit of his findings and decision by registered mail and notice of such decision shall contain a statement setting forth the cost of certification of the record in the matter. The decision of the director shall become final unless judicial review thereof is sought as provided by this subdivision. Any interested party to a proceeding before a referee or the director may obtain a transcript of the testimony taken before the referee upon payment to the director of the cost of such transcript to be computed at the rate of ten cents per 100 words.

The district court of the county wherein the hearing before the referee (4) was held shall, by writ of certiorari to the director, have power to review all questions of law and fact presented by the record. The court may accept newly discovered evidence and may try the matter de novo. Such action shall be commenced within 20 days of the service by registered mail of notice of the decision of the director upon the employing unit affected thereby. Such proceedings before the courts shall be given precedence over all other civil cases. The director shall not be required to certify the record to the district court unless the party commencing such proceedings for review, as provided above, shall pay to the director the cost of certification of the record computed at the rate of ten cents per 100 words less such amount as may have been previously paid by such party for a transcript. It shall be the duty of the director upon receipt of such payment to prepare and certify to the court a true and correct typewritten copy of all matters contained in such record. The costs so collected by the director shall be deposited by him in the employment and security administration fund provided for in section 268.15. The court may confirm or set aside the decision and determination of the director. If the decision and determination is set aside and the facts found in the proceedings before the referee are sufficient, the court may enter such decision as is justified by law, or may remand the cause to the director for further proceedings and may state the questions requiring further hearing, and give such other instructions as may be proper.

(5) A final decision of the director or referee, in the absence of appeal therefrom, shall be conclusive for all the purposes of sections 268.03 to 268.24 except as herein otherwise provided, and, together with the records therein made, shall be admissible in any subsequent judicial proceeding involving liability for contributions. A final decision of the director or referee may be introduced in any proceeding involving a claim for benefits.

(6) In the event a final decision of the director or referee determines the amount of contributions due under sections 268.03 to 268.24, then, if such amount, together with interest and penalties, is not paid within 30 days after such decision, the provisions of section 268.16, subdivision 3, shall apply; and the director shall proceed thereunder, substituting a certified copy of the final decision in place of the contribution report therein provided.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 10; 1937 c. 306 s. 7; 1939 c. 441 s. 42; 1939 c. 443 ss. 8, 10; 1941 c. 554 s. 9; 1943 c. 650 s. 7; 1945 c. 376 s. 9] (4337-30)

268.13 RECIPROCAL BENEFIT ARRANGEMENTS. Subdivision 1. Authorization. The director is hereby authorized to enter into reciprocal arrangements with the appropriate and duly authorized agencies of other states and of the federal government, or both, whereby:

(1) Service performed by an individual or individuals for a single employing unit for which service is customarily performed in more than one state shall be deemed to be service performed entirely within any one of the states

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(a) in which any part of any such individual's service is performed, or

(b) in which any such individual has his residence, or

(c) in which the employing unit maintains a place of business; provided, there is in effect, as to such service, an election, approved by the agency charged with the administration of such state's employment security law, pursuant to which all . the service performed by such individual or individuals for such employing unit is deemed to be performed entirely within such state.

Provided further, that no such agreement shall be made with any agency of any state or the federal government unless such agency has authority to exclude from its unemployment compensation law the services of individuals included under such agreement.

(2) Potential rights to benefits accumulated under the employment and security laws of one or more states or under one or more such laws of the federal government, or both, may constitute the basis for the payment of benefits through a single appropriate agency under terms which the director finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests and will not result in any substantial loss to the fund;

(3) Wages or services, upon the basis of which an individual may become entitled to benefits under an employment and security law of another state or of the federal government, shall be deemed to be wages for insured work for the purpose of determining his rights to benefits under sections 268.03 to 268.24, and wages for insured work, on the basis of which an individual may become entitled to benefits thereunder shall be deemed to be wages or services on the basis of which unemployment compensation under such law of another state or of the federal government is payable, but no such arrangement shall be entered into unless it contains provisions for reimbursements to the fund for such of the benefits paid thereunder upon the basis of such wages or service, and provisions for reimbursements from the fund for such of the compensation paid under such other law upon the basis of wages for insured work, as the director finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests;

(4) Contributions due thereunder with respect to wages for insured work shall for the purpose of section 268.16 be deemed to have been paid to the fund as of the date payment was made as contributions therefor under another state or federal employment and security law, but no such arrangement shall be entered into unless it contains provisions for such reimbursement to the fund of such contributions and the actual earnings thereon as the director finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests.

Subd. 2. **Reimbursements.** Reimbursements paid from the fund pursuant to subdivision 1, clause (3), of this section shall be deemed to be benefits for the purposes of sections 268.05 to 268.07, subdivision 2. The director is authorized to make to other state or federal agencies and to receive from such other state or federal agencies, reimbursements from or to the fund, in accordance with arrangements entered into pursuant to subdivision 1 of this section.

Subd. 3. Cooperation. The administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24 and of other state and federal employment and security and public employment service laws will be promoted by cooperation between this state and such other states and the appropriate federal agencies in exchanging services, and making available facilities and information, the director is therefor authorized to make such investigation and audits, secure and transmit such information, make available such services and facilities and exercise such of the other powers provided herein with respect to the administration of these sections as he deems necessary or appropriate to facilitate the administration of any such employment and security or public employment services law, and in like manner, to accept and utilize information, services and facilities made available to this state by the agency charged with the administration of any such other employment and security or public employment service law.

Subd. 4. Utilization of federal benefits. To the extent permissible under the laws and Constitution of the United States, the director is authorized to enter into or cooperate in arrangements whereby facilities and services provided under sections 268.03 to 268.24 and facilities and services provided under the employment and security law of any foreign government, may be utilized for the taking of **DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT AND SECURITY 268.15**

claims and the payment of benefits under the employment and security law of this state or under a similar law of such government.

Subd. 5. Cooperate with other states. The director shall fully cooperate with the agencies of other states, and shall make every proper effort within his means to oppose and prevent any further action which would in his judgment tend to effect complete or substantial federalization of state unemployment compensation funds or state employment security programs.

[*Ex.* 1936 c. 2 s. 11; 1937 c. 306 s. 8; 1939 c. 443 s. 9; 1941 c. 554 s. 10; 1943 c. 650 s. 8; 1945 c. 376 s. 10] (4337-31)

268.14 FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICES ESTABLISHED: Subdivision 1. Acceptance of federal act. A state employment service is hereby established in the division of employment and security. The director in the conduct of such service shall establish and maintain free public employment offices, in such number and in such places as may be necessary for the proper administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24 and for the purpose of performing such functions as are within the purview of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of a national employment system for the cooperation with the states in the promotion of such system and for other purposes," approved June 6, 1933, as amended. The provisions of such act of Congress are hereby accepted by this state and the division of employment and security is hereby designated and constituted the agency of this state for the purposes of such act. The director, pending the return of the employment service, its facilities, property, and personnel, to state control after the war emergency, may loan to the United States employment service facilities, property and personnel.

Subd. 2. Financing. All moneys received by this state under such act of Congress referred to in subdivision 1 of this section shall be paid into the employment and security administration fund, and expended solely for the maintenance of state public employment offices. For the purpose of establishing and maintaining free public employment offices and promoting the use of their facilities, the director is authorized to enter into agreements with the railroad retirement board or any other agency of the United States or of this or any other state charged with the administration of any law whose purposes are reasonably related to the purposes of sections 268.03 to 268.24.

Subd. 3. Reciprocal agreements. The director may enter into agreements with any political subdivision of this state or with any private organization or person, and as a part of any such agreements, may accept moneys, services, or quarters as a contribution to the maintenance of the state system of public employment offices \cdot or as reimbursement for services performed. All moneys received for such purposes shall be paid into the employment and security contingent fund provided for in section 268.15, subdivision 3.

Subd. 4. **Auxiliary offices.** The director may establish auxiliary employment offices and may, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, employ individuals on a part time or temporary basis to perform services in such offices and for related purposes, compensate such individuals for such services, and reimburse such individuals for necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of such services. Such individuals shall serve at the pleasure of the director and the functions performed by them shall have the same force and effect as though the same were performed by employees of the division of employment and security.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 12; 1937 c. 306 s. 9; 1939 c. 443 s. 11; 1941 c. 554 s. 11; 1945 c. 376 s. 11] (4337-32)

268.15 UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND. Subdivision 1. Administration fund. There is hereby created in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the employment and security administration fund. All moneys which are deposited or paid into this fund shall be continuously available to the director for expenditure in accordance with the provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24, and shall not lapse at any time or be transferred to any other fund. All moneys in this fund which are received from the federal government or any agency thereof shall be expended solely for the purposes and in the amounts found necessary by the social security board for the proper and efficient administration of these sections. The fund shall consist of all moneys received from the United States or any agency

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thereof, including the social security board, and include any moneys received from any agency of the United States or any other state as compensation for services or facilities supplied to such agency, any amounts received pursuant to any surety bond or insurance policy or from other sources for losses sustained by the employment and security administration fund or by reason of damage to equipment or supplies purchased from moneys in such fund, and any proceeds realized from the sale or disposition of any such equipment or supplies which may no longer be necessary for the proper administration of these sections. All moneys in this fund shall be deposited, administered, and disbursed in the same manner and under the same conditions and requirements as are provided by law for the other special funds in the state treasury except that moneys in this fund shall not be commingled with other state funds but maintained in a separate account on the books of a depository bank. Such moneys shall be secured by the depository in which they are held to the same extent and in the same manner as required by the general depository law of the state and collateral pledged shall be maintained in a separate custody account. The state treasurer shall be liable on his official bond for the . faithful performance of his duties in connection with the employment and security administration fund provided for under these sections. Such liability on the official bond shall be effective immediately upon the enactment of this provision, and such liability shall exist in addition to any liability upon any separate bond existent on the effective date of this provision, or which may be given in the future. All sums recovered on any surety bond for losses sustained by the employment and security administration fund shall be deposited in this fund.

Subd. 2. State to replace moneys wrongfully used. If any moneys received after June 30, 1941, from the social security board under Title III of the Federal Social Security Act, or any unemcumbered balances in the employment and security administration fund as of that date, or any moneys granted after that date to the state pursuant to the provisions of the Wagner-Peyser Act, or any moneys made available by this state or its political subdivisions and matched by such moneys granted to this state pursuant to the provisions of the Wagner-Peyser Act, are found by the social security board, because of any action or contingency, to have been lost or been expended for purposes other than, or in amounts in excess of, those found necessary by the social security board for the proper administration of these sections, the director may, with the approval of the commissioner of administration, replace such moneys from the employment and security contingent fund hereinafter established. If such moneys are not thus replaced, it is the policy of this state that such moneys shall be replaced by moneys appropriated for such purpose from the general funds of this state to the employment and security administration fund for expenditure as provided in subdivision 1 of this section. Upon receipt of notice of such a finding by the Social Security Board, the director shall promptly report the amount required for such replacement to the governor and the governor shall, at the earliest opportunity, submit to the legislature a request for the appropriation of such amount. This subdivision shall not be construed to relieve this state of its obligation with respect to funds received prior to July 1, 1941, pursuant to the provisions of Title III of the Social Security Act.

Subd. 3. Special fund. There is hereby created in the state treasury a special fund, to be known as the employment and security contingent fund, which shall not lapse nor revert to any other fund. Such fund shall consist of all moneys appropriated therefor by the legislature, all moneys in the form of interest and penalties collected pursuant to section 268.16 and all moneys received in the form of voluntary contributions to this fund. All moneys in such fund shall be supplemental to all federal moneys that would be available to the director but for the existence of this fund. Such fund shall be available to the director for such expenditures as he may deem necessary in connection with the administration of sections 268.03 to 268.24, including transfer to the employment and security administration fund of such moneys as may be necessary to match funds made available for employment service purposes under the Wagner-Peyser Act or any similar act of Congress. All moneys in this fund shall be deposited, administered, and disbursed in the same manner and under the same conditions and requirements as is provided by law for the other special funds in the state treasury except that moneys in this fund shall not be commingled with other state funds, but shall be maintained in a separate account on the books of a depository bank. The state treasurer shall be liable

on his official bond for the faithful performance of his duties in connection with the employment and security contingent fund provided for herein.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 13; 1941 c. 554 s. 12; 1945 c. 376 s. 12] (4337-33)

268.16 COLLECTION OF CONTRIBUTIONS. Subdivision 1. Interest on past due contributions. If contributions are not paid on the date on which they are due and payable, as prescribed by the director, the whole or part thereafter remaining unpaid shall bear interest at the rate of one per cent per month from and after such date until payment is made to the division of employment and security. After any contribution has become delinquent for a period of 12 months thereafter interest thereon shall be computed at the rate of six per cent per annum. In computing interest for any period of less than a full month, the rate shall be one-thirtieth of the per cent of interest applicable for each day or fraction thereof. Contributions, if mailed, shall be deemed to have been paid on the date of mailing as indicated by the postmark on the cover thereof. Interest collected pursuant to this subdivision shall be paid into the contingent fund.

Subd. 2. Failure to make report. (1) Any employer who knowingly fails to make and submit to the division of employment and security any report of wages paid by or due from him for insured work in the manner and at the time such report is required by regulations prescribed by the director shall pay to the division of employment and security for the contingent fund an amount equal to one per cent of contributions accrued during the period for which such report is required, for each month from and after such due date until such report is properly made and submitted to the division of employment and security. In no case shall the amount of the penalty imposed hereby be less than \$5.00 except that in cases where the contribution is less than \$10.00 the penalty shall be \$1.00. Any employing unit which fails to make and submit to the director any report, other than one of wages paid or payable for insured work, as and when required by the regulations of the director, shall be subject to a penalty in the sum of \$10.00 payable to the division of employment and security for the contingent fund. All such penalties shall be in addition to interest and any other penalties provided for by sections 268.03 to 268.24 and shall be collected by civil action as hereinafter provided.

If any employing unit required by sections 268.03 to 268.24 to make and submit contribution reports shall fail to do so within the time prescribed by these sections or by regulations under the authority thereof, or shall make, wilfully or otherwise, an incorrect, false or fraudulent contribution report, he shall, on the written demand of the director, make such contribution report, or corrected report, within ten days after the mailing of such written demand and at the same time pay the whole contribution, or additional contribution, due on the basis thereof. If such employer shall fail within that time to make such report, or corrected report, the director shall make for him a report, or corrected report, from his own knowledge and from such information as he can obtain through testimony, or otherwise, and assess a contribution on the basis thereof, which contribution, plus penalties and interest which thereafter accrued (less any payments theretofore made) shall be paid within ten days after the director has mailed to such employer a written notice of the amount thereof and demand for its payment. Any such contribution report or assessment made by the director on account of the failure of the employer to make a report or corrected report shall be prima facie correct and valid, and the employer shall have the burden of establishing its incorrectness or invalidity in any action or proceeding in respect thereto. Whenever such delinquent employer shall file a report or corrected report, the director may, if he finds it substantially correct, substitute it for the director's report. If an employer has failed to submit any report of wages paid, or has filed an incorrect report, and the director finds that such noncompliance with the terms of sections 268.03 to 268.24 was not wilful and that such employer was free from fraudulent intent, the director shall limit the charge against such employer to the period of the year in which such condition has been found to exist and for the preceding calendar year.

Subd. 3. Collection. If, after due notice, any employer defaults in any payment of contributions or interest due thereon or penalties for failure to file returns and other reports as and when required by the provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24 or by any rule or regulation of the director, the amount due shall be collected by civil action in the name of the State of Minnesota, and any money recovered on

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account thereof shall be credited to the funds provided for under the provisions of these sections. This remedy shall be in addition to such other remedies as may be herein provided or otherwise provided by law, and the employer adjudged in default shall pay the costs of such action. Civil actions brought under this section to collect contributions, interest due thereon, or penalties from an employer shall be heard by the court at the earliest possible date. No action for the collection of contributions or interest thereon shall be commenced more than four years after the contributions have been reported by the employer or determined by the director to be due and payable. In any action herein provided for, judgment shall be entered against any defendant in default for want of answer or demurrer, for the relief demanded in the complaint without proof, together with costs and disbursements, upon the filing of an affidavit of default.

No action shall be commenced for the collection of contributions with respect to wages paid for services performed prior to the effective date of a subsequent provision of law enacted prior to July 1, 1941, excluding such service from coverage under sections 268.03 to 268.24.

Subd. 4. Priorities under legal dissolutions or distributions. The director, or any officer or employee of the state division of employment and security authorized in writing by the director, is authorized to enter into an agreement in writing with any employer relating to the liability of such employer in respect to delinquent contributions, interest, penalties, and costs; provided that such agreement shall not be made in respect to liability for the principal sum of delinquent contributions unless the same has been delinquent for a period of at least four years prior to the making of such agreement. The director may also enter into an agreement, with respect to liability for delinquent contributions, interest, penalties and costs, with any employer who has never paid any contributions to the fund and such failure to pay contributions was, in the opinion of the director, due to an honest belief on the part of such employer that he was not covered by sections 268.03 to 268.24. Any agreements made under this subdivision shall be subject to the approval of the attorney general and a summary of any such agreements shall be published in the next succeeding annual report of the director to the governor.

If such agreements are approved by the director and the attorney general, the same shall be final and conclusive; and, except upon a showing of fraud or malfeasance or misrepresentation of a material fact, the case shall not be reopened as to the matters agreed upon or the agreement modified by any officer, employee or agent of the state; and, in any suit, action or proceeding, such agreement, or any determination, assessment, collection, payment, abatement, refund, or credit made in accordance therewith, shall not be annulled, modified, set aside or destroyed.

Subd. 5. **Refunds.** In the event of any distribution of an employer's assets pursuant to an order of any court under the laws of this state, including any receivership, assignment for benefit of creditors, adjudicated insolvency, composition, or similar proceeding, contributions then or thereafter due shall be paid in full prior to all other claims except claims for wages of not more than \$250 to each claimant, earned within six months of the commencement of the proceedings. In the event of an employer's adjudication in bankruptcy, judicially confirmed extension proposal, or composition, under the federal bankruptcy act of 1898, as amended, contributions then or thereafter due shall be entitled to such priority as is provided in that act for taxes due any state of the United States.

Subd. 6. **Refund when not authorized.** If, not later than three years after the date of payment of any amount as contributions or interest thereon, an employer who has made such payment shall make application for an adjustment thereof in connection with subsequent contribution payments, or for a refund thereof because such adjustment cannot be made, and if the director shall determine that payment of such contributions or interest or any portion thereof was erroneous, the director shall allow such employer to make an adjustment thereof, without interest, in connection with subsequent contribution payments by him, or if such adjustment cannot be made, the director shall refund from the fund to which such payment has been credited, without interest, the amount erroneously paid. For like cause and within the same period, adjustment or refund may be so made on the director's own initiative.

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Subd. 7. Limitation. Nothing in sections 268.03 to 268.24, or any part thereof, shall be construed to authorize any refund of moneys due and payable under the law and regulations in effect at the time such moneys were paid.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 14; 1941 c. 554 s. 13; 1943 c. 650 s. 9; 1945 c. 376 s. 13] (4337-34)

268.17 PROTECTION OF RIGHTS AND BENEFITS. Subdivision 1. Waiver of rights void. Any agreement by an individual to waive, release, or commute his rights to benefits or any other rights under sections 268.03 to 268.24 shall be void. Any agreement by any individual in the employ of any person or concern to pay all or any portion of an employer's contributions, required under these sections from such employer, shall be void. No employer shall directly or indirectly make or require or accept any deduction from wages to finance the employer's contributions required from him, require or accept any waiver of any right hereunder by any individual in his employ or in any manner obstruct or impede the filing of claims for benefits. Any employer or officer or agent of any employer who violates any provision of this subdivision shall, for each offense, be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 2. No assignment of benefits; exemptions. Any assignment, pledge, or encumbrance of any right to benefits which are or may become due or payable under sections 268.03 to 268.24 shall be void; and such rights to benefits shall be exempt from levy, execution, attachment, or any other remedy provided for the collection of debt; and benefits received by any individual so long as they are not mingled with other funds of the recipient shall be exempt from any remedy for the collection of all debts, except debts incurred for necessaries furnished to such individual or his spouse or dependents during the time when such individual was unemployed. Any waiver of any exemption provided for in this subdivision shall be void.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 15; 1941 c. 554 s. 14] (4337-35)

268.18 FALSE STATEMENTS. Whoever makes a false statement or representation knowing it to be false or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact to obtain or increase any benefit or other payment under sections 268.03 to 268.24, or under the employment security law of any state or of the federal government, either for himself or any other person, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who makes a false statement or representation knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to prevent or reduce the payment of benefits to any individual entitled thereto, or to avoid becoming or remaining a subject employer or to avoid or reduce any contribution or other payment required from an employing unit under those sections or under the employment and security law of any state or of the federal government, or who wilfully fails or refuses to make any such contributions or other payment or to furnish any reports at the time when required hereunder or to produce or permit the inspection or copying of records as required hereunder, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 16; 1941 c. 554 s. 15] (4337-36)

268.20 **REPRESENTATION IN COURT.** In any civil action to enforce the provisions of sections 268.03 to 268.24, the director shall be represented by the attorney general.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 17; 1941 c. 554 s. 16] (4337-37)

268.21 NON-LIABILITY OF STATE. Benefits shall be deemed to be due and payable under sections 268.03 to 268.24 only to the extent provided therein and to the extent that moneys are available therefor to the credit of the unemployment compensation fund and neither the state nor the director shall, be liable for any amount in excess of such sums.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 18; 1941 c. 554 s. 17] (4337-38)

268.22 SAVING CLAUSE. The legislature reserves the right to amend or repeal all or any part of sections 268.03 to 268.24 at any time; and there shall be no vested private right of any kind against such amendment or repeal. All the rights, privileges, or immunities conferred thereby, or by acts done pursuant thereto, shall exist subject to the power of the legislature to amend or repeal these sections at any time.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 19; 1941 c. 554 s. 18] (4337-39)

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268.23 [Unnecessary]

268.24 CITATION. Sections 268.03 to 268.24 shall be known and may be cited as the Minnesota Employment and Security Law.

[Ex. 1936 c. 2 s. 21; 1941 c. 554 s. 20; 1945 c. 376 s. 14] (4337-41)

268.25 EFFECTIVE DATES. Laws 1945, Chapter 376, shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, unless otherwise specifically provided therein, except that sections 268.04, 268.06, 268.07, 268.08, 268.09, and 268.16, Minnesota Statutes 1941, as amended by Laws 1943, Chapter 650, and as amended by Laws 1945, Chapter 376, shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 1945; provided that sections 268.04, 268.07 and 268.08, Minnesota Statutes 1941, as amended by Laws 1943, Chapter 650, and as amended by Laws 1945, Chapter 376, shall not affect the determination of or rights to claims filed prior to July 1, 1945.

[1945 c. 376 s. 15]