1936 Supplement

To Mason's Minnesota Statutes 1927

(1927 to 1936) (Superseding Mason's 1931 and 1934 Supplements)

Containing the text of the acts of the 1929, 1931, 1933 and 1935 General Sessions, and the 1933-34 and 1935-36 Special Sessions of the Legislature, both new and amendatory, and notes showing repeals, together with annotations from the various courts, state and federal, and the opinions of the Attorney

General, construing the constitution, statutes, charters and court rules of Minnesota together with digest of all common law decisions.



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incurred by him in the performance of his official duties, shall be paid out of the budgets of their respective departments from the revenue fund, in the same manner as expenses of other state officials are paid. (Act Apr. 17, 1935, c. 207, §8.)

Expenses for keeping prisoners prior to time they are classified, clerk hire, examination by physician and psychiatrists and other necessary expenditures should be paid from funds of state reformatory and state prison in such proportion as board of control shall determine. Op. Atty. Gen. (344b), June 14, 1935.

10846-9. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All acts or parts of acts now in effect inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby superseded, modified or amended to conform to and give full force and effect to the provisions of this act. (Act Apr. 17, 1935, c. 207, §9.)

EMPLOYMENT OF PRISONERS IN CONSERVATION WORK

10846-11. Convicts to do conservation work.—The state board of control is hereby authorized within its discretion, to use selected convicts in work in the nature of general conservation, reforestation, soil erosion control, soil rehabilitation and cultivation upon any land within the control of the state board of control. (Act Apr. 25, 1935, c. 297, §1.)

Board of control may acquire land. To carry out the purposes of the preceding section, the state board of control shall have power to acquire for specified periods of time, by agreement in writing, control of any land which is within the jurisdiction or control of any state department or agency, and any state department or agency having land under its jurisdiction or control, is authorized on agreed terms to deliver control of such land to the state board of control for the purposes specified in section 1. Apr. 25, 1935, c. 297, §2.)

10846-13. May expend moneys.—For the purposes of this act, the state board of control may lawfully expend moneys from any of the following funds: (a) The current expense appropriations of the state reformatory and state prison; (b) Revolving funds at either of these institutions, including funds heretofore appropriated for building purposes for the State Prison or the State Reformatory; and (c) The contingent fund appropriation of the state board of control. Provided, however, that no more money shall be expended for such purposes than \$50,000.00 in the aggregate during the next biennium. (Act Apr. 25, 1935, c. 297, §3.)

10846-14. Warden to make selection.—Whenever convicts may be required to be used in any work as provided for in this act, they shall be selected, with the approval of the state board of control, by the warden of the state prison or superintendent of the state reformatory in the following manner and order

of preference:

(1) Suitable paroled convicts who are being de-

tained awaiting private employment;

Convicts who are not habitual offenders or (2) guilty of heinous crimes and who, in the opinion of the heads of the institutions, are not incorrigible and who are physically capable and otherwise suitable for the character of the work provided for in this act. (Act Apr. 25, 1935, c. 297, §4.)

10846-15. Rescues and escapes.—Any rescue or escape or attempted escape of or by a convict while without the confines of the state prison or reformatory under the provisions of this act, shall be deemed a rescue or escape or attempted escape within the meaning of Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Sections 10004 to 10012, inclusive. (Act Apr. 25, 1935, c. 297, §5.)

See §§208-1 to 208-9 creating probation and investiga-tion department in certain counties.

CHAPTER 106

Jails, Lockups, Work Farms, and Juvenile Offenders

COUNTY JAILS

10847. How constructed and maintained.

County has no authority to pay rent, fuel or light bills of a sheriff's residence apart from the county jail, even during process of rebuilding the jail. Op. Atty. Gen., Sept. 16, 1931.

10849. United States prisoners.-Whenever any person is committed to any jail by any process issued under authority of the United States, the sheriff or jailer shall receive such person into custody, and safely keep him until discharged by due course of law. subject in all respects to the same liabilities and remedies as though committed under process issued under state authority. The United States shall pay to the county the sum of one dollar per day for each prisoner so kept and boarded, subject to such division of fees between the county and the sheriff as is now provided by law. (R. L. '05, §5464; G. S. '13, §9336; '17, c. 304, §1; Mar. 27, 1931, c. 91.)

17, c. 304, §1; Mar. 27, 1931, c. 91.)

Sheriff must receive prisoners committed by federal court, and is entitled to receive from the county 75c per day for each federal prisoner, the amount collected from the federal government being turned over to the county treasurer. Op. Atty. Gen., Nov. 28, 1930.

A county is not required to receive federal prisoners if it does not want to take them, and the matter of payment of compensation to a matron for women prisoners is a matter to be taken up with the Federal Government. Op. Atty. Gen., Aug. 11, 1931.

A county cannot enter into a contract with federal government agreeing to board federal prisoners at a rate less than \$1 per day. Op. Atty. Gen., June 16, 1933.

In absence of negligence sheriff is not liable for loss of money held for federal prisoner in jail safe. Op. Atty. Gen., July 27, 1933.

10853. Labor for jail prisoners.

Prisoners may be kept at a road camp at night when working at a distance from the county seat. Op. Atty. Gen., Apr. 30, 1929.
Op. Atty. Gen., Mar. 24, 1933; note under \$10907.

County is not liable for injuries received by prisoner in county jail while working. Op. Atty. Gen., Mar. 13, 1933.

County is not liable for medical attention to discharged prisoner who was injured while working pursuant to this section. Op. Atty. Gen., Mar. 13, 1933.

One sentenced to jail of one county may not be committed to work farm in another county because county jail has been condemned. Op. Atty. Gen., Mar. 24, 1933.

10857. Compensation for boarding prisoners.—Every sheriff in charge of a county jail shall receive from the county compensation for board and washing for prisoners as follows:

On the last day of each month he shall render to the county board a verified statement showing the name of each prisoner and the number of days board-The pay shall be seventy-five cents per day and proportionately for a fractional day for each prisoner. In every county where the sheriff's compensation for board of prisoners is fixed by special law, it shall so continue unless the county board by unanimous vote shall elect to come under the general law after which it shall be governed by this section provided that the provisions of this Act shall not apply to any county in this state now or hereafter having a population of more than seventy-five thousand (75,000). (R. L. '05, \$5472; '09, c. 192, \$1; G. S. '13, \$9344; '17, c. 184, \$1; Apr. 15, 1933, c. 251; Apr. 24, 1935, c. 262.)

Sheriff must receive prisoners committed by federal court, and is entitled to receive from the county 75c per day for each federal prisoner, the amount collected from the federal government being turned over to the county treasurer. Op. Atty. Gen., Nov. 28, 1930.

Sheriff is only entitled to receive 55c per day for boarding of federal prisoners unless such compensation is fixed by special law in counties containing more than 75,000 inhabitants. Op. Atty. Gen., June 6, 1933.

This act became operative on April 16, 1933. Atty. Gen., June 24, 1933.