## 342.28 CANNABIS MICROBUSINESS LICENSING AND OPERATIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Authorized actions.** A cannabis microbusiness license, consistent with the specific license endorsement or endorsements, entitles the license holder to perform any or all of the following within the limits established by this section:

- (1) grow cannabis plants from seed or immature plant to mature plant and harvest cannabis flower from a mature plant;
  - (2) make cannabis concentrate;
- (3) make hemp concentrate, including hemp concentrate with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of more than 0.3 percent as measured by weight;
  - (4) manufacture artificially derived cannabinoids;
- (5) manufacture adult-use cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, and hemp-derived consumer products for public consumption;
- (6) purchase immature cannabis plants and seedlings, cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, and hemp-derived consumer products from another cannabis microbusiness, a cannabis mezzobusiness, a cannabis cultivator, a cannabis manufacturer, a cannabis wholesaler, a medical cannabis combination business, a lower-potency hemp edible manufacturer, or a lower-potency hemp edible wholesaler;
- (7) purchase hemp plant parts and propagules from an industrial hemp grower licensed under chapter 18K:
  - (8) purchase hemp concentrate from an industrial hemp processor licensed under chapter 18K;
- (9) purchase cannabis concentrate, hemp concentrate, and artificially derived cannabinoids from another cannabis microbusiness, a cannabis mezzobusiness, a cannabis manufacturer, or a cannabis wholesaler for use in manufacturing adult-use cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer products;
- (10) package and label adult-use cannabis flower, adult-use cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, and hemp-derived consumer products for sale to customers;
- (11) sell immature cannabis plants and seedlings, adult-use cannabis flower, adult-use cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, hemp-derived consumer products, and other products authorized by law to other cannabis businesses and to customers;
- (12) operate an establishment that permits on-site consumption of edible cannabis products and lower-potency hemp edibles; and
  - (13) perform other actions approved by the office.
- Subd. 1a. **Cannabis research.** An institution of higher education, any department or program of an institution of higher education that is regionally or nationally accredited, and any entity working in partnership with an institution of higher education may apply for a cannabis microbusiness license to conduct cannabis crop research. A cannabis researcher with a cannabis microbusiness license may perform activities identified in subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (9) and (13). Cannabis plants and cannabis flower grown for research purposes must not be offered for sale or otherwise enter the stream of commerce. As used in this subdivision, "institution of higher education" has the meaning given in sections 15D.04, subdivision 6, and 135A.51, subdivision 5.

- Subd. 2. **Size limitations.** (a) A cannabis microbusiness that cultivates cannabis at an indoor facility may cultivate up to 5,000 square feet of plant canopy. The office may adjust plant canopy limits for licensed businesses upward to meet market demand consistent with the goals identified in section 342.02, subdivision 1. In each licensing period, the office may adjust plant canopy limits upward or downward for licenses that will be issued in that period to meet market demand consistent with the goals identified in section 342.02, subdivision 1, except that the office must not impose a limit of less than 5,000 square feet of plant canopy.
- (b) A cannabis microbusiness that cultivates cannabis at an outdoor location may cultivate up to one-half acre of mature, flowering plants. The office may increase the limit for licensed businesses to meet market demand consistent with the goals identified in section 342.02, subdivision 1. In each licensing period, the office may adjust the limit upward or downward for licenses that will be issued in that period to meet market demand consistent with the goals identified in section 342.02, subdivision 1, except that the office must not impose a limit of less than one-half acre of mature, flowering plants.
- (c) The office shall establish a limit on the manufacturing of cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer products a cannabis microbusiness that manufactures such products may perform. The limit must be equivalent to the amount of cannabis flower that can be harvested from a facility with a plant canopy of 5,000 square feet in a year, but may be increased if the office expands the allowable area of cultivation under paragraph (a).
  - (d) A cannabis microbusiness with the appropriate endorsement may operate one retail location.
- Subd. 3. **Additional information required.** In addition to the information required to be submitted under section 342.14, subdivision 1, and rules adopted pursuant to that section, a person, cooperative, or business seeking a cannabis microbusiness license must submit the following information in a form approved by the office:
- (1) an operating plan demonstrating the proposed layout of the facility, including a diagram of ventilation and filtration systems; plans for wastewater and waste disposal for any cultivation or manufacturing activities; plans for providing electricity, water, and other utilities necessary for the normal operation of any cultivation or manufacturing activities; plans for compliance with applicable building codes and federal and state environmental and workplace safety requirements and policies; and plans to avoid sales to unlicensed cannabis businesses and individuals under 21 years of age;
- (2) if the applicant is seeking an endorsement to cultivate cannabis plants and harvest cannabis flower, a cultivation plan demonstrating the proposed size and layout of the cultivation facility that will be used exclusively for cultivation, including the total amount of plant canopy;
- (3) if the applicant is seeking an endorsement to create cannabis concentrate, hemp concentrate, or artificial cannabinoids, information identifying all methods of extraction, concentration, or conversion that the applicant intends to use and the volatile chemicals and catalysts, if any, that will be involved in extraction, concentration, or creation; and
- (4) evidence that the applicant will comply with the applicable operation requirements for the license being sought.
- Subd. 4. **Exception.** (a) An attestation signed by a bona fide labor organization stating that the applicant has entered into a labor peace agreement is not required as part of an application for a cannabis microbusiness license.

- (b) When renewing a cannabis microbusiness license, a cannabis microbusiness with ten or more full-time equivalent employees must submit an attestation signed by a bona fide labor organization stating that the applicant has entered into a labor peace agreement.
- Subd. 5. **Multiple licenses**; **limits.** (a) A person, cooperative, or business holding a cannabis microbusiness license may also hold a cannabis event organizer license.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (a), no person, cooperative, or business holding a cannabis microbusiness license may own or operate any other cannabis business or hemp business or hold more than one cannabis microbusiness license.
- (c) For purposes of this subdivision, a restriction on the number or type of license that a business may hold applies to every cooperative member or every director, manager, and general partner of a cannabis business.
- Subd. 6. **Cultivation endorsement.** A cannabis microbusiness that cultivates cannabis plants and harvests cannabis flower must comply with the requirements in section 342.25.
- Subd. 7. **Extraction and concentration endorsement.** A cannabis microbusiness that creates cannabis concentrate must comply with the requirements in section 342.26, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- Subd. 8. **Production of consumer products endorsement.** A cannabis microbusiness that manufactures edible cannabis products, lower-potency hemp products, or hemp-derived consumer products must comply with the requirements in section 342.26, subdivisions 2 and 4.
- Subd. 9. **Retail operations endorsement.** A cannabis microbusiness that operates a retail location must comply with the requirements in section 342.27.
- Subd. 10. **On-site consumption endorsement.** (a) A cannabis microbusiness may permit on-site consumption of edible cannabis products and lower-potency hemp edibles on a portion of its premises.
- (b) The portion of the premises in which on-site consumption is permitted must be definite and distinct from all other areas of the microbusiness and must be accessed through a distinct entrance.
- (c) Edible cannabis products and lower-potency hemp edibles sold for on-site consumption must comply with this chapter and rules adopted pursuant to this chapter regarding the testing, packaging, and labeling of cannabinoid products.
- (d) Edible cannabinoid products and lower-potency hemp edibles sold for on-site consumption must be served in the required packaging but may be removed from the products' packaging by customers and consumed on site.
- (e) Food and beverages not otherwise prohibited by this subdivision may be prepared and sold on site provided that the cannabis microbusiness complies with all relevant state and local laws, ordinances, licensing requirements, and zoning requirements.
- (f) A cannabis microbusiness shall ensure that the display and consumption of any edible cannabis product or lower-potency hemp edible is not visible from outside of the licensed premises of the business.
- (g) A cannabis microbusiness may offer recorded or live entertainment, provided that the cannabis microbusiness complies with all relevant state and local laws, ordinances, licensing requirements, and zoning requirements.

- (h) A cannabis microbusiness may not:
- (1) sell an edible cannabis product or a lower-potency hemp edible to an individual who is under 21 years of age;
  - (2) permit an individual who is under 21 years of age to enter the premises;
  - (3) sell an edible cannabis product or a lower-potency hemp edible to a person who is visibly intoxicated;
  - (4) sell or allow the sale or consumption of alcohol or tobacco on the premises;
- (5) sell products that are intended to be eaten or consumed as a drink, other than packaged and labeled edible cannabis products and lower-potency hemp edibles, that contain cannabis flower or hemp plant parts or are infused with cannabis concentrate, hemp concentrate, or artificially derived cannabinoids;
- (6) permit edible cannabis products or lower-potency hemp edibles sold in the portion of the area designated for on-site consumption to be removed from that area;
- (7) permit adult-use cannabis flower, adult-use cannabis products, hemp-derived consumer products, or tobacco to be consumed through smoking or a vaporized delivery method on the premises; or
- (8) distribute or allow free samples of cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer products.
- Subd. 11. **Transportation between facilities.** A cannabis microbusiness may transport immature cannabis plants and seedlings, cannabis flower, cannabis products, artificially derived cannabinoids, hemp plant parts, hemp concentrate, lower-potency hemp edibles, and hemp-derived consumer products between facilities operated by the cannabis microbusiness if the cannabis microbusiness:
  - (1) provides the office with the information described in section 342.35, subdivision 2; and
  - (2) complies with the requirements of section 342.36.

**History:** 2023 c 63 art 1 s 28; 2024 c 121 art 2 s 81-84; 2025 c 31 s 52,53; 1Sp2025 c 3 art 7 s 30