

## CHAPTER 80F

### MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL FRANCHISES

|        |   |        |                                      |
|--------|---|--------|--------------------------------------|
| 80F.01 | DEFINITIONS.                            | 80F.10 | FREE ASSOCIATION.                    |
| 80F.02 | REQUIRED DISCLOSURES.                   | 80F.11 | RELEASE AND WAIVER.                  |
| 80F.03 | SURVIVORSHIP.                           | 80F.12 | SECURITY DEPOSIT.                    |
| 80F.04 | ELIMINATION OF SERVICE BAYS PROHIBITED. | 80F.13 | VIOLATION OF LAW.                    |
| 80F.05 | HOURS OF OPERATION.                     | 80F.14 | ASSIGNMENT.                          |
| 80F.06 | OTHER BUSINESSES ON PREMISES.           | 80F.15 | ASSIGNMENT OF FACILITY LEASE OPTION. |
| 80F.07 | PRICE CONTROLS.                         | 80F.16 | DEALER NOTICE OF TERMINATION.        |
| 80F.08 | PROMOTIONAL REQUIREMENTS.               | 80F.17 | ENFORCEMENT.                         |
| 80F.09 | DISPOSITION OF PRODUCT.                 | 80F.18 | CHOICE OF LAW AND JURISDICTION.      |

#### 80F.01 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meanings given to them in this section.

Subd. 2. **Affiliate.** "Affiliate" means a person who controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, any other person. Affiliate includes, without limitation, partners, business entities with common ownership, principals of any business entity, and subsidiaries, parent companies, or holding companies of any person.

Subd. 3. **Dealer.** "Dealer" means a person permitted to market motor vehicle fuel pursuant to a marketing agreement.

Subd. 4. **Facility.** "Facility" means the premises which, under a marketing agreement, are to be used by a dealer in connection with the sale, consignment, and distribution of motor vehicle fuel to the public for ultimate consumption.

Subd. 5. **Incentive; incentives.** "Incentive" or "incentives" means any rebates, volume credits, volume discounts, funds for construction, funds for reimagining, funds for equipment, funds for fixtures, funds for equipment or fixture upgrades, equipment, fixtures, or any other money or things of value provided by or passed through the supplier to a dealer and which are required by the terms of the agreement between the supplier and the dealer to be repaid by the dealer if the terms of the supply contract, whether oral or written, are not met.

Subd. 6. **Motor fuel marketing agreement; marketing agreement.** "Motor vehicle fuel marketing agreement" or "marketing agreement" means any contract, lease, or other agreement, whether that agreement is oral or written and whether it is express or implied, between a supplier or its affiliate and a dealer whereby a dealer is supplied motor vehicle fuel by a supplier or its affiliate for marketing from a facility under a brand name, trade name, service mark, logotype, or other commercial symbol or related characteristics owned or controlled by the supplier or its affiliate, or where the supplier or its affiliate authorizes or permits such use. The term includes any agreement between the supplier and its affiliate and the dealer to occupy or lease a facility, but does not include any agreement that meets the definition of a franchise under chapter 80C.

Subd. 7. **Person.** "Person" means a natural person, corporation, partnership, trust, or other legal entity.

Subd. 8. **Supplier.** "Supplier" means a person other than a refiner who supplies motor vehicle fuel to a dealer pursuant to a marketing agreement.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 6

## **80F.02 REQUIRED DISCLOSURES.**

Subdivision 1. **Form of disclosures.** The disclosures required by this section must be made in writing by the supplier or its affiliate to the dealer, and must be made either prior to the execution of any marketing agreement or as part of the marketing agreement itself.

Subd. 2. **Content of disclosures.** The supplier or its affiliate must disclose the following information to the extent it is known to the supplier or affiliate:

(1) the prior three-year motor vehicle fuel gallonage history of the premises, unless previously operated by the same dealer;

(2) the interest, by ownership, lease, or other means of control, of the supplier, an affiliate of the supplier, or any other person, in the facility;

(3) any plans for condemnation, roadway alteration, or other government action that would materially impact the dealer's occupation of the facility or the marketing of motor vehicle fuel from the facility;

(4) any agreements the supplier or affiliate may have to alter, sell, or otherwise dispose of the facility; and

(5) the name, current address, and current telephone number of all dealers who have occupied the facility in the three-year period before the disclosure is made.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 7

## **80F.03 SURVIVORSHIP.**

Subdivision 1. **Designated family member.** For purposes of this section, "designated family member" means the spouse, child, grandchild, parent, brother, or sister of the operator.

Subd. 2. **Right to succeed to agreement.** Any designated family member of a deceased or incapacitated dealer may succeed to the marketing agreement if (1) the designated family member gives the supplier written notice of the intention to succeed to the agreement within 60 days of the dealer's death; (2) the designated family member agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions of a written existing marketing agreement; and (3) the designated family member is a person who meets the supplier's reasonable standards. At the request of the supplier, the designated family member must provide any personal and financial data that is reasonably necessary to determine whether the designated family member meets the reasonable standards of the supplier.

Subd. 3. **Standards.** Reasonable standards used by a supplier may include, but are not limited to, consideration of the designated family member's ability and potential to operate the facility at the same level as the former operator, and of the designated family member's gasoline marketing experience, education, creditworthiness, and management experience.

Subd. 4. **Written agreement to be offered.** If the marketing agreement under which the deceased or incapacitated dealer operated the facility was oral, the supplier shall offer a reasonable written agreement to the designated family member within 30 days of the designated family member's notification to the supplier

of intent to succeed to the agreement. If the designated family member does not, within 30 days after receiving the written agreement from the supplier, either accept the terms of the offered agreement or object to the terms as unreasonable, the designated family member shall be deemed to have waived the right of succession.

Subd. 5. **Refusal to allow succession.** If a supplier believes in good faith that the designated family member does not meet the supplier's reasonable standards, the supplier shall notify the designated family member of the refusal to allow succession and intent to terminate the marketing agreement. This notice must be provided no more than 90 days after the supplier receives all personal and financial data requested from the designated family member. The agreement must not be terminated less than 90 days after notice is served on the designated family member.

Subd. 6. **Dispute regarding right of succession; burden of proof.** In determining whether a designated family member failed to meet a supplier's reasonable standards, the supplier has the burden of proving that the standards used are reasonable, and the designated family member has the burden of proving that those standards that are reasonable have been met.

Subd. 7. **Permissible condition on succession.** As a condition of succession, the supplier may require that reasonable arrangements be entered into for the payment of rent or product payment during the interim period from the date of the dealer's death or incapacity until succession is completed or the right to succession is terminated.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 8

#### **80F.04 ELIMINATION OF SERVICE BAYS PROHIBITED.**

Subdivision 1. **Service bays.** For the purposes of this section, "service bay" means an enclosed area where automobile repairs are performed, including, but not limited to, lubrication, oil change, tire repair, battery charge, replacement of fan belts, hoses, and wiper blades.

Subd. 2. **Provision for elimination of service bays.** A marketing agreement that includes a lease of the facility to the dealer must provide that if the supplier eliminates one or more service bays during the term of the marketing agreement, the supplier must first pay to the dealer in cash an amount that fairly and adequately compensates the dealer for the loss of the service and repair business.

Subd. 3. **Waiver.** The provision required by subdivision 2 may not be waived or modified except in a writing signed by the dealer executed at least 30 days after the execution of the marketing agreement. The writing must be separate and independent from the marketing agreement, and shall eliminate the payment provisions of subdivision 2.

Subd. 4. **Limitations.** Nothing in this subdivision prohibits a supplier from altering, modifying, or remodeling a full-service station, without payment to the dealer, following the expiration of the franchise relationship based upon termination or nonrenewal of the franchise relationship in accordance with United States Code, title 15, section 2802(b)(3)(D).

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 9

#### **80F.05 HOURS OF OPERATION.**

A supplier may set forth in a marketing agreement the required number of hours per day and days per week that the dealer must maintain the retail outlet open for business. However, the supplier shall not

unreasonably withhold consent to a modification of such requirements where the dealer can demonstrate that the modification is reasonable based on a change of circumstances, including economic conditions.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 10

#### **80F.06 OTHER BUSINESSES ON PREMISES.**

The supplier may set forth in the marketing agreement any prohibitions and limitations on the conduct of any other businesses at the facility, including a charge for additional rent where another business is permitted and conducted. However, the supplier shall not unreasonably withhold consent to the performance of another business, impose unreasonable limitations on the dealer's ability to perform any other business, or charge an unreasonable rent for the conduct of another business, considering the fair rental value of the site and any imposition upon the supplier's business.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 11

#### **80F.07 PRICE CONTROLS.**

The price at which the dealer sells products shall not be fixed, established, or regulated by the supplier or the marketing agreement.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 12

#### **80F.08 PROMOTIONAL REQUIREMENTS.**

No dealer or supplier shall be required to use any promotion, premium, coupon, giveaway, or rebate. Except as otherwise provided by law, nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit voluntary participation in a promotion, premium, coupon, giveaway, or rebate.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 13

#### **80F.09 DISPOSITION OF PRODUCT.**

In the event of termination or nonrenewal of the marketing agreement, whether by mutual agreement or otherwise, the supplier shall purchase from the dealer products that were available for sale to the public at the facility and were purchased from the supplier, provided that the products are tendered by the dealer no later than 30 days from the date of the termination or nonrenewal of the marketing agreement. The payment for the products shall be the then current wholesale price of the products, minus a reasonable restocking fee for products moved by the supplier. The payment shall be reduced by any amount of indebtedness owed by the dealer to the supplier. If the dealer has in its possession on the date of termination any products which were supplied by the supplier which have not been paid for in full, the dealer at its expense shall, within 30 days of the termination or nonrenewal of the marketing agreement, transfer to the supplier all of such products in a merchantable condition. The provisions of this section are subject to valid liens against the products by or on behalf of other creditors of the dealer.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 14

#### **80F.10 FREE ASSOCIATION.**

No supplier shall restrict or prohibit, directly or indirectly, the right of free association among dealers for any lawful purpose. No dealer shall restrict or prohibit, directly or indirectly, the right of free association among suppliers for any lawful purpose.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 15

**80F.11 RELEASE AND WAIVER.**

No party to a marketing agreement shall require as a condition of entering into the marketing agreement that the other party assent to a release or waiver of any rights provided by this chapter, or include in a marketing agreement a release of claims. Any such waiver or release is void. The right of either party to the interposition of counterclaims or crossclaims shall not be waived by the marketing agreement, and any such provision is void.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 16

**80F.12 SECURITY DEPOSIT.**

A security deposit shall not be required except for the purpose of securing against loss of or damage to real or personal property or payment of money due to the supplier or credit extended to the dealer. Any security deposit required of the dealer may be satisfied by a letter of credit or the deposit of cash or a pledge of a savings account or its equivalent in a banking institution located in Minnesota. In the event that the security deposit is made by the dealer by depositing cash with the supplier, the deposit shall earn interest at the rate of six percent per year which shall accrue to the benefit of the dealer and be payable to the dealer upon termination of the security deposit, less any charges to which the supplier is entitled to collect from the security deposit or interest earned on it. In the event that the security deposit is made by the pledge of a savings account, a savings account shall be opened in the joint name of the supplier and the dealer and neither party shall be entitled to withdraw the funds without the consent of the other party; upon termination of the security deposit arrangement, the principal deposit together with accrued interest at the rate paid for the account shall be payable to the dealer after deduction of any charges to which the supplier may be entitled.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 17

**80F.13 VIOLATION OF LAW.**

No party to a marketing agreement shall require or encourage any other party to the marketing agreement to violate or conspire to violate any state, federal, or local laws.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 18

**80F.14 ASSIGNMENT.**

Subdivision 1. **Lease arrangements.** If a dealer leases a facility under a marketing agreement with the supplier or its affiliate, the provisions of this subdivision apply. A supplier shall not unreasonably withhold or delay its consent to any assignment or transfer of a marketing agreement. The dealer may assign the marketing agreement to another person that meets the reasonable standards of the supplier. A dealer who intends to assign the marketing agreement shall give the other party notice of the proposed assignment and shall identify the proposed assignee. At the time of serving notice of assignment, a dealer shall promptly provide, at the request of the other party, personal and financial data that is reasonably necessary to determine whether the assignment should be honored. If the supplier who is requested to approve the assignment believes in good faith that reasonable cause exists for refusing to honor the assignment, that person shall inform the dealer of the denial and the reasons for denial within 60 days of receiving the notice of assignment. A supplier may condition assignment upon the agreement of the dealer who intends to assign and the other assignee to be bound by all terms and conditions of the existing marketing agreement.

Subd. 2. **Nonlease arrangements.** If a marketing agreement does not involve the lease of the facility by the dealer from the supplier, the agreement shall be freely assignable by the dealer or the supplier, provided that such assignment does not increase the burdens or obligations of the other party. A supplier may require

an assignee to make reasonable and adequate credit arrangements for the payment of product delivered. If the assigning dealer has an incentive obligation to the supplier, the assigning dealer either shall obtain the consent of the supplier to the proposed assignment, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or shall provide reasonable and adequate security for the benefit of the supplier to assure that the assignor's incentive obligation to the supplier is met by the assignee dealer.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 19

#### **80F.15 ASSIGNMENT OF FACILITY LEASE OPTION.**

A supplier or an affiliate of a supplier who has an option to purchase, or an option to lease or extend the lease of a facility occupied by a dealer, who determines not to exercise the option, shall offer to assign or otherwise transfer the option to the dealer. The supplier may charge the dealer a reasonable legal and administrative cost for transfer of the option. Options to purchase, or lease or extend the lease of a facility created after May 6, 2000, are assignable to the dealer who occupies the facility. If the dealer exercises the option, the supplier or affiliate is not liable for the performance of the dealer pursuant to the option or the underlying lease after the option is exercised.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 20

#### **80F.16 DEALER NOTICE OF TERMINATION.**

A dealer may only terminate a marketing agreement if the dealer provides 90 days' written notice of termination to the supplier. On or before the termination date, the dealer shall repay to the supplier any incentive money that is required to be repaid to the supplier upon termination pursuant to the terms of the marketing agreement. The giving of notice of termination shall not eliminate a claim by the supplier for damages for breach of contract.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 21

#### **80F.17 ENFORCEMENT.**

Any person aggrieved by a violation of this chapter may obtain injunctive relief, damages, rescission, or other relief. It is not a defense to an action for injunctive relief that an aggrieved person may have adequate remedies at law. A party shall submit the dispute to binding arbitration in accordance with the commercial rules of the Minnesota American Arbitration Association. Injunctive relief shall remain available in a court of competent jurisdiction where arbitration cannot provide complete relief to vindicate the rights of either party or where appropriate to secure rights after arbitration. The court or arbitrator shall have the discretion to award to the prevailing party its costs and disbursements. No action may be commenced under this chapter more than three years after the cause of action accrued. If the marketing agreement provides for the right of the supplier to recover attorney fees as the prevailing party in a suit between the parties, then the dealer shall have the right to recover attorney fees as the prevailing party in an action under this marketing agreement or under this chapter.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 22

#### **80F.18 CHOICE OF LAW AND JURISDICTION.**

The laws of the state of Minnesota shall govern any marketing agreement whereby the dealer is or will be marketing motor vehicle fuel in Minnesota and venue for all actions shall be the state of Minnesota. Any condition, stipulation or provision, including any choice of law provision or any choice of venue provision,

purporting to bind any person who is acquiring a marketing agreement to be operated in this state to waive compliance with any provisions of this chapter is void.

**History:** 2000 c 456 s 23