

**216H.10 DEFINITIONS.**

Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** For purposes of sections 216H.10 to 216H.13, the following terms have the meanings given.

Subd. 2. **Agency.** "Agency" means the Pollution Control Agency.

Subd. 3. **Carbon dioxide equivalent.** "Carbon dioxide equivalent" means the quantity of carbon dioxide that has the same global warming potential as a given amount of another greenhouse gas.

Subd. 4. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.

Subd. 5. **Global warming.** "Global warming" means the observed and predicted increase in the temperature of the atmosphere near the earth's surface and the oceans.

Subd. 6. **Global warming potential or GWP.** "Global warming potential" or "GWP" means a quantitative measure of the potential of an emission of a greenhouse gas to contribute to global warming over a 100-year period expressed in terms of the equivalent emission of carbon dioxide needed to produce the same 100-year warming effect, as reported in Fourth Assessment Report: Climate Change 2007, Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

Subd. 7. **High-GWP greenhouse gas.** "High-GWP greenhouse gas" means hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, sulfur hexafluoride, nitrous trifluoride, and any other gas the agency determines by rule to have a high global warming potential.

Subd. 8. **Mobile air conditioner.** "Mobile air conditioner" means mechanical vapor compression refrigeration equipment used to cool the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle.

Subd. 9. **Motor vehicle.** "Motor vehicle" has the meaning given in section 168.002, subdivision 18.

Subd. 10. **New motor vehicle.** "New motor vehicle" has the meaning given in section 80E.03, subdivision 7.

Subd. 11. **Refrigerant.** "Refrigerant" means a substance used, sold for use, or designed and intended for use in a mobile air conditioner to transfer heat out of the space being cooled.

**History:** 2008 c 296 art 1 s 21; 2009 c 37 art 1 s 55