

**576.30 RECEIVER AS LIEN CREDITOR; REAL ESTATE RECORDING; SUBSEQUENT SALES OF REAL ESTATE.**

Subdivision 1. **Receiver as lien creditor.** As of the time of appointment, the receiver shall have the powers and priority as if it were a creditor that obtained a judicial lien at the time of appointment pursuant to sections 548.09 and 550.10 on all of the receivership property, subject to satisfying the recording requirements as to real property described in subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. **Real estate recording.** If any interest in real estate is included in the receivership property, a notice of lis pendens shall be recorded as soon as practicable with the county recorder or registrar of titles, as appropriate, of the county in which the real property is located. The priority of the receiver as lien creditor against real property shall be from the time of recording of the notice of lis pendens, except as to persons with actual or implied knowledge of the appointment under section 507.34.

Subd. 3. **Subsequent sales of real estate.** The notice of lis pendens, a court order authorizing the receiver to sell real property certified by the court administrator, and a deed executed by the receiver recorded with the county recorder or registrar of titles, as appropriate, of the county in which the real property is located, and upon execution of the deed by the receiver shall be prima facie evidence of the authority of the receiver to sell and convey the real property described in the deed. The court may also require a motion for an order for sale of the real property or a motion for an order confirming sale of the real property.

**History:** 2012 c 143 art 1 s 10