

CHAPTER 116M
URBAN INITIATIVE BOARD

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116M.07 Subdivision 1. [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 5 s 6]

Subd. 2. [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 5 s 6]

Subd. 3. [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 5 s 6]

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Subd. 7. [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 5 s 6]

Subd. 7a. [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 5 s 6]

Subd. 7b. [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 5 s 6]

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Subd. 12. [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 5 s 6]

Subd. 13. [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 5 s 6]

Subd. 14. [Repealed, 1988 c 685 s 44]

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116M.11 [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 2 s 24]

116M.12 [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 2 s 24]

116M.13 [Repealed, 1987 c 386 art 5 s 6]

116M.14 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Terms.** For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meaning given them.

Subd. 2. **Board.** "Board" means the Urban Initiative Board.

Subd. 3. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.

Subd. 4. **Low-income area.** "Low-income area" means:

(1) Minneapolis, St. Paul;

(2) those cities in the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, that have an average income that is below 80 percent of the median income for a four-person family as of the latest report by the United States Census Bureau; and

(3) those cities in the metropolitan area, which contain two or more contiguous census tracts in which the average family income is less than 80 percent of the median family income for the Twin Cities metropolitan area.

Subd. 5. **Minority business enterprise.** "Minority business enterprise" means a business that is majority owned and operated by persons belonging to a racial or ethnic minority as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 23.5.

History: 1993 c 369 s 54; 2002 c 380 art 2 s 7; 2003 c 128 art 13 s 36; 1Sp2003 c 4 s 1; 2005 c 142 s 1

116M.15 URBAN INITIATIVE BOARD.

Subdivision 1. **Creation; membership.** The Urban Initiative Board is created and consists of the commissioner of employment and economic development, the chair of the Metropolitan Council, and eight members from the general public appointed by the governor. Six of the public members must be representatives from minority business enterprises. No more than four of the public members may be of one gender. All public members must be experienced in business or economic development.

Subd. 2. **Membership terms.** The membership terms, compensation, removal, and filling of vacancies of public members of the board are as provided in section 15.0575.

Subd. 3. **Chair; other officers.** The commissioner of employment and economic development shall serve as chair of the board. The board may elect other officers as necessary from its members.

Subd. 4. **Staff.** The commissioner of employment and economic development shall provide staff, consultant support, materials, and administrative services necessary for the board's activities. The services must include personnel, budget, payroll, and contract administration.

Subd. 5. **Board meeting.** (a) If compliance with section 13D.02 is impractical, the Urban Initiative Board may conduct a meeting of its members by telephone or other electronic means so long as the following conditions are met:

(1) all members of the board participating in the meeting, wherever their physical location, can hear one another and can hear all discussion and testimony;

(2) members of the public present at the regular meeting location of the board can hear clearly all discussion and testimony and all votes of members of the board and, if needed, receive those services required by sections 15.44 and 15.441;

(3) at least one member of the board is physically present at the regular meeting location; and

(4) all votes are conducted by roll call, so each member's vote on each issue can be identified and recorded.

(b) Each member of the board participating in a meeting by telephone or other electronic means is considered present at the meeting for purposes of determining a quorum and participating in all proceedings.

(c) If telephone or other electronic means is used to conduct a meeting, the board, to the extent practical, shall allow a person to monitor the meeting electronically from a remote location.

The board may require the person making such a connection to pay for documented marginal costs that the board incurs as a result of the additional connection.

(d) If telephone or other electronic means is used to conduct a regular, special, or emergency meeting, the board shall provide notice of the regular meeting location, of the fact that some members may participate by telephone or other electronic means, and of the provisions of paragraph (c). The timing and method of providing notice is governed by section 13D.04.

History: 1993 c 369 s 55; 1994 c 483 s 1; 1Sp2003 c 4 s 1; 2004 c 206 s 26; 2005 c 163 s 56

116M.16 POWERS.

Subdivision 1. **Contracts.** The board may enter into contracts and grant agreements necessary to carry out its responsibilities.

Subd. 2. **Gifts; grants; appropriation.** The board may apply for, accept, and disburse gifts, grants, loans, or other property from the United States, the state, private foundations, or any other source. It may enter into an agreement required for the gifts, grants, or loans and may hold, use, and dispose of its assets in accordance with the terms of the gift, grant, loan, or agreement. Money received by the board under this subdivision must be deposited in a separate account in the state treasury and invested by the state Board of Investment. The amount deposited, including investment earnings, is appropriated to the board to carry out its duties.

History: 1993 c 369 s 56; 1995 c 224 s 59

116M.17 DUTIES.

Subdivision 1. **General duties.** The board shall investigate and evaluate methods to enhance urban development, particularly methods relating to economic diversification through minority business enterprises and job creation for minority and other persons in low-income areas. The enterprises shall include, but are not limited to, technologically innovative industries, value-added manufacturing, and information industries.

Subd. 2. **Technical assistance.** The board through the department, shall provide technical assistance and development information services to state agencies, regional agencies, special districts, local governments, and the public, with special emphasis on minority communities.

Subd. 3. **Budget.** The board shall adopt an annual budget and work program and a biennial budget.

Subd. 4. **Reports.** The board shall submit an annual report to the legislature of an accounting of loans made under section 116M.18, including information on loans to minority business enterprises, the impact on low-income areas, and recommendations concerning minority business development and jobs for persons in low-income areas.

History: 1993 c 369 s 57

116M.18 URBAN CHALLENGE GRANTS PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. **Eligibility rules.** The board shall make urban challenge grants for use in low-income areas to nonprofit corporations to encourage private investment, to provide jobs for minority persons and others in low-income areas, to create and strengthen minority business enterprises, and to promote economic development in a low-income area. The board shall adopt rules to establish criteria for determining loan eligibility.

Subd. 2. **Challenge grant eligibility; nonprofit corporation.** The board may enter into agreements with nonprofit corporations to fund and guarantee loans the nonprofit corporation makes in low-income areas under subdivision 4. A corporation must demonstrate that:

- (1) its board of directors includes citizens experienced in development, minority business enterprises, and creating jobs in low-income areas;
- (2) it has the technical skills to analyze projects;
- (3) it is familiar with other available public and private funding sources and economic development programs;
- (4) it can initiate and implement economic development projects;
- (5) it can establish and administer a revolving loan account; and
- (6) it can work with job referral networks which assist minority and other persons in low-income areas.

Subd. 3. **Revolving loan fund.** (a) The board shall establish a revolving loan fund to make grants to nonprofit corporations for the purpose of making loans and loan guarantees to new and expanding businesses in a low-income area to promote minority business enterprises and job creation for minority and other persons in low-income areas.

(b) Eligible business enterprises include, but are not limited to, technologically innovative industries, value-added manufacturing, and information industries. Loan applications given preliminary approval by the nonprofit corporation must be forwarded to the board for approval. The commissioner must give final approval for each loan or loan guarantee made by the nonprofit corporation. The amount of the state funds contributed to any loan or loan guarantee may not exceed 50 percent of each loan.

Subd. 4. **Business loan criteria.** (a) The criteria in this subdivision apply to loans made or guaranteed by nonprofit corporations under the urban challenge grant program.

(b) Loans or guarantees must be made to businesses that are not likely to undertake a project for which loans are sought without assistance from the urban challenge grant program.

(c) A loan or guarantee must be used for a project designed to benefit persons in low-income areas through the creation of job or business opportunities for them. Priority must be given for loans to the lowest income areas.

(d) The minimum state contribution to a loan or guarantee is \$5,000 and the maximum is \$150,000.

(e) The state contribution must be matched by at least an equal amount of new private investment.

(f) A loan may not be used for a retail development project.

(g) The business must agree to work with job referral networks that focus on minority applicants from low-income areas.

Subd. 4a. **Microenterprise loan.** Urban challenge grants may be used to make microenterprise loans to small, beginning businesses, including a sole proprietorship. Microenterprise loans are subject to this section except that:

- (1) they may also be made to qualified retail businesses;
- (2) they may be made for a minimum of \$1,000 and a maximum of \$25,000; and
- (3) they do not require a match.

Subd. 5. **Revolving fund administration; rules.** (a) The board shall establish a minimum interest rate for loans or guarantees to ensure that necessary loan administration costs are covered.

(b) Loan repayment amounts equal to one-half of the principal and interest must be deposited in a revolving fund created by the board for challenge grants. The remaining amount of the loan repayment may be deposited in a revolving loan fund created by the nonprofit corporation originating the loan being repaid for further distribution, consistent with the loan criteria specified in subdivision 4.

(c) Administrative expenses of the board and nonprofit corporations with whom the board enters into agreements under subdivision 2, including expenses incurred by a nonprofit corporation in providing financial, technical, managerial, and marketing assistance to a business enterprise receiving a loan under subdivision 4, may be paid out of the interest earned on loans and out of interest earned on money invested by the state Board of Investment under section 116M.16, subdivision 2, as may be provided by the board.

Subd. 6. **Rules.** The board shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Subd. 6a. **Nonprofit corporation loans.** The board may make loans to a nonprofit corporation with which it has entered into an agreement under subdivision 1. These loans must be used to support a new or expanding business. This support may include such forms of financing as the sale of goods to the business on installment or deferred payments, lease purchase agreements,

or royalty investments in the business. The interest rate charged by a nonprofit corporation for a loan under this subdivision must not exceed the Wall Street Journal prime rate plus four percent. For a loan under this subdivision, the nonprofit corporation may charge a loan origination fee equal to or less than one percent of the loan value. The nonprofit corporation may retain the amount of the origination fee. The nonprofit corporation must provide at least an equal match to the loan received by the board. The maximum loan available to the nonprofit corporation under this subdivision is \$50,000. Loans made to the nonprofit corporation under this subdivision may be made without interest. Repayments made by the nonprofit corporation must be deposited in the revolving fund created for urban initiative grants.

Subd. 7. **Cooperation.** A nonprofit corporation that receives an urban challenge grant shall cooperate with other organizations, including but not limited to, community development corporations, community action agencies, and the Minnesota small business development centers.

Subd. 8. **Reporting requirements.** A nonprofit corporation that receives a challenge grant shall:

(1) submit an annual report to the board by September 30 of each year that includes a description of projects supported by the urban challenge grant program, an account of loans made during the calendar year, the program's impact on minority business enterprises and job creation for minority persons and persons in low-income areas, the source and amount of money collected and distributed by the urban challenge grant program, the program's assets and liabilities, and an explanation of administrative expenses; and

(2) provide for an independent annual audit to be performed in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices and auditing standards and submit a copy of each annual audit report to the board.

History: 1993 c 369 s 58; 1995 c 224 s 60-62; 2002 c 380 art 2 s 8-14; 2007 c 135 art 2 s 17