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# MINNESOTA STATUTES 2003 SUPPLEMENT

## CHAPTER 18B

# PESTICIDE CONTROL

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### 18B.05 PESTICIDE REGULATORY ACCOUNT.

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[For text of subd 1, see M.S.2002]

Subd. 2. [Repealed, 2003 c 128 art 3 s 47]

## 18B.07 PESTICIDE USE, APPLICATION, AND EQUIPMENT CLEANING.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S.2002]

- Subd. 2. Prohibited pesticide use. (a) A person may not use, store, handle, distribute, or dispose of a pesticide, rinsate, pesticide container, or pesticide application equipment in a manner:
  - (1) that is inconsistent with a label or labeling as defined by FIFRA;
- (2) that endangers humans, damages agricultural products, food, livestock, fish, or wildlife; or
  - (3) that will cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.
- (b) A person may not direct a pesticide onto property beyond the boundaries of the target site. A person may not apply a pesticide resulting in damage to adjacent property.
- (c) A person may not directly apply a pesticide on a human by overspray or target site spray, except when:
  - (1) the pesticide is intended for use on a human;
  - (2) the pesticide application is for mosquito control operations;
- (3) the pesticide application is for control of gypsy moth, forest tent caterpillar, or other pest species, as determined by the commissioner, and the pesticide used is a biological agent; or
- (4) the pesticide application is for a public health risk, as determined by the commissioner of health, and the commissioner of health, in consultation with the commissioner of agriculture, determines that the application is warranted based on the commissioner's balancing of the public health risk with the risk that the pesticide application poses to the health of the general population, with special attention to the health of children.
- (d) For pesticide applications under paragraph (c), clause (2), the following conditions apply:
  - (1) no practicable and effective alternative method of control exists;
- (2) the pesticide is among the least toxic available for control of the target pest; and
- (3) notification to residents in the area to be treated is provided at least 24 hours before application through direct notification, posting daily on the treating organization's Web site, if any, and by sending a broadcast e-mail to those persons who request notification of such, of those areas to be treated by adult mosquito control techniques during the next calendar day. For control operations related to human disease, notice under this paragraph may be given less than 24 hours in advance.
- (e) For pesticide applications under paragraph (c), clauses (3) and (4), the following conditions apply:
  - (1) no practicable and effective alternative method of control exists;

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- (2) the pesticide is among the least toxic available for control of the target pest; and
- (3) notification of residents in the area to be treated is provided by direct notification and through publication in a newspaper of general circulation within the affected area.
- (f) For purposes of this subdivision, "direct notification" may include mailings, public meetings, posted placards, neighborhood newsletters, or other means of contact designed to reach as many residents as possible.
- (g) A person may not apply a pesticide in a manner so as to expose a worker in an immediately adjacent, open field.

[For text of subds 3 to 8, see M.S.2002]

History: 2003 c 127 art 13 s 1; 1Sp2003 c 21 art 11 s 5

### 18B.095 PESTICIDE APPLICATION IN SCHOOLS.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.2002]

- Subd. 3. Registry and information. The commissioner, in consultation with the Departments of Health; Administration; and Education; the University of Minnesota Extension Service; the Minnesota School Boards Association; and other persons as necessary and appropriate, must:
  - (1) establish and maintain a registry of school pest management coordinators; and
- (2) provide information on a regular and periodic basis to school pest management coordinators on pest management techniques and programs, including model school policies; proper pesticide use, storage, handling, and disposal; and other relevant pesticide and pest management information.

**History:** 2003 c 130 s 12

### 18B.10 ACTION TO PREVENT GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION.

- (a) The commissioner may, by rule, special order, or delegation through written regulatory agreement with officials of other approved agencies, take action necessary to prevent the contamination of groundwater resulting from leaching of pesticides through the soil, from the backsiphoning or backflowing of pesticides through water wells, or from the direct flowage of pesticides to groundwater.
- (b) With owner consent, the commissioner may use private water wells throughout the state to monitor for the presence of agricultural pesticides and other industrial chemicals in groundwater. The specific locations and land owners shall not be identifiable. The owner or user of a private water well sampled by the commissioner must be given access to test results.

**History:** 2003 c 128 art 3 s 25

#### 18B.26 PESTICIDE REGISTRATION.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.2002]

Subd. 3. Application fee. (a) A registrant shall pay an annual application fee for each pesticide to be registered, and this fee is set at one-tenth of one percent for calendar year 1990, at one-fifth of one percent for calendar year 1991, and at two-fifths of one percent for calendar year 1992 and thereafter of annual gross sales within the state and annual gross sales of pesticides used in the state, with a minimum nonrefundable fee of \$250. The registrant shall determine when and which pesticides are sold or used in this state. The registrant shall secure sufficient sales information of pesticides distributed into this state from distributors and dealers, regardless of distributor location, to make a determination. Sales of pesticides in this state and sales of pesticides for use in this state by out-of-state distributors are not exempt and must be included in the registrant's annual report, as required under paragraph (c), and fees shall be paid by the registrant based upon those reported sales. Sales of pesticides in

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the state for use outside of the state are exempt from the application fee in this paragraph if the registrant properly documents the sale location and distributors. A registrant paying more than the minimum fee shall pay the balance due by March 1 based on the gross sales of the pesticide by the registrant for the preceding calendar year. The fee for disinfectants and sanitizers shall be the minimum. The minimum fee is due by December 31 preceding the year for which the application for registration is made. The commissioner shall spend at least \$300,000 per fiscal year from the pesticide regulatory account for the purposes of the waste pesticide collection program.

- (b) An additional fee of \$100 must be paid by the applicant for each pesticide to be registered if the application is a renewal application that is submitted after December 31.
- (c) A registrant must annually report to the commissioner the amount and type of each registered pesticide sold, offered for sale, or otherwise distributed in the state. The report shall be filed by March 1 for the previous year's registration. The commissioner shall specify the form of the report and require additional information deemed necessary to determine the amount and type of pesticides annually distributed in the state. The information required shall include the brand name, amount, and formulation of each pesticide sold, offered for sale, or otherwise distributed in the state, but the information collected, if made public, shall be reported in a manner which does not identify a specific brand name in the report.

[For text of subds 4 to 6, see M.S.2002]

**History:** 2003 c 128 art 3 s 26

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### 18B.37 RECORDS, REPORTS, PLANS, AND INSPECTIONS.

[For text of subds 1 to 5, see M.S.2002]

- Subd. 6. Access to pesticide application information. (a) A physician licensed to practice in Minnesota, or a Minnesota licensed veterinarian, may submit a request to the commissioner for access to available information on the application of pesticides by a commercial or noncommercial pesticide applicator related to a course of diagnosis, care, or treatment of a patient under the care of the physician or veterinarian.
- (b) A request for pesticide application information under this subdivision must include available details as to the specific location of a known or suspected application that occurred on one or more specified dates and times. The request must also include information on symptoms displayed by the patient that prompted the physician or veterinarian to suspect pesticide exposure. The request must indicate that any information discovered will become part of the confidential patient record and will not be released publicly.
- (c) Upon receipt of a request under paragraph (a), the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of health, shall promptly review the information contained in the request and determine if release of information held by the department may be beneficial for the medical diagnosis, care, and treatment of the patient.
- (d) The commissioner may release to the requester available information on the pesticide. The commissioner shall withhold nonessential information such as total acres treated, the specific amount of pesticides applied, and the identity of the applicator or property owner.

**History:** 2003 c 128 art 3 s 27

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