# MINNESOTA STATUTES 2001 SUPPLEMENT 

## CHAPTER 86B

## WATER SAFETY, WATERCRAFT, AND WATERCRAFT TITLING

Barring vehicles from unsafe ice.
Removal of submerged vehicles from waters of the state. Operation while using alcohol or drugs or with a physical or mental disability. Watercraft licenses. Allocation of water recreation account and fines and forfeited bail money.

## 86B.820 Definitions.

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## 86B.106 BARRING VEHICLES FROM UNSAFE ICE.

(a) Whenever ice conditions on a body of water deteriorate to such an extent that there is substantial danger to persons using motorized vehicles, including snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles, the sheriff of the county where the body of water is located may prohibit or restrict the use of motorized vehicles on all or a portion of the body of water. If the body of water is located in more than one county, all counties involved must coordinate any prohibitions or restrictions that are imposed. A county sheriff acting under this section shall, as soon as practicable, post all common access sites and publicize the prohibitions or restrictions. The commissioner must be notified immediately and may review and suspend any restrictions imposed. Restrictions may be lifted as soon as conditions warrant.
(b) A person may not operate a motorized vehicle in violation of a prohibition or restriction imposed under this section.
(c) This section does not apply to a person who:
(1) is a member of a satictioned circuit watercross association and can provide proof of membership:
(2) operates a snowmobile with a silenced exhaust and is practicing for a sanctioned event; and
(3) receives written permission from a conservation officer who must set the date, time, and location of the practice.

History: ISp2001 c 2s 90

## 86B.107 REMOVAL OF SUBMERGED VEHICLES FROM WATERS OF THE STATE.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, "vehicle" means a motor vehicle as defined in section 97A.015, subdivision 32, or a watercraft as defined in section 86 B .005 , subdivision 18.
(b) For purposes of this section, "owner". means the registered' owner, last registered owner, or legal owner of a vehicle if the vehicle is not registered.

Subd. 2. Responsibility for removal. (a) The owner of a submerged vehicle is responsible for removing the vehicle from waters of the state, unless the vehicle is permitted or otherwise exempt from removal: Removal must be completed within 30 days of the vehicle entering the water or being discovered in the water, unless the owner is notified in writing by the political subdivision having jurisdiction that the removal must be completed sooner. Upon request of the political subdivision the commissioner may extend the 30 -day time period for removal.
(b) The owner of the vehicle shall report that the vehicle is: submerged in a body of water. The owner shall report the date and the circumstances surrounding the submergence to the sheriff of the county where the body of water is located within 48 hours of the vehicle entering the water.
(c) If the vehicle is not removed according to paragraph (a), the political subdivision in whose jurisdiction the lake or watercourse is located shall remove the

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vehicle. The owner of the vehicle is subject to a civil penalty of not less than twice nor more than five times the costs incurred by the political subdivision to remove, process, and dispose of the vehicle. Civil penalties imposed under this section may be enforced and distributed as provided in section 115A. 99.
(d) The owner of a submerged vehicle is not responsible for removal of the vehicle if the vehicle was used without the owner's knowledge. This includes, but is not limited to, the operation of a vehicle that was under the control of a member of the owner's household. If the driver or operator of the vehicle is known, the driver or operator is responsible for removing the vehicle according to this section.

History: 2001 c 185 s 15

## 86B. 331 OPERATION WHILE USING ALCOHOL OR DRUGS OR WITH A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL DISABILITY.

Subdivision 1. Acts prohibited. (a) An owner or other person having charge' or control of a motorboat may not authorize or allow an individual the person knows or has reason to believe is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled or other substance to operate the motorboat in operation on the waters of this state.
(b) An owner or other person having charge or control of a motorboat may not knowingly authorize or allow a person, who by reason of a physical or mental disability is incapable of operating the motorboat, to operate the motorboat in operation on the waters of this state.
(c) A person who operates or is in physical control of a motorboat on the waters of this state is subject to chapter 169A. In addition to the applicable sanctions under chapter 169A, a person who is convicted of violating section 169A. 20 or an ordinance in conformity with it while operating a motorboat, shall be prohibited from operating the motorboat on the waters of this state for a period of 90 days between May 1 and October 31, extending over two consecutive years if necessary. If the person operating the motorboat refuses to comply with a lawful demand to submit to testing under sections 169A. 50 to 169A. 53 or an ordinance in conformity with it, the person shall be prohibited from operating the motorboat for a period of one year. The commissioner shall notify the person of the period during which the person is prohibited from operating a motorboat.
(d) Administrative and judicial review of the operating privileges prohibition is governed by section 97B.066, subdivisions 7 to 9 , if the person does not have a prior impaired driving conviction or prior license revocation, as defined in section 169A. 03. Otherwise, administrative and judicial review of the prohibition is governed by section 169A. 53.
(e) The court shall promptly forward to the commissioner and the department of public safety copies of all convictions and criminal and civil sanctions imposed under this section and chapters 169 and 169A relating to motorboats.
(f) A person who violates paragraph (a) or (b), or an ordinance in conformity with either of them, is guilty of a misdemeanor:
(g) For purposes of this subdivision, a motorboat "in operation" does not include a motorboat that is anchored, beached, or securely fastened to a dock or other permanent mooring, or a motorboat that is being rowed or propelled by other than mechanical means.

History: 2001c 7s 23

## 86B. 401 WATERCRAFT LICENSES.

Subdivision 1. Application. (a) A person may apply to the commissioner of natural rësources, the commissioner of public safety, or an authorized deputy: registrar of motor vehicles to license a watercraft in a form as prescribed by the commissioner of public safety.
(b) The application must state the names and addresses of all owners of the watercraft.

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[For text of subd 2, see M.S.2000]
Subd. 3. Licensing. The license agent shall register the watercraft on rcceiving an application and the license fee. $A$ license and registration sticker with a registration number shall be issued and must be affixed to the watercraft. as prescribed by the commissioner of natural resources. The license is not valid unless signed by at least one owner.

Subd. 4. License number. Each watercraft must be assigned a license number. The license number assigned a watercraft may remain the same even if not renewed in consecutive years. The owner of a watercraft must purchase the watercraft license numbers assigned and affix the license numbers as prescribed by the commissioner.
[For lext of subds 5 to 10, see M.S.2000]
Subd. 12. Proof of sales tax payment. A person applying for initial licensing of a watercraft must provide a watercraft purchaser's certificate, showing a complete description of the watercraft, the seller's name and address, the full purchase price of the watercraft, and the trade-in allowance, if any. The certificate must include information showing either (1) that the sales and use tax under chapter 297A was paid or (2) the purchase was exempt from tax under chapter 297A. The commissioner of public safety, in consultation with the commissioner and the commissioner of revenue, shall prescribe the form of the certificate.

The certificate is not required if the applicant provides a receipt, invoice, or other document that shows the watercraft was purchased from a retailer maintaining a place of business in this state as defined in section 297A. 66, subdivision 1.
[For text of subd 13, see M.S.2000]
History: 2000 c 418 art 1 s 44; 2001 c 185 s 16-18

## 86B.705 ALLOCATION OF WATER RECREATION ACCOUNT AND FINES AND FORFEITED BAIL MONEY.

[For text of suibd 1, see M.S.2000]
Subd. 2. Fines and bail money. (a) All fines, installment payments, and forfeited bail money collected from persons convicted of violations of this chapter or rules adopted thereunder, or of a violation of section 169A. 20 involving a motorboat, shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county where the violation occurred by the court administrator or other person collecting the money within 15 days after the last day of the month the money was collected.
(b) One-half of the receipts shall be credited to the general revenue fund of the county. The other one-half of the receipts shall be transmitted by the county treasurer to the commissioner of natural resources to be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the water recreation account for the purpose of boat and water safety.

History: 2001 c 185 s 19

## 86B.820 DEFINITIONS.

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\text { [For text of subds } 1 \text { to 9, see M.S. } 2000 \text { ] }
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Subd. 10. Secured party. "Secured party" means a secured party as defined. in section 336.9-102(a)(72), having a security interest in a watercraft and includes a lienholder.

Subd. 11. Security agreement. "Security agreement" has the meaning given it in section 336.9-102(a)(73).

## [For text of subd 12, see M.S.2000]

Subd. 13. Titled watercraft. "Titled watercraft" means a watercraft required to have a certificate of title under section $86 B .825$, subdivision 1; a watercraft for which a

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certificate of title has been issued under section 86 B. 825 , subdivision 3 ; or a watercraft previously issued a certificate of title or similar document from another jurisdiction.
[For text of subds 14 and 15, see M.S.2000]
History: 2001 c 185 s' 20; 2001 c 195 art 2 s 3,4

## 86B.825 CERTIFICATE OF TITLE REQUIRED.

Subdivision 1. Requirement. Except as provided in subdivision 2, ä watercraft used on the waters of the state must have a cortificate of title if the watercraft is kept in the state for more thian 90 consecutive days.
[For text of subds 2 to 6, see M.S.2000]
History: 2001 c 185 s 21

## 86B. 830 APPLICATION AND ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.

Subdivision 1. Application. The owner of a titled watercraft must apply for the first certificate of title of a watercraft in this state to the commissioner or a deputy registrar on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The appropriate fee under section 86B.870 must accompany the application. The application must be signed by the owner and contain:
(1) the full names, dates of birth, and addresses of owners who are natural persons and the full names and addresses of other owners;
(2) a description of the watercraft including its make, model, year, length, the principal material used in construction, and the builder's or manufacturer's hull identification number;
(3) the date of purchase by the applicant, the name and address of the person from whom the watercraft was acquired;
(4) the name and address of the person who is to possess the title and any conditions of possession; and
(5) other information required by the commissioner to determine whether the owner is entitled to a certificate of title and whether security interests exist in the watercraft.
[For text of subds 2 to 6, see M.S.2000]
History: 2001 c 185 s 22

## 86B.880 SECURITY INTERESTS.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S.2000]
Subd. 2. Perfection. A security interest is perfected by the delivery to thecommissioner of the existing certificate of title, if any, or an application for a certificate of title, containing the name and address of the secured party, the date of the security agreement, and the required fee. $\Lambda$ security interest is perfected as of the time of the delivery. The method provided in this chapter is exclusive.

History: 2001 c 195 art 1 s 1 .

