CHAPTER 551

ATTORNEY'S SUMMARY EXECUTIONS

551.05

Attorney's summary execution upon funds at a financial institution.

551.06 Attorney's summary execution upon

55 L.05

551.05 ATTORNEY'S SUMMARY EXECUTION UPON FUNDS AT A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S.1998]

Subd. 1a. Exemption notice. If the writ of execution is being used by the attorney to levy funds of a judgment debtor who is a natural person and if the funds to be levied are held on deposit at any financial institution, the attorney for the judgment creditor shall serve with the writ of execution two copies of an exemption notice. The notice must be substantially in the form set forth below. Failure of the attorney for the judgment creditor to send the exemption notice renders the execution levy void, and the financial institution shall take no action. However, if this subdivision is being used to execute on funds that have previously been garnished in compliance with section 571.71, the attorney for judgment creditor is not required to serve an additional exemption notice. In that event, the execution levy shall only be effective as to the funds that were subject to the prior garnishment. Upon receipt of the writ of execution and exemption notices, the financial institution shall retain as much of the amount due under section 550.04 as the financial institution has on deposit owing to the judgment debtor, but not more than 100 percent of the amount remaining due on the judgment, or \$5,000, whichever is less.

The notice informing a judgment debtor that an execution levy has been used to attach funds of the judgment debtor to satisfy a claim must be substantially in the following form:

STATE OF MINNESOTA	DISTRICT COURT
County of	JUDICIAL DISTRICT
(Judgment Creditor)	
(Judgment Debtor) TO: Judgment Debtor	EXEMPTION NOTICE

An order for attachment, garnishment summons, or levy of execution (strike inapplicable language) has been served on (bank or other financial institution where you have an account). ...

Your account balance is \$......

The amount being held is \$......

However, all or a portion of the funds in your account will normally be exempt from creditors' claims if they are in one of the following categories:

- (1) relief based on need. This includes the Minnesota Family Investment Program (MFIP), Work First Program, Medical Assistance (MA), General Assistance (GA), General Assistance Medical Care (GAMC), Emergency General Assistance (EGA), Minnesota Supplemental Aid (MSA), MSA Emergency Assistance (MSA-EA), Supplemental Security Income (SSI), and Energy Assistance;
 - (2) Social Security benefits (Old Age, Survivors, or Disability Insurance);
 - (3) reemployment compensation, workers' compensation, or veterans' benefits;
 - (4) an accident, disability, or retirement pension or annuity;
 - (5) life insurance proceeds;
 - (6) the earnings of your minor child and any child support paid to you; or

(7) money from a claim for damage or destruction of exempt property (such as household goods, farm tools, business equipment, a mobile home, or a car).

The following funds are also exempt:

- (8) all earnings of a person in category (1);
- (9) all earnings of a person who has received relief based on need, or who has been an inmate of a correctional institution, within the last six months;
 - (10) 75 percent of every judgment debtor's after tax earnings; or
- (11) all of a judgment debtor's after tax earnings below 40 times the federal minimum wage.

TIME LIMIT ON EXEMPTIONS AFTER DEPOSIT IN BANK:

Categories (10) and (11): 20 days

Categories (8) and (9): 60 days

All others: no time limit, as long as funds are traceable to the exempt source. (In tracing funds, the first—in, first—out method is used. This means money deposited first is spent first.) The money being sought by the judgment creditor is being held in your account to give you a chance to claim an exemption.

TO CLAIM AN EXEMPTION:

Fill out, sign, and mail or deliver one copy of the attached exemption claim form to the institution which sent you this notice and mail or deliver one copy to the judgment creditor's attorney. The address for the judgment creditor's attorney is set forth below. Both copies must be mailed or delivered on the same day.

If they do not get the exemption claim back from you within 14 days of the date they mailed or gave it to you, they will be free to turn the money over to the attorney for the judgment creditor. If you are going to claim an exemption, do so as soon as possible, because your money may be held until it is decided.

IF YOU CLAIM AN EXEMPTION:

- (1) nonexempt money can be turned over to the judgment creditor or sheriff;
- (2) the financial institution will keep holding the money claimed to be exempt; and
- (3) seven days after receiving your exemption claim, the financial institution will release the money to you unless before then it receives an objection to your exemption claim.

IF THE JUDGMENT CREDITOR OBJECTS TO YOUR EXEMPTION CLAIM:

the institution will hold the money until a court decides if your exemption claim is valid, BUT ONLY IF the institution gets a copy of your court motion papers asserting the exemption WITHIN TEN DAYS after the objection is mailed or given to you. You may wish to consult an attorney at once if the judgment creditor objects to your exemption claim.

MOTION TO DETERMINE EXEMPTION:

At any time after your funds have been held, you may ask for a court decision on the validity of your exemption claim by filing a request for hearing which may be obtained at the office of the court administrator of the above court.

PENALTIES:

If you claim an exemption in bad faith, or if the judgment creditor wrongly objects to an exemption in bad faith, the court may order the person who acted in bad faith to pay costs, actual damages, attorney fees, and an additional amount of up to \$100.

	•																													
	•	٠	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	٠	٠	•
٠.	•	•	٠	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	•			•												•	:	•	•	•	•
٠.																										÷				
Na	ın	ne	е	a	n	d	2	ıc	lc	lr	e	S	s	o	f	(A	t	tc	r	n	e	y							
	Name and address of (Attorney for) Judgment Creditor																													

DATES ADDITION

EXEMPTION:	
(a) Amount of exempti	on claim.
=	ds being held are exempt.
	e funds being held are exempt.
The exempt ar	nount is \$
(b) Basis for exemption	i.
Of the 11 categories lis	ted above, I am in category number (If more than one
category applies, you may fi following:	ll in as many as apply.) The source of the exempt funds is the
	of relief based on need, list the case number and county:
county:)	,
I hereby authorize any a tution in which I was an inma	agency that has distributed relief to me or any correctional insti- ate to disclose to the above named judgment creditor's attorney have been a recipient of relief based on need or an inmate of a the last six months.
	red a copy of the exemption notice to the judgment creditor's
D 1870	DEBTOR
DATED:	
	DEBTOR ADDRESS
	·

[For text of subds 2 to 8, see M.S. 1998]

History: 1999 c 107 s 66: 1999 c 159 s 144

551.06 ATTORNEY'S SUMMARY EXECUTION UPON EARNINGS.

[For text of subds 1 to 5, see M.S.1998]

Subd. 6. Earnings exemption notice. Before the first levy on earnings, the attorney for the judgment creditor shall serve upon the judgment debtor no less than ten days before the service of the writ of execution, a notice that the writ of execution may be served on the judgment debtor's employer. The notice must: (1) be substantially in the form set forth below; (2) be served personally, in the manner of a summons and complaint, or by first class mail to the last known address of the judgment debtor; (3) inform the judgment debtor that an execution levy may be served on the judgment debtor's employer in ten days, and that the judgment debtor may, within that time, cause to be served on the judgment creditor's attorney a signed statement under penalties of perjury asserting an entitlement to an exemption from execution; (4) inform the judgment debtor of the earnings exemptions contained in section 550.37, subdivision 14; and (5) advise the judgment debtor of the relief set forth in this chapter to which the judgment debtor may be entitled if a judgment creditor in bad faith disregards a valid claim and the fee, costs, and penalty that may be assessed against a judgment debtor who in bad faith falsely claims an exemption or in bad faith takes action to frustrate the execution process. The notice requirement of this subdivision does not apply to a levy on earnings being held by an employer pursuant to a garnishment summons served in compliance with chapter 571.

The ten-day notice informing a judgment debtor that a writ of execution may be used to levy the earnings of an individual must be substantially in the following form:

551.06 ATTORNEY'S SUMMARY EXECUTIONS	. 216
STATE OF MINNESOTA COUNTY OF	DISTRICT COURTJUDICIAL DISTRICT
(Judgment Debtor) and (Third Party)	EXECUTION EXEMPTION NOTICE AND NOTICE OF INTENT TO LEVY ON EARNINGS WITHIN TEN DAYS
PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a levy may be parties, without any further court proceedings or hereof. Your earnings are completely exempt from frelief based on need, if you have been a recipity ou have been an inmate of a correctional institution.	notice to you, ten days or more from the date m execution levy if you are now a recipient ent of relief within the last six months, or if
Relief based on need includes the Minne Emergency Assistance (EA), Work First Program tance (GA), General Assistance Medical Care (EGA), Minnesota Supplemental Aid (MSA), Supplemental Security Income (SSI), and Energy	n, Medical Assistance (MA), General Assis- (GAMC), Emergency General Assistance MSA Emergency Assistance (MSA-EA),
If you wish to claim an exemption, you sho it, and send it to the judgment creditor's attorne	
You may wish to contact the attorney for the settlement of the debt or contact an attorney to a	
PENALT	TES
(1) Be advised that even if you claim an exe served on your employer. If your earnings a tion, you may petition the court for a determ finds that the judgment creditor disregarded you will be entitled to costs, reasonable a amount not to exceed \$100.	re levied on after you claim an exemp- ination of your exemption. If the court I your claim of exemption in bad faith, ttorney fees, actual damages, and an
(2) HOWEVER, BE WARNED if you clair can also petition the court for a determinati finds that you claimed an exemption in bac reasonable attorney's fees plus an amount	on of your exemption, and if the court I faith, you will be assessed costs and
(3) If after receipt of this notice, you in bad tion levy, thus requiring the judgment cred problem, you will be liable to the judgment ney's fees plus an amount not to exceed \$1	faith take action to frustrate the execu- itor to petition the court to resolve the creditor for costs and reasonable attor-
DATED:	
•	ddress
	elephone
JUDGMENT DEBTOR'S EXE	MPTION CLAIM NOTICE
I hereby claim that my earnings are exemp (1) I am presently a recipient of relief base number, and the county from which relief	d on need. (Specify the program, case

Program Case Number (if known) County

(2) I am not now receiving relief based on need, but I have received relief based on need within the last six months. (Specify the program, case number, and the county from which relief has been received.)

Program (3) I have been an inmat (Specify the correctional		institution within th	County e last six months.
Correctional Institution I hereby authorize any ag tution in which I was an inm judgment creditor's attorney c on need or an inmate of a corre delivered a copy of this form	ate to disclose to the control of th	he above–named ju I am or have been a r within the last six m	dgment creditor or the ecipient of relief based
DATE:		Judgment De	btor
$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac$		Address	
[For	r text of subds 7 to	9, see M.S.1998]	
Subd. 10. Notice of levy judgment. The attorney for t employer a notice of levy on earings disclosure worksheet wit set forth below.	he judgment credit arnings and an exec	or shall serve upon ution earnings discl	the judgment debtor's osure form and an earn-
STATE OF MINNESOTA COUNTY OF		JUDI	ISTRICT COURT CIAL DISTRICT O
(Judgment	Creditor)		
against			CE OF LEVY ON S AND DISCLOSURE
(Judgment and	Debtor)		
(Third Part	y).		en de la companya de La companya de la co
PLEASE TAKE NOTION 551.06, the undersigned, as a levies execution upon all earnior for the amount of the judgment the court is enclosed. The unput the court is enclosed.	ttorney for the judg ings due and owing nent specified belov	gment creditor, here by you (up to \$5,000 v. A copy of the writ	by makes demand and)) to the judgment debt-
This levy attaches all un you and earned or to be earne which the writ of execution is occur within the 70 days after	d by the judgment served and within	debtor before and wall subsequent pay p	ithin the pay period in
In responding to this leven sheet and mail it to the under check payable to the above—n you to the judgment debtor or time limits set forth in the aforth.	signed attorney for amed judgment cre for which you are o	the judgment crediction, for the nonexolation, for the judgment to the judgmen	tor, together with your empt amount owed by
	Attorney	for the Judgment Cr	editor
4 * ·	Address		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

551.06

DISCLOSURE DEFINITIONS

"EARNINGS": For the purpose of execution, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable to an employee for personal services or compensation paid or payable to the producer for the sale of agricultural products; milk or milk products; or fruit or other horticultural products produced when the producer is operating a family farm, a family farm corporation, or an authorized farm corporation, as defined in section 500.24, subdivision 2, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and includes periodic payments pursuant to a pension or retirement, workers' compensation, or reemployment compensation.

"DISPOSABLE EARNINGS": Means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of amounts required by law to be withheld. (Amounts required by law to be withheld do not include items such as health insurance, charitable contributions, or other voluntary wage deductions.)

"PAYDAY": For the purpose of execution, "payday(s)" means the date(s) upon which the employer pays earnings to the debtor in the ordinary course of business. If the judgment debtor has no regular payday, payday(s) means the 15th and the last day of each month.

THE THIRD PARTY/EMPLOYER MUST ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION:

(1) Do you now owe, or within 70 days from the date the execution levy was served on you, will you or may you owe money to the judgment debtor for earnings?

Yes No

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE EARNINGS DISCLOSURE

A. If your answer to question 1 is "No," then you must sign the affirmation below and return this disclosure to the judgment creditor's attorney within 20 days after it was served on you, and you do not need to answer the remaining questions.

B. If your answer to question 1 is "Yes," you must complete this form and the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet as follows:

For each payday that falls within 70 days from the date the execution levy was served on you, YOU MUST calculate the amount of earnings to be retained by completing steps 2 through 8 on page 2, and enter the amounts on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet. UPON REQUEST, THE EMPLOYER MUST PROVIDE THE DEBTOR WITH INFORMATION AS TO HOW THE CALCULATIONS REQUIRED BY THIS DISCLOSURE WERE MADE.

Each payday, you must retain the amount of earnings listed in column G on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet.

You must pay the attached earnings and return this earnings disclosure form and the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet to the judgment creditor's attorney and deliver a copy of the disclosure and worksheet to the judgment debtor within ten days after the last payday that falls within the 70–day period. If the judgment is wholly satisfied or if the judgment debtor's employment ends before the expiration of the 70–day period, your disclosure and remittance should be made within ten days after the last payday for which earnings were attached.

For steps 2 through 8, "columns" refers to columns on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet.

- (2) COLUMN A. Enter the date of judgment debtor's payday.
- (3) COLUMN B. Enter judgment debtor's gross earnings for each payday.
- (4) COLUMN C. Enter judgment debtor's disposable earnings for each payday.

- (5) COLUMN D. Enter either 50, 55, 60, or 65 percent of disposable earnings, based on which of the following descriptions fits the child support judgment debtor:
- (a) 50 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);
- (b) 55 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);
- (c) 60 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received); or
- (d) 65 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received). (Multiply column C by .50, .55, .60, or .65, as appropriate.)
- (6) COLUMN E. Enter here any amount claimed by you as a setoff, defense, lien, or claim, or any amount claimed by any other person as an exemption or adverse interest that would reduce the amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor. (Note: Any indebtedness to you incurred within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy on a debt may not be set off against the earnings otherwise subject to this levy. Any wage assignment made by the judgment debtor within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy on a debt is void.)

You must also describe your claim(s) and the claims of others, if known, in the space provided below the worksheet and state the name(s) and address(es) of these persons.

Enter zero in column E if there are no claims by you or others that would reduce the amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor.

(7) COLUMN F. Subtract the amount in column E from the amount in column D and enter here. This is the amount of earnings that you must remit for the payday for which the calculations were made.

AFFIRMATION

rized	by the third party/	on signing Affirmation), a employer to complete th of my knowledge.	am the third party/employer or I am autho- is earnings disclosure, and have done so						
Dated	l:	•••	Signature						
			Title						
	•		Telephone Number						
EAR	NINGS DI S CLOS	URE WORKSHEET	Debtor's Name						
A Payda Date	ny	B Gross Earnings	C Disposable Earnings						
1.		\$	\$						
2.	• • • • • • •								
3.			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
4.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
5.	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •							
6.	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							
7.	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							
8.			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
9.		• • • • • • • •							
10.									

ESOTA STATUTES 1999 SUPPLEMENT

551.06

ATTORNEY'S SUMMARY EXECUTIONS 220. Either 50, 55, Setoff, Lien, Column D 60, or 65% of Column C Adverse minus Column E Column C Interest, or Other Claims 3. 10. TOTAL OF COLUMN F \$ *If you entered any amount in column E for any payday(s), you must describe below either your claims, or the claims of others. For amounts claimed by others, you must both state the names and addresses of such persons, and the nature of their claim, if known.

I, (person signing Affirmation), am the third party or I am authorized by the third party to complete this earnings disclosure worksheet, and have done so truthfully and to the best of my knowledge.

Signature (..) Title Phone Number

[For text of subds 11 to 14, see M.S.1998]

History: 1999 c 107 s 66; 1999 c 159 s 145