CHAPTER 270

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

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270.07 POWER TO ABATE; CORRECTION OF ERRORS.

Subdivision 1. Powers of commissioner; application for abatement; orders. (a) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of all blanks and books required under this chapter and shall hear and determine all matters of grievance relating to taxation. Except for matters delegated to the various boards of county commissioners under section 375.192, and except as otherwise provided by law, the commissioner shall have power to grant such reduction or abatement of net tax capacities or taxes and of any costs, penalties or interest thereon as the commissioner may deem just and equitable, and to order the refundment, in whole or in part, of any taxes, costs, penalties or interest thereon which have been erroneously or unjustly paid. Application therefor shall be submitted with a statement of facts in the case and the favorable recommendation of the county board or of the board of abatement of any city where any such board exists, and the county auditor of the county wherein such tax was levied or paid. In the case of taxes other than gross earnings taxes, the order may be made only on application and approval as provided in this paragraph. No reduction, abatement, or refundment of any special assessments made or levied by any municipality for local improvements shall be made unless it is also approved by the board of review or similar taxing authority of such municipality.

- (b) The commissioner has the power to grant reductions or abatements of gross earnings tax. An application for reduction of gross earnings taxes may be made directly to the commissioner without the favorable action of the county board and county auditor. The commissioner shall direct that any gross earnings taxes that may have been erroneously or unjustly paid be applied against unpaid taxes due from the applicant.
- (c) The commissioner shall forward to the county auditor a copy of the order made by the commissioner in all cases in which the approval of the county board is required.
- (d) The commissioner may refer any question that may arise in reference to the true construction of this chapter to the attorney general, and the decision thereon shall be in force and effect until annulled by the judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (e) The commissioner may by written order abate, reduce, or refund any penalty or interest imposed by any law relating to taxation, if in the commissioner's opinion the failure to timely pay the tax or failure to timely file the return is due to reasonable cause, or if the tax-payer is located in a presidentially declared disaster area.
- (f) An appeal may not be taken to the tax court from any order of the commissioner of revenue made in the exercise of the discretionary authority granted in paragraph (a) with respect to the reduction or abatement of real or personal property taxes in response to a taxpayer's application for an abatement, reduction, or refund of taxes, net tax capacities, costs, penalties, or interest.

[For text of subds Ia to 6, see M.S.1998]

History: 1999 c 243 art 16 s 4

270.65 DATE OF ASSESSMENT; DEFINITION.

For purposes of taxes administered by the commissioner, the term "date of assessment" means the date a return was filed or the date a return should have been filed, whichever is later; or, in the case of taxes determined by the commissioner, "date of assessment" means the date of the order assessing taxes; or, in the case of an amended return filed by the taxpayer, the assessment date is the date the return was filed with the commissioner; or, in the case of a check from a taxpayer that is dishonored and results in an erroneous refund being given to the

taxpayer, remittance of the check is deemed to be an assessment and the "date of assessment" is the date the check was received by the commissioner.

History: 1999 c 243 art 16 s 5

270.67 AGREEMENTS REGARDING TAX LIABILITY OR EXTENSION OF PAYMENT OF TAX.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S.1998]

- Subd. 4. Offer-in-compromise and installment payment program. (a) In implementing the authority provided in subdivision 1 or in section 8.30 to accept offers of installment payments or offers-in-compromise of tax liabilities, the commissioner of revenue shall prescribe guidelines for employees of the department of revenue to determine whether an offer-in-compromise or an offer to make installment payments is adequate and should be accepted to resolve a dispute. In prescribing the guidelines, the commissioner shall develop and publish schedules of national and local allowances designed to provide that taxpayers entering into a compromise or payment agreement have an adequate means to provide for basic living expenses. The guidelines must provide that the tax payer's ownership interest in a motor vehicle, to the extent of the value allowed in section 550.37, will not be considered as an asset; in the case of an offer related to a joint tax liability of spouses, that value of two motor vehicles must be excluded. The guidelines must provide that employees of the department shall determine, on the basis of the facts and circumstances of each taxpayer, whether the use of the schedules is appropriate and that employees must not use the schedules to the extent the use would result in the taxpayer not having adequate means to provide for basic living expenses. The guidelines must provide that:
- (1) an employee of the department shall not reject an offer–in–compromise or an offer to make installment payments from a low–income taxpayer solely on the basis of the amount of the offer; and
- (2) in the case of an offer–in–compromise which relates only to issues of liability of the taxpayer:
- (i) the offer must not be rejected solely because the commissioner is unable to locate the taxpayer's return or return information for verification of the liability; and.
- (ii) the taxpayer shall not be required to provide an audited, reviewed, or compiled financial statement.
 - (b) The commissioner shall establish procedures:
- (1) that require presentation of a counteroffer or a written rejection of the offer by the commissioner if the amount offered by the taxpayer in an offer—in—compromise or an offer to make installment payments is not accepted by the commissioner;
- (2) for an administrative review of any written rejection of a proposed offer–in–compromise or installment agreement made by a taxpayer under this section before the rejection is communicated to the taxpayer;
- (3) that allow a taxpayer to request reconsideration of any written rejection of the offer or agreement to the commissioner of revenue to determine whether the rejection is reasonable and appropriate under the circumstances; and
- (4) that provide for notification to the taxpayer when an offer-in-compromise has been accepted, and issuance of certificates of release of any liens imposed under section 270.69 related to the liability which is the subject of the compromise.

History: 1999 c 243 art 16 s 6

270.68 LEGAL ACTION; CONFESSION OF JUDGMENT.

Subdivision 1. **Legal action.** (a) In addition to all other methods authorized by law for the collection of tax, if any tax payable to the commissioner of revenue or to the department of revenue, including penalties and interest thereon, is not paid within 60 days after it is required by law to be paid, the commissioner of revenue may proceed under this subdivision. Within five years after the date of assessment of the tax or at any time a lien filed under section 270.69 is enforceable, or, if the action is to renew or enforce a judgment, at any time

before the judgment's expiration, the commissioner may bring an action in court against the person liable for the payment or collection of the tax, in the name of the state, for the recovery of the tax and interest and penalties due in respect thereof. The action may be commenced by the commissioner in the same manner as any other civil action.

- (b) The commissioner may also serve the summons and complaint by mailing a copy to the taxpayer's last known address by certified mail. Service by certified mail is complete when mailed in acceptable form with the United States Postal Service or with the central mail system of the state of Minnesota.
- (c) The commissioner may call upon the county attorney or the attorney general to conduct the proceedings on behalf of the state. If a proceeding is referred to a county attorney, and the county attorney fails to issue or cause to be issued an indictment or criminal complaint within 30 days after the referral by the commissioner, the attorney general may conduct the proceeding.

[For text of subds 2 to 4, see M.S.1998]

History: 1999 c 143 s 1

270.78 PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO MAKE PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER.

In addition to other applicable penalties imposed by law, after notification from the commissioner of revenue to the taxpayer that payments for a tax administered by the commissioner are required to be made by means of electronic funds transfer, and the payments are remitted by some other means, there is a penalty in the amount of five percent of each payment that should have been remitted electronically. The penalty can be abated under the abatement procedures prescribed in section 270.07, subdivision 6, if the failure to remit the payment electronically is due to reasonable cause. The penalty bears interest at the rate specified in section 270.75 from the due date of the payment of the tax to the date of payment of the penalty.

History: 1999 c 243 art 16 s 7