CHAPTER 15
STATE AGENCIES IN GENERAL

15.014 ADVISORY TASK FORCES.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.1998]

Subd. 3. Task force for curriculum development purposes. In addition to the task forces for which compensation of members is authorized in subdivision 2, the commissioner of children, families, and learning may create not to exceed ten task forces, to be compensated as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 6. A task force created pursuant to this subdivision shall be for curriculum development purposes only and shall expire within one year after its creation. The task force shall report to the commissioner before its expiration or upon the completion of its task, whichever occurs first.

History: 1998 c 398 art 5 s 55

15.059 ADVISORY COUNCILS AND COMMITTEES.

[For text of subds 1 to 5, see M.S.1998]

Subd. 5a. Later expiration. Notwithstanding subdivision 5, the advisory councils and committees listed in this subdivision do not expire June 30, 1997. These groups expire June 30, 2001, unless the law creating the group or this subdivision specifies an earlier expiration date.

Investment advisory council, created in section 11A.08;
Intergovernmental information systems advisory council, created in section 16B.42, expires June 30, 1999;
Feedlot and manure management advisory committee, created in section 17.136;
Aquaculture advisory committee, created in section 17.49;
Dairy producers board, created in section 17.76;
Pesticide applicator education and examination review board, created in section 18B.305;
Advisory seed potato certification task force, created in section 21.112;
Food safety advisory committee, created in section 28A.20;
Minnesota organic advisory task force, created in section 31.95;
Public programs risk adjustment work group, created in section 62Q.03;
Workers’ compensation self–insurers’ advisory committee, created in section 79A.02;
Youth corps advisory committee, created in section 84.0887;
Iron range off–highway vehicle advisory committee, created in section 85.013;
Mineral coordinating committee, created in section 93.002;
Game and fish fund citizen advisory committees, created in section 97A.055;
Wetland heritage advisory committee, created in section 103G.2242;
Wastewater treatment technical advisory committee, created in section 115.54;
Solid waste management advisory council, created in section 115A.12;
Nuclear waste council, created in section 116C.711;
Genetically engineered organism advisory committee, created in section 116C.93;
Environment and natural resources trust fund advisory committee, created in section 116P.06;
Child abuse prevention advisory council, created in section 119A.13;
Chemical abuse and violence prevention council, created in section 119A.293;
Youth neighborhood centers advisory board, created in section 119A.295;
Interagency coordinating council, created in section 125A.28, expires June 30, 1999;
Desegregation/integration advisory board, created in section 124D.892;
Nonpublic education council, created in section 123B.445;
Permanent school fund advisory committee, created in section 127A.30;
Indian scholarship committee, created in section 124D.84, subdivision 2;
American Indian education committees, created in section 124D.80;
Summer scholarship advisory committee, created in section 124D.95;
Multicultural education advisory committee, created in section 124D.894;
Male responsibility and fathering grants review committee, created in section 124D.33;
Library for the blind and physically handicapped advisory committee, created in section 134.31;
Higher education advisory council, created in section 136A.031;
Student advisory council, created in section 136A.031;
Cancer surveillance advisory committee, created in section 144.672;
Maternal and child health task force, created in section 145.881;
State community health advisory committee, created in section 145A.10;
Mississippi River Parkway commission, created in section 161.1419;
School bus safety advisory committee, created in section 169.435;
Advisory council on workers' compensation, created in section 175.007;
Code enforcement advisory council, created in section 175.008;
Medical services review board, created in section 176.103;
Apprenticeship advisory council, created in section 178.02;
OSHA advisory council, created in section 182.656;
Health professionals services program advisory committee, created in section 214.32;
Rehabilitation advisory council for the blind, created in section 248.10;
American Indian advisory council, created in section 254A.035;
Alcohol and other drug abuse advisory council, created in section 254A.04;
Medical assistance drug formulary committee, created in section 256B.0625;
Home care advisory committee, created in section 256B.071;
Preadmission screening, alternative care, and home and community-based services advisory committee, created in section 256B.0911;
Traumatic brain injury advisory committee, created in section 256B.093;
Minnesota commission serving deaf and hard-of-hearing people, created in section 256C.28;
American Indian child welfare advisory council, created in section 260.835;
Juvenile justice advisory committee, created in section 268.29;
Northeast Minnesota economic development fund technical advisory committees, created in section 298.2213;
Iron range higher education committee, created in section 298.2214;
Northeast Minnesota economic protection trust fund technical advisory committee, created in section 298.297;
Battered women's advisory council, created in section 611A.34.

[For text of subd 6, see M.S.1998]

History: 1999 c 86 art 1 s 6; 1999 c 139 art 4 s 2; 1999 c 216 art 2 s 28; 1999 c 241 art 10 s 8; 1999 c 245 art 2 s 1
political entities within the state, hereinafter "public officer," shall make and preserve all records necessary to a full and accurate knowledge of their official activities. Government records may be produced in the form of computerized records. All government records shall be made on a physical medium of a quality to insure permanent records. Every public officer is empowered to reproduce records if the records are not deemed to be of permanent or archival value by the commissioner of administration and the records disposition panel under section 138.17. The public officer is empowered to reproduce these records by any photographic, photostatic, microphotographic, optical disk imaging system, microfilming, or other reproduction method that clearly and accurately reproduces the records. If a record is deemed to be of permanent or archival value, any reproduction of the record must meet archival standards specified by the Minnesota historical society provided, however, that this section does not prohibit the use of nonerasable optical imaging systems for the preservation of archival records without the preservation of paper or microfilm copies. Each public officer may order that those photographs, photostats, microphotographs, microfilms, optical images, or other reproductions, be substituted for the originals of them. The public officer may direct the destruction or sale for salvage or other disposition of the originals from which they were made, in accordance with the disposition requirements of section 138.17. Photographs, photostats, microphotographs, microfilms, optical images, or other reproductions are for all purposes deemed the original recording of the papers, books, documents, and records reproduced when so ordered by any public officer and are admissible as evidence in all courts and proceedings of every kind. A facsimile or exemplified or certified copy of a photograph, photostat, microphotograph, microfilm, optical image, or other reproduction, or an enlargement or reduction of it, has the same effect and weight as evidence as would a certified or exemplified copy of the original.

Subd. 2. Responsibility for records. The chief administrative officer of each public agency shall be responsible for the preservation and care of the agency’s government records, which shall include written or printed books, papers, letters, contracts, documents, maps, plans, computer-based data, and other records made or received pursuant to law or in connection with the transaction of public business. It shall be the duty of each agency, and of its chief administrative officer, to carefully protect and preserve government records from deterioration, mutilation, loss, or destruction. Records or record books may be repaired, renovated, or rebound when necessary to preserve them properly.

History: 1999 c 227 s II,12

15.50 CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURAL AND PLANNING BOARD.

Subd. 2. Capitol area plan. (a) The board shall prepare, prescribe, and from time to time, after a public hearing, amend a comprehensive use plan for the capitol area, called the area in this subdivision, which consists of that portion of the city of Saint Paul comprehended within the following boundaries: Beginning at the point of intersection of the center line of the Arch–Pennsylvania freeway and the center line of Marion Street, thence southerly along the center line of Marion Street extended to a point 50 feet south of the south line of Concordia Avenue, thence southeasterly along a line extending 50 feet from the south line of Concordia Avenue to a point 125 feet from the west line of John Ireland Boulevard, thence southwesterly along a line extending 125 feet from the west line of John Ireland Boulevard to the south line of Dayton Avenue, thence northeasterly from the south line of Dayton Avenue to the west line of John Ireland Boulevard, thence northeasterly to the center line of the intersection of Old Kellogg Boulevard and Summit Avenue, thence northeasterly along the center line of Summit Avenue to the center line of the new West Kellogg Boulevard, thence southerly along the east line of the new West Kellogg Boulevard, to the east line of the right–of–way of Interstate Highway 35–E, thence northeasterly along the east line of the right–of–way of Interstate Highway 35–E to the south line of the right–of–way of Interstate Highway 94, thence easterly along the south line of the right–of–way of Interstate Highway 94 to the west line of St. Peter Street, thence southerly to the south line of Exchange Street, thence easterly...
along the south line of Exchange Street to the west line of Cedar Street, thence northerly along the west line of Cedar Street to the center line of Tenth Street, thence northeasterly along the center line of Tenth Street to the center line of Minnesota Street, thence northwesterly along the center line of Minnesota Street to the center line of Eleventh Street, thence northeasterly along the center line of Eleventh Street to the center line of Jackson Street, thence northwesterly along the center line of Jackson Street to the center line of the Arch–Pennsylvania freeway extended, thence westerly along the center line of the Arch–Pennsylvania freeway extended and Marion Street to the point of origin.

Under the comprehensive plan, or a portion of it, the board may regulate, by means of zoning rules adopted under the Administrative Procedure Act, the kind, character, height, and location, of buildings and other structures constructed or used, the size of yards and open spaces, the percentage of lots that may be occupied, and the uses of land, buildings and other structures, within the area. To protect and enhance the dignity, beauty, and architectural integrity of the capitol area, the board is further empowered to include in its zoning rules design review procedures and standards with respect to any proposed construction activities in the capitol area significantly affecting the dignity, beauty, and architectural integrity of the area. No person may undertake these construction activities as defined in the board's rules in the capitol area without first submitting construction plans to the board, obtaining a zoning permit from the board, and receiving a written certification from the board specifying that the person has complied with all design review procedures and standards. Violation of the zoning rules is a misdemeanor. The board may, at its option, proceed to abate any violation by injunction. The board and the city of Saint Paul shall cooperate in assuring that the area adjacent to the capitol area is developed in a manner that is in keeping with the purpose of the board and the provisions of the comprehensive plan.

(b) The commissioner of administration shall act as a consultant to the board with regard to the physical structural needs of the state. The commissioner shall make studies and report the results to the board when it requests reports for its planning purpose.

(c) No public building, street, parking lot, or monument, or other construction may be built or altered on any public lands within the area unless the plans for the project conform to the comprehensive use plan as specified in paragraph (d) and to the requirement for competitive plans as specified in paragraph (c). No alteration substantially changing the external appearance of any existing public building approved in the comprehensive plan or the exterior or interior design of any proposed new public building the plans for which were secured by competition under paragraph (e) may be made without the prior consent of the board. The commissioner of administration shall consult with the board regarding internal changes having the effect of substantially altering the architecture of the interior of any proposed building.

(d) The comprehensive plan must show the existing land uses and recommend future uses including: areas for public taking and use; zoning for private land and criteria for development of public land, including building areas, open spaces, monuments, and other memorials; vehicular and pedestrian circulation; utilities systems; vehicular storage; elements of landscape architecture. No substantial alteration or improvement may be made to public lands or buildings in the area without the written approval of the board.

(e) The board shall secure by competitions plans for any new public building. Plans for any comprehensive plan, landscaping scheme, street plan, or property acquisition that may be proposed, or for any proposed alteration of any existing public building, landscaping scheme or street plan may be secured by a similar competition. A competition must be conducted under rules prescribed by the board and may be of any type which meets the competition standards of the American Institute of Architects. Designs selected become the property of the state of Minnesota, and the board may award one or more premiums in each competition and may pay the costs and fees that may be required for its conduct. At the option of the board, plans for projects estimated to cost less than $1,000,000 may be approved without competition provided the plans have been considered by the advisory committee described in paragraph (h). Plans for projects estimated to cost less than $400,000 and for construction of streets need not be considered by the advisory committee if in conformity with the comprehensive plan.
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(f) Notwithstanding paragraph (e), an architectural competition is not required for the design of any light rail transit station and alignment within the capitol area. The board and its advisory committee shall select a preliminary design for any transit station in the capitol area. Each stage of any station’s design through working drawings must be reviewed by the board’s advisory committee and approved by the board to ensure that the station’s design is compatible with the comprehensive plan for the capitol area and the board’s design criteria. The guideway and track design of any light rail transit alignment within the capitol area must also be reviewed by the board’s advisory committee and approved by the board.

(g) Of the amount available for the light rail transit design, adequate funds must be available to the board for design framework studies and review of preliminary plans for light rail transit alignment and stations in the capitol area.

(h) The board may not adopt any plan under paragraph (e) unless it first receives the comments and criticism of an advisory committee of three persons, each of whom is either an architect or a planner, who have been selected and appointed as follows: one by the board of the arts, one by the board, and one by the Minnesota Society of the American Institute of Architects. Members of the committee may not be contestants under paragraph (e). The comments and criticism must be a matter of public information. The committee shall advise the board on all architectural and planning matters. For that purpose, the committee must be kept currently informed concerning, and have access to, all data, including all plans, studies, reports and proposals, relating to the area as the data are developed or in the process of preparation, whether by the commissioner of administration, the commissioner of trade and economic development, the metropolitan council, the city of Saint Paul, or by any architect, planner, agency or organization, public or private, retained by the board or not retained and engaged in any work or planning relating to the area, and a copy of any data prepared by any public employee or agency must be filed with the board promptly upon completion.

The board may employ stenographic or technical help that may be reasonable to assist the committee to perform its duties.

When so directed by the board, the committee may serve as, and any member or members of the committee may serve on, the jury or as professional advisor for any architectural competition, and the board shall select the architectural advisor and jurors for any competition with the advice of the committee.

The city of Saint Paul shall advise the board.

(i) The comprehensive plan for the area must be developed and maintained in close cooperation with the commissioner of trade and economic development, the planning department and the council for the city of Saint Paul, and the board of the arts, and no plan or amendment of a plan may be effective without 90 days’ notice to the planning department of the city of Saint Paul and the board of the arts and without a public hearing with opportunity for public testimony.

(j) The board and the commissioner of administration, jointly, shall prepare, prescribe, and from time to time revise standards and policies governing the repair, alteration, furnishing, appearance, and cleanliness of the public and ceremonial areas of the state capitol building. The board shall consult with and receive advice from the director of the Minnesota state historical society regarding the historic fidelity of plans for the capitol building. The standards and policies developed under this paragraph are binding upon the commissioner of administration. The provisions of chapter 14, including section 14.386, do not apply to this paragraph.

(k) The board in consultation with the commissioner of administration shall prepare and submit to the legislature and the governor no later than October 1 of each even-numbered year a report on the status of implementation of the comprehensive plan together with a program for capital improvements and site development, and the commissioner of administration shall provide the necessary cost estimates for the program. The board shall report any changes to the comprehensive plan adopted by the board to the committee on governmental operations and gambling of the house of representatives and the committee on governmental operations and reform of the senate and upon request shall provide testimony concerning the changes. The board shall also provide testimony to the legislature on proposals for memo-
rials in the capitol area as to their compatibility with the standards, policies, and objectives of the comprehensive plan.

(I) The state shall, by the attorney general upon the recommendation of the board and within appropriations available for that purpose, acquire by gift, purchase, or eminent domain proceedings any real property situated in the area described in this section, and it may also acquire an interest less than a fee simple interest in the property, if it finds that the property is needed for future expansion or beautification of the area.

(m) The board is the successor of the state veterans service building commission, and as such may adopt rules and may reenact the rules adopted by its predecessor under Laws 1945, chapter 315, and amendments to it.

(n) The board shall meet at the call of the chair and at such other times as it may prescribe.

(o) The commissioner of administration shall assign quarters in the state veterans service building to (1) the department of veterans affairs, of which a part that the commissioner of administration and commissioner of veterans affairs may mutually determine must be on the first floor above the ground, and (2) the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Disabled American Veterans, Military Order of the Purple Heart, United Spanish War Veterans, and Veterans of World War I, and their auxiliaries, incorporated, or when incorporated, under the laws of the state, and (3) as space becomes available, to other state departments and agencies as the commissioner may deem desirable.

[For text of subds. 2a to 10, see M.S.1998]

History: 1999 c 250 art 1 s 44

15.90 [Repealed, 1999 c 250 art 1 s 115]
15.91 [Repealed, 1999 c 250 art 1 s 115]
15.92 [Repealed, 1999 c 250 art 1 s 115]