CHAPTER 403

LOCAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICES

403.01	Emergency telephone system.	403.07	Standards established.
403.02	Definitions.	403.08	Plans to be submitted.
403.03	Services to be provided.	403.09	Enforcement.
403.04	Emergency telephone number; pay	403.10	Cooperative agreements.
	telephones.	403.11	System costs.
403.05	Design of system.	403.113	Enhanced 911 service costs
403.06	System planning and coordination.	403.12	Report to legislature.

403.01 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

Subdivision 1. General requirement. Each county in the metropolitan area shall establish a 911 emergency telephone system on or before December 15, 1982 and each remaining county shall establish a 911 emergency telephone system on or before December 15, 1986.

Subd. 2. Multijurisdictional systems. The 911 systems may be multijurisdictional and regional in character provided that design and implementation are preceded by cooperative planning on a county-by-county basis with local public safety agencies.

History: 1977 c 311 s 1

403.02 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 403.01 to 403.12, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.

- Subd. 2. Metropolitan area. "Metropolitan area" means the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.
- Subd. 3. Public agency. "Public agency" means any unit of local government or special purpose district located in whole or in part within this state which provides or has authority to provide fire fighting, police, ambulance, medical, or other emergency services.
- Subd. 4. Public safety agency. "Public safety agency" means a functional division of a public agency which provides fire fighting, police, medical, or other emergency services, or a private entity which provides emergency medical or ambulance services.
- Subd. 5. Public safety answering point. "Public safety answering point" means a communications facility operated on a 24 hour basis which first receives 911 calls from persons in a 911 service area and which may, as appropriate, directly dispatch public safety services or extend, transfer, or relay 911 calls to appropriate public safety agencies.
- Subd. 6. Minimum 911 service. "Minimum 911 service" means a telephone service meeting the design standards established pursuant to section 403.07, which automatically connects a person dialing the digits 911 to an established public safety answering point. Minimum 911 service includes (1) equipment for connecting and outswitching 911 calls within a telephone central office, trunking facilities from the central office to a public safety answering point; (2) equipment, as appropriate, for automatically selectively routing 911 calls in situations where one telephone central office serves more than one public safety answering point; and (3) provision of automatic location identification if the public safety answering point has the capability of providing that service.
- Subd. 7. Automatic location identification. "Automatic location identification" means the process of electronically identifying and displaying on a special viewing screen the name of the subscriber and the address of the calling telephone number to a person answering a 911 emergency call.
- Subd. 8. Local location identification. "Local location identification" means the process of locating the origin of calls to a 911 system by means of a periodically updated database located and maintained at the public safety answering point.

452

MINNESOTA STATUTES 1994

403.02 LOCAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICES

Subd. 9. Enhanced 911 service. "Enhanced 911 service" means the use of selective routing, automatic location identification, or local location identification as part of local 911 service.

History: 1977 c 311 s 2: 1987 c 56 s 1,2: 1990 c 543 s 1: 1994 c 616 s 6

403.03 SERVICES TO BE PROVIDED.

Services available through a 911 system shall include police, fire fighting and emergency medical and ambulance services. Other emergency and civil defense services may be incorporated into the 911 system at the discretion of the public agency operating the public safety answering point.

History: 1977 c 311 s 3

403.04 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: PAY TELEPHONES.

Subdivision 1. 911 system. The digits 911 shall be the primary emergency telephone number within the system, but a public safety agency whose services are available on the 911 system may maintain a separate secondary backup number for emergency calls and shall maintain a separate number for nonemergency telephone calls.

Subd. 2. Pay telephones. By December 15, 1986, each public utility providing telephone service within a 911 service area shall convert every pay station telephone to permit dialing of the 911 number without coin or other charge to the caller.

History: 1977 c 311 s 4

403.05 DESIGN OF SYSTEM.

Each county shall design its 911 system to meet the requirements of agencies whose services are available through the 911 system and to permit future expansion of the system.

History: 1977 c 311 s 5

403.06 SYSTEM PLANNING AND COORDINATION.

The department of administration shall coordinate the implementation of 911 systems on or before the deadlines established in section 403.01. The department shall aid counties in the formulation of concepts, methods and procedures which will improve the operation of 911 systems.

History: 1977 c 311 s 6

403.07 STANDARDS ESTABLISHED.

Subdivision 1. **Rules.** The department of administration shall establish and adopt in accordance with chapter 14, rules for the administration of sections 403.01 to 403.12 and for the development of 911 systems in the state including:

- (a) Design standards for 911 systems incorporating the standards adopted pursuant to subdivision 2 for the seven county metropolitan area; and
- (b) A procedure for determining and evaluating requests for variations from the established design standards.
- Subd. 2. Design standards. The metropolitan council shall establish and adopt design standards for the metropolitan area 911 system and transmit them to the department of administration for incorporation into the rules adopted pursuant to this section.
- Subd. 3. Database. In 911 systems that have been approved by the department of administration for a local location identification base, each public utility providing telephone service shall provide current customer names, service addresses, and telephone numbers to each public safety answering point within the 911 system and shall update the information according to a schedule prescribed by the county 911 plan. Information provided under this subdivision must be provided in accordance with the transactional

record disclosure requirements of the federal Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986, United States Code, title 18, section 2703, subsection (c), paragraph (1), clause (B)(iv).

Subd. 4. Use of furnished information. Names, addresses, and telephone numbers provided to a 911 system under subdivision 3 are private data and may be used only for identifying the location or identity, or both, of a person calling a 911 public safety answering point. The information furnished under subdivision 3 may not be used or disclosed by 911 system agencies, their agents, or their employees for any other purpose except under a court order. A telephone company or telecommunications provider is not liable to any person for the good faith release to emergency communications personnel of information not in the public record, including, but not limited to, nonpublished or nonlisted telephone numbers.

History: 1977 c 311 s 7; 1982 c 424 s 130; 1990 c 543 s 2,3; 1991 c 319 s 21; 1994 c 618 art 1 s 38

403.08 PLANS TO BE SUBMITTED.

Subdivision 1. Tentative plans. (a) Before December 15, 1978, each county shall submit tentative plans for the establishment of a 911 system to the public utility or utilities providing public telephone service within the county, to the department of administration and to the public utilities commission.

- (b) The department of administration shall review the plan for consistency with the standards adopted pursuant to section 403.07 and report its findings to the county within six months of receipt of the plan.
- (c) The public utilities commission shall review the plan and comment to the county within six months of the receipt of the plan.
- (d) Each public utility providing telephone service within the county shall review the plan and transmit to the county good faith estimates of local system implementation expenses within six months of the receipt of the plan.
- Subd. 2. Final plans. (a) Before December 15, 1979, each county shall submit final plans for the establishment of a 911 system to the public utility or utilities providing public telephone service within the county, to the department of administration and to the public utilities commission. The final plan shall include a description of all capital and recurring costs for the proposed 911 system.
- (b) The department of administration shall review the final plan for consistency with the standards adopted pursuant to section 403.07 and approve or disapprove the plan within six months of receipt.
- (c) The public utilities commission shall review the final plan and determine that portion of plan implementation capital costs which may be applied to the utility company rate base and report findings to the county within six months of receipt of the plan.
- Subd. 3. Implementation contracts. After department of administration approval of design and public utilities commission report of findings, each county, together with the department of administration and the local governmental units or public agencies operating public safety answering points, shall contract with the appropriate public utility or utilities for the implementation of the approved 911 system plan.
- Subd. 4. Exception. Each county implementing a 911 system before December 15, 1978, shall submit to the department of administration and the public utilities commission in lieu of the required plan a report describing the system and stating its operational date.
- Subd. 5. System changes after December 14, 1978. Any subsequent changes to 911 systems described in subdivision 4 shall conform to standards established by the department of administration pursuant to section 403.07.
- Subd. 6. Waivers. After adoption of final 911 system plans, any county or utility may petition the department of administration for a waiver of all or portions of the requirements or time limits of sections 403.01 to 403.08. Waivers shall be granted upon

a demonstration by petitioner that the requirement is economically infeasible in the sense that federal or state funding for the initial capital investment required of the county to implement a 911 system is not available.

History: 1977 c 311 s 8; 1980 c 614 s 123

403.09 ENFORCEMENT.

At the request of the department of administration, the attorney general may commence proceedings in the district court against any person or public or private body to enforce the provisions of sections 403.01 to 403.12.

At the request of the public utilities commission, the attorney general may commence proceedings before the district court pursuant to section 237.27, against any public utility providing telephone service which refuses to comply with the provisions of sections 403.01 to 403.12.

History: 1977 c 311 s 9; 1980 c 614 s 123

403.10 COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.

Subdivision 1. Authority. In counties implementing 911 systems pursuant to sections 403.01 to 403.08, all public agencies and counties which are part of different 911 systems but share common boundary lines may enter into cooperative agreements which shall provide that once an emergency unit is dispatched in response to a request through the system, the unit shall render its services to the requesting party without regard to jurisdictional boundaries.

- Subd. 2. Notice to public safety agencies. Public safety agencies with jurisdictional responsibilities shall in all cases be notified by the public safety answering point of a request for service in their jurisdiction.
- Subd. 3. Allocating costs. Counties, public agencies, operating public safety answering points, and other local governmental units may enter into cooperative agreements under section 471.59 for the allocation of operational and capital costs attributable to the 911 system.

History: 1977 c 311 s 10

403.11 SYSTEM COSTS.

Subdivision 1. Emergency telephone service fee. (a) Each customer of a telephone company or communications carrier that provides service capable of originating a 911 emergency telephone call is assessed a fee to cover the costs of ongoing maintenance and related improvements for trunking and central office switching equipment for minimum 911 emergency telephone service, plus administrative and staffing costs of the department of administration related to managing the 911 emergency telephone service program. Recurring charges by a public utility providing telephone service for updating the information required by section 403.07, subdivision 3, must be paid by the commissioner of administration if the utility is included in an approved 911 plan and the charges have been certified and approved under subdivision 3. Money remaining in the 911 emergency telephone service account after all other obligations are paid must not cancel and is carried forward to subsequent years and may be appropriated from time to time to the commissioner of administration to provide financial assistance to counties for the improvement of local emergency telephone services. The improvements may include providing access to minimum 911 service for telephone service subscribers currently without access and upgrading existing 911 service to include automatic number identification, local location identification, automatic location identification, and other improvements specified in revised county 911 plans approved by the department.

(b) The fee may not be less than eight cents nor more than 30 cents a month for each customer access line or other basic access service, including trunk equivalents as designated by the public utilities commission for access charge purposes and including cellular and other nonwire access services. The fee must be the same for all customers.

- (c) The fee must be collected by each company or carrier providing service subject to the fee. Fees are payable to and must be submitted to the commissioner of administration monthly before the 25th of each month following the month of collection, except that fees may be submitted quarterly if less than \$250 a month is due, or annually if less than \$25 a month is due. Receipts must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a 911 emergency telephone service account in the special revenue fund. The money in the account may only be used for 911 telephone services as provided in paragraph (a).
- (d) The commissioner of administration, with the approval of the commissioner of finance, shall establish the amount of the fee within the limits specified and inform the companies and carriers of the amount to be collected. Companies and carriers must be given a minimum of 45 days notice of fee changes.
- (e) This subdivision does not apply to customers of a telecommunications carrier as defined in section 237.01, subdivision 6.
- Subd. 2. Modification costs. The costs of a public utility incurred in the modification of central office switching equipment for minimum 911 service shall be paid from the general fund of the state treasury by appropriations for that purpose.
- Subd. 3. Method of payment; certification. A public utility incurring reimbursable costs under subdivision 1 or 2 shall certify those costs to the commissioner of administration. The certification shall be in a form as prescribed by the commissioner after consultation with the public utilities commission. If the commissioner and the commission approve the certified costs as appropriate and accurate, the commissioner shall pay the certified costs from money appropriated for that purpose within 90 days following receipt by the commissioner of the certified costs. The commissioner of administration shall estimate the amount required to reimburse public utilities for the state's obligations under subdivisions 1 and 2 and the governor shall include the estimated amount in the biennial budget request.
- Subd. 4. Local recurring costs. Recurring costs of telephone communications equipment and services at public safety answering points shall be borne by the local governmental unit operating the public safety answering point or allocated pursuant to section 403.10, subdivision 3. Costs attributable to local government electives for services beyond minimum 911 service not otherwise addressed under section 403.113 shall be borne by the governmental unit requesting the elective service.

History: 1977 c 311 s 11; 1978 c 680 s 1; 1980 c 614 s 123,147; ISp1985 c 13 s 330; 1987 c 404 s 174; 1989 c 335 art 4 s 85; 1990 c 543 s 4; 1994 c 616 s 7,8; 1994 c 634 art 1 s 22

403.113 ENHANCED 911 SERVICE COSTS.

Subdivision 1. Fee. (a) In addition to the actual fee assessed under section 403.11, each customer receiving local telephone service, excluding cellular or other nonwire service, is assessed a fee to fund implementation and maintenance of enhanced 911 service, including acquisition of necessary equipment and the costs of the department of administration to administer the program. The actual fee assessed under section 403.11 and the enhanced 911 service fee must be collected as one amount and may not exceed the amount specified in section 403.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

- (b) The enhanced 911 service fee must be collected and deposited in the same manner as the fee in section 403.11 and used solely for the purposes of paragraph (a) and subdivision 3.
- (c) The commissioner of the department of administration, in consultation with counties and 911 system users, shall determine the amount of the enhanced 911 service fee and inform telephone companies of the total amount of the 911 service fees in the same manner as provided in section 403.11.
- Subd. 2. Distribution of money. (a) After payment of the costs of the department of administration to administer the program, the commissioner shall distribute the money collected under this section as follows:

- (1) one-half of the amount equally to all qualified counties; and
- (2) the remaining one-half to qualified counties and cities with existing 911 systems based on each county's or city's percentage of the total population of qualified counties and cities. The population of a qualified city with an existing system must be deducted from its county's population when calculating the county's share under this clause if the city seeks direct distribution of its share.
- (b) A county's share under subdivision 1 must be shared pro rata between the county and existing city systems in the county. A county or city shall deposit money received under this subdivision in an interest-bearing fund or account separate from the county's or city's general fund and may use money in the fund or account only for the purposes specified in subdivision 3.
- (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, a county or city is qualified to share in the distribution of money for enhanced 911 service if the county auditor certifies to the commissioner of administration the amount of the county's or city's levy for the cost of providing enhanced 911 service for taxes payable in the year in which money for enhanced 911 service will be distributed. The commissioner may not distribute money to a county or city in an amount greater than twice the amount of the county's or city's certified levy. A county or city is not qualified to share in the distribution of money for enhanced 911 service if, in addition to the levy required under this paragraph, it has not implemented enhanced 911 service before December 31, 1998.
- (d) For the purposes of this subdivision, "existing city system" means a city 911 system that provides at least basic 911 service and that was implemented on or before April 1, 1993.
- Subd. 3. Local expenditures. (a) Money distributed to counties or an existing city system for enhanced 911 service may be spent on enhanced 911 system costs for the purposes stated in subdivision 1, paragraph (a). In addition, money may be spent to lease, purchase, lease-purchase, or maintain enhanced 911 equipment, including telephone equipment; recording equipment; computer hardware; computer software for database provisioning, addressing, mapping, and any other software necessary for automatic location identification or local location identification; trunk lines; selective routing equipment; the master street address guide; dispatcher public safety answering point equipment proficiency and operational skills; and the equipment necessary within the public safety answering point to notify and communicate with the emergency services requested by the 911 caller.
 - (b) Money distributed for enhanced 911 service may not be spent on:
- (1) purchasing or leasing of real estate or cosmetic additions to or remodeling of communications centers;
- (2) mobile communications vehicles, fire engines, ambulances, law enforcement vehicles, or other emergency vehicles;
- (3) signs, posts, or other markers related to addressing or any costs associated with the installation or maintenance of signs, posts, or markers.
- Subd. 4. Audits. Each county and city shall conduct an annual audit on the use of funds distributed to it for enhanced 911 service. A copy of each audit report must be submitted to the commissioner of administration.
- Subd. 5. Fee review. By January 1, 1999, the commissioner of administration, in consultation with counties and 911 service users, shall review funding requirements for enhanced 911 system costs.

History: 1994 c 616 s 9

403.12 REPORT TO LEGISLATURE.

Subdivision 1. By January 1 of each year, the department of administration shall report to the legislature the progress that has been made in the implementation of sections 403.01 to 403.12.

Subd. 2. [Repealed, 1Sp1986 c 3 art 1 s 51]

MINNESOTA STATUTES 1994

LOCAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICES 403.12

Subd. 3. [Repealed, 1Sp1986 c 3 art 1 s 51] **History**: 1977 c 311 s 12; 1Sp1986 c 3 art 1 s 52

457