CHAPTER 84

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

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84.027 POWERS AND DUTIES.

[For text of subds 1 to 10, see M.S. 1992]

Subd. 11. Federal conservation grants. The commissioner of natural resources shall receive and administer grants under the land and water conservation grant program authorized by Congress in the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended.

History: 1993 c 172 s 32

84.0273 CORRECTION OF BOUNDARY LINES RELATING TO CERTAIN STATE LANDHOLDINGS.

In order to correct errors in legal descriptions affecting the ownership interests of the state and adjacent landowners, the commissioner of natural resources may, in the name of the state, convey, without monetary consideration, by quitclaim deed in such form as the attorney general approves, such rights, titles, and interests of the state in state lands for such rights, titles and interests in adjacent lands as are necessary for the purpose of correcting legal descriptions of boundaries. A notice of the proposed conveyance and a brief statement of the reason therefor shall be published once in the State Register by the commissioner between 15 and 30 days prior to conveyance. The provisions of this section are not intended to replace or supersede laws relating to land exchange or disposal of surplus state property.

History: 1993 c 285 s 1

84.0845 ADVANCE OF MATCHING FUNDS.

The commissioner may advance funds appropriated for fish and wildlife programs to government agencies, the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation, federally recognized Indian tribes and bands, and private, nonprofit organizations for the purposes of securing nonstate matching funds for projects involving acquisition and improvement of fish and wildlife habitat and related research and management. The commissioner shall execute agreements for contracts with the matching parties under section 16B.06 prior to advancing any state funds. The agreement or contract shall contain provisions for return of the state's share and the matching funds within a period of time

specified by the commissioner. The state's funds and the nonstate matching funds must be deposited in a separate account and expended solely for the purposes set forth in the agreement or contract. The commissioner shall enter into agreements or contracts only with the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation and federal and nonprofit authorities deemed by the commissioner to be dedicated to the purposes of the project.

History: 1993 c 269 s 1

84.14 DIRECTOR OF WILD RICE HARVEST.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 3. The commissioner may adopt rules for the harvesting of wild rice on all public waters or portions thereof. The rules need not include the opening dates, days, and hours of the wild rice harvesting season.

The opening dates, days, and hours of harvest shall be established by the commissioner and publicized in such manner as the commissioner shall by rule prescribe, no less than 48 hours prior to the opening thereof.

After the season for the taking of wild rice has been designated, the commissioner may alter the season by changing the days and the hours of the day during which such harvest may be conducted on any or all public waters or portions thereof. Whenever the commissioner alters the season notice thereof shall be published by posting in the vicinity of the waters or rice beds affected by such alteration at such places and in such manner as the commissioner shall by rule prescribe, no less than 12 hours prior to the time such alterations are to take effect.

[For text of subds 4 to 6, see M.S.1992]

History: 1993 c 231 s 1

84.1525 STROMATOLITES.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S. 1992]

- Subd. 2. Rules. The commissioner may adopt rules establishing criteria and procedures for:
 - (1) the issuance of stromatolite permits with reasonable conditions; and
- (2) the denial, modification, suspension, or revocation of stromatolite permits for cause.

History: 1993 c 231 s 2

84.524 CITIZEN'S ADVISORY TASK FORCE ON THE BOUNDARY WATERS CANOE AREA.

Subdivision 1. [Repealed, 1993 c 337 s 20]

Subd. 2. [Repealed, 1993 c 337 s 20]

84.54 [Repealed, 1993 c 163 art 1 s 35]

84.632 CONVEYANCE OF UNNEEDED STATE EASEMENTS.

- (a) Notwithstanding section 92.45, the commissioner of natural resources may, in the name of the state, release all or part of an easement acquired by the state upon application of a landowner whose property is burdened with the easement if the easement is not needed for state purposes.
- (b) All or part of an easement may be released by payment of consideration of not less than \$500, to be determined by the commissioner. The release must be in a form approved by the attorney general.
- (c) Money received for release of the easement must be credited to the account from which money was expended for purchase of the easement. If there is no specific account, the money must be credited to the land acquisition account established in section 94.165.

History: 1993 c 285 s 2

OFF-HIGHWAY MOTORCYCLES

84 787 DEFINITIONS

Subdivision 1. Scope. The definitions in this section apply to sections 84.787 to 84.796.

- Subd. 2. Accompanied. "Accompanied" means subject to continuous direction or control.
 - Subd. 3. City. "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city.
- Subd. 4. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of natural resources.
- Subd. 5. Dealer. "Dealer" means a person engaged in the business of selling off-highway motorcycles at wholesale or retail.
- Subd. 6. Manufacturer. "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the business of manufacturing off-highway motorcycles.
- Subd. 7. Off-highway motorcycle. "Off-highway motorcycle" means a motorized, off-highway vehicle traveling on two wheels and having a seat or saddle designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control, including a vehicle that is registered under chapter 168 for highway use if it is also used for off-highway operation on trails or unimproved terrain.
- Subd. 8. Owner. "Owner" means a person, other than a person with a security interest, that has a property interest in or title to an off-highway motorcycle and is entitled to the use and possession of the motorcycle.
- Subd. 9. **Person.** "Person" has the meaning given it in section 336.1-201, subsection (30).
- Subd. 10. Public road right-of-way. "Public road right-of-way" means the entire right-of-way of a town road or a county, county state-aid, or trunk highway, including the traveled portions, banks, ditches, shoulders, and medians.
- Subd. 11. Register. "Register" means the act of assigning a registration number to an off-highway motorcycle.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 1

84.788 REGISTRATION.

Subdivision 1. General requirements. Unless exempted in subdivision 2, after January 1, 1994, a person may not operate and an owner may not give permission for another to operate an off-highway motorcycle on public lands or waters unless the vehicle has been registered under this section.

- Subd. 2. Exemptions. Registration is not required for off-highway motorcycles:
- (1) owned and used by the United States, the state, another state, or a political subdivision;
- (2) registered in another state or country that have not been within this state for more than 30 consecutive days;
 - (3) used exclusively in organized track racing events;
 - (4) being used on private land with the permission of the landowner; or
- (5) registered under chapter 168, when operated on forest roads to gain access to a state forest campground.
- Subd. 3. Application; issuance; reports. Application for registration or continued registration must be made to the commissioner or an authorized deputy registrar of motor vehicles on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The form must state the name and address of every owner of the off-highway motorcycle and must be signed by at least one owner. Upon receipt of the application and the appropriate fee, the commissioner shall assign a registration number that must be affixed to the motorcycle in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner shall develop a registration system to register vehicles under this section. A deputy registrar of motor vehicles

acting under section 168.33, is also a deputy registrar of off-highway motorcycles. The commissioner of natural resources in agreement with the commissioner of public safety may prescribe the accounting and procedural requirements necessary to ensure efficient handling of registrations and registration fees. Deputy registrars shall strictly comply with the accounting and procedural requirements. A fee of 50 cents in addition to other fees prescribed by law is charged for each off-highway motorcycle registered by a deputy registrar and must be deposited in the treasury of the jurisdiction where the deputy is appointed, or kept if the deputy is not a public official.

- Subd. 4. Registration card; replacement fee. The commissioner shall provide to the registrant a registration card that includes the registration number, the date of registration, the make and scrial number of the off-highway motorcycle, the owner's name and address, and additional information the commissioner may require. Information concerning registrations must be kept by the commissioner. Upon a satisfactory showing that the registration card has been lost or destroyed, the commissioner shall issue a replacement registration card upon payment of a fee of \$4. The fees collected from replacement registration cards must be credited to the off-highway motorcycle account.
- Subd. 5. Report of transfers; fee. A person who sells or transfers ownership of an off-highway motorcycle registered under this section shall report the sale or transfer to the commissioner within 15 days of the date of transfer. An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the buyer on a form prescribed by the commissioner with the owner's registration certificate, a bill of sale, and a \$4 fee.
- Subd. 6. Registration fees. (a) The fee for registration of an off-highway motorcycle under this section, other than those registered by a dealer or manufacturer under paragraph (b) or (c), is \$30 for three years and \$4 for a duplicate or transfer.
- (b) The total registration fee for off-highway motorcycles owned by a dealer and operated for demonstration or testing purposes is \$50 per year. Dealer registrations are not transferable.
- (c) The total registration fee for off-highway motorcycles owned by a manufacturer and operated for research, testing, experimentation, or demonstration purposes is \$150 per year. Manufacturer registrations are not transferable.
- (d) The fees collected under this subdivision must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the off-highway motorcycle account.
- Subd. 7. Renewal. An owner of an off-highway motorcycle must renew registration in a manner prescribed by the commissioner upon payment of the appropriate registration fee in subdivision 6.
- Subd. 8. Vehicles owned by state or political subdivision. A registration number must be issued without the payment of a fee for off-highway motorcycles owned by the state or political subdivision upon application.
- Subd. 9. Licensing by political subdivisions. A political subdivision of this state may not require licensing or registration of off-highway motorcycles covered by sections 84.787 to 84.796.
- Subd. 10. **Registration by minors prohibited.** A person under the age of 18 may not register an off-highway motorcycle.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 2

84.789 REQUIREMENTS OF MAKERS OF OFF-HIGHWAY MOTORCYCLES.

Subdivision 1. **Identification number.** An off-highway motorcycle made after January 1, 1994, and sold in the state, must have a manufacturer's permanent identification number stamped in letters and numbers on the vehicle in the form and at a location prescribed by the commissioner.

Subd. 2. Registration number. An off-highway motorcycle made after January 1, 1995, and sold in the state, must be designed and made to provide an area to affix the registration number. This area must be at a location and of dimensions prescribed by the commissioner.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 3

84.79 RULEMAKING: ACCIDENT REPORT.

- (a) With a view of achieving proper use of off-highway motorcycles consistent with protection of the environment, the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioners of public safety and transportation, shall adopt rules under chapter 14 relating to:
 - (1) registration of off-highway motorcycles and display of registration numbers;
 - (2) use of off-highway motorcycles insofar as game and fish resources are affected;
- (3) use of off-highway motorcycles on public lands and waters under the jurisdiction of the commissioner:
- (4) uniform signs to be used by the state, counties, and cities necessary or desirable to control, direct, or regulate the operation and use of off-highway motorcycles; and
 - (5) off-highway motorcycle sound levels.
- (b) The commissioner of public safety, in consultation with the commissioners of natural resources and transportation, may adopt rules under chapter 14 regulating the use of off-highway motorcycles on public roads.
- (c) The operator and an officer investigating an accident of an off-highway motorcycle resulting in injury requiring medical attention or hospitalization to or death of a person or total damage to an extent of \$500 or more shall forward within ten days a written report of the accident to the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 4

84.791 EDUCATION AND TRAINING.

Subdivision 1. Program established. The commissioner shall establish a comprehensive off-highway motorcycle environment and safety education and training program, including the preparation and dissemination of vehicle information and safety advice to the public, the training of off-highway motorcycle operators, and the issuance of off-highway motorcycle safety certificates to operators under the age of 16 years who successfully complete the off-highway motorcycle environment and safety education and training courses.

- Subd. 2. Fee. For the purposes of administering the program and to defray a portion of the expenses of training and certifying vehicle operators, the commissioner shall collect a fee not to exceed \$5 from each person who receives the training. The fees must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the off-highway motorcycle account.
- Subd. 3. Cooperation and consultation. The commissioner shall cooperate with private organizations and associations, private and public corporations, and local governmental units in furtherance of the program established under this section. The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard to training program subject matter and performance testing that leads to the certification of offroad motorcycle operators.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 5

84.792 SIGNAL FROM OFFICER TO STOP.

An off-highway motorcycle operator, after having received a visual or audible signal from a law enforcement officer to come to a stop, may not:

- (1) operate an off-highway motorcycle in willful or wanton disregard of the signal to stop;
- (2) interfere with or endanger the law enforcement officer or another person or vehicle; or
 - (3) increase speed or attempt to flee or elude the officer.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 6

84.793 YOUTHFUL OPERATORS: PROHIBITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Prohibitions on youthful operators.** (a) After January 1, 1995, a person less than 16 years of age operating an off-highway motorcycle on public lands or waters must possess a valid off-highway motorcycle safety certificate issued by the commissioner.

- (b) Except for operation on public road rights-of-way that is permitted under section 84.795, subdivision 1, a driver's license issued by the state or another state is required to operate an off-highway motorcycle along or on a public road right-of-way.
 - (c) A person under 12 years of age may not:
 - (1) make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way;
- (2) operate an off-highway motorcycle on a public road right-of-way in the state; or
- (3) operate an off-highway motorcycle on public lands or waters unless accompanied on another off-highway motorcycle by a person 18 years of age or older.
- (d) Except for public road rights-of-way of interstate highways, a person less than 16 years of age may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway only if that person is accompanied on another off-highway motorcycle by a person 18 years of age or older who holds a valid driver's license.
- (e) A person less than 16 years of age may operate an off-highway motorcycle on public road rights-of-way in accordance with section 84.795, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), only if that person is accompanied on another off-highway motorcycle by a person 18 years of age or older who holds a valid driver's license.
- Subd. 2. Helmet required. A person less than 18 years of age may not operate an off-highway motorcycle on public land, public waters, or on a public road right-of-way unless wearing a safety helmet approved by the commissioner of public safety.
- Subd. 3. **Prohibitions on owner.** An owner of an off-highway motorcycle may not knowingly allow it to be operated contrary to this section.
- Subd. 4. Eye protection required. A person may not operate an off-highway motor-cycle without an eye-protective device.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 7

84.794 OFF-HIGHWAY MOTORCYCLE ACCOUNT; RECEIPTS AND ALLOCATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Registration revenue. Fees from the registration of off-highway motorcycles must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the off-highway motorcycle account in the natural resources fund.

- Subd. 2. Purposes. (a) Subject to appropriation by the legislature, money in the off-highway motorcycle account may only be spent for:
- (1) administration, enforcement, and implementation of sections 84.787 to 84.796;
- (2) acquisition, maintenance, and development of off-highway motorcycle trails and use areas; and
- (3) grants-in-aid to counties and municipalities to construct and maintain offhighway motorcycle trails and use areas.
- (b) The distribution of funds made available for grants-in-aid must be guided by the statewide comprehensive outdoor recreation plan.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 8

84.795 OPERATION REQUIREMENTS; LOCAL REGULATION.

Subdivision 1. **Operation on public road rights-of-way.** (a) A person may not operate an off-highway motorcycle within the right-of-way of a town road or a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway in this state unless the right-of-way encompasses:

- (1) a trail administered by the commissioner and designated for off-highway motorcycle use or multiple use; or
 - (2) a corridor access trail designated under paragraph (b).
- (b) A road authority, as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 9, may designate, with the approval of the commissioner, corridor access trails on public road rights-of-way for gaining access to established off-highway motorcycle trails.
- (c) A person may not operate an off-highway motorcycle upon a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway in this state unless the vehicle is equipped with at least one headlight and one taillight, each of minimum candlepower as prescribed by rule of the commissioner, and with brakes conforming to standards prescribed by rule of the commissioner, all of which are subject to the approval of the commissioner of public safety.
- (d) A person may not operate an off-highway motorcycle at any time within the right-of-way of an interstate highway or freeway within this state.
- Subd. 2. Crossing public road right-of-way. (a) A person operating an off-highway motorcycle may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way provided:
- (1) the crossing is made at an angle of approximately 90 degrees to the direction of the road and at a place where no obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing;
- (2) the off-highway motorcycle is brought to a complete stop before crossing the shoulder or main traveled way of the road;
- (3) the driver yields the right-of-way to all oncoming traffic that constitutes an immediate hazard;
- (4) in crossing a divided road, the crossing is made only at an intersection of the road with another public road; and
- (5) if the crossing is made between the hours of one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise or in conditions of reduced visibility, only if both front and rear lights are on.
- (b) Chapter 169 applies to the operation of off-highway motorcycles upon streets and highways, except for those provisions relating to required equipment and those provisions that by their nature have no application.
- Subd. 3. Exemptions. Subdivisions 1 and 2 do not apply to vehicles registered for public road use under chapter 168 when being operated on a traveled portion of a public road.
- Subd. 4. Operation generally. A person may not drive or operate an off-highway motorcycle:
- (1) at a rate of speed greater than reasonable or proper under the surrounding circumstances;
- (2) in a careless, reckless, or negligent manner so as to endanger or to cause injury or damage to the person or property of another;
- (3) in a tree nursery or planting in a manner that damages or destroys growing stock;
 - (4) without a brake operational by either hand or foot;
- (5) at a speed exceeding ten miles per hour on the frozen surface of public waters within 100 feet of a person fishing or a fishing shelter; or
 - (6) in a manner that violates operation rules adopted by the commissioner.
- Subd. 5. Operating under influence of alcohol or controlled substance. A person may not operate or be in control of an off-highway motorcycle anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, as provided in section 169.121, and is subject to section 169.123. A conservation officer of the department of natural resources is a peace officer for the purposes of sections 169.121 and 169.123 as applied to the operation of an off-highway motorcycle in a manner not subject to registration under chapter 168.
- Subd. 6. Operation prohibited on airports. A person may not drive or operate an off-highway motorcycle on an airport defined in section 360.013, subdivision 5.

Subd. 7. Organized contests. Nothing in this section or chapter 169 prohibits the use of off-highway motorcycles within the right-of-way of a state trunk or county state-aid highway or upon public lands or waters under the jurisdiction of the commissioner of natural resources, in an organized contest or event, subject to the consent of the official or board having jurisdiction over the highway or public lands or waters.

In permitting the contest or event, the official or board having jurisdiction may prescribe restrictions, conditions, or permit revocation procedures, as the official or board considers advisable.

- Subd. 8. Regulations by political subdivisions. A county, city, or town, acting through its governing body, may regulate the operation of off-highway motorcycles on public lands, waters, and property under its jurisdiction other than public road rights-of-way within its boundaries, by resolution or ordinance of the governing body and by giving appropriate notice, provided that:
- (1) the regulations must be consistent with sections 84.787 to 84.796 and rules adopted under section 84.79;
- (2) an ordinance may not impose a fee for the use of public land or water under the jurisdiction of either the department of natural resources or another agency of the state, or for the use of an access to it owned by the state, a county, or a city; and
- (3) an ordinance may not require an off-highway motorcycle operator to possess a motor vehicle driver's license while operating an off-highway motorcycle.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 9

84.796 PENALTIES.

A person who violates a provision of section 84.788, 84.789, 84.792, 84.793, or 84.795 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

History: 1993 c 311 art 1 s 10

OFF-ROAD VEHICLES

84.797 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Scope. The definitions in this section apply to sections 84.797 to 84.805.

- Subd. 2. City. "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city.
- Subd. 3. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of natural resources.
- Subd. 4. Dealer. "Dealer" means a person engaged in the business of selling offroad vehicles at wholesale or retail.
- Subd. 5. Manufacturer. "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the business of manufacturing off-road vehicles.
- Subd. 6. Off-road. "Off-road" means on trails or nonpublic roads or for cross-country travel on natural terrain. For purposes of sections 84.797 to 84.805, nonpublic roads include state forest roads, county forest roads, and other roads and trails that are not operated by a public road authority as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 9.
- Subd. 7. Off-road vehicle. "Off-road vehicle" or "vehicle" means a motor-driven recreational vehicle capable of cross-country travel on natural terrain without benefit of a road or trail. Off-road vehicle does not include a snowmobile; an all-terrain vehicle; a motorcycle; a watercraft; a farm vehicle being used for farming; a vehicle used for military, fire, emergency, or law enforcement purposes; a construction or logging vehicle used in the performance of its common function; a motor vehicle owned by or operated under contract with a utility, whether publicly or privately owned, when used for work on utilities; a commercial vehicle being used for its intended purpose; snow-grooming equipment when used for its intended purpose; or an aircraft.
- Subd. 8. Off-road vehicle use area. "Off-road vehicle use area" means an area that is posted or designated for off-road vehicle use in accordance with rules adopted by the managing authority.

- Subd. 9. Owner. "Owner" means a person, other than a person with a security interest, that has a property interest in or title to an off-road vehicle and is entitled to the use and possession of the vehicle.
- Subd. 10. **Person.** "Person" has the meaning given in section 336.1-201, paragraph (30).
- Subd. 11. Public road right-of-way. "Public road right-of-way" means the entire right-of-way of a roadway that is not privately owned, including the traveled portions, banks, ditches, shoulders, and medians.
- Subd. 12. Off-road vehicle staging area. "Off-road vehicle staging area" means a parking lot, trail head, campground, or other location to or from which an off-road vehicle is transported by truck, trailer, or other motor vehicle so that it may be placed into operation or removed from operation on public lands. Off-road vehicle staging area does not include a location to which an off-road vehicle is transported primarily for servicing, maintenance, repair, storage, or sale.

History: 1993 c 311 art 2 s 1

84.798 REGISTRATION.

Subdivision 1. General requirements. Unless exempted under subdivision 2, after January 1, 1995, a person may not operate and an owner may not give permission for another to operate a vehicle off-road, nor may a person have an off-road vehicle not registered under chapter 168 in possession at an off-road vehicle staging area, or designated trail or area, unless the vehicle has been registered under this section.

- Subd. 2. Exemptions. Registration is not required for an off-road vehicle that is:
- (1) owned and used by the United States, the state, another state, or a political subdivision; or
- (2) registered in another state or country and has not been in this state for more than 30 consecutive days.
- Subd. 3. Application; issuance. Application for registration or continued registration must be made to the commissioner, or an authorized deputy registrar of motor vehicles on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The form must state the name and address of every owner of the off-road vehicle and must be signed by at least one owner. Upon receipt of the application and the appropriate fee, the commissioner shall register the off-road vehicle and assign a registration number that must be affixed to the vehicle in accordance with subdivision 4. A deputy registrar of motor vehicles acting under section 168.33 is also a deputy registrar of off-road vehicles. The commissioner of natural resources in cooperation with the commissioner of public safety may prescribe the accounting and procedural requirements necessary to ensure efficient handling of registrations and registration fees. Deputy registrars shall strictly comply with the accounting and procedural requirements. A fee of 50 cents in addition to other fees prescribed by law must be charged for each off-road vehicle registered by a deputy registrar, and must be deposited in the treasury of the jurisdiction where the deputy is appointed, or retained if the deputy is not a public official.
- Subd. 4. Registration sticker. An off-road vehicle must display a registration sticker issued by the commissioner. If the vehicle is licensed as a motor vehicle, the registration sticker must be affixed on the upper left corner of the rear license plate. If the vehicle is not licensed as a motor vehicle, the owner shall provide a plate not less than four inches high and 7-1/2 inches wide. The plate must be attached to the rear of the vehicle at least 12 inches from the ground. The registration sticker must be affixed on the upper left corner of the plate. Plates and registration stickers must be maintained in a clean and legible condition.
- Subd. 5. Registration card; replacement fee. The commissioner shall provide to the registrant a registration card that includes the registration number, date of expiration, make and serial number of the off-road vehicle, owner's name and address, and additional information the commissioner may require. Information concerning each registration must be kept by the commissioner. If a registration card is lost or destroyed,

the commissioner shall issue a replacement registration card on payment of a fee of \$4. The fees collected from replacement registration cards must be credited to the off-road vehicle account in the natural resources fund.

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- Subd. 6. Registration fees. (a) The fee for registration of an off-road vehicle under this section, other than those registered by a dealer or manufacturer under paragraph (b) or (c), is \$30 for three years and \$4 for a duplicate or transfer.
- (b) The total registration fee for off-road vehicles owned by a dealer and operated off-road for demonstration or testing purposes is \$50 per year. Dealer registrations are not transferable.
- (c) The total registration fee for off-road vehicles owned by a manufacturer and operated off-road for research, testing, experimentation, or demonstration purposes is \$150 per year. Manufacturer registrations are not transferable.
- (d) The fees collected under this subdivision must be credited to the off-road vehicle account in the natural resources fund.
- Subd. 7. Renewal. An owner of an off-road vehicle must renew registration in a manner prescribed by the commissioner upon payment of the appropriate registration fee under subdivision 5.
- Subd. 8. Licensing by political subdivisions. A political subdivision may not require licensing or registration of off-road vehicles regulated under sections 84.797 to 84.805.
- Subd. 9. Registration by minors prohibited. A person under the age of 18 may not register an off-road vehicle.

History: 1993 c 311 art 2 s 2

84.799 VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER.

An off-road vehicle manufactured after January 1, 1995, and sold in the state must have a manufacturer's permanent identification number stamped in letters and numbers on the vehicle.

History: 1993 c 311 art 2 s 3

84.80 RULEMAKING; ACCIDENT REPORT.

Subdivision 1. Rules. The commissioner shall adopt rules under chapter 14 relating to:

- (1) the use of off-road vehicles, in a manner consistent with protection of the environment, on public lands and waters under the jurisdiction of the commissioner of natural resources, including measures to minimize adverse impacts on soils, waters, vegetation, and wildlife;
- (2) off-road vehicle equipment and safety standards, in consultation with the commissioner of public safety;
- (3) uniform signs to be used by the state, counties, and cities to control, direct, or regulate the operation and use of off-road vehicles; and
 - (4) maximum off-road vehicle sound levels.
- Subd. 2. Accident report; requirement and form. The operator and an officer investigating an accident involving an off-road vehicle and resulting in injury requiring medical attention or hospitalization, death, or total damage of \$300 or more shall forward within ten days a written report of the accident to the commissioner of natural resources on a form prescribed by either the commissioner or the commissioner of public safety.

History: 1993 c 311 art 2 s 4

84.801 SIGNAL FROM OFFICER TO STOP.

It is unlawful for an off-road vehicle operator, after having received a visual or audible signal from a law enforcement officer to come to a stop, to:

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- (1) operate an off-road vehicle in willful or wanton disregard of the signal to stop;
- (2) interfere with or endanger the law enforcement officer or another person or vehicle; or
 - (3) increase speed or attempt to flee or elude the officer.

History: 1993 c 311 art 2 s 5

84.802 YOUTHFUL OPERATORS; PROHIBITIONS.

- (a) A person under 16 years of age may not operate an off-road vehicle.
- (b) Except for operation on public road rights-of-way that is permitted under section 84.804, a driver's license issued by the state or another state is required to operate an off-road vehicle along or on a public road right-of-way.
- (c) An owner of an off-road vehicle may not knowingly allow it to be operated in violation of this section.

History: 1993 c 311 art 2 s 6

84.803 OFF-ROAD VEHICLE ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. Registration revenue. Fees from the registration of off-road vehicles must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the off-road vehicle account in the natural resources fund.

- Subd. 2. **Purposes.** Subject to appropriation by the legislature, money in the off-road vehicle account may only be spent for:
- (1) administration and implementation of sections 84.797 to 84.805 and Laws 1993, chapter 311, article 2, section 18;
- (2) acquisition, maintenance, and development of off-road vehicle trails and use areas:
- (3) grant-in-aid programs to counties and municipalities to construct and maintain off-road vehicle trails and use areas; and
 - (4) grants-in-aid to local safety programs.

History: 1993 c 311 art 2 s 7

84.804 OPERATION REQUIREMENTS; LOCAL REGULATION.

Subdivision 1. Operation on public road rights-of-way. (a) A person may not operate a vehicle off-road within a public road right-of-way in this state except on a trail designated by the commissioner and approved by the unit of government having jurisdiction over the right-of-way.

- (b) A person may not operate a vehicle off-road within a public road right-of-way between the hours of one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise, except on the right-hand side of the right-of-way and in the same direction as traffic on the nearest lane of the road.
- (c) A person may not operate an off-road vehicle within the right-of-way of an interstate highway.
- Subd. 2. Crossing public road rights-of-way. (a) An off-road vehicle not registered under chapter 168 may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way for the purpose of continuing on a designated off-road trail if:
- (1) the crossing is made at an angle of approximately 90 degrees to the direction of the road and at a place where no obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing;
- (2) the vehicle is brought to a complete stop before crossing the shoulder or main traveled way of the road;
 - (3) the driver yields the right-of-way to all traffic;
- (4) in crossing a divided road, the crossing is made only at an intersection of the road with another public road; and
 - (5) if the crossing is made between the hours of one-half hour after sunset to one-

half hour before sunrise or in conditions of reduced visibility, only if both front and rear lights are on.

- (b) An off-road vehicle not registered under chapter 168 may be operated on a bridge, other than a bridge that is part of the main traveled lanes of an interstate highway, or a roadway shoulder or inside bank of a public road right-of-way when required to avoid obstructions to travel and no other method of avoidance is possible, provided that the vehicle is operated in the farthest right-hand lane, the entrance to the roadway is made within 100 feet of the bridge or obstacle, and the crossing is made without undue delay.
- (c) A person may not operate an off-road vehicle on a public street or highway unless the off-road vehicle is equipped with at least one headlight and one taillight, each of minimum candlepower as prescribed by rules of the commissioner, and with brakes conforming to standards prescribed by rule of the commissioner, and all of which are subject to the approval of the commissioner of public safety.
- (d) Chapter 169 applies to the operation of off-road vehicles on streets and highways, except that those provisions that by their nature have no application and those provisions relating to required equipment do not apply to vehicles not registered under chapter 168. Sections 169.121 to 169.129 apply to the operation of off-road vehicles anywhere in the state and on the ice of boundary waters.
- (e) A road authority, as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 9, may, with the approval of the commissioner, designate access trails on public road rights-of-way for gaining access to established off-road vehicle trails.
 - Subd. 3. Operation generally. A person may not drive or operate a vehicle off-road:
- (1) at a rate of speed greater than is reasonable under the surrounding circumstances;
- (2) in a careless, reckless, or negligent manner which may endanger or cause injury or damage to the person or property of another;
 - (3) without a functioning stoplight if so equipped;
- (4) in a tree nursery or planting in a manner that damages or destroys growing stock;
 - (5) without a brake operational by either hand or foot; or
 - (6) in a manner that violates rules adopted by the commissioner.
- Subd. 4. Operation prohibited on airports. It is unlawful for a person to drive or operate an off-road vehicle on an airport, as defined in section 360.013, subdivision 5, except in connection with the operation of the airport.
- Subd. 5. Organized contests. (a) Nothing in this section or chapter 169 prohibits the use of vehicles off-road within the right-of-way of a state trunk or county state-aid highway or on public lands or waters under the jurisdiction of the commissioner in an organized contest or event, subject to the consent of the official or board having jurisdiction over the highway or public lands or waters.
- (b) In permitting the contest or event, the official or board having jurisdiction must obtain the commissioner's approval and may prescribe restrictions or conditions it considers advisable.
- Subd. 6. Regulation by political subdivisions. (a) Subject to paragraphs (b) and (c), a county, city, or town acting through its governing body may regulate the operation of off-road vehicles on public lands, waters, and property under its jurisdiction, other than public road rights-of-way within its boundaries, by ordinance of the governing body and by giving appropriate notice.
- (b) The ordinance must be consistent with sections 84.797 to 84.805 and rules adopted under section 84.80.
- (c) An ordinance may not impose a fee for the use of public land or water under the jurisdiction of the department of natural resources or another agency of the state, or for the use of an access to the public land or water owned by the state, a county, or a city.

History: 1993 c 311 art 2 s 8

84.805 PENALTIES.

A person who violates any provision of sections 84.797 to 84.804 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

History: 1993 c 311 art 2 s 9

84.82 SNOWMOBILE REGISTRATION.

[For text of subds 1a to 8, see M.S. 1992]

Subd. 10. Proof of sales tax payment. A person applying for initial registration of a snowmobile must provide a snowmobile purchaser's certificate, showing a complete description of the snowmobile, the seller's name and address, the full purchase price of the snowmobile, and the trade-in allowance, if any. The certificate must include information showing either (1) that the sales and use tax under chapter 297A was paid or (2) the purchase was exempt from tax under chapter 297A. The commissioner of public safety, in consultation with the commissioner and the commissioner of revenue, shall prescribe the form of the certificate.

The certificate is not required if the applicant provides a receipt, invoice, or other document that shows the snowmobile was purchased from a retailer maintaining a place of business in this state as defined in section 297A.21, subdivision 1.

History: 1993 c 375 art 1 s 1

84.86 RULES.

Subdivision 1. With a view of achieving maximum use of snowmobiles consistent with protection of the environment the commissioner of natural resources shall adopt rules in the manner provided by chapter 14, for the following purposes:

- (1) Registration of snowmobiles and display of registration numbers.
- (2) Use of snowmobiles insofar as game and fish resources are affected.
- (3) Use of snowmobiles on public lands and waters, or on grant-in-aid trails.
- (4) Uniform signs to be used by the state, counties, and cities, which are necessary or desirable to control, direct, or regulate the operation and use of snowmobiles.
 - (5) Specifications relating to snowmobile mufflers.
- (6) A comprehensive snowmobile information and safety education and training program, including but not limited to the preparation and dissemination of snowmobile information and safety advice to the public, the training of snowmobile operators, and the issuance of snowmobile safety certificates to snowmobile operators who successfully complete the snowmobile safety education and training course. For the purpose of administering such program and to defray a portion of the expenses of training and certifying snowmobile operators, the commissioner shall collect a fee of not to exceed \$5 from each person who receives the training and shall deposit the fee in the snowmobile trails and enforcement account and the amount thereof is appropriated annually to the commissioner of natural resources for the administration of such programs. The commissioner shall cooperate with private organizations and associations, private and public corporations, and local governmental units in furtherance of the program established under this clause. The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard to training program subject matter and performance testing that leads to the certification of snowmobile operators.
- (7) The operator of any snowmobile involved in an accident resulting in injury requiring medical attention or hospitalization to or death of any person or total damage to an extent of \$500 or more, shall forward a written report of the accident to the commissioner on such form as the commissioner shall prescribe. If the operator is killed or is unable to file a report due to incapacitation, any peace officer investigating the accident shall file the accident report within ten business days.

[For text of subd 2, see M.S.1992]

History: 1993 c 184 s 1

84.872 YOUTHFUL SNOWMOBILE OPERATORS: PROHIBITIONS.

Notwithstanding anything in section 84.87 to the contrary, no person under 14 years of age shall make a direct crossing of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway as the operator of a snowmobile, or operate a snowmobile upon a street or highway within a municipality. A person 14 years of age or older, but less than 18 years of age, may make a direct crossing of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway only if the person has in immediate possession a valid snowmobile safety certificate issued by the commissioner or a valid motor vehicle operator's license issued by the commissioner of public safety or the drivers license authority of another state. No person under the age of 14 years shall operate a snowmobile on any public land or water under the jurisdiction of the commissioner unless accompanied by one of the following listed persons on the same or an accompanying snowmobile, or on a device towed by the same or an accompanying snowmobile: the person's parent, legal guardian, or other person 18 years of age or older. However, a person 12 years of age or older may operate a snowmobile on public lands and waters under the jurisdiction of the commissioner if the person has in immediate possession a valid snowmobile safety certificate issued by the commissioner.

It is unlawful for any person who is in lawful control of a snowmobile to permit the snowmobile to be operated contrary to the provisions of this section.

When the judge of a juvenile court, or any of its duly authorized agents, shall determine that any person, while less than 18 years of age, has violated the provisions of sections 84.81 to 84.88, or any other state or local law or ordinance regulating the operation of snowmobiles, the judge, or duly authorized agent, shall immediately report such determination to the commissioner and may recommend the suspension of the person's snowmobile safety certificate. The commissioner is hereby authorized to suspend the certificate, without a hearing.

History: 1993 c 184 s 2

84.915 LAND USE FOR CERTAIN VEHICLES RESTRICTED.

After June 1, 1993, the commissioner may not allow the use of state lands or acquire private lands for development or operation of a motor sports area for use by all-terrain vehicles, motorcycles, or four-wheel drive trucks without legislative approval. This restriction does not apply to recreational trails.

History: 1993 c 203 s 1

84.924 RULEMAKING; ACCIDENT REPORT.

Subdivision 1. Commissioner of natural resources. With a view of achieving proper use of all-terrain vehicles consistent with protection of the environment, the commissioner of natural resources shall adopt rules under chapter 14 relating to:

- (1) registration of all-terrain vehicles and display of registration numbers;
- (2) use of all-terrain vehicles insofar as game and fish resources are affected;
- (3) use of all-terrain vehicles on public lands and waters:
- (4) uniform signs to be used by the state, counties, and cities necessary or desirable to control, direct, or regulate the operation and use of all-terrain vehicles; and
 - (5) specifications relating to all-terrain vehicle mufflers.

[For text of subd 2, see M.S. 1992]

Subd. 3. Accident report; requirement and form. The operator and an officer investigating an accident of an all-terrain vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury requiring medical attention or hospitalization to or death of a person or total damage to an extent of \$500 or more shall within ten business days forward a written report of the accident to the commissioner of natural resources on a form prescribed by either the commissioner of natural resources or by the commissioner of public safety. If the operator is killed or is unable to file a report due to incapacitation, any peace officer investigating the accident shall file the accident report within ten business days.

History: 1993 c 184 s 3,4

84.9256 YOUTHFUL OPERATORS; PROHIBITIONS.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S. 1992]

Subd. 3. Prohibitions on person in lawful control. It is unlawful for any person who is in lawful control of an all-terrain vehicle to permit it to be operated contrary to this section.

[For text of subd 4, see M.S. 1992]

History: 1993 c 184 s 5

84.95 REINVEST IN MINNESOTA RESOURCES FUND.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S. 1992]

- Subd. 2. Purposes and expenditures. Money from the reinvest in Minnesota resources fund may only be spent for the following fish and wildlife conservation enhancement purposes:
- (1) development and implementation of the comprehensive fish and wildlife management plan under section 84.942;
- (2) implementation of the conservation reserve program established by section 103F,515;
- (3) soil and water conservation practices to improve water quality, reduce soil erosion and crop surpluses;
- (4) enhancement or restoration of fish and wildlife habitat on lakes, streams, wetlands, and public and private forest lands;
- (5) acquisition and development of public access sites and recreation easements to lakes, streams, and rivers for fish and wildlife oriented recreation;
- (6) matching funds with government agencies, federally recognized Indian tribes and bands, and the private sector for acquisition and improvement of fish and wildlife habitat:
 - (7) research and surveys of fish and wildlife species and habitat;
 - (8) enforcement of natural resource laws and rules:
 - (9) information and education:
- (10) implementing the aspen recycling program under section 88.80 and for other forest wildlife management projects; and
 - (11) necessary support services to carry out these purposes.

[For text of subd 3, see M.S.1992]

History: 1993 c 227 s 1

84.9692 CIVIL CITATIONS AND PENALTIES.

Subdivision 1. Authority to issue. After appropriate training, conservation officers, peace officers, and other staff designated by the commissioner may issue warnings or citations to persons who:

- (1) unlawfully transport ecologically harmful exotic species on a public road;
- (2) place a trailer or launch a watercraft with ecologically harmful species attached into waters of the state;
 - (3) operate a watercraft in a Eurasian water milfoil infestation area; or
- (4) damage, remove, or sink a buoy marking a Eurasian water milfoil infestation area.
- Subd. 2. Penalty amount. A citation issued under this section may impose up to the following penalty amounts:
- (1) \$50 for transporting visible Eurasian water milfoil on a public road in each of the following locations:

- (i) the exterior of the watercraft below the gunwales including the propulsion system:
 - (ii) any surface of a watercraft trailer;
 - (iii) any surface of a watercraft interior of the gunwales;
- (iv) any water container including live wells, minnow buckets, or coolers which hold water; or
- (v) any other area where visible Eurasian water milfoil is found not previously described in items (i) to (iv);
 - (2) \$150 for transporting visible zebra mussels on a public road;
 - (3) \$300 for transporting live ruffe or live rusty crayfish on a public road;
- (4) for attempting to launch or launching into noninfested waters a watercraft with visible Eurasian water milfoil or adult zebra mussels attached, \$500 for a first offense and \$1,000 for a second or subsequent offense;
- (5) \$100 for operating a watercraft in a marked Eurasian water milfoil infestation area other than as provided by law;
- (6) \$150 for intentionally damaging, moving, removing, or sinking a milfoil buoy; or
- (7) \$150 for launching or attempting to launch into infested waters a watercraft with visible Eurasian water milfoil or visible zebra mussels attached.
- Subd. 3. Payment of penalty. If not appealed under subdivision 4, civil penalties are payable to the commissioner no later than 30 days after issuance. Fines collected under this section must be credited to the water recreation account.
- Subd. 4. Appeals. Citations may be appealed under the procedures in section 116.072, subdivision 6, if the person requests a hearing by notifying the commissioner within 15 days after receipt of the citation. If a hearing is not requested within the 15-day period, the citation becomes a final order not subject to further review.
- Subd. 5. Enforcement of field citations. Field citations may be enforced under section 18.317.
- Subd. 6. Cumulative remedy. The authority of conservation officers to issue field citations is in addition to other remedies available under law, except that the state may not seek penalties under any other provision of law for the incident subject to the citation.

History: 1993 c 235 s 2

RESTRICTED SPECIES

84.9695 RESTRICTED SPECIES.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

- (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of natural resources.
- (c) "Restricted species" means Eurasian wild pigs and their hybrids (Sus scrofa subspecies and Sus scrofa hybrids), excluding domestic hogs (S. scrofa domesticus).
- (d) "Release" means an intentional introduction or escape of a species from the control of the owner or responsible party.
- Subd. 2. Importation; possession; release of restricted species. It is unlawful for a person to import, possess, propagate, transport, or release restricted species, except as provided in subdivision 3.
- Subd. 3. Permits. (a) The commissioner may issue permits for the transportation, possession, purchase, or importation of restricted species for scientific, research, educational, or commercial purposes. A permit issued under this subdivision may be revoked by the commissioner if the conditions of the permit are not met by the permittee or for any unlawful act or omission, including accidental escapes.
 - (b) The commissioner may issue permits for a person to possess and raise a

restricted species for commercial purposes if the person was in possession of the restricted species on March 1, 1993. Under the permit, the number of breeding stock of the restricted species in the possession of the person may not increase by more than 25 percent and the person must comply with the certification requirements in subdivision 7.

- (c) A person may possess a restricted species without a permit for a period not to exceed two days for the purpose of slaughtering the restricted species for human consumption.
- Subd. 4. Notice of escape of restricted species. In the event of an escape of a restricted species, the owner must notify within 24 hours a conservation officer and the board of animal health and is responsible for the recovery of the species. The commissioner may capture or destroy the escaped animal at the owner's expense.
- Subd. 5. Enforcement. This section may be enforced under sections 97A.205 and 97A.211.
- Subd. 6. Penalty. A person who violates subdivision 2, 4, or 7 is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- Subd. 7. Certification and identification requirements. (a) A person who possesses restricted species on July 1, 1993, must submit certified numbers of restricted species in the person's possession to the board of animal health by June 1, 1993.
- (b) Restricted species in the possession of a person must be marked in a permanent fashion to identify ownership. The restricted species must be marked as soon as practicable after birth or purchase.
- Subd. 8. Containment. The commissioner shall develop criteria for approved containment measures for restricted species with the assistance of producers of restricted species.
- Subd. 9. **Bond**; security. A person who possesses restricted species must file a bond or deposit with the commissioner security in the form and in the amount determined by the commissioner to pay for the costs and damages caused by an escape of a restricted species.
- Subd. 10. Fee. The commissioner shall impose a fee for permits in an amount sufficient to cover the costs of issuing the permits and for facility inspections. The fee may not exceed \$50. Fee receipts must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the game and fish fund and are appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of this section.

History: 1993 c 129 s 3