## CHAPTER 136A

## HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD; FACILITIES AUTHORITY

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#### 136A.02 MEMBERSHIP; OFFICERS; ADVISORY COMMITTEES.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 5. Advisory groups. The board may appoint advisory task forces to assist it in the study of higher education within the state or in the administration of federal programs. The task forces expire and the terms, compensation, and removal of members are as provided in section 15.059.

[For text of subd 5a, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 6. Higher education advisory council. A higher education advisory council is established. The council is composed of the president of the University of Minnesota, the chancellor of the state universities, the chancellor of the community colleges, the chancellor of the technical colleges, the commissioner of education, the president of the private college council, and a representative from the Minnesota association of private post-secondary schools. The advisory council shall (1) bring to the attention of the board any matters that the council deems necessary, (2) make appropriate recommendations, (3) review and comment upon proposals and other matters before the board, and (4) provide other assistance to the board. The board shall periodically inform the council of matters under consideration by the board. The board shall refer all proposals to the council before submitting recommendations to the governor and the legislature. The board shall provide time for a report from the advisory council at each meeting of the board.

The council shall report to the board at least quarterly. The council shall determine its meeting times, but it shall also meet within 30 days after a request by the executive director of the board. The council expires June 30, 1995.

Subd. 7. Student advisory council. A student advisory council to the board is established. The members of the council shall include the chair of the University of Minnesota university student senate, the state chair of the Minnesota state university student association, the president of the Minnesota community college student association, the president of the Minnesota technical college student association, the president of the Minnesota association of private college students, and a student who is enrolled in a private vocational school registered under this chapter, to be appointed by the Minnesota association of private post-secondary schools. A member may be represented by a designee.

The advisory council shall:

(1) bring to the attention of the board any matter that the council believes needs the attention of the board;

- (2) make recommendations to the board as the council deems appropriate;
- (3) review and comment upon proposals and other matters before the board;
- (4) appoint student members to board advisory groups as provided in subdivision 5a;
  - (5) provide any reasonable assistance to the board; and
- (6) select one of its members to serve as chair. The board shall inform the council of all matters under consideration by the board and shall refer all proposals to the council before the board acts or sends the proposals to the governor or the legislature. The board shall provide time for a report from the advisory council at each meeting of the board.

The student advisory council shall report to the board quarterly and at other times that the council considers desirable. The council shall determine its meeting time, but the council shall also meet with the executive director of the board within 30 days after the director's request for a council meeting. The student advisory council shall meet quarterly with the higher education advisory council and the board executive committee. The council expires June 30, 1995.

History: 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 1-3

### 136A.0411 COLLECTING FEES.

The board may charge fees for seminars, conferences, workshops, services, and materials. The board may collect fees for registration and licensure of private institutions under sections 136A.61 to 136A.71 and chapter 141. The money is annually appropriated to the board.

History: 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 4

# 136A.08 RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS RELATING TO NONRESIDENT TUITION WITH OTHER STATES OR PROVINCES.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 2. Authorization. The Minnesota higher education coordinating board, in consultation with the commissioner of finance and each affected public post-secondary board, may enter into agreements, on subjects that include remission of nonresident tuition for designated categories of students at public post-secondary institutions, with appropriate state or provincial agencies and public post-secondary institutions in other states or provinces. The agreements shall be for the purpose of the mutual improvement of educational advantages for residents of this state and other states or provinces with whom agreements are made.

[For text of subds 3 to 5, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 6. Approval. An agreement made by the board under this section is not valid as to a particular institution without the approval of that institution's state or provincial governing board. A valid agreement under this subdivision that incurs additional financial liability to the state or to any of the Minnesota public post-secondary boards, beyond enrollment funding adjustments, must be submitted to the commissioner of finance and to the chairs of the higher education finance divisions of the senate and house for review. The agreement remains valid unless it is disapproved in law.

**History**: 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 5.6

## 136A.101 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. For purposes of sections 136A.095 to 136A.132, the terms defined in this section have the meanings ascribed to them.

[For text of subds 2 to 5, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 7. "Student" means a person who is enrolled for at least three credits per

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quarter or semester, or the equivalent, in a program or course of study that applies to a degree, diploma, or certificate. Credit equivalencies assigned by an institution that are applicable to federal Pell grant calculations shall be counted as part of a student's credit load.

[For text of subds 7a to 10, see M.S.1992]

**History:** 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 7,8

#### 136A.121 GRANTS.

- Subd. 2. Eligibility for grants. An applicant is eligible to be considered for a grant, regardless of the applicant's sex, creed, race, color, national origin, or ancestry, under sections 136A.095 to 136A.131 if the board finds that the applicant:
  - (1) is a resident of the state of Minnesota;
- (2) is a graduate of a secondary school or its equivalent, or is 17 years of age or over, and has met all requirements for admission as a student to an eligible college or technical college of choice as defined in sections 136A.095 to 136A.131;
  - (3) has met the financial need criteria established in Minnesota Rules;
- (4) is not in default, as defined by the board, of any federal or state student educational loan; and
- (5) is not more than 30 days in arrears for any child support payments owed to a public agency responsible for child support enforcement or, if the applicant is more than 30 days in arrears, is complying with a written payment agreement or order for arrearages. An agreement must provide for a repayment of arrearages at no less than 20 percent per month of the amount of the monthly child support obligation or no less than \$30 per month if there is no current monthly child support obligation. Compliance means that payments are made by the payment date.

The director and the commissioner of human services shall develop procedures to implement clause (5).

[For text of subds 3 and 5, see M.S. 1992]

- Subd. 6. Cost of attendance. (a) The cost of attendance consists of allowances specified by the board for room and board and miscellaneous expenses, and
  - (1) for public institutions, tuition and fees charged by the institution; or
- (2) for private institutions, an allowance for tuition and fees equal to the lesser of the actual tuition and fees charged by the institution, or the instructional costs per full-year equivalent student in comparable public institutions.
- (b) For the purpose of paragraph (a), clause (2), "comparable public institutions" to both two- and four-year, private, residential, liberal arts, degree-granting colleges and universities must be the same.
- (c) For a student attending less than full time, the board shall prorate the cost of attendance to the actual number of credits for which the student is enrolled.

[For text of subd 7, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 9. Awards. An undergraduate student who meets the board's requirements is eligible to apply for and receive a grant in any year of undergraduate study unless the student has obtained a baccalaureate degree or previously has been enrolled full time or the equivalent for eight semesters or 12 quarters.

Subd. 10. [Repealed, 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 26]

[For text of subds 11 to 17, see M.S.1992]

**History:** 1993 c 340 s 1; 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 9,10

#### 136A.122 STATE UNIVERSITIES: AKITA CAMPUS GRANTS.

The higher education coordinating board may provide grants to Minnesota resi-

dent students participating in the Akita program. Grants must be awarded on the same basis as other state grants, except that the cost of attendance must be adjusted to incorporate the state university tuition level and the Akita fee level. An individual grant must not exceed the state grant maximum award for a student at a four-year private college.

History: 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 11

136A.134 [Repealed, 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 26]

#### 136A.1353 NURSING GRANT PROGRAM FOR REGISTERED NURSES.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 4. Responsibilities of the higher education coordinating board. The higher education coordinating board shall distribute funds each year to the schools, colleges, or programs of nursing applying to participate in the nursing grant program based on the last academic year's enrollment of students in educational programs that would lead to licensure as a registered nurse. Money not used by a recipient nursing program must be returned to the higher education coordinating board for redistribution under this section. The board shall establish an application process for interested schools, colleges, or programs of nursing. Interested schools, colleges, or programs of nursing education must complete and return the annual participation request form provided by the board.

[For text of subd 5, see M.S. 1992]

**History:** 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 12

## 136A.1354 NURSING GRANT PROGRAM FOR REGISTERED NURSES.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 4. Responsibilities of the higher education coordinating board. The higher education coordinating board shall distribute funds each year to the schools or colleges of nursing, or programs of advanced nursing education, applying to participate in the nursing grant program based on the last academic year's enrollment of registered nurses in schools or colleges of nursing, or programs of advanced nursing education. Money not used by a recipient nursing program must be returned to the higher education coordinating board for redistribution under this section. The board shall establish an application process for interested schools or colleges of nursing, or programs of advanced nursing education. Interested schools, colleges, or programs of advanced nursing education must complete and return the annual participation request form provided by the board.

[For text of subd 5, see M.S.1992]

**History:** 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 13

#### HEALTH CARE EDUCATION ACCOUNTS

#### 136A.1355 RURAL PHYSICIANS.

Subdivision 1. Creation of account. A rural physician education account is established in the health care access fund. The higher education coordinating board shall use money from the account to establish a loan forgiveness program for medical students agreeing to practice in designated rural areas, as defined by the board.

[For text of subd 2, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 3. Loan forgiveness. For the period July 1, 1993 through June 30, 1995, the higher education coordinating board may accept up to four applicants who are fourth year medical students, three applicants who are pediatric residents, and four applicants

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who are family practice residents, and one applicant who is an internal medicine resident, per fiscal year for participation in the loan forgiveness program. If the higher education coordinating board does not receive enough applicants per fiscal year to fill the number of residents in the specific areas of practice, the resident applicants may be from any area of practice. The eight resident applicants can be in any year of training. Applicants are responsible for securing their own loans. Applicants chosen to participate in the loan forgiveness program may designate for each year of medical school, up to a maximum of four years, an agreed amount, not to exceed \$10,000, as a qualified loan. For each year that a participant serves as a physician in a designated rural area, up to a maximum of four years, the higher education coordinating board shall annually pay an amount equal to one year of qualified loans. Participants who move their practice from one designated rural area to another remain eligible for loan repayment. In addition, if a resident participating in the loan forgiveness program serves at least four weeks during a year of residency substituting for a rural physician to temporarily relieve the rural physician of rural practice commitments to enable the rural physician to take a vacation, engage in activities outside the practice area, or otherwise be relieved of rural practice commitments, the participating resident may designate up to an additional \$2,000, above the \$10,000 maximum, for each year of residency during which the resident substitutes for a rural physician for four or more weeks.

- Subd. 4. Penalty for nonfulfillment. If a participant does not fulfill the required three-year minimum commitment of service in a designated rural area, the higher education coordinating board shall collect from the participant the amount paid by the board under the loan forgiveness program. The higher education coordinating board shall deposit the money collected in the rural physician education account established in subdivision 1. The board shall allow waivers of all or part of the money owed the board if emergency circumstances prevented fulfillment of the three-year service commitment.
- Subd. 5. Loan forgiveness; underserved urban communities. For the period July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1995, the higher education coordinating board may accept up to four applicants who are either fourth year medical students, or residents in family practice, pediatrics, or internal medicine per fiscal year for participation in the urban primary care physician loan forgiveness program. The resident applicants may be in any year of residency training. Applicants are responsible for securing their own loans. Applicants chosen to participate in the loan forgiveness program may designate for each year of medical school, up to a maximum of four years, an agreed amount, not to exceed \$10,000, as a qualified loan. For each year that a participant serves as a physician in a designated underserved urban area, up to a maximum of four years, the higher education coordinating board shall annually pay an amount equal to one year of qualified loans. Participants who move their practice from one designated underserved urban community to another remain eligible for loan repayment.

History: 1993 c 345 art 11 s 2-5

## 136A.1356 MIDLEVEL PRACTITIONERS.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 2. Creation of account. A midlevel practitioner education account is established in the health care access fund. The higher education coordinating board shall use money from the account to establish a loan forgiveness program for midlevel practitioners agreeing to practice in designated rural areas.

[For text of subds 3 and 4, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 5. Penalty for nonfulfillment. If a participant does not fulfill the service commitment required under subdivision 4 for full repayment of all qualified loans, the higher education coordinating board shall collect from the participant 100 percent of any payments made for qualified loans and interest at a rate established according to section 270.75. The higher education coordinating board shall deposit the money col-

lected in the midlevel practitioner education account established in subdivision 2. The board shall allow waivers of all or part of the money owed the board if emergency circumstances prevented fulfillment of the required service commitment.

History: 1993 c 345 art 11 s 6,7

#### 136A.1357 NURSES IN NURSING HOMES OR ICEMRS.

Subdivision 1. Creation of the account. An education account in the health care access fund is established for a loan forgiveness program for nurses who agree to practice nursing in a nursing home or intermediate care facility for persons with mental retardation or related conditions. The account consists of money appropriated by the legislature and repayments and penalties collected under subdivision 4. Money from the account must be used for a loan forgiveness program.

- Subd. 2. Eligibility. To be eligible to participate in the loan forgiveness program, a person planning to enroll or enrolled in a program of study designed to prepare the person to become a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse must submit a letter of interest to the board before completion of a nursing education program. Before completion of the program, the applicant must sign a contract in which the applicant agrees to practice nursing for at least one of the first two years following completion of the nursing education program providing nursing services in a licensed nursing home or intermediate care facility for persons with mental retardation or related conditions.
- Subd. 3. Loan forgiveness. The board may accept up to ten applicants a year. Applicants are responsible for securing their own loans. For each year of nursing education, for up to two years, applicants accepted into the loan forgiveness program may designate an agreed amount, not to exceed \$3,000, as a qualified loan. For each year that a participant practices nursing in a nursing home or intermediate care facility for persons with mental retardation or related conditions, up to a maximum of two years, the board shall annually repay an amount equal to one year of qualified loans. Participants who move from one nursing home or intermediate care facility for persons with mental retardation or related conditions to another remain eligible for loan repayment.
- Subd. 4. Penalty for nonfulfillment. If a participant does not fulfill the service commitment required under subdivision 3 for full repayment of all qualified loans, the higher education coordinating board shall collect from the participant 100 percent of any payments made for qualified loans and interest at a rate established according to section 270.75. The board shall deposit the collections in the health care access fund to be credited to the account established in subdivision 1. The board may grant a waiver of all or part of the money owed as a result of a nonfulfillment penalty if emergency circumstances prevented fulfillment of the required service commitment.
  - Subd. 5. Rules. The board shall adopt rules to implement this section.

**History**: 1993 c 345 art 11 s 8

# 136A.1358 RURAL CLINICAL SITES FOR NURSE PRACTITIONER EDUCATION.

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "rural" means any area of the state outside of the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington, and outside the cities of Duluth, Mankato, Moorhead, Rochester, and St. Cloud.

- Subd. 2. Establishment. A grant program is established under the authority of the higher education coordinating board to provide grants to colleges or schools of nursing located in Minnesota that operate programs of study designed to prepare registered nurses for advanced practice as nurse practitioners.
- Subd. 3. **Program goals.** Colleges and schools of nursing shall use grants received to provide rural students with increased access to programs of study for nurse practitioners, by:
  - (1) developing rural clinical sites;
- (2) allowing students to remain in their rural communities for clinical rotations; and

- (3) providing faculty to supervise students at rural clinical sites. The overall goal of the grant program is to increase the number of graduates of nurse practitioner programs who work in rural areas of the state.
- Subd. 4. Responsibility of nursing programs. (a) Colleges or schools of nursing interested in participating in the grant program must apply to the higher education coordinating board, according to the policies established by the board. Applications submitted by colleges or schools of nursing must include a detailed proposal for achieving the goals listed in subdivision 3, a plan for encouraging sufficient applications from rural applicants to meet the requirements of paragraph (b), and any additional information required by the board.
- (b) Each college or school of nursing, as a condition of accepting a grant, shall make at least 25 percent of the openings in each nurse practitioner entering class available to applicants who live in rural areas and desire to practice as a nurse practitioner in rural areas. This requirement is effective beginning with the fall 1994 entering class and remains in effect for each biennium thereafter for which a college or school of nursing is awarded a grant renewal. The board may exempt colleges or schools of nursing from this requirement if the college or school can demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the board, that the nurse practitioner program did not receive enough applications or acceptance letters from qualified rural applicants to meet the requirement.
- (c) Colleges or schools of nursing participating in the grant program shall report to the higher education coordinating board on their program activity as requested by the board.
- Subd. 5. Responsibilities of the higher education coordinating board. (a) The board shall establish an application process for interested colleges and schools of nursing, and shall require colleges and schools of nursing to submit grant applications to the board by November 1, 1993. The board may award up to two grants for the biennium ending June 30, 1995.
  - (b) In selecting grant recipients, the board shall consider:
- (1) the likelihood that an applicant's grant proposal will be successful in achieving the program goals listed in subdivision 3;
- (2) the potential effectiveness of the college's or school's plan to encourage applications from rural applicants; and
- (3) the academic quality of the college's or school's program of education for nurse practitioners.
- (c) The board shall notify grant recipients of an award by December 1, 1993, and shall disburse the grants by January 1, 1994. The board may renew grants if a college or school of nursing demonstrates that satisfactory progress has been made during the past biennium toward achieving the goals listed in subdivision 3.

**History**: 1993 c 345 art 11 s 9

# 136A.1359 GRANTS FOR NURSING STUDENTS WHO ARE PERSONS OF COLOR.

Subdivision 1. Establishment. A nursing grant program is established under the authority of the higher education coordinating board to provide grants to students who are persons of color who are entering or enrolled in an educational program that leads to licensure as a registered nurse.

Subd. 2. Eligibility. To be eligible to receive a grant, a student shall be:

- (1) a citizen of the United States;
- (2) a resident of the state of Minnesota;
- (3) an Asian Pacific-American, African-American, American Indian, or Hispanic-American (Latino, Chicano, or Puerto Rican);
- (4) entering or enrolled in a nursing program in Minnesota that leads to licensure as a registered nurse; and
  - (5) eligible under any additional criteria established by the school, college, or pro-

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gram of nursing in which the student is enrolled. Students applying for a grant must be willing to practice in Minnesota for at least three years following licensure.

The grant must be awarded for one academic year but is renewable for a maximum of six semesters or nine quarters of full-time study, or their equivalent.

- Subd. 3. Responsibility of nursing programs. Each school, college, or program of nursing that wishes to participate in the student nursing grant program shall apply to the higher education coordinating board for grant money, according to policies established by the board. A school, college, or program of nursing shall establish criteria to use in awarding the grants. The criteria must include consideration of the likelihood of a student's success in completing the nursing educational program and must give priority to students with the greatest financial need. Grants must be \$2,500 per year. Each school, college, or program of nursing shall agree that the money awarded through this grant program must not be used to replace any other grant or scholarship money for which the student would be otherwise eligible.
- Subd. 4. Responsibilities of the higher education coordinating board. The higher education coordinating board shall distribute money each year to Minnesota schools, colleges, or programs of nursing that lead to licensure as a registered nurse. Money not used by a recipient nursing program must be returned to the higher education coordinating board for redistribution under this section. The board shall establish an application process for interested schools, colleges, or programs of nursing.

**History**: 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 14

#### 136A.1701 SUPPLEMENTAL AND ADDITIONAL LOANS.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 4. Terms and conditions of loams. The board may loan money upon such terms and conditions as the board may prescribe. The principal amount of a loan to an undergraduate student for a single academic year shall not exceed \$6,000. The aggregate principal amount of all loans made under this section to an undergraduate student shall not exceed \$25,000. The principal amount of a loan to a graduate student for a single academic year shall not exceed \$9,000. The aggregate principal amount of all loans made under this section to a student as a graduate student shall not exceed \$40,000.

[For text of subds 5 to 9, see M.S.1992]

Subd. 9a. The board shall develop an appeals process for recipients of loans made under this section who believe there is an unresolved error in the servicing of the loan. The board shall provide recipients with a description of the appeals process.

[For text of subd 10, see M.S. 1992]

History: 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 15,16

#### 136A.233 WORK-STUDY GRANTS.

Subdivision 1. Allocation to institutions. The higher education coordinating board shall allocate work-study money to eligible post-secondary institutions according to the resident full-time equivalent enrollment of all eligible post-secondary institutions that apply to participate in the program. Each institution wishing to participate in the work-study program must submit, in accordance with policies and procedures established by the board, an estimate of the amount of funds needed by the institution. Any funds allocated to an institution that exceed the actual need of the institution may be reallocated by the board to other institutions.

- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of sections 136A.231 to 136A.233, the words defined in this subdivision have the meanings ascribed to them.
- (a) "Eligible student" means a Minnesota resident enrolled or intending to enroll at least half time as defined in section 136A.101, subdivision 7b, in a degree, diploma, or certificate program in a Minnesota post-secondary institution.

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- (b) "Minnesota resident" means a student who meets the conditions in section 136A.101, subdivision 8.
- (c) "Financial need" means the need for financial assistance in order to attend a post-secondary institution as determined by a post-secondary institution according to guidelines established by the higher education coordinating board.
- (d) "Eligible employer" means any eligible post-secondary institution and any nonprofit, nonsectarian agency or state institution located in the state of Minnesota, including state hospitals, and also includes a handicapped person or a person over 65 who employs a student to provide personal services in or about the residence of the handicapped person or the person over 65.
- (e) "Eligible post-secondary institution" means any post-secondary institution eligible for participation in the Minnesota state grant program as specified in section 136A.101, subdivision 4.
- (f) "Independent student" has the meaning given it in the Higher Education Act of 1965, United States Code, title 20, section 1070a-6, and applicable regulations.
- Subd. 3. Payments. Work-study payments shall be made to eligible students by post-secondary institutions as provided in this subdivision.
- (a) Students shall be selected for participation in the program by the post-secondary institution on the basis of student financial need.
- (b) In selecting students for participation, priority must be given to students enrolled for at least 12 credits.
- (c) Students will be paid for hours actually worked and the maximum hourly rate of pay shall not exceed the maximum hourly rate of pay permitted under the federal college work-study program.
  - (d) Minimum pay rates will be determined by an applicable federal or state law.
- (e) The board shall annually establish a minimum percentage rate of student compensation to be paid by an eligible employer.
- (f) Each post-secondary institution receiving money for state work-study grants shall make a reasonable effort to place work-study students in employment with eligible employers outside the institution. However, a public employer other than the institution may not terminate, lay off, or reduce the working hours of a permanent employee for the purpose of hiring a work-study student, or replace a permanent employee who is on layoff from the same or substantially the same job by hiring a work-study student.
- (g) The percent of the institution's work-study allocation provided to graduate students shall not exceed the percent of graduate student enrollment at the participating institution.

History: 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 17

**136A.234** [Repealed, 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 26]

#### 136A.653 EXEMPTIONS.

Subdivision 1. A school that is subject to licensing by the board under chapter 141, is exempt from the provisions of sections 136A.61 to 136A.71. The determination of the board as to whether a particular school is subject to regulation under chapter 141 is final for the purposes of this exemption.

[For text of subds 2 to 4, see M.S.1992]

**History:** 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 18

#### 136A.69 FEES.

The board may collect reasonable registration fees not to exceed \$450 for an initial registration of each school and \$350 for each annual renewal of an existing registration.

History: 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 19

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**136A.70** [Repealed, 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 26]

## 136A.87 PLANNING INFORMATION.

The board shall make available to all residents from 8th grade through adulthood information about planning and preparing for post-secondary opportunities. Information must be provided to all 8th grade students and their parents by January 1 of each year about the need to plan for their post-secondary education. The board may also provide information to high school students and their parents, to adults, and to out-of-school youth. The information provided may include the following:

- (1) the need to start planning early;
- (2) the availability of assistance in educational planning from educational institutions and other organizations;
  - (3) suggestions for studying effectively during high school;
- (4) high school courses necessary to be adequately prepared for post-secondary education;
- (5) encouragement to involve parents actively in planning for all phases of education:
- (6) information about post-high school education and training opportunities existing in the state, their respective missions and expectations for students, their preparation requirements, admission requirements, and student placement;
  - (7) ways to evaluate and select post-secondary institutions;
- (8) the process of transferring credits among Minnesota post-secondary institutions and systems;
- (9) the costs of post-secondary education and the availability of financial assistance in meeting these costs:
- (10) the interrelationship of assistance from student financial aid, public assistance, and job training programs; and
  - (11) financial planning for education beyond high school.

**History**: 1Sp1993 c 2 art 2 s 20