## CHAPTER 401

## COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS

401.10 Corrections equalization formula.

## 401.10 CORRECTIONS EQUALIZATION FORMULA.

To determine the amount to be paid participating counties the commissioner of corrections will apply the following formula:

- (1) All 87 counties will be scored in accordance with a formula involving four factors:
  - (a) per capita income;
  - (b) per capita net tax capacity:
  - (c) per capita expenditure per 1,000 population for correctional purposes, and;
- (d) percent of county population aged six through 30 years of age according to the most recent federal census, and, in the intervening years between the taking of the federal census, according to the state demographer.

"Per capita expenditure per 1,000 population" for each county is to be determined by multiplying the number of persons convicted of a felony under supervision in each county at the end of the current year by \$350. To the product thus obtained will be added:

- (i) the number of presentence investigations completed in that county for the current year multiplied by \$50;
- (ii) the annual cost to the county for county probation officers' salaries for the current year; and
  - (iii) 33-1/3 percent of such annual cost for probation officers' salaries.

The total figure obtained by adding the foregoing items is then divided by the total county population according to the most recent federal census, or, during the intervening years between federal censuses, according to the state demographer.

- (2) The percent of county population aged six through 30 years shall be determined according to the most recent federal census, or, during the intervening years between federal censuses, according to the state demographer.
  - (3) Each county is then scored as follows:
  - (a) Each county's per capita income is divided into the 87 county average:
  - (b) Each county's per capita net tax capacity is divided into the 87 county average;
- (c) Each county's per capita expenditure for correctional purposes is divided by the 87 county average;
- (d) Each county's percent of county population aged six through 30 is divided by the 87 county average.
- (4) The scores given each county on each of the foregoing four factors are then totaled and divided by four.
- (5) The quotient thus obtained then becomes the computation factor for the county. This computation factor is then multiplied by a "dollar value," as fixed by the appropriation pursuant to sections 401.01 to 401.16, times the total county population. The resulting product is the amount of subsidy to which the county is eligible under sections 401.01 to 401.16. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner of corrections, after notifying the committees on finance of the senate and appropriations of the house of representatives, may, at the end of any fiscal year, transfer any unobligated funds in any appropriation to the department of corrections to the appropriation under sections 401.01 to 401.16, which appropriation shall not cancel but is reappropriated for the purposes of sections 401.01 to 401.16.

**History:** 1989 c 329 art 13 s 20