CHAPTER 297A

GENERAL SALES TAX AND DISTRIBUTION

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297A.06 PERMIT.

After compliance with sections 297A.04 and 297A.28, when security is required, the commissioner shall issue to each applicant a separate permit for each place of business within Minnesota. A permit shall be valid until canceled or revoked but shall not be assignable and shall be valid only for the person in whose name it is issued and for the transaction of business at the place designated therein. It shall at all times be conspicuously displayed at the place for which issued.

History: 1989 c 277 art 1 s 13

297A.065 CANCELLATION OF PERMITS.

The commissioner may cancel a permit when one of the following conditions occurs:

- (1) the permit holder has not filed a sales or use tax return for one year or more;
- (2) the permit holder has not reported any sales or use tax liability on the permit holder's returns for two or more years; or
 - (3) the permit holder requests cancellation of the permit.

History: 1989 c 277 art 1 s 14

297A.07 REVOCATION OF PERMITS.

Whenever any person fails to comply with any provision of sections 297A.01 to 297A.44 or any rule of the commissioner adopted under sections 297A.01 to 297A.44, the commissioner, upon hearing, after giving the person 30 days' notice in writing specifying the time and place of hearing and the reason for the proposed revocation and requiring the person to show cause why the permit or permits should not be revoked, may for reasonable cause, revoke or suspend any one or more of the permits held by such person. The notice may be served personally or by mail in the manner prescribed for service of notice of a deficiency. The commissioner shall not issue a new permit after revocation except upon application accompanied by reasonable evidence of the intention of the applicant to comply with the aforementioned provisions and rules. The commissioner may condition the issuance of a new permit to such applicant on the supplying of such security in addition to that authorized by section 297A.28 as is reasonably necessary to insure compliance with the aforementioned provisions and rules.

History: 1989 c 184 art 2 s 27

297A.17 TAX TO BE COLLECTED; STATUS AS DEBT.

The use tax required to be collected by the retailer constitutes a debt owed by the retailer to Minnesota and shall be a debt from the purchaser to the retailer recoverable at law in the same manner as other debts. A retailer who does not maintain a place of business within this state, as defined in section 297A.21, subdivision 1, shall not be indebted to Minnesota for amounts of use tax which it was required to collect but did not collect unless the retailer knew or had been advised by the commissioner of its obligation to collect the use tax.

History: 1989 c 277 art 1 s 15

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297A.19 [Repealed, 1989 c 277 art 1 s 35]

297A.20 VIOLATIONS.

Any person violating section 297A.16 or 297A.18 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

History: 1989 c 277 art 1 s 16

297A.21 REGISTRATION TO COLLECT USE TAX.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S.1988]

- Subd. 4. Required registration by out-of-state retailer not maintaining place of business in Minnesota. (a) A retailer making retail sales from outside this state to a destination within this state and not maintaining a place of business in this state shall file an application for a permit pursuant to section 297A.04 and shall collect and remit the use tax as provided in section 297A.16 if the retailer engages in the regular or systematic soliciting of sales from potential customers in this state by:
- (1) the distribution, by mail or otherwise, without regard to the state from which such distribution originated or in which the materials were prepared, of catalogs, periodicals, advertising flyers, or other written solicitations of business to customers in this state:
- (2) display of advertisements on billboards or other outdoor advertising in this state;
 - (3) advertisements in newspapers published in this state;
- (4) advertisements in trade journals or other periodicals the circulation of which is primarily within this state;
- (5) advertisements in a Minnesota edition of a national or regional publication or a limited regional edition in which this state is included of a broader regional or national publication which are not placed in other geographically defined editions of the same issue of the same publication;
- (6) advertisements in regional or national publications in an edition which is not by its contents geographically targeted to Minnesota but which is sold over the counter in Minnesota or by subscription to Minnesota residents;
- (7) advertisements broadcast on a radio or television station located in Minnesota; or
- (8) any other solicitation by telegraphy, telephone, computer data base, cable, optic, microwave, or other communication system.
- (b) The location within or without this state of vendors independent of the retailer which provide products or services to the retailer in connection with its solicitation of customers within this state, including such products and services as creation of copy, printing, distribution, and recording, is not to be taken into account in the determination of whether the retailer is required to collect use tax. Paragraph (a) shall be construed without regard to the state from which distribution of the materials originated or in which they were prepared.
- (c) A retailer not maintaining a place of business in this state shall be presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be engaged in regular solicitation within this state if it (1) engages in any of the activities in paragraph (a) and makes 100 or more retail sales from outside this state to destinations within this state during a period of 12 consecutive months, or (2) makes ten or more retail sales totaling more than \$100,000 from outside this state to destinations within this state during a period of 12 consecutive months.
- (d) A retailer not maintaining a place of business in this state shall not be required to collect use tax imposed by any local governmental unit or subdivision of this state and this section does not subject such a retailer to any regulation of any local unit of government or subdivision of this state.

[For text of subds 5 and 6, see M.S.1988]

History: 1989 c 277 art 1 s 17

297A.25 EXEMPTIONS.

[For text of subds 1 to 10, see M.S.1988]

Subd. 11. Sales to government. The gross receipts from all sales, including sales in which title is retained by a seller or a vendor or is assigned to a third party under an installment sale or lease purchase agreement under section 465.71, of tangible personal property to, and all storage, use or consumption of such property by, the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, the University of Minnesota, state universities, community colleges, technical institutes, state academies, the Minnesota center for arts education, and political subdivisions of the state are exempt. Sales exempted by this subdivision include sales under section 297A.01, subdivision 3, clause (f). This exemption shall not apply to building, construction or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction, alteration, or repair of a building or facility. This exemption does not apply to construction materials purchased by tax exempt entities or their contractors to be used in constructing buildings or facilities which will not be used principally by the tax exempt entities. This exemption does not apply to the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 5, except for leases entered into by the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities.

[For text of subds 12 to 15, see M.S.1988]

Subd. 16. Sales to nonprofit groups. The gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property to, and the storage, use or other consumption of such property by, any corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes if the property purchased is to be used in the performance of charitable, religious, or educational functions, or any senior citizen group or association of groups that in general limits membership to persons age 55 or older and is organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofit purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholders, are exempt. Sales exempted by this subdivision include sales pursuant to section 297A.01, subdivision 3, clauses (d) and (f). This exemption shall not apply to building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction, alteration, or repair of a building or facility. This exemption does not apply to construction materials purchased by tax exempt entities or their contractors to be used in constructing buildings or facilities which will not be used principally by the tax exempt entities. This exemption does not apply to the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 5.

[For text of subds 17 to 41, see M.S. 1988]

History: 1989 c 277 art 1 s 18,19; 1989 c 329 art 12 s 6

297A.253 [Repealed, 1989 c 277 art 1 s 35] **297A.43** [Repealed, 1989 c 184 art 1 s 20]

297A.44 DEPOSIT OF REVENUES; COSTS OF ADMINISTRATION; APPROPRIATION.

Subdivision 1. (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) all revenues, including interest and penalties, derived from the excise and use taxes imposed by sections 297A.01 to 297A.44 shall be deposited by the commissioner in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

(b) All excise and use taxes derived from sales and use of property and services purchased for the construction and operation of an agricultural resource project, from and after the date on which a conditional commitment for a loan guaranty for the

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project is made pursuant to section 41A.04, subdivision 3, shall be deposited in the Minnesota agricultural and economic account in the special revenue fund. The commissioner of finance shall certify to the commissioner the date on which the project received the conditional commitment. The amount deposited in the loan guaranty account shall be reduced by any refunds and by the costs incurred by the department of revenue to administer and enforce the assessment and collection of the taxes.

- (c) All revenues, including interest and penalties, derived from the excise and use taxes imposed on sales and purchases included in section 297A.01, subdivision 3, paragraphs (d) and (l), clauses (1) and (2), must be deposited by the commissioner in the state treasury, and credited as follows:
- (1) first to the general obligation special tax bond debt service account in each fiscal year the amount required by section 16A.661, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and
- (2) after the requirements of clause (1) have been met, the balance must be credited to the general fund.

[For text of subd 2, see M.S.1988]

History: 1989 c 335 art 4 s 80