CHAPTER 183

ELEVATORS AND BOILERS; REGULATIONS

183.001	Administration, penalties.	183.357	Fees for licensure and inspection.
183.02	Definitions.	183.358	Rules.
183.022	Elevator available for inspection.	183.42	Inspection each year.
183.351	Definitions.	· 183.45	Inspection.
183.355	Violations, penalties.		-

183.001 ADMINISTRATION, PENALTIES.

The commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall administer chapter 183. In addition to the remedies provided for violations of this chapter, the commissioner may impose a penalty of up to \$1,000 for a violation of any provision of this chapter.

History: 1989 c 303 s 2

183.02 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Scope. When used in this chapter, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.

Subd. 2. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department of labor and industry.

Subd. 3. Department. "Department" means the department of labor and industry.

History: 1989 c 303 s 3

183.022 ELEVATOR AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION.

A person, firm, entity, or corporation that owns or controls a building or other structure housing an elevator that is subject to inspection by the department, shall, upon request, provide access at a reasonable hour to the elevator for purposes of inspection.

History: 1989 c 303 s 4

183.351 DEFINITIONS.

[For text of subds 1 to 4, see M.S. 1988]

- Subd. 5. As used in this chapter, "elevator" means moving walks and vertical transportation devices such as escalators, passenger elevators, freight elevators, dumb-waiters, handpowered elevators, endless belt lifts, and wheelchair platform lifts, but does not include external temporary material lifts, temporary construction personnel elevators at sites of construction of new or remodeled buildings, or elevators in owner-occupied buildings of no more than four living units.
- Subd. 6. Municipality. "Municipality," as used in sections 183.351 to 183.358, means a city, county, or town meeting the requirements of section 368.01, subdivision 1.

History: 1989 c 303 s 5,6

183.355 VIOLATIONS, PENALTIES.

Subdivision 1. Removal of seal. No person, firm or corporation may remove any seal or notice forbidding the use of an elevator, except by authority of the department of labor and industry or the licensing authority having jurisdiction over the elevator, or operate an elevator after a notice has been attached forbidding its use, unless the notice has been removed by authority of the department of labor and industry or the licensing authority having jurisdiction over the elevator.

Subd. 2. False certification. No inspector, or other party authorized by this section

or by rule to inspect elevators, may falsely certify the safety of an elevator, or grant a license or permit contrary to any provision of this chapter.

Subd. 3. Minimum requirements. No person, firm, or corporation may construct, install, or repair an elevator that does not meet the minimum requirements of this chapter, adopted rules, or national codes adopted by rule.

History: 1989 c 303 s 7

183.357 FEES FOR LICENSURE AND INSPECTION.

Subdivision 1. Permits. No person, firm, or corporation may construct or install an elevator without first filing an application for a permit with the department of labor and industry or a municipality authorized by subdivision 3 to inspect elevators. Projects under actual construction before July 1, 1989, are not required to obtain a permit from the department. Upon successfully completing inspection and the payment of the appropriate fee, the owner must be granted an operating permit for the elevator.

- Subd. 2. Contractor licenses. The commissioner may establish criteria for the qualifications of elevator contractors and issue licenses based upon proof of the applicant's qualifications.
- Subd. 3. Permissive municipal regulation. A municipality that conducts a system of elevator inspection on a periodic basis in conformity with this chapter, state building code requirements, and adopted rules, and that employs or contracts with inspectors meeting the minimum requirements established by rule, may provide for the inspection of elevator installation, repair, construction, and the periodic routine inspection of elevators. A municipality may not adopt standards that do not conform to the uniform standards prescribed by the department.

If a municipality does not conduct elevator inspections as provided in this chapter, or if the commissioner determines that a municipality is not properly administering and enforcing the law, rules, and codes, the commissioner shall have the inspection, administration, and enforcement undertaken by a qualified inspector employed by the department.

Subd. 4. Deposit of fees. Fees received under this section must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the special revenue fund.

History: 1989 c 303 s 8

183.358 RULES.

The commissioner may adopt rules for the following purposes:

- (1) to set a fee under section 16A.128 for processing a construction or installation permit or elevator contractor license application;
 - (2) to set a fee under section 16A.128 to cover the cost of elevator inspections;
- (3) to establish minimum qualifications for elevator inspectors that must include possession of a current journeyman elevator electrician's license issued by the state board of electricity and proof of successful completion of the national elevator construction mechanic examination or equivalent experience;
 - (4) to establish criteria for the qualifications of elevator contractors;
- (5) to establish elevator standards under sections 16B.61, subdivisions 1 and 2, and 16B.64; and
- (6) to establish procedures for appeals of decisions of the commissioner under chapter 14 and procedures allowing the commissioner, before issuing a decision, to seek advice from the elevator trade, building owners or managers, and others knowledgeable in the installation, construction, and repair of elevators.

History: 1989 c 303 s 9

183.42 INSPECTION EACH YEAR.

183.42 ELEVATORS AND ROLLERS: REGULATIONS

Every owner, lessee, or other person having charge of boilers, pressure vessels, or any boat subject to inspection under this chapter shall cause them to be inspected by the division of boiler inspection. Boilers and boats subject to inspection under this chapter must be inspected at least annually and pressure vessels inspected at least every two years except as provided under section 183.45. A person who fails to have the inspection required by this section shall pay to the commissioner a penalty in the amount of the cost of inspection up to a maximum of \$1,000.

History: 1989 c 71 s 1

183.45 INSPECTION.

Subdivision 1. All boilers and steam generators must be inspected by the division of boiler inspection before they are used and all boilers must be inspected at least once each year thereafter except as provided under subdivision 2. Inspectors may subject all boilers to hydrostatic pressure or hammer test, and shall ascertain by a thorough internal and external examination that they are well made and of good and suitable material: that the openings for the passage of water and steam, respectively, and all pipes and tubes exposed to heat, are of proper dimensions and free from obstructions: that the flues are circular in form; that the arrangements for delivering the feed water are such that the boilers cannot be injured thereby; and that such boilers and their connections may be safely used without danger to life or property. Inspectors shall ascertain that the safety valves are of suitable dimensions, sufficient in number, and properly arranged, and that the safety valves are so adjusted as to allow no greater pressure in the boilers than the amount prescribed by the inspector's certificate: that there is a sufficient number of gauge cocks, properly inserted, to indicate the amount of water, and suitable gauges that will correctly record the pressure; and that the fusible metals are properly inserted where required so as to fuse by the heat of the furnace whenever the water in the boiler falls below its prescribed limit; and that provisions are made for an ample supply of water to feed the boilers at all times; and that means for blowing out are provided, so as to thoroughly remove the mud and sediment from all parts when under pressure.

- Subd. 2. Qualifying boiler. (a) "Qualifying boiler" means a boiler of 200,000 pounds per hour or more capacity which has an internal continuous water treatment program approved by the department and which the chief boiler inspector has determined to be in compliance with paragraph (c).
- (b) A qualifying boiler must be inspected at least once every 24 months internally and externally while not under pressure and at least once every 18 months externally while under pressure. If the inspector considers it necessary to conduct a hydrostatic test to determine the safety of a boiler, the test must be conducted under the direction of the owner, contractor, or user of the equipment under the supervision of an inspector.
- (c) The owner of a qualifying boiler must keep accurate records showing the date and actual time the boiler is out of service, the reason or reasons therefor, and the chemical physical laboratory analysis of samples of the boiler water taken at regular intervals of not more than 48 hours of operation which adequately show the condition of the water, and any elements or characteristics of the water capable of producing corrosion or other deterioration of the boiler or its parts.
- (d) If an inspector determines there are substantial deficiencies in equipment or in boiler water treatment operating procedures, inspections of a qualifying boiler may be required once every 12 months until the chief boiler inspector finds that the substantial deficiencies have been corrected.

History: 1989 c 71 s 2