CHAPTER 634

SPECIAL RULES, EVIDENCE; PRIVILEGES, WITNESSES

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634.01 EVIDENCE IN PROSECUTIONS FOR FORGERY OF TREASURY NOTES.

In prosecutions for forging or counterfeiting any note, certificate, bill of credit, or security issued on behalf of the United States or of any state, or for uttering, publishing, or tendering in payment as true any such forged or counterfeit note, certificate, bill of credit, or security, or for being possessed thereof with intent to utter and pass the same as true, the certificate, under oath, of the secretary of the treasury or of the treasurer of the United States, or of the secretary or treasurer of any state in whose behalf such note, certificate, bill of credit, or security purports to have been issued, shall be admitted as evidence for the purpose of proving the same to be forged or counterfeit.

History: (9900) RL s 4741

634.02 BANK NOTES.

In prosecutions for forging or counterfeiting any notes or bills of a banking company or corporation, or for uttering, publishing, or tendering in payment as true any such forged or counterfeit bills or notes, or for being possessed thereof with the intent to utter and pass them as true, the testimony of any person acquainted with the signature of the president or cashier of such bank, or who has knowledge of the difference in appearance of the true and counterfeit bills or notes thereof shall be competent to prove that any such bill or note is counterfeit, without calling such president or cashier.

History: (9901) RL s 4742

634.03 CONFESSION, INADMISSIBLE WHEN.

A confession of the defendant shall not be sufficient to warrant conviction without evidence that the offense charged has been committed; nor can it be given in evidence against the defendant whether made in the course of judicial proceedings or to a private person, when made under the influence of fear produced by threats.

History: (9902) RL s 4743; 1986 c 444

634.031 EVIDENCE OF ACCOMPLICE.

Any person may be convicted for violation of sections 609.75 to 609.76 on the person's own confession out of court, or upon the testimony of an accomplice.

History: (10223) RL s 4973; 1963 c 753 art 2 s 10; 1986 c 444

634.04 UNCORROBORATED EVIDENCE OF ACCOMPLICE.

A conviction cannot be had upon the testimony of an accomplice, unless it is corroborated by such other evidence as tends to convict the defendant of the commission of the offense, and the corroboration is not sufficient if it merely shows the commission of the offense or the circumstances thereof.

History: (9903) RL s 4744

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634.05 [Repealed, 1963 c 753 art 2 s 17]

634.051 PROOF OF DEATH, AND OF KILLING BY DEFENDANT.

No person shall be convicted of murder or manslaughter unless the death of the person alleged to have been killed, and the fact of killing by the defendant, as alleged, are each established as independent facts beyond a reasonable doubt.

History: (10066) RL s 4875; 1981 c 147 s 1

634.06 RESIDENTS REQUIRED TO TESTIFY IN ANOTHER STATE.

- (a) Upon presentation of a certificate from a judge of a court of record in any state that may require persons within that state to attend and testify in criminal actions or grand jury investigations in this state stating that (1) there is a criminal action pending in the court or a grand jury investigation has commenced or is about to be commenced; (2) a person within this state is a material witness in the action or grand jury investigation; and (3) the person's presence will be required for a specified number of days at the trial or grand jury investigation; a judge of the district court of the county where the person resides, or where the person is found if not a resident of this state, shall set a time and place for a hearing and notify the person of the time and place.
- (b) If at the hearing the judge determines that (1) the person is a material and necessary witness; (2) it will not cause undue hardship to the person to be compelled to attend and testify in the other state; and (3) the laws of the state where the person will testify and of any other state that the person may be required to pass through by ordinary course of travel will provide protection from arrest and the service of civil and criminal process; the judge shall make an order, with a copy of the certificate attached, directing the person to attend and testify at the time and place specified in the certificate.
- (c) If the person, after being paid by an authorized person reasonable travel and lodging expenses and \$25 for each day the person is required to travel and attend as a witness, fails without good cause to attend and testify as directed by the order, the person is guilty of constructive contempt of court.

History: (9819-1) 1935 c 140 s 1; 1953 c 34 s 1; 1955 c 812 s 1; 1985 c 151 s 1

634.07 NONRESIDENTS REQUIRED TO TESTIFY IN THIS STATE.

If a person, in any state which by its laws has made provision for commanding persons within that state to attend and testify either for the prosecution or the defense in criminal actions, or for the purpose of a grand jury investigation which has commenced or is about to be commenced, in this state, is a material witness in an action pending in a district court, or a grand jury investigation which has commenced or is about to be commenced, in this state, a judge of such court may issue a certificate, under the seal of the court, stating these facts and specifying the number of days the witness will be required. This certificate shall be presented to a judge of a court of record in the county in which the witness resides, or the county in which the witness is found if not a resident of that state.

If the witness is ordered by the court to attend and testify in a criminal action or a grand jury investigation in this state the witness shall be tendered the sum of ten cents a mile for each mile by the ordinary traveled route to and from the court where the action is pending, or the place where the grand jury investigation has commenced or is about to be commenced, and \$5 for each day that the witness is required to travel and attend as a witness. A witness who has appeared in accordance with the provisions of the order of the court shall not be required to remain within this state a longer period of time than the period mentioned in the certificate.

History: (9819-2) 1935 c 140 s 2; 1955 c 812 s 2; 1986 c 444

634.08 EXEMPTIONS; ARREST, SERVICE OF PROCESS.

If a person comes into this state in obedience to a court order directing the person's

attendance and testimony in a criminal action or grand jury investigation in this state the person shall not, while in this state, pursuant to such court order, be subject to arrest or the service of process, civil or criminal, in connection with matters which arose before entrance into this state under such order.

If a person passes through this state while going to another state in obedience to a court order requiring the person's attendance and testimony in a criminal action or grand jury investigation in that state or while returning therefrom, the person shall not, while so passing through this state, be subject to arrest or the service of process, civil or criminal, in connection with matters which arose before entrance into this state pursuant to such court order.

History: (9819-3) 1935 c 140 s 3; 1955 c 812 s 3; 1986 c 444

634.09 UNIFORMITY.

Sections 634.06 to 634.09 shall be so interpreted and construed as to effectuate their general purpose to make uniform the law of the states which enact them.

History: (9819-4) 1935 c 140 s 4

634.15 ADMISSION INTO EVIDENCE OF CERTAIN CERTIFICATES OF ANALYSIS AND BLOOD SAMPLE REPORTS.

Subdivision 1. Certificates of analysis; blood sample reports. In any hearing or trial of a criminal offense or petty misdemeanor or proceeding pursuant to section 169.123, subdivision 6, the following reports shall be admissible in evidence:

- (a) A report of the facts and results of a laboratory analysis or examination if it is prepared and attested by the person performing the laboratory analysis or examination in any laboratory operated by the bureau of criminal apprehension or authorized by the bureau to conduct an analysis or examination, or in any laboratory of the federal bureau of investigation, the federal postal inspection service, the federal bureau of alcohol, tobacco and firearms, or the federal drug enforcement administration; and
 - (b) A report of a blood sample withdrawn under the implied consent law if:
 - (i) The report was prepared by the person who administered the test;
- (ii) The person who withdrew the blood sample was competent to administer the test under section 169.123, subdivision 3; and
- (iii) The report was prepared consistent with any applicable rules promulgated by the commissioner of public safety.

A report described in clause (a) purported to be signed by the person performing the analysis or examination in a laboratory named in that clause, or a blood sample report described in clause (b) purported to be signed by the person who withdrew the blood sample shall be admissible as evidence without proof of the seal, signature or official character of the person whose name is signed to it.

- Subd. 2. Testimony at trial. An accused person or the accused person's attorney may request, by notifying the prosecuting attorney at least ten days before the trial, that the following persons testify in person at the trial on behalf of the state:
- (a) A person who performed the laboratory analysis or examination for the report described in subdivision 1, clause (a); or
- (b) A person who prepared the blood sample report described in subdivision 1, clause (b).

History: 1980 c 553 s 3; 1982 c 423 s 14; 1986 c 444

634.16 ADMISSION INTO EVIDENCE OF RESULTS OF INFRARED BREATH-TESTS.

In any civil or criminal hearing or trial, the results of an infrared breath-test, when performed by a person who has been fully trained in the use of an infrared breath-testing instrument, as defined in section 169.01, subdivision 68, pursuant to training given or approved by the commissioner of public safety or the commissioner's acting

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agent, are admissible in evidence without antecedent expert testimony that an infrared breath-testing instrument provides a trustworthy and reliable measure of the alcohol in the breath.

History: 1984 c 430 s 9; 1986 c 444

634.20 EVIDENCE OF PRIOR CONDUCT.

Evidence of similar prior conduct by the accused against the victim of domestic abuse, as defined under section 518B.01, subdivision 2, is admissible unless the probative value is substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice, confusion of the issue, or misleading the jury, or by considerations of undue delay, waste of time, or needless presentation of cumulative evidence.

History: 1985 c 159 s 3