CHAPTER 254B

CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY TREATMENT

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254B.01 DEFINITIONS.

[For text of subds 1 to 4, see M.S.1986]

Subd. 5. Local agency. "Local agency" means the agency designated by a board of county commissioners, a county welfare board, or a human services board to make placements and submit state invoices according to Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20.

[For text of subd 6, see M.S.1986]

History: 1987 c 299 s 3

254B.02 CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY ALLOCATION PROCESS.

Subdivision 1. Chemical dependency treatment allocation. The chemical dependency funds appropriated for allocation shall be placed in a special revenue account. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1987, funds shall be transferred to operate the vendor payment, invoice processing, and collections system for one year. The commissioner shall annually transfer funds from the chemical dependency fund to pay for operation of the drug and alcohol abuse normative evaluation system and to pay for all costs incurred by adding two positions for licensing of chemical dependency treatment and rehabilitation programs located in hospitals for which funds are not otherwise appropriated. The commissioner shall annually divide the money available in the chemical dependency fund that is not held in reserve by counties from a previous allocation. Twelve percent of the remaining money must be reserved for treatment of American Indians by eligible vendors under section 254B.05. The remainder of the money must be allocated among the counties according to the following formula, using state demographer data and other data sources determined by the commissioner:

- (a) The county non-Indian and over age 14 per capita-months of eligibility for aid to families with dependent children, general assistance, and medical assistance is divided by the total state non-Indian and over age 14 per capita-months of eligibility to determine the caseload factor for each county.
- (b) The average median family income for the previous three years for the state is divided by the average median family income for the previous three years for each county to determine the income factor.
- (c) The non-Indian and over age 14 population of the county is multiplied by the sum of the income factor and the caseload factor to determine the adjusted population.
 - (d) \$15,000 shall be allocated to each county.
- (e) The remaining funds shall be allocated proportional to the county adjusted population.
- Subd. 2. County adjustment; maximum allocation. The commissioner shall determine the state money used by each county in fiscal year 1986, using all state data sources. If available records do not provide specific chemical dependency expenditures for every county, the commissioner shall determine the amount of state money using estimates based on available data. In state fiscal year 1988, a county must not be allocated more than 150 percent of the state money spent by or on behalf of the county

in fiscal year 1986 for chemical dependency treatment services eligible for payment under section 254B.05 but not including expenditures made for persons eligible for placement under section 254B.09, subdivision 6. The allocation maximums must be increased by 25 percent each year. After fiscal year 1992, there must be no allocation maximum. The commissioner shall reallocate the excess over the maximum to counties allocated less than the fiscal year 1986 state money, using the following process:

- (a) The allocation is divided by 1986 state expenditures to determine percentage of prior expenditure, and counties are ranked by percentage of prior expenditure less expenditures for persons eligible for placement under section 254B.09, subdivision 6.
- (b) The allocation of the lowest ranked county is raised to the same percentage of prior expenditure as the second lowest ranked county. The allocation of these two counties is then raised to the percentage of prior expenditures of the third lowest ranked county.
- (c) The operations under paragraph (b) are repeated with each county by ranking until the money in excess of the allocation maximum has been allocated.
- Subd. 3. Reserve account. The commissioner shall allocate money from the reserve account to counties that, during the current fiscal year, have met or exceeded the base level of expenditures for eligible chemical dependency services from local money. The commissioner shall establish the base level for fiscal year 1988 as the amount of local money used for eligible services in calendar year 1986. In later years, the base level must be increased in the same proportion as state appropriations to implement Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20, are increased. The base level must be decreased if the fund balance from which allocations are made under section 254B.02, subdivision 1, is decreased in later years. The local match rate for the reserve account is the same rate as applied to the initial allocation. Reserve account payments must not be included when calculating the county adjustments made according to subdivision 2.

[For text of subd 4, see M.S. 1986]

Subd. 5. Administrative adjustment. The commissioner may make payments to local agencies from money allocated under this section to support administrative activities under sections 254B.03 and 254B.04. The administrative payment must not exceed five percent of the first \$50,000, four percent of the next \$50,000, and three percent of the remaining payments for services from the allocation. Twenty-five percent of the administrative allowance shall be advanced at the beginning of each quarter, based on the payments for services made in the most recent quarter for which data is available. Adjustment of any overestimate or underestimate based on actual expenditures shall be made by the state agency by adjusting the administrative allowance for any succeeding quarter.

History: 1987 c 299 s 4-7

254B.03 RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY TREATMENT.

Subdivision 1. Local agency duties. (a) Every local agency shall provide chemical dependency services to persons residing within its jurisdiction who meet criteria established by the commissioner for placement in a chemical dependency residential or nonresidential treatment service. Chemical dependency money must be administered by the local agencies according to law and rules adopted by the commissioner under sections 14.01 to 14.69.

(b) In order to contain costs, the county board shall, with the approval of the commissioner of human services, select eligible vendors of chemical dependency services who can provide economical and appropriate treatment. Unless the local agency is a social services department directly administered by a county or human services board, the local agency shall not be an eligible vendor under section 254B.05. The commissioner may approve proposals from county boards to provide services in

an economical manner or to control utilization, with safeguards to ensure that necessary services are provided. If a county implements a demonstration or experimental medical services funding plan, the commissioner shall transfer the money as appropriate. If a county selects a vendor located in another state, the county shall ensure that the vendor is in compliance with the rules governing licensure of programs located in the state.

- Subd. 2. Chemical dependency services. (a) Payment from the chemical dependency fund is limited to payments for services other than detoxification that, if located outside of federally recognized tribal lands, would be required to be licensed by the commissioner as a chemical dependency treatment or rehabilitation program under sections 245.781 to 245.812, and services other than detoxification provided in another state that would be required to be licensed as a chemical dependency program if the program were in the state. Out of state vendors must also provide the commissioner with assurances that the program complies substantially with state licensing requirements and possesses all licenses and certifications required by the host state to provide chemical dependency treatment. Hospitals may apply for and receive licenses to be eligible vendors, notwithstanding the provisions of section 245.791. Except for chemical dependency transitional rehabilitation programs, vendors receiving payments from the chemical dependency fund must not require copayment from a recipient of benefits for services provided under this subdivision.
- (b) A county may, from its own resources, provide chemical dependency services for which state payments are not made. A county may elect to use the same invoice procedures and obtain the same state payment services as are used for chemical dependency services for which state payments are made under this section if county payments are made to the state in advance of state payments to vendors. When a county uses the state system for payment, the commissioner shall make monthly billings to the county using the most recent available information to determine the anticipated services for which payments will be made in the coming month. Adjustment of any overestimate or underestimate based on actual expenditures shall be made by the state agency by adjusting the estimate for any succeeding month.
- (c) The commissioner shall coordinate chemical dependency services and determine whether there is a need for any proposed expansion of chemical dependency treatment services. The commissioner shall deny vendor certification to any provider that has not received prior approval from the commissioner for the creation of new programs or the expansion of existing program capacity. The commissioner shall consider the provider's capacity to obtain clients from outside the state based on plans, agreements, and previous utilization history, when determining the need for new treatment services.
- Subd. 3. Local agencies to pay state for county share. Local agencies shall submit invoices to the state on forms supplied by the commissioner and according to procedures established by the commissioner. Local agencies shall pay the state for the county share of the invoiced services. Payments shall be made at the beginning of each month for services provided in the previous month. The commissioner shall bill the county monthly for services, based on the most recent month for which expenditure information is available. Adjustment of any overestimate or underestimate based on actual expenditures shall be made by the state agency by adjusting the estimate for any succeeding month.
- Subd. 4. Division of costs. The county shall, out of local money, pay the state for 15 percent of the cost of chemical dependency services. Counties may use the indigent hospitalization levy for treatment and hospital payments made under this section. Fifteen percent of any state collections from private or third-party pay, less 15 percent of the cost of payment and collections, must be distributed to the county that paid for a portion of the treatment under this section. If all funds allocated according to section 254B.02 are exhausted by a county and the county has met or exceeded the base level of expenditures under section 254B.02, subdivision 3, the county shall pay the state for 15 percent of the costs paid by the state under this section. The commissioner may

refuse to pay state funds for services to persons not eligible under section 254B.04, subdivision 1, if the county financially responsible for the persons has exhausted its allocation.

Subd. 5. Rules; appeal. The commissioner shall adopt rules as necessary to implement Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20. The commissioner shall ensure that the rules are effective on July 1, 1987. The commissioner shall establish an appeals process for use by recipients when services certified by the county are disputed. The commissioner shall adopt rules and standards for the appeal process to assure adequate redress for persons referred to inappropriate services.

[For text of subds 6 to 8, see M.S. 1986]

History: 1987 c 299 s 8-12

254B.04 ELIGIBILITY FOR CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY FUND SERVICES.

Subdivision 1. Eligibility. Persons eligible for benefits under sections 256D.01 to 256D.21, or for federal benefits under Code of Federal Regulations, title 25, part 20, and persons eligible for federal health care benefits under section 256B.06 are entitled to chemical dependency fund services.

Subd. 2. Amount of contribution. The commissioner shall adopt a sliding fee scale to determine the amount of contribution to be required from persons whose income is greater than the standard of assistance under sections 256B.06 and 256D.01 to 256D.21. The commissioner may adopt an existing fee scale from another assistance program or from the state facilities by publication in the State Register. The commissioner shall establish a separate fee scale for recipients of chemical dependency transitional rehabilitation services that provides for the collection of fees for board and lodging expenses. The fee schedule shall ensure that employed persons are allowed the income disregards and savings accounts that are allowed residents of community mental illness facilities under section 256D.06, subdivisions 1 and 1b. The fee scale must not provide assistance to persons whose income is more than 115 percent of the state median income. Payments of liabilities under this section are medical expenses for purposes of determining spend-down under sections 256B.06 and 256D.01 to 256D.21.

History: 1987 c 299 s 13

254B.05 VENDOR ELIGIBILITY.

Subdivision 1. Licensure required. Programs licensed by the commissioner are eligible vendors. Hospitals may apply for and receive licenses to be eligible vendors, notwithstanding the provisions of section 245.791. American Indian programs that, if located outside of federally recognized tribal lands, would be required to be licensed to provide chemical dependency primary treatment, extended care, transitional residence, or outpatient treatment services, are eligible vendors. Detoxification programs are not eligible vendors. Programs that, if located outside of federally recognized tribal lands, would not be licensed as a chemical dependency residential or nonresidential treatment program under sections 245.781 to 245.812 are not eligible vendors. To be eligible for payment under the Consolidated Chemical Dependency Treatment Fund, a vendor must participate in the Drug and Alcohol Abuse Normative Evaluation System or a comparable system approved by the commissioner.

- Subd. 2. Regulatory methods. (a) Where appropriate and feasible, the commissioner shall identify and implement alternative methods of regulation and enforcement to the extent authorized in this subdivision. These methods shall include:
 - (1) expansion of the types and categories of licenses that may be granted;
- (2) when the standards of an independent accreditation body have been shown to predict compliance with the rules, the commissioner shall consider compliance with the accreditation standards to be equivalent to partial compliance with the rules; and
- (3) use of an abbreviated inspection that employs key standards that have been shown to predict full compliance with the rules.

If the commissioner determines that the methods in clause (2) or (3) can be used in licensing a program, the commissioner may reduce any fee set under section 254B.03, subdivision 3, by up to 50 percent.

- (b) The commissioner shall work with the commissioners of health, public safety, administration, and education in consolidating duplicative licensing and certification rules and standards if the commissioner determines that consolidation is administratively feasible, would significantly reduce the cost of licensing, and would not reduce the protection given to persons receiving services in licensed programs. Where administratively feasible and appropriate, the commissioner shall work with the commissioners of health, public safety, administration, and education in conducting joint agency inspections of programs.
- (c) The commissioner shall work with the commissioners of health, public safety, administration, and education in establishing a single point of applicants who are required to obtain concurrent licensure from more than one of the commissioners listed in this clause.
- Subd. 3. Fee reductions. If the commissioner determines that the methods in subdivision 2, clause (2) or (3), can be used in licensing a program, the commissioner shall reduce licensure fees by up to 50 percent. The commissioner may adopt rules to provide for the reduction of fees when a license holder substantially exceeds the basic standards for licensure.

History: 1987 c 299 s 14

254B.06 REIMBURSEMENT; PAYMENT; DENIAL.

Subdivision 1. State collections. The commissioner is responsible for all collections from persons determined to be partially responsible for the cost of care of an eligible person receiving services under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20. The commissioner may collect all third-party payments for chemical dependency services provided under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20, including private insurance and federal medicaid and medicare financial participation. The commissioner shall deposit in a dedicated account a percentage of collections to pay for the cost of operating the chemical dependency consolidated treatment fund invoice processing and vendor payment system, billing, and collections. The remaining receipts must be deposited in the chemical dependency fund.

[For text of subds 2 and 3, see M.S. 1986]

History: 1987 c 299 s 15

254B.08 FEDERAL WAIVERS.

The commissioner shall apply for any federal waivers necessary to secure, to the extent allowed by law, federal financial participation for the provision of services to persons who need chemical dependency services. The commissioner may seek amendments to the waivers or apply for additional waivers to contain costs. The commissioner shall ensure that payment for the cost of providing chemical dependency services under the federal waiver plan does not exceed the cost of chemical dependency services that would have been provided without the waivered services.

Notwithstanding sections 254B.04 and 256B.02, subdivision 8, clause (18), and rules adopted under section 254B.03, subdivision 5, persons eligible under section 256B.06 for medical assistance benefits shall not be eligible for services reimbursed through the consolidated chemical dependency fund, except for transitional rehabilitation, extended care programs, and culturally specific programs as defined by Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6605, subpart 13, until the federal Social Security Act, section 2108 (1915B), program waivers are secured. Until the necessary federal program waivers are secured, persons eligible for medical assistance benefits under section 256B.06 shall be eligible for chemical dependency treatment services under section 256B.02, subdivision 8.

History: 1987 c 299 s 16

254B.09 INDIAN RESERVATION ALLOCATION OF CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY FUND.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S. 1986]

Subd. 3. Tribal nonparticipation. If a federally recognized tribal governing body has not entered into an agreement under subdivision 2 or cancels the agreement, money must be reallocated to the account established by subdivision 4.

[For text of subd 4, see M.S.1986]

Subd. 5. Tribal reserve account. The commissioner shall reserve 7.5 percent of the American Indian chemical dependency account. The reserve must be allocated to those tribal units that have used all money allocated under subdivision 4 according to agreements made under subdivision 2. An American Indian tribal governing body may receive not more than 30 percent of the reserve account in a year. Reserve payments shall be made only for persons entitled to services under section 254B.04, subdivision 1. Money must be allocated as invoices are received.

[For text of subd 6, see M.S. 1986]

Subd. 7. Nonreservation Indian account. Fifty percent of the American Indian chemical dependency allocation must be held in reserve by the commissioner in an account for treatment of Indians not residing on lands of a reservation receiving money under subdivision 4. This money must be used to pay for services certified by county invoice to have been provided to an American Indian eligible recipient. Money allocated under this subdivision may be used for payments on behalf of American Indian county residents only if, in addition to other placement standards, the county certifies that the placement was appropriate to the cultural orientation of the client. Any funds for treatment of nonreservation Indians remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall be reallocated under section 254B.02.

History: 1987 c 299 s 17-19