

CHAPTER 140

LAW LIBRARIES

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140.01 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

NOTE: Section 140.01 is not applicable to Ramsey county. See Laws 1974, Chapter 435, Article 7, Section 1.

140.02 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

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140.03 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.04 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.05 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.06 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.07 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.08 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.09 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.10 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.11 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.12 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.13 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.14 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.15 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.16 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.17 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.18 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.19 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.20 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.21 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.212 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.22 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.23 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.24 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.25 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.26 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.27 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.28 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.29 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.30 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.31 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.32 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.33 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.34 ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNTY LAW LIBRARY.

Any county may establish a county law library wherever sessions of court are required to be held by law upon the filing of an order by the judge of the county or county municipal court or by a judge of the judicial district in which the county is situated with the clerk of court of the county.

History: 1949 c 184 s 1; 1982 c 576 s 2

140.35 WHO MAY USE.

Under proper regulations of the board of trustees the use of the library shall be free to the judges of the state, state officials, judges of the district, municipal, county, conciliation and probate courts of the county, city and county officials, members of the bar, and inhabitants of the county.

History: 1949 c 184 s 2; 1982 c 576 s 3

140.36 BOARD OF TRUSTEES; COMPOSITION.

Subdivision 1. **Trustees.** The management of any library established shall be under a board of three, five or seven trustees, who shall serve without compensation.

A board of three trustees shall consist of:

(1) A judge of the district or county or county municipal court appointed by the chief judge of the judicial district.

(2) A member of the county board selected by it at its next regular meeting after the order establishing the library is filed and thereafter at the annual election of officers.

(3) One attorney admitted to the practice of law, residing in the county and selected by the county attorney.

When the board consists of five trustees, the additional members shall be a judge appointed by the chief judge of the judicial district and an additional attorney admitted to the practice of law, residing in the county and selected by the county attorney. When the board consists of seven trustees, the additional members shall be provided for in the bylaws.

Subd. 2. **Membership changes.** The bylaws shall state the procedure by which a board of trustees may increase or decrease its membership.

Subd. 3. **Joint law library.** Wherever a joint law library is established by order, or wherever two or more law libraries are maintained within one county, the board of trustees shall consist of a judge of the district or his designee, one judge from each county included in the order or from each district within a single county, or his designee, one member of the board of county commissioners from each county included in the order or from each district within a single county, to be selected by the county board at its annual election of officers, and one attorney admitted to the practice of law, residing in each county included in the order or in each district within a single county, to be selected by the county attorney of each county or district within the county.

History: 1949 c 184 s 3; 1982 c 576 s 4

140.37 BOARD OF TRUSTEES, MEETINGS; TERM OF OFFICE.

The trustees shall meet immediately after their selection and the board shall hold annual meetings thereafter. At each meeting it shall elect one of its members

president and another member or the librarian secretary. The secretary shall act as the staff of the board and shall attend all meetings and prepare and distribute all agenda matters.

All members of the board of law library trustees shall hold office for a term to be set in the bylaws.

History: 1949 c 184 s 4; 1982 c 576 s 5

140.38 BYLAWS AND REGULATIONS; POWERS; TITLE TO REMAIN IN COUNTY.

The board of trustees shall adopt bylaws and regulations for the conduct of its business and the government of the library and file them, along with all other records, minutes of meetings and other documents relating to the governance of the library with the clerk of the court.

It shall have powers necessary for the governance and maintenance of the library, including, but not limited to the power to:

- (1) Amend its bylaws and regulations;
- (2) On behalf of the county accept any gift, grant, devise, or bequest or the loan of books or property for the library, and carry out the conditions thereof;
- (3) Purchase or lease books or library facilities with money from the county law library fund;
- (4) Sell or exchange items of property of the library.

The title to the library and its property is in the county establishing the library.

History: 1949 c 184 s 5; 1982 c 576 s 6

140.39 REPORT TO COUNTY AUDITOR.

The county auditor shall file with the board of trustees an annual report containing a detailed statement of the receipts and disbursements of the library for the preceding year. The board of trustees shall file an inventory with the county auditor showing the property belonging to the library or loaned or leased to the library.

History: 1949 c 184 s 6; 1982 c 576 s 7

140.40 QUARTERS.

The county board shall provide suitable quarters within the courthouse for the use of the library, and shall also provide light, heat, janitor service and other necessary expenses of maintaining the library.

History: 1949 c 184 s 7; 1982 c 576 s 8

140.401 LIBRARIAN.

In Hennepin and Ramsey Counties the board of trustees shall appoint a librarian and necessary assistants and clerical help, and fix their compensation. In all other counties, where a librarian is not employed by the county, the board of trustees may appoint a librarian and necessary assistants and clerical help and, with the approval of the county board, fix their compensation. In all counties where services cannot be provided by the Minnesota state law library, the board of trustees may contract with regional library systems for services.

History: 1982 c 576 s 9

140.41 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.42 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.421 HENNEPIN AND RAMSEY COUNTIES; FEES FOR LAW LIBRARIES.

Subdivision 1. **Civil actions.** In Hennepin and Ramsey Counties, the district administrator or his designee shall collect in each civil suit, action or proceeding filed in the district, municipal and conciliation courts of the district, in the manner in which other fees are collected, a law library fee from:

(a) The plaintiff, petitioner or other person instituting the suit, action or proceeding, at the time of the filing of the first paper; and

(b) Each defendant, respondent, intervenor or other party who appears, either separately or jointly, to be collected at the time of the filing of the first paper by the defendant, respondent, intervenor or other party, or at the time when his appearance is entered in the case.

Subd. 2. **Probate proceedings.** The district administrator or his designee shall collect a law library fee from the petitioner instituting proceedings for supervised and unsupervised guardianship, conservatorship, descent, formal and informal probate, trusts and summary assignments at the time of the filing of the petition. The disbursement shall be an item of expense of administration of the estate, entitling the petitioner to reimbursement out of the estate.

Subd. 3. **Setting fees.** The law library board of trustees shall, with the approval of the board of commissioners, set the amount of the law library fee in the district, probate, municipal and conciliation courts of the judicial district. All law library fees shall be published in the state register.

History: 1982 c 576 s 10

140.422 LIBRARY FEES COLLECTED IN ALL OTHER COUNTIES.

Subdivision 1. **Civil fee assessment.** In counties other than Hennepin and Ramsey, the clerk of court shall collect in each civil suit, action or proceeding filed in the district, county or county municipal and conciliation courts of the county, in the manner in which other fees are collected, a law library fee from:

(a) The plaintiff, petitioner or other person instituting the suit, action or proceeding, at the time of the filing of the first paper; and

(b) Each defendant, respondent, intervenor or other party who appears, either separately or jointly, to be collected at the time of the filing of the first paper by the defendant, respondent, intervenor or other party, or at the time when his appearance is entered in the case.

Subd. 2. **Probate proceedings.** The judge of the probate court or the registrar of probate or the clerk of court shall collect a law library fee from the petitioner instituting proceedings for supervised and unsupervised guardianship, conservatorship, descent, formal and informal probate, trusts and summary assignments at the time of the filing of the petition. The disbursement shall be an item of administration of the estate, entitling the petitioner to reimbursement out of the estate.

Subd. 3. **Criminal convictions; fee assessment.** The judge of district or county or county municipal court may, upon the recommendation of the board of trustees and by standing order, include in the costs or disbursements assessed against a defendant convicted in the district or county or county municipal court of the violation of any statute or municipal ordinance, in all criminal prosecutions in which, upon conviction, the defendant may be subject to the payment of the costs or disbursements in addition to a fine or other penalty a county law library fee. The item of costs or disbursements may not be assessed for any offense committed prior to the establishment of the county law library.

Subd. 4. **Setting fees.** The law library board of trustees shall, with the approval of the board of commissioners, set the amount of the law library fee for civil and criminal matters in the district, county or county municipal and conciliation courts of the county. The fee shall be initially set on July 1, 1982. Commencing with July 1, 1983, the law library fee shall be set every two years and shall remain in effect during that time. All law library fees shall be published in the state register.

History: 1982 c 576 s 11

140.423 LIMITATIONS.

The provisions of sections 140.421 and 140.422 shall not apply to actions or proceedings commenced by the state, the county or any municipality, to garnishment proceedings, to the filing of transcripts, to compensation awards, to proceedings under the Minnesota reciprocal enforcement of support act or to complaints in intervention in receivership proceedings.

History: 1982 c 576 s 12

140.43 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.431 TAXABLE AS COSTS.

The law library fee is a cost in the action and taxable as such, and is to be allotted for the support of the library.

History: 1982 c 576 s 13

140.435 [Repealed, 1982 c 576 s 19]

140.44 DEPOSITS WITH COUNTY TREASURER; COUNTY AUDITOR.

These fees shall be paid to the county treasurer or county auditor, who shall give his receipt therefor. The county treasurer or county auditor may disburse these funds and any other money belonging to this board only at the direction of the board of trustees.

History: 1949 c 184 s 11; 1982 c 576 s 14

140.45 EXISTING LIBRARIES; JOINT LAW LIBRARIES.

By July 1, 1983, all county law libraries shall come under the provisions of sections 140.34 to 140.46.

Two or more counties may unite in the establishment of a joint law library.

History: 1949 c 184 s 12; 1982 c 576 s 15

140.46 ANNUAL APPROPRIATION BY COUNTY BOARD.

The county board may in its discretion, provide for additional support and maintenance of the county law library out of county funds.

History: 1949 c 184 s 13; 1982 c 576 s 16

140.47 STATE LAW LIBRARIAN TO ASSIST.

The state law librarian, under the guidance of the supreme court, shall advise and assist in the operation and maintenance of the county law libraries.

History: 1982 c 576 s 17