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CHAPTER 260

JUVENILES

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260.015 DEFINITIONS.

[For text of subds 1 to 6, see M.S.1980]

Subd. 7. "Foster care" means the 24 hour a day care of a child in any facility which for gain or otherwise regularly provides one or more children, when unaccompanied by their parents, with a substitute for the care, food, lodging, training, education, supervision or treatment they need but which for any reason cannot be furnished by their parents or legal guardians in their homes.

[For text of subds 8 to 18, see M.S.1980]

History: 1981 c 290 s 4

260.019 JUVENILE COURT; HENNEPIN AND RAMSEY COUNTIES.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.1980]

Subd. 3. The chief judge shall designate any judge to hear cases arising under sections 260.011 to 260.301 as his principal or exclusive assignment for no more than six years out of any 12 year period.

[For text of subd 4, see M.S.1980]

History: 1981 c 292 s 2

260.031 REFEREE.

Subdivision 1. The office of referee is abolished. No vacancy in the office of referee shall be filled, nor new office created. Persons holding the office of referee on June 30, 1980, in the second and August 15, 1980, in the fourth judicial district may continue to serve at the pleasure of the chief judge of the district under the terms and conditions of their appointment. All referees are subject to the administrative authority and assignment power of the chief judge of the district as provided in section 484.69, subdivision 3, and are not limited to assignment to juvenile court. Referees shall be qualified for their duties by their previous training and experience and hold office at the pleasure of the judge. The compensation of a referee shall be fixed by the judge, approved by the county board and payable from the general revenue funds of the county not otherwise appropriated. Part time referees holding office in the second judicial district pursuant to this subdivision shall cease to hold office on July 31, 1984.

[For text of subds 2 to 5, see M.S.1980]

History: 1981 c 272 s 1; 1Sp1981 c 4 art 4 s 25

260.111 JURISDICTION.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S.1980]

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Subd. 2. Jurisdiction over other matters relating to children. Except as provided in clause (d), the juvenile court has original and exclusive jurisdiction in proceedings concerning:

- (a) The termination of parental rights to a child in accordance with the provisions of sections 260.221 to 260.245.
- (b) The appointment and removal of a juvenile court guardian of the person for a child, where parental rights have been terminated under the provisions of sections 260.221 to 260.245.
 - (c) Judicial consent to the marriage of a child when required by law.
- (d) Adoptions. The juvenile court in those counties in which the judge of the probate-juvenile court has been admitted to the practice of law in this state shall proceed under the laws relating to adoptions in all adoption matters. In those counties in which the judge of the probate-juvenile court has not been admitted to the practice of law in this state the district court shall proceed under the laws relating to adoptions in all adoption matters.
- (e) The review of the foster care status of a child who has been placed in a residential facility, as defined in section 257.071, subdivision 1, pursuant to a voluntary release by his parent or parents.

History: 1981 c 290 s 6

260.125 REFERENCE FOR PROSECUTION.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.1980]

- Subd. 3. A prima facie case that the public safety is not served or that the child is not suitable for treatment shall have been established if the child was at least 16 years of age at the time of the alleged offense and:
- (1) Is alleged by delinquency petition to have committed an aggravated felony against the person and (a) in committing the offense, the child acted with particular cruelty or disregard for the life or safety of another; or (b) the offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning by the juvenile; or
- (2) Is alleged by delinquency petition to have committed murder in the first degree; or
- (3) Has been found by the court, pursuant to an admission in court or after trial, to have committed an offense within the preceding 24 months which would be a felony if committed by an adult, and is alleged by delinquency petition to have committed murder in the second or third degree, manslaughter in the first degree, criminal sexual conduct in the first degree or assault in the first degree; or
- (4) Has been found by the court, pursuant to an admission in court or after trial, to have committed two offenses, not in the same behavioral incident, within the preceding 24 months which would be felonies if committed by an adult, and is alleged by delinquency petition to have committed manslaughter in the second degree, kidnapping, criminal sexual conduct in the second degree, arson in the first degree, aggravated robbery, or assault in the second degree; or
- (5) Has previously been found by the court, pursuant to an admission in court or after trial, to have committed three offenses, none in the same behavioral incident, within the preceding 24 months which would be felonies if committed by an adult, and is alleged by delinquency petition to have committed any felony other than those described in clauses (2), (3) or (4).

For the purposes of this subdivision, "aggravated felony against the person" means a violation of any of the following provisions: sections 609.185; 609.19;

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609.195; 609.20, subdivision 1 or 2; 609.221; 609.222; 609.223; 609.245; 609.25; 609.342; 609.343; 609.344, clause (c) or (d); 609.345, clause (c) or (d); 609.561; 609.58, subdivision 2, clause (b); or 609.713.

[For text of subds 4 to 6, see M.S.1980]

History: 1981 c 201 s 1

260.131 PETITION.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S.1980]

Subd. 1a. Review of foster care status. The social service agency responsible for the placement of a child in a residential facility, as defined in section 257.071, subdivision 1, pursuant to a voluntary release by the child's parent or parents may bring a petition in juvenile court to review the foster care status of the child in the manner provided in this section.

[For text of subds 2 and 3, see M.S.1980]

History: 1981 c 290 s 7

260.192 DISPOSITIONS: VOLUNTARY FOSTER CARE PLACEMENTS.

Upon a petition for review of the foster care status of a child, the court may:

- (a) Find that the child's needs are being met and that the child's placement in foster care is in the best interests of the child, in which case the court shall approve the voluntary arrangement. The court shall order the social service agency responsible for the placement to bring a petition pursuant to either section 260.131, subdivision 1 or section 260.131, subdivision 1a, as appropriate, within two years if court review was pursuant to section 257.071, subdivision 3 or subdivision 4, or within one year if court review was pursuant to section 257.071, subdivision 2.
- (b) Find that the child's needs are not being met, in which case the court shall order the social service agency or the parents to take whatever action is necessary and feasible to meet the child's needs, including, when appropriate, the provision by the social service agency of services to the parents which would enable the child to live at home, and shall order the case to be reviewed again within one year.
- (c) Find that the child has been abandoned by his parents financially or emotionally, or that the developmentally disabled child does not require out-of-home care because of the handicapping condition, in which case the court shall order the social service agency to file an appropriate petition pursuant to sections 260.131, subdivision 1, or 260.231.

History: 1981 c 290 s 8

260,241 TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS: EFFECT.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S. 1980]

- Subd. 4. Upon entry of an order terminating the parental rights of any person who is identified as a parent on the original birth certificate of the child as to whom the parental rights are terminated, the court shall cause written notice to be made to that person setting forth:
- (a) The right of the person to file at any time with the state registrar of vital statistics a consent to disclosure, as defined in section 144.212, subdivision 11;
- (b) The right of the person to file at any time with the state registrar of vital statistics an affidavit stating that the information on the original birth certificate shall not be disclosed as provided in section 144.1761;

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(c) The effect of a failure to file either a consent to disclosure, as defined in section 144.212, subdivision 11, or an affidavit stating that the information on the original birth certificate shall not be disclosed.

History: 1Sp1981 c 4 art 1 s 129

260.311 PROBATION OFFICERS.

[For text of subds 1 to 4, see M.S.1980]

Subd. 5. Reimbursement of counties. In order to reimburse the counties for the cost which they assume under Laws 1959, Chapter 698, of providing probation and parole services to wards of the commissioner of corrections and the Minnesota corrections board and to aid the counties in achieving the purposes of this section, the commissioner shall annually, from funds appropriated for that purpose, pay 50 percent of the costs of probation officers' salaries to all counties of not more than 200,000 population. Nothing herein shall be deemed to invalidate any payments to counties made pursuant to this section before the effective date of Laws 1963, Chapter 694. Salary costs include fringe benefits, but only to the extent that fringe benefits do not exceed those provided for state civil service employees. On or before July 1 of each even numbered year each county or group of counties shall submit to the commissioner of corrections an estimate of its costs under this section. Reimbursement shall be made on the basis of the estimate or actual expenditures incurred, whichever is less. Salary costs shall not be reimbursed unless county probation officers are paid salaries commensurate with the salaries paid to comparable positions in the classified service of the state civil service. The salary range to which each county probation officer is assigned shall be determined by the authority having power to appoint probation officers, and shall be based on the officer's length of service and performance. The appointing authority shall annually assign each county probation officer to a position on the salary scale commensurate with the officer's experience, tenure, and responsibilities. The judge shall file with the county auditor an order setting each county probation officer's salary. Time spent by a county probation officer as a court referee shall not qualify for reimbursement. Reimbursement shall be prorated if the appropriation is insufficient.

[For text of subds 6 and 7, see M.S.1980]

History: 1981 c 192 s 20