

MINNESOTA STATUTES 1977 SUPPLEMENT

375.18 COUNTY BOARDS

(All proceedings for the condemnation of such lands shall be had under the provisions of chapter 117.)

Notwithstanding this section, upon majority vote of the Dakota county board, the Dakota county board may spend up to but not to exceed \$240,000 for the purposes of payment for property needed for expansion of the Dakota county fairgrounds. This provision expires January 1, 1978.

[For text of subds 10 to 13, see M.S.1976]

[1977 c 347 s 56; 1977 c 442 s 15]

375.192 Reductions in assessed valuation of real property.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.1976]

Subd. 3. Subject to the approval of the commissioner of revenue, the county board shall authorize the county auditor to grant the credits denied under section 272.115, subdivision 4, provided that a certificate of value has been filed with the county auditor. The county board shall not hear any requests under this subdivision after May 31 of the year in which the taxes are payable.

[1977 c 423 art 4 s 3]

NOTE: Subdivision 3 shall be effective January 1, 1979 and thereafter.

375.46 Road and highway patrol; sheriff's duty.

Subdivision 1. The board of county commissioners of any county may appropriate, out of its general fund, money to permit the sheriff to patrol the roads and highways of his county to investigate conditions respecting observances of laws.

[For text of subd 2, see M.S.1976]

[1977 c 158 s 1]

CHAPTER 378. BODIES OF WATER

Sec.
378.32 Water surface use regulation.

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Subdivision 1. The county board of every county may by ordinance regulate the surface use of any bodies of water situated wholly or partly within the boundaries of the county and not situated entirely within the boundaries of a single city or lake conservation district established by law, except that where a body of water lies in more than one county no such ordinance shall be effective until adopted by the county boards of all the counties in which the body of water lies pursuant to section 471.59 or placed into effect by order of the commissioner of natural resources pursuant to section 361.26. With the authorization of the affected city or lake conservation district, a county board may assume and exercise the powers set forth in this section with respect to bodies of water lying wholly within that city or lake conservation district. The regulation by the county of the surface use of any portion of a body of water situated within the boundaries of a city shall be consistent with any regulation existing on May 25, 1973 of the surface use of that portion of the body of water, by the city. After January 1, 1975, any such ordinance shall be consistent with the provisions of chapter 361 and rules and regulations of the commissioner promulgated pursuant to section 361.25. Any surface use zoning ordinances adopted pursuant to this section by a local governmental unit subsequent to May 25, 1973 is invalid unless it is approved by the commissioner. Proposed surface use zoning ordinances shall be submitted to the commissioner for his review

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COUNTY WELFARE BOARD 393.07

and approval prior to adoption. The commissioner shall approve or disapprove the proposed ordinance within 120 days after receiving it. If the commissioner disapproves the proposed ordinance, he shall return it to the local governmental unit with a written statement of his reasons for disapproval. The county board shall have power:

[For text of subds 2 to 10, see M.S.1976]

[1977 c 322 s 1]

CHAPTER 393. COUNTY WELFARE BOARD

Sec.
393.07 Powers and duties.

Sec.
393.11 County attorney; expenses.

393.07 Powers and duties.

[For text of subds 1 to 8, see M.S.1976]

Subd. 9. **Power to compel certain persons to pay child support.** When directed by a judge of district or county court or when a person under court order is in default in making child support payments to another person who has custody of the children for whom such payments have been ordered, the county welfare board shall take such steps as may be necessary to compel the person in default on such payments to make them; to take such steps as may be necessary to compel such persons to make reimbursement to comply with the order of court when in default; and to institute, if necessary, contempt proceedings on behalf of such person or persons to whom money or property is ordered to be paid or delivered. It shall be the duty of the county attorney to conduct such contempt proceedings when directed by a judge of the district or county court or when requested by the county welfare board. The county attorney in such contempt proceedings or upon a separate motion supported by order to show cause and affidavits may move the court that any defaults or delinquent payments under such order of support be reduced to a judgment against the defaulting party, and where the county welfare board or any other public agency has advanced and expended funds to supply the unmet needs of such children because of such default by failure to pay the court order, such county welfare board or other public agency shall be subrogated and may recover under such judgment to the extent that public funds were expended for the care and support of such children. The additional cost incurred by the county attorney to bring contempt actions under this subdivision shall be paid from the moneys collected in such actions in whatever manner and amount approved by a judge of that particular county or district court.

Subd. 10. **Federal food stamp program.** The county welfare board shall establish and administer the food stamp program pursuant to rules of the commissioner of public welfare and federal regulations.

Any person who commits any of the following acts is guilty of theft and shall be sentenced pursuant to section 609.52, subdivision 3, clauses (1), (2), and (5):

(a) Obtains or attempts to obtain, or aids or abets any person to obtain by means of a wilfully false statement or representation, or intentional concealment of a material fact, food stamps to which he is not entitled or in an amount greater than that to which he is entitled; or

(b) Presents or causes to be presented, coupons for payment or redemption knowing them to have been received, transferred or used in a manner contrary to existing state or federal law; or

(c) Willfully uses or transfers food stamp coupons or authorization to purchase cards in any manner contrary to existing state or federal law.