

MINNESOTA STATUTES 1977 SUPPLEMENT

TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS 2.722

CHAPTER 1. SOVEREIGNTY, JURISDICTION

Sec.
1.043 Jurisdiction, when to vest.

Sec.
1.0431 Retrocession. [NEW]
1.148 State grain. [1977]

1.043 Jurisdiction, when to vest.

The jurisdiction granted or ceded to the United States over any place in the state under sections 1.041 or 1.042 shall not vest until the United States has acquired the title to or right of possession of the premises affected, and shall continue only while the United States owns or occupies the same for the purpose or purposes to which such jurisdiction appertains as specified in those sections or until the United States relinquishes to the state full or partial jurisdiction pursuant to section 1.0431.

[1977 c 125 s 1]

1.0431 Retrocession.

Subdivision 1. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, all or any part of the jurisdiction acquired by the United States over any land or place in the state pursuant to sections 1.041 or 1.042 or any other statute may be retroceded to the state in the manner provided herein.

Subd. 2. Retrocession of jurisdiction shall be initiated by written offer to the governor by an authorized officer of the United States agency having supervision over the land. Retrocession shall not take effect until the governor, after consulting with the governing bodies of counties or municipalities within whose boundaries lie all or part of the federal lands, has accepted jurisdiction on behalf of the state and a certificate evidencing acceptance has been filed with the secretary of state and a duplicate recorded in the office of the county recorder of each county in which the lands or any part thereof are situated.

Subd. 3. The jurisdiction ceded to the state under subdivision 1 shall be exercised by the appropriate state authorities and by the local governmental unit or units within whose boundaries lie all or part of the affected federal lands.

[1977 c 125 s 2]

1.148 State grain.

Subdivision 1. *Zizania aquatica*, commonly known as wild rice or manomin, is adopted as the official state grain of the state of Minnesota.

Subd. 2. A photograph of *zizania aquatica*, commonly known as wild rice or manomin, may be displayed in the office of the secretary of state.

[1977 c 348 s 1]

CHAPTER 2. TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

Sec.
2.722 Judicial districts.

Sec.
2.724 Chief justice of supreme court, duties.

2.722 Judicial districts.

Subdivision 1. **Description.** Effective July 1, 1959, the state is divided into ten judicial districts composed of the following named counties, respectively, in each of which districts two or more judges shall be chosen as hereinafter specified:

1. Goodhue, Dakota, Carver, LeSueur, McLeod, Scott, and Sibley; five judges; and four permanent chambers shall be maintained in Red Wing, Hastings, Shakopee, and Glencoe and one other shall be maintained at the place designated by the chief judge of the district;

2. Ramsey; 12 judges;

3. Wabasha, Winona, Houston, Rice, Olmsted, Dodge, Steele, Waseca, Freeborn, Mower, and Fillmore; six judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Faribault, Albert Lea, Austin, Rochester, and Winona;