

485.01 CLERKS OF DISTRICT COURT

CHAPTER 485. CLERKS OF DISTRICT COURT

Sec.
485.01 Election; bond; duties.

485.01 Election; bond; duties

There shall be elected in each county a clerk of the district court, who, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall give bond to the state, to be approved by the county board, in a penal sum of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 conditioned for the faithful discharge of his official duties. In counties having a population of more than 200,000 and less than 350,000 the amount of such bond shall be \$10,000 and in counties having a population of more than 350,000 the amount of such bond shall be \$25,000, which bond, with his oath of office, shall be filed for record with the register of deeds. Such clerk shall perform all duties assigned him by law and by the rules of the court. He shall not practice as an attorney in the court of which he is the clerk.

[1973 c 524 s 9]

CHAPTER 486. COURT REPORTERS

Sec.		Sec.
486.05	District court reporters; salaries.	486.06 Charge for transcript.

486.05 District court reporters; salaries

The judge by an order filed with the county auditors on or before the second Monday in June, 1973, shall fix and establish the salary of the court reporter at an amount not exceeding \$16,300 per year, and, in such order, each judge, except those judges in the second and fourth judicial districts, shall apportion the salaries of the reporters in their respective districts among the several counties, and each county shall be required by such order to pay a specified amount thereof in monthly installments, which shall be such proportion of the whole salary as the population in each county bears to the total population in the district as set forth in the most recent federal census. It is provided, however, that in the event a judge is temporarily transferred to hold court in some county other than in his judicial district then, and in that event, the said county shall pay that part of the monthly salary of the judge's reporter as that part of the month worked by said reporter in said county. Each reporter shall have and maintain his residence in the district in which he is appointed. The reporter, in addition to his salary, shall be paid such sums as he shall accrue as necessary mileage, traveling, and hotel expenses while absent from the city or village in which he resides in the discharge of his official duties, such expenses to be paid by the county for which the same were incurred upon presentation of a verified itemized statement thereof approved by the judge; and the auditor of such county, upon presentation of such approved statement, shall issue his warrant in payment thereof.

All laws now in force relating to the salary of district court reporters inconsistent herewith relating to any and all counties are hereby repealed and superseded, except the manner of setting salary as hereinbefore set forth shall not apply to the second and fourth judicial districts.

[1973 c 111 s 1]

486.06 Charge for transcript

In addition to such salary, the reporter may charge for a transcript of his record ordered by any person other than the judge 35 cents per folio thereof and seven and one-half cents per folio for each manifold or other copy thereof when so ordered that it can be made with such transcript. This section

shall not apply to any county containing a city of the first class which city has more than 150,000 residents.

[1973 c 111 s 2; 1973 c 361 s 2]

CHAPTER 487. COUNTY COURTS

Sec.		Sec.	
487.01	Probate and county courts; provisions.	487.24	Forcible entry and unlawful detainer actions.
487.03	Judges.	487.25	Pleading, practice, procedure and forms in criminal proceedings.
487.06	Retirement of judges.	487.26	Petit jurors.
487.08	Judicial officers.	487.27	Divisions.
487.09	Municipal court judges as judicial officers.	487.29	Traffic offenses.
487.10	Clerks, deputies, records.	487.30	Conciliation court.
487.16	Minor civil and criminal jurisdiction.	487.31	Fees payable to clerk.
487.17	Forcible entry and unlawful detainer.	487.33	Disposition of fines, fees and other moneys; accounts.
487.18	Criminal jurisdiction.	487.36	Transfer of records; transfer of funds.
487.19	Concurrent jurisdiction.	487.37	Transfer of actions.
487.21	Trial of civil and criminal actions.	487.39	Appeals.
487.23	Pleading, practice, procedure and forms in civil actions.	487.40	Change of venue; affidavit of prejudice.
		487.41	Assignment of judges [New].

487.01 Probate and county courts; provisions

Subdivision 1. A probate court, which shall be a court of record having a seal, and, except in the counties of Hennepin and Ramsey shall also be a county court, is established in each county. The court shall be open for the transaction of business at the county-seat at all reasonable hours. Hearings may be had at such times and places in the county as the court may deem advisable. The necessary and reasonable traveling expenses of judges, judicial officers, referees, reporters, clerks, and employees in attending hearings in places other than the county-seat incident to their duties shall be paid by the county.

Subd. 2. The county board of a county to which sections 487.01 to 487.39 apply shall provide and furnish to the county court the courtrooms, quarters, supplies, equipment and personnel the court finds necessary for its purposes.

Subd. 3. The following probate and county court districts are established: Kittson, Roseau and Lake of the Woods; Marshall, Red Lake and Pennington; Norman, Clearwater and Mahnomen; Cass and Hubbard; Wadena and Todd; Mille Lacs and Kanabec; Wilkin, Big Stone and Traverse; Swift and Stevens; Pope, Grant and Douglas; Lac qui Parle, Yellow Medicine and Chippewa; Lincoln and Lyon; Murray and Pipestone; Jackson and Cottonwood; Rock and Nobles; Dodge and Olmsted; Lake and Cook; Aitkin and Carlton; Sibley, Meeker and McLeod; Martin, Watonwan and Faribault; Houston and Fillmore; Nicollet and Le Sueur; Winona and Wabasha; Pine, Isanti and Chisago; Sherburne, Benton and Stearns.

A combined county court district may be separated into single county courts by the concurrence of the county boards of the respective counties affected. Vacancies in the office of judge created by such a separation shall be filled in the manner herein provided for the selection of other county court judges.

The single county court districts so created by such separation shall each be entitled to one judge, subject to the provisions of subdivision 5, clause (5), provided, however, that if the number of judges of the combined county court district exceeds the number of counties, then, upon separation into single county court districts, the county having the largest population determined by the last United States census shall be entitled to two judges and in the event there are more judges than counties remaining, the county having the next largest population determined by the last United States census shall also be entitled to two judges.