

## STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY 116D.01

application fees pursuant to subdivision 2 and in assessments pursuant to subdivision 3. The proposed budget for the following biennium shall be subject to legislative review.

Subd. 2. Every applicant for a site certificate or transmission line construction permit shall pay to the council a fee in an amount equal to \$500 for each \$1,000,000 of production or transmission line plant investment in the proposed installation as defined in the Federal Power Commission Uniform System of Accounts. The council shall specify the time and manner of payment of the fee. If any single payment requested by the council is in excess of 25 percent of the total estimated fee, the council shall show that such excess is reasonably necessary. The applicant shall pay within 30 days of notification such additional fees as are reasonably necessary for completion of the plant site, transmission line corridor or route evaluation and selection process by the council. In no event shall the total fees required of the applicant under this subdivision exceed an amount equal to 0.001 of said production or transmission line plant investment (\$1,000 for each \$1,000,000) except that the minimum application fee shall not be less than \$5,000. All money received pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited in the general fund. So much money as is necessary is annually appropriated from the general fund to pay expenses incurred in processing applications for certificates or permits in accordance with the provisions of sections 116C.51 to 116C.69 and in the event such expenses are less than the fee paid, to refund the excess to the applicant. This annual appropriation shall not exceed the fees to be paid during such period.

Subd. 3. The council shall finance its base line studies, general environmental studies, development of criteria, inventory preparation and all other work, other than specific site, corridor, and route selection, from an assessment made annually by the council against all utilities. Each share shall be determined as follows: (1) the ratio that the annual retail kilowatt-hour sales in the state of each utility bears to the annual total retail kilowatt-hour sales in the state of all such utilities, multiplied by 0.667, plus (2) the ratio that the annual gross revenue from retail kilowatt-hour sales in the state of each utility bears to the annual total gross revenues from retail kilowatt-hour sales in the state of all such utilities, multiplied by 0.333, as determined by the council. Such assessment shall be credited to the general fund and shall be paid to the state treasury within 30 days after receipt of the bill, which shall constitute notice of said assessment and demand of payment thereof. The total amount which may be assessed to the several utilities under authority of this subdivision shall not exceed the annual budget of the council for carrying out the purposes of this subdivision.

[1973 c 591 s 19, subds 1-3]

## CHAPTER 116D. STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY [NEW]

Sec.	Sec.
116D.01 Purpose.	116D.04 Environmental impact statements.
116D.02 Declaration of state environmental policy.	116D.05 Review of authority, report.
116D.03 Action by state agencies.	116D.06 Effect of existing obligations.
	116D.07 Governor, report required.

**116D.01 Purpose**

The purposes of Laws 1973, Chapter 412 are: (a) to declare a state policy that will encourage productive and enjoyable harmony between man and his environment; (b) to promote efforts that will prevent or eliminate damage to the environment and biosphere and stimulate the health and welfare of man; and (c) to enrich the understanding of the ecological systems and natural resources important to the state and to the nation.

[1973 c 412 s 1]

**116D.02 STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY**

**116D.02 Declaration of state environmental policy**

Subdivision 1. The legislature, recognizing the profound impact of man's activity on the interrelations of all components of the natural environment, particularly the profound influences of population growth, high density urbanization, industrial expansion, resources exploitation, and new and expanding technological advances and recognizing further the critical importance of restoring and maintaining environmental quality to the overall welfare and development of man, declares that it is the continuing policy of the state government, in cooperation with federal and local governments, and other concerned public and private organizations, to use all practicable means and measures, including financial and technical assistance, in a manner calculated to foster and promote the general welfare, to create and maintain conditions under which man and nature can exist in productive harmony, and fulfill the social, economic, and other requirements of present and future generations of the state's people.

Subd. 2. In order to carry out the policy set forth in Laws 1973, Chapter 412, it is the continuing responsibility of the state government to use all practicable means, consistent with other essential considerations of state policy, to improve and coordinate state plans, functions, programs and resources to the end that the state may:

- (a) Fulfill the responsibilities of each generation as trustee of the environment for succeeding generations;
- (b) Assure for all people of the state safe, healthful, productive, and aesthetically and culturally pleasing surroundings;
- (c) Discourage ecologically unsound aspects of population, economic and technological growth, and develop and implement a policy such that growth occurs only in an environmentally acceptable manner;
- (d) Preserve important historic, cultural, and natural aspects of our national heritage, and maintain, wherever practicable, an environment that supports diversity, and variety of individual choice;
- (e) Encourage, through education, a better understanding of natural resources management principles that will develop attitudes and styles of living that minimize environmental degradation;
- (f) Develop and implement land use and environmental policies, plans, and standards for the state as a whole and for major regions thereof through a coordinated program of planning and land use control;
- (g) Define, designate, and protect environmentally sensitive areas;
- (h) Establish and maintain statewide environmental information systems sufficient to gauge environmental conditions;
- (i) Practice thrift in the use of energy and maximize the use of energy efficient systems for the utilization of energy, and minimize the environmental impact from energy production and use;
- (j) Preserve important existing natural habitats of rare and endangered species of plants, wildlife, and fish, and provide for the wise use of our remaining areas of natural habitation, including necessary protective measures where appropriate;
- (k) Reduce wasteful practices which generate solid wastes;
- (l) Minimize wasteful and unnecessary depletion of nonrenewable resources;
- (m) Conserve natural resources and minimize environmental impact by encouraging extension of product lifetime, by reducing the number of unnecessary and wasteful materials practices, and by recycling materials to conserve both materials and energy;
- (n) Improve management of renewable resources in a manner compatible with environmental protection;
- (o) Provide for reclamation of mined lands and assure that any mining is accomplished in a manner compatible with environmental protection;

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY 116D.04

(p) Reduce the deleterious impact on air and water quality from all sources, including the deleterious environmental impact due to operation of vehicles with internal combustion engines in urbanized areas;

(q) Minimize noise, particularly in urban areas;

(r) Prohibit, where appropriate, flood plain development in urban and rural areas; and

(s) Encourage advanced waste treatment in abating water pollution.

[1973 c 412 s 2]

**116D.03 Action by state agencies**

Subdivision 1. The legislature authorizes and directs that, to the fullest extent practicable the policies, regulations and public laws of the state shall be interpreted and administered in accordance with the policies set forth in sections 116D.01 to 116D.06.

Subd. 2. All departments and agencies of the state government shall:

(a) On a continuous basis, seek to strengthen relationships between state, regional, local and federal-state environmental planning, development and management programs;

(b) Utilize a systematic, interdisciplinary approach that will insure the integrated use of the natural and social sciences and the environmental arts in planning and in decision making which may have an impact on man's environment; as an aid in accomplishing this purpose there shall be established advisory councils or other forums for consultation with persons in appropriate fields of specialization so as to ensure that the latest and most authoritative findings will be considered in administrative and regulatory decision making as quickly and as amply as possible;

(c) Identify and develop methods and procedures that will ensure that environmental amenities and values, whether quantified or not, will be given at least equal consideration in decision making along with economic and technical considerations;

(d) Study, develop, and describe appropriate alternatives to recommended courses of action in any proposal which involves unresolved conflicts concerning alternative uses of available resources;

(e) Recognize the worldwide and long range character of environmental problems and, where consistent with the policy of the state, lend appropriate support to initiatives, resolutions, and programs designed to maximize interstate, national and international cooperation in anticipating and preventing a decline in the quality of mankind's world environment;

(f) Make available to the federal government, counties, municipalities, institutions and individuals, information useful in restoring, maintaining, and enhancing the quality of the environment, and in meeting the policies of the state as set forth in Laws 1973, Chapter 412;

(g) Initiate the gathering and utilization of ecological information in the planning and development of resource oriented projects; and

(h) Undertake, contract for or fund such research as is needed in order to determine and clarify effects by known or suspected pollutants which may be detrimental to human health or to the environment, as well as to evaluate the feasibility, safety and environmental effects of various methods of dealing with pollutants.

[1973 c 412 s 3]

**116D.04 Environmental impact statements**

Subdivision 1. Where there is potential for significant environmental effects resulting from any major governmental action or from any major private action of more than local significance, such action shall be preceded by a detailed statement prepared by the responsible agency or, where no governmental permit is required, by the responsible person, on:

116D.04 STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

(a) The environmental impact of the proposed action, including any pollution, impairment, or destruction of the air, water, land, or other natural resources located within the state;

(b) Any direct or indirect adverse environmental, economic, and employment effects that cannot be avoided should the proposal be implemented;

(c) Alternatives to the proposed action;

(d) The relationship between local short term uses of the environment and the maintenance and enhancement of long term productivity, including the environmental impact of predictable increased future development of an area because of the existence of a proposal, if approved;

(e) Any irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources which would be involved in the proposed action should it be implemented;

(f) The impact on state government of any federal controls associated with proposed actions; and

(g) The multistate responsibilities associated with proposed actions.

Subd. 2. The Minnesota environmental quality council shall, by January 1, 1974, prescribe by rule and regulation in conformity with provisions of chapter 15, guidelines and regulations setting forth those instances in which environmental impact statements are required to be prepared for new and existing actions, including the time and manner in which such statements shall be prepared and acted upon, and to coordinate the processing of such statements among local, state and federal agencies. The council may require the preparation of an environmental impact statement for any action or project not referred to in its guidelines and regulations. Further, the council may require the revision of an environmental impact statement which is found to be inadequate.

Subd. 3. Upon the filing with the council of a petition of not less than 500 persons requesting an environmental impact statement on a particular action, the council shall review the petition and, where there is material evidence of the need for an environmental review, require the preparation of an environmental impact statement in accordance with provisions of this section.

Subd. 4. Prior to the preparation of a final environmental impact statement, the person responsible for the statement shall consult with and request the comments of every governmental office which has jurisdiction by law or special expertise with respect to any environmental effect involved. Copies of the drafts of such statements and the comments and views of the appropriate offices shall be made available to the council and the public. The final detailed environmental impact statement and the comments received thereon shall precede final decisions on the proposed action and shall accompany the proposal through an administrative review process.

Subd. 5. (a) "Permits for natural resources management and development" shall include only permits required by the following sections of Minnesota Statutes: 84.415, utility crossings of public lands and waters; 84.45, aircraft operation in wilderness areas; 84.60 and 84.621, underground storage of gas or liquid; 89.17, use of state forest lands; 89.18, roads through state forests; 90.151, cutting and removal of timber; 93.01 to 93.43, exploration and mining of minerals; 104.04, flood plain management ordinances; 105.41, appropriation and use of waters; 105.42, construction of dams, alteration of shorelines and waterways; 105.43, establishment of lake levels; 105.44 and 113.02, irrigation of agricultural lands; 105.485, shoreland conservation ordinances; 93.13 and 105.64, drainage to facilitate mining; 115.03 and 115.43, water pollution; 116.07 and 116.081, air, solid waste, and noise pollution; 117.47, use of state lands for taconite mining; 117.49, condemnation by pipeline companies; 160.20, connecting drains to highway drains; 360.018, subdivision 6, airport construction.

(b) "Natural resources" has the meaning given it in section 116B.02, subdivision 4.

## STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY 116D.06

(c) "Pollution, impairment or destruction" has the meaning given it in section 116B.02, subdivision 5.

Subd. 6. No state action significantly affecting the quality of the environment shall be allowed, nor shall any permit for natural resources management and development be granted, where such action or permit has caused or is likely to cause pollution, impairment, or destruction of the air, water, land or other natural resources located within the state, so long as there is a feasible and prudent alternative consistent with the reasonable requirements of the public health, safety, and welfare and the state's paramount concern for the protection of its air, water, land and other natural resources from pollution, impairment, or destruction. Economic considerations alone shall not justify such conduct.

Subd. 7. Regardless of whether a detailed written environmental impact statement is required by the council to accompany an application for a permit for natural resources management and development, or a recommendation, project, or program for action, officials responsible for issuance of aforementioned permits or for other activities described herein shall give due consideration to the provisions of Laws 1973, Chapter 412, as set forth in section 116D.03, in the execution of their duties.

Subd. 8. In order to facilitate coordination of environmental decision making and the timely review of agency decisions, the council shall establish by regulation a procedure for early notice to the council and the public of natural resource management and development permit applications and other impending state actions having significant environmental effects.

Subd. 9. Prior to the final decision upon any state project or action significantly affecting the environment or for which an environmental impact statement is required, or within ten days thereafter, the council may delay implementation of the action or project by notice to the agency or department and to interested parties. Thereafter, within 45 days of such notice, the council may reverse or modify the decisions or proposal where it finds, upon notice and hearing, that the action or project is inconsistent with the policy and standards of sections 116D.01 to 116D.06. Any aggrieved party may seek judicial review pursuant to chapter 15.

[1973 c 412 s 4]

#### 116D.05 Review of authority, report

All agencies of the state government shall review their present statutory authority, administrative regulations, and current policies and procedures for the purpose of determining whether there are any deficiencies or inconsistencies therein that prohibit full compliance with the purposes and provisions of sections 116D.01 to 116D.06, and shall propose to the governor not later than July 1, 1974, such measures as may be necessary to bring their authority and policies into conformity with the intent, purposes, and procedures set forth in Laws 1973, Chapter 412.

[1973 c 412 s 5]

#### 116D.06 Effect of existing obligations

Subdivision 1. Nothing in sections 116D.03 to 116D.05 shall in any way affect the specific statutory obligations of any state agency to (a) comply with criteria or standards of environmental quality, (b) coordinate or consult with any federal or state agency, or (c) act or refrain from acting contingent upon the recommendations or certification of any other state agency or federal agency.

Subd. 2. Policies are supplemental. The policies and goals set forth in sections 116D.01 to 116D.06 are supplementary to those set forth in existing authorizations of state agencies.

[1973 c 412 s 6]

## 116D.07 STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

### 116D.07 Governor, report required

The governor shall transmit to the legislature and make public by November 15 of each year an environmental quality report which shall set forth:

(1) The status and condition of the major natural, man made, or altered environmental classes of the state, including, but not limited to, the air, the aquatic, and the terrestrial environment, including, but not limited to, the forest, dryland, wetland, range, urban, suburban, and rural environment;

(2) Current and foreseeable trends in the quality, management and utilization of such environments and the effects of those trends on the social, economic and other requirements of the state;

(3) The adequacy of available natural resources for fulfilling human and economic requirements of the state in the light of expected population pressures;

(4) A review of the programs and activities, including regulatory activities, of the federal government in the state, the state and local governments, and nongovernmental entities or individuals, with particular reference to their effect on the environment and on the conservation, development and utilization of natural resources;

(5) A program for remedying the deficiencies of existing programs and activities, together with recommendations for legislation;

(6) A review of identified, potentially feasible programs and projects for solving existing and future natural resources problems;

(7) Measures as may be necessary to bring state government statutory authority, administrative regulations and current policies into conformity with the intent, purposes, and procedures set forth in Laws 1973, Chapter 412;

(8) The status of statewide natural resources plans; and

(9) A statewide inventory of natural resources projects, consisting of (a) a description of all existing and proposed public natural resources works or improvements to be undertaken in the coming biennium by state agencies or with state funds, (b) a biennial tabulation of initial investment costs and operation and maintenance costs for both existing and proposed projects, (c) an analysis of the relationship of existing state projects to all existing public natural resources works of improvement undertaken by local, regional, state-federal, and federal agencies with funds other than state funds, and (d) an analysis of the relationship of proposed state projects to local, regional, state-federal, and federal plans.

The purpose of this environmental quality report by the governor is to provide the information necessary for the legislature to assess the existing and possible future economic impact on state government of capital investments in and maintenance costs of natural resources works of improvement.

[1973 c 412 s 7]

## CHAPTER 116E. ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION COUNCIL [NEW]

Sec.  
116E.01 Policy.  
116E.02 Establishment.

Sec.  
116E.03 Powers and duties.  
116E.04 Cooperation.

### 116E.01 Policy

It is the policy of the state of Minnesota to encourage development of life values and a style of living which fosters the constructive use, rather than exploitation of natural resources and the environment, and to promote coordination among various groups and institutions developing and distributing environmental education materials, including but not limited to formal and non-formal education, pre-kindergarten, kindergarten through grade twelve, post-secondary, vocational, college and adult education. It is in the public interest