

PART I

PUBLIC RIGHTS

SOVEREIGNTY, JURISDICTION, CIVIL DIVISIONS

CHAPTER 1. SOVEREIGNTY, JURISDICTION

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1.34 Legislative advisory committee.  
1.36 Compensation and reimbursement  
for expenses.

**1.34 Legislative advisory committee**

Subdivision 1. In order to assist the Minnesota-Wisconsin boundary area commission in the performance of its duties, there is created a legislative advisory committee comprised of five members of the house of representatives to be appointed by the speaker, and five members of the senate to be appointed by the committee on committees. The members of the advisory committee shall be selected by January 31 of each odd numbered year. Vacancies, when the legislature is not in regular session, shall be filled by appointment of the last duly elected speaker, in the case of members of the house of representatives, and the last duly elected members of the committee on committees, in the case of members of the senate.

[1973 c 705 s 1]

[For text of subd. 2, see M.S.1971]

**1.36 Compensation and reimbursement for expenses**

Subdivision 1. Members of the commission and members of the advisory committee shall serve without compensation, but the actual and necessary expenses incurred by any member thereof in the performance of his duties shall be reimbursed from the appropriations made for the support of the commission by the state of Minnesota.

Subd. 2. Members of the legislative advisory committee shall be compensated and reimbursed for expenses in the same manner that members of legislative standing committees are compensated and reimbursed pursuant to section 3.102.

[1973 c 705 s 2]

CHAPTER 2. TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

- Sec.  
2.724 Chief judge of supreme court, duties.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

**2.724 Chief judge of supreme court, duties**

[For text of subd. 1, see M.S.1971]

**Subd. 2. Temporary Assignments.** To promote and secure more efficient administration of justice, the chief justice of the supreme court of the state shall supervise and coordinate the work of the district courts of the state. The supreme court may provide by rule that the chief justice not be required to write opinions as a member of the supreme court. Its rules may further provide for it to hear and consider cases in divisions, and it may by rule assign temporarily any retired justice of the supreme court or one district judge