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**626.01** [Repealed, 1963 c 849 s 17]  
**626.02** [Repealed, 1963 c 849 s 17]  
**626.03** [Repealed, 1963 c 849 s 17]

**626.04 PROPERTY; SEIZURE, KEEPING, AND DISPOSAL.** When any officer shall seize, with or without warrant, any property or thing, the same shall be safely kept by direction of the court or magistrate, so long as may be necessary for the purpose of being produced as evidence on any trial, and then the property or things shall, unless otherwise subject to lawful detention, be returned to the owner thereof, or to such other person as may be entitled to the possession of the same and the other things so seized may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of under the direction of the court or justice of the peace. Any money found in gambling devices when seized shall be paid into the county treasury, or, if such gambling devices are seized by a police officer of a municipality, such money shall be paid into the treasury of such municipality.

[*RL* s 5199; 1929 c 177; 1963 c 849 s 16] (10540)

**626.05 DEFINITIONS.** Subdivision 1. A search warrant is an order in writing, in the name of the state, signed by a court of record or by a justice of the peace in any county having no municipal court other than a probate court, directed to a peace officer, commanding him to make such search as may be authorized by law and to hold any item seized, subject to the order of a court.

Subd. 2. The term "peace officer" as used in sections 80.24, 340.65, and 626.04 to 626.17 means a sheriff, deputy sheriff, policeman, or constable.

[1963 c 849 s 3]

**626.06 JURISDICTION TO ISSUE.** Search warrants may be issued by any court of record or by a justice of the peace in any county having no municipal court other than a probate court having jurisdiction in the area wherein the place to be searched is located.

[1963 c 849 s 4]

**626.07 GROUNDS FOR ISSUANCE.** A search warrant may be issued upon any of the following grounds:

- (1) The property or things were stolen or embezzled;
- (2) The property or things were used as the means of committing a crime;
- (3) The possession of the property or things constitutes a crime;

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(4) The property or things are in the possession of any person with the intent to use them as a means of committing a crime, or the property or things so intended to be used are in the possession of another to whom they have been delivered for the purpose of concealing them or preventing their being discovered;

(5) The property or things to be seized consist of any item or constitute any evidence which tends to show a crime has been committed, or tends to show that a particular person has committed a crime.

The property or things described in this section may be taken pursuant to the warrant from any place, or from any person in whose possession they may be.

[1963 c 849 s 5]

**626.08 PROBABLE CAUSE.** A search warrant cannot be issued but upon probable cause, supported by affidavit, naming or describing the person, and particularly describing the property or thing to be seized, and particularly describing the place to be searched.

[1963 c 849 s 6]

**626.09 EXAMINATION OF PARTIES MAKING REQUEST.** The court or justice of the peace may, before issuing the warrant, examine on oath the person seeking the warrant and any witnesses he may produce, and must take his affidavit or their affidavits in writing, and cause same to be subscribed by the party or parties making same.

[1963 c 849 s 7]

**626.10 AFFIDAVIT, CONTENT.** The affidavit or affidavits must set forth the facts tending to establish the grounds of the application, or probable cause for believing that they exist.

[1963 c 849 s 8]

**626.11 ISSUANCE OF WARRANT.** If the court or justice of the peace is thereupon satisfied of the existence of the grounds of the application, or that there is probable cause to believe their existence, he must issue a search warrant, signed by him with his name of office, to a peace officer in his county, commanding him forthwith to search the person or place named, for the property or things specified, and to retain such property or things in his custody subject to order of the court or justice of the peace issuing the warrant.

[1963 c 849 s 9]

**626.12 APPLICANTS, NAMES ON WARRANT.** The warrant, in addition, shall contain the names of the persons presenting affidavits in support of the application, and the grounds for its issuance.

[1963 c 849 s 10]

**626.13 SERVICE, PERSONS MAKING.** A Search warrant may in all cases be served by any of the officers mentioned in its directions, but by no other person, except in aid of the officer on his requiring it, he being present and acting in its execution.

[1963 c 849 s 11]

**626.14 TIME OF SERVICE.** A search warrant may be served only in the daytime unless the court or justice of the peace determines on the basis of facts stated in the affidavits that a nighttime search is necessary to prevent the loss, destruction, or removal of the objects of the search. The search warrant shall state that it may be served only in the daytime unless a nighttime search is so authorized.

[1963 c 849 s 12]

**626.15 EXECUTION AND RETURN OF WARRANT, TIME.** A search warrant must be executed and returned to the court or justice of the peace who issued it within ten days after its date; after the expiration of this time the warrant, unless executed, is void.

[1963 c 849 s 13]

**626.16 DELIVERY OF COPY OF WARRANT AND RECEIPT.** When the officer conducts the search he must give a copy of the warrant and, when property or things are taken, a receipt therefor (specifying it in detail) to the person in whose possession the premises or the property or things taken were found; or, in the absence of any person, he must leave such copy of the warrant and receipt in the place where the property or things were found. Such delivery of a copy of the warrant shall constitute service.

[1963 c 849 s 14]

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**626.17 RETURN AND INVENTORY.** The officer must forthwith return the warrant to the court or justice of the peace, and deliver to him a written inventory of the property or things taken, verified by the certificate of the officer at the foot of the inventory.

[1963 c 849 s 15]

### UNLAWFUL SEARCHES AND SEIZURES

**626.21 RETURN OF PROPERTY AND SUPPRESSION OF EVIDENCE.** A person aggrieved by an unlawful search and seizure may move the district court for the district in which the property was seized or the municipal court having jurisdiction of the substantive offense for the return of the property and to suppress the use, as evidence, of anything so obtained on the ground that (1) the property was illegally seized, or (2) the property was illegally seized without warrant, or (3) the warrant is insufficient on its face, or (4) the property seized is not that described in the warrant, or (5) there was not probable cause for believing the existence of the grounds on which the warrant was issued, or (6) the warrant was illegally executed, or (7) the warrant was improvidently issued. The judge shall receive evidence on any issue of fact necessary to the decision of the motion. If the motion is granted the property shall be restored unless otherwise subject to lawful detention, and it shall not be admissible in evidence at any hearing or trial. The motion to suppress evidence may also be made in the district where the trial is to be had. The motion shall be made before trial or hearing unless opportunity therefor did not exist or the defendant was not aware of the grounds for the motion, but the court in its discretion may entertain the motion at the trial or hearing.

[1963 c 850 s 1]

**626.22 MALICIOUSLY PROCURING SEARCH WARRANT; MISCONDUCT IN USE.** Every person who shall maliciously and without probable cause procure a search warrant to be issued and executed, and every officer who, in executing a search warrant, shall wilfully exceed his authority, or exercise it with unnecessary severity, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

[R L s 4846] (10031)

### BUREAU OF CRIMINAL APPREHENSION

**626.311** [Repealed, 1969 c 177 s 1]

**626.312** [Repealed, 1969 c 177 s 1]

**626.313** [Repealed, 1969 c 177 s 1]

**626.314** [Repealed, 1969 c 177 s 1]

**626.315** [Repealed, 1969 c 177 s 1]

**626.316** [Repealed, 1969 c 177 s 1]

**626.317** [Repealed, 1969 c 177 s 1]

**626.318** [Repealed, 1969 c 177 s 1]

**626.319** [Repealed, 1969 c 177 s 1]

**626.32** [Obsolete]

**626.33 SUPERINTENDENT; RULES, REGULATIONS.** This bureau shall be under the supervision and control of a superintendent, who shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the consent of the senate. The term of office of the superintendent shall be two years. The incumbent shall serve until a successor is appointed and qualifies. The governor may remove the superintendent at any time at his pleasure. Any vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term. The superintendent shall devote his entire time to the duties of his office. The superintendent, from time to time, shall make such rules and regulations and adopt such measures as he deems necessary, within the provisions and limitations of sections 299C.04 to 299C.08, 299C.10, 299C.11, 299C.17, 299C.18, 299C.21, 626.33, to secure the efficient operation of the bureau. The bureau shall cooperate with the respective sheriffs, constables, marshals, police, and other peace officers of the state in the detection of crime and the apprehension of criminals throughout the state, and shall have the power to conduct such investigations as the superintendent may deem necessary to secure evidence which may be essential to the apprehension and conviction of alleged violators of the criminal laws of the state. The various members of the bureau shall have and may exercise throughout the state the same powers of arrest possessed by a sheriff, but they shall not be employed to render police service in connection with strikes and other industrial disputes.

[1927 c 224 s 2; 1935 c 197 s 1; 1949 c 739 s 21; 1951 c 713 s 34] (9950-6)

NOTE: See Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 299C.

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- 626.34 [Renumbered 299C.04]
- 626.35 [Renumbered 299C.05]
- 626.36 [Renumbered 299C.06]
- 626.365 [Renumbered 299C.07]
- 626.37 [Renumbered 299C.08]
- 626.38 [Renumbered 299C.09]
- 626.39 [Renumbered 299C.10]
- 626.40 [Renumbered 299C.11]
- 626.41 [Renumbered 299C.12]
- 626.42 [Renumbered 299C.13]
- 626.43 [Renumbered 299C.14]
- 626.44 [Renumbered 299C.15]
- 626.45 [Renumbered 299C.16]
- 626.46 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 34 s 12]
- 626.461 [Repealed, 1967 c 870 s 15]
- 626.462 [Repealed, 1967 c 870 s 15]
- 626.463 [Repealed, 1967 c 870 s 15]
- 626.464 [Repealed, 1967 c 870 s 15]
- 626.465 [Repealed, 1967 c 870 s 15]
- 626.466 [Repealed, 1967 c 870 s 15]
- 626.467 [Repealed, 1967 c 870 s 15]
- 626.468 [Repealed, 1967 c 870 s 15]
- 626.469 [Repealed, 1967 c 870 s 15]
- 626.47 [Renumbered 299C.17]
- 626.48 [Renumbered 299C.18]
- 626.49 [Renumbered 299C.19]
- 626.50 [Renumbered 299C.20]
- 626.51 [Renumbered 299C.21]

## REPORTS

**626.52 PHYSICIANS AND OTHER AIDS TO HEALING TO REPORT INJURIES FROM FIREARMS.** Every physician, every surgeon, every person authorized to engage in the practice of healing, every superintendent or manager of a hospital, every nurse and every pharmacist, whether such physicians, surgeons, persons engaged in the practice of healing, superintendent or manager of any hospital, nurse and pharmacist be licensed or not, shall immediately report to the proper police authorities, as herein defined, all bullet wounds, gun-shot wounds, powder burns, or any other injury arising from, or caused by the discharge of any gun, pistol, or any other firearm, which wound he is called upon to treat, dress, or bandage.

[1935 c 165 s 1; 1963 c 489 s 1; 1965 c 759 s 1] (9950-22a)

**626.53 REPORT BY TELEPHONE AND LETTER.** The report required by section 626.52 shall be made forthwith by telephone or in person, and shall be promptly supplemented by letter, enclosed in a securely sealed, postpaid envelope, addressed to the sheriff of the county in which the wound is examined, dressed, or otherwise treated; except that, if the place in which the patient is treated for such injury or his wound dressed or bandaged be in a city of the first, second, or third class, such report shall be made and transmitted as herein provided to the chief of police of such city instead of the sheriff. The office of any such sheriff and of any such chief of police shall keep such report as a confidential communication and shall not disclose the name of the person making the same, and the party making the report shall not by reason thereof be subpoenaed, examined, or forced to testify in court as a consequence of having made such a report.

[1935 c. 165 s. 2] (9950-23)

**626.54 APPLICATION OF SECTIONS 626.52 TO 626.55.** The requirements of sections 626.52 to 626.55 shall not apply to a nurse employed in a hospital nor to a nurse regularly employed by a physician, surgeon, or other person practicing healing, where the employer has made a proper report in compliance therewith.

[1935 c. 165 s. 3] (9950-24)

**626.55 PENALTY.** Any person who violates any provision of sections 626.52 to 626.55 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

[1935 c. 165 s. 4] (9950-25)

**626.553 GUNSHOT WOUNDS; INVESTIGATIONS, REPORTS.** Upon receipt of the report required in section 626.52 and 626.53, the sheriff or chief of police receiving the report shall determine the general cause of the wound, and if he determines that the wound was caused by an action connected with the occupation or sport of hunting or shooting he shall immediately conduct a detailed investigation into the facts surrounding the incident or occurrence which occasioned the injury or death reported. The investigating officer shall report the findings of his investigation to the commissioner of natural resources on forms provided by the commissioner for this purpose.

[1957 c 407 s 1; 1969 c 1129 art 10 s 2]

**626.554 REPORTING OF MALTREATMENT OF MINORS.** Subdivision 1. **Declaration of purpose.** The purpose of this section is to provide for the protection of minor children who have had physical injury inflicted upon them, by other than accidental means, where the injury appears to have been caused as a result of physical abuse or neglect.

Subd. 2. **Who makes report and to whom made.** Any physician, surgeon, person authorized to engage in the practice of healing, superintendent or manager of a hospital, nurse and pharmacist, whether such physicians, surgeons, persons engaged in the practice of healing, superintendent or manager of any hospital, nurse and pharmacist be licensed or not, shall immediately report all cases of physical injury to children inflicted by other than accidental means which come to their attention where the injury appears to have been caused as a result of physical abuse or neglect. Such cases shall be reported to the appropriate police authority as defined in section 626.53 and the county welfare agency. The appropriate police authority, upon receiving such a report, shall immediately notify the county welfare agency. Provided, however, that no provision of this section shall be construed to mean that a child is neglected or lacks proper parental care solely because said child's parent, guardian, or custodian in good faith, selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for the treatment or cure of disease or remedial care of such child.

Subd. 3. **Nature and content of report.** An oral report shall be made immediately by telephone or otherwise and followed as soon thereafter as possible by a report in writing, to the appropriate police authority and the county welfare agency. Such report shall contain the names and addresses of the child and his parents or other persons responsible for his care, if known, the child's age, the nature and extent of the child's injuries, including any evidence of previous injuries, and any other information helpful in establishing the cause of the injuries and the identity of the perpetrator.

Subd. 4. **Responsibility of county welfare agency.** The county welfare agency shall investigate complaints of neglect and abuse of children and offer protective social services in an effort to protect the health and welfare of these children and to prevent further abuses.

Subd. 5. **Immunity from liability.** Anyone participating in good faith in the making of a report pursuant to this section shall have immunity from any liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed. Any such participant shall have the same immunity with respect to participation in any judicial proceeding resulting from such report.

Subd. 6. **Evidence not privileged.** Neither the physician-patient privilege nor the husband-wife privilege shall be a ground for excluding evidence regarding a child's injuries or the cause thereof, in any judicial proceeding concerning a physical injury to a minor which appears to have been caused as a result of physical abuse or neglect.

Subd. 7. **Penalty for violation.** Anyone knowingly and willingly violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

[1965 c 759 s 2; 1967 c 322 s 1; 1969 c 103 s 1]

**626.56** [Renumbered 299C.30]

**626.57** [Renumbered 299C.31]

**626.58** [Renumbered 299C.32]

**626.59** [Renumbered 299C.33]

**626.60** [Renumbered 299C.34]

**626.61** [Renumbered 299C.35]

**626.62** [Renumbered 299C.36]

**626.63** Subdivision 1. [Renumbered 299C.37, Subdivision 1]

Subd. 2. [Renumbered 299C.37, Subd. 2]

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Subd. 3. [Renumbered 299C.37, Subd. 3]

Subd. 4. [Renumbered 299C.37, Subd. 4]

626.64 [Renumbered 299C.38]

## UNIFORM LAW ON FRESH PURSUIT

**626.65 UNIFORM LAW ON FRESH PURSUIT; RECIPROCAL.** Any member of a duly organized state, county, or municipal peace unit of another state of the United States who enters this state in fresh pursuit, and continues within this state in such fresh pursuit, of a person in order to arrest him on the ground that he is believed to have committed a felony in such other state, shall have the same authority to arrest and hold such person in custody, as has any member of any duly organized state, county, or municipal peace unit of this state, to arrest and hold in custody a person on the ground that he is believed to have committed a felony in this state; provided, the rights extended by this section shall be extended only to those states granting these same rights to peace officers of this state who may be in fresh pursuit of suspected criminals in such reciprocating states.

[1939 c. 64 s. 1] (10547-1)

**626.66 ARREST; HEARING.** If an arrest is made in this state by an officer of another state in accordance with the provisions of section 626.65 he shall, without unnecessary delay, take the person arrested before a magistrate of the county in which the arrest was made, who shall conduct a hearing for the purpose of determining the lawfulness of the arrest. If the magistrate determines that the arrest was lawful he shall commit the person arrested to await for a reasonable time the issuance of an extradition warrant by the governor of this state, or admit him to bail for such purpose. If the magistrate determines that the arrest was unlawful he shall discharge the person arrested.

[1939 c. 64 s. 2] (10547-2)

**626.67 CONSTRUCTION OF SECTION 626.65.** Section 626.65 shall not be construed so as to make unlawful any arrest in this state which would otherwise be lawful.

[1939 c. 64 s. 3] (10547-3)

**626.68 STATE INCLUDES DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.** For the purpose of sections 626.65 to 626.69, the word "state" includes the District of Columbia.

[1939 c. 64 s. 4] (10547-4)

**626.69 FRESH PURSUIT.** The term "fresh pursuit," as used in sections 626.65 to 626.69, includes fresh pursuit as defined by the common law, and also the pursuit of a person who has committed a felony or who is reasonably suspected of having committed a felony. It shall also include the pursuit of a person suspected of having committed a supposed felony, though no felony has actually been committed, if there is reasonable ground for believing that a felony has been committed. Fresh pursuit, as used therein, shall not necessarily imply instant pursuit, but pursuit without unreasonable delay.

[1939 c. 64 s. 5] (10547-5)

**626.70 CITATION, UNIFORM ACT ON FRESH PURSUIT.** Sections 626.65 to 626.70 may be cited as the uniform act on fresh pursuit.

[1939 c 64 s 8] (10547-8)

## PEACE OFFICERS; ASSISTING OTHER OFFICERS

**626.76 RULES AND REGULATIONS; AIDING OTHER OFFICERS.** Subdivision 1. Any appointive or elective agency or office of peace officers as defined in subdivision 3 may establish rules or regulations for assisting other peace officers in the line of their duty and within the course of their employment.

Subd. 2. When a peace officer gives assistance to another peace officer within the scope of the rules or regulations of his appointive or elected agency or office, any such assistance shall be within the line of duty and course of employment of the officer rendering the assistance.

Subd. 3. For the purposes of this section the term "peace officer" means any member of a police department, highway patrol, game warden service, sheriff's office, or any other law enforcement agency, the members of which have, by law, the power of arrest.

Subd. 4. This section shall in no way be construed as extending or enlarging the duties or authority of any peace officer or any other law enforcement agent as defined in subdivision 3 except as provided in this section.

[1959 c 374 s 1]

**626.80** [Renumbered 299C.45]

**626.81** [Renumbered 299C.46]

**626.82** [Renumbered 299C.47]

**626.83** [Renumbered 299C.48]

## PEACE OFFICER TRAINING

**626.841 ESTABLISHMENT OF BOARD; MEMBERS.** There is hereby created in the office of the attorney general the Minnesota peace officer training board, hereinafter referred to as the "board." The board shall be composed of the following:

(a) Two members to be appointed by the governor from among the county sheriffs in Minnesota;

(b) Two members to be appointed by the governor from among the chiefs of police of Minnesota municipalities;

(c) Two members to be appointed by the governor from among peace officers in Minnesota municipalities other than chiefs of police or county sheriffs;

(d) Two members to be appointed by the governor from among the county attorneys or their assistants in Minnesota, one of whom shall be from a county containing a city of the first class;

(e) The chiefs of police of each city of the first class;

(f) The superintendent of the Minnesota bureau of criminal apprehension or his designee;

(g) The chief of the Minnesota highway patrol or his designee;

(h) The special-agent-in-charge of a field office of the federal bureau of investigation in this state or his designee;

(i) The attorney general or his designee, and

(j) Two members to be appointed by the governor from among the general public.

[1967 c 870 s 1; 1969 c 108 s 1]

**626.842 TERMS, MEETINGS, COMPENSATION.** Members of the board appointed pursuant to clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), and (j) shall serve for a term of four years. When initial appointments are made a member from clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), and (j) shall be appointed for a two year term.

If any incumbent sheriff, chief of police, peace officer or county attorney so appointed ceases to be a sheriff, chief of police, peace officer or county attorney prior to the expiration of his term as a member of the board, the governor shall be notified by the executive director of the board that a vacancy exists or is about to exist, and the governor shall forthwith appoint some other incumbent sheriff, chief of police, peace officer or county attorney to complete his term. Similar notification shall be made by the executive director of a vacancy existing or about to exist as to a member appointed pursuant to clause (j) and the governor shall make a similar appointment.

The board shall meet at least four times each year. Special meetings shall be called at the request of the executive director, the attorney general, or upon the written request of a majority of the members of the board. All recommendations by the board to the attorney general shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the board.

Membership on the board shall not constitute the holding of a public office, and members of the board shall not be required to take and file oaths of office or submit a public official's bond before serving on the board.

The members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

No member of the board shall be disqualified from holding any public office or employment, by reason of his appointment to the board, nor shall he forfeit any such office or employment notwithstanding any general, special, or local restriction, or ordinance, or city charter to the contrary.

[1967 c 870 s 2; 1969 c 108 s 2]

**626.843 RULES AND REGULATIONS, RECOMMENDATIONS; EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.** Subdivision 1. The Minnesota peace officer training board may recommend to the attorney general rules and regulations with respect to clauses (a), (b), (c), (e), (f), and (i), and may recommend standards, but not rules and regulations, as to clause (d) with respect to:

(a) The approval or disapproval thereof, of peace officer training schools or

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courses including training schools for the Minnesota highway patrol. Such schools shall include schools administered by the state, county, school district, municipality, or joint or contractual combinations thereof, and such courses shall include police training courses taught at vocational schools and trade schools.

(b) Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, and equipment and facilities to be required at each approved peace officers training school located within the state.

(c) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved peace officer training schools located within this state.

(d) Minimum standards of physical, mental, educational, and moral fitness which shall govern the recruitment of nonelective peace officers within the state, by any state, county, municipality, or joint or contractual combination thereof, including members of the Minnesota highway patrol.

(e) Minimum basic training which peace officers appointed to temporary or probationary terms shall complete before being eligible for permanent appointment, and the time within which such basic training must be completed following any such appointment to a temporary or probationary term;

(f) Minimum basic training which peace officers not appointed for temporary or probationary terms but appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent employment, and the time within which such basic training must be completed following such appointment on a nonpermanent basis;

(g) Categories or classifications of advanced in-service training programs and minimum courses of study and attendance requirements with respect to such categories and classifications;

(h) Grading, reporting, attendance and other records, and certificates of attendance or accomplishment; and

(i) Such other matters as may be necessary.

Subd. 2. An executive director shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the governor. He shall be in the unclassified service and receive compensation, as fixed by the director of civil service, and reimbursement for the expenses within the accounts available by appropriation. The board may appoint such employees, agents and consultants as they may deem necessary, prescribe their duties, and provide for reimbursement of their expenses. Such employees shall be in the classified service and subject to sections 43.09 to 43.17.

Subd. 3. The board may, in addition:

(a) Recommend studies, surveys, and reports to be made by the executive director regarding the carrying out of the objectives and purposes of sections 626.841 to 626.854;

(b) Visit and inspect any peace officer training school approved by the executive director or for which application for such approval has been made;

(c) Make recommendations, from time to time, to the executive director, attorney general, governor, and the legislature regarding the carrying out of the objectives and purposes of sections 626.841 to 626.854.

(d) Perform such other acts as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the powers and duties of the board as set forth in sections 626.841 to 626.849.

Subd. 4. The board shall report to the attorney general, from time to time, and to the governor and the legislature at least biennially concerning the activities of the board.

[1967 c 870 s 3]

**626.844 ATTORNEY GENERAL.** The attorney general may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations including but not limited to regulations and rules recommended by the board to the attorney general pursuant to section 626.843, section 626.846, subdivision 2, and section 626.847. When the attorney general promulgates any rules or regulations recommended by the board, he shall transmit a certified copy thereof to the secretary of state.

[1967 c 870 s 4]

**626.845 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.** The executive director, on behalf of the board, shall have the following powers and duties, to be exercised with the approval of the board and to be executed only in full accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated by the attorney general pursuant to section 626.844;

(a) To approve peace officers' training schools administered by state, county and municipalities located within this state;



(b) To issue certificates of approval to such approved schools, and to revoke such certification of approval when necessary to maintain the objectives and purposes of sections 626.841 to 626.854;

(c) To certify, as qualified, instructors at approved peace officer training schools, and to issue appropriate certificates to such instructors;

(d) To certify peace officers who have satisfactorily completed basic training programs, and to issue appropriate certificates to such peace officers;

(e) To cause studies and surveys to be made relating to the establishment, operation, and approval of state, county, and municipal peace officer training schools;

(f) To consult and cooperate with state, county, and municipal peace officer training schools for the development of advanced in-service training programs for peace officers;

(g) To consult and cooperate with universities and colleges for the development of specialized courses of instruction and study in the state for peace officers in police science and police administration;

(h) To consult and cooperate with other departments and agencies of the state and federal government concerned with peace officer training;

(i) To perform such other acts as may be necessary and appropriate to carry out his powers and duties as set forth in the provisions of sections 626.841 to 626.854;

(j) To report to the board, from time to time, at the regular meetings of the board and at such other times as may be required by the board.

[1967 c 870 s 5]

**626.846 ATTENDANCE, FORFEITURE OF POSITION.** Subdivision 1. Notwithstanding any general or local law or charter to the contrary, any peace officer employed or elected on or after July 1, 1967, by any state, county, municipality or joint or contractual combination thereof of the state of Minnesota with a population of more than 1,000 according to the last federal census shall attend a peace officers training course within 12 months of his appointment, except as provided in section 626.853.

Subd. 2. Every peace officer who shall be appointed by any state, county, municipality or joint or contractual combination thereof of the state of Minnesota with a population of more than 1,000 according to the last federal census, on a temporary basis or for a probationary term, shall forfeit his position unless he has satisfactorily completed, within the time prescribed by the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to sections 626.841 to 626.854, an approved peace officer training program, except as provided in section 626.853. Any other peace officer employed or elected by any state, county, municipality or joint or contractual combination thereof, may attend peace officer training courses subject to the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to sections 626.841 to 626.854.

[1967 c 870 s 6]

**626.847 COMPULSORY PROGRAM; EXEMPTIONS.** Nothing contained in sections 626.841 to 626.854, except the population limits in section 626.846 and section 626.853, shall be construed to exempt any peace officer charged with the enforcement of the general criminal laws of the state from the provisions of sections 626.841 to 626.854, or to exempt a peace officer having received his last permanent appointment as a peace officer prior to July 1, 1967. The peace officers training board may recommend by a two-thirds vote rules and regulations for minimum basic training for all peace officers who received an appointment prior to July 1, 1967. Upon the adoption of such rules and regulations by the attorney general all such peace officers shall comply with such rules and regulations.

[1967 c 870 s 7]

**626.848 TRAINING COURSES, LOCATIONS.** The superintendent of the bureau of criminal apprehension shall provide courses at convenient locations in the state, for training peace officers in their powers and duties, and in the use of approved equipment and the latest technique for detection, identification and apprehension of criminals. For this purpose, the superintendent may use the services and employees of the bureau.

[1967 c 870 s 8]

**626.849 SCHEDULE OF SUBJECT MATERIAL.** The superintendent of the bureau of criminal apprehension shall prepare not later than August 1 each year

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a written schedule of subject material to be taught in each training course, the scheduled instructors for each subject and the time and place for each subject presentation. This material shall be presented to the board. The subject material, instructors and schedules may be approved or disapproved by a majority vote of the board before September 1 each year and if disapproved, the proposal shall be revised and re-presented to the board for their review in like manner.

[1967 c 870 s 9]

**626.85 INSTRUCTORS; DONATIONS, CONTRIBUTIONS.** Subdivision 1. In addition to the bureau employees assigned to police training, full time or part time, the superintendent is authorized to engage such part time instructors as he deems proper and necessary to furnish the best possible instruction in police sciences, subject to the limitation of funds as appropriated and available for expenditure. Sections 43.09 to 43.17 shall not apply to such part time employees.

Subd. 2. Any donations, contributions, grants or gifts which may be received shall be accepted without recourse to the donor, and shall become the property of the state. All cash receipts shall be deposited with the state treasurer, and are hereby appropriated to the bureau in the quarter in which they were so deposited.

[1967 c 870 s 10]

**626.851 ELIGIBLE OFFICERS.** Any police officer employed or elected by any county or municipality of the state of Minnesota shall be eligible to attend such training courses as herein provided in accordance with the rules and regulations of the board.

[1967 c 870 s 11]

**626.852 TUITION; SALARY AND EXPENSES.** No tuition shall be charged any officer for attending any training school herein provided for, and each officer when assigned to attend the police school shall receive his regular salary and shall be reimbursed by the governing body of the governmental unit or combination of governmental units from which elected or by which employed for his cost of meals, travel, and lodgings while in attendance at the police school, not to exceed similar allowance for state employees, except as provided in section 626.853.

[1967 c 870 s 12]

**626.853 PARTICIPATION, POPULATION LIMIT.** Notwithstanding other provisions of sections 626.841 to 626.854 to the contrary, peace officers elected or appointed in any governmental unit or combination of governmental units with a total population of more than 500 but less than 1,000 according to the last federal census shall comply with the provisions of sections 626.846 and 626.847 when:

(a) The county board of the county in which such municipality or combination of municipalities is located provides by resolution for reimbursement to such municipality or combination of municipalities for the ordinary and necessary expenses, not including salary, of such officers' attendance at a peace officers training course as set forth in section 626.852 and

(b) The sheriff of such county consents to furnish temporary substitute local protection for such municipality or combination of municipalities, the expenses of which, except for salary, his office shall be similarly reimbursed by the county board.

[1967 c 870 s 13]

**626.854 COOPERATION WITH FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.** The Minnesota peace officers training board shall have the further power and authority to cooperate with, receive financial assistance from and join in projects or enter into contracts with the federal government or its agencies for the furtherance of peace officer training within the state.

[1967 c 870 s 14]