

STATE DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES

ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 15

DEPARTMENTS OF STATE IN GENERAL

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15.01 DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES OF THE STATE. The following departments and agencies of the state government are hereby created and established, to be designated and known, respectively, as follows: the executive council; the department of administration; the department of agriculture, dairy, and food; the department of civil service; the department of commerce; the department of conservation; the department of education; the department of health; the department of highways; the department of labor and industry; the department of public examiner; and the department of taxation. All of these departments and all officials and agencies of the state government shall be subject to the provisions and limitations of Laws 1939, Chapter 431.

[1925 c 426 art 1 s 1; 1939 c 431 art 1 s 1; 1939 c 441 s 1] (53-1, 53-1a)

15.02 PRESENT POWERS TRANSFERRED. Except as otherwise herein provided, all the powers, duties, and functions conferred by law upon and required to be performed by the several state departments, bureaus, divisions, and other administrative agencies mentioned in Laws 1939, Chapter 431, at the time of its passage shall hereafter be exercised, performed, and administered by the commissioners of the several departments and the boards, commissions, and agencies therein specified.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 4] (53-1e)

15.03 EXISTING POWERS CONTINUED. All now existing powers, duties, and functions heretofore exercised by any department, division, bureau, or other agency abolished by Laws 1939, Chapter 431, or by the chief of any such division, bureau, or agency, shall be exercised by the head of the department or by the agency to which the same are herein assigned.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 5] (53-1f)

15.04 POWERS CONTINUED. Any department or other administrative agency to which the functions, powers, and duties of a previously existing department or other agency are by Laws 1939, Chapter 431, assigned and transferred shall be deemed and held to constitute a continuation of the former department or agency as to matters within the jurisdiction of the former department or agency, and not a new authority, for the purpose of succession to all rights, powers, duties, and obligations of the former department or agency as constituted at the time of such assignment or transfer, except as otherwise provided by Laws 1939, Chapter 431, with the same force and effect as if such functions, powers, and duties had not been assigned or transferred.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 8] (53-1i)

15.041-15.044 [Repealed, 1957 c 806 s 13 effective Jan. 1, 1958]

15.0411 DEFINITIONS. Subdivision 1. For the purposes of sections 15.0411 to 15.0422 the terms defined in this section have the meanings ascribed to them.

Subd. 2. "Agency" means any state officer, board, commission, bureau, division, department, or tribunal, other than a court, having a statewide jurisdiction and authorized by law to make rules or to adjudicate contested cases. Sections 15.0411 to 15.0422 do not apply to (a) agencies directly in the legislative or judicial branches, (b) professional and regulatory examining and licensing boards enumerated in Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 146 to 156, (c) Laws 1945, Chapter 242, (d) emergency powers in Laws 1951, Chapter 694, Title III, Sections 301 to 307, (e) the Parole and Pardon Boards, (f) the Youth Conservation Commission, (g) the Department of Employment Security, (h) the Labor Conciliator, (i) the Industrial Commission, (j) Commissioner of Insurance.

Subd. 3. "Rule" includes every regulation, including the amendment, suspension, or repeal thereof, adopted by an agency, whether with or without prior hearing, to implement or make specific the law enforced or administered by it or to govern its organization or procedure, but does not include (a) regulations concerning only the internal management of the agency or other agencies, and which do not directly affect the rights of or procedure available to the public; or (b) rules and regulations relating to the management, discipline, or release of any person committed to any state penal institution; or (c) rules of the division of game and fish published in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 97.53; or (d) regulations relating to weight limitations on the use of highways when the substance of such regulations is indicated to the public by means of signs.

Subd. 4. "Contested Case" means a proceeding before an agency in which the legal rights, duties, or privileges of specific parties are required by law or constitutional right to be determined after an agency hearing.

[1957 c 806 s 1]

15.0412 RULES, PROCEDURE. Subdivision 1. In addition to other rule-making powers or requirements provided by law each agency may adopt rules governing the formal or informal procedures prescribed or authorized by sections 15.0411 to 15.0422. Such rules shall include rules of practice before the agency and may include forms and instructions. For the purpose of carrying out the duties and powers imposed upon and granted to it, an agency may promulgate reasonable substantive rules and regulations and may amend, suspend or repeal the same, but such action shall not exceed the powers vested in the agency by statute.

Subd. 2. To assist interested persons dealing with it, each agency shall, so far as deemed practicable, supplement its rules with descriptive statements of its procedures, which shall be kept current.

Subd. 3. Prior to the adoption of any rule authorized by law, or the suspension, amendment or repeal thereof, unless the agency follows the procedure of subdivision 4, the adopting agency shall, as far as practicable, publish or otherwise circulate notice of its intended action and afford interested persons opportunity to submit data or views orally or in writing.

Subd. 4. No rule shall be adopted by any agency subsequent to the effective date of sections 15.0411 to 15.0422 unless the agency first holds a public hearing thereon, following the giving of at least 30 days prior to the hearing of notice of the intention to hold such hearing, by United States mail, to representatives of associations or other interested groups or persons who have registered their names with the secretary of state for that purpose. Every rule hereafter proposed by an administrative agency, before being adopted, must be based upon a showing of need for the rule, and shall be submitted as to form and legality, with reasons therefor, to the attorney general, who, within 20 days, shall either approve or disapprove the rule. If he approves the rule, he shall promptly file it in the office of the secretary of state. If he disapproves the rule, he shall state in writing his reasons therefor, and the rule shall not be filed in the office of the secretary, nor published. If he fails to approve or disapprove any rule within the 20-day period, the agency may file the rule in the office of the secretary of state and publish the same.

Subd. 5. Where statutes governing the agency permit the agency to exercise emergency powers, emergency rules and regulations may be established without

compliance with the provisions of subdivision 4. These rules are to be effective for not longer than 60 days and may not immediately be reissued or continued in effect thereafter without following the procedure of subdivision 4.

[1957 c 806 s 2]

15.0413 EFFECT OF ADOPTION OF RULES. Subdivision 1. Every rule or regulation filed in the office of the secretary of state as provided in section 15.0412 shall have the force and effect of law. Standards or statements of policy or interpretations of general application and future effect shall not have the effect of law unless they are adopted as a rule in the manner prescribed in section 15.0412. This section does not apply to opinions of the attorney general. All rules and regulations in effect and filed in the office of the secretary of state on the date of the passage of sections 15.0411 to 15.0422 shall continue in effect. The secretary of state shall keep a permanent register of rules filed with that office open to public inspection.

Subd. 2. Each rule hereafter adopted, amended, or repealed shall become effective or be repealed upon filing the new or amended rule or notice of repeal in the office of the secretary of state unless a later date is required by statute or specified in the rule. The secretary of state shall endorse on each rule the time and date of filing and of first publication of each rule or amendment or repeal thereof.

[1957 c 806 s 3]

15.0414 PUBLICATION OF RULES. Subdivision 1. As soon as practicable after the effective date of sections 15.0411 to 15.0422, the publication board, or its successor, shall publish all rules adopted by each agency and remaining in effect, in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Sections 15.046 to 15.049 as amended. Compilations shall be supplemented or revised as often as necessary, and at least once every year.

Subd. 2. The publication board, or its successor, may in its discretion omit from the compilation such rules, the publication of which would be unduly cumbersome, expensive or otherwise inexpedient if such rules are made available in printed or processed form on application to the adopting agency, and if the compilation and supplements or revisions contain a notice stating the general subject matter of the rules so omitted and stating how copies thereof may be obtained.

[1957 c 806 s 4]

15.0415 PETITION FOR ADOPTION OF RULE. Any interested person may petition an agency requesting the adoption, suspension, amendment or repeal of any rule. Each agency may prescribe by rule the form for such petitions and the procedure for their submission, consideration, and disposition.

[1957 c 806 s 5]

15.0416 DETERMINATION OF VALIDITY OF RULE. The validity of any rule may be determined upon the petition for a declaratory judgment thereon, addressed to the district court where the principal office of the agency is located, when it appears that the rule, or its threatened application, interferes with or impairs, or threatens to interfere with or impair the legal rights or privileges of the petitioner. The agency shall be made a party to the proceeding. The declaratory judgment may be rendered whether or not the petitioner has first requested the agency to pass upon the validity of the rule in question.

[1957 c 806 s 6]

15.0417 RULE DECLARED INVALID. In proceedings under section 15.0416 the court shall declare the rule invalid if it finds that it violates constitutional provisions or exceeds the statutory authority of the agency or was adopted without compliance with statutory rule-making procedures.

[1957 c 806 s 7]

15.0418 CONTESTED CASE; HEARING, NOTICE. In any contested case all parties shall be afforded an opportunity for hearing after reasonable notice. The notice shall state the time, place and issues involved, but if, by reason of the nature of the proceeding, the issues cannot be fully stated in advance of the hearing, or if subsequent amendment of the issues is necessary, they shall be fully stated as soon as practicable, and opportunity shall be afforded all parties to present evidence and argument with respect thereto. The agency shall prepare an official record, which shall include testimony and exhibits, in each contested case, but it shall not be necessary to transcribe shorthand notes unless requested for purposes of rehearing or court review. If a transcript is requested, the agency may, unless otherwise provided by law, require the party requesting to pay the reasonable

costs of preparing the transcript. Informal disposition may also be made of any contested case by stipulation, agreed settlement, consent order or default. Each agency may adopt appropriate rules of procedure for notice and hearing in contested cases.

[1957 c 806 s 8]

15.0419 EVIDENCE IN CONTESTED CASES. Subdivision 1. In contested cases agencies may admit and give probative effect to evidence which possesses probative value commonly accepted by reasonable prudent men in the conduct of their affairs. They shall give effect to the rules of privilege recognized by law. They may exclude incompetent, irrelevant, immaterial and repetitious evidence.

Subd. 2. All evidence, including records and documents (except tax returns and tax reports) in the possession of the agency of which it desires to avail itself, shall be offered and made a part of the record in the case, and no other factual information or evidence (except tax returns and tax reports) shall be considered in the determination of the case. Documentary evidence may be received in the form of copies or excerpts, or by incorporation by reference.

Subd. 3. Every party or agency shall have the right of cross-examination of witnesses who testify, and shall have the right to submit rebuttal evidence.

Subd. 4. Agencies may take notice of judicially cognizable facts and in addition may take notice of general, technical, or scientific facts within their specialized knowledge. Parties shall be notified in writing either before or during hearing, or by reference in preliminary reports or otherwise, or by oral statement in the record, of the material so noticed, and they shall be afforded an opportunity to contest the facts so noticed. Agencies may utilize their experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of the evidence presented to them.

[1957 c 806 s 9]

15.0421 PROPOSAL FOR DECISION IN CONTESTED CASE. Whenever in a contested case a majority of the officials of the agency who are to render the final decision have not heard or read the evidence, the decision, if adverse to a party to the proceeding other than the agency itself, shall not be made until a proposal for decision, including the statement of reasons therefor, has been served on the parties, and an opportunity has been afforded to each party adversely affected to file exceptions and present argument to a majority of the officials who are to render the decision.

[1957 c 806 s 10]

15.0422 DECISIONS, ORDERS. Every decision and order adverse to a party of the proceeding, rendered by an agency in a contested case, shall be in writing or stated in the record and shall be accompanied by a statement of the reasons therefor. The statement of reasons shall consist of a concise statement of the conclusions upon each contested issue of fact necessary to the decision. Parties to the proceeding shall be notified of the decision and order in person or by mail. A copy of the decision and order and accompanying statement of reasons together with a certificate of service shall be delivered or mailed upon request to each party or to his attorney of record.

[1957 c 806 s 11]

15.045 [Repealed, 1955 c 603 s 4]

15.046 PUBLICATION BOARD. There is hereby created a publication board which shall consist of the commissioner of administration, the secretary of state, and the attorney general. Each member may designate one of his assistants to act in his stead as a member of the board. Such designation shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The board shall select a secretary from its members. The board shall meet, from time to time, upon the call of the commissioner of administration or his duly designated assistant.

[1945 c. 590 s. 2]

15.047 REGULATIONS. Subdivision 1. The publication board shall prescribe regulations for carrying out the provisions of sections 15.046 to 15.049. Among other things, such regulations shall provide for:

(1) periodic publication of all rules and regulations filed with the secretary of state in accordance with sections 15.046 to 15.049;

(2) the selection, compilation and publication of such orders of administrative agencies as it may deem necessary;

(3) a uniform manner and form for the preparation, printing and indexing of regulations and compilations to the end that all regulations and compilations be published uniformly at the earliest practicable date;

(4) the revisor of statutes shall prepare the compilation and indexing of the rules and regulations for publication.

Subd. 2. Rules and regulations published pursuant to this section may be sold by the commissioner of administration in the manner provided by Minnesota Statutes, Sections 648.42 to 648.44.

Subd. 3. There is hereby appropriated out of funds not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$30,000 to be placed in a revolving fund designated as the "Minnesota Administrative Rules Revolving Fund" for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section. Said fund to be administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Section 648.45.

[1945 c 590 s 3; 1955 c 603 s 1-3]

15.048 EFFECT OF PUBLICATION OF RULES OR ORDERS. The filing or publication of a rule, regulation, or order raises a rebuttable presumption that:

(1) The rule or regulation was duly adopted, issued, or promulgated;

(2) The rule or regulation was duly filed with the secretary of state and available for public inspection at the day and hour endorsed thereon;

(3) The copy of the rule or regulation is a true copy of the original rule or regulation; and

(4) All requirements of sections 15.046 to 15.049 and regulations prescribed thereunder relative to such regulations have been complied with.

[1945 c. 590 s. 4]

15.049 JUDICIAL NOTICE TAKEN. Judicial notice of any rule, regulation, or order duly filed or published under the provisions of sections 15.046 to 15.049 shall be taken.

[1945 c. 590 s. 5]

15.055 PUBLIC EMPLOYEES NOT TO PURCHASE MERCHANDISE FROM STATE AGENCIES. No department or agency of the state, or any political subdivision thereof, or member or officer, acting in such capacity, of any town or county board or council of any village or city, or any purchasing agent or purchasing agency of the state, or any political subdivision thereof, shall sell or procure for sale or have in its possession or under its control for sale to any employee of the state, or of any political subdivision thereof, any article, material, product, or merchandise of whatsoever nature, except an article, material, product, or merchandise the sale or distribution of which is, or may hereafter be, specifically authorized by law or ordinance. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. Each act prohibited by this section shall constitute a separate violation and offense thereunder.

[1941 c. 58 ss. 1, 2]

15.06 POWERS OF DEPARTMENT HEADS. Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, the commissioner or head of any state department or agency shall have the following powers:

(1) To designate a division director or other subordinate as his deputy, to serve as such at his pleasure, with full authority to act for him, but subject to his control; and in case of a vacancy in the office of such commissioner or head, such deputy shall discharge the necessary duties of the office until the vacancy be filled;

(2) To delegate to any of his subordinate officers or employees the exercise of such of his powers or duties as he may deem advisable, subject to his control; provided, that every such delegation shall be made by written order, filed with the secretary of state;

(3) To appoint all subordinate officers and employees in his department or agency and to prescribe their duties and fix their compensation; provided, that all departments and agencies hereunder shall be subject to the provisions of any civil service law now or hereafter enacted, so far as applicable;

(4) With the approval of the commissioner of administration, to establish within his department or agency such bureaus or subdivisions as he may deem advisable in the interest of economy and efficiency; and

(5) To prescribe rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, for the conduct of his department or agency and other matters within the scope of the functions thereof, including the custody and preservation of books, records, papers,

documents, and other property, and the certification of copies of papers and documents; provided, that every rule or regulation affecting any person or agency, other than a member of the department or agency concerned, shall be filed with the secretary of state.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 6] (53-1g)

15.07 INFORMATION FURNISHED. Whenever in Laws 1939, Chapter 431, power is vested in a department or an official to inspect, examine, secure data or information, or to procure assistance from another department, a duty is hereby imposed upon the department upon which the demand is made to make such power effective, and to furnish such data or information or the opportunity for inspection and examination.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 2] (53-1c)

15.08 AUDITOR, COMMISSIONER OF ADMINISTRATION; ACCESS TO RECORDS. The state auditor and the commissioner of administration and their designated agents shall have free access to the records of all state departments and agencies, and may issue subpoenas for and compel the attendance of witnesses and the giving of testimony and the production of books, records, accounts, documents, and papers; and may administer oaths to witnesses or take their affirmation. If any person shall fail or refuse to appear or testify regarding that upon which he may be lawfully interrogated, or to produce any books, records, accounts, documents or papers material in the matter under consideration, after having been lawfully required by order or subpoena, any judge of the district court in any county of the state where the order or subpoena was made returnable, on application of the state auditor or commissioner of administration, as the case may be, shall compel obedience or punish disobedience as for contempt, as in the case of disobedience of a similar order or subpoena issued by such court.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 3] (53-1d)

15.09 COURT PROCEEDINGS CONTINUED. Any proceeding, court action, prosecution, or other business or matter undertaken or commenced prior to the passage of Laws 1939, Chapter 431, by a department or other agency, the functions, powers, and duties whereof are thereby assigned and transferred to another department or agency, and still pending at the time of its passage, may be conducted and completed by the new department or agency in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions and with the same effect as though they were undertaken or commenced and were conducted or completed by the former department or agency prior to the transfer.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 9] (53-1j)

15.10 RECORDS DELIVERED TO DEPARTMENT HEADS. The head of a department or other agency whose functions, powers, and duties are by Laws 1939, Chapter 431, assigned and transferred to another department or agency, shall transfer and deliver to such other department or agency all contracts, books, maps, plans, papers, records, and property of every description within his jurisdiction or control, and shall also transfer thereto any or all employees engaged in the exercise of such functions, powers, or duties. The head of such other department or agency to which such assignment or transfer is made is hereby authorized to take possession of the property, and shall take charge of the employees and shall employ them in the exercise of their respective functions, powers, and duties transferred as aforesaid, without reduction of compensation; subject to change or termination of employment or compensation as may be otherwise provided by law.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 10] (53-1k)

15.11 UNEXPENDED FUNDS REAPPROPRIATED. All unexpended funds appropriated to any department or agency for the purpose of any of its functions, powers, or duties which are transferred by Laws 1939, Chapter 431, to another department or agency are hereby transferred to such other department or agency.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 16] (53-1q)

15.12 MEANING OF WORDS AND PHRASES. When in any other general law or resolution of the legislature, heretofore or hereafter adopted, or in any document, record, or proceeding authorized by the same, any word or phrase is used in reference to or descriptive of any department, agency, or officer, or employee thereof, or their respective activities, whose powers, duties, or activities are by Laws 1939, Chapter 431, assigned or transferred, such word, phrase, or

reference shall hereafter, unless the context of provisions thereof otherwise require, be deemed to refer to, include, and describe such department, agency, officer, or employee as by Laws 1939, Chapter 431, is charged with carrying out the powers, duties, and activities, as the context and provisions thereof may require.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 7] (53-1h)

15.13 SALARIES; BONDS. The salaries of the commissioners, directors, and all employees shall be chargeable against the appropriations of their respective departments. Each commissioner shall devote his entire time to the duties of his office and shall not participate in any political campaign or be a candidate for any public office. Except as otherwise provided, each commissioner shall give a corporate surety bond of \$10,000 to the state for the faithful discharge of his official duties. The cost of all bonds of officers and employees hereunder shall be charged to the appropriations for their respective departments or agencies.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 1] (53-1b)

15.14 APPLICATION. Except as hereinbefore otherwise provided, the provisions and limitations of Laws 1939, Chapter 431, shall be applicable to and shall govern each and every department, bureau, commission, board, agency, and institution of the state government, including state colleges, state hospitals, and other state institutions, wherever located, and all elected or appointed officers, officials, and employees of the state government. No provision of any subsequent act shall be construed as inconsistent with the provisions of Laws 1939, Chapter 431, or shall operate to limit or abrogate the effect of any provisions thereof or to remove any person, officer, or agency from the operation thereof unless and except only so far as it may be expressly provided in such subsequent act that the provisions of Laws 1939, Chapter 431, shall not be applicable, or shall be superseded, modified, amended, or repealed.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 15; 1957 c. 576 s. 1, 2] (53-1p)

15.15 EXEMPTIONS FROM APPLICATION. The provisions and limitations of Laws 1939, Chapter 431, shall not be applicable to the regents of the university, nor to any persons, institutions, or employees under their jurisdiction, nor to the professional and regulatory examining and licensing boards enumerated in Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Chapter 35, the 1938 Supplement to Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Chapter 35, Laws 1943, Chapter 474, and Laws 1951, Chapter 672; provided, their books and accounts shall be subject to examination by the public examiner at any time, as in the case of other state agencies.

[1939 c. 431 art. 8 s. 13; 1949 c. 48 s. 1; 1953 c. 129 s. 1] (53-1n)

15.16 TRANSFER OF LANDS BETWEEN DEPARTMENTS. Subdivision 1. **Agreement.** In order to facilitate the transfer of the control of state owned lands between state departments of government and avoid the necessity of condemning state lands by a department of government of the state, any department of the state government of the State of Minnesota may acquire the control of state lands for public purposes from the department of state government having such lands under its control and supervision, upon such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon by the heads of the interested state departments.

Subd. 2. **Executive council to determine terms.** In the event the heads of such departments are unable to agree as to the terms and conditions of a transfer of control of these state lands the executive council, upon application of a state department having the power to acquire lands for public purposes, shall determine the terms and conditions and may order the transfer of the control of state lands to the department so requesting.

Subd. 3. **Auditor and treasurer to transfer funds.** The state auditor and the state treasurer are hereby authorized and directed to transfer funds between state departments to effect the terms and conditions to transfer the control of real estate as hereinbefore provided.

Subd. 4. **Attorney general to prescribe form of transfer.** The transfer of control of real estate as hereinbefore provided shall be made on such transfer documents as the attorney general shall prescribe and all such transfer documents shall be permanently filed in the office of the state auditor.

[1941 c. 387 s. 1-4]

15.17 OFFICIAL RECORDS. Subdivision 1. **Must be kept.** All officers and agencies of the state, and all officers and agencies of the counties, cities, villages, and towns, shall make and keep all records necessary to a full and accurate knowledge of their official activities. All such public records shall be made on

paper of durable quality and with the use of ink, carbon papers, and typewriter ribbons of such quality as to insure permanent records. Every public officer, and every county officer with the approval of the county board, is empowered to record or copy records by any photographic, photostatic, microphotographic, or microfilming device, approved by the Minnesota historical society, which clearly and accurately records or copies them, and such public officer or such county officer may make and order that such photographs, photostats, microphotographs, microfilms, or other reproductions, be substituted for the originals thereof, and may direct the destruction or sale for salvage or other disposition of the originals from which the same were made. Any such photographs, photostats, microphotographs, microfilms, or other reproductions so made shall for all purposes be deemed the original recording of such papers, books, documents and records so reproduced when so ordered by any officer with the approval of the county board, and shall be admissible as evidence in all courts and proceedings of every kind. A facsimile or exemplified or certified copy of any such photograph, photostat, microphotograph, microfilm, or other reproduction, or any enlargement or reduction thereof, shall have the same effect and weight as evidence as would a certified or exemplified copy of the original.

Subd. 2. Responsibility for records. The chief administrative officer of each public agency shall be responsible for the preservation and care of the agency's public records, which shall include written or printed books, papers, letters, contracts, documents, maps, plans, and other records made or received pursuant to law or in connection with the transaction of public business. It shall be the duty of each such agency, and of the chief administrative officer thereof, to carefully protect and preserve public records from deterioration, mutilation, loss, or destruction. Records or record books may be repaired, renovated, or rebound when necessary to preserve them properly.

Subd. 3. Delivery to successor. Every legal custodian of public records, at the expiration of his term of office or authority, or on his death his legal representative, shall deliver to his successor in office all public records in his custody; and the successor shall receipt therefor to his predecessor or his legal representative and shall file in his office a signed acknowledgment of the delivery. Every public officer shall demand from his predecessor in office, or his legal representative, the delivery of all public records belonging to his office.

Subd. 4. Accessible to public. Every custodian of public records shall keep them in such arrangement and condition as to make them easily accessible for convenient use. Photographic, photostatic, microphotographic, or microfilmed records shall be considered as accessible for convenient use regardless of the size of such records, provided that a suitable means for public inspection of the records is provided by the agency maintaining the records. Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, he shall permit all public records in his custody to be inspected, examined, abstracted, or copied at reasonable times and under his supervision and regulation by any person; and he shall, upon the demand of any person, furnish certified copies thereof on payment in advance of fees not to exceed the fees prescribed by law.

[1941 c 553 s 1-4; 1957 c 28 s 1, 2]

15.18 DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLICATIONS. Except as provided in Minnesota Statutes, Sections 5.08, 16.02, and 648.39, when any department, agency, or official of the state issues for public distribution any book, document, journal, map, pamphlet, or report copies thereof shall be delivered immediately as follows:

Three copies to the Minnesota Historical Society;

One copy to the general library of the University of Minnesota, and may, upon request of the librarian, deliver additional copies;

Two copies to the state library, and such additional copies as the state librarian deems necessary for exchange with other libraries, with other states, with the United States, and with governments of foreign countries.

[1947 c 365 s 1]

15.19 IMPREST CASH FUNDS. Subdivision 1. **Emergency disbursements.** Imprest cash funds, not otherwise provided for by law, for the purpose of making minor emergency disbursements and providing change, may be established, from existing appropriations, for the following state departments and agencies, in amounts not exceeding the following limits:

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15.31 DEPARTMENTS OF STATE IN GENERAL

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Department or Agency	Limit
Division of Employment & Security.....	\$ 350.00
Department of Highways, Drivers' License Division.....	100.00
Secretary of State.....	1,100.00
Department of Taxation, Income Tax Division.....	500.00
Department of Public Welfare.....	300.00
Department of Conservation, Game and Fish Division.....	5,000.00
Department of Rural Credit.....	500.00
Minnesota Soldiers' Home Board.....	1,500.00
Mankato State College.....	500.00
Winona State College.....	500.00
Moorhead State College.....	500.00
Bemidji State College.....	500.00
St. Cloud State College.....	500.00
Commissioner of Administration.....	50.00

Subd. 2. **Approval by commissioner of administration and state auditor.** Before an imprest cash fund is established, an application showing a need therefor, shall be presented to and approved by the commissioner of administration and the state auditor.

Subd. 3. **Warrant against designated appropriation.** Imprest cash funds so established shall be created by warrant drawn against the appropriation designated by the state auditor.

[1949 c 372 s 1, 2, 3; 1953 c 593 s 2; 1957 c 576 s 1, 2]

15.21-15.23 [Obsolete by 1957 c 936, see 350.011 to 350.087]

15.31 STATE EMPLOYEES, LIABILITY INSURANCE, PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS. The state shall pay premiums on insurance policies insuring its employees against liability from claims for bodily injuries, death or property damage made upon such employees while operating state owned vehicles in the performance of, in connection with or incidental to their duties as state employees. Payment of such premiums shall be made from funds appropriated or otherwise available to the various departments and agencies of the state. The payment of such premiums shall not impose upon the state any liability whatsoever for the payment of damages as a result of a claim against the state employee.

[1953 c 676 s 1]

15.35 STATE EMPLOYEES INSURANCE BOARD. There is hereby created a State Employees Insurance Board of five members hereinafter called the board. This board shall consist of the governor, the state treasurer, the commissioner of insurance and two state employees who shall be elected by state employees in a manner to be fixed by the board. Pending the first election of members to the board the governor shall appoint two eligible state employees to serve on the board. Such appointment shall be made after consultation with representative groups of state employees. The persons so appointed shall hold office only until the first election of board members, but may be candidates in such election. One board member shall be elected biennially except that two members shall be elected at the first election. The term of one of the two members first elected shall terminate on the first Monday in March, 1954, and the term of the other so elected shall terminate on the first Monday in March, 1956. Members of the board to succeed the first two elected members shall be elected for terms of four years and until their successors are elected and qualified. A state employee on leave of absence shall not be eligible for election or reelection to membership on this board, and the term of any board member who is on leave of absence from state employment for more than six months shall automatically terminate upon the expiration of such period. Any vacancy in the board caused by the death, resignation or removal of any member so elected shall be filled by the board for the unexpired portion of the term in which the vacancy occurs.

[1953 c 696 s 1]

15.36 COMPENSATION; OFFICERS; RULES AND REGULATIONS. Elective members of the board shall be paid the sum of \$10 for attendance at any regularly called meeting of the board, to be paid out of general revenues from moneys appropriated to the commissioner of insurance. Members of the board shall suffer no loss of salary or wages through service thereon. The board shall elect a chair-

man and a secretary from its members. The board shall, from time to time, establish rules and regulations for the administration, management and operation of the business authorized by this chapter.

[1953 c 696 s 2]

15.37 GROUP INSURANCE; PREMIUMS. Subdivision 1. The state, through the board, may insure its officers and employees, or any class or classes thereof, under a policy or policies of group insurance covering life, health, accident, surgical benefits, and hospitalization insurance, or any one or more of such forms of insurance. The premiums required from time to time to maintain such insurance in force shall be paid by its insured officers and employees, and the auditor shall deduct from the salary or wages of each officer or employee who elects to become insured, on the officer's or employee's written order, the officer's or employee's share of such premiums, and issue his warrant therefor to the insurer.

Subd. 2. A like payroll deduction and remittance shall be made upon the written order of any such officer or employees who are, or become, subscribers under a contract with a nonprofit hospital service plan corporation as defined by law.

[1953 c 696 s 3]

15.41 CONSTRUCTION PERMITS, REQUISITES. Subdivision 1. Every agency of the State of Minnesota and every political subdivision thereof shall specify on every construction permit the name and address of the applicant therefor, and the general contractor thereon if there be one. This information shall be a matter of public record, and available to any interested person during business hours.

Subd. 2. All construction permits shall be posted in a conspicuous and accessible place at the premises or site of construction.

[1957 c 125 s 1, 2]