## 149.11 EMBALMERS 386

tor who had been convicted of grand larceny in the second degree for any period of time summarily without giving prior notice to the licensee or affording him an opportunity to be heard; nor may it revoke the license without prior notice of hearing. OAG May 19, 1952 (225-N).

## 149.11 PRE-ARRANGED FUNERAL PLANS; CONTRACTS, TRUST FUNDS

HISTORY. 1953 c 481 s 1.

### 149.12 DEPOSIT OF TRUST FUNDS

HISTORY. 1953 c 481 s 2.

# **149.13 REPORTS**

HISTORY. 1953 c 481 s 3.

## 149.14 VIOLATIONS

HISTORY. 1953 c 481 s 4.

#### CHAPTER 150

### DENTISTS, DENTAL HYGIENISTS

### DENTISTS

#### 150.04 LICENSES

HISTORY. 1885 c 199 s 5; 1889 c 19 s 5, 12; 1907 c 117; 1911 c 221 s 4; 1927 c 98 s 4; 1935 c 95 s 4; 1951 c 307 s 1; 1953 c 437 s 1.

### 150.09 VIOLATION A GROSS MISDEMEANOR

HISTORY. 1885 c 99 s 6, 9; 1889 c 19 s 9, 10; 1907 c 117; 1911 c 221 s 7; 1927 c 98 s 6; 1935 c 95 s 10.

### CHAPTER 151

#### PHARMACY

#### 151.01 DEFINITIONS

HISTORY. 1885 c 147 s 12; 1891 c 104 s 8; 1913 c 575 s 6; 1937 c 354 s 1.

Pure and concentrated vitamins or combinations of pure and concentrated vitamins, natural or synthetic, carried in an excipient, solid or liquid, and offered for sale as tablets, capsules, or in liquid form, are "drugs" within the meaning of the pharmacy law. Such preparations are not household preparations sold exclusively for non-medical purposes. They are not excepted from the operation of Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 151, as nonhabit-forming, harmless, proprietary medicines. Culver v Nelson, 237 M 65, 54 NW(2d) 7.

Restrictions of the sale of vitamin preparations consisting of pure and concentrated vitamins, natural or synthetic, carried singly or in combination with other