

## CHAPTER 145

### PROVISIONS RELATING TO PUBLIC HEALTH

Sec.		Sec.	
	<b>HEALTH BOARDS AND OFFICERS</b>	145.16	Delivery of bodies
145.01	Local health boards; health officers	145.17	Offensive trades
145.02	Deputy health officer in cities of the third class	145.18	Assignment of places
145.03	Duties of local boards of health; penalties	145.19	Appeal to district court
145.04	Entry for inspection	145.20	State board; powers; appeal
145.05	Powers of health officer in assuming jurisdiction over communicable diseases	145.21	Other remedies preserved
145.06	Allowance and payment of expenses	145.22	Nuisance, source of filth, or cause of sickness; duty of health officer; notice; privy vaults
145.07	Appeal from disallowance; costs	145.23	Abatement; costs assessed on property
	<b>PUBLIC HEALTH NURSES</b>	145.24	Violations; penalties
145.08	Public health nurses	145.30	Superintendent of hospitals to transfer records
145.09	Health nurses to register	145.31	Photostatic copies to be used as evidence
145.10	List of nurses furnished by state board	145.32	Old records may be destroyed
145.11	State board to assist health nurses	145.33	Construction
145.12	County board of health	145.47	Health department defined
145.125	County public health nursing service	145.48	Establishment of health departments
	<b>OTHER PROVISIONS</b>	145.49	Powers transferred
145.13	Disinfection of premises after contagious diseases therein	145.50	Responsible to local boards of health
145.14	Delivery of subjects for dissection	145.51	Funds appropriated and fees collected
145.15	What bodies excepted	145.52	Meetings; health officer; nurse; joint agreement; budget; member; recommendations
		145.53	Rules and regulations
		145.54	Supervised by state board of health

### HEALTH BOARDS AND OFFICERS

**145.01 LOCAL HEALTH BOARDS; HEALTH OFFICERS.** Every town board shall be a board of health within and for the town and have jurisdiction over every village within its boundaries wherein no organized board of health exists. Every village may, and every city shall, provide by ordinance for the establishment of a board of health therefor. In the absence of such provision in any city, the state board of health, hereinafter called the state board, may appoint three or more persons to act as such until a local board is established and organized and may fix their compensation, which the city shall pay. Two members of each county board, chosen by it yearly at its annual meeting, and one resident physician elected at the same time, shall constitute the county board of health, with jurisdiction over all unorganized towns therein, and with such other powers and duties in reference to the public health as the state board shall, by its published regulations, prescribe. All local health boards of each county shall cooperate so far as practicable and the state board by written order may require any two or more local boards to act together for the prevention or suppression of epidemic diseases. At least one member of every local board shall be a physician, who shall be the local health officer and executive of the board. If no member of a town board is a physician, it shall appoint a health officer for the town. The compensation of all local health officers shall be prescribed by the body appointing him or to which he belongs and the same, together with his necessary expenses, shall be paid by the county or municipality in which he serves.

[R. L. s. 2134] (5348)

**145.02 DEPUTY HEALTH OFFICER IN CITIES OF THE THIRD CLASS.** The governing body of any city of the third class in this state shall have authority to appoint a deputy local health officer with power to exercise, under the supervision of the local health officer, all of the powers and duties of such officer and to be paid such compensation as the governing body of the city shall determine. The total compensation for the local health officer and the deputy local health officer shall not exceed that now or hereafter authorized to be paid to the local health officer.

[1925 c. 215] (5348-1)

**145.03 DUTIES OF LOCAL BOARDS OF HEALTH; PENALTIES.** All local boards of health and health officers shall make such investigations and reports and obey such directions concerning communicable diseases as the state board may require or give; and, under the general supervision of the state board, they shall cause all laws and regulations relating to the public health to be obeyed and

enforced. When the state board shall have reason or cause to believe, from its records or any other information in its possession, that the provisions of this section are being or have been violated, the state board shall advise the attorney general thereof, giving the information in support of such belief, and the attorney general or, under his direction, the county attorney of any county in which the violation occurs, shall forthwith institute proceedings for the enforcement of the provisions of this section and for the punishment of the violation thereof.

[R. L. s. 2135; 1923 c. 92 s. 1] (5349)

**145.04 ENTRY FOR INSPECTION.** For the purposes of performing their official duties, all members, officers, and employees of the state and local boards of health and all health officers shall have the right to enter any building, conveyance, or place where contagion, infection, filth, or other source or cause of preventable disease exists or is reasonably suspected.

[R. L. s. 2136] (5350)

**145.05 POWERS OF HEALTH OFFICER IN ASSUMING JURISDICTION OVER COMMUNICABLE DISEASES.** The health officer in a municipality or the chairman of the board of supervisors in a town shall employ, at the cost of the health district over which his local board of health has jurisdiction and in which the person afflicted with a communicable disease is located, all medical and other help necessary in the control of such communicable disease, or for carrying out, within such jurisdiction, the lawful regulations and directions of the state board, its officers or employees, and, upon his failure so to do, the state board may employ such assistance at the expense of the district involved. Any person whose duty it is to care for himself or another afflicted with a communicable disease shall be liable for the reasonable cost thereof to the municipality or town paying such cost, excepting that the municipality or town constituting such district shall be liable for all expense incurred in establishing, enforcing, and releasing quarantine, half of which may be recovered from the county, as provided for under sections 145.06 and 145.07.

[R. L. s. 2137; 1907 c. 327 s. 1; 1917 c. 427 s. 1] (5351)

**145.06 ALLOWANCE AND PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.** All claims arising under section 145.05 against any town, village, or city, if not paid by persons liable therefor, shall be presented to the town board or council for audit and allowance as in the case of other claims. If any such claim be deemed excessive, or the whole or any part of the services or expenses charged for unnecessary, the items or parts objected to shall not be allowed without the approval of two disinterested physicians, given in the presence of the board or council. Upon the allowance of any such claim, the amount thereof shall be paid, and a certified statement shall be transmitted to the county auditor, embracing a copy of the claim as allowed, the date of such allowance, and showing for what purpose and to whom the allowance was made. The auditor shall lay such statement before the county board at its meeting next following the receipt thereof. One-half the amount so allowed and paid shall be a claim against the county and, if deemed just and reasonable by the board, the same shall be allowed and paid.

[R. L. s. 2138] (5352)

**145.07 APPEAL FROM DISALLOWANCE; COSTS.** Within ten days after written notice by the auditor to the clerk of the town, village, or city of the disallowance of the whole or any part of the half of any such claim chargeable upon the county, the claimant may appeal from such disallowance to the district court by giving notice of appeal as in other cases and without giving any bond or other security thereon. Such appeal shall be noticed, tried, and determined as in other appeals from the disallowance of claims by the county board. Unless the appellant shall recover more than the amount allowed by the county board, he shall be liable for costs and disbursements; otherwise the county shall be liable.

[R. L. s. 2139] (5353)

#### PUBLIC HEALTH NURSES

**145.08 PUBLIC HEALTH NURSES.** Every city council, village council, board of county commissioners, school board, and town board is hereby authorized and empowered to employ and to make appropriations for the compensation and necessary expenses of public health nurses, for such public health duties as may be deemed necessary.

The term "expenses" may cover and include suitably furnished office rooms, records, stationery, postage, nursing and nurses' supplies, transportation, including the purchase and maintenance of automobiles, meals and lodging of nurses when

on duty away from their places of residence, telephone, rent and tolls, clerical assistance, and such other actual expenses as shall be necessarily incidental to the carrying out of these purposes.

[1919 c. 38 s. 1; 1921 c. 138 ss. 1, 2; 1925 c. 196 s. 1] (5353-1, 5353-2)

**145.09 HEALTH NURSES TO REGISTER.** Such health nurses, if not registered in Minnesota, shall apply for registration immediately upon their employment and, unless registered within six months from date of application, their further employment shall be illegal.

[1921 c. 138 s. 1; 1925 c. 196 s. 1] (5353-3)

**145.10 LIST OF NURSES FURNISHED BY STATE BOARD.** There shall be available from the state board, for the use of councils and boards included in sections 145.08 to 145.12, employing such nurses, a list of nurses qualified for public health duties, approved and certified by a majority of a committee consisting of a physician appointed by the state medical association and four registered nurses; one representing the faculty of the course in public health nursing of the University of Minnesota; one representing the state organization for public health nursing, one representing the state board of health; the state director of nursing education.

[1925 c. 196 s. 1] (5353-4)

**145.11 STATE BOARD TO ASSIST HEALTH NURSES.** Such nurses shall receive upon request the aid and advice of the state board in regard to nursing problems and make written reports through the board employing them to the state and local boards of health in such form and at such times as shall be prescribed by the state board.

[1925 c. 196 s. 1] (5353-5)

**145.12 COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH.** The board of county commissioners of any county may detail county public health nurses to act under the direction of the county board of health or a nursing committee composed of at least five members, as follows:

- (1) The county superintendent of schools;
- (2) The county health officer or a physician appointed by the county commissioners;
- (3) A county commissioner appointed by the board of county commissioners;
- (4) Two residents of the county appointed by the county commissioners.

The nursing committee of each county shall effect a permanent organization and meet at regular intervals with the nurses.

[1921 c. 138 s. 1; 1925 c. 196 s. 1] (5353-6, 5353-7)

**145.125 COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH NURSING SERVICE.** Subdivision 1. **State aid quota; employment of nurse.** A county shall be paid from the appropriation to the state board of health for that purpose the sum of \$375 a quarter to aid in the payment of the cost of public health nursing provided that the county board thereof certifies to the State Board of Health within 60 days from a quarter ending September 30, December 31, March 31, or June 30 respectively, the following facts:

(1) That the county is complying with the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1941, Sections 145.08 to 145.12.

(2) That during the preceding quarter, stating the last date thereof, the county had employed a public health nurse who was approved and certified pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1941, Section 145.10.

(3) The name and address of each public health nurse employed during the preceding quarter, and the amount paid to such nurse during each month of such quarter.

If a public health nurse was employed for less than a full quarter, the county shall be paid only the proportion of \$375 which the period of time for which such nurse was actually paid is to the full period of the quarter.

**Subd. 2. Certificate by county board; certificate to state auditor.** At the end of each 60 day period provided for in subdivision 1, the state board of health shall certify to the state auditor, in the manner prescribed by law, the name of each such county, the amount to be paid to it, and that there are funds available for the payment thereof. Such certificate shall be supported by the certificate of the county board of such county. Thereupon, the state auditor shall draw his warrant upon the state treasurer payable to the county for the amount so certified.

[1947 c 54 s 1]

### OTHER PROVISIONS

**145.13 DISINFECTION OF PREMISES AFTER CONTAGIOUS DISEASES THEREIN.** No wall, partition, or ceiling of any room in which there has been contagious disease in any tenement house, hotel, or dwelling shall be repapered, calclimined, or have any other covering placed thereupon, unless the old paper or other covering shall have first been disinfected and removed therefrom and the wall, partition, or ceiling cleaned, disinfected, and freed from bugs, insects, or vermin.

[1919 c. 479 s. 1] (5388-1)

**145.14 DELIVERY OF SUBJECTS FOR DISSECTION.** Except as otherwise provided in section 145.15, the bodies of all persons dying within the state and not claimed for burial within 36 hours after death shall be delivered by the person in charge thereof for purposes of anatomical study. The deans of the medical colleges of the state shall appoint a committee to receive such bodies, which committee shall apportion the same to the several colleges according to the numbers of their students. Any body so received shall be surrendered on demand of a relative entitled to its possession. The remains of any such body, after it has answered the purposes, shall be decently buried in a public cemetery and the expense of transporting and burying such body shall be borne by the college receiving the same.

[R. L. s. 2152] (5392)

**145.15 WHAT BODIES EXCEPTED.** No body shall be so delivered:

- (1) After it has been regularly interred;
- (2) After it has been claimed for burial or cremation by any person entitled to receive it for such purpose;
- (3) Without the consent of all known relatives of the person deceased;
- (4) If such person in his last sickness requested that his remains be buried;
- (5) If he died while detained as a witness or under suspicion of crime; or
- (6) If by any provision of the law another disposition thereof be required.

[R. L. s. 2153] (5393)

**145.16 DELIVERY OF BODIES.** Every official or other person in possession or control of any such body shall forthwith notify the committee and deliver the same according to its request.

[R. L. s. 2154] (5394)

**145.17 OFFENSIVE TRADES.** No person, without the written permission of the board of health of the town, village, or city, shall engage therein in any trade or employment which is hurtful to the inhabitants, or dangerous to the public health, or injurious to neighboring property, or from which noisome odors arise. Any person so doing shall forfeit \$50 for each day of which such trade or employment is exercised, to be recovered by the local board of health by suit in its name and for its benefit.

[R. L. s. 2143] (5371)

**145.18 ASSIGNMENT OF PLACES.** Such local boards, from time to time, may designate places within their respective jurisdictions wherein such trades or employments may be carried on, by orders filed with the town, village, or city clerk, and may revoke the same by like orders. Within 24 hours after written notice of any such revocation, every person exercising such trade or employment in the locality to which it relates shall cease to do so or forfeit \$100 for each day thereafter on which the same is continued, to be recovered as provided in section 145.17.

[R. L. s. 2144] (5372)

**145.19 APPEAL TO DISTRICT COURT.** Within five days after service of such notice, any party aggrieved by an order made under sections 145.17 and 145.18 may appeal therefrom to the district court of the county by giving notice of appeal as in other cases, together with a bond of not less than \$500, to be approved by the judge of the court, conditioned for the prosecution of the appeal to judgment and for payment of all costs and expenses that may be awarded against the appellant. If the appeal be taken within 20 days before the time for holding any general term of the court within the county, it shall be heard at such time and, at either party's request, may be tried by a jury; if taken more than 20 days before any such term, the judge shall appoint a time and place for hearing the same and, if demanded, direct the sheriff of the county to summon a jury of 12 persons to serve in the cause, any of whom may be challenged as in civil cases, and talesmen may be called and the appeal tried as in other civil cases. During the pendency of the appeal such trade or employment shall not be exercised contrary to the order of the board; and,

upon violation of any such order, the appeal shall forthwith be dismissed. Upon the return of the verdict the court may either alter or amend the order of the board or confirm or amend it in full, to conform to such verdict. If the matter be tried by the court, it shall have and exercise the same power.

[R. L. s. 2145] (5373)

**145.20 STATE BOARD; POWERS; APPEAL.** Upon written complaint made to the state board that any person is occupying or using any building or premises within any town, village, or city for the exercise of any such trade or employment, it shall appoint a time and place for hearing and give notice, of not less than ten days, to the complainant and the person complained of, and after such hearing, if, in its judgment, the public health or comfort and convenience require, it may order such person to cease from further carrying on such trade or employment in such building or premises; and, after written notice of such order, any person thereafter exercising such trade or employment in this building or premises shall forfeit \$100 for each day after the first, to be recovered as provided in sections 145.17 to 145.19. Any person aggrieved by such order may appeal, and the appeal shall be taken and determined, in the same manner as prescribed in section 145.19. During its pendency such trade or employment shall not be exercised contrary to the orders of the state board; and, upon the violation of any such order, the appeal shall forthwith be dismissed.

[R. L. s. 2146] (5374)

**145.21 OTHER REMEDIES PRESERVED.** Nothing in section 145.17 shall curtail the power of the courts to administer the usual legal and equitable remedies in cases of nuisances or of improper interference with private rights.

[R. L. s. 2149] (5377)

**145.22 NUISANCE, SOURCE OF FILTH, OR CAUSE OF SICKNESS; DUTY OF HEALTH OFFICER; NOTICE; PRIVY VAULTS.** When any nuisance, source of filth, or cause of sickness is found on any property, the health officer of the city, village, or town shall order the owner or occupant thereof to remove the same, at his expense, within a time not to exceed ten days, the exact time to be specified in the notice. This notice shall be served by the sheriff, marshal, or other peace officer by delivering a copy thereof to the owner, occupant, or agent of the property. If the owner of the property is unknown or absent, with no known representative or agent upon whom notice can be served, then the sheriff, marshal, or other peace officer shall post a written or printed notice upon the property or premises, setting forth that unless the nuisance, source of filth, or cause of sickness is abated or removed within ten days, the sheriff, marshal, or other peace officer will abate or remove, or cause to be abated or removed, at the expense of the owner, the nuisance, source of filth, or cause of sickness complained of and found to exist. In carrying out the provisions of sections 145.22 and 145.23, no debt or claim against any individual owner, or any one piece of real property, shall exceed the sum of \$50. In all cities of the first class in this state, the collection and disposal of night soil from privy vaults and contents of cesspools shall be under the charge and supervision of, and shall be done by, the department of health of such cities.

[1907 c 425 s 1; 1949 c 80 s 1] (5379)

**145.23 ABATEMENT; COSTS ASSESSED ON PROPERTY.** If the owner, occupant, or agent fail or neglect to comply with the requirement of the notice, then the health officer shall proceed to have the nuisance, source of filth, or cause of sickness described in the notice removed or abated from the lot or parcel of ground and report the cost thereof to the city clerk, or other like officer, and the cost of such removal or abatement shall be assessed and charged against the lot or parcel of ground on which the nuisance, source of filth, or cause of sickness was located, and the city clerk, or other like officer, shall, at the time of certifying their taxes to the county auditor, certify these costs and the county auditor shall extend the same on the tax roll of the county against the lot or parcel of ground, and it shall be collected by the county treasurer and paid to the city, village, or town as other taxes are collected and paid.

[1907 c. 425 s. 2] (5380)

**145.24 VIOLATIONS; PENALTIES.** Subdivision 1. Every member of any local board of health or any health officer refusing or neglecting to perform any duty imposed upon him by any statute, ordinance, or by-law relating to the public health shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 2. Every person who wilfully prevents or hinders any member, officer, or employee of the state board or any member, officer, or employee of any local board of health, or any health officer from entering any building, conveyance, or place where contagion, infection, filth, or other source or cause of preventable disease exists or is reasonably suspected, or otherwise interferes with the performance of their duties, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 3. Every person who shall fail to comply with the provisions of sections 145.15 and 145.16 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, the minimum punishment whereof shall be a fine of \$25. Every person who shall use any body mentioned in sections 145.15 and 145.16 for a purpose other than that contemplated therein, or who shall remove it from the state, or in any manner traffic therein, or refuse to deliver the same upon proper demand, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Subd. 4. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of sections 145.13 and 145.25 to 145.29 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

[*R. L. ss. 2135, 2136, 2154; 1919 c. 479 s. 2; 1923 c. 92 s. 1; 1941 c. 475 s. 6*] (5349, 5350, 5388-2, 5394)

**145.25-145.29** [Repealed, 1943 c 447 s 1]

**145.30 SUPERINTENDENT OF HOSPITALS TO TRANSFER RECORDS.** The superintendent or other chief administrative officer of any public or private hospital, by and with the consent and approval of its board of directors or other governing body, is authorized to transfer and record, or cause to be transferred and recorded, upon photographic film of convenient size for the preservation thereof as evidence, any or all of the original files and records of any such hospital dealing with the case history, physical examination, and daily hospital records of the individual patients thereof, including any miscellaneous documents, papers, and correspondence in connection therewith.

[1941 c. 229 s. 1]

**145.31 PHOTOSTATIC COPIES TO BE USED AS EVIDENCE.** Upon the transferring and recording of any such original hospital files and records in the manner hereinbefore provided, such photographic film records thereof shall have the same force and effect, when offered in evidence in any proceeding in this state, as the original records from which the same were so transferred and recorded, and any photographic or photostatic copy made therefrom, when duly certified, by the officer or employee of such hospital in charge of the records, to be such photographic or photostatic copy thereof, shall be admitted and received in evidence in any proceeding in this state with the same force and effect as the original record of such hospital from which such film recording was originally made.

[1941 c. 229 s. 2]

**145.32 OLD RECORDS MAY BE DESTROYED.** The superintendent or other chief administrative officer of any such public or private hospital, by and with the consent and approval of such board of directors or other governing body thereof, is authorized to divest the files and records of such hospital of any such individual case records bearing dates more than ten years prior to the date of such divestiture and, with such consent and approval, to destroy the same. Such records shall first have been transferred and recorded as authorized in section 145.30.

[1941 c. 229 s. 3]

**145.33 CONSTRUCTION.** Sections 145.30 to 145.33 shall not be construed as requiring any such public or private hospital to retain among its files and records, during the period hereinbefore specified or otherwise, any such individual hospital case records, miscellaneous documents, papers, or correspondence, except as the preservation and retention thereof is otherwise required by law.

[1941 c. 229 s. 4]

**145.47 HEALTH DEPARTMENT DEFINED.** The term health department, as used in sections 145.47 to 145.54, is defined as a health department organized and supported by one or more counties.

[1949 c 405 s 1]

**145.48 ESTABLISHMENT OF HEALTH DEPARTMENTS.** Subdivision 1. Any county or two or more adjacent counties are hereby authorized and empowered, by resolution adopted by a majority of the members of the county board or county boards of the respective counties, to establish and maintain a health department as

herein defined. The county commissioners of any two or more adjacent counties may submit, and on petition of qualified electors equal to 10% of the total vote at the last general election, shall submit such action to a vote of the people. If the majority of the voters voting thereon favor the action, it shall go into effect on the date specified.

Subd. 2. A city of the first or second class located within a county in which a health department is established under sections 145.47 to 145.54, shall not come within the jurisdiction of the board of health of such health department until such city, by ordinance of its governing body, shall take action to be included within the jurisdiction of such health department subject to the referendum provided in the following subdivision. In counties containing a city of the first class and wherein the majority of the county commissioner districts lie within the city of the first class, it shall require the unanimous vote of the county board to establish a county health department as provided for in sections 145.47 to 145.54.

Subd. 3. The governing body of a city of the first or second class may submit, and on petition of qualified electors equal to 10% of the total vote at the last regular municipal election, shall submit such action to a vote of the people. If the majority of the voters voting thereon favor the action, it shall go into effect on the date specified.

[1949 c 405 s 2]

**145.49 POWERS TRANSFERRED.** All powers and duties now or hereafter vested in or imposed upon the local health boards defined in Minnesota Statutes 1945, Section 145.01, shall, in all areas included in the jurisdiction of any health department established under sections 145.47 to 145.54, be transferred to, vested in and imposed upon such health department from the date when the health officer of such health department assumes the responsibilities of his appointment or such later date as may be determined by such health department; provided, however, that nothing herein shall affect the registration of vital statistics, except that when any city comes within the jurisdiction of any health department established under sections 145.47 to 145.54 and is without a city health officer, the state registrar of vital statistics shall appoint a local registrar therein.

[1949 c 405 s 3]

**145.50 RESPONSIBLE TO LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH.** Subdivision 1. Every health department shall be responsible to a local board of health as hereinafter provided for.

Subd. 2. The board of health of a health department embracing one county shall consist of five members appointed by the board of county commissioners. Where two or more counties combine to form a health department, each such county shall, by the same method, appoint two members to the board of health, except that the county having the largest population shall appoint three such members. In each such board of health, one member from each county shall be selected from the largest participating municipality located within such county. In each such board of health, one of the members so appointed shall be a doctor of medicine and one shall be a doctor of dental surgery, each licensed to practice in Minnesota. The remaining members of the board shall be laymen, representative of the people served by the health department.

Subd. 3. At the first meeting of any board of health appointed under this section, the members thereof shall determine by lot the respective original terms to be served by each member, whether one, two, or three years. The same number of such members shall be chosen for each such length of term as nearly as may be. All subsequent appointments, except to fill vacancies in unexpired terms, shall be for three year terms.

Subd. 4. The officers of the board shall be a chairman and a vice chairman, to be elected annually by the members thereof for a term of one year.

[1949 c 405 s 4]

**145.51 FUNDS APPROPRIATED AND FEES COLLECTED.** Subdivision 1. Every health department established under sections 145.47 to 145.54 shall be operated and maintained from funds appropriated and fees collected within the counties included in the area covered by such health department, together with such state and federal funds and private grants which may be appropriated or granted to it or to any of its participating county or other political subdivisions. The cost of maintenance of every such health department shall be borne by the several participating counties on the basis of the ratio of the population of each such county to

the total population served by the said health department, and the amount thus required of each of the participating counties for such health department purposes shall be spread as a separate tax levy against all of the taxable property of each of such counties. The tax levy shall not exceed one mill against all of the taxable property of each of such counties, and, where a city of the first or second class does not come within the jurisdiction of such health department its population shall not be considered in such computation, and the health department tax levy of such county shall not apply to the property within such city.

Subd. 2. The health officer and board of health of every health department created under sections 145.47 to 145.54 shall annually prepare a budget of its proposed expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year and determine the proportionate cost to each participating county. A certified copy of such budget, which shall include a statement of the amount required from each such county, shall be delivered to the board of county commissioners of each participating county. The county boards of all participating counties in each such health department shall meet in joint session, prior to the regular annual July meetings of such boards, for due hearing and agreement on such health department budget. The budget adopted shall be effective when approved by a majority of the members of each such county board in attendance at such joint meeting. A majority of each county board shall be in attendance to constitute a quorum for a joint meeting. At its regular meeting in July, each such county board shall include in its annual levy of county taxes, such amount as may be necessary, not to exceed the tax limitations imposed by sections 145.47 to 145.54, for the health department purposes provided for in sections 145.47 to 145.54, as a separate levy over and above the limits now imposed for the general fund of the county. Such amount, when collected, shall be credited to the "health department fund" of the county.

Subd. 3. In the accounts and treasury of the county wherein is located the principal office of each multicounty health department there shall be created a "joint health department fund." The treasurer of each county participating in such health department shall pay or cause to be paid into this joint fund from the county "health department fund" all tax monies, fees, grants-in-aid, gifts, or bequests designated for public health department purposes by drawing a warrant in favor of the "joint health department fund" payable to the treasurer of the county selected as the place of deposit of such fund. The said fund shall be used only for the purposes of said health department in accordance with the adopted budget, and shall be expended in the manner prescribed by such board of health pursuant to properly authenticated vouchers of such health department signed by its health officer.

[1949 c 405 s 5]

**145.52 MEETINGS; HEALTH OFFICER; NURSE; JOINT AGREEMENT; BUDGET; MEMBER; RECOMMENDATIONS.** Subdivision 1. The board of health of every health department organized under sections 145.47 to 145.54 shall hold regular meetings at least quarterly at such time and place as may be provided by such board, and such special meetings as may be called by its chairman or a majority of its members. Members shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to statutory travel and other necessary expenses while engaged in their official duties.

Subd. 2. The board of health shall employ a health officer who shall be a doctor of medicine duly licensed and registered in the state of Minnesota who shall have the approval of the state board of health. He shall be appointed for a term of five years subject to removal for cause after a hearing before the board of health. He shall be the executive officer of the board of health, shall select subordinate personnel subject to the approval of the board and shall have general supervision of all work conducted by such health department.

Subd. 3. Whenever a county or multiple county health department is established under sections 145.47 to 145.54 the county health nurse in each of said counties shall be under the supervision and jurisdiction of such county or multiple county health department.

Subd. 4. Every such board of health shall enter into a joint agreement with the boards of county commissioners of the counties and the governing bodies of participating cities of the first and second class within its jurisdictional area to regulate such matters as salary scales, merit systems, the acquisition of property and



# MINNESOTA STATUTES 1949

1221

## PROVISIONS RELATING TO PUBLIC HEALTH 145.54

personnel of previously existing health departments, the distribution of assets upon withdrawal of any county or city and other matters wherein practices may vary in different participating counties and cities.

Subd. 5. Every such health officer and board of health shall annually prepare a budget of the proposed expenditures of such health department for the ensuing year and the proportionate cost thereunder to each participating county; provided, however, that for the first year of operation of any such health department this function may be performed by the said board alone.

Subd. 6. Each such board of health shall prepare and cause to be published for free public distribution an annual report of the work of its health department.

Subd. 7. Each such board of health may make recommendations to the boards of county commissioners for local legislation pertaining to the public health and generally applicable throughout their counties. It may also recommend to any municipality within its jurisdiction local legislation having specific application to health problems peculiar to such municipality.

[1949 c 405 s 6]

**145.53 RULES AND REGULATIONS.** Subdivision 1. The board of county commissioners of any county within the jurisdiction of any health department created under sections 145.47 to 145.54 shall have the power to adopt and to alter by resolution, and to enforce reasonable regulations for the preservation of the public health, applicable throughout the whole or any portion of the county. Proposed regulations shall be published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation throughout the county or counties served by the health department before adoption. In counties containing a city of the first class and wherein a majority of the county commissioner districts lie within a city of the first class, it shall require the unanimous vote of the county board to adopt such rules and regulations, and no county regulation shall supersede or conflict with higher standards established by statute, the regulations of the state board of health, or the provisions of the charter or ordinances of any city pertaining to the same subject matter.

Subd. 2. Nothing in sections 145.47 to 145.54 shall prohibit any municipality from adopting ordinances or resolutions for the regulation of the public health setting higher standards than those of the state board of health, the board of county commissioners, or the statutes.

[1949 c 405 s 7]

**145.54 SUPERVISED BY STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.** Subdivision 1. Every health department created under sections 145.47 to 145.54, subject to the general supervision of the state board of health, shall cause all laws and regulations relating to public health to be obeyed and enforced within its jurisdictional area.

Subd. 2. After any two or more counties shall have taken action to establish a joint health department under sections 145.47 to 145.54, any participating county may withdraw therefrom not earlier than one year from the beginning of the next fiscal year following written notice to its board of health and the boards of county commissioners of all other participating counties of its intention so to do.

Subd. 3. Any city of the first or second class participating in a health department established under sections 145.47 to 145.54 may withdraw therefrom in the manner provided for the withdrawing of a participating county. Thereafter its population shall not be considered in the computation of apportionment of taxes for health department purposes and the health department tax levy of the county thereof shall not include the taxable property within such city.

Subd. 4. Whenever any county or city of the first or second class shall withdraw from any health department established under sections 145.47 to 145.54, all provisions of law relating to local health boards and officers as defined in Minnesota Statutes 1945, Section 145.01, shall immediately become applicable within such county or city.

[1949 c 405 s 8]