CHAPTER 416

PUBLIC BUILDINGS

416.01 MEMORIALS FOR WAR VETERANS.

The water, light, power and building commission may be charged with the control and supervision of a village memorial building. OAG Jan. 12, 1943 (469-C-6).

A village may not appropriate public funds to the American Legion with which to erect a Legion Hall. OAG April 20, 1944 (310-A).

A city may erect a memorial building under the provisions of sections 416.01 to 416.06 which could be used by veterans and others for public purposes, but a city has no power to erect a building to be used as club room or meeting place. OAG Feb. 20, 1946 (36-E-1).

The village council, after an approving vote of the electors, may adopt an ordinance providing for the erection, equipment, and maintenance of a building in recognition of the armed forces. Having done so, the council may accept gifts, transfer money from the general revenue fund to the building fund, and may levy a tax within the limitations provided by law. OAG Jan. 3, 1947 (310-F).

Within the conditions prescribed in sections 375.18 and 416.01 et seq., as modified by L. 1947, c. 256, the county commissioners or the governing body of a municipality may appropriate funds for the erecting of a war memorial. OAG April 23, 1947 (310-F).

416.05 WAR AND HISTORICAL MUSEUM.

If its occupation did not interfere with the main objects for which the building was constructed, the village library board may fit up and occupy space in the memorial building for use as a public library, and use funds raised within the limitations of sections 275.45 and 412.32. OAG Sept. 24, 1946 (285-AO).

416.09 CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS.

Where an auditorium built and maintained by a municipality is no longer needed for public use it may be leased for private use, a reasonable rental being paid. Anderson v City of Montevideo, 137 M 179, 162 NW 1073.