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101.01 DIVISION OF GAME AND FISH: FISH

CHAPTER 101

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101.01 MANNER OF TAKING FISH. Fish, unless otherwise specifically permitted by law, shall be taken only by angling. It shall be unlawful to take fish of any kind in any manner by the use or with the aid of artificial lights of any kind.

No person shall set, place, or use any snag line or snag pole, snag hook, or parts thereof, or cluster of fishhooks that might be attached to same, designed to be placed in or drawn through the water for the purpose of catching or drawing such hooks into the body of fish, provided that the use of one trolling-spoon or one artificial bait is permitted.

[1919 c. 400 s. 5; 1923 c. 426; 1925 c. 380; 1929 c. 417 s. 1] (5499)

101.02 MANNER OF TAKING MINNOWS FOR BAIT. Minnows for bait may be taken at any time with a net, trap, or seine; provided, that immature game fish and carp shall be carefully sorted out at the time of taking and the game fish at once returned to the water and the carp at once destroyed; provided, that no net or seine used for the taking of minnows shall be more than 25 feet in length or more than four feet in depth. Minnows, as defined in section 97.01, subdivision 14, may be bought and sold. No minnows shall be taken with a net, trap, or seine in waters inhabited by trout. The use of game fish, except yellow perch, for bait is prohibited. The sale or transportation of live or preserved minnows imported from other states is prohibited for any purpose.

[1919 c. 400 s. 68; 1923 c. 426; 1925 c. 380; 1931 c. 399 s. 8; 1941 c. 331] (5563)

101.03 OPEN SEASON FOR BLACK BASS AND YELLOW BASS. Large mouthed black bass and small mouthed black bass or yellow bass may be taken by angling, and thereafter possessed between May 29 and December 1 following in that section of the state to be known as the southern zone lying south of a line commencing at the west boundary of the state, running easterly along state trunk highway number 28 to a point where such highway intersects state trunk highway number 52 at or near Sauk Center, then easterly along number 52 to a point where such highway intersects state trunk highway number 95 at or near St. Cloud, then easterly along number 95 to a point where such highway intersects trunk highway number 8, thence easterly to the boundary of the state, and between June 21 and December 1 following in that section of the state to be known as the northern zone lying north of the above described line. A person may take not to exceed six such bass in one day and may have not to exceed 12 such bass in his possession at one time. All such fish taken, regardless of size, may be retained in possession and counted. The use of three

artificial flies in fishing is permitted. Such bass may not be bought or sold at any time.

[1919 c. 400 s. 69; 1923 c. 426; 1925 c. 380; 1929 c. 328 s. 1; 1939 c. 424 s. 7] (5564) 101.04 OPEN SEASON FOR TROUT, EXCEPT LAKE TROUT; HOURS FOR TAKING. Trout, except lake trout, may be taken by angling and thereafter possessed between May 1 and September 1 following. A person may not take to exceed 15 such trout in one day, nor have in possession more than 25 such trout or 20 pounds thereof at any one time. The use of three artificial flies in trout fishing is permitted. Such trout may not be bought or sold at any time. No such trout may be taken by the use or with the aid of artificial light of any kind, including bonfires, automobile headlights and spot-lights. No such trout may be taken between the hours of nine p. m. and one hour before sunrise.

[1919 c. 400 s. 70; 1925 c. 380; 1927 c. 64; 1929 c. 17; 1931 c. 409 s. 1; 1937 c. 166 s. 1; 1939 c. 424 s. 7; 1941 c. 424] (5565)

101.05 FISHING IN TROUT STREAMS. No fish of any variety shall be taken from any stream designated by order of the director as a trout stream, except during the open season for taking trout.

· [1919 c. 400 s. 71] (5566)

101.06 OPEN SEASON FOR LAKE TROUT. Lake trout or land-locked salmon may be taken by angling and thereafter possessed between December 1 and September 15 following, except on Lake Superior, where the same may be taken by angling and thereafter possessed between December 1 and October 1 following. A person may take not to exceed five such lake trout or salmon in one day, nor have in possession more than ten such trout or salmon at any one time. All such fish taken, regardless of size, may be retained in possession and counted. Such lake trout or salmon may not be bought or sold at any time.

[1919 c. 400 s. 72; 1925 c. 380; 1929 c. 323 s. 2; 1931 c. 371; 1939 c. 424 s. 9] (5567) 101.07 OPEN SEASON FOR PIKE, PICKEREL, AND MUSKELLUNGE. Walleyed pike, saugars or sand pike, great northern pike or pickerel, and muskellunge may be taken by angling and thereafter possessed between May 15 and February 15 following. There shall be no authority to change by executive order or order by the commissioner the closing date above specified.

A person may take not to exceed eight such pike, saugars or sand pike, great northern pike or pickerel, or two such muskellunge in a day, and may have not to exceed 12 such pike, saugars or sand pike, or great northern pike or pickerel in his possession at one time. The daily and possession limits of such species shall remain at eight per day for pike, saugars or sand pike, great northern pike or pickerel or two muskellunge per day and the possession limit shall remain at 16 pike, saugars or sand pike, or 20 great northern pike or pickerel with respect to all fish taken from the boundary waters between the state of Minnesota and the possessions of the Dominion of Canada until such time as the Canadian provinces bordering upon such boundary waters shall have reduced the limits, in which event the director may by order prescribe similar limits to apply in Minnesota territorial waters. Yellow perch may be taken and possessed at any time without limit as to number. The commissioner may when he deems it necessary to prevent the undue depletion of perch in any water fix by regulation a limit of 25 perch per day therein. All such fish taken, regardless of size, may be retained in possession and counted.

Wall-eyed pike, saugars and sand pike, great northern pike or pickerel, and muskellunge, except those taken from waters which may be open for the sale thereof by the director, may not be bought or sold at any time. Great northern pike or pickerel may be taken by spearing through the ice between December 1 and March 1 following, and such fish so speared may be possessed during that time.

[1919 c. 400 s. 73; 1921 c. 35 s. 1; 1923 c. 426; 1925 c. 380; 1929 c. 323 s. 3; 1931 c. 323 s. 1; 1933 c. 81; 1933 c. 392 s. 25; 1939 c. 424 s. 10; 1941 c. 489] (5568)

101.08 CLOSED SEASON FOR STURGEON, HACKLEBACK, SPOONBILL, OR PADDLEFISH. Rock sturgeon or lake sturgeon and shovelnose sturgeon or hackleback and spoonbill or paddlefish may not be taken or possessed at any time; provided, that hackleback or sand sturgeon may be taken by angling or by licensed set lines in any waters forming a common boundary between this state and the state of Wisconsin, subject to compliance with all applicable provisions of law.

[1919 c. 400 s. 74; 1925 c. 380; 1931 c. 374 s. 1] (5569)

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101.09 OPEN SEASON FOR CRAPPIES. Black and white crappies may be taken by angling and thereafter possessed between May twenty-ninth and February fifteenth following, in the southern zone described in section 101.03, and between June twenty-first and February fifteenth following, in the northern zone described in that section; provided, there shall be no authority to change by executive order, or order of the director, the closing date above specified. A person may take not to exceed 15 crappies in one day, and not more than 25 crappies may be had in possession at any one time. All such fish taken, regardless of size, may be retained in possession and counted. Such crappies may not be bought or sold at any time.

[1919 c. 400 s. 75; 1921 c. 35 s. 2; 1923 c. 426; 1925 c. 380; 1929 c. 323 s. 4; 1939 c. 424 s. 11] (5570)

101.10 FISHING IN BOUNDARY WATERS. In all cases where it is now provided by sections 101.07 and 101.09 that certain kinds of fish therein enumerated may be taken during open seasons now extending from a time prior to the fifteenth day of January to a time after that date, the open seasons for the taking of such fish in all waters forming a common boundary between this state and the state of South Dakota shall hereafter close at the end of the fifteenth day of January, after which date no such fish may be taken in those waters until the beginning of the next open season, as provided by sections 101.07 and 101.09, except as may be permitted under the provisions of section 97.40.

[1931 c. 393 s. 1] (5572-1)

101.11 OPEN SEASON FOR FISHING IN BOUNDARY WATERS. In all cases where the date for the opening of the season for taking fish in waters forming a common boundary between this and other states and the province of Ontario is later, or where the day for the closing of the season for taking fish in such waters is earlier, in Minnesota than it is in any other state or states or the province of Ontario, bounded by such waters, then and in such case the director may promulgate and publish an order fixing the days for the opening and the closing of the season for taking fish in such waters coincident with the opening and closing days of the season of such other state or the province of Ontario for taking fish in such waters, and thereafter and until this order is amended or repealed such open season for taking fish in such water shall be as in that order provided. Those waters lying within the state of Minnesota and forming a common boundary between the state of Minnesota and the province of Ontario or Manitoba, not already closed, shall be closed to commercial fishing when the proper authorities of the province of Ontario or Manitoba shall close to commercial fishing that portion of such boundary waters forming a common boundary between the state of Minnesota and the province of Ontario or Manitoba as lie within the province of Ontario or Manitoba. These waters may be closed separately in the event that the proper authorities of the province of Ontario or Manitoba close one or more bodies of water and not all such boundary waters. The director is hereby authorized and empowered to enter into arrangements jointly with the proper authorities of such other state or province of Ontario bounded by such waters for the supervision of fishing therein, for the closing thereof, for the stocking thereof, for the enforcement of fishing laws of both states or province of Ontario in such waters, and for locating the boundary line.

[1921 c. 193 s. 1; 1933 c. 392 s. 20; 1935 c. 388 s. 1] (5648)

101.12 OPEN SEASON FOR SUNFISH, ROCK BASS, AND OTHER VARIE-TIES. Sunfish and rock bass and all other varieties of fish for which a different season is not provided by chapters 97 to 102 may be taken by angling and thereafter possessed between May 29 and December 31 following, in the southern zone described in section 101.03, and between June 21 and December 31 following, in the northern zone described in that section. A person may take not to exceed 15 such sunfish or rock bass or such other fish in the aggregate of all kinds in one day; not more than 30 in the aggregate of all kinds may be had in possession at any time. All such fish taken, regardless of size, may be retained in possession and counted. Such sunfish and rock bass may not be bought or sold at any time.

[1919 c. 400 s. 78; 1921 c. 35 s. 5; 1923 c. 426; 1925 c. 380; 1929 c. 323 s. 7; 1939 c. 424 s. 12] (5573)

101.13 OPEN SEASON FOR SUNFISH IN GOODHUE COUNTY. The open season for the taking of sunfish in Goodhue county is hereby extended from the

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closing date of the season, as now provided in section 101.12, to and including February 1 following. 111-1113-1

[1931 c. 334 s. 1] (5573-1)

101.14 OPEN SEASON FOR CARP, DOGFISH, REDHORSE, SHEEPSHEAD, CATFISH, SUCKERS, EELPOUT, GARFISH, BULLHEADS, WHITEFISH, AND BUFFALOFISH. Carp, dogfish, redhorse, sheepshead, catfish, suckers, eelpout, garfish, bullheads of any size, whitefish not less than 16 inches in length, and buffalofish of not less than 15 inches in length may be taken by angling, except during March and April, or by spearing through the ice between December 1 and March 1 following, both inclusive, or by spearing otherwise at any time, and possessed, without limit, unless otherwise specifically provided. Such fish may be bought or sold in any quantity at any time, except it shall be unlawful for any person to have in his possession more than 50 bullheads taken under this section at any given time. The director may allow the use of artificial lights in spearing rough fish in such waters as he may deem proper. The director may allow the taking of suckers, redhorse, and carp by angling at any time in the Root river from the east city limits of the city of Rushford, in Fillmore county, to the Mississippi river. A person may take not to exceed ten catfish, by angling or otherwise, in any one day and shall not have more than 15 catfish in possession at any one time.

[1919 c. 400 s. 79; 1931 c. 323 s. 2; 1933 c. 49 s. 1; 1933 c. 392 s. 26; 1935 c. 188; 1939 c. 380 s. 1; 1941 c. 239 ss. 1, 2] (5574) (5574-1)

101.153 PROPAGATION OF GAME FISH. Subdivision 1. By organizations or associations of sportsmen. It shall be lawful for any bona fide organization or association of sportsmen within the state to engage in the propagation of game fish by use of rearing ponds when the fish so raised therein or produced therefrom are used exclusively for transplanting in the public lakes and streams of this state.

Subdivision 2. Live brood stock obtained from public waters. Any such organization or association may, under the supervision of the local game warden or other person designated by the director, acquire from public waters by seining, for rearing pond propagation, such number of live brood stock and such species as may be approved by the director; and such brood stock when so obtained may be lawfully kept and retained in possession, provided the same are used exclusively for the propagation and reproduction of fish life.

Subdivision 3. Nets and seines used. Any such organization may acquire, use, and maintain such nets or other equipment as are suitable for the proper seining of brood stock and the proper seining of such rearing ponds. All such equipment, the possession of which is otherwise illegal except for the provisions of this section when not actually in use shall be kept and maintained in the custody of the local game warden.

Subdivision 4. All work to be done under rules of director. All seining of brood stock and planting of fish reared under the provisions of this section shall be done in accordance with rules and regulations to be adopted by the director and the director is hereby authorized and it shall be his duty to cooperate in every way with such organizations and to afford such aid and assistance in equipment and personnel as may be available.

Subdivision 5. Director to make rules. The director shall prescribe such reasonable rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary and advisable to give effect to the intent and purpose of this section. All such rules and regulations shall be designed to encourage and foster the propagation of game fish and in the manner herein contemplated and shall be designed to encourage the devotion of voluntary services, moneys, and equipment not otherwise available to the state in the propagation of game fish. No fee shall be required from any such organization or association of sportsmen in order to engage in the activities herein set forth.

Subdivision 6. Where game fish shall be planted. All game fish reared under the authority of this section shall be planted in such public waters of the state as are selected and designated by the organization operating the rearing pond, subject to the approval of the director or his agents.

[1941 c. 137 ss. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

101.16 WHEN AND WHERE ARTIFICIAL LIGHTS MAY BE USED IN SPEAR-ING CERTAIN FISH. Artificial lights may be used in spearing carp, dogfish, buffalofish, redhorse, sheepshead, suckers, eelpout, and garfish of any size, and whitefish not less than 16 inches in length, in the counties of Houston, Fillmore.

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Mower, Freeborn, Faribault, Martin, Jackson, Nobles, Rock, Pipestone, Murray, Cottonwood, Watonwan, Blue Earth, Waseca, Steele, Dodge, Olmsted, Winona, Wabasha, Goodhue, Rice, Le Sueur, Nicollet, Brown, Redwood, Lyon, Lincoln, Yellow Medicine, Renville, Sibley, McLeod, Carver, Scott, and Dakota from April fifteenth to June fifteenth, and in the counties of Washington, Ramsey, Hennepin, Wright, Meeker, Kandiyohi, Chippewa, Swift, Lac qui Parle, Big Stone, Traverse, Stevens, Pope, Stearns, Benton, Sherburne, Anoka, Chisago, Isanti, Pine, Kanabec, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Todd, Douglas, Grant, Wilkin, Otter Tail, Wadena, Cass, Crow Wing, Aitkin, Carlton, Hubbard, Becker, Clay, Norman, Mahnomen, Clearwater, Polk, Beltrami, Koochiching, Red Lake, Pennington, Marshall, Itasca, Roseau, and Lake of the Woods from May first to June fifteenth, in all streams or portions of streams, except such streams or parts thereof as the director may close by proclamation. Nothing herein shall be construed as repealing any statute permitting the spearing of fish without the use of artificial lights.

[1933 c. 49 ss. 2, 3; 1939 c. 252] (5574-2) (5574-3)

101.18 PLACING CARP IN WATERS PROHIBITED. No person shall put or place in any public waters of this state fish commonly known as carp, nor shall any person put or place in such waters the spawn of such fish or use such fish as bait in the water thereof.

[1919 c. 400 s. 80] (5575)

101.19 FISHING IN MINNEAPOLIS. No fish of any kind shall be taken in any manner from waters lying wholly or partly within the corporate limits of any city of the first class not operating under a home rule charter, between November first and May twenty-ninth following.

[1919 c. 400 s. 83] (5578)

101.20 LIMIT OF CATCH. Except as otherwise expressly permitted by law, no person shall take more than 15 fish of protected varieties in the aggregate of all kinds in any one day, or have in possession more than 20 such fish at any time, but this shall not extend any limit otherwise expressly fixed by law.

[1919 c. 400 s. 84; 1925 c. 380; 1929 c. 323 s. 8] (5579)

101.21 SALE OF FISH CAUGHT IN CERTAIN COUNTIES; OTHER FISH NOT BOUGHT OR SOLD AT ANY TIME. No fish of any variety, except minnows for bait, caught in waters lying within a county having a population of 200,000 or over, shall be bought, sold, or otherwise trafficked in at any time. The director may, when necessary to prevent the undue depletion of the fish in any lake or stream, prohibit the sale of any species of fish taken in any of the waters of this state.

Black bass, crappies, sand pike, muskellunge, sunfish, and rock bass, except those taken in international waters in connection with commercial fishing operation, whether taken within or without this state, or in any county of this state, may not be bought or sold at any time in this state.

[1919 c. 400 s. 85; 1925 c. 380] (5580)

101.22 **PROHIBITED METHODS AND EQUIPMENTS.** Fish shall not be taken by means of explosives, drugs, poisons, lime, medicated bait, fish berries, or other deleterious substances, or by nets, traps, tip-ups, trot lines, wire strings, ropes or cables, except where otherwise expressly provided by chapters 97 to 102. Possession of any of such substances or contrivances by any person on the waters, shores, or islands of this state shall be presumptive evidence that the same are possessed for use in violation of this section. It shall be unlawful to have in possession fish nets, except minnow nets, landing nets and dip nets and all nets held in stock for sale by dealers, unless tagged and licensed by the director. These tags and licenses shall be for the current year. Whoever violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$00, nor more than \$100.00, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 30 days.

[1919 c. 400 s. 86; 1923 c. 426; 1929 c. 331 s. 1; 1941 c. 290] (5581)

101.23 **POLLUTING STREAMS.** No refuse, sawdust, shavings, tan bark, lime, or other deleterious or poisonous substance shall be thrown or allowed to run into any of the waters of this state in quantities injurious to fish life inhabiting the same, or injurious to the propagation of fish therein. A continuous violation of this section is declared to be a public nuisance, and an action may be brought by the attorney general, on the request of the director, to enjoin and abate such nuisance.

[1919 c. 400 s. 87] (5582)

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101.24 FISH SCREENS; REMOVAL. No person, except under authority of the director, or the county board, in the manner now provided by law, shall by means of any rack, screen, or other obstruction in any creek, stream, or river, prevent the passage of fish. The director may order such an obstruction removed by the person erecting the same or by the owner of the land on which the same is located.

[1919 c. 400 s. 88] (5583)

101.25 DARK HOUSES OR FISH HOUSES, WHEN USED; LICENSES. Dark houses, fish houses, or shelters to protect a person fishing through the ice to take by spearing or angling, pickerel, carp, dogfish, buffalofish, whitefish, tullibees, sheepshead, bullheads, catfish, eelpout, garfish, suckers, and redhorse, may be used from December 1 to March 1, following, in all waters of this state, including those over which Minnesota has concurrent jurisdiction with other states, only under license from the director, for which a fee of \$1.00 shall be paid. This license shall be granted by the director only on satisfactory evidence that the dark house or fish house will be used by the applicant for taking fish for domestic or personal use, and not for commercial purposes. Carp so caught may be bought and sold at any time. Not more than one dark house or fish house shall be used by any one person, and every licensee shall have his license on his person while fishing in a dark house or fish house. The number of the license shall be plainly marked on the exterior of the dark house or fish house. Licenses to erect dark houses or fish houses on certain lakes may be denied by the director when in his opinion conditions based upon factual data justify such denial, but not more than 50 per cent of the waters of any given county may be closed in any one year under the authority here granted to deny licenses on certain lakes.

[1919 c. 400 s. 90; 1921 c. 212; 1925 c. 380; 1933 c. 261 s. 1; 1933 c. 392 s. 27; 1941 c. 417] (5585)

101.26 OPEN SEASON FOR WHITEFISH, TULLIBEES, AND HERRING. Subdivision 1. Time for taking. Whitefish and tullibees may be taken by means of gill nets of the sizes herein specified from such inland waters of the state as shall have been first declared open by order of the commissioner, upon the recommendation of the director, between October 15 and December 25 following, unless the commissioner shall set the date of opening at a later date in certain lakes, and fresh water herring may be taken by means of gill nets of the sizes herein specified from such inland waters of the state as shall have been first declared open by order of the commissioner, upon the recommendation of the director, between November 1 and January 10 following, in inland lakes of the state, for private use or consumption, but not for sale, provided a license to do so shall be first obtained from the commissioner.

Subdivision 2. Size of nets and mesh. These nets shall not exceed 100 feet in length nor three feet in width and the size of mesh for taking herring shall not be less than one and three-fourths inches, extension measure, and the size of mesh for taking whitefish and tullibees shall not be less than three and one-half inches, extension measure.

Subdivision 3. Licenses, how procured; fees. Such licenses shall be procured from the commissioner. The applicant shall make a written application to the commissioner on a form prepared by him stating (1) his name and residence, (2) the approximate location where it is proposed to set the nets, (3) the number and size of nets to be used, and shall pay as a license fee the sum of \$1.00 for each net to be used.

Subdivision 4. Manner of netting. These nets shall not be set any other place than that designated in the application, unless the written consent of the commissioner be first procured. These nets shall not be set in water deeper than six feet. A pole or stake shall be set at one end of each net so as to project at least two feet above the surface of the water. No nets shall be set nearer together than 50 feet, nor shall any net be set in a lake not known to contain whitefish, tullibees, or herring. Not more than two nets shall be used by any one licensee.

Subdivision 5. Identification tags. Marked metal tags, to be furnished by the commissioner, shall be attached by the licensee to each net used by him in such fishing and shall be kept thereon during all the time these nets are in use.

[1919 c. 400 s. 91; 1921 c. 44 s. 8; 1933 c. 361; 1941 c. 81] (5586)

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7/9/3 - 621 - 2 101.27 OPEN SEASON FOR FROGS. Native frogs, not to exceed six inches in length, measuring from tip of nose to tip of hind toes less fully stated in taken and reserve taken and possessed, bought, sold, and transported for angling purposes only, in any manner and at any time, except during the month of April and the first 15 days in May, and may be taken for scientific purposes at any time under written permit from the director. Native frogs of any size raised on regularly and duly licensed frog farms may be possessed, bought, and sold at any time, for angling purposes only, except that neither live nor dressed native frogs shall be transported outside the state of Minnesota for commercial, angling, or any other purposes. It shall be unlawful to use cloth screens or other similar contrivances and pitfalls in the catching of frogs, except when used in connection with regularly and duly licensed frog farms on the premises thereof. Bullfrogs, or parts thereof, lawfully taken outside of the state may be imported into this state, and when raised under proper license in this state, may be used for food purposes, and may be possessed, sold, and transported within or without the state for such purposes at any time.

> [1919 c. 400 s. 92; 1923 c. 426; 1925 c. 380; 1931 c. 399 s. 10; 1935 c. 89 s. 1] (5587)

27-1 101.28 TURTLES AND TURTOISES. Futures and to total any time; provided that 27 possessed, bought, sold, and transported in any manner at any time; provided that 101.28 TURTLES AND TORTOISES. Turtles and tortoises may be taken, every net, trap, or other device used in the taking of turtles or tortoises in any of the public waters of this state shall be so constructed as freely to permit the escape of fish through openings having at least a diameter of not less than three and one-half inches, or, in case of a net, having a mesh of not less than three and one-half inches bar measure, or seven inches extension measure; provided, that any fish which may be caught in any such net, trap, or other device shall be promptly released and returned to the water unharmed.

[1919 c. 400 s. 93; 1931 c. 399 s. 11] (5588)

101.29 FISHWAYS; CONSTRUCTION; FISHING NEAR FISHWAYS FOR-BIDDEN. The director may, on notice to the owner of the land or the official directing or permitting the work, make an order to be served by copy on such person or official, directing the construction of fishways in any dam heretofore or hereafter built, or if there be fishways, the making of changes therein in accordance with specifications to be embodied in the order, and it shall be the duty of the person or official so served to comply with such order within the time specified therein. No person shall catch or take any fish within 50 feet of any fishway.

[1919 c. 400 ss. 95, 96] (5591) (5592)

101.30 FISH MAY BE TAKEN AND SOLD FROM CERTAIN LAKES. When the director shall find after investigation that any kind or kinds of fish may be taken from Upper Red Lake in Beltrami county, or from Lower Red Lake in Beltrami and Clearwater counties, or from any part of these lakes, without unduly depleting such fish therein, he may, so long as such conditions shall continue, permit such fish to be taken in these lakes or in such part thereof as he may designate in such manner as he may deem proper and may permit such fish to be possessed, transported, sold, or otherwise disposed of; such taking, possession, transportation, sale, or other disposition to be under the supervision of the director and subject to such regulations as he may prescribe, and subject to suspension or termination at any time as to any kind of fish when he shall find that such fish cannot be taken without unduly depleting the same.

[1929 c. 84 s. 1] (5592-1)

101.31 REGULATIONS BY DIRECTOR. The director is hereby empowered to make all needful and proper regulations for the purposes of sections 101.30 to 101.32 and to require persons taking, possessing, transporting, selling, or otherwise disposing of such fish to obtain licenses and to pay such license fees or other charges as he deems proper to defray the cost of administration and enforcement of sections 101.30 to 101.32, and to contribute toward the expense of conservation and propagation of fish in those lakes.

[1929 c. 84 s. 2] (5592-2)

101.32 **RESTRICTION.** No fish shall be taken from the portions of those lakes within the Red Lake Indian reservation in violation of any law or regulation relating thereto prescribed by or under the authority of the United States and all regulations made by the director under sections 101.30 to 101.32 relating to the taking of fish

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from these Indian reservation waters shall be made subject to compliance with such federal laws and regulations.

[1929 c. 84 s. 4] (5592-4)

101.34 SECTIONS 101.30 to 101.32 SUPPLEMENTARY. Sections 101.30 to 101.32 shall be supplementary to all other laws applicable to the taking or disposition of fish from these lakes and shall not be deemed to repeal or supersede any such other law except so far as directly inconsistent therewith.

[1929 c. 84 s. 8] (5592-8)

101.35 **DISPOSITION OF DEAD FISH.** When fish which have died from any cause accumulate in any public waters which are accessible to the public or upon the shores of such waters so as to constitute a public nuisance or so as to be detrimental to game fish in such waters, it shall be the duty of the director, upon discovering the same or being informed thereof, to cause such fish to be removed and buried or otherwise disposed of.

[1929 c. 213 s. 1] (5592-9)

101.36 OPEN SEASON FOR FISHING IN LAKE OF THE WOODS. The director may open the season for taking fish by hook and line from the waters of Lake of the Woods on the international border, and the rivers tributary thereto, during all or any part of the Canadian open season upon such waters. The open season shall be in addition to the seasons now fixed by law.

[1933 c. 94] (5592-11)

101.37 OPEN SEASON FOR SUCKERS AND OTHER ROUGH FISH IN LAKE OF THE WOODS. The spearing of suckers and other rough fish in the waters of Lake of the Woods on the international border, and the rivers tributary thereto, is hereby made lawful at any time and such fish may be so taken and possessed in any quantity.

[1933 c. 114] (5592-12)

101.38 FISHING FROM TOWED BOATS PROHIBITED. No person shall tow by motor-boat more than one boat for the purpose of taking, catching, killing, or fishing for fish of any variety while the motor-boat is in motion. This section shall not be construed to prevent towing of boats to and from fishing grounds. This section shall not apply to any lake having an area greater than 100 square miles.

[1933 c. 369 s. 1] (5592-13)

101.39 TAKING OF FISH IN NATURAL SPAWNING BEDS PROHIBITED. The taking of fish in any way at any time in such parts of the public waters of this state as may be designated by the director as natural spawning beds is prohibited. Notices of the designation by the director as spawning beds in such waters shall be posted therein and the removal or mutilation of the notices so posted, except under the direction of the director, is prohibited.

[1919 c. 400 s. 115; 1921 c. 44 s. 10; 1925 c. 380] (5621)

101.40 FISH SCREENS; PERMITS. Fish screens for the purpose of commercial trout culture may be constructed and maintained in any spring-fed stream within the state which is not inhabited by trout, provided a permit so to do shall be first obtained from the director.

[1919 c. 400 s. 116] (5622)