1934 Supplement

To Mason's Minnesota Statutes

(1927 to 1934) (Superseding Mason's 1931 Supplement)

Containing the text of the acts of the 1929, 1931, 1933 and 1933-34 Special Sessions of the Legislature, both new and amendatory, and notes showing repeals, together with annotations from the various courts, state, federal, and the opinions of the Attorney General, construing the constitution, statutes, charters and court rules of Minnesota



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conferous tree, bush, sapling or shrub (except nursery stock) without the written consent of the owner of the land on which the same is grown, whether such land be publicly or privately owned. Such written consent shall contain the legal description of the land where such tree, bush, or sapling or shrub was cut, as well as the name of the legal owner thereof, and such written consent, or a copy thereof certified as a true copy by the person to whom such consent was given, or by the register of deeds of the county in which the land is situated, if recorded in his office, shall be carried by every person cutting, removing or transporting any such trees, bushes, saplings or shrubs untrimmed or in their natural condition, or in any way aiding therein, and shall be exhibited to any officer of the law, forest ranger, forest patrolman, game warden or other officer of the department of conservation at his request at any time. Any such officer shall have power to inspect any such trees, bushes, saplings, or shrubs when being transported in any vehicle or other means of conveyance or by common carrier and to make such investigation with reference thereto as may be necessary to determine whether or not the provisions of this act have been complied with, and to stop any vehicle or other means of conveyance, found carrying any such trees, bushes, saplings, or shrubs upon any public highways of this state for the purpose of making such inspection and investigation and to seize and hold subject to the order of the court any such trees, bushes, saplings, or shrubs, found being cut, removed, or transported in violation of this act. No common carrier or agent thereof shall receive for shipment or transportation any such trees, bushes, saplings, or shrubs unless the consignor, whose name and address shall be recorded, exhibited at the time of consignment the written consent or certified copy thereof herein provided for. Failure to so exhibit such written consent shall be prima facie evidence that no such consent was given or exists. ('27, c. 10, §1; Apr. 22, 1929, c. 285, §1.)

10422-2. Penalties.—Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall, for the first violation, be guilty of a misdemeanor; and for a second each subsequent violation during the same calendar year shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor. Every written consent for any purpose specified in this act and every certified copy of such consent shall be deemed to be a written instrument within the meaning of the laws relating to forgery, and any person who shall forge any such written consent or certified copy

thereof shall be guilty of forgery in the second degree. and shall be punished accordingly. Any person who shall lend or transfer or offer to lend or transfer any such written consent or certified copy thereof to another person who is not entitled to use the same, and any person not entitled to use any such written consent or certified copy thereof who shall use any such written consent or certified copy thereof, or who shall borrow, receive, or solicit from another any such written consent or certified copy thereof, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and punished accordingly. ('27, c. 10, \$2; Apr. 22, 1929, c. 285, \$2.)

10422-5. Certain acts to be misdemeanor.—Every person who shall willfully place or deposit, or cause to be placed or deposited, or who aids or abets or who conspires to aid or abet in the placing or depositing in, upon, under, against, or near to any building, car, vessel, or structure any foul, offensive or injurious substance or compound, or any gas, fluid or substance injurious to life or property, or any noxious or offensive gas, fluid or substance, with intent to wrongfully injure, molest or coerce another, or to injure the property or person of another, or to molest another in the use, management, conduct or control of his business or property; shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punishable by a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year. (Act Mar. 24, 1931, c. 86, §1.)

10431. Coercion.

To sustain an action for damages on the ground of coercion there must be some wrongful or unlawful act, acts or conduct sufficient to constrain the plaintiff against his will. 174M535, 219NW908.

A threat to shoot an officer if he takes property under replevin papers is a misdemeanor under this section and officer to whom threat is made may arrest without a warrant. 177M307, 225NW148.

Statutory costs denied respondents for failure of brief to comply with paragraph 3. 177M222, 225NW85.

10432. Injury to other property.

Person hiring young man to put emery dust and waste oil tank of automobile, resulting in damage, may be osecuted under this section. Op. Atty. Gen., Mar. 4,

10433. Interfering with electrical apparatus.

Section is without application to action for death of house mover attempting to get house under wires. Faribault v. N., 247NW680.

Draining meandered lakes, etc.

Owner of private lake cannot construct and maintain a channel to a public lake if it injuriously affects the public lake. Op. Atty. Gen., Sept. 26, 1929.

CHAPTER 102

Cruelty to Animals

10443. Overworking animals, etc.

Evidence held sufficient to support finding that horse's death resulted from starvation. State v. Maguire, 248 NW216. See Dun. Dig. 279.
One in possession of horse under claim of lien is guilty if he permits it to starve to death. Id.

Animal with infectious disease.

Seller of infected hogs, held not entitled to directed verdict for price. 180M78, 230NW259.

CHAPTER 103

Miscellaneous Crimes

10463. Trusts and combinations in restraint, etc. A patent pooling agreement held not an unlawful attempt to restrain trade. 181M606, 233NW870. See Dun. Dig. 8437.

tempt to restrain trade.

Dig. 8437.

Contract which restrained trade and limited competition in a reasonable way only, was not obnoxious to the statute. Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. v. P., 182M368, 234 NW453. See Dun, Dig. 8436(1).

Contracts should be so construed as to uphold rather than defeat them. Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. v. P., 182 M368, 234NW453. See Dun. Dig. 8434(92).

10493. Gift enterprises defined.

It is not a gift enterprise to énclose a penny sucker within the paraffin wrapper of loaves of bread where the same kind and value is included with each loaf. Op. Atty. Gen., Jan. 9, 1932.

10497. Gift enterprise defined.

Contest held not the sort of gift enterprise defined in this section. 173M337, 217NW345.