REVISED LAWS MINNESOTA

1905

ENACTED APRIL 18, 1905 TO TAKE EFFECT MARCH 1, 1906

EDITED AND ANNOTATED BY MARK B. DUNNELL

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PART V

CONSTRUCTION OF STATUTES AND **EXPRESS REPEALS**

CHAPTER 107

STATUTES

THE REVISED LAWS AND THEIR EFFECT

5504. How cited—When to take effect—Session laws not affected—These laws shall not be cited, enumerated, or otherwise treated as a session law of the present year, but shall be designated, "Revised Laws, 1905." They shall take effect March 1, 1906, but shall not be construed as abrogating any act passed at the session of 1905, all of which, so far as they differ from the Revised Laws, shall be construed as amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto.

5505. Former laws not revived-Vested rights not affected-The repeal, by these laws, of any act or part thereof, whether the same be revised and reenacted herein or not, shall not revive any law heretofore or hereby repealed or any office abolished. Neither shall it affect any act done, ratified, or confirmed, or any right accrued or established, or any action or proceeding had or commenced, in a civil cause, before the repeal takes effect; but the proceedings in such case shall conform, so far as practicable, to the provisions of the Revised Laws. (7514, 7515)

12-580, 503; 13-153, 138; 16-230, 202; 16-215, 187; 24-116, 122; 30-350, 352, 15+375; 45-231, 232, 47+794; 53-522, 55+815; 58-275, 278, 59+1015; 62-175, 179, 64+382.

5506. Penalties, etc., not affected—Exception—Such repeal shall not affect any penalty or forfeiture previously incurred, except that any provision of the Revised Laws whereby a punishment, penalty, or forfeiture is mitigated, may be extended and applied to a judgment pronounced after they take effect; and in actions or prosecutions pending at the time of the repeal, for offences committed, or for the recovery of penalties or forfeitures incurred, under any of the acts repealed, the subsequent procedure shall conform, so far as practicable, to the Revised Laws. (7516, 7517)

5507. Tenure of offices preserved—Whoever, when said repeal takes effect, holds an office under any of the laws repealed, shall continue to hold it according to the tenure thereof, unless it is abolished or unless a different pro-(7519)vision relative thereto is made by the Revised Laws.

5508. Continuation of former laws—The provisions of the Revised Laws, so far as they are the same as those of existing statutes, shall be construed as continuations thereof, and not as new enactments; and references in statutes not repealed to provisions of law which are revised and re-enacted herein shall be construed as applying to such provisions as so incorporated in the Revised Laws. (7520)

13-278, 256; 16-230, 202; 33-271, 22+614.

5509. Periods of limitation continued-If, in any statute hereby repealed, a limit of time be prescribed for acquiring a right, barring a remedy, or any other purpose, which period has begun to run, and the same or a similar limita-

5505 101-M - 349 112-NW 278

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tion is herein prescribed, the time of limitation shall continue to run with the same effect as though the whole period had elapsed under the operation of the Revised Laws. (7518)

13-153, 138; 16-230, 202; 22-380, 384; 45-231, 47+794.

CONSTRUCTION

5510. When to take effect—Every act of the legislature which does not expressly declare when it shall take effect shall be in force from and after its approval by the governor; or, if the governor shall refuse or neglect to approve the same, then from and after it shall become operative, without his signature, by virtue of the constitution. (257)

5511. Revision to operate as repeal, when—Whenever a statute, enacted after the Revised Laws become operative, by its title purports to be a revision of all laws upon a particular subject, or of a particular chapter therein specified, or whenever such statute does, in fact, cover the entire subject matter of a former law, even if such statute contains no repealing clause, or only a general clause repealing laws inconsistent therewith, it shall be construed as repealing all former laws upon the same subject, or all of the chapter referred to not specifically retained.

5512. Effect of repeal—Whenever a law is repealed which repealed a former law, the former law shall not thereby be revived, unless it is so specially provided; nor shall such repeal affect any right accrued, any duty imposed, any penalty incurred, or any proceeding commenced, under or by virtue of the law repealed. (258)

25-457, 459; 31-360, 363, 17+957; 39-376, 40+261; 62-540, 544, 64+1022; 76-69, 78+883; 129 Fed. 657.

5513. Rules of construction—In construing statutes the following rules shall govern, unless their observance would involve a construction inconsistent with the manifest intent of the legislature, or repugnant to the context of the same statute:

1. Words and phrases not especially defined shall be construed according to the common and approved usage of the language, but technical or other words and phrases which have acquired a peculiar and appropriate meaning in the law shall be given such meaning; and clerical and typographical errors shall be disregarded when the intent is clear.

2. Words importing the singular number may extend and be applied to several persons or things, words importing the plural may include the singular, and words importing the masculine gender may be applied to females.

3. Words purporting to give a joint authority to three or more public officers or other persons shall be construed as conferring such authority upon a majority of them, unless it shall be otherwise expressly declared in the law giving the same. (255)

Subd. 1 (3-389, 282; 18-361, 331; 25-146; 58-525, 533, 60+672; 72-165, 75+123; 89-502, 95+449). Subd. 2 (103+889). Subd. 3 (41-69, 42+696; 61-56, 62, 63+176).

5514. Particular words and phrases—The following words and phrases, used in the Revised Laws or in future legislative acts, shall have the meaning herein given, unless another intention clearly appears.

1. Clerk—The word "clerk," when used in reference to court procedure, shall mean the clerk of the court in which the action or proceeding is pending, and the words "clerk's office" shall mean his office.

2. County, etc.—Whenever a county, town, city, or village is mentioned, without any particular description, it imports the particular county, town, city, or village appropriate to the matter.

3. Felonious—Infamous crime—The word "felonious" shall mean criminal, and the phrase "infamous crime" shall include every offence punishable with death or imprisonment in the state prison.

4. Folio—The word "folio" shall mean one hundred words, counting as a word each figure necessarily used. If there be fewer than one hundred words

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in all, the paper shall be computed as one folio; likewise any excess over the last full folio.

5. Highway-The word "highway" shall include roads laid out by state

or United States authority, or by any town or county, and all bridges thereon. 6. Holidays—The word "holiday" shall include New Years' Day, January 1; Lincoln's Birthday, February 12; Washington's Birthday, February 22; Me-morial Day, May 30; Independence Day, July 4; Labor Day, first Monday in Sontember: Floridan Dependence for the first Monday in No. in September; Election Day, the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the even numbered years; and Christmas Day, December 25. No public business shall be transacted on those days, except in cases of necessity, nor shall any civil process be served thereon.

7. Insane persons-Spendthrifts-The words "insane person" shall include every idiot, non compos, lunatic, and distracted person; and the word "spendthrift" shall mean any one who is liable to be put under guardianship on account of excessive drinking, gaming, idleness, or debauchery.

8. Issue-The word "issue," as applied to the descent of estates, shall include all the lawful lineal descendants of the ancestor.

9. Lands, etc.-The words "land," "lands," "realty," and "real estate" shall . include lands, tenements, and hereditaments, and all rights thereto and interests therein.

10. Oath-Sworn-The word "oath" shall include "affirmation," in all cases

where by law an affirmation may be substituted for an oath; and in like cases the word "swear" shall include "affirm," and "sworn," "affirmed." 11. Person—The word "person" may extend and be applied to bodies politic and corporate, and to partnerships and other unincorporated associations.

12. Population—The word "population," and the word "inhabitants," when used in reference to population, shall mean that shown by the last preceding census, state or United States, unless otherwise expressly provided. 13. Preceding—Following—The word "preceding" or "following," when

used with reference to any section of the Revised Laws, shall mean the section last preceding or next following, unless some other section is expressly designated in such reference.

14. Published and posted notice-Unless otherwise specially provided, the words "published notice," when used in reference to the giving of notice in any proceeding or the service of any summons, order or process in judicial proceedings, shall mean the publication in full of the notice or other paper referred to, in the regular issues of a qualified newspaper, once in each week and at uniform intervals, for the number of weeks specified. And a "qualified newspaper," shall be one published in the county wherein the action or proceeding is pending or in which the thing to which such notice relates is to occur or be done, and conforming to the requirements of § 5515; or, if there be none in such county, then in an adjoining county. The term "posted notice," when similarly used, shall mean the posting, at the beginning of the prescribed period of notice, of a copy of the notice or document referred to, in a manner likely to attract attention, in each of three of the most public places in the town, city, district, or county to which the subject matter of the notice relates, or in which the thing of which notice is given is to occur or be performed.

15. Recorded-Filed for record-When an instrument in writing is required or permitted to be filed for record with, or recorded by, any officer, the same imports that it must be recorded by such officer in a suitable book kept for that purpose, unless otherwise expressly directed.

16. Seal—When the seal of a court, public office, or corporation is required by law to be affixed to any paper, the word "seal" shall include an impression thereof upon the paper alone, as well as an impression on a wafer, wax, or other substance thereto attached.

17. State-United States-The word "state," when applied to a part of the United States, shall extend to and include the District of Columbia and

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the several territories; and the words "United States" shall embrace said District and territories.

18. Sheriff—The word "sheriff" may be extended to any person officially performing the duties of a sheriff, either generally or in special cases.

19. Time-Month, year, A. D.—The words "month" and "year" shall mean a calendar month or year, unless otherwise expressed; and the word "year" shall be equivalent to the expression "year of our Lord."

20. Time-Standard-The mean solar time of ninety degrees longitude west of Greenwich, being that commonly called "central time," shall be the standard of time for all purposes.

21. Time-How computed-In computing the time within which an act is required or permitted to be done, the first day shall be excluded and the last included, unless the last shall fall on Sunday or on a holiday, in which case the prescribed time shall be extended so as to include the first business day thereafter.

22. Town—The word "town" may include cities, villages, boroughs, and districts, unless such construction would be repugnant to the provisions of any act especially relating thereto.

23. Will-Codicil-The term "will" shall be construed as including codicils.

24. Writing—The words "written" and "in writing" may include any mode of representing words and letters, except that signatures, when required by law, must be the handwriting of the person, or, if he be unable to write, his mark, or his name written by some person at his request and in his presence. (255, 5222, 7987; '95 c. 352; '99 cc. 86, 165)

Subd. 3 (12–293, 191). Subd. 6 (32–118, 121, 19+738; 41–269, 43+7; 50–457, 463, 52+915; 94–500, 103+499). Subd. 9 (21–101, 106; 31–354, 355, 17+954; 43–513, 515, 45+1099; 83–445, 447, 86+450; 91–60, 63, 97+449; 91–482, 484, 98+463). Subd. 11 (28–396, 398, 10+421; 33–434, 436, 23+848). Subd. 13 (4–233, 166). Subd. 16 (90–393, 96+1128). Subd. 21 (53–269, 55+121; 45–231, 47+794; 50–303, 52+863; 73–65, 75+752; 48–223, 50+1038; 39–426, 40+561; 25–327; 27–197, 6+621; 61–185, 63+489; 34–403, 26+225; 16–230, 202; 6–192, 123; 31–119, 16+704; 23–61). Subd. 22 (33–351, 23+526; 90–406, 408, 97+103).

5515. Newspapers—Qualifications—A newspaper, in order to be qualified as a medium of official and legal publications, shall—

1. Be printed in the place from which it purports to be issued, in the English language, and in column and sheet form equivalent in space to at least four pages with five columns to the page, each seventeen and three-quarters inches long;

2. It shall be issued at least once each week, and if a daily, at least six days in each week, from a known office, established in such place of publication and equipped with skilled workmen and the necessary material for preparing and printing the same: Provided, that the presswork may be done elsewhere;

3. Contain general and local news, comment, and miscellany, not wholly duplicating any other publication, and not entirely made up of patents, plate matter, and advertisements;

4. Be circulated in and near its place of publication to the extent of at least two hundred and forty copies regularly delivered to paying subscribers.

And all of the foregoing conditions shall have existed for at least one year last past: Provided, that suspension of publication for a period of not more than four months within said year, resulting from the destruction of its office by the elements, shall not affect the qualification of such newspaper after it shall have resumed; nor shall the consolidation of one newspaper with another published in the same county, nor any change in the name or ownership thereof, disqualify it or invalidate any publication continuously made therein before and after the change: And provided, further, that if there be but one newspaper published in any county the foregoing requirements as to age and number of copies circulated shall not apply. (7993, 7995, 7996; '95 c. 121: '97 c. 285; '99 c. 10; '03 c. 322)

See 1905 cc. 174, 261

25-146; 38-349, 37+792; 54-281, 56+80; 45-27, 47+309.

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5516. Affidavit required—Evidence—No compensation shall be recoverable for publishing legal or official matter in any newspaper not so qualified, nor until there shall have been filed with the county auditor the affidavit of a person having knowledge of the facts, showing the name and location of the newspaper and the existence of conditions constituting its qualifications according to § 5515. If the matter published relate to proceedings in another county, a like affidavit must be filed with its auditor also. And such affidavit, if it state the required facts, shall be prima facie evidence thereof and of such qualification. (7994)

83-427, 86+432.

CHAPTER 108

EXPRESS REPEAL OF EXISTING LAWS

5517. When repeal takes effect—The several laws hereafter enumerated shall be expressly repealed from and after the taking effect of the Revised Laws, subject to the provisions of the oreceding chapters; but nothing herein shall be construed as a legislative declaration that any law so enumerated has not heretofore been expressly or impliedly repealed.

5518. General Statutes of 1866—All of the General Statutes of 1866, except the first 74 sections of chapter 8 and chapter 122 thereof.

5519. Session Laws of 1866--- The following chapters of General Laws, 1866: 1-17, 19-37, 39-42, 45, 47, 52-62.

5520. Session Laws of 1867—The following chapters of General Laws, 1867: 1-22, 24-74, 77-90, 92-115, 118-122.

5521. Session Laws of 1868—The following chapters of General Laws, 1868: 1-25, 27-40, 42-76, 78-108, 116-127.

5522. Session Laws of 1869—The following chapters of General Laws, 1869: 1-39, 41-48, 50-93, 95, 97-108.

5523. Session Laws of 1870—The following chapters of General Laws, 1870: 1-30, 32-44, 48-53, 56-71, 73-89, 91, 94-96, 99-117.

5524. Session Laws of 1871—The following chapters of General Laws, 1871: 1-34, 36, 37, 39-50, 52, 53, 55-59, 61-95, 101-123.

5525. Session Laws of 1872—The following chapters of General Laws, 1872: 1-38, 40-68, 70, 72-82, 84, 85, 88-92, 94-119.

5526. Session Laws of 1873—The following chapters of General Laws, 1873: 1-51, 54, 55, 57-61, 65-67, 69-91, 94, 97, 99-151.

5527. Session Laws of 1874—The following chapters of General Laws, 1874: 1-82, 86, 87, 89-98, 103-142.

5528. Session Laws of 1875—The following chapters of General Laws, 1875: 1-33, 35-44, 48-100, 102-170.

5529. Session Laws of 1876—The following chapters of General Laws, 1876: 1-28, 30-66, 68, 70-92, 94-120.

5530. Session Laws of 1877—The following chapters of General Laws, 1877: 1-37, 39-54, 56-76, 78-100, 102-105, 107-111, 119, 120, 123-176.

5531. Session Laws of 1878—The following chapters of General Laws, 1878: 1-44, 46-56, 58, 60-123.

5532. Session Laws of 1879—The following chapters of General Laws, 1879: 1-9, 11-33, 35-66, 68-71, 73-92, 94-131.

5533. Session Laws of 1881—The following chapters of General Laws, 1881: 1-91, 93-111, 113-128, 131-139, 141-190.

5534. Session Laws of Extra Session of 1881—The following chapters of General Laws, Extra Session, 1881: 1-54, 58, 59, 61, 63, 64, 66-74, 76, 78-85, 87-106.