

THE
GENERAL STATUTES

OF THE
STATE OF MINNESOTA

As Amended by Subsequent Legislation, with which are Incorporated
All General Laws of the State in Force December 31, 1894

COMPILED AND EDITED BY
HENRY B. WENZELL, Assisted by EUGENE F. LANE

WITH ANNOTATIONS BY
FRANCIS B. TIFFANY and Others

AND A GENERAL INDEX BY THE EDITORIAL STAFF OF THE NATIONAL
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Ch. 94]

OFFENSES AGAINST LIFE AND PERSON. §§ 6853-6855

CHAPTER 93.

OF OFFENSES AGAINST THE SOVEREIGNTY OF THE STATE.

By Penal Code, § 541 (ante, § 6851), cc. 93 to 101 (both inclusive), G. S. 1878, "and all acts and parts of acts which are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are repealed, so far as they define any crime, or impose any punishment for crime, except as herein provided."

CHAPTER 94.

OFFENSES AGAINST LIFE AND PERSON.

By Penal Code, § 541 (ante, § 6851), cc. 93 to 101 (both inclusive), G. S. 1878, "and all acts and parts of acts which are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are repealed, so far as they define any crime, or impose any punishment for crime, except as herein provided." But, by § 540 (ante, § 6850), "all statutes defining and providing for the punishment of offenses not defined and made punishable by this code * * * are recognized as continuing in force notwithstanding the provisions of this code, except so far as they have been repealed or affected by subsequent laws."

By § 542 (ante, § 6852), the Penal Code, when construed in connection with other statutes, "must be deemed to have been enacted on the sixth day of January, 1885, so that any statute enacted after that day is to have the same effect as if it had been enacted after this code."

[ENACTED BEFORE THE PENAL CODE.]

For act requiring tumbling rods of threshing machines to be covered, see Laws 1868, c. 70, as amended 1875, c. 109.

See *Ingersoll v. Randall*, 14 Minn. 400 (Gil. 304).

§ 6853. Setting spring-guns, etc., unlawful.

The setting of a so-called trap or spring-gun, pistol, rifle, or other deadly weapon, in this state, is hereby prohibited and declared to be unlawful.

(1869, c. 39, § 1; G. S. 1878, c. 94, § 61.)

§ 6854. Same—Penalty.

Any person offending against the foregoing section shall be punished as follows: If no injury results therefrom to any person, the person so offending shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail of the proper county, for a period not less than six months, or by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court. If death results to any human being from the discharge of a weapon so unlawfully set, the person so offending shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a term not exceeding fifteen, nor less than ten years. If any person is injured, but not fatally, by the discharge of any weapon so unlawfully set, the person so offending, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a term not exceeding five years, in the discretion of the court.

(1869, c. 39, § 2; G. S. 1878, c. 94, § 62.)

§ 6855. Obstructing engines, etc., on railroads—Penalties.

Whoever shall wilfully obstruct any engine or carriage passing upon any railroad, so as to endanger the safety of persons conveyed in or upon the same, or shall assist or aid therein, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison not exceeding twenty years.

(1868, c. 57, § 2; G. S. 1878, c. 94, § 63.)

See § 6772.

If one willfully places on a railroad track, on which engines and carriages conveying persons are likely to pass, any obstruction likely to produce disaster to such engines or carriages, and to endanger the safety of the persons conveyed thereon, he is guilty

(1815)