REVISED STATUTES,

OF THE

TERRITORY OF MINNESOTA,

PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION OF THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY,

COMMENCING JANUARY 1, 1851.

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closed, and shaken, so as to intermingle the ballots therein, the clerk must then, without looking at the ballots, draw them from the box, through a hole in the lid, so large only as conveniently to admit the hand.

Sec. 154. When the jury is completed, the ballots containing the names of the jurors sworn, must be laid aside, and kept apart from the ballots containing the names of the other jurors, until the jury so sworn is discharged.

Sec. 155. After the jury are so discharged, the ballots, containing their names, must be again folded, and returned to the box; and so on, as often as a trial is had.

Sec. 156. If a juror be absent, when his name is drawn, or be set aside, or excused from serving on the trial, the ballot containing his name must be folded, and returned to the box, as soon as the jury is sworn.

SEC. 157. When by reason of challenge, or otherwise, a sufficient number of jurors duly drawn and summoned, cannot be obtained for the trial of any cause, civil or criminal, the court shall cause jurors to be returned from the by-standers, or from the county at large, to complete the panel.

Sec. 158. The jurors so returned from the by-standers, shall be returned by the sheriff or his deputy, or by a coroner, or by any disinterested person appointed therefor by the court.

Sec. 159. The persons so returned shall be such as are qualified and liable to be drawn as jurors, according to the provisions of law.

Sec. 160. The jury consists of twelve men, chosen by lot, as prescribed in this chapter, and sworn to try and determine the issue by an unanimous verdict

Sec. 161. If a sufficient number cannot be obtained from the box to form a jury, the court may, as often as is necessary, order the sheriff to summon so many persons, qualified to serve as jurors, as it deems sufficient to form a jury, the jurors so summoned must be called from the list returned by the sheriff, and so many of them, not excused or discharged, as may be necessary to complete the jury, must be impannelled and sworn.

Ballots of jurors drawn how disposed of.

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Ballots of jurors drawn how disposed of.

Ballots of absent jurors how disposed of.

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Sec. 162. The clerk must prepare a calendar of the indictments pending to be tried at the term, enumerating them according to the date of the filing of the indictment, and specifying opposite to the title of each action, whether it be for a felony, or a misdemeanor, and whether

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the defendant be in custody or on bail, and must in like manner, enter therein all indictments found during the term, and on which issues of fact are joined.

Issues on the calendar how disposed of. Sec. 163. The issues on the calendar, must be disposed of in the following order, unless, upon the application of either party, for good cause, the court direct an indictment to be tried out of its order:

1. Indictments for felony, where the defendant is in custody:

- 2. Indictments for misdemeanor, where the defendant is in custody:
- 3. Indictments for felony, where the defendant is on bail; and,

4. Indictments for misdemeanor, where the defendant is on bail.

Scc. 164. After his plea, the defendant is entitled to at least four days to prepare for his trial, if he requires it.

Sec. 165. The clerk must keep a register of all the criminal actions in the court, in which he must enter:

1. All cases returned to the court by a magistrate, whether the defendant be discharged or held to answer:

2. All indictments found in the court, or sent or removed thereto for trial, with the time of finding the indictment, or when it was sent or removed; and,

3. The time of arraignment, of the demurrer, or plea, and of the trial, conviction or acquittal of the defendant, together with a brief note of all the other proceedings in the action.

Sec. 166. The register must be submitted to court at its opening at every term.

After plea, defendant entitled to four days for trial. Clerk to keep a register.

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Register to be submitted to the court at the commencement of term.

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