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2.3

ARTICLE 1
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

2.2 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 8.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

2.3 Subdivision 1. **Authority.** (a) The attorney general, or any deputy, assistant, or special

2.4 assistant attorney general whom the attorney general authorizes in writing, has the authority

2.5 in any county of the state to subpoena and require the production of:

2.6 (1) any records of:

2.7 (i) telephone companies, cellular phone companies, paging companies, subscribers of

2.8 private computer networks including Internet service providers or computer bulletin board

2.9 systems;

2.10 (ii) electric companies, gas companies, and water utilities;

2.11 (iii) chemical suppliers;

2.12 (iv) hotels and motels;

2.13 (v) pawn shops;

2.14 (vi) airlines, buses, taxis, and other entities engaged in the business of transporting

2.15 people; and

2.16 (vii) freight companies, self-service storage facilities, warehousing companies, package

2.17 delivery companies, and other entities engaged in the businesses of transport, storage, or

2.18 delivery;

2.19 (2) books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, agreements, and other documents or

2.20 records related to a law enforcement investigation where there is probable cause to believe

2.21 a crime has been committed involving a financial crime or fraud, including but not limited

2.22 to fraud involving state funded or administered programs or services as defined in section

2.23 299C.061, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and insurance fraud in violation of section 609.611;

2.24 and

2.25 (3) records of the existence of safe deposit box account numbers and customer savings

2.26 and checking account numbers maintained by financial institutions and safe deposit

2.27 companies.

2.28 (b) Subpoenas may only be issued for records that are relevant to an ongoing legitimate

2.29 law enforcement investigation.

- 3.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 12.221, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 3.2 Subd. 6. **Disaster assistance contingency account; appropriation.** (a) A disaster
- 3.3 assistance contingency account is created in the special revenue fund in the state treasury.
- 3.4 Money in the disaster assistance contingency account is appropriated to the commissioner
- 3.5 of public safety to provide:
- 3.6 (1) cost-share for federal assistance under section 12A.15, subdivision 1;
- 3.7 (2) state public disaster assistance to eligible applicants under chapter 12B;
- 3.8 (3) cost-share for federal assistance from the Federal Highway Administration emergency
- 3.9 relief program under United States Code, title 23, section 125; and
- 3.10 (4) cost-share for federal assistance from the United States Department of Agriculture,
- 3.11 Natural Resources Conservation Service emergency watershed protection program under
- 3.12 United States Code, title 16, sections 2203 to 2205.
- 3.13 (b) For appropriations under paragraph (a), clause (1), the amount appropriated is 100
- 3.14 percent of any nonfederal share for state agencies, local governments, and utility cooperatives.
- 3.15 Money appropriated under paragraph (a), clause (1), may be used to pay all or a portion of
- 3.16 the nonfederal share for publicly owned capital improvement projects.
- 3.17 (c) For appropriations under paragraph (a), clause (2), the amount appropriated is the
- 3.18 amount required to pay eligible claims under chapter 12B, as certified by the commissioner
- 3.19 of public safety.
- 3.20 (d) By January ~~15~~ 31 of each year, the commissioner of management and budget shall
- 3.21 submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives
- 3.22 Ways and Means Committee and the senate Finance Committee detailing state disaster
- 3.23 assistance appropriations and expenditures under this subdivision during the previous
- 3.24 calendar year.
- 3.25 (e) The governor's budget proposal submitted to the legislature under section 16A.11
- 3.26 must include recommended appropriations to the disaster assistance contingency account.
- 3.27 The governor's appropriation recommendations must be informed by the commissioner of
- 3.28 public safety's estimate of the amount of money that will be necessary to:
- 3.29 (1) provide 100 percent of the nonfederal share for state agencies, local governments,
- 3.30 and utility cooperatives that will receive federal financial assistance from FEMA during
- 3.31 the next biennium; and
- 3.32 (2) fully pay all eligible claims under chapter 12B.
- 4.1 (f) Notwithstanding section 16A.28:
- 4.2 (1) funds appropriated or transferred to the disaster assistance contingency account do
- 4.3 not lapse but remain in the account until appropriated; and

2.4 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.69, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

2.5 Subdivision 1. **Classifications.** (a) The following government data of the Department

2.6 of Public Safety are private data:

2.7 (1) medical data on driving instructors, licensed drivers, and applicants for parking

2.8 certificates and special license plates issued to physically disabled persons;

2.9 (2) other data on holders of a disability certificate under section 169.345, except that (i)

2.10 data that are not medical data may be released to law enforcement agencies, and (ii) data

2.11 necessary for enforcement of sections 169.345 and 169.346 may be released to parking

2.12 enforcement employees or parking enforcement agents of statutory or home rule charter

2.13 cities and towns;

2.14 (3) Social Security numbers in driver's license and motor vehicle registration records,

2.15 except that Social Security numbers must be provided to the Department of Revenue for

2.16 purposes of tax administration, the Department of Labor and Industry for purposes of

2.17 workers' compensation administration and enforcement, the judicial branch for purposes of

2.18 debt collection, and the Department of Natural Resources for purposes of license application

2.19 administration, and except that the last four digits of the Social Security number must be

2.20 provided to the Department of Human Services for purposes of recovery of Minnesota health

2.21 care program benefits paid;

2.22 (4) data on persons listed as standby or temporary custodians under section 171.07,

2.23 subdivision 11, except that the data must be released to:

2.24 (i) law enforcement agencies for the purpose of verifying that an individual is a designated

2.25 caregiver; or

2.26 (ii) law enforcement agencies who state that the license holder is unable to communicate

2.27 at that time and that the information is necessary for notifying the designated caregiver of

2.28 the need to care for a child of the license holder; ~~and~~

2.29 (5) race and ethnicity data on driver's license holders and identification card holders

2.30 under section 171.06, subdivision 3. The Department of Public Safety Office of Traffic

2.31 Safety is authorized to receive race and ethnicity data from Driver and Vehicle Services for

2.32 only the purposes of research, evaluation, and public reports; and

3.1 (6) the following data on individuals created, collected, received, stored, used, or

3.2 maintained by the Office of Justice Programs: the name, address, email address, telephone

3.3 number, date of birth, or employer of a research participant; a unique identification number

3.4 assigned to a research participant; and any other data that could reasonably identify a research

3.5 participant.

4.4 (2) funds appropriated from the disaster assistance contingency account do not lapse

4.5 and are available until expended.

4.6 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.69, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

4.7 Subdivision 1. **Classifications.** (a) The following government data of the Department

4.8 of Public Safety are private data:

4.9 (1) medical data on driving instructors, licensed drivers, and applicants for parking

4.10 certificates and special license plates issued to physically disabled persons;

4.11 (2) other data on holders of a disability certificate under section 169.345, except that (i)

4.12 data that are not medical data may be released to law enforcement agencies, and (ii) data

4.13 necessary for enforcement of sections 169.345 and 169.346 may be released to parking

4.14 enforcement employees or parking enforcement agents of statutory or home rule charter

4.15 cities and towns;

4.16 (3) Social Security numbers in driver's license and motor vehicle registration records,

4.17 except that Social Security numbers must be provided to the Department of Revenue for

4.18 purposes of tax administration, the Department of Labor and Industry for purposes of

4.19 workers' compensation administration and enforcement, the judicial branch for purposes of

4.20 debt collection, and the Department of Natural Resources for purposes of license application

4.21 administration, and except that the last four digits of the Social Security number must be

4.22 provided to the Department of Human Services for purposes of recovery of Minnesota health

4.23 care program benefits paid;

4.24 (4) data on persons listed as standby or temporary custodians under section 171.07,

4.25 subdivision 11, except that the data must be released to:

4.26 (i) law enforcement agencies for the purpose of verifying that an individual is a designated

4.27 caregiver; or

4.28 (ii) law enforcement agencies who state that the license holder is unable to communicate

4.29 at that time and that the information is necessary for notifying the designated caregiver of

4.30 the need to care for a child of the license holder; ~~and~~

4.31 (5) race and ethnicity data on driver's license holders and identification card holders

4.32 under section 171.06, subdivision 3. The Department of Public Safety Office of Traffic

5.1 Safety is authorized to receive race and ethnicity data from Driver and Vehicle Services for

5.2 only the purposes of research, evaluation, and public reports; and

5.3 (6) the following data on individuals created, collected, received, stored, used, or

5.4 maintained by the Office of Justice Programs: the name, address, email address, telephone

5.5 number, date of birth, or employer of a research participant; a unique identification number

5.6 assigned to a research participant; and any other data that could reasonably identify a research

5.7 participant.

3.6 The department may release the Social Security number only as provided in clause (3) and
3.7 must not sell or otherwise provide individual Social Security numbers or lists of Social
3.8 Security numbers for any other purpose.

3.9 (b) The following government data of the Department of Public Safety are confidential
3.10 data: data concerning an individual's driving ability when that data is received from a member
3.11 of the individual's family.

3.12 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision to
3.13 read:

3.14 Subd. 39. **Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives.** Data related to
3.15 victim and family support are governed by section 299A.85, subdivision 4, paragraph (c).

3.16 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision to
3.17 read:

3.18 Subd. 40. **Office for Missing and Murdered Black Women and Girls.** Data related
3.19 to victim and family support are governed by section 299A.90, subdivision 3, paragraph
3.20 (c).

3.21 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.871, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

3.22 Subd. 5. **Crime victims.** (a) **Crime victim notice of release.** Data on crime victims who
3.23 request notice of an offender's release are classified under section 611A.06.

3.24 (b) **Sex offender HIV tests.** Results of HIV tests of sex offenders under section 611A.19,
3.25 subdivision 2, are classified under that section.

3.26 ~~(e) **Battered women.** Data on battered women maintained by grantees for emergency~~
3.27 ~~shelter and support services for battered women are governed by section 611A.32, subdivision~~
3.28 ~~5.~~

3.29 ~~(d) (c) **Victims of domestic abuse.** Data on battered women and victims of domestic~~
3.30 ~~abuse maintained by grantees and recipients of per diem payments for emergency shelter~~
4.1 ~~for battered women and support services for battered women and victims of domestic abuse~~
4.2 ~~are governed by sections 611A.32, subdivision 5, and 611A.371, subdivision 3.~~

4.3 ~~(e) (d) **Personal history; internal auditing.** Certain personal history and internal auditing~~
4.4 ~~data is classified by section 611A.46.~~

4.5 ~~(f) (e) **Crime victim claims for reimbursement.** Claims and supporting documents~~
4.6 ~~filed by crime victims seeking reimbursement are classified under section 611A.57,~~
4.7 ~~subdivision 6.~~

4.8 ~~(g) (f) **Crime Victim Oversight Act.** Data maintained by the commissioner of public~~
4.9 ~~safety under the Crime Victim Oversight Act are classified under section 611A.74,~~
4.10 ~~subdivision 2.~~

5.8 The department may release the Social Security number only as provided in clause (3) and
5.9 must not sell or otherwise provide individual Social Security numbers or lists of Social
5.10 Security numbers for any other purpose.

5.11 (b) The following government data of the Department of Public Safety are confidential
5.12 data: data concerning an individual's driving ability when that data is received from a member
5.13 of the individual's family.

5.14 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision to
5.15 read:

5.16 Subd. 39. **Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives.** Data related to
5.17 victim and family support are governed by section 299A.85, subdivision 4, paragraph (c).

5.18 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision to
5.19 read:

5.20 Subd. 40. **Office for Missing and Murdered Black Women and Girls.** Data related
5.21 to victim and family support are governed by section 299A.90, subdivision 3, paragraph
5.22 (c).

5.23 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.871, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

5.24 Subd. 5. **Crime victims.** (a) **Crime victim notice of release.** Data on crime victims who
5.25 request notice of an offender's release are classified under section 611A.06.

5.26 (b) **Sex offender HIV tests.** Results of HIV tests of sex offenders under section 611A.19,
5.27 subdivision 2, are classified under that section.

5.28 ~~(e) **Battered women.** Data on battered women maintained by grantees for emergency~~
5.29 ~~shelter and support services for battered women are governed by section 611A.32, subdivision~~
5.30 ~~5.~~

6.1 ~~(d) (c) **Victims of domestic abuse.** Data on battered women and victims of domestic~~
6.2 ~~abuse maintained by grantees and recipients of per diem payments for emergency shelter~~
6.3 ~~for battered women and support services for battered women and victims of domestic abuse~~
6.4 ~~are governed by sections 611A.32, subdivision 5, and 611A.371, subdivision 3.~~

6.5 ~~(e) (d) **Personal history; internal auditing.** Certain personal history and internal auditing~~
6.6 ~~data is classified by section 611A.46.~~

6.7 ~~(f) (e) **Crime victim claims for reimbursement.** Claims and supporting documents~~
6.8 ~~filed by crime victims seeking reimbursement are classified under section 611A.57,~~
6.9 ~~subdivision 6.~~

6.10 ~~(g) (f) **Crime Victim Oversight Act.** Data maintained by the commissioner of public~~
6.11 ~~safety under the Crime Victim Oversight Act are classified under section 611A.74,~~
6.12 ~~subdivision 2.~~

4.11 ~~(g)~~ **Victim identity data.** Data relating to the identity of the victims of certain criminal
4.12 sexual conduct is governed by section 609.3471.

4.13 ~~(h)~~ **Victim notification.** Data on victims requesting a notice of release of an arrested
4.14 or detained person are classified under sections 629.72 and 629.73.

4.15 ~~(i)~~ **Immigration status certification.** Disclosure of the immigration status of a crime
4.16 victim and the classification of that data is governed by section 611A.95, subdivision 4.

4.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 116L.362, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

4.18 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) The commissioner shall make grants to eligible
4.19 organizations for programs to provide education and training services to targeted youth.
4.20 The purpose of these programs is to provide specialized training and work experience for
4.21 targeted youth who have not been served effectively by the current educational system. The
4.22 programs are to include a work experience component with work projects that result in the
4.23 rehabilitation, improvement, or construction of (1) residential units for the homeless; (2)
4.24 improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental health of residential units and
4.25 other green jobs purposes; (3) facilities to support community garden projects; or (4)
4.26 education, social service, or health facilities which are owned by a public agency or a private
4.27 nonprofit organization.

4.28 (b) Eligible facilities must principally provide services to homeless or low income
4.29 individuals and families, and include the following:

4.30 (1) Head Start or day care centers, including playhouses or similar incidental structures;
4.31 (2) homeless, ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse, or other shelters;
4.32 (3) transitional housing and tiny houses;

5.1 (4) youth or senior citizen centers;
5.2 (5) community health centers; and
5.3 (6) community garden facilities.

5.4 Two or more eligible organizations may jointly apply for a grant. The commissioner
5.5 shall administer the grant program.

5.6 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 119A.37, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

5.7 Subd. 4. **Additional services.** Each parenting time center may provide parenting and
5.8 child development classes, and offer support groups to participating custodial parents and
5.9 hold regular classes designed to assist children who have experienced domestic violence
5.10 and abuse. Each parenting time center must have available an individual knowledgeable
5.11 about or experienced in the provision of services to ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse
5.12 victims on its staff, its board of directors, or otherwise available to it for consultation.

6.13 ~~(g)~~ **Victim identity data.** Data relating to the identity of the victims of certain criminal
6.14 sexual conduct is governed by section 609.3471.

6.15 ~~(h)~~ **Victim notification.** Data on victims requesting a notice of release of an arrested
6.16 or detained person are classified under sections 629.72 and 629.73.

6.17 ~~(i)~~ **Immigration status certification.** Disclosure of the immigration status of a crime
6.18 victim and the classification of that data is governed by section 611A.95, subdivision 4.

6.19 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 116L.362, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

6.20 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) The commissioner shall make grants to eligible
6.21 organizations for programs to provide education and training services to targeted youth.
6.22 The purpose of these programs is to provide specialized training and work experience for
6.23 targeted youth who have not been served effectively by the current educational system. The
6.24 programs are to include a work experience component with work projects that result in the
6.25 rehabilitation, improvement, or construction of (1) residential units for the homeless; (2)
6.26 improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental health of residential units and
6.27 other green jobs purposes; (3) facilities to support community garden projects; or (4)
6.28 education, social service, or health facilities which are owned by a public agency or a private
6.29 nonprofit organization.

6.30 (b) Eligible facilities must principally provide services to homeless or low income
6.31 individuals and families, and include the following:

6.32 (1) Head Start or day care centers, including playhouses or similar incidental structures;
7.1 (2) homeless, ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse, or other shelters;
7.2 (3) transitional housing and tiny houses;
7.3 (4) youth or senior citizen centers;
7.4 (5) community health centers; and
7.5 (6) community garden facilities.

7.6 Two or more eligible organizations may jointly apply for a grant. The commissioner
7.7 shall administer the grant program.

7.8 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 119A.37, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

7.9 Subd. 4. **Additional services.** Each parenting time center may provide parenting and
7.10 child development classes, and offer support groups to participating custodial parents and
7.11 hold regular classes designed to assist children who have experienced domestic violence
7.12 and abuse. Each parenting time center must have available an individual knowledgeable
7.13 about or experienced in the provision of services to ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse
7.14 victims on its staff, its board of directors, or otherwise available to it for consultation.

5.13 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 120B.22, subdivision 1, is amended
5.14 to read:

5.15 Subdivision 1. **Violence prevention curriculum.** (a) The commissioner of education,
5.16 in consultation with the commissioners of health and human services, state minority councils,
5.17 ~~battered women's and domestic abuse programs, battered women's and shelters, sexual~~
5.18 ~~assault centers, and representatives of religious communities, and the assistant commissioner~~
5.19 ~~of the Office of Drug Policy and Violence Prevention,~~ shall assist districts on request in
5.20 developing or implementing a violence prevention program for students in kindergarten to
5.21 grade 12 that can be integrated into existing curriculum. The purpose of the program is to
5.22 help students learn how to resolve conflicts within their families and communities in
5.23 nonviolent, effective ways.

5.24 (b) Each district is encouraged to integrate into its existing curriculum a program for
5.25 violence prevention that includes at least:

5.26 (1) a comprehensive, accurate, and age appropriate curriculum on violence prevention,
5.27 nonviolent conflict resolution, sexual, racial, and cultural harassment, self-protection, and
5.28 student hazing that promotes equality, respect, understanding, effective communication,
5.29 individual responsibility, thoughtful decision making, positive conflict resolution, useful
5.30 coping skills, critical thinking, listening and watching skills, and personal safety;

6.1 (2) planning materials, guidelines, and other accurate information on preventing physical
6.2 and emotional violence, identifying and reducing the incidence of sexual, racial, and cultural
6.3 harassment, and reducing child abuse, including physical abuse, and neglect;

6.4 (3) a special parent education component of early childhood family education programs
6.5 to prevent child abuse and neglect and to promote positive parenting skills, giving priority
6.6 to services and outreach programs for at-risk families;

6.7 (4) involvement of parents and other community members, including the clergy, business
6.8 representatives, civic leaders, local elected officials, law enforcement officials, and the
6.9 county attorney;

6.10 (5) collaboration with local community services, agencies, and organizations that assist
6.11 in violence intervention or prevention, including family-based services, crisis services, life
6.12 management skills services, case coordination services, mental health services, and early
6.13 intervention services;

6.14 (6) collaboration among districts and service cooperatives;

6.15 (7) targeting early adolescents for prevention efforts, especially early adolescents whose
6.16 personal circumstances may lead to violent or harassing behavior;

6.17 (8) opportunities for teachers to receive in-service training or attend other programs on
6.18 strategies or curriculum designed to assist students in intervening in or preventing violence
6.19 in school and at home; and

7.15 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 120B.22, subdivision 1, is amended
7.16 to read:

7.17 Subdivision 1. **Violence prevention curriculum.** (a) The commissioner of education,
7.18 in consultation with the commissioners of health and human services, state minority councils,
7.19 ~~battered women's and domestic abuse programs, battered women's and shelters, sexual~~
7.20 ~~assault centers, and representatives of religious communities, and the assistant commissioner~~
7.21 ~~of the Office of Drug Policy and Violence Prevention,~~ shall assist districts on request in
7.22 developing or implementing a violence prevention program for students in kindergarten to
7.23 grade 12 that can be integrated into existing curriculum. The purpose of the program is to
7.24 help students learn how to resolve conflicts within their families and communities in
7.25 nonviolent, effective ways.

7.26 (b) Each district is encouraged to integrate into its existing curriculum a program for
7.27 violence prevention that includes at least:

7.28 (1) a comprehensive, accurate, and age appropriate curriculum on violence prevention,
7.29 nonviolent conflict resolution, sexual, racial, and cultural harassment, self-protection, and
7.30 student hazing that promotes equality, respect, understanding, effective communication,
8.1 individual responsibility, thoughtful decision making, positive conflict resolution, useful
8.2 coping skills, critical thinking, listening and watching skills, and personal safety;

8.3 (2) planning materials, guidelines, and other accurate information on preventing physical
8.4 and emotional violence, identifying and reducing the incidence of sexual, racial, and cultural
8.5 harassment, and reducing child abuse, including physical abuse, and neglect;

8.6 (3) a special parent education component of early childhood family education programs
8.7 to prevent child abuse and neglect and to promote positive parenting skills, giving priority
8.8 to services and outreach programs for at-risk families;

8.9 (4) involvement of parents and other community members, including the clergy, business
8.10 representatives, civic leaders, local elected officials, law enforcement officials, and the
8.11 county attorney;

8.12 (5) collaboration with local community services, agencies, and organizations that assist
8.13 in violence intervention or prevention, including family-based services, crisis services, life
8.14 management skills services, case coordination services, mental health services, and early
8.15 intervention services;

8.16 (6) collaboration among districts and service cooperatives;

8.17 (7) targeting early adolescents for prevention efforts, especially early adolescents whose
8.18 personal circumstances may lead to violent or harassing behavior;

8.19 (8) opportunities for teachers to receive in-service training or attend other programs on
8.20 strategies or curriculum designed to assist students in intervening in or preventing violence
8.21 in school and at home; and

6.20 (9) administrative policies that reflect, and a staff that models, nonviolent behaviors that
6.21 do not display or condone sexual, racial, or cultural harassment or student hazing.

6.22 (c) The department may provide assistance at a neutral site to a nonpublic school
6.23 participating in a district's program.

6.24 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 142G.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

6.25 Subd. 2. **30-day residency requirement.** An assistance unit is considered to have
6.26 established residency in this state only when a child or caregiver has resided in this state
6.27 for at least 30 consecutive days with the intention of making the person's home here and
6.28 not for any temporary purpose. The birth of a child in Minnesota to a member of the
6.29 assistance unit does not automatically establish the residency in this state under this
6.30 subdivision of the other members of the assistance unit. Time spent in a shelter for ~~battered~~
6.31 ~~women~~ domestic abuse victims shall count toward satisfying the 30-day residency
6.32 requirement.

7.1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 142G.53, is amended to read:

7.2 **142G.53 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAIVER CRITERIA.**

7.3 (a) In order to qualify for a family violence waiver, an individual must provide
7.4 documentation of past or current family violence which may prevent the individual from
7.5 participating in certain employment activities.

7.6 (b) The following items may be considered acceptable documentation or verification of
7.7 family violence:

7.8 (1) police, government agency, or court records;

7.9 (2) a statement from a ~~battered women's~~ domestic abuse shelter staff with knowledge
7.10 of the circumstances;

7.11 (3) a statement from a sexual assault or domestic violence advocate with knowledge of
7.12 the circumstances; or

7.13 (4) a statement from professionals from whom the applicant or recipient has sought
7.14 assistance for the abuse.

7.15 (c) A claim of family violence may also be documented by a sworn statement from the
7.16 applicant or participant and a sworn statement from any other person with knowledge of
7.17 the circumstances or credible evidence that supports the client's statement.

8.22 (9) administrative policies that reflect, and a staff that models, nonviolent behaviors that
8.23 do not display or condone sexual, racial, or cultural harassment or student hazing.

8.24 (c) The department may provide assistance at a neutral site to a nonpublic school
8.25 participating in a district's program.

8.26 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 142G.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

8.27 Subd. 2. **30-day residency requirement.** An assistance unit is considered to have
8.28 established residency in this state only when a child or caregiver has resided in this state
8.29 for at least 30 consecutive days with the intention of making the person's home here and
8.30 not for any temporary purpose. The birth of a child in Minnesota to a member of the
8.31 assistance unit does not automatically establish the residency in this state under this
8.32 subdivision of the other members of the assistance unit. Time spent in a shelter for ~~battered~~
9.1 ~~women~~ domestic abuse victims shall count toward satisfying the 30-day residency
9.2 requirement.

9.3 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 142G.53, is amended to read:

9.4 **142G.53 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAIVER CRITERIA.**

9.5 (a) In order to qualify for a family violence waiver, an individual must provide
9.6 documentation of past or current family violence which may prevent the individual from
9.7 participating in certain employment activities.

9.8 (b) The following items may be considered acceptable documentation or verification of
9.9 family violence:

9.10 (1) police, government agency, or court records;

9.11 (2) a statement from a ~~battered women's~~ domestic abuse shelter staff with knowledge
9.12 of the circumstances;

9.13 (3) a statement from a sexual assault or domestic violence advocate with knowledge of
9.14 the circumstances; or

9.15 (4) a statement from professionals from whom the applicant or recipient has sought
9.16 assistance for the abuse.

9.17 (c) A claim of family violence may also be documented by a sworn statement from the
9.18 applicant or participant and a sworn statement from any other person with knowledge of
9.19 the circumstances or credible evidence that supports the client's statement.

9.20 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 152.027, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

9.21 Subd. 7. **Sale or possession of kratom.** (a) A person who unlawfully sells any amount
9.22 of kratom or a substance that contains mitragynine or 7-hydroxymitragynine to a person
9.23 under the age of ~~18~~ 21 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

7.18 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 201.061, subdivision 3, is amended
7.19 to read:

7.20 Subd. 3. **Election day registration.** (a) An individual who is eligible to vote may register
7.21 or update a registration on election day by appearing in person at the polling place for the
7.22 precinct in which the individual maintains residence, by completing a registration application,
7.23 making an oath in the form prescribed by the secretary of state and providing proof of
7.24 residence. An individual may prove residence for purposes of registering or updating a
7.25 registration by:

7.26 (1) presenting a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued pursuant to
7.27 section 171.07;

7.28 (2) presenting any document approved by the secretary of state as proper identification;

7.29 (3) presenting a current student fee statement that contains the student's valid address
7.30 in the precinct together with a picture identification card; or

8.1 (4) having a voter who is registered to vote in the precinct, or an employee who provides
8.2 proof that they are employed by and working in a residential facility in the precinct and
8.3 vouching for a resident in the facility, sign an oath in the presence of the election judge
8.4 vouching that the voter or employee personally knows that the individual is a resident of
8.5 the precinct. A voter who has been vouched for on election day may not sign a proof of
8.6 residence oath vouching for any other individual on that election day. An election judge
8.7 may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any individual who appears in the
8.8 precinct where the election judge is working unless the election judge personally knows the
8.9 individual is a resident of the precinct. A voter who is registered to vote in the precinct may
8.10 sign up to eight proof-of-residence oaths on any election day. This limitation does not apply
8.11 to an employee of a residential facility described in this clause. The secretary of state shall
8.12 provide a form for election judges to use in recording the number of individuals for whom
8.13 a voter signs proof-of-residence oaths on election day. The form must include space for the
8.14 maximum number of individuals for whom a voter may sign proof-of-residence oaths. For
8.15 each proof-of-residence oath, the form must include a statement that the individual: (i) is
8.16 registered to vote in the precinct or is an employee of a residential facility in the precinct,
8.17 (ii) personally knows that the voter is a resident of the precinct, and (iii) is making the
8.18 statement on oath. The form must include a space for the voter's printed name, signature,
8.19 telephone number, and address.

8.20 The oath required by this subdivision and Minnesota Rules, part 8200.9939, must be
8.21 attached to the voter registration application.

9.24 (b) A person under the age of ~~18~~ 21 who unlawfully possesses any amount of kratom
9.25 or a substance that contains mitragynine or 7-hydroxymitragynine is guilty of a misdemeanor.

9.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
9.27 committed on or after that date.

10.1 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 201.061, subdivision 3, is amended
10.2 to read:

10.3 Subd. 3. **Election day registration.** (a) An individual who is eligible to vote may register
10.4 or update a registration on election day by appearing in person at the polling place for the
10.5 precinct in which the individual maintains residence, by completing a registration application,
10.6 making an oath in the form prescribed by the secretary of state and providing proof of
10.7 residence. An individual may prove residence for purposes of registering or updating a
10.8 registration by:

10.9 (1) presenting a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued pursuant to
10.10 section 171.07;

10.11 (2) presenting any document approved by the secretary of state as proper identification;

10.12 (3) presenting a current student fee statement that contains the student's valid address
10.13 in the precinct together with a picture identification card; or

10.14 (4) having a voter who is registered to vote in the precinct, or an employee who provides
10.15 proof that they are employed by and working in a residential facility in the precinct and
10.16 vouching for a resident in the facility, sign an oath in the presence of the election judge
10.17 vouching that the voter or employee personally knows that the individual is a resident of
10.18 the precinct. A voter who has been vouched for on election day may not sign a proof of
10.19 residence oath vouching for any other individual on that election day. An election judge
10.20 may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any individual who appears in the
10.21 precinct where the election judge is working unless the election judge personally knows the
10.22 individual is a resident of the precinct. A voter who is registered to vote in the precinct may
10.23 sign up to eight proof-of-residence oaths on any election day. This limitation does not apply
10.24 to an employee of a residential facility described in this clause. The secretary of state shall
10.25 provide a form for election judges to use in recording the number of individuals for whom
10.26 a voter signs proof-of-residence oaths on election day. The form must include space for the
10.27 maximum number of individuals for whom a voter may sign proof-of-residence oaths. For
10.28 each proof-of-residence oath, the form must include a statement that the individual: (i) is
10.29 registered to vote in the precinct or is an employee of a residential facility in the precinct,
10.30 (ii) personally knows that the voter is a resident of the precinct, and (iii) is making the
10.31 statement on oath. The form must include a space for the voter's printed name, signature,
10.32 telephone number, and address.

10.33 The oath required by this subdivision and Minnesota Rules, part 8200.9939, must be
10.34 attached to the voter registration application.

8.22 (b) The secretary of state must publish guidance for residential facilities and residential
8.23 facility employees on the vouching process and the requirements of this subdivision.

8.24 (c) "Residential facility" means transitional housing as defined in section 256K.48,
8.25 subdivision 1; a supervised living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under
8.26 section 144.50, subdivision 6; a nursing home as defined in section 144A.01, subdivision
8.27 5; an assisted living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under chapter 144G; a
8.28 veterans home operated by the board of directors of the Minnesota Veterans Homes under
8.29 chapter 198; a residence licensed by the commissioner of human services to provide a
8.30 residential program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 14; a residential facility for
8.31 persons with a developmental disability licensed by the commissioner of human services
8.32 under section 252.28; setting authorized to provide housing support as defined in section
8.33 256I.03, subdivision 10a; ~~a shelter for battered women~~ emergency shelter services for
8.34 domestic abuse victims as defined in section ~~611A.37, subdivision 4~~ 611A.31, subdivision
8.35 3; a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter or dwelling designed to provide
9.1 temporary living accommodations for the homeless; a facility where a provider operates a
9.2 residential treatment program as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 23; or a facility
9.3 where a provider operates an adult foster care program as defined in section 245A.02,
9.4 subdivision 6c.

9.5 (d) For tribal band members, an individual may prove residence for purposes of
9.6 registering or updating a registration by:

9.7 (1) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized
9.8 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the
9.9 name, address, signature, and picture of the individual; or

9.10 (2) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized
9.11 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the
9.12 name, signature, and picture of the individual and also presenting one of the documents
9.13 listed in Minnesota Rules, part 8200.5100, subpart 2, item B.

9.14 (e) A county, school district, or municipality may require that an election judge
9.15 responsible for election day registration initial each completed registration application.

9.16 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

9.17 Subd. 3. **Delivery of ballots.** (a) The county auditor, municipal clerk, school district
9.18 clerk, or full-time clerk of any city or town administering an election pursuant to section
9.19 203B.05, shall mail absentee ballots to voters on the permanent absentee ballot list pursuant
9.20 to section 203B.04, subdivision 5, on the following timelines:

9.21 (1) except as otherwise provided by this section, at least 46 days before each regularly
9.22 scheduled primary and general election and each special primary and special election;

9.23 (2) as soon as practicable for a special election held pursuant to section 204D.19,
9.24 subdivisions 2 and 3; and

11.1 (b) The secretary of state must publish guidance for residential facilities and residential
11.2 facility employees on the vouching process and the requirements of this subdivision.

11.3 (c) "Residential facility" means transitional housing as defined in section 256K.48,
11.4 subdivision 1; a supervised living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under
11.5 section 144.50, subdivision 6; a nursing home as defined in section 144A.01, subdivision
11.6 5; an assisted living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under chapter 144G; a
11.7 veterans home operated by the board of directors of the Minnesota Veterans Homes under
11.8 chapter 198; a residence licensed by the commissioner of human services to provide a
11.9 residential program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 14; a residential facility for
11.10 persons with a developmental disability licensed by the commissioner of human services
11.11 under section 252.28; setting authorized to provide housing support as defined in section
11.12 256I.03, subdivision 10a; ~~a shelter for battered women~~ emergency shelter services for
11.13 domestic abuse victims as defined in section ~~611A.37, subdivision 4~~ 611A.31, subdivision
11.14 3; a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter or dwelling designed to provide
11.15 temporary living accommodations for the homeless; a facility where a provider operates a
11.16 residential treatment program as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 23; or a facility
11.17 where a provider operates an adult foster care program as defined in section 245A.02,
11.18 subdivision 6c.

11.19 (d) For tribal band members, an individual may prove residence for purposes of
11.20 registering or updating a registration by:

11.21 (1) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized
11.22 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the
11.23 name, address, signature, and picture of the individual; or

11.24 (2) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized
11.25 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the
11.26 name, signature, and picture of the individual and also presenting one of the documents
11.27 listed in Minnesota Rules, part 8200.5100, subpart 2, item B.

11.28 (e) A county, school district, or municipality may require that an election judge
11.29 responsible for election day registration initial each completed registration application.

11.30 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

11.31 Subd. 3. **Delivery of ballots.** (a) The county auditor, municipal clerk, school district
11.32 clerk, or full-time clerk of any city or town administering an election pursuant to section
12.1 203B.05, shall mail absentee ballots to voters on the permanent absentee ballot list pursuant
12.2 to section 203B.04, subdivision 5, on the following timelines:

12.3 (1) except as otherwise provided by this section, at least 46 days before each regularly
12.4 scheduled primary and general election and each special primary and special election;

12.5 (2) as soon as practicable for a special election held pursuant to section 204D.19,
12.6 subdivisions 2 and 3; and

9.25 (3) at least 30 days before a town general election held in March.

9.26 (b) The commissioner of corrections must provide the secretary of state with a list of
 9.27 the names and mailing addresses of state adult correctional facilities. An application for an
 9.28 absentee ballot that provides an address included on the list provided by the commissioner
 9.29 of corrections must not be accepted and an absentee ballot must not be provided to the
 9.30 applicant. The county auditor or municipal clerk must promptly transmit a copy of the
 9.31 application to the county attorney. The Department of Corrections must implement procedures
 10.1 to ensure that absentee ballots issued under this chapter are not received or mailed by
 10.2 offenders incarcerated at state adult correctional facilities.

10.3 (c) If an application for absentee ballots is accepted at a time when absentee ballots are
 10.4 not yet available for distribution, the county auditor, or municipal clerk accepting the
 10.5 application shall file it and as soon as absentee ballots are available for distribution shall
 10.6 mail them to the address specified in the application. If an application for absentee ballots
 10.7 is accepted when absentee ballots are available for distribution, the county auditor or
 10.8 municipal clerk accepting the application shall promptly:

10.9 (1) mail the ballots to the voter whose signature appears on the application if the
 10.10 application is submitted by mail and does not request commercial shipping under clause
 10.11 (2);

10.12 (2) ship the ballots to the voter using a commercial shipper requested by the voter at the
 10.13 voter's expense;

10.14 (3) deliver the absentee ballots directly to the voter if the application is submitted in
 10.15 person; or

10.16 (4) deliver the absentee ballots in a sealed transmittal envelope to an agent who has been
 10.17 designated to bring the ballots, as provided in section 203B.11, subdivision 4, to a voter
 10.18 who would have difficulty getting to the polls because of incapacitating health reasons, or
 10.19 who is disabled, or who is a patient in a health care facility, a resident of an assisted living
 10.20 facility licensed under chapter 144G, a participant in a residential program for adults licensed
 10.21 under section 245A.02, subdivision 14, or a resident of a shelter for ~~battered women~~ domestic
 10.22 abuse victims as defined in section ~~611A.37, subdivision 4~~ 611A.31, subdivision 2.

10.23 (d) If an application does not indicate the election for which absentee ballots are sought,
 10.24 the county auditor or municipal clerk shall mail or deliver only the ballots for the next
 10.25 election occurring after receipt of the application. Only one set of ballots may be mailed,
 10.26 shipped, or delivered to an applicant for any election, except as provided in section 203B.121,
 10.27 subdivision 2, or when a replacement ballot has been requested by the voter for a ballot that
 10.28 has been spoiled or lost in transit.

10.29 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

10.30 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) Each full-time municipal clerk or school district clerk
 10.31 who has authority under section 203B.05 to administer absentee voting laws must designate

12.7 (3) at least 30 days before a town general election held in March.

12.8 (b) The commissioner of corrections must provide the secretary of state with a list of
 12.9 the names and mailing addresses of state adult correctional facilities. An application for an
 12.10 absentee ballot that provides an address included on the list provided by the commissioner
 12.11 of corrections must not be accepted and an absentee ballot must not be provided to the
 12.12 applicant. The county auditor or municipal clerk must promptly transmit a copy of the
 12.13 application to the county attorney. The Department of Corrections must implement procedures
 12.14 to ensure that absentee ballots issued under this chapter are not received or mailed by
 12.15 offenders incarcerated at state adult correctional facilities.

12.16 (c) If an application for absentee ballots is accepted at a time when absentee ballots are
 12.17 not yet available for distribution, the county auditor, or municipal clerk accepting the
 12.18 application shall file it and as soon as absentee ballots are available for distribution shall
 12.19 mail them to the address specified in the application. If an application for absentee ballots
 12.20 is accepted when absentee ballots are available for distribution, the county auditor or
 12.21 municipal clerk accepting the application shall promptly:

12.22 (1) mail the ballots to the voter whose signature appears on the application if the
 12.23 application is submitted by mail and does not request commercial shipping under clause
 12.24 (2);

12.25 (2) ship the ballots to the voter using a commercial shipper requested by the voter at the
 12.26 voter's expense;

12.27 (3) deliver the absentee ballots directly to the voter if the application is submitted in
 12.28 person; or

12.29 (4) deliver the absentee ballots in a sealed transmittal envelope to an agent who has been
 12.30 designated to bring the ballots, as provided in section 203B.11, subdivision 4, to a voter
 12.31 who would have difficulty getting to the polls because of incapacitating health reasons, or
 12.32 who is disabled, or who is a patient in a health care facility, a resident of an assisted living
 12.33 facility licensed under chapter 144G, a participant in a residential program for adults licensed
 13.1 under section 245A.02, subdivision 14, or a resident of a shelter for ~~battered women~~ domestic
 13.2 abuse victims as defined in section ~~611A.37, subdivision 4~~ 611A.31, subdivision 2.

13.3 (d) If an application does not indicate the election for which absentee ballots are sought,
 13.4 the county auditor or municipal clerk shall mail or deliver only the ballots for the next
 13.5 election occurring after receipt of the application. Only one set of ballots may be mailed,
 13.6 shipped, or delivered to an applicant for any election, except as provided in section 203B.121,
 13.7 subdivision 2, or when a replacement ballot has been requested by the voter for a ballot that
 13.8 has been spoiled or lost in transit.

13.9 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

13.10 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) Each full-time municipal clerk or school district clerk
 13.11 who has authority under section 203B.05 to administer absentee voting laws must designate

10.32 election judges to deliver absentee ballots in accordance with this section. The county auditor
 10.33 must also designate election judges to perform the duties in this section. A ballot may be
 11.1 delivered only to an eligible voter who is a temporary or permanent resident or patient in
 11.2 one of the following facilities located in the municipality in which the voter maintains
 11.3 residence: a health care facility, hospital, or veterans home operated by the board of directors
 11.4 of the Minnesota veterans homes under chapter 198. The ballots must be delivered by two
 11.5 election judges, each of whom is affiliated with a different major political party. When the
 11.6 election judges deliver or return ballots as provided in this section, they must travel together
 11.7 in the same vehicle. Both election judges must be present when an applicant completes the
 11.8 certificate of eligibility and marks the absentee ballots, and may assist an applicant as
 11.9 provided in section 204C.15. The election judges must deposit the return envelopes containing
 11.10 the marked absentee ballots in a sealed container and return them to the clerk on the same
 11.11 day that they are delivered and marked.

11.12 (b) At the discretion of a full-time municipal clerk, school district clerk, or county auditor,
 11.13 absentee ballots may be delivered in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) to a
 11.14 shelter for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims as defined in section ~~611A.37, subdivision~~
 11.15 ~~4 611A.31, subdivision 2~~, or to an assisted living facility licensed under chapter 144G.

13.12 election judges to deliver absentee ballots in accordance with this section. The county auditor
 13.13 must also designate election judges to perform the duties in this section. A ballot may be
 13.14 delivered only to an eligible voter who is a temporary or permanent resident or patient in
 13.15 one of the following facilities located in the municipality in which the voter maintains
 13.16 residence: a health care facility, hospital, or veterans home operated by the board of directors
 13.17 of the Minnesota veterans homes under chapter 198. The ballots must be delivered by two
 13.18 election judges, each of whom is affiliated with a different major political party. When the
 13.19 election judges deliver or return ballots as provided in this section, they must travel together
 13.20 in the same vehicle. Both election judges must be present when an applicant completes the
 13.21 certificate of eligibility and marks the absentee ballots, and may assist an applicant as
 13.22 provided in section 204C.15. The election judges must deposit the return envelopes containing
 13.23 the marked absentee ballots in a sealed container and return them to the clerk on the same
 13.24 day that they are delivered and marked.

13.25 (b) At the discretion of a full-time municipal clerk, school district clerk, or county auditor,
 13.26 absentee ballots may be delivered in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) to a
 13.27 shelter for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims as defined in section ~~611A.37, subdivision~~
 13.28 ~~4 611A.31, subdivision 2~~, or to an assisted living facility licensed under chapter 144G.

35.1 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 244.46, subdivision 1, is amended
 35.2 to read:

35.3 Subdivision 1. **Adopting policy for earned compliance credit; supervision abatement**
 35.4 **status.** (a) The commissioner must adopt a policy providing for earned compliance credit
 35.5 and supervision abatement status, including the circumstances under which an individual
 35.6 may receive earned compliance credits and transition to supervision abatement status. The
 35.7 policy must include consideration of an individual's effort to pay restitution, to the extent
 35.8 known to the supervising agency, and must provide that an individual who has the ability
 35.9 to pay restitution but engages in willful nonpayment is not eligible to transition to supervision
 35.10 abatement status.

35.11 (b) Except as otherwise provided in the act, once the time served on active supervision
 35.12 plus earned compliance credits equals the total length of the supervised release term or, if
 35.13 applicable, the aggregate length of the supervised release term and conditional release term,
 35.14 the individual is eligible for supervision abatement status. However, the commissioner must
 35.15 not place the individual on supervision abatement status for the remainder of the supervised
 35.16 or conditional release term if the commissioner determines that doing so would present a
 35.17 risk to public safety, after weighing factors including the individual's stability, behavior, or
 35.18 overall adjustment while on supervision. For individuals with lifetime terms of conditional
 35.19 release, the commissioner shall not place the individual on supervision abatement status
 35.20 unless the time served on active supervision plus earned compliance credits equals at least
 35.21 ten years.

35.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 1, 2026.

11.16 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256D.02, subdivision 12a, is amended to read:

11.17 Subd. 12a. **Resident.** (a) For purposes of eligibility for general assistance, a person must

11.18 be a resident of this state.

11.19 (b) A "resident" is a person living in the state for at least 30 days with the intention of

11.20 making the person's home here and not for any temporary purpose. Time spent in a shelter

11.21 for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims shall count toward satisfying the 30-day residency

11.22 requirement. All applicants for these programs are required to demonstrate the requisite

11.23 intent and can do so in any of the following ways:

11.24 (1) by showing that the applicant maintains a residence at a verified address, other than

11.25 a place of public accommodation. An applicant may verify a residence address by presenting

11.26 a valid state driver's license, a state identification card, a voter registration card, a rent

11.27 receipt, a statement by the landlord, apartment manager, or homeowner verifying that the

11.28 individual is residing at the address, or other form of verification approved by the

11.29 commissioner; or

11.30 (2) by verifying residence according to Minnesota Rules, part 9500.1219, subpart 3,

11.31 item C.

11.32 (c) For general assistance, a county shall waive the 30-day residency requirement where

11.33 unusual hardship would result from denial of general assistance. For purposes of this

12.1 subdivision, "unusual hardship" means the applicant is without shelter or is without available

12.2 resources for food.

12.3 The county agency must report to the commissioner within 30 days on any waiver granted

12.4 under this section. The county shall not deny an application solely because the applicant

12.5 does not meet at least one of the criteria in this subdivision, but shall continue to process

12.6 the application and leave the application pending until the residency requirement is met or

12.7 until eligibility or ineligibility is established.

12.8 (d) For purposes of paragraph (c), the following definitions apply (1) "metropolitan

12.9 statistical area" is as defined by the United States Census Bureau; (2) "shelter" includes any

12.10 shelter that is located within the metropolitan statistical area containing the county and for

12.11 which the applicant is eligible, provided the applicant does not have to travel more than 20

12.12 miles to reach the shelter and has access to transportation to the shelter. Clause (2) does not

12.13 apply to counties in the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan statistical area.

12.14 (e) Migrant workers as defined in section 142G.02 are exempt from the residency

12.15 requirements of this section, provided the migrant worker provides verification that the

12.16 migrant family worked in this state within the last 12 months and earned at least \$1,000 in

12.17 gross wages during the time the migrant worker worked in this state.

12.18 (f) For purposes of eligibility for emergency general assistance, the 30-day residency

12.19 requirement under this section shall not be waived.

35.23 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256D.02, subdivision 12a, is amended to read:

35.24 Subd. 12a. **Resident.** (a) For purposes of eligibility for general assistance, a person must

35.25 be a resident of this state.

35.26 (b) A "resident" is a person living in the state for at least 30 days with the intention of

35.27 making the person's home here and not for any temporary purpose. Time spent in a shelter

35.28 for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims shall count toward satisfying the 30-day residency

35.29 requirement. All applicants for these programs are required to demonstrate the requisite

35.30 intent and can do so in any of the following ways:

35.31 (1) by showing that the applicant maintains a residence at a verified address, other than

35.32 a place of public accommodation. An applicant may verify a residence address by presenting

35.33 a valid state driver's license, a state identification card, a voter registration card, a rent

36.1 receipt, a statement by the landlord, apartment manager, or homeowner verifying that the

36.2 individual is residing at the address, or other form of verification approved by the

36.3 commissioner; or

36.4 (2) by verifying residence according to Minnesota Rules, part 9500.1219, subpart 3,

36.5 item C.

36.6 (c) For general assistance, a county shall waive the 30-day residency requirement where

36.7 unusual hardship would result from denial of general assistance. For purposes of this

36.8 subdivision, "unusual hardship" means the applicant is without shelter or is without available

36.9 resources for food.

36.10 The county agency must report to the commissioner within 30 days on any waiver granted

36.11 under this section. The county shall not deny an application solely because the applicant

36.12 does not meet at least one of the criteria in this subdivision, but shall continue to process

36.13 the application and leave the application pending until the residency requirement is met or

36.14 until eligibility or ineligibility is established.

36.15 (d) For purposes of paragraph (c), the following definitions apply (1) "metropolitan

36.16 statistical area" is as defined by the United States Census Bureau; (2) "shelter" includes any

36.17 shelter that is located within the metropolitan statistical area containing the county and for

36.18 which the applicant is eligible, provided the applicant does not have to travel more than 20

36.19 miles to reach the shelter and has access to transportation to the shelter. Clause (2) does not

36.20 apply to counties in the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan statistical area.

36.21 (e) Migrant workers as defined in section 142G.02 are exempt from the residency

36.22 requirements of this section, provided the migrant worker provides verification that the

36.23 migrant family worked in this state within the last 12 months and earned at least \$1,000 in

36.24 gross wages during the time the migrant worker worked in this state.

36.25 (f) For purposes of eligibility for emergency general assistance, the 30-day residency

36.26 requirement under this section shall not be waived.

12.20 (g) If any provision of this subdivision is enjoined from implementation or found
 12.21 unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions shall
 12.22 remain valid and shall be given full effect.

12.23 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256G.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

12.24 Subd. 6. **Excluded time.** "Excluded time" means:

12.25 (1) any period an applicant spends in a hospital, sanitarium, nursing home, shelter other
 12.26 than an emergency shelter, halfway house, foster home, community residential setting
 12.27 licensed under chapter 245D, semi-independent living domicile or services program,
 12.28 residential facility offering care, board and lodging facility or other institution for the
 12.29 hospitalization or care of human beings, as defined in section 144.50, 144A.01, or 245A.02,
 12.30 subdivision 14; maternity home, ~~battered women's shelter for domestic abuse victims~~, or
 12.31 correctional facility; or any facility based on an emergency hold under section 253B.05,
 12.32 subdivisions 1 and 2;

13.1 (2) any period an applicant spends on a placement basis in a training and habilitation
 13.2 program, including: a rehabilitation facility or work or employment program as defined in
 13.3 section 268A.01; semi-independent living services provided under section 252.275, and
 13.4 chapter 245D; or day training and habilitation programs;

13.5 (3) any period an applicant is receiving assisted living services, integrated community
 13.6 supports, or day support services; and

13.7 (4) any placement for a person with an indeterminate commitment, including independent
 13.8 living.

13.9 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 256G.03, subdivision 2, is amended
 13.10 to read:

13.11 Subd. 2. **No durational test.** Except as otherwise provided in sections 142G.12; 142G.78;
 13.12 256B.056, subdivision 1; and 256D.02, subdivision 12a, for purposes of this chapter, no
 13.13 waiting period is required before securing county or state residence. A person cannot,
 13.14 however, gain residence while physically present in an excluded time facility unless otherwise
 13.15 specified in this chapter or in a federal regulation controlling a federally funded human
 13.16 service; children, youth, and families; or direct care and treatment program. Interstate
 13.17 migrants who enter a shelter for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims directly from
 13.18 another state can gain residency while in the facility provided the person can provide
 13.19 documentation that the person is a victim of domestic abuse and the county determines that
 13.20 the placement is appropriate.

13.21 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 257.75, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

13.22 Subd. 6. **Paternity educational materials.** The commissioner of children, youth, and
 13.23 families shall prepare educational materials for new and prospective parents that describe
 13.24 the benefits and effects of establishing paternity. The materials must include a description
 13.25 and comparison of the procedures for establishment of paternity through a recognition of

36.27 (g) If any provision of this subdivision is enjoined from implementation or found
 36.28 unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions shall
 36.29 remain valid and shall be given full effect.

36.30 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256G.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

36.31 Subd. 6. **Excluded time.** "Excluded time" means:

37.1 (1) any period an applicant spends in a hospital, sanitarium, nursing home, shelter other
 37.2 than an emergency shelter, halfway house, foster home, community residential setting
 37.3 licensed under chapter 245D, semi-independent living domicile or services program,
 37.4 residential facility offering care, board and lodging facility or other institution for the
 37.5 hospitalization or care of human beings, as defined in section 144.50, 144A.01, or 245A.02,
 37.6 subdivision 14; maternity home, ~~battered women's shelter for domestic abuse victims~~, or
 37.7 correctional facility; or any facility based on an emergency hold under section 253B.05,
 37.8 subdivisions 1 and 2;

37.9 (2) any period an applicant spends on a placement basis in a training and habilitation
 37.10 program, including: a rehabilitation facility or work or employment program as defined in
 37.11 section 268A.01; semi-independent living services provided under section 252.275, and
 37.12 chapter 245D; or day training and habilitation programs;

37.13 (3) any period an applicant is receiving assisted living services, integrated community
 37.14 supports, or day support services; and

37.15 (4) any placement for a person with an indeterminate commitment, including independent
 37.16 living.

37.17 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 256G.03, subdivision 2, is amended
 37.18 to read:

37.19 Subd. 2. **No durational test.** Except as otherwise provided in sections 142G.12; 142G.78;
 37.20 256B.056, subdivision 1; and 256D.02, subdivision 12a, for purposes of this chapter, no
 37.21 waiting period is required before securing county or state residence. A person cannot,
 37.22 however, gain residence while physically present in an excluded time facility unless otherwise
 37.23 specified in this chapter or in a federal regulation controlling a federally funded human
 37.24 service; children, youth, and families; or direct care and treatment program. Interstate
 37.25 migrants who enter a shelter for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims directly from
 37.26 another state can gain residency while in the facility provided the person can provide
 37.27 documentation that the person is a victim of domestic abuse and the county determines that
 37.28 the placement is appropriate.

37.29 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 257.75, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

37.30 Subd. 6. **Paternity educational materials.** The commissioner of children, youth, and
 37.31 families shall prepare educational materials for new and prospective parents that describe
 37.32 the benefits and effects of establishing paternity. The materials must include a description
 37.33 and comparison of the procedures for establishment of paternity through a recognition of

13.26 parentage under this section and an adjudication of paternity under sections 257.51 to 257.74.
13.27 The commissioner shall consider the use of innovative audio or visual approaches to the
13.28 presentation of the materials to facilitate understanding and presentation. In preparing the
13.29 materials, the commissioner shall consult with child advocates and support workers, ~~battered~~
13.30 ~~women's advocates and~~ advocates for domestic abuse victims, social service providers,
13.31 educators, attorneys, hospital representatives, and people who work with parents in making
13.32 decisions related to paternity. The commissioner shall consult with representatives of
13.33 communities of color. On and after January 1, 1994, the commissioner shall make the
14.1 materials available without cost to hospitals, requesting agencies, and other persons for
14.2 distribution to new parents.

14.3 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 260E.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

14.4 Subdivision 1. **Establishment of team.** A county shall establish a multidisciplinary
14.5 child protection team that may include but is not limited to the director of the local welfare
14.6 agency or designees, the county attorney or designees, the county sheriff or designees,
14.7 representatives of health and education, representatives of mental health, representatives of
14.8 agencies providing specialized services or responding to youth who experience or are at
14.9 risk of experiencing sex or labor trafficking or sexual exploitation, or other appropriate
14.10 human services, children's services, or community-based agencies, and parent groups. As
14.11 used in this section, a "community-based agency" may include, but is not limited to, schools,
14.12 social services agencies, family service and mental health collaboratives, children's advocacy
14.13 centers, early childhood and family education programs, Head Start, or other agencies
14.14 serving children and families. A member of the team must be designated as the lead person
14.15 of the team responsible for the planning process to develop standards for the team's activities
14.16 with ~~battered women's and~~ domestic abuse programs and services.

14.17 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.85, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

14.18 Subd. 4. **Duties.** (a) The office has the following duties:

- 14.19 (1) advocate in the legislature for legislation that will facilitate the accomplishment of
14.20 the mandates identified in the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women Task Force report;
- 14.21 (2) advocate for state agencies to take actions to facilitate the accomplishment of the
14.22 mandates identified in the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women Task Force report;
- 14.23 (3) develop recommendations for legislative and agency actions to address injustice in
14.24 the criminal justice system's response to the cases of missing and murdered Indigenous
14.25 relatives;
- 14.26 (4) facilitate research to refine the mandates in the Missing and Murdered Indigenous
14.27 Women Task Force report and to assess the potential efficacy, feasibility, and impact of the
14.28 recommendations;
- 14.29 (5) develop tools and processes to evaluate the implementation and impact of the efforts
14.30 of the office;

38.1 parentage under this section and an adjudication of paternity under sections 257.51 to 257.74.
38.2 The commissioner shall consider the use of innovative audio or visual approaches to the
38.3 presentation of the materials to facilitate understanding and presentation. In preparing the
38.4 materials, the commissioner shall consult with child advocates and support workers, ~~battered~~
38.5 ~~women's advocates and~~ advocates for domestic abuse victims, social service providers,
38.6 educators, attorneys, hospital representatives, and people who work with parents in making
38.7 decisions related to paternity. The commissioner shall consult with representatives of
38.8 communities of color. On and after January 1, 1994, the commissioner shall make the
38.9 materials available without cost to hospitals, requesting agencies, and other persons for
38.10 distribution to new parents.

38.11 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 260E.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

38.12 Subdivision 1. **Establishment of team.** A county shall establish a multidisciplinary
38.13 child protection team that may include but is not limited to the director of the local welfare
38.14 agency or designees, the county attorney or designees, the county sheriff or designees,
38.15 representatives of health and education, representatives of mental health, representatives of
38.16 agencies providing specialized services or responding to youth who experience or are at
38.17 risk of experiencing sex or labor trafficking or sexual exploitation, or other appropriate
38.18 human services, children's services, or community-based agencies, and parent groups. As
38.19 used in this section, a "community-based agency" may include, but is not limited to, schools,
38.20 social services agencies, family service and mental health collaboratives, children's advocacy
38.21 centers, early childhood and family education programs, Head Start, or other agencies
38.22 serving children and families. A member of the team must be designated as the lead person
38.23 of the team responsible for the planning process to develop standards for the team's activities
38.24 with ~~battered women's and~~ domestic abuse programs and services.

38.25 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.85, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

38.26 Subd. 4. **Duties.** (a) The office has the following duties:

- 38.27 (1) advocate in the legislature for legislation that will facilitate the accomplishment of
38.28 the mandates identified in the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women Task Force report;
- 38.29 (2) advocate for state agencies to take actions to facilitate the accomplishment of the
38.30 mandates identified in the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women Task Force report;
- 38.31 (3) develop recommendations for legislative and agency actions to address injustice in
38.32 the criminal justice system's response to the cases of missing and murdered Indigenous
38.33 relatives;
- 39.1 (4) facilitate research to refine the mandates in the Missing and Murdered Indigenous
39.2 Women Task Force report and to assess the potential efficacy, feasibility, and impact of the
39.3 recommendations;
- 39.4 (5) develop tools and processes to evaluate the implementation and impact of the efforts
39.5 of the office;

14.31 (6) track and collect Minnesota data on missing and murdered indigenous women,
 14.32 children, and relatives, and provide statistics upon public or legislative inquiry;

15.1 (7) facilitate technical assistance for local and Tribal law enforcement agencies during
 15.2 active missing and murdered Indigenous relatives cases;

15.3 (8) conduct case reviews and report on the results of case reviews for the following types
 15.4 of missing and murdered Indigenous relatives cases: cold cases for missing Indigenous
 15.5 people and death investigation review for cases of Indigenous people ruled as suicide or
 15.6 overdose under suspicious circumstances;

15.7 (9) conduct case reviews of the prosecution and sentencing for cases where a perpetrator
 15.8 committed a violent or exploitative crime against an Indigenous person. These case reviews
 15.9 should identify those cases where the perpetrator is a repeat offender;

15.10 (10) prepare draft legislation as necessary to allow the office access to the data required
 15.11 for the office to conduct the reviews required in this section and advocate for passage of
 15.12 that legislation;

15.13 (11) review sentencing guidelines for missing and murdered Indigenous women-related
 15.14 crimes, recommend changes if needed, and advocate for consistent implementation of the
 15.15 guidelines across Minnesota courts;

15.16 (12) develop and maintain communication with relevant divisions in the Department of
 15.17 Public Safety regarding any cases involving missing and murdered Indigenous relatives and
 15.18 on procedures for investigating cases involving missing and murdered Indigenous relatives;
 15.19 ~~and~~

15.20 (13) coordinate, as relevant, with the Bureau of Indian Affairs' Cold Case Office through
 15.21 Operation Lady Justice and other federal efforts, as well as efforts in neighboring states and
 15.22 Canada. This recommendation pertains to state efforts. Tribes are sovereign nations that
 15.23 have the right to determine if and how they will coordinate with these other efforts; and

15.24 (14) provide case support to victims and families of missing or murdered Indigenous
 15.25 relatives or their designated family representative or the reporting person. Case support
 15.26 includes but is not limited to providing support and guidance during the law enforcement
 15.27 investigation; facilitating communication with criminal justice agencies and other government
 15.28 entities; compiling relevant information about ongoing cases; and providing information,
 15.29 referrals, and other types of support.

15.30 (b) As used in this subdivision:

15.31 (1) "reporting person" means the relative or nonrelative person who completed a case
 15.32 intake form with the office; and

15.33 (2) "victim" has the meaning given in section 611A.01.

39.6 (6) track and collect Minnesota data on missing and murdered indigenous women,
 39.7 children, and relatives, and provide statistics upon public or legislative inquiry;

39.8 (7) facilitate technical assistance for local and Tribal law enforcement agencies during
 39.9 active missing and murdered Indigenous relatives cases;

39.10 (8) conduct case reviews and report on the results of case reviews for the following types
 39.11 of missing and murdered Indigenous relatives cases: cold cases for missing Indigenous
 39.12 people and death investigation review for cases of Indigenous people ruled as suicide or
 39.13 overdose under suspicious circumstances;

39.14 (9) conduct case reviews of the prosecution and sentencing for cases where a perpetrator
 39.15 committed a violent or exploitative crime against an Indigenous person. These case reviews
 39.16 should identify those cases where the perpetrator is a repeat offender;

39.17 (10) prepare draft legislation as necessary to allow the office access to the data required
 39.18 for the office to conduct the reviews required in this section and advocate for passage of
 39.19 that legislation;

39.20 (11) review sentencing guidelines for missing and murdered Indigenous women-related
 39.21 crimes, recommend changes if needed, and advocate for consistent implementation of the
 39.22 guidelines across Minnesota courts;

39.23 (12) develop and maintain communication with relevant divisions in the Department of
 39.24 Public Safety regarding any cases involving missing and murdered Indigenous relatives and
 39.25 on procedures for investigating cases involving missing and murdered Indigenous relatives;
 39.26 ~~and~~

39.27 (13) coordinate, as relevant, with the Bureau of Indian Affairs' Cold Case Office through
 39.28 Operation Lady Justice and other federal efforts, as well as efforts in neighboring states and
 39.29 Canada. This recommendation pertains to state efforts. Tribes are sovereign nations that
 39.30 have the right to determine if and how they will coordinate with these other efforts; and

39.31 (14) provide case support to victims and families of missing or murdered Indigenous
 39.32 relatives or their designated family representative or the reporting person. Case support
 39.33 includes but is not limited to providing support and guidance during the law enforcement
 40.1 investigation; facilitating communication with criminal justice agencies and other government
 40.2 entities; compiling relevant information about ongoing cases; and providing information,
 40.3 referrals, and other types of support.

40.4 (b) As used in this subdivision:

40.5 (1) "reporting person" means the relative or nonrelative person who completed a case
 40.6 intake form with the office; and

40.7 (2) "victim" has the meaning given in section 611A.01.

16.1 (c) Data created, collected, received, stored, used, or maintained by the office related to
 16.2 paragraph (a), clause (14), are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02,
 16.3 subdivision 12.

16.4 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.90, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

16.5 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The office has the following duties:

16.6 (1) advocate in the legislature for legislation that will facilitate the accomplishment of
 16.7 mandates identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African
 16.8 American Women;

16.9 (2) advocate for state agencies to take actions to facilitate the accomplishment of mandates
 16.10 identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African American
 16.11 Women;

16.12 (3) develop recommendations for legislative and agency actions to address injustice in
 16.13 the criminal justice system's response to cases of missing and murdered Black women and
 16.14 girls;

16.15 (4) facilitate research to refine the mandates in the report of the Task Force on Missing
 16.16 and Murdered African American Women and to assess the potential efficacy, feasibility,
 16.17 and impact of the recommendations;

16.18 (5) collect data on missing person and homicide cases involving Black women and girls,
 16.19 including the total number of cases, the rate at which the cases are solved, the length of time
 16.20 the cases remain open, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
 16.21 groups;

16.22 (6) collect data on Amber Alerts, including the total number of Amber Alerts issued,
 16.23 the total number of Amber Alerts that involve Black girls, and the outcome of cases involving
 16.24 Amber Alerts disaggregated by the child's race and sex;

16.25 (7) collect data on reports of missing Black girls, including the number classified as
 16.26 voluntary runaways, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
 16.27 groups;

16.28 (8) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered
 16.29 Black women and girls and labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

16.30 (9) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
 16.31 the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and
 16.32 labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

17.1 (10) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women
 17.2 and girls and domestic violence, including prior instances of domestic violence within the
 17.3 family or relationship, whether an offender had prior convictions for domestic assault or

40.8 (c) Data created, collected, received, stored, used, or maintained by the office related to
 40.9 paragraph (a), clause (14), are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02,
 40.10 subdivision 12.

40.11 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.90, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

40.12 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The office has the following duties:

40.13 (1) advocate in the legislature for legislation that will facilitate the accomplishment of
 40.14 mandates identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African
 40.15 American Women;

40.16 (2) advocate for state agencies to take actions to facilitate the accomplishment of mandates
 40.17 identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African American
 40.18 Women;

40.19 (3) develop recommendations for legislative and agency actions to address injustice in
 40.20 the criminal justice system's response to cases of missing and murdered Black women and
 40.21 girls;

40.22 (4) facilitate research to refine the mandates in the report of the Task Force on Missing
 40.23 and Murdered African American Women and to assess the potential efficacy, feasibility,
 40.24 and impact of the recommendations;

40.25 (5) collect data on missing person and homicide cases involving Black women and girls,
 40.26 including the total number of cases, the rate at which the cases are solved, the length of time
 40.27 the cases remain open, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
 40.28 groups;

40.29 (6) collect data on Amber Alerts, including the total number of Amber Alerts issued,
 40.30 the total number of Amber Alerts that involve Black girls, and the outcome of cases involving
 40.31 Amber Alerts disaggregated by the child's race and sex;

41.1 (7) collect data on reports of missing Black girls, including the number classified as
 41.2 voluntary runaways, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
 41.3 groups;

41.4 (8) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered
 41.5 Black women and girls and labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

41.6 (9) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
 41.7 the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and
 41.8 labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

41.9 (10) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women
 41.10 and girls and domestic violence, including prior instances of domestic violence within the
 41.11 family or relationship, whether an offender had prior convictions for domestic assault or

17.4 related offenses, and whether the offender used a firearm in the murder or any prior instances
17.5 of domestic assault;

17.6 (11) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
17.7 the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women and girls and domestic
17.8 violence;

17.9 (12) develop tools and processes to evaluate the implementation and impact of the efforts
17.10 of the office;

17.11 (13) track and collect Minnesota data on missing and murdered Black women and girls,
17.12 and provide statistics upon public or legislative inquiry;

17.13 (14) facilitate technical assistance for local and Tribal law enforcement agencies during
17.14 active cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

17.15 (15) conduct case reviews and report on the results of case reviews for the following
17.16 types of cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls: cold cases for
17.17 missing Black women and girls and death investigation review for cases of Black women
17.18 and girls ruled as suicide or overdose under suspicious circumstances;

17.19 (16) conduct case reviews of the prosecution and sentencing for cases where a perpetrator
17.20 committed a violent or exploitative crime against a Black woman or girl. These case reviews
17.21 must identify those cases where the perpetrator is a repeat offender;

17.22 (17) prepare draft legislation as necessary to allow the office access to the data necessary
17.23 for the office to conduct the reviews required in this section and advocate for passage of
17.24 that legislation;

17.25 (18) review sentencing guidelines for crimes related to missing and murdered Black
17.26 women and girls, recommend changes if needed, and advocate for consistent implementation
17.27 of the guidelines across Minnesota courts;

17.28 (19) develop and maintain communication with relevant divisions in the Department of
17.29 Public Safety, including but not limited to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, regarding
17.30 any cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and on procedures for
17.31 investigating cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

17.32 (20) consult with the Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage established in section
17.33 15.0145; ~~and~~

18.1 (21) coordinate, as relevant, with federal efforts, and efforts in neighboring states and
18.2 Canada; and

18.3 (22) provide case support to victims and families of missing or murdered Black women
18.4 and girls or their designated family representative or the reporting person. Case support
18.5 includes but is not limited to providing support and guidance during the law enforcement
18.6 investigation; facilitating communication with criminal justice agencies and other government

41.12 related offenses, and whether the offender used a firearm in the murder or any prior instances
41.13 of domestic assault;

41.14 (11) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
41.15 the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women and girls and domestic
41.16 violence;

41.17 (12) develop tools and processes to evaluate the implementation and impact of the efforts
41.18 of the office;

41.19 (13) track and collect Minnesota data on missing and murdered Black women and girls,
41.20 and provide statistics upon public or legislative inquiry;

41.21 (14) facilitate technical assistance for local and Tribal law enforcement agencies during
41.22 active cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

41.23 (15) conduct case reviews and report on the results of case reviews for the following
41.24 types of cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls: cold cases for
41.25 missing Black women and girls and death investigation review for cases of Black women
41.26 and girls ruled as suicide or overdose under suspicious circumstances;

41.27 (16) conduct case reviews of the prosecution and sentencing for cases where a perpetrator
41.28 committed a violent or exploitative crime against a Black woman or girl. These case reviews
41.29 must identify those cases where the perpetrator is a repeat offender;

41.30 (17) prepare draft legislation as necessary to allow the office access to the data necessary
41.31 for the office to conduct the reviews required in this section and advocate for passage of
41.32 that legislation;

42.1 (18) review sentencing guidelines for crimes related to missing and murdered Black
42.2 women and girls, recommend changes if needed, and advocate for consistent implementation
42.3 of the guidelines across Minnesota courts;

42.4 (19) develop and maintain communication with relevant divisions in the Department of
42.5 Public Safety, including but not limited to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, regarding
42.6 any cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and on procedures for
42.7 investigating cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

42.8 (20) consult with the Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage established in section
42.9 15.0145; ~~and~~

42.10 (21) coordinate, as relevant, with federal efforts, and efforts in neighboring states and
42.11 Canada; and

42.12 (22) provide case support to victims and families of missing or murdered Black women
42.13 and girls or their designated family representative or the reporting person. Case support
42.14 includes but is not limited to providing support and guidance during the law enforcement
42.15 investigation; facilitating communication with criminal justice agencies and other government

18.7 entities; compiling relevant information about ongoing cases; and providing information,
 18.8 referrals, and other types of support.

18.9 (b) As used in this subdivision:

18.10 (1) "labor trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.281, subdivision 5; ~~and~~

18.11 (2) "reporting person" means the relative or nonrelative person who completed a case
 18.12 intake form with the office;

18.13 ~~(2)~~ (3) "sex trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.321, subdivision 7a; and

18.14 (4) "victim" has the meaning given in section 611A.01.

18.15 (c) Data created, collected, received, stored, used, or maintained by the office related to
 18.16 paragraph (a), clause (22), are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02,
 18.17 subdivision 12.

42.16 entities; compiling relevant information about ongoing cases; and providing information,
 42.17 referrals, and other types of support.

42.18 (b) As used in this subdivision:

42.19 (1) "labor trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.281, subdivision 5; ~~and~~

42.20 (2) "reporting person" means the relative or nonrelative person who completed a case
 42.21 intake form with the office;

42.22 ~~(2)~~ (3) "sex trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.321, subdivision 7a; and

42.23 (4) "victim" has the meaning given in section 611A.01.

42.24 (c) Data created, collected, received, stored, used, or maintained by the office related to
 42.25 paragraph (a), clause (22), are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02,
 42.26 subdivision 12.

43.8 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

43.9 Subdivision 1. ~~Grants Reimbursements.~~ The commissioner of public safety shall make
 43.10 grants reimbursements to local officials for the following purposes:

43.11 (1) the cooperative investigation of cross jurisdictional criminal activity relating to the
 43.12 possession and sale of controlled substances;

43.13 (2) receiving or selling stolen goods;

43.14 (3) participating in gambling activities in violation of section 609.76;

43.15 (4) violations of section 609.322 or any other state or federal law prohibiting the
 43.16 recruitment, transportation, or use of juveniles for purposes of prostitution;

43.17 (5) for partial reimbursement of local costs associated with unanticipated, intensive,
 43.18 long-term, multijurisdictional criminal investigations that exhaust available local resources,
 43.19 except that the commissioner may not reimburse the costs of a local investigation involving
 43.20 a child who is reported to be missing and endangered unless the law enforcement agency
 43.21 complies with section 299C.53 and the agency's own investigative policy; and

43.22 (6) for partial reimbursement of local costs associated with criminal investigations into
 43.23 the activities of violent criminal gangs and gang members.

43.24 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.065, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

43.25 Subd. 1a. **Witness and victim protection fund.** (a) A witness and victim protection
 43.26 fund is created under the administration of the commissioner of public safety. The
 43.27 commissioner may make grants reimbursements to local officials to provide for the relocation
 43.28 or other protection of a victim, witness, or potential witness who is involved in a criminal
 43.29 prosecution and who the commissioner has reason to believe is or is likely to be the target
 43.30 of a violent crime or a violation of section 609.498 or 609.713, in connection with that

- 43.31 prosecution. The awarding of ~~grants~~ reimbursements under this subdivision is not limited
 43.32 to the crimes and investigations described in subdivision 1.
- 44.1 (b) The commissioner may award ~~grants~~ reimbursements for any of the following actions
 44.2 in connection with the protection of a witness or victim under this subdivision:
- 44.3 (1) to provide suitable documents to enable the person to establish a new identity or
 44.4 otherwise protect the person;
- 44.5 (2) to provide housing for the person;
- 44.6 (3) to provide for the transportation of household furniture and other personal property
 44.7 to the person's new residence;
- 44.8 (4) to provide the person with a payment to meet basic living expenses for a time period
 44.9 the commissioner deems necessary;
- 44.10 (5) to assist the person in obtaining employment; and
- 44.11 (6) to provide other services necessary to assist the person in becoming self-sustaining.
- 44.12 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.065, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 44.13 Subd. 2. **Application for grant reimbursement.** A county sheriff or the chief
 44.14 administrative officer of a municipal police department may apply to the commissioner of
 44.15 public safety for a ~~grant~~ reimbursement for any of the purposes described in subdivision 1
 44.16 or 1a, on forms and pursuant to procedures developed by the superintendent. For ~~grants~~
 44.17 reimbursements under subdivision 1, the application shall describe the type of intended
 44.18 criminal investigation, an estimate of the amount of money required, and any other
 44.19 information the superintendent deems necessary.
- 44.20 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 44.21 Subd. 3. **Investigation report.** A report shall be made to the commissioner at the
 44.22 conclusion of an investigation for which a ~~grant~~ reimbursement was made under subdivision
 44.23 1 stating (1) the number of persons arrested, (2) the nature of charges filed against them,
 44.24 (3) the nature and value of controlled substances or contraband purchased or seized, (4) the
 44.25 amount of money paid to informants during the investigation, and (5) a separate accounting
 44.26 of the amount of money spent for expenses, other than "buy money," of bureau and local
 44.27 law enforcement personnel during the investigation. The commissioner shall prepare and
 44.28 submit to the chairs of the committees in the senate and house of representatives with
 44.29 jurisdiction over criminal justice policy by January 1 of each even-numbered year a report
 44.30 of investigations receiving ~~grants~~ reimbursements under subdivision 1.
- 45.1 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.065, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- 45.2 Subd. 3a. **Accounting report.** The head of a law enforcement agency that receives a
 45.3 ~~grant~~ reimbursement under subdivision 1a shall file a report with the commissioner at the
 45.4 conclusion of the case detailing the specific purposes for which the money was spent. The

45.5 commissioner shall prepare and submit to the chairs of the committees in the senate and
 45.6 house of representatives with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy by January 1 of each
 45.7 even-numbered year a summary report of witness assistance services provided under this
 45.8 section.

52.6 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 388.23, subdivision 1, is amended
 52.7 to read:

52.8 Subdivision 1. **Authority.** (a) The county attorney, or any deputy or assistant county
 52.9 attorney whom the county attorney authorizes in writing, has the authority to subpoena and
 52.10 require the production of:

52.11 (1) any records of:

52.12 (i) telephone companies, cellular phone companies, paging companies, and subscribers
 52.13 of private computer networks including Internet service providers or computer bulletin
 52.14 board systems;

52.15 (ii) electric companies, gas companies, and water utilities;

52.16 (iii) chemical suppliers;

52.17 (iv) hotels and motels;

52.18 (v) pawn shops;

52.19 (vi) airlines, buses, taxis, and other entities engaged in the business of transporting
 52.20 people; and

52.21 (vii) freight companies, warehousing companies, self-service storage facilities, package
 52.22 delivery companies, and other entities engaged in the businesses of transport, storage, or
 52.23 delivery;

52.24 (2) books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, agreements, and other documents or
 52.25 records related to a law enforcement investigation of financial crimes and fraud, including
 52.26 but not limited to fraud involving state funded or administered programs or services as
 52.27 defined in section 299C.061, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and insurance fraud in violation
 52.28 of section 609.611;

52.29 ~~(2)~~ (3) records of the existence of safe deposit box account numbers and customer savings
 52.30 and checking account numbers maintained by financial institutions and safe deposit
 52.31 companies;

53.1 ~~(3)~~ (4) insurance records relating to the monetary payment or settlement of claims;

53.2 ~~(4)~~ (5) the banking, credit card, and financial records of a subject of an identity theft
 53.3 investigation or a vulnerable adult, whether held in the name of the vulnerable adult or a
 53.4 third party, including but not limited to safe deposit, loan and account applications and

18.18 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 518B.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

18.19 Subd. 2. **Standards for domestic abuse counseling programs and domestic abuse**

18.20 **educational programs.** (a) Domestic abuse counseling or educational programs that provide

18.21 group or class sessions for court-ordered domestic abuse offenders must provide

18.22 documentation to the probation department or the court on program policies and how the

18.23 program meets the criteria contained in paragraphs (b) to (l).

18.24 (b) Programs shall require offenders and abusing parties to attend a minimum of 24

18.25 sessions or 36 hours of programming, unless a probation agent has recommended fewer

18.26 sessions. The documentation provided to the probation department or the court must specify

18.27 the length of the program that offenders are required to complete.

18.28 (c) Programs must have a written policy requiring that counselors and facilitators report

18.29 to the court and to the offender's probation or corrections officer any threats of violence

18.30 made by the offender or abusing party, acts of violence by the offender or abusing party,

18.31 violation of court orders by the offender or abusing party, and violation of program rules

53.5 agreements, signature cards, statements, checks, transfers, account authorizations, safe

53.6 deposit access records and documentation of fraud;

53.7 ~~(5)~~ (6) wage and employment records of an applicant or recipient of public assistance

53.8 who is the subject of a welfare fraud investigation relating to eligibility information for

53.9 public assistance programs; and

53.10 ~~(6)~~ (7) any of the following records of an employer or business entity who is the subject

53.11 of or has information related to a wage theft investigation:

53.12 (i) accounting and financial records such as books, registers, payrolls, banking records,

53.13 credit card records, securities records, and records of money transfers;

53.14 (ii) records required to be kept pursuant to section 177.30, paragraph (a); and

53.15 (iii) other records that in any way relate to wages or other income paid, hours worked,

53.16 and other conditions of employment of any employee or of work performed by persons

53.17 identified as independent contractors, and records of any payments to contractors, and

53.18 records of workers' compensation insurance.

53.19 (b) Subpoenas may only be issued for records that are relevant to an ongoing legitimate

53.20 law enforcement investigation. Administrative subpoenas may only be issued in wage theft,

53.21 welfare fraud, ~~and~~ identity theft cases, and cases related to a law enforcement investigation

53.22 of financial crimes and fraud if there is probable cause to believe a crime has been committed.

53.23 (c) This subdivision applies only to the records of business entities and does not extend

53.24 to private individuals or their dwellings.

53.25 (d) As used in this subdivision, "business entity" has the meaning given in section

53.26 308B.005.

53.27 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 518B.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

53.28 Subd. 2. **Standards for domestic abuse counseling programs and domestic abuse**

53.29 **educational programs.** (a) Domestic abuse counseling or educational programs that provide

53.30 group or class sessions for court-ordered domestic abuse offenders must provide

53.31 documentation to the probation department or the court on program policies and how the

53.32 program meets the criteria contained in paragraphs (b) to (l).

54.1 (b) Programs shall require offenders and abusing parties to attend a minimum of 24

54.2 sessions or 36 hours of programming, unless a probation agent has recommended fewer

54.3 sessions. The documentation provided to the probation department or the court must specify

54.4 the length of the program that offenders are required to complete.

54.5 (c) Programs must have a written policy requiring that counselors and facilitators report

54.6 to the court and to the offender's probation or corrections officer any threats of violence

54.7 made by the offender or abusing party, acts of violence by the offender or abusing party,

54.8 violation of court orders by the offender or abusing party, and violation of program rules

18.32 that resulted in the offender's or abusing party's termination from the program. Programs
 19.1 shall have written policies requiring that counselors and facilitators hold offenders and
 19.2 abusing parties solely responsible for their behavior.

19.3 Programs shall have written policies requiring that counselors and facilitators be violence
 19.4 free in their own lives.

19.5 (d) Each program shall conduct an intake process with each offender or abusing party.
 19.6 This intake process shall look for chemical dependency problems and possible risks the
 19.7 offender or abusing party might pose to self or others. The program must have policies
 19.8 regarding referral of a chemically dependent offender or abusing party to a chemical
 19.9 dependency treatment center. If the offender or abusing party poses a risk to self or others,
 19.10 the program shall report this information to the court, the probation or corrections officer,
 19.11 and the victim.

19.12 (e) If the offender or abusing party is reported back to the court or is terminated from
 19.13 the program, the program shall notify the victim of the circumstances unless the victim
 19.14 requests otherwise.

19.15 (f) Programs shall require court-ordered offenders and abusing parties to sign a release
 19.16 of information authorizing communication regarding the offender's or abusing party's
 19.17 progress in the program to the court, the offender's probation or corrections officer, other
 19.18 providers, and the victim. The offender or abusing party may not enter the program if the
 19.19 offender does not sign a release.

19.20 (g) If a counselor or facilitator contacts the victim, the counselor or facilitator must not
 19.21 elicit any information that the victim does not want to provide. A counselor or facilitator
 19.22 who contacts a victim shall (1) notify the victim of the right not to provide any information,
 19.23 (2) notify the victim of how any information provided will be used and with whom it will
 19.24 be shared, and (3) obtain the victim's permission before eliciting information from the victim
 19.25 or sharing information with anyone other than staff of the counseling program.

19.26 Programs shall have written policies requiring that counselors and facilitators inform
 19.27 victims of the confidentiality of information as provided by this subdivision. Programs must
 19.28 maintain separate files for information pertaining to the offender or abusing party and to
 19.29 the victim.

19.30 If a counselor or facilitator contacts a victim, the counselor or facilitator shall provide
 19.31 the victim with referral information for support services.

19.32 (h) Programs shall have written policies forbidding program staff from disclosing any
 19.33 confidential communication made by the offender or abusing party without the consent of
 20.1 the offender or abusing party, except that programs must warn a potential victim of imminent
 20.2 danger based upon information provided by an offender or abusing party.

20.3 (i) The counseling program or educational program must provide services in a group
 20.4 setting, unless the offender or abusing party would be inappropriate in a group setting.

54.9 that resulted in the offender's or abusing party's termination from the program. Programs
 54.10 shall have written policies requiring that counselors and facilitators hold offenders and
 54.11 abusing parties solely responsible for their behavior.

54.12 Programs shall have written policies requiring that counselors and facilitators be violence
 54.13 free in their own lives.

54.14 (d) Each program shall conduct an intake process with each offender or abusing party.
 54.15 This intake process shall look for chemical dependency problems and possible risks the
 54.16 offender or abusing party might pose to self or others. The program must have policies
 54.17 regarding referral of a chemically dependent offender or abusing party to a chemical
 54.18 dependency treatment center. If the offender or abusing party poses a risk to self or others,
 54.19 the program shall report this information to the court, the probation or corrections officer,
 54.20 and the victim.

54.21 (e) If the offender or abusing party is reported back to the court or is terminated from
 54.22 the program, the program shall notify the victim of the circumstances unless the victim
 54.23 requests otherwise.

54.24 (f) Programs shall require court-ordered offenders and abusing parties to sign a release
 54.25 of information authorizing communication regarding the offender's or abusing party's
 54.26 progress in the program to the court, the offender's probation or corrections officer, other
 54.27 providers, and the victim. The offender or abusing party may not enter the program if the
 54.28 offender does not sign a release.

54.29 (g) If a counselor or facilitator contacts the victim, the counselor or facilitator must not
 54.30 elicit any information that the victim does not want to provide. A counselor or facilitator
 54.31 who contacts a victim shall (1) notify the victim of the right not to provide any information,
 54.32 (2) notify the victim of how any information provided will be used and with whom it will
 54.33 be shared, and (3) obtain the victim's permission before eliciting information from the victim
 54.34 or sharing information with anyone other than staff of the counseling program.

55.1 Programs shall have written policies requiring that counselors and facilitators inform
 55.2 victims of the confidentiality of information as provided by this subdivision. Programs must
 55.3 maintain separate files for information pertaining to the offender or abusing party and to
 55.4 the victim.

55.5 If a counselor or facilitator contacts a victim, the counselor or facilitator shall provide
 55.6 the victim with referral information for support services.

55.7 (h) Programs shall have written policies forbidding program staff from disclosing any
 55.8 confidential communication made by the offender or abusing party without the consent of
 55.9 the offender or abusing party, except that programs must warn a potential victim of imminent
 55.10 danger based upon information provided by an offender or abusing party.

55.11 (i) The counseling program or educational program must provide services in a group
 55.12 setting, unless the offender or abusing party would be inappropriate in a group setting.

20.5 Programs must provide separate sessions for male and female offenders and abusing
 20.6 parties.

20.7 (j) Programs shall have written policies forbidding program staff from offering or
 20.8 referring marriage or couples counseling until the offender or abusing party has completed
 20.9 a domestic abuse counseling program or educational program for the minimum number of
 20.10 court-ordered sessions and the counselor or facilitator reasonably believes that the violence,
 20.11 intimidation, and coercion has ceased and the victim feels safe to participate.

20.12 (k) Programs must have written policies requiring that the counselor or facilitator report
 20.13 when the court-ordered offender or abusing party has completed the program to the court
 20.14 and the offender's probation or corrections officer.

20.15 (l) Programs must have written policies to coordinate with the court, probation and
 20.16 corrections officers, ~~battered women's and~~ domestic abuse programs, child protection
 20.17 services, and other providers on promotion of victim safety and offender accountability.

20.18 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 609.101, subdivision 2, is amended
 20.19 to read:

20.20 Subd. 2. **Minimum fines.** Notwithstanding any other law, when a court sentences a
 20.21 person convicted of violating section 609.221, 609.222, 609.223, 609.2231, 609.224,
 20.22 609.2242, 609.267, 609.2671, 609.2672, 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, or 609.345, it must
 20.23 impose a fine of not less than 30 percent of the maximum fine authorized by law nor more
 20.24 than the maximum fine authorized by law.

20.25 The court shall collect the portion of the fine mandated by this subdivision and forward
 20.26 70 percent of it to a local victim assistance program that provides services locally in the
 20.27 county in which the crime was committed. The court shall forward the remaining 30 percent
 20.28 to the commissioner of management and budget to be credited to the general fund. If more
 20.29 than one victim assistance program serves the county in which the crime was committed,
 20.30 the court may designate on a case-by-case basis which program will receive the fine proceeds,
 20.31 giving consideration to the nature of the crime committed, the types of victims served by
 20.32 the program, and the funding needs of the program. If no victim assistance program serves
 20.33 that county, the court shall forward 100 percent of the fine proceeds to the commissioner
 21.1 of management and budget to be credited to the general fund. Fine proceeds received by a
 21.2 local victim assistance program must be used to provide direct services to crime victims.

21.3 The minimum fine required by this subdivision is in addition to the surcharge or
 21.4 assessment required by section 357.021, subdivision 6, and is in addition to any sentence
 21.5 of imprisonment or restitution imposed or ordered by the court.

21.6 As used in this subdivision, "victim assistance program" means victim witness programs
 21.7 within county attorney offices or any of the following programs: crime victim crisis centers,
 21.8 victim-witness programs, domestic abuse ~~victim~~ shelters and nonshelter programs, sexual
 21.9 assault programs, and children's advocacy centers as defined in section 260E.02, subdivision
 21.10 5.

55.13 Programs must provide separate sessions for male and female offenders and abusing
 55.14 parties.

55.15 (j) Programs shall have written policies forbidding program staff from offering or
 55.16 referring marriage or couples counseling until the offender or abusing party has completed
 55.17 a domestic abuse counseling program or educational program for the minimum number of
 55.18 court-ordered sessions and the counselor or facilitator reasonably believes that the violence,
 55.19 intimidation, and coercion has ceased and the victim feels safe to participate.

55.20 (k) Programs must have written policies requiring that the counselor or facilitator report
 55.21 when the court-ordered offender or abusing party has completed the program to the court
 55.22 and the offender's probation or corrections officer.

55.23 (l) Programs must have written policies to coordinate with the court, probation and
 55.24 corrections officers, ~~battered women's and~~ domestic abuse programs, child protection
 55.25 services, and other providers on promotion of victim safety and offender accountability.

55.26 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 609.101, subdivision 2, is amended
 55.27 to read:

55.28 Subd. 2. **Minimum fines.** Notwithstanding any other law, when a court sentences a
 55.29 person convicted of violating section 609.221, 609.222, 609.223, 609.2231, 609.224,
 55.30 609.2242, 609.267, 609.2671, 609.2672, 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, or 609.345, it must
 55.31 impose a fine of not less than 30 percent of the maximum fine authorized by law nor more
 55.32 than the maximum fine authorized by law.

56.1 The court shall collect the portion of the fine mandated by this subdivision and forward
 56.2 70 percent of it to a local victim assistance program that provides services locally in the
 56.3 county in which the crime was committed. The court shall forward the remaining 30 percent
 56.4 to the commissioner of management and budget to be credited to the general fund. If more
 56.5 than one victim assistance program serves the county in which the crime was committed,
 56.6 the court may designate on a case-by-case basis which program will receive the fine proceeds,
 56.7 giving consideration to the nature of the crime committed, the types of victims served by
 56.8 the program, and the funding needs of the program. If no victim assistance program serves
 56.9 that county, the court shall forward 100 percent of the fine proceeds to the commissioner
 56.10 of management and budget to be credited to the general fund. Fine proceeds received by a
 56.11 local victim assistance program must be used to provide direct services to crime victims.

56.12 The minimum fine required by this subdivision is in addition to the surcharge or
 56.13 assessment required by section 357.021, subdivision 6, and is in addition to any sentence
 56.14 of imprisonment or restitution imposed or ordered by the court.

56.15 As used in this subdivision, "victim assistance program" means victim witness programs
 56.16 within county attorney offices or any of the following programs: crime victim crisis centers,
 56.17 victim-witness programs, domestic abuse ~~victim~~ shelters and nonshelter programs, sexual
 56.18 assault programs, and children's advocacy centers as defined in section 260E.02, subdivision
 56.19 5.

21.11 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.605, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

21.12 Subd. 2. **Gross misdemeanor.** Whoever trespasses upon the grounds of a facility

21.13 providing emergency shelter services for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims, as defined

21.14 under section 611A.31, subdivision 3, or providing comparable services for sex trafficking

21.15 victims, as defined under section 609.321, subdivision 7b, or of a facility providing

21.16 transitional housing for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims and their children or sex

21.17 trafficking victims and their children, without claim of right or consent of one who has right

21.18 to give consent, and refuses to depart from the grounds of the facility on demand of one

21.19 who has right to give consent, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

21.20 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.7495, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

21.21 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the following terms have

21.22 the meanings given ~~them~~.

21.23 (a) "Facility" means any of the following:

21.24 (1) a hospital or other health institution licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56;

21.25 (2) a medical facility as defined in section 144.561;

21.26 (3) an agency, clinic, or office operated under the direction of or under contract with the

21.27 commissioner of health or a community health board, as defined in section 145A.02;

57.28 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.19, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

57.29 Subd. 2. **Unintentional murders.** Whoever does either of the following is guilty of

57.30 unintentional murder in the second degree and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not

57.31 more than 40 years:

58.1 (1) causes the death of a human being, without intent to effect the death of any person,

58.2 while committing or attempting to commit a felony offense other than criminal sexual

58.3 conduct in the first or second degree with force or violence or a drive-by shooting; or

58.4 (2) causes the death of a human being without intent to effect the death of any person,

58.5 while intentionally inflicting or attempting to inflict bodily harm upon the victim, when the

58.6 perpetrator is restrained under an order for protection and the victim is a person designated

58.7 to receive protection under the order. As used in this clause, "order for protection" includes

58.8 an order for protection issued under chapter 518B; a harassment restraining order issued

58.9 under section 609.748; a court order setting conditions of pretrial release or conditions of

58.10 a criminal sentence or juvenile court disposition; a restraining order issued in a marriage

58.11 dissolution action; and any order issued by a court of another state ~~or of~~ the United States,

58.12 the District of Columbia, Tribal lands, United States territories, Canada, or a Canadian

58.13 province that is similar to any of these orders.

58.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes

58.15 committed on or after that date.

63.13 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.605, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

63.14 Subd. 2. **Gross misdemeanor.** Whoever trespasses upon the grounds of a facility

63.15 providing emergency shelter services for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims, as defined

63.16 under section 611A.31, subdivision 3, or providing comparable services for sex trafficking

63.17 victims, as defined under section 609.321, subdivision 7b, or of a facility providing

63.18 transitional housing for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims and their children or sex

63.19 trafficking victims and their children, without claim of right or consent of one who has right

63.20 to give consent, and refuses to depart from the grounds of the facility on demand of one

63.21 who has right to give consent, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

63.22 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.7495, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

63.23 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the following terms have

63.24 the meanings given ~~them~~.

63.25 (a) "Facility" means any of the following:

63.26 (1) a hospital or other health institution licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56;

63.27 (2) a medical facility as defined in section 144.561;

63.28 (3) an agency, clinic, or office operated under the direction of or under contract with the

63.29 commissioner of health or a community health board, as defined in section 145A.02;

- 21.28 (4) a facility providing counseling regarding options for medical services or recovery
21.29 from an addiction;
- 22.1 (5) a facility providing emergency shelter services for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse
22.2 victims, as defined in section 611A.31, subdivision 3, or a facility providing transitional
22.3 housing for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims and their children;
- 22.4 (6) a facility as defined in section 260E.03, subdivision 6;
- 22.5 (7) a facility as defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 6, where the services described
22.6 in that paragraph are provided;
- 22.7 (8) a place to or from which ambulance service, as defined in section 144E.001, is
22.8 provided or sought to be provided; and
- 22.9 (9) a hospice provider licensed under section 144A.753.
- 22.10 (b) "Aggrieved party" means a person whose access to or egress from a facility is
22.11 obstructed in violation of subdivision 2, or the facility.

- 63.30 (4) a facility providing counseling regarding options for medical services or recovery
63.31 from an addiction;
- 64.1 (5) a facility providing emergency shelter services for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse
64.2 victims, as defined in section 611A.31, subdivision 3, or a facility providing transitional
64.3 housing for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims and their children;
- 64.4 (6) a facility as defined in section 260E.03, subdivision 6;
- 64.5 (7) a facility as defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 6, where the services described
64.6 in that paragraph are provided;
- 64.7 (8) a place to or from which ambulance service, as defined in section 144E.001, is
64.8 provided or sought to be provided; and
- 64.9 (9) a hospice provider licensed under section 144A.753.
- 64.10 (b) "Aggrieved party" means a person whose access to or egress from a facility is
64.11 obstructed in violation of subdivision 2, or the facility.
- 64.12 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 64.13 Subd. 3. **What are not bets.** The following are not bets:
- 64.14 (1) a contract to insure, indemnify, guarantee or otherwise compensate another for a
64.15 harm or loss sustained, even though the loss depends upon chance;
- 64.16 (2) a contract for the purchase or sale at a future date of securities or other commodities,
64.17 except as provided in section 609.7615;
- 64.18 (3) offers of purses, prizes or premiums to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest
64.19 for the determination of skill, speed, strength, endurance, or quality or to the bona fide
64.20 owners of animals or other property entered in such a contest;
- 64.21 (4) the game of bingo when conducted in compliance with sections 349.11 to 349.23;
- 64.22 (5) a private social bet not part of or incidental to organized, commercialized, or
64.23 systematic gambling;
- 64.24 (6) the operation of equipment or the conduct of a raffle under sections 349.11 to 349.22,
64.25 by an organization licensed by the Gambling Control Board or an organization exempt from
64.26 licensing under section 349.166;
- 64.27 (7) pari-mutuel betting on horse racing when the betting is conducted under chapter 240;
64.28 **and**
- 64.29 (8) the purchase and sale of State Lottery tickets under chapter 349A.
- 64.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026.

- 65.1 Sec. 75. **[609.7615] PREDICTION MARKETS.**
- 65.2 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
- 65.3 meanings given.
- 65.4 (b) "Athletic event" means a sports game, match, or activity, or series of games, matches,
- 65.5 activities, or tournaments involving the physical proficiency of one or more players or
- 65.6 participants. Athletic event includes horse racing as defined in section 240.01, subdivision
- 65.7 8.
- 65.8 (c) "Esports event" means a competition between individuals or teams using video games
- 65.9 in a game, match, contest, or series of games, matches, or contests, or a tournament, or by
- 65.10 a person or team against a specified measure of performance which is hosted at a physical
- 65.11 location or online.
- 65.12 (d) "Game of skill" means a game, match, or tournament, or a series of games, matches,
- 65.13 and tournaments involving the dexterity or mental skill of one or more players or participants.
- 65.14 Game of skill includes an esports event.
- 65.15 (e) "Prediction market" means a system that allows consumers to place a wager on the
- 65.16 future outcome of a specified event that is not determined or affected by the performance
- 65.17 of the parties to the contract, including but not limited to:
- 65.18 (1) an athletic event or game of skill, or portions thereof or individual performance
- 65.19 statistics therein;
- 65.20 (2) any game played with cards, dice, equipment, or any mechanical or electronic device
- 65.21 or machine;
- 65.22 (3) war, state or national emergencies, natural or human-made disasters, mass shootings,
- 65.23 acts of terrorism, or public health crises, or the ancillary effects thereof;
- 65.24 (4) any event or events happening to a natural person or group of people;
- 65.25 (5) a federal, state, or local election, or the actions or conduct of the federal, state, or
- 65.26 local government and the government's agencies, employees, and officers;
- 65.27 (6) legal actions, including but not limited to a civil or criminal suit, grand jury action,
- 65.28 jury trial, settlement, plea, or conviction;
- 65.29 (7) the death, assassination, or attempted killing of a person or group of persons, or mass
- 65.30 casualty events;
- 65.31 (8) the weather;
- 66.1 (9) events in popular culture, including but not limited to awards and the date a piece
- 66.2 of entertainment will be released; and
- 66.3 (10) whether a person will make a particular statement.

- 66.4 (f) "Wager" means a contract, including a prediction market contract, whereby the parties
 66.5 to the contract agree to a gain or loss by one to the other of money, property, or benefit.
- 66.6 Subd. 2. **Prediction markets; hosting prohibited.** A person is guilty of a felony if the
 66.7 person, for consideration and as part of a business:
- 66.8 (1) creates a prediction market;
- 66.9 (2) operates, manages, or controls a platform or system intending that consumers will
 66.10 use the platform or system to make wagers in a prediction market;
- 66.11 (3) intentionally facilitates the operation of a prediction market by:
- 66.12 (i) identifying or listing events knowing the events will be used by consumers to make
 66.13 wagers;
- 66.14 (ii) accepting, holding, or directing the disposition of funds or other things of value for
 66.15 the purpose of allowing consumers to make wagers or to settle wagers made by consumers;
- 66.16 (iii) determining, administering, or enforcing the terms, pricing, or settlement of wagers
 66.17 made by consumers;
- 66.18 (iv) regularly or continuously acting as a counterparty to wagers made by consumers by
 66.19 entering into a wager, offering to enter into a wager, or taking a temporary position in a
 66.20 wager that may be replaced by a different consumer; or
- 66.21 (v) setting or adjusting the prices, odds, or terms that apply to wagers entered into by
 66.22 consumers;
- 66.23 (4) provides data, information, or verification services, including the provision of event
 66.24 outcomes, directly to a prediction market knowing that the data, information, or verification
 66.25 services will be used to allow consumers to make wagers or to settle wagers made by
 66.26 consumers; or
- 66.27 (5) provides supportive services to a prediction market or consumer knowing that the
 66.28 services will be used to identify a consumer's location, transfer funds, or make or process
 66.29 payments for the purpose of allowing consumers to make wagers or to settle wagers made
 66.30 by consumers.
- 67.1 Subd. 3. **Prediction markets; advertising prohibited.** Whoever advertises or markets
 67.2 financial or technological products that promote transactions prohibited under this section
 67.3 is guilty of a felony.
- 67.4 Subd. 4. **Exceptions.** Subdivision 2 does not apply to:
- 67.5 (1) activities that are not bets under section 609.75, subdivision 3; and
- 67.6 (2) contracts authorized and regulated under chapters 59A to 79A.

22.12 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.31, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

22.13 Subd. 5. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department
22.14 of ~~Corrections~~ Public Safety or a designee.

67.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
67.8 committed on or after that date.

72.23 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.31, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

72.24 Subd. 5. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department
72.25 of ~~Corrections~~ Public Safety or a designee.

74.10 Sec. 85. **[626.745] USE OF CHEMICAL IRRITANTS; DISCLOSURE REQUIRED.**

74.11 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "building" has the meaning given
74.12 in section 609.581, subdivision 2.

74.13 Subd. 2. **Notice of use; identification of products deployed.** (a) Notwithstanding any
74.14 data classification under chapter 13, a peace officer, law enforcement agency, and local unit
74.15 of government must provide information about the use of any chemical irritant, smoke
74.16 screen, or diversionary device deployed within a building as required under this section.

74.17 (b) A peace officer from a law enforcement agency that deploys a chemical irritant
74.18 within a building, or an officer from the lead law enforcement agency if officers from
74.19 multiple agencies deploy chemical irritants, must provide notice of the deployment to the
74.20 owner of the building and, if the building is a private residence, the occupant of the residence.
74.21 If the building contains two or more dwelling units, the peace officer must notify the occupant
74.22 of any unit in which a chemical irritant was deployed. A peace officer may notify the
74.23 occupant of any other unit. A peace officer may provide notice by giving a building owner
74.24 or occupant the standard form created by the commissioner of public safety, leaving the
74.25 form in a place where it is likely to be seen by a building owner or occupant, or providing
74.26 the information contained in the form orally or in another format.

74.27 (c) Upon request, the law enforcement agency or local government unit that employs a
74.28 peace officer who deployed a chemical irritant, smoke screen, or diversionary device within
74.29 a building must disclose information about the products deployed to:

74.30 (1) the building owner;

74.31 (2) any tenant in the building;

74.32 (3) any applicable insurer; and

75.1 (4) any person retained to provide cleaning or other remediation services related to the
75.2 deployment of chemical irritants, smoke screens, or diversionary devices.

75.3 (d) Information about any products deployed within a building must include the name,
75.4 product number, and total number of all chemical irritants, smoke screens, and diversionary
75.5 devices deployed by a peace officer employed by the law enforcement agency or local
75.6 government unit.

75.7 (e) If officers from multiple law enforcement agencies deployed chemical irritants,
75.8 smoke screens, or diversionary devices, the lead law enforcement agency must identify the

22.15 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

22.16 Subd. 2a. **Electronic monitoring; condition of pretrial release.** (a) Until the

22.17 commissioner of corrections has adopted standards governing electronic monitoring devices

22.18 used to protect victims of domestic abuse, the court, as a condition of release, may not order

22.19 a person arrested for a crime described in section 609.135, subdivision 5a, paragraph (b),

22.20 to use an electronic monitoring device to protect a victim's safety.

22.21 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the chief judge of a judicial district may appoint and

22.22 convene an advisory group comprised of representatives from law enforcement, prosecutors,

22.23 defense attorneys, corrections, court administrators, judges, and ~~battered women's domestic~~

22.24 abuse organizations to develop standards for the use of electronic monitoring and global

22.25 positioning system devices to protect victims of domestic abuse and for evaluating the

22.26 effectiveness of electronic monitoring. After the advisory group does this, the chief judge,

22.27 in consultation with the advisory group, may conduct a pilot project for implementation of

22.28 the electronic monitoring standards. A judicial district that conducts a pilot project shall

22.29 report on the standards and the pilot project to the chairs and ranking minority members of

22.30 the senate and house of representatives committees having jurisdiction over criminal justice

22.31 policy and the state court administrator's office.

23.1 Sec. 26. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

23.2 The revisor of statutes must change the term "battered women" to "domestic abuse

23.3 victims" or a similar term wherever the term or similar terms appear in Minnesota Statutes.

23.4 The revisor must make any necessary grammatical changes or changes to sentence structure

23.5 necessary to preserve the meaning of the text as a result of the changes.

75.9 other law enforcement agencies involved when responding to a request described in paragraph

75.10 (c).

75.11 Subd. 3. **Standard form.** (a) The commissioner of public safety must create a standard

75.12 notification form for use by peace officers and law enforcement agencies. At a minimum,

75.13 the form must state that:

75.14 (1) a chemical irritant was deployed within the building;

75.15 (2) specialized cleanup or treatment of the building may be appropriate; and

75.16 (3) the building owner or occupant may contact the law enforcement agency or local

75.17 government unit that employs the peace officer for more information about what substance

75.18 was deployed in the building.

75.19 (b) The commissioner must provide the standard form to law enforcement agencies and

75.20 local government units upon request and at no cost.

81.11 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

81.12 Subd. 2a. **Electronic monitoring; condition of pretrial release.** (a) Until the

81.13 commissioner of corrections has adopted standards governing electronic monitoring devices

81.14 used to protect victims of domestic abuse, the court, as a condition of release, may not order

81.15 a person arrested for a crime described in section 609.135, subdivision 5a, paragraph (b),

81.16 to use an electronic monitoring device to protect a victim's safety.

81.17 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the chief judge of a judicial district may appoint and

81.18 convene an advisory group comprised of representatives from law enforcement, prosecutors,

81.19 defense attorneys, corrections, court administrators, judges, and ~~battered women's domestic~~

81.20 abuse organizations to develop standards for the use of electronic monitoring and global

81.21 positioning system devices to protect victims of domestic abuse and for evaluating the

81.22 effectiveness of electronic monitoring. After the advisory group does this, the chief judge,

81.23 in consultation with the advisory group, may conduct a pilot project for implementation of

81.24 the electronic monitoring standards. A judicial district that conducts a pilot project shall

81.25 report on the standards and the pilot project to the chairs and ranking minority members of

81.26 the senate and house of representatives committees having jurisdiction over criminal justice

81.27 policy and the state court administrator's office.

83.1 Sec. 94. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

83.2 The revisor of statutes must change the term "battered women" to "domestic abuse

83.3 victims" or a similar term wherever the term or similar terms appear in Minnesota Statutes.

83.4 The revisor must make any necessary grammatical changes or changes to sentence structure

83.5 necessary to preserve the meaning of the text as a result of the changes.

23.6

ARTICLE 2

23.7

CRIME VICTIMS

23.8 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.133, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

23.9 Subd. 4. **Petition; contents; fee.** (a) A prosecutor's petition for sentence adjustment
23.10 shall be filed in the district court where the individual was convicted and include the
23.11 following:

23.12 (1) the full name of the individual on whose behalf the petition is being brought and, to
23.13 the extent possible, all other legal names or aliases by which the individual has been known
23.14 at any time;

23.15 (2) the individual's date of birth;

23.16 (3) the individual's address;

23.17 (4) a brief statement of the reason the prosecutor is seeking a sentence adjustment for
23.18 the individual;

23.19 (5) the details of the offense for which an adjustment is sought, including:

23.20 (i) the date and jurisdiction of the occurrence;

23.21 (ii) ~~either the names of any victims or that there were no~~ the number of identifiable
23.22 victims;

23.23 (iii) whether there is a current order for protection, restraining order, or other no contact
23.24 order prohibiting the individual from contacting the victims or whether there has ever been
23.25 a prior order for protection or restraining order prohibiting the individual from contacting
23.26 the victims;

23.27 (iv) the court file number; and

23.28 (v) the date of conviction;

24.1 (6) what steps the individual has taken since the time of the offense toward personal
24.2 rehabilitation, including treatment, work, good conduct within correctional facilities, or
24.3 other personal history that demonstrates rehabilitation;

24.4 (7) the individual's criminal conviction record indicating all convictions for
24.5 misdemeanors, gross misdemeanors, or felonies in this state, and for all comparable
24.6 convictions in any other state, federal court, or foreign country, whether the convictions
24.7 occurred before or after the conviction for which an adjustment is sought;

24.8 (8) the individual's criminal charges record indicating all prior and pending criminal
24.9 charges against the individual in this state or another jurisdiction, including all criminal
24.10 charges that have been continued for dismissal, stayed for adjudication, or were the subject
24.11 of pretrial diversion; and

56.20 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.133, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

56.21 Subd. 4. **Petition; contents; fee.** (a) A prosecutor's petition for sentence adjustment
56.22 shall be filed in the district court where the individual was convicted and include the
56.23 following:

56.24 (1) the full name of the individual on whose behalf the petition is being brought and, to
56.25 the extent possible, all other legal names or aliases by which the individual has been known
56.26 at any time;

56.27 (2) the individual's date of birth;

56.28 (3) the individual's address;

56.29 (4) a brief statement of the reason the prosecutor is seeking a sentence adjustment for
56.30 the individual;

56.31 (5) the details of the offense for which an adjustment is sought, including:

56.32 (i) the date and jurisdiction of the occurrence;

57.1 (ii) ~~either the names of any victims or that there were no~~ the number of identifiable
57.2 victims;

57.3 (iii) whether there is a current order for protection, restraining order, or other no contact
57.4 order prohibiting the individual from contacting the victims or whether there has ever been
57.5 a prior order for protection or restraining order prohibiting the individual from contacting
57.6 the victims;

57.7 (iv) the court file number; and

57.8 (v) the date of conviction;

57.9 (6) what steps the individual has taken since the time of the offense toward personal
57.10 rehabilitation, including treatment, work, good conduct within correctional facilities, or
57.11 other personal history that demonstrates rehabilitation;

57.12 (7) the individual's criminal conviction record indicating all convictions for
57.13 misdemeanors, gross misdemeanors, or felonies in this state, and for all comparable
57.14 convictions in any other state, federal court, or foreign country, whether the convictions
57.15 occurred before or after the conviction for which an adjustment is sought;

57.16 (8) the individual's criminal charges record indicating all prior and pending criminal
57.17 charges against the individual in this state or another jurisdiction, including all criminal
57.18 charges that have been continued for dismissal, stayed for adjudication, or were the subject
57.19 of pretrial diversion; and

24.12 (9) to the extent known, all prior requests by the individual, whether for the present
 24.13 offense or for any other offenses in this state or any other state or federal court, for pardon,
 24.14 return of arrest records, or expungement or sealing of a criminal record, whether granted
 24.15 or not, and all stays of adjudication or imposition of sentence involving the petitioner.

24.16 (b) The filing fee for a petition brought under this section shall be waived.

24.17 (c) Notwithstanding chapter 13 or any other statute related to the classification of
 24.18 government data, a supervising agent or the commissioner of corrections may provide private
 24.19 or confidential data to a prosecutor for purposes of a petition for sentence adjustment.

24.20 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.3471, is amended to read:

24.21 **609.3471 RECORDS PERTAINING TO VICTIM IDENTITY CONFIDENTIAL.**

24.22 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no data contained in records or
 24.23 reports relating to petitions, complaints, or indictments issued pursuant to section 609.322,
 24.24 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3453, ~~or~~ 609.3458, or 617.246, which specifically
 24.25 identifies a victim who is a minor shall be accessible to the public, except by order of the
 24.26 court. Nothing in this section authorizes denial of access to any other data contained in the
 24.27 records or reports, including the identity of the defendant.

24.28 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

24.29 Subdivision 1. **Plea agreements; notification of victim.** Prior to the entry of the factual
 24.30 basis for a plea pursuant to a plea agreement recommendation, a prosecuting attorney shall
 24.31 make a reasonable and good faith effort to inform the victim of:

25.1 (1) the contents of the plea agreement recommendation, including the amount of time
 25.2 recommended for the defendant to serve in jail or prison if the court accepts the agreement;

25.3 (2) the right to be present at the sentencing hearing ~~and~~, to be present at the hearing
 25.4 during which the plea is presented to the court, and to express at the plea hearing orally or
 25.5 in writing, at the victim's option, any objection to the agreement or to the proposed
 25.6 disposition. If the victim is not present when the court considers the recommendation, but
 25.7 has communicated objections to the prosecuting attorney, the prosecuting attorney shall
 25.8 make these objections known to the court; and

25.9 (3) the eligibility ~~of the offense~~ for automatic expungement pursuant to section 609A.015
 25.10 of any offense pleaded to or dismissed as part of the plea agreement.

25.11 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 25.12 read:

25.13 Subd. 4. **Plea hearing.** At the hearing during which the plea is presented to the court,
 25.14 the court shall ask the prosecutor if the victim has been notified of the plea agreement
 25.15 recommendation pursuant to this section; has been notified of the plea hearing; and if the

57.20 (9) to the extent known, all prior requests by the individual, whether for the present
 57.21 offense or for any other offenses in this state or any other state or federal court, for pardon,
 57.22 return of arrest records, or expungement or sealing of a criminal record, whether granted
 57.23 or not, and all stays of adjudication or imposition of sentence involving the petitioner.

57.24 (b) The filing fee for a petition brought under this section shall be waived.

57.25 (c) Notwithstanding chapter 13 or any other statute related to the classification of
 57.26 government data, a supervising agent or the commissioner of corrections may provide private
 57.27 or confidential data to a prosecutor for purposes of a petition for sentence adjustment.

59.16 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.3471, is amended to read:

59.17 **609.3471 RECORDS PERTAINING TO VICTIM IDENTITY CONFIDENTIAL.**

59.18 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no data contained in records or
 59.19 reports relating to petitions, complaints, or indictments issued pursuant to section 609.322,
 59.20 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3453, ~~or~~ 609.3458, or 617.246, which specifically
 59.21 identifies a victim who is a minor shall be accessible to the public, except by order of the
 59.22 court. Nothing in this section authorizes denial of access to any other data contained in the
 59.23 records or reports, including the identity of the defendant.

69.4 Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

69.5 Subdivision 1. **Plea agreements; notification of victim.** Prior to the entry of the factual
 69.6 basis for a plea pursuant to a plea agreement recommendation, a prosecuting attorney shall
 69.7 make a reasonable and good faith effort to inform the victim of:

69.8 (1) the contents of the plea agreement recommendation, including the amount of time
 69.9 recommended for the defendant to serve in jail or prison if the court accepts the agreement;

69.10 (2) the right to be present at the sentencing hearing ~~and~~, to be present at the hearing
 69.11 during which the plea is presented to the court, and to express at the plea hearing orally or
 69.12 in writing, at the victim's option, any objection to the agreement or to the proposed
 69.13 disposition. If the victim is not present when the court considers the recommendation, but
 69.14 has communicated objections to the prosecuting attorney, the prosecuting attorney shall
 69.15 make these objections known to the court; and

69.16 (3) the eligibility ~~of the offense~~ for automatic expungement pursuant to section 609A.015
 69.17 of any offense pleaded to or dismissed as part of the plea agreement.

69.18 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
 69.19 to read:

69.20 Subd. 4. **Plea hearing.** At the hearing during which the plea is presented to the court,
 69.21 the court shall ask the prosecutor if the victim has been notified of the plea agreement
 69.22 recommendation pursuant to this section; has been notified of the plea hearing; and if the

25.16 victim wishes to express their objections to the plea agreement orally, in writing, or through
 25.17 the prosecutor.

25.18 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.036, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

25.19 Subd. 7. **Definition.** As used in this section, "violent crime" means a violation or attempt
 25.20 to violate any of the following: section 609.185 (murder in the first degree); 609.19 (murder
 25.21 in the second degree); 609.195 (murder in the third degree); 609.20 (manslaughter in the
 25.22 first degree); 609.205 (manslaughter in the second degree); 609.2112, 609.2113, or 609.2114
 25.23 (criminal vehicular homicide or injury); 609.221 (assault in the first degree); 609.222 (assault
 25.24 in the second degree); 609.223 (assault in the third degree); 609.2231 (assault in the fourth
 25.25 degree); 609.2241 (knowing transfer of communicable disease); 609.2242 (domestic assault);
 25.26 609.2245 (female genital mutilation); 609.2247 (domestic assault by strangulation); 609.228
 25.27 (great bodily harm caused by distribution of drugs); 609.23 (mistreatment of persons
 25.28 confined); 609.231 (mistreatment of residents or patients); 609.2325 (criminal abuse);
 25.29 609.233 (criminal neglect); 609.235 (use of drugs to injure or facilitate crime); 609.24
 25.30 (simple robbery); 609.245 (aggravated robbery); 609.247 (carjacking); 609.25 (kidnapping);
 25.31 609.255 (false imprisonment); 609.265 (abduction); 609.2661 (murder of an unborn child
 25.32 in the first degree); 609.2662 (murder of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.2663
 25.33 (murder of an unborn child in the third degree); 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child
 26.1 in the first degree); 609.2665 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the second degree);
 26.2 609.267 (assault of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2671 (assault of an unborn child
 26.3 in the second degree); 609.2672 (assault of an unborn child in the third degree); 609.268
 26.4 (injury or death of an unborn child in commission of a crime); 609.282 (labor trafficking);
 26.5 609.322 (solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution; sex trafficking); 609.342
 26.6 (criminal sexual conduct in the first degree); 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second
 26.7 degree); 609.344 (criminal sexual conduct in the third degree); 609.345 (criminal sexual
 26.8 conduct in the fourth degree); 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree);
 26.9 609.3453 (criminal sexual predatory conduct); 609.3458 (sexual extortion); 609.352
 26.10 (solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct); 609.377 (malicious punishment of a
 26.11 child); 609.378 (neglect or endangerment of a child); 609.561, subdivision 1 (arson in the
 26.12 first degree; dwelling); 609.582, subdivision 1, paragraph (a) or (c) (burglary in the first
 26.13 degree; occupied dwelling or involving an assault); 609.66, subdivision 1e, paragraph (b)
 26.14 (drive-by shooting; firing at or toward a person, or an occupied building or motor vehicle);
 26.15 ~~or~~ 609.749, subdivision 2 (harassment); or 609.749, subdivision 5 (stalking); or Minnesota
 26.16 Statutes 2012, section 609.21.

26.17 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.038, is amended to read:

26.18 **611A.038 RIGHT TO SUBMIT STATEMENT AT SENTENCING.**

26.19 (a) A victim has the right to submit an impact statement to the court at the time of
 26.20 sentencing or disposition hearing. The impact statement may be presented to the court orally
 26.21 or in writing, at the victim's option. If the victim requests, the prosecutor ~~or the prosecutor's~~
 26.22 designee must orally present the statement to the court. Statements may include the following,
 26.23 subject to reasonable limitations as to time and length:

69.23 victim wishes to express their objections to the plea agreement orally, in writing, or through
 69.24 the prosecutor.

70.7 Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.036, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

70.8 Subd. 7. **Definition.** As used in this section, "violent crime" means a violation or attempt
 70.9 to violate any of the following: section 609.185 (murder in the first degree); 609.19 (murder
 70.10 in the second degree); 609.195 (murder in the third degree); 609.20 (manslaughter in the
 70.11 first degree); 609.205 (manslaughter in the second degree); 609.2112, 609.2113, or 609.2114
 70.12 (criminal vehicular homicide or injury); 609.221 (assault in the first degree); 609.222 (assault
 70.13 in the second degree); 609.223 (assault in the third degree); 609.2231 (assault in the fourth
 70.14 degree); 609.2241 (knowing transfer of communicable disease); 609.2242 (domestic assault);
 70.15 609.2245 (female genital mutilation); 609.2247 (domestic assault by strangulation); 609.228
 70.16 (great bodily harm caused by distribution of drugs); 609.23 (mistreatment of persons
 70.17 confined); 609.231 (mistreatment of residents or patients); 609.2325 (criminal abuse);
 70.18 609.233 (criminal neglect); 609.235 (use of drugs to injure or facilitate crime); 609.24
 70.19 (simple robbery); 609.245 (aggravated robbery); 609.247 (carjacking); 609.25 (kidnapping);
 70.20 609.255 (false imprisonment); 609.265 (abduction); 609.2661 (murder of an unborn child
 70.21 in the first degree); 609.2662 (murder of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.2663
 70.22 (murder of an unborn child in the third degree); 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child
 70.23 in the first degree); 609.2665 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the second degree);
 70.24 609.267 (assault of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2671 (assault of an unborn child
 70.25 in the second degree); 609.2672 (assault of an unborn child in the third degree); 609.268
 70.26 (injury or death of an unborn child in commission of a crime); 609.282 (labor trafficking);
 70.27 609.322 (solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution; sex trafficking); 609.342
 70.28 (criminal sexual conduct in the first degree); 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second
 70.29 degree); 609.344 (criminal sexual conduct in the third degree); 609.345 (criminal sexual
 70.30 conduct in the fourth degree); 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree);
 70.31 609.3453 (criminal sexual predatory conduct); 609.3458 (sexual extortion); 609.352
 70.32 (solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct); 609.377 (malicious punishment of a
 70.33 child); 609.378 (neglect or endangerment of a child); 609.561, subdivision 1 (arson in the
 70.34 first degree; dwelling); 609.582, subdivision 1, paragraph (a) or (c) (burglary in the first
 71.1 degree; occupied dwelling or involving an assault); 609.66, subdivision 1e, paragraph (b)
 71.2 (drive-by shooting; firing at or toward a person, or an occupied building or motor vehicle);
 71.3 ~~or~~ 609.749, subdivision 2 (harassment); or 609.749, subdivision 5 (stalking); or Minnesota
 71.4 Statutes 2012, section 609.21.

71.5 Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.038, is amended to read:

71.6 **611A.038 RIGHT TO SUBMIT STATEMENT AT SENTENCING.**

71.7 (a) A victim has the right to submit an impact statement to the court at the time of
 71.8 sentencing or disposition hearing. The impact statement may be presented to the court orally
 71.9 or in writing, at the victim's option. If the victim requests, the prosecutor ~~or the prosecutor's~~
 71.10 designee must orally present the statement to the court. Statements may include the following,
 71.11 subject to reasonable limitations as to time and length:

26.24 (1) a summary of the harm or trauma suffered by the victim as a result of the crime;
26.25 (2) a summary of the economic loss or damage suffered by the victim as a result of the
26.26 crime; and
26.27 (3) a victim's reaction to the proposed sentence or disposition.
26.28 (b) At the sentencing or disposition hearing, the court shall ask the prosecutor if the
26.29 victim has been notified of the hearing, if the victim is in court, and if the victim wishes to
26.30 submit a victim impact statement orally, in writing, or through the prosecutor or the
26.31 prosecutor's designee.
26.32 ~~(b)~~ (c) A representative of the community affected by the crime may submit an impact
26.33 statement in the same manner that a victim may as provided in paragraph (a). This impact
27.1 statement shall describe the adverse social or economic effects the offense has had on persons
27.2 residing and businesses operating in the community where the offense occurred.
27.3 ~~(c)~~ (d) If the court permits the defendant or anyone speaking on the defendant's behalf
27.4 to present a statement to the court, the court shall limit the response to factual issues which
27.5 are relevant to sentencing.
27.6 ~~(d)~~ (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to extend the defendant's right to address
27.7 the court under section 631.20.
27.8 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.039, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
27.9 Subdivision 1. **Notice required.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 2,
27.10 within 15 working days after a conviction, acquittal, or dismissal in a criminal case in which
27.11 there is an identifiable crime victim, the prosecutor shall make reasonable good faith efforts
27.12 to provide to each affected crime victim oral or written notice of the final disposition of the
27.13 case ~~and~~, of the victim rights under section 611A.06, and of the eligibility of the offense
27.14 for automatic expungement under section 609A.015 of any offense that was dismissed or
27.15 for which the defendant was convicted or acquitted. When the court is considering modifying
27.16 the sentence for a felony or a crime of violence or an attempted crime of violence, the
27.17 prosecutor shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to notify the victim of the crime.
27.18 The notice must include:
27.19 (1) the date and approximate time of the review;
27.20 (2) the location where the review will occur;
27.21 (3) the name and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information;
27.22 and
27.23 (4) a statement that the victim may provide input to the court concerning the sentence
27.24 modification.
27.25 (b) The Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public Safety shall develop and
27.26 update a model notice of postconviction rights under this subdivision and section 611A.06.

71.12 (1) a summary of the harm or trauma suffered by the victim as a result of the crime;
71.13 (2) a summary of the economic loss or damage suffered by the victim as a result of the
71.14 crime; and
71.15 (3) a victim's reaction to the proposed sentence or disposition.
71.16 (b) At the sentencing or disposition hearing, the court shall ask the prosecutor if the
71.17 victim has been notified of the hearing, if the victim is in court, and if the victim wishes to
71.18 submit a victim impact statement orally, in writing, or through the prosecutor or the
71.19 prosecutor's designee.
71.20 ~~(b)~~ (c) A representative of the community affected by the crime may submit an impact
71.21 statement in the same manner that a victim may as provided in paragraph (a). This impact
71.22 statement shall describe the adverse social or economic effects the offense has had on persons
71.23 residing and businesses operating in the community where the offense occurred.
71.24 ~~(c)~~ (d) If the court permits the defendant or anyone speaking on the defendant's behalf
71.25 to present a statement to the court, the court shall limit the response to factual issues which
71.26 are relevant to sentencing.
71.27 ~~(d)~~ (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to extend the defendant's right to address
71.28 the court under section 631.20.
71.29 Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.039, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
71.30 Subdivision 1. **Notice required.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 2,
71.31 within 15 working days after a conviction, acquittal, or dismissal in a criminal case in which
72.1 there is an identifiable crime victim, the prosecutor shall make reasonable good faith efforts
72.2 to provide to each affected crime victim oral or written notice of the final disposition of the
72.3 case ~~and~~, of the victim rights under section 611A.06, and of the eligibility of the offense
72.4 for automatic expungement under section 609A.015 of any offense that was dismissed or
72.5 for which the defendant was convicted or acquitted. When the court is considering modifying
72.6 the sentence for a felony or a crime of violence or an attempted crime of violence, the
72.7 prosecutor shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to notify the victim of the crime.
72.8 The notice must include:
72.9 (1) the date and approximate time of the review;
72.10 (2) the location where the review will occur;
72.11 (3) the name and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information;
72.12 and
72.13 (4) a statement that the victim may provide input to the court concerning the sentence
72.14 modification.
72.15 (b) The Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public Safety shall develop and
72.16 update a model notice of postconviction rights under this subdivision and section 611A.06.

27.27 (c) As used in this section:

27.28 (1) "crime of violence" has the meaning given in section 624.712, subdivision 5, and

27.29 also includes violations of section 609.3458, gross misdemeanor violations of section

27.30 609.224, and nonfelony violations of sections 518B.01, 609.2231, 609.3451, 609.748, and

27.31 609.749; and

27.32 (2) "victim" has the meaning given in section 611A.01, paragraph (b).

28.1 **ARTICLE 3**

28.2 **IMPAIRED DRIVING; DRIVERS' LICENSES**

28.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision

28.4 to read:

28.5 Subd. 41. **Credential identifier and designation data.** Data related to identifiers and

28.6 designations on driver's licenses and Minnesota identification cards are governed by section

28.7 171.12, subdivision 7d.

28.8 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 171.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

28.9 Subd. 3. **No-alcohol restriction.** (a) As used in this subdivision, "impaired driving

28.10 incident" has the meaning given in section 169A.03, subdivision 22.

28.11 (b) Upon proper application by a person having a valid driver's license containing the

28.12 restriction that the person must not consume alcohol or controlled substances, who has not

28.13 been documented as having consumed alcohol or having possessed or used a controlled

28.14 substance within the past ~~ten~~ 20 years, and whose driving record contains no impaired

28.15 driving incident within the past ~~ten~~ 20 years, the commissioner must remove the

28.16 no-alcohol/controlled substance restriction on the person's driving record and issue to the

28.17 person a duplicate driver's license that does not show that restriction.

28.18 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 171.12, subdivision 7, is amended

28.19 to read:

28.20 Subd. 7. **Privacy of data.** (a) Data on individuals provided to obtain a driver's license

28.21 or Minnesota identification card ~~shall~~ must be treated as provided by United States Code,

28.22 title 18, section 2721, as in effect on May 23, 2005, ~~and shall~~ must be disclosed as required

28.23 ~~or~~ by that section, and may be disclosed as permitted by that section. The commissioner

28.24 ~~shall~~ may disclose the data in bulk form upon request to an authorized recipient under United

28.25 States Code, title 18, section 2721. For any disclosure of data on individuals related to a

28.26 noncompliant driver's license or identification card, the commissioner must require a

28.27 certification pursuant to subdivision 7b, paragraph (c).

28.28 (b) An applicant for a driver's license or a Minnesota identification card may consent,

28.29 in writing, to the commissioner to disclose the applicant's personal information exempted

28.30 by United States Code, title 18, section 2721, to any person who makes a request for the

72.17 (c) As used in this section:

72.18 (1) "crime of violence" has the meaning given in section 624.712, subdivision 5, and

72.19 also includes violations of section 609.3458, gross misdemeanor violations of section

72.20 609.224, and nonfelony violations of sections 518B.01, 609.2231, 609.3451, 609.748, and

72.21 609.749; and

72.22 (2) "victim" has the meaning given in section 611A.01, paragraph (b).

28.31 personal information. If the applicant so authorizes disclosures, the commissioner ~~shall~~
 28.32 must implement the request and the information may be used.

29.1 (c) If authorized by an applicant for a driver's license or a Minnesota identification card,
 29.2 as indicated in paragraph (b), the applicant's personal information may be used, rented, or
 29.3 sold solely for bulk distribution by organizations for business purposes, including surveys,
 29.4 marketing, or solicitation.

29.5 (d) An applicant for a driver's license, instruction permit, or Minnesota identification
 29.6 card may request that the applicant's residence address be classified as "private data on
 29.7 individuals," as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. The commissioner ~~shall~~ must grant
 29.8 the classification on receipt of a signed statement by the individual that the classification
 29.9 is required for the safety of the applicant or the applicant's family, if the statement also
 29.10 provides a valid, existing address where the applicant consents to receive service of process.
 29.11 The commissioner ~~shall~~ must use the service for process mailing address in place of the
 29.12 residence address in all documents and notices pertaining to the driver's license, instruction
 29.13 permit, or Minnesota identification card. The residence address and any information provided
 29.14 in the classification request, other than the mailing address, are private data on individuals
 29.15 and may be provided to requesting law enforcement agencies, probation and parole agencies,
 29.16 and public authorities, as defined in section 518A.26, subdivision 18.

29.17 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 171.12, subdivision 7c, is amended to read:

29.18 Subd. 7c. **Other data provisions.** (a) The commissioner must not share any data the
 29.19 department maintains under section 171.07, ~~subdivision~~ subdivisions 6a, 6b, or 13, with
 29.20 any federal agency, federal department, or federal entity for a use that would otherwise be
 29.21 permissible under United States Code, title 18, section 2721, or other law.

29.22 (b) Data collected by government entities under sections 624.712 to 624.719 are classified
 29.23 under section 13.87, subdivision 2.

29.24 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 171.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 29.25 read:

29.26 Subd. 7d. **Certain data on indicators and designations.** Data maintained by the
 29.27 commissioner under section 171.07, subdivisions 5 to 7, 11 to 13, 15, and 17 to 20 are
 29.28 private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

29.29 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 171.177, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

29.30 Subd. 8. **Test refusal; driving privilege lost.** (a) On behalf of the commissioner, a peace
 29.31 officer requiring a test or directing the administration of a chemical test pursuant to a search
 29.32 warrant shall serve immediate notice of intention to revoke and of revocation on a person
 30.1 who refuses to permit a test or on a person who submits to a test, the results of which indicate
 30.2 an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

30.3 (b) On behalf of the commissioner, a peace officer requiring a test or directing the
 30.4 administration of a chemical test of a person driving, operating, or in physical control of a

30.5 commercial motor vehicle pursuant to a search warrant shall serve immediate notice of
 30.6 intention to disqualify and of disqualification on a person who refuses to permit a test or
 30.7 on a person who submits to a test, the results of which indicate an alcohol concentration of
 30.8 0.04 or more.

30.9 (c) The officer shall:

30.10 (1) invalidate the person's driver's license or permit card by clipping the upper corner
 30.11 of the card in such a way that no identifying information including the photo is destroyed,
 30.12 and immediately return the card to the person;

30.13 (2) issue the person a temporary license effective for only ~~seven~~ 14 days; and

30.14 (3) send the notification of this action to the commissioner along with the certificate
 30.15 required by subdivision 4 or 5.

30.16 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 171.178, subdivision 5, is amended
 30.17 to read:

30.18 Subd. 5. **Driving while impaired conviction or adjudication; period of license**
 30.19 **revocation.** (a) Notwithstanding the periods specified in subdivisions 3 and 4 and except
 30.20 as provided in section 169A.54, subdivision 7, a revocation by the commissioner as required
 30.21 under section 169A.54, subdivision 1, or 171.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (3)
 30.22 or (10), for conviction of an offense in another state that would be grounds for revocation
 30.23 in this state under section 169A.54, subdivision 1, must be for the following periods:

30.24 (1) if the person has no qualified prior impaired driving incidents within the past 20
 30.25 years:

30.26 (i) not less than 30 days if the person is convicted of an offense under section 169A.20,
 30.27 subdivision 1 (driving while impaired);

30.28 (ii) not less than 90 days if the person is convicted of an offense under section 169A.20,
 30.29 subdivision 2 (refusal to submit to chemical test);

30.30 (iii) not less than 180 days if the person is under 21 years of age and the test results
 30.31 indicate an alcohol concentration of less than twice the legal limit; or

31.1 (iv) not less than one year if the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of twice
 31.2 the legal limit or more; or

31.3 (2) if the person has one qualified prior impaired driving incident within the past 20
 31.4 years, or two or more qualified prior impaired driving incidents, until the commissioner
 31.5 determines that the person used an ignition interlock device in compliance with section
 31.6 171.306 for the period of time described in subdivision 8.

31.7 (b) Whenever department records show that the violation involved personal injury or
 31.8 death to any person, at least 90 additional days must be added to the base periods provided
 31.9 in paragraph (a), clause (1), items (i) to (iv).

31.10 (c) A person whose license has been revoked as described in subdivision 3, clause (1),
 31.11 or subdivision 4, clause (1), as the result of the same incident for which the person was
 31.12 convicted is subject to the revocation periods specified in this subdivision, unless the violation
 31.13 under section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) was with an aggravating factor described
 31.14 in section 169A.03, subdivision 3, clause (3).

31.15 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 171.306, subdivision 1, is amended
 31.16 to read:

31.17 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision
 31.18 have the meanings given.

31.19 (b) "Ignition interlock device" or "device" means equipment that is designed to measure
 31.20 breath alcohol concentration and to prevent a motor vehicle's ignition from being started
 31.21 by a person whose breath alcohol concentration measures 0.02 or higher on the equipment.

31.22 (c) "Location tracking capabilities" means the ability of an electronic or wireless device
 31.23 to identify and transmit its geographic location through the operation of the device.

31.24 (d) "Program participant" means a person who has qualified to take part in the ignition
 31.25 interlock program under this section, and whose driver's license has been:

31.26 (1) revoked, canceled, or denied under section 169A.52; 169A.54; 171.04, subdivision
 31.27 1, clause (10); 171.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (10), for conviction of an offense
 31.28 in another state that would be grounds for revocation in this state under section 169A.54,
 31.29 subdivision 1; or 171.177; or for a violation of the law of another state in conformity with
 31.30 any of these sections; or

31.31 (2) revoked under section 171.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), or suspended
 31.32 under section 171.187, for a violation of section 609.2112, subdivision 1, paragraph (a),
 32.1 clause (2), ~~item (i) or (iv); (3), or (4), (5), or (6); 609.2113, subdivision 1, clause (2), item~~
 32.2 ~~(i) or (iv); (3), or (4), (5), or (6); subdivision 2, clause (2), item (i) or (iv); (3), or (4), (5),~~
 32.3 ~~or (6); or subdivision 3, clause (2), item (i) or (iv); (3), or (4), (5), or (6); or 609.2114,~~
 32.4 ~~subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), item (i) or (iv); (3), or (4), (5), or (6); or subdivision~~
 32.5 ~~2, clause (2), item (i) or (iv); (3), or (4), resulting in bodily harm, substantial bodily harm,~~
 32.6 ~~great bodily harm, or death (5), or (6).~~

32.7 (e) "Qualified prior impaired driving incident" has the meaning given in section 169A.03,
 32.8 subdivision 22.

32.9 Sec. 9. **REPEALER.**

32.10 Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 169A.54, subdivision 6, is repealed.

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ARTICLE 4

BUREAU OF CRIMINAL APPREHENSION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.05, is amended to read:

299C.05 CRIME DATA COLLECTION.

It shall be the duty of this division to collect, and preserve as a record of the bureau, information concerning the number and nature of offenses known to have been committed in the state, of the legal steps taken in connection therewith from the inception of the complaint to the final discharge of the defendant, and such other information as may be useful in the study of crime and the administration of justice. The information shall be provided in a form prescribed by the superintendent. The information so collected and preserved shall include such data as may be requested by the United States Department of Justice, at Washington, under its national system of crime reporting. To the extent possible, the superintendent must utilize a nationally recognized system or standard approved by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to collect and preserve crime data.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.065, is amended to read:

299C.065 UNDERCOVER BUY FUND; WITNESS AND VICTIM PROTECTION.

Subdivision 1. ~~Grants Reimbursements.~~ The commissioner of public safety shall make grants reimbursements to local officials for the following purposes:

(1) the cooperative investigation of cross jurisdictional criminal activity relating to the possession and sale of controlled substances;

(2) receiving or selling stolen goods;

(3) participating in gambling activities in violation of section 609.76;

(4) violations of section 609.322 or any other state or federal law prohibiting the recruitment, transportation, or use of juveniles for purposes of prostitution;

(5) for partial reimbursement of local costs associated with unanticipated, intensive, long-term, multijurisdictional criminal investigations that exhaust available local resources, except that the commissioner may not reimburse the costs of a local investigation involving a child who is reported to be missing and endangered unless the law enforcement agency complies with section 299C.53 and the agency's own investigative policy; and

(6) for partial reimbursement of local costs associated with criminal investigations into the activities of violent criminal gangs and gang members.

Subd. 1a. **Witness and victim protection fund.** (a) A witness and victim protection fund is created under the administration of the commissioner of public safety. The commissioner may make grants reimbursements to local officials to provide for the relocation or other protection of a victim, witness, or potential witness who is involved in a criminal

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.05, is amended to read:

299C.05 CRIME DATA COLLECTION.

It shall be the duty of this division to collect, and preserve as a record of the bureau, information concerning the number and nature of offenses known to have been committed in the state, of the legal steps taken in connection therewith from the inception of the complaint to the final discharge of the defendant, and such other information as may be useful in the study of crime and the administration of justice. The information shall be provided in a form prescribed by the superintendent. The information so collected and preserved shall include such data as may be requested by the United States Department of Justice, at Washington, under its national system of crime reporting. To the extent possible, the superintendent must utilize a nationally recognized system or standard approved by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to collect and preserve crime data.

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33.15 prosecution and who the commissioner has reason to believe is or is likely to be the target
 33.16 of a violent crime or a violation of section 609.498 or 609.713, in connection with that
 33.17 prosecution. The awarding of ~~grants~~ reimbursements under this subdivision is not limited
 33.18 to the crimes and investigations described in subdivision 1.

33.19 (b) The commissioner may award ~~grants~~ reimbursements for any of the following actions
 33.20 in connection with the protection of a witness or victim under this subdivision:

33.21 (1) to provide suitable documents to enable the person to establish a new identity or
 33.22 otherwise protect the person;

33.23 (2) to provide housing for the person;

33.24 (3) to provide for the transportation of household furniture and other personal property
 33.25 to the person's new residence;

33.26 (4) to provide the person with a payment to meet basic living expenses for a time period
 33.27 the commissioner deems necessary;

33.28 (5) to assist the person in obtaining employment; and

33.29 (6) to provide other services necessary to assist the person in becoming self-sustaining.

33.30 Subd. 2. **Application for grant reimbursement.** A county sheriff or the chief
 33.31 administrative officer of a municipal police department may apply to the commissioner of
 33.32 public safety for a ~~grant~~ reimbursement for any of the purposes described in subdivision 1
 34.1 or 1a, on forms and pursuant to procedures developed by the superintendent. For ~~grants~~
 34.2 reimbursements under subdivision 1, the application shall describe the type of intended
 34.3 criminal investigation, an estimate of the amount of money required, and any other
 34.4 information the superintendent deems necessary.

34.5 Subd. 3. **Investigation report.** A report shall be made to the commissioner at the
 34.6 conclusion of an investigation for which a ~~grant~~ reimbursement was made under subdivision
 34.7 1 stating (1) the number of persons arrested, (2) the nature of charges filed against them,
 34.8 (3) the nature and value of controlled substances or contraband purchased or seized, (4) the
 34.9 amount of money paid to informants during the investigation, and (5) a separate accounting
 34.10 of the amount of money spent for expenses, other than "buy money," of bureau and local
 34.11 law enforcement personnel during the investigation. The commissioner shall prepare and
 34.12 submit to the chairs of the committees in the senate and house of representatives with
 34.13 jurisdiction over criminal justice policy by January 1 of each even-numbered year a report
 34.14 of investigations receiving ~~grants~~ reimbursements under subdivision 1.

34.15 Subd. 3a. **Accounting report.** The head of a law enforcement agency that receives a
 34.16 ~~grant~~ reimbursement under subdivision 1a shall file a report with the commissioner at the
 34.17 conclusion of the case detailing the specific purposes for which the money was spent. The
 34.18 commissioner shall prepare and submit to the chairs of the committees in the senate and
 34.19 house of representatives with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy by January 1 of each

34.20 even-numbered year a summary report of witness assistance services provided under this
34.21 section.

34.22 Subd. 4. **Data classification.** An application to the commissioner for money is a
34.23 confidential record. Information within investigative files that identifies or could reasonably
34.24 be used to ascertain the identity of assisted witnesses, sources, or undercover investigators
34.25 is a confidential record. A report at the conclusion of an investigation is a public record,
34.26 except that information in a report pertaining to the identity or location of an assisted witness
34.27 is private data.

34.28 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.46, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

34.29 Subd. 6. **Orders for protection; no contact orders; harassment restraining orders.** (a)
34.30 As used in this subdivision, "no contact orders" include orders issued as pretrial orders
34.31 under section 629.72, subdivision 2, orders under section 629.75, and orders issued as
34.32 probationary or sentencing orders at the time of disposition in a criminal domestic abuse
34.33 case.

35.1 (b) The data communications network must include orders for protection issued under
35.2 section 518B.01 or 609.2334, harassment restraining orders, and no contact orders issued
35.3 against adults and juveniles. A no contact order must be accompanied by a photograph of
35.4 the offender for the purpose of enforcement of the order, if a photograph is available and
35.5 verified by the court to be an image of the defendant.

35.6 (c) Data from orders for protection, harassment restraining orders, or no contact orders
35.7 and data entered by law enforcement to assist in the enforcement of those orders are classified
35.8 as private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. Data about the
35.9 offender can be shared with the victim for purposes of enforcement of the order.

35.10 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 609.2334, subdivision 11, is amended
35.11 to read:

35.12 Subd. 11. **Copy to law enforcement agency; lead investigative agency.** Within 24
35.13 hours of issuance of an order or continuance of an order under this section, the court
35.14 administrator must forward the order for protection and any continuance of the order for
35.15 protection to the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the residence of the
35.16 vulnerable adult and the lead investigative agency that received the report pursuant to
35.17 subdivision 6. The court administrator shall make available to law enforcement officers in
35.18 Minnesota, through a system of verification, information as to the existence and status of
35.19 an order for protection issued under this section. Section 518B.01, subdivision 13, applies
35.20 paragraphs (b) and (c), apply to orders granted under this section.

35.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

35.22 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609A.015, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

35.23 Subd. 5. **Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to identify eligible persons and grant**
35.24 **expungement relief.** (a) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall identify any records

45.9 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.46, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

45.10 Subd. 6. **Orders for protection; no contact orders; harassment restraining orders.** (a)
45.11 As used in this subdivision, "no contact orders" include orders issued as pretrial orders
45.12 under section 629.72, subdivision 2, orders under section 629.75, and orders issued as
45.13 probationary or sentencing orders at the time of disposition in a criminal domestic abuse
45.14 case.

45.15 (b) The data communications network must include orders for protection issued under
45.16 section 518B.01 or 609.2334, harassment restraining orders, and no contact orders issued
45.17 against adults and juveniles. A no contact order must be accompanied by a photograph of
45.18 the offender for the purpose of enforcement of the order, if a photograph is available and
45.19 verified by the court to be an image of the defendant.

45.20 (c) Data from orders for protection, harassment restraining orders, or no contact orders
45.21 and data entered by law enforcement to assist in the enforcement of those orders are classified
45.22 as private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. Data about the
45.23 offender can be shared with the victim for purposes of enforcement of the order.

58.16 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 609.2334, subdivision 11, is amended
58.17 to read:

58.18 Subd. 11. **Copy to law enforcement agency; lead investigative agency.** Within 24
58.19 hours of issuance of an order or continuance of an order under this section, the court
58.20 administrator must forward the order for protection and any continuance of the order for
58.21 protection to the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the residence of the
58.22 vulnerable adult and the lead investigative agency that received the report pursuant to
58.23 subdivision 6. The court administrator shall make available to law enforcement officers in
58.24 Minnesota, through a system of verification, information as to the existence and status of
58.25 an order for protection issued under this section. Section 518B.01, subdivision 13, applies
58.26 paragraphs (b) and (c), apply to orders granted under this section.

58.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

67.9 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609A.015, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

67.10 Subd. 5. **Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to identify eligible persons and grant**
67.11 **expungement relief.** (a) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall identify any records

35.25 that qualify for a grant of expungement relief pursuant to this subdivision or subdivision 1,
 35.26 2, or 3. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall make an initial determination of
 35.27 eligibility within 30 days of the end of the applicable waiting period. If a record is not
 35.28 eligible for a grant of expungement at the time of the initial determination, the Bureau of
 35.29 Criminal Apprehension shall make subsequent eligibility determinations annually until the
 35.30 record is eligible for a grant of expungement.

35.31 (b) In making the determination under paragraph (a), the Bureau of Criminal
 35.32 Apprehension shall identify individuals who are the subject of relevant records through the
 35.33 use of fingerprints and thumbprints where fingerprints and thumbprints are available. Where
 36.1 fingerprints and thumbprints are not available, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall
 36.2 identify individuals through the use of the person's name and date of birth. Records containing
 36.3 the same name and date of birth shall be presumed to refer to the same individual unless
 36.4 other evidence establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence, that they do not refer to the
 36.5 same individual. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension is not required to review any other
 36.6 evidence in making a determination.

36.7 (c) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall grant expungement relief to qualifying
 36.8 persons and seal its own records without requiring an application, petition, or motion.
 36.9 Records shall be sealed 60 days after notice is sent to the judicial branch pursuant to
 36.10 paragraph (e) unless an order of the judicial branch prohibits sealing the records or additional
 36.11 information establishes that the records are not eligible for expungement.

36.12 (d) Nonpublic criminal records maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
 36.13 and subject to a grant of expungement relief shall display a notation stating "expungement
 36.14 relief granted pursuant to section 609A.015."

36.15 (e) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall inform the judicial branch of all cases
 36.16 for which expungement relief was granted pursuant to this section. Notification may be
 36.17 through electronic means and may be made in real time or in the form of a monthly report.
 36.18 Upon receipt of notice, the judicial branch shall seal all records relating to an arrest,
 36.19 indictment or information, trial, verdict, or dismissal and discharge for any case in which
 36.20 expungement relief was granted and shall issue any order deemed necessary to achieve this
 36.21 purpose.

36.22 (f) If the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension subsequently determines that a sealed record
 36.23 did not qualify for expungement relief under this section, the Bureau of Criminal
 36.24 Apprehension shall unseal the record and notify the judicial branch. Upon notification, the
 36.25 judicial branch shall unseal all records relating to an arrest, indictment or information, trial,
 36.26 verdict, or dismissal and discharge. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall make this
 36.27 determination based only on a record stored in its criminal history system.

36.28 ~~(f)~~ (g) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall inform each law enforcement agency
 36.29 that its records may be affected by a grant of expungement relief. Notification may be
 36.30 through electronic means. Each notified law enforcement agency that receives a request to

67.12 that qualify for a grant of expungement relief pursuant to this subdivision or subdivision 1,
 67.13 2, or 3. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall make an initial determination of
 67.14 eligibility within 30 days of the end of the applicable waiting period. If a record is not
 67.15 eligible for a grant of expungement at the time of the initial determination, the Bureau of
 67.16 Criminal Apprehension shall make subsequent eligibility determinations annually until the
 67.17 record is eligible for a grant of expungement.

67.18 (b) In making the determination under paragraph (a), the Bureau of Criminal
 67.19 Apprehension shall identify individuals who are the subject of relevant records through the
 67.20 use of fingerprints and thumbprints where fingerprints and thumbprints are available. Where
 67.21 fingerprints and thumbprints are not available, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall
 67.22 identify individuals through the use of the person's name and date of birth. Records containing
 67.23 the same name and date of birth shall be presumed to refer to the same individual unless
 67.24 other evidence establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence, that they do not refer to the
 67.25 same individual. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension is not required to review any other
 67.26 evidence in making a determination.

67.27 (c) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall grant expungement relief to qualifying
 67.28 persons and seal its own records without requiring an application, petition, or motion.
 67.29 Records shall be sealed 60 days after notice is sent to the judicial branch pursuant to
 67.30 paragraph (e) unless an order of the judicial branch prohibits sealing the records or additional
 67.31 information establishes that the records are not eligible for expungement.

68.1 (d) Nonpublic criminal records maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
 68.2 and subject to a grant of expungement relief shall display a notation stating "expungement
 68.3 relief granted pursuant to section 609A.015."

68.4 (e) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall inform the judicial branch of all cases
 68.5 for which expungement relief was granted pursuant to this section. Notification may be
 68.6 through electronic means and may be made in real time or in the form of a monthly report.
 68.7 Upon receipt of notice, the judicial branch shall seal all records relating to an arrest,
 68.8 indictment or information, trial, verdict, or dismissal and discharge for any case in which
 68.9 expungement relief was granted and shall issue any order deemed necessary to achieve this
 68.10 purpose.

68.11 (f) If the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension subsequently determines that a sealed record
 68.12 did not qualify for expungement relief under this section, the Bureau of Criminal
 68.13 Apprehension shall unseal the record and notify the judicial branch. Upon notification, the
 68.14 judicial branch shall unseal all records relating to an arrest, indictment or information, trial,
 68.15 verdict, or dismissal and discharge. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall make this
 68.16 determination based only on a record stored in the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension's
 68.17 criminal history system.

68.18 ~~(f)~~ (g) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall inform each law enforcement agency
 68.19 that its records may be affected by a grant of expungement relief. Notification may be
 68.20 through electronic means. Each notified law enforcement agency that receives a request to

36.31 produce records shall first determine if the records were subject to a grant of expungement
36.32 under this section. The law enforcement agency must not disclose records relating to an
36.33 arrest, indictment or information, trial, verdict, or dismissal and discharge for any case in
36.34 which expungement relief was granted and must maintain the data consistent with the
37.1 classification in paragraph ~~(g)~~ (h). This paragraph does not apply to requests from a criminal
37.2 justice agency as defined in section 609A.03, subdivision 7a, paragraph (f).

37.3 ~~(g)~~ (h) Data on the person whose offense has been expunged under this subdivision,
37.4 including any notice sent pursuant to paragraph ~~(f)~~ (g), are private data on individuals as
37.5 defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

37.6 ~~(h)~~ (i) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim that an offense qualifies for
37.7 automatic expungement under this section in the manner provided in section 611A.03,
37.8 subdivisions 1 and 2.

37.9 ~~(i)~~ (j) In any subsequent prosecution of a person granted expungement relief, the expunged
37.10 criminal record may be pleaded and has the same effect as if the relief had not been granted.

37.11 ~~(j)~~ (k) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension is directed to develop, modify, or update
37.12 a system to provide criminal justice agencies with uniform statewide access to criminal
37.13 records sealed by expungement.

37.16 **ARTICLE 5**

37.17 **DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS LICENSING**

37.18 Section 1. **[241.011] LICENSING AND INSPECTING JUVENILE AND ADULT**
37.19 **COMMUNITY-BASED RESIDENTIAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.**

37.20 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** Except as provided under section 241.021, sections 241.011 to
37.21 241.013 apply to juvenile and adult community-based residential correctional facilities
37.22 licensed by the commissioner of corrections. For the purposes of sections 241.011 to 241.013,
37.23 juvenile and adult community-based residential correctional facilities are defined as local
37.24 correctional facilities.

37.25 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of sections 241.011 to 241.021, the following
37.26 terms have the meanings given.

37.27 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of corrections.

37.28 (c) "Critical incident" has the meaning given in Minnesota Rules, part 2960.0020, subpart
37.29 24.

37.30 (d) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.

38.1 (e) "Emergency or unusual occurrence" means an incident that must be reported to the
38.2 commissioner through the department's detention information system.

68.21 produce records shall first determine if the records were subject to a grant of expungement
68.22 under this section. The law enforcement agency must not disclose records relating to an
68.23 arrest, indictment or information, trial, verdict, or dismissal and discharge for any case in
68.24 which expungement relief was granted and must maintain the data consistent with the
68.25 classification in paragraph ~~(g)~~ (h). This paragraph does not apply to requests from a criminal
68.26 justice agency as defined in section 609A.03, subdivision 7a, paragraph (f).

68.27 ~~(g)~~ (h) Data on the person whose offense has been expunged under this subdivision,
68.28 including any notice sent pursuant to paragraph ~~(f)~~ (g), are private data on individuals as
68.29 defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

68.30 ~~(h)~~ (i) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim that an offense qualifies for
68.31 automatic expungement under this section in the manner provided in section 611A.03,
68.32 subdivisions 1 and 2.

68.33 ~~(i)~~ (j) In any subsequent prosecution of a person granted expungement relief, the expunged
68.34 criminal record may be pleaded and has the same effect as if the relief had not been granted.

69.1 ~~(j)~~ (k) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension is directed to develop, modify, or update
69.2 a system to provide criminal justice agencies with uniform statewide access to criminal
69.3 records sealed by expungement.

13.29 Sec. 16. **[241.011] LICENSING AND INSPECTING JUVENILE AND ADULT**
13.30 **COMMUNITY-BASED RESIDENTIAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.**

13.31 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** Except as provided under section 241.021, sections 241.011 to
13.32 241.013 apply to juvenile and adult community-based residential correctional facilities
13.33 licensed by the commissioner of corrections. For the purposes of sections 241.011 to 241.013,
14.1 juvenile and adult community-based residential correctional facilities are defined as local
14.2 correctional facilities.

14.3 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of sections 241.011 to 241.021, the following
14.4 terms have the meanings given.

14.5 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of corrections.

14.6 (c) "Critical incident" has the meaning given in Minnesota Rules, part 2960.0020, subpart
14.7 24.

14.8 (d) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.

14.9 (e) "Emergency or unusual occurrence" means an incident that must be reported to the
14.10 commissioner through the department's detention information system.

38.3 (f) "Facility administrator" means the officer in charge of a local correctional facility.
 38.4 (g) "Local correctional facility" includes:
 38.5 (1) a facility licensed to house or serve primarily adults under section 241.31; and
 38.6 (2) a facility licensed to detain or serve juveniles, including a group home having a
 38.7 residential component or foster care facility placements under chapter 260C, for the primary
 38.8 purpose of:
 38.9 (i) residential care and treatment;
 38.10 (ii) detention; or
 38.11 (iii) foster care services for children in need of out-of-home placement.
 38.12 (h) "State correctional facility" means a correctional facility under the commissioner's
 38.13 control.
 38.14 Subd. 3. **Local correctional facilities; inspection and licensing.** The commissioner
 38.15 must inspect and license all local correctional facilities throughout the state established and
 38.16 operated:
 38.17 (1) for serving or housing individuals in the facilities; or
 38.18 (2) consistent with section 241.013, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), for detaining or serving
 38.19 juveniles placed in the facilities by a correctional or noncorrectional agency.
 38.20 Subd. 4. **Inspecting facilities for compliance; publishing inspection reports.** (a)
 38.21 Unless the commissioner determines otherwise, the commissioner must inspect all local
 38.22 correctional facilities at least once every two years to determine compliance with the
 38.23 minimum standards established according to sections 241.011 to 241.013 or any other law
 38.24 related to minimum standards and conditions of confinement, not including section 241.021,
 38.25 subdivisions 1 to 1e.
 38.26 (b) The commissioner must have access to a facility's buildings, grounds, books, records,
 38.27 and staff and to individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility. The commissioner
 38.28 may require facility administrators to furnish all information and statistics that the
 38.29 commissioner deems necessary at a time and place designated by the commissioner.
 38.30 (c) The commissioner must post each facility inspection report publicly on the
 38.31 department's website within 30 days after completing an inspection.
 39.1 Subd. 5. **Granting license; expiration.** (a) The commissioner must grant a license for
 39.2 up to two years to:
 39.3 (1) any facility found to conform to minimum standards; or

14.11 (f) "Facility administrator" means the officer in charge of a local correctional facility.
 14.12 (g) "Local correctional facility" includes:
 14.13 (1) a facility licensed to house or serve primarily adults under section 241.31; and
 14.14 (2) a facility licensed to detain or serve juveniles, including a group home having a
 14.15 residential component or foster care facility placements under chapter 260C, for the primary
 14.16 purpose of:
 14.17 (i) residential care and treatment;
 14.18 (ii) detention; or
 14.19 (iii) foster care services for children in need of out-of-home placement.
 14.20 (h) "State correctional facility" means a correctional facility under the commissioner's
 14.21 control.
 14.22 Subd. 3. **Local correctional facilities; inspection and licensing.** The commissioner
 14.23 must inspect and license all local correctional facilities throughout the state established and
 14.24 operated:
 14.25 (1) for serving or housing individuals in the facilities; or
 14.26 (2) consistent with section 241.013, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), for detaining or serving
 14.27 juveniles placed in the facilities by a correctional or noncorrectional agency.
 14.28 Subd. 4. **Inspecting facilities for compliance; publishing inspection reports.** (a)
 14.29 Unless the commissioner determines otherwise, the commissioner must inspect all local
 14.30 correctional facilities at least once every two years to determine compliance with the
 15.1 minimum standards established according to sections 241.011 to 241.013 or any other law
 15.2 related to minimum standards and conditions of confinement, not including section 241.021,
 15.3 subdivisions 1 to 1e.
 15.4 (b) The commissioner must have access to a facility's buildings, grounds, books, records,
 15.5 and staff and to individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility. The commissioner
 15.6 may require facility administrators to furnish all information and statistics that the
 15.7 commissioner deems necessary at a time and place designated by the commissioner.
 15.8 (c) The commissioner must post each facility inspection report publicly on the
 15.9 department's website within 30 days after completing an inspection.
 15.10 Subd. 5. **Granting license; expiration.** (a) The commissioner must grant a license for
 15.11 up to two years to:
 15.12 (1) any facility found to conform to minimum standards; or

39.4 (2) any facility that the commissioner determines is making satisfactory progress toward
 39.5 substantial conformity and any minimum standards not being met do not impact the interests
 39.6 and well-being of the individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility.

39.7 (b) A limited license may be issued to effectuate a facility closure.

39.8 (c) Unless otherwise provided by law, all licenses issued under sections 241.011 to
 39.9 241.013 expire 12:01 a.m. on the day after the expiration date stated on the license.

39.10 Subd. 6. **Providing and accessing facility data.** (a) The commissioner may require that
 39.11 any information under sections 241.011 to 241.013 be provided through the department's
 39.12 detention information system.

39.13 (b) Notwithstanding chapter 13 or any other state law classifying or restricting access
 39.14 to data, a facility administrator must furnish to the commissioner all data available to a
 39.15 facility that the commissioner deems necessary for reviewing any critical incident or
 39.16 emergency or unusual occurrence at the facility.

39.17 (c) The commissioner may take action against a facility's license according to section
 39.18 241.012 if a facility administrator fails to provide or grant access to relevant information
 39.19 or statistics requested by the commissioner that are necessary to conduct or complete:

39.20 (1) inspections;

39.21 (2) reviews of emergency or unusual occurrences; or

39.22 (3) reviews of critical incidents.

39.23 Subd. 7. **Reporting; deaths, emergencies or unusual occurrences, and critical**
 39.24 **incidents.** (a) A facility administrator must report a death to the commissioner when:

39.25 (1) an individual detained or housed in the facility dies at the facility; or

39.26 (2) an individual dies while receiving medical care stemming from an incident or need
 39.27 for medical care at the facility that occurred while the individual was detained or housed in
 39.28 the facility.

39.29 (b) Paragraph (a), clause (2), applies regardless of whether the individual was subject
 39.30 to the facility's authority while requiring or receiving the medical care.

39.31 (c) A facility administrator must:

40.1 (1) report a death under this subdivision as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours
 40.2 of receiving knowledge of the death; and

40.3 (2) include any demographic information required by the commissioner.

40.4 (d) Except for deaths under paragraphs (a) to (c), all facility administrators must report
 40.5 all critical incidents or emergency or unusual occurrences to the commissioner within ten

15.13 (2) any facility that the commissioner determines is making satisfactory progress toward
 15.14 substantial conformity and any minimum standards not being met do not impact the interests
 15.15 and well-being of the individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility.

15.16 (b) A limited license may be issued to effectuate a facility closure.

15.17 (c) Unless otherwise provided by law, all licenses issued under sections 241.011 to
 15.18 241.013 expire 12:01 a.m. on the day after the expiration date stated on the license.

15.19 Subd. 6. **Providing and accessing facility data.** (a) The commissioner may require that
 15.20 any information under sections 241.011 to 241.013 be provided through the department's
 15.21 detention information system.

15.22 (b) Notwithstanding chapter 13 or any other state law classifying or restricting access
 15.23 to data, a facility administrator must furnish to the commissioner all data available to a
 15.24 facility that the commissioner deems necessary for reviewing any critical incident or
 15.25 emergency or unusual occurrence at the facility.

15.26 (c) The commissioner may take action against a facility's license according to section
 15.27 241.012 if a facility administrator fails to provide or grant access to relevant information
 15.28 or statistics requested by the commissioner that are necessary to conduct or complete:

15.29 (1) inspections;

15.30 (2) reviews of emergency or unusual occurrences; or

15.31 (3) reviews of critical incidents.

16.1 Subd. 7. **Reporting; deaths, emergencies or unusual occurrences, and critical**
 16.2 **incidents.** (a) A facility administrator must report a death to the commissioner when:

16.3 (1) an individual detained or housed in the facility dies at the facility; or

16.4 (2) an individual dies while receiving medical care stemming from an incident or need
 16.5 for medical care at the facility that occurred while the individual was detained or housed in
 16.6 the facility.

16.7 (b) Paragraph (a), clause (2), applies regardless of whether the individual was subject
 16.8 to the facility's authority while requiring or receiving the medical care.

16.9 (c) A facility administrator must:

16.10 (1) report a death under this subdivision as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours
 16.11 of receiving knowledge of the death; and

16.12 (2) include any demographic information required by the commissioner.

16.13 (d) Except for deaths under paragraphs (a) to (c), all facility administrators must report
 16.14 all critical incidents or emergency or unusual occurrences to the commissioner within ten

40.6 days of the incident or occurrence, including any demographic information required by the
 40.7 commissioner.

40.8 Subd. 8. **Death review teams.** (a) If a local correctional facility under subdivision 2,
 40.9 paragraph (g), clause (2), receives notice of the death of an individual who died under
 40.10 circumstances described in subdivision 7, paragraph (a), within 90 days of the death, the
 40.11 following individuals must review the circumstances of the death and assess for preventable
 40.12 mortality and morbidity, including but not limited to recommending policy or procedure
 40.13 change:

40.14 (1) the facility administrator;

40.15 (2) a medical expert of the facility's choosing who did not provide medical services to
 40.16 the individual and who is licensed as a physician or physician assistant by the Board of
 40.17 Medical Practice under chapter 147 or 147A; and

40.18 (3) if appropriate, a mental health expert.

40.19 (b) The investigating law enforcement agency may provide documentation for, participate
 40.20 in, or provide documentation for and participate in the review if criminal charges are not
 40.21 brought. A preliminary autopsy report must be provided as part of the review and any
 40.22 subsequent autopsy findings as available.

40.23 (c) The facility administrator must notify the commissioner via the department's detention
 40.24 information system that the facility has conducted a review and identify any recommendations
 40.25 for changes in policy, procedure, or training that will be implemented.

40.26 (d) Any report or other documentation created for purposes of a facility death review is
 40.27 confidential data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 3. Nothing in this section
 40.28 relieves the facility administrator from complying with the notice of death to the
 40.29 commissioner required under subdivision 7.

40.30 Subd. 9. **Rulemaking.** (a) The commissioner must adopt rules establishing minimum
 40.31 standards for local correctional facilities for the management, operation, and physical
 40.32 condition of the facilities and the security, safety, health, treatment, and discipline of
 40.33 individuals detained or housed in or served by the facilities.

41.1 (b) The time limit to adopt rules under section 14.125 does not apply to amendments to
 41.2 rule chapters in effect on the effective date of this section.

41.3 Sec. 2. **[241.012] LICENSING ACTIONS AGAINST JUVENILE AND ADULT**
 41.4 **COMMUNITY-BASED RESIDENTIAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.**

41.5 Subdivision 1. **Correction order; conditional license.** (a) For any local correctional
 41.6 facility under section 241.011, subdivision 2, paragraph (g), the commissioner must:

16.15 days of the incident or occurrence, including any demographic information required by the
 16.16 commissioner.

16.17 Subd. 8. **Death review teams.** (a) If a local correctional facility under subdivision 2,
 16.18 paragraph (g), clause (2), receives notice of the death of an individual who died under
 16.19 circumstances described in subdivision 7, paragraph (a), within 90 days of the death, the
 16.20 following individuals must review the circumstances of the death and assess for preventable
 16.21 mortality and morbidity, including but not limited to recommending policy or procedure
 16.22 change:

16.23 (1) the facility administrator;

16.24 (2) a medical expert of the facility's choosing who did not provide medical services to
 16.25 the individual and who is licensed as a physician or physician assistant by the Board of
 16.26 Medical Practice under chapter 147 or 147A; and

16.27 (3) if appropriate, a mental health expert.

16.28 (b) The investigating law enforcement agency may provide documentation for, participate
 16.29 in, or provide documentation for and participate in the review if criminal charges are not
 16.30 brought. A preliminary autopsy report must be provided as part of the review and any
 16.31 subsequent autopsy findings as available.

17.1 (c) The facility administrator must notify the commissioner via the department's detention
 17.2 information system that the facility has conducted a review and identify any recommendations
 17.3 for changes in policy, procedure, or training that will be implemented.

17.4 (d) Any report or other documentation created for purposes of a facility death review is
 17.5 confidential data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 3. Nothing in this section
 17.6 relieves the facility administrator from complying with the notice of death to the
 17.7 commissioner required under subdivision 7.

17.8 Subd. 9. **Rulemaking.** (a) The commissioner must adopt rules establishing minimum
 17.9 standards for local correctional facilities for the management, operation, and physical
 17.10 condition of the facilities and the security, safety, health, treatment, and discipline of
 17.11 individuals detained or housed in or served by the facilities.

17.12 (b) The time limit to adopt rules under section 14.125 does not apply to amendments to
 17.13 rule chapters in effect on the effective date of this section.

17.14 Sec. 17. **[241.012] LICENSING ACTIONS AGAINST JUVENILE AND ADULT**
 17.15 **COMMUNITY-BASED RESIDENTIAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.**

17.16 Subdivision 1. **Correction order; conditional license.** (a) For any local correctional
 17.17 facility under section 241.011, subdivision 2, paragraph (g), the commissioner must:

41.7 (1) promptly notify the facility administrator and the facility's governing board of a
41.8 deficiency if the commissioner finds that:

41.9 (i) the facility does not substantially conform to the minimum standards established by
41.10 the commissioner and is not making satisfactory progress toward substantial conformance;
41.11 and

41.12 (ii) the nonconformance does not present an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or
41.13 serious physical injury to the individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility;
41.14 and

41.15 (2) issue a correction order or a conditional license order requiring that the deficiency
41.16 be remedied within a reasonable and specified period.

41.17 (b) A conditional license order may restrict the use of any facility that does not
41.18 substantially conform to minimum standards, including by:

41.19 (1) imposing conditions limiting operation of the facility or parts of the facility;
41.20 (2) reducing facility capacity;
41.21 (3) limiting intake;
41.22 (4) limiting length of detention or placement for individuals; or
41.23 (5) imposing detention or placement limitations based on the needs of the detained or
41.24 housed individuals or individuals served by the facility.

41.25 (c) A correction order or conditional license order must clearly state:

41.26 (1) the specific minimum standards violated, noting the implicated rule or statute;
41.27 (2) the findings that constitute a violation of minimum standards;
41.28 (3) the corrective action needed;
41.29 (4) the time allowed to correct each violation; and
41.30 (5) if a license is made conditional:

42.1 (i) the length and terms of the conditional license;
42.2 (ii) any conditions limiting operation of the facility or parts of the facility; and
42.3 (iii) the reasons for making the license conditional.

42.4 (d) Nothing in this section prohibits the commissioner from ordering a revocation under
42.5 subdivision 3 before issuing a correction order or conditional license order.

42.6 Subd. 2. **Requesting review of conditional license order.** (a) A facility administrator
42.7 may request that the commissioner review the findings in a conditional license order under
42.8 subdivision 1 on the grounds that satisfactory progress toward substantial compliance with

17.18 (1) promptly notify the facility administrator and the facility's governing board of a
17.19 deficiency if the commissioner finds that:

17.20 (i) the facility does not substantially conform to the minimum standards established by
17.21 the commissioner and is not making satisfactory progress toward substantial conformance;
17.22 and

17.23 (ii) the nonconformance does not present an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or
17.24 serious physical injury to the individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility;
17.25 and

17.26 (2) issue a correction order or a conditional license order requiring that the deficiency
17.27 be remedied within a reasonable and specified period.

17.28 (b) A conditional license order may restrict the use of any facility that does not
17.29 substantially conform to minimum standards, including by:

17.30 (1) imposing conditions limiting operation of the facility or parts of the facility;
17.31 (2) reducing facility capacity;
18.1 (3) limiting intake;
18.2 (4) limiting length of detention or placement for individuals; or
18.3 (5) imposing detention or placement limitations based on the needs of the detained or
18.4 housed individuals or individuals served by the facility.

18.5 (c) A correction order or conditional license order must clearly state:

18.6 (1) the specific minimum standards violated, noting the implicated rule or statute;
18.7 (2) the findings that constitute a violation of minimum standards;
18.8 (3) the corrective action needed;
18.9 (4) the time allowed to correct each violation; and
18.10 (5) if a license is made conditional:

18.11 (i) the length and terms of the conditional license;
18.12 (ii) any conditions limiting operation of the facility or parts of the facility; and
18.13 (iii) the reasons for making the license conditional.

18.14 (d) Nothing in this section prohibits the commissioner from ordering a revocation under
18.15 subdivision 3 before issuing a correction order or conditional license order.

18.16 Subd. 2. **Requesting review of conditional license order.** (a) A facility administrator
18.17 may request that the commissioner review the findings in a conditional license order under
18.18 subdivision 1 on the grounds that satisfactory progress toward substantial compliance with

42.9 minimum standards has been made, supported by evidence of correction. If appropriate, the
 42.10 request may include a written schedule for compliance.

42.11 (b) Within ten business days of receiving a request, the commissioner must review the
 42.12 evidence of correction and the progress made toward substantial compliance with minimum
 42.13 standards.

42.14 (c) When the commissioner has assurance that satisfactory progress toward substantial
 42.15 compliance with minimum standards is being made, the commissioner must:

42.16 (1) modify or lift any conditions limiting operation of the facility or parts of the facility;
 42.17 or

42.18 (2) remove the conditional license order.

42.19 Subd. 3. **License revocation order.** (a) After due notice to a facility administrator of
 42.20 the commissioner's intent to issue a revocation order, the commissioner may issue an order
 42.21 revoking a facility's license if the commissioner finds that:

42.22 (1) the facility does not conform to minimum standards or is not making satisfactory
 42.23 progress toward substantial compliance with minimum standards; and

42.24 (2) the nonconformance does not present an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or
 42.25 serious physical injury to the individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility.

42.26 (b) The notice of intent to issue a revocation order must include:

42.27 (1) the citation to minimum standards that have been violated;

42.28 (2) the nature and severity of each violation;

42.29 (3) whether the violation is recurring or nonrecurring;

42.30 (4) the effect of the violation on individuals detained or housed in or served by the
 42.31 facility;

43.1 (5) an evaluation of the risk of harm to individuals detained or housed in or served by
 43.2 the facility; and

43.3 (6) relevant facts, conditions, and circumstances related to the facility's operation,
 43.4 including, at a minimum:

43.5 (i) specific facility deficiencies that endanger the health or safety of individuals detained
 43.6 or housed in or served by the facility;

43.7 (ii) substantiated complaints relating to the facility; or

43.8 (iii) any other evidence that the facility is not in compliance with minimum standards.

18.19 minimum standards has been made, supported by evidence of correction. If appropriate, the
 18.20 request may include a written schedule for compliance.

18.21 (b) Within ten business days of receiving a request, the commissioner must review the
 18.22 evidence of correction and the progress made toward substantial compliance with minimum
 18.23 standards.

18.24 (c) When the commissioner has assurance that satisfactory progress toward substantial
 18.25 compliance with minimum standards is being made, the commissioner must:

18.26 (1) modify or lift any conditions limiting operation of the facility or parts of the facility;
 18.27 or

18.28 (2) remove the conditional license order.

19.1 Subd. 3. **License revocation order.** (a) After due notice to a facility administrator of
 19.2 the commissioner's intent to issue a revocation order, the commissioner may issue an order
 19.3 revoking a facility's license if the commissioner finds that:

19.4 (1) the facility does not conform to minimum standards or is not making satisfactory
 19.5 progress toward substantial compliance with minimum standards; and

19.6 (2) the nonconformance does not present an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or
 19.7 serious physical injury to the individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility.

19.8 (b) The notice of intent to issue a revocation order must include:

19.9 (1) the citation to minimum standards that have been violated;

19.10 (2) the nature and severity of each violation;

19.11 (3) whether the violation is recurring or nonrecurring;

19.12 (4) the effect of the violation on individuals detained or housed in or served by the
 19.13 facility;

19.14 (5) an evaluation of the risk of harm to individuals detained or housed in or served by
 19.15 the facility; and

19.16 (6) relevant facts, conditions, and circumstances related to the facility's operation,
 19.17 including, at a minimum:

19.18 (i) specific facility deficiencies that endanger the health or safety of individuals detained
 19.19 or housed in or served by the facility;

19.20 (ii) substantiated complaints relating to the facility; or

19.21 (iii) any other evidence that the facility is not in compliance with minimum standards.

43.9 (c) Within 30 days of receiving a notice under paragraph (b), the facility administrator
43.10 must submit a written response with:

43.11 (1) any information related to errors in the notice and the facility's ability to conform to
43.12 minimum standards within a set period, including but not limited to a written schedule for
43.13 compliance and any other information that the facility administrator deems relevant for the
43.14 commissioner's consideration; and

43.15 (2) a written plan:

43.16 (i) indicating how the facility will ensure the transfer of individuals detained or housed
43.17 in or served by the facility and records if the facility closes; and

43.18 (ii) specifying arrangements that the facility will make to transfer individuals detained
43.19 or housed in or served by the facility to another licensed local correctional facility for
43.20 continuation of detention.

43.21 (d) When revoking a license, the commissioner must consider:

43.22 (1) the nature, chronicity, or severity of the statute or rule violation; and

43.23 (2) the effect of the violation on the health, safety, or rights of individuals detained or
43.24 housed in or served by the facility.

43.25 (e) The commissioner must issue a revocation order if the facility administrator does
43.26 not respond within 30 days to the notice or if the commissioner does not have assurance
43.27 that satisfactory progress toward substantial compliance with minimum standards will be
43.28 made. The revocation order must be sent to the facility administrator and the facility's
43.29 governing board, clearly stating:

43.30 (1) the specific minimum standards violated, noting the implicated rule or statute;

44.1 (2) the findings that constitute a violation of minimum standards and the nature,
44.2 chronicity, or severity of the violations;

44.3 (3) the corrective action needed;

44.4 (4) any prior correction order or conditional license order issued to correct a violation;
44.5 and

44.6 (5) the date on which the license revocation will occur.

44.7 (f) A revocation order may authorize facility use until a certain date, not to exceed the
44.8 duration of the active license:

44.9 (1) unless a limited license is issued by the commissioner to effectuate a facility closure;
44.10 and

19.22 (c) Within 30 days of receiving a notice under paragraph (b), the facility administrator
19.23 must submit a written response with:

19.24 (1) any information related to errors in the notice and the facility's ability to conform to
19.25 minimum standards within a set period, including but not limited to a written schedule for
19.26 compliance and any other information that the facility administrator deems relevant for the
19.27 commissioner's consideration; and

19.28 (2) a written plan:

19.29 (i) indicating how the facility will ensure the transfer of individuals detained or housed
19.30 in or served by the facility and records if the facility closes; and

20.1 (ii) specifying arrangements that the facility will make to transfer individuals detained
20.2 or housed in or served by the facility to another licensed local correctional facility for
20.3 continuation of detention.

20.4 (d) When revoking a license, the commissioner must consider:

20.5 (1) the nature, chronicity, or severity of the statute or rule violation; and

20.6 (2) the effect of the violation on the health, safety, or rights of individuals detained or
20.7 housed in or served by the facility.

20.8 (e) The commissioner must issue a revocation order if the facility administrator does
20.9 not respond within 30 days to the notice or if the commissioner does not have assurance
20.10 that satisfactory progress toward substantial compliance with minimum standards will be
20.11 made. The revocation order must be sent to the facility administrator and the facility's
20.12 governing board, clearly stating:

20.13 (1) the specific minimum standards violated, noting the implicated rule or statute;

20.14 (2) the findings that constitute a violation of minimum standards and the nature,
20.15 chronicity, or severity of the violations;

20.16 (3) the corrective action needed;

20.17 (4) any prior correction order or conditional license order issued to correct a violation;
20.18 and

20.19 (5) the date on which the license revocation will occur.

20.20 (f) A revocation order may authorize facility use until a certain date, not to exceed the
20.21 duration of the active license:

20.22 (1) unless a limited license is issued by the commissioner to effectuate a facility closure;
20.23 and

44.11 (2) if continued operation does not present an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or
 44.12 is not likely to result in serious physical injury to the individuals detained or housed in or
 44.13 served by the facility.

44.14 (g) After a facility's license is revoked, the facility must not be used until the license is
 44.15 reinstated. When the commissioner is assured that satisfactory progress toward substantial
 44.16 compliance with minimum standards is being made, the commissioner may, at the request
 44.17 of the facility administrator supported by a written schedule for compliance, reinstate the
 44.18 license.

44.19 Subd. 4. **Reconsideration orders.** (a) If a facility administrator believes that a correction
 44.20 order, conditional license order, or revocation order is in error, the facility administrator
 44.21 may ask the commissioner to reconsider the parts of the order or action that are alleged to
 44.22 be in error. The request for reconsideration must:

44.23 (1) be made in writing;

44.24 (2) be postmarked and sent to the commissioner within 30 calendar days after receiving
 44.25 the order;

44.26 (3) specify the parts of the order or the action that is alleged to be in error;

44.27 (4) explain why the order or action is in error; and

44.28 (5) include documentation to support the allegation of error.

44.29 (b) The commissioner must issue a disposition within 60 days of receiving the facility
 44.30 administrator's response under paragraph (a). A request for reconsideration does not stay
 44.31 any provisions or requirements of the order.

45.1 Subd. 5. **Temporary immediate license suspension.** (a) The commissioner must act
 45.2 immediately to temporarily suspend a license issued under sections 241.011 to 241.013 if:

45.3 (1) the facility's failure to comply with applicable minimum standards or the conditions
 45.4 in the facility pose an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or serious physical injury to
 45.5 individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility, staff, law enforcement, visitors,
 45.6 or the public and:

45.7 (i) if the imminent risk of life-threatening harm or serious physical injury cannot be
 45.8 promptly corrected through a different type of order under this section; and

45.9 (ii) the facility cannot or has not corrected the violation giving rise to the imminent risk
 45.10 of life-threatening harm or serious physical injury; or

45.11 (2) while the facility continues to operate pending due notice and opportunity for written
 45.12 response to the commissioner's notice of intent to issue a revocation order under subdivision
 45.13 3, the commissioner identifies one or more subsequent violations of minimum standards

20.24 (2) if continued operation does not present an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or
 20.25 is not likely to result in serious physical injury to the individuals detained or housed in or
 20.26 served by the facility.

20.27 (g) After a facility's license is revoked, the facility must not be used until the license is
 20.28 reinstated. When the commissioner is assured that satisfactory progress toward substantial
 20.29 compliance with minimum standards is being made, the commissioner may, at the request
 20.30 of the facility administrator supported by a written schedule for compliance, reinstate the
 20.31 license.

21.1 Subd. 4. **Reconsideration orders.** (a) If a facility administrator believes that a correction
 21.2 order, conditional license order, or revocation order is in error, the facility administrator
 21.3 may ask the commissioner to reconsider the parts of the order or action that are alleged to
 21.4 be in error. The request for reconsideration must:

21.5 (1) be made in writing;

21.6 (2) be postmarked and sent to the commissioner within 30 calendar days after receiving
 21.7 the order;

21.8 (3) specify the parts of the order or the action that is alleged to be in error;

21.9 (4) explain why the order or action is in error; and

21.10 (5) include documentation to support the allegation of error.

21.11 (b) The commissioner must issue a disposition within 60 days of receiving the facility
 21.12 administrator's response under paragraph (a). A request for reconsideration does not stay
 21.13 any provisions or requirements of the order.

21.14 Subd. 5. **Temporary immediate license suspension.** (a) The commissioner must act
 21.15 immediately to temporarily suspend a license issued under sections 241.011 to 241.013 if:

21.16 (1) the facility's failure to comply with applicable minimum standards or the conditions
 21.17 in the facility pose an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or serious physical injury to
 21.18 individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility, staff, law enforcement, visitors,
 21.19 or the public and:

21.20 (i) if the imminent risk of life-threatening harm or serious physical injury cannot be
 21.21 promptly corrected through a different type of order under this section; and

21.22 (ii) the facility cannot or has not corrected the violation giving rise to the imminent risk
 21.23 of life-threatening harm or serious physical injury; or

21.24 (2) while the facility continues to operate pending due notice and opportunity for written
 21.25 response to the commissioner's notice of intent to issue a revocation order under subdivision
 21.26 3, the commissioner identifies one or more subsequent violations of minimum standards

45.14 that may adversely affect the health or safety of individuals detained or housed in or served
 45.15 by the facility, staff, law enforcement, visitors, or the public.

45.16 (b) A notice stating the reasons for the temporary immediate suspension must be delivered
 45.17 by personal service to the facility administrator and the facility's governing board.

45.18 (c) A facility administrator and the facility's governing board must discontinue operating
 45.19 the facility upon receiving the commissioner's order to immediately suspend the license.

45.20 Subd. 6. **Requesting reconsideration of temporary immediate suspension.** (a) A
 45.21 facility administrator may request reconsideration of an order immediately suspending a
 45.22 license. The request for reconsideration must be made in writing and sent by certified mail
 45.23 or personal service as follows:

45.24 (1) if mailed, the request for reconsideration must be postmarked and sent to the
 45.25 commissioner within five business days after the facility administrator receives notice that
 45.26 the license has been immediately suspended; and

45.27 (2) if a request is made by personal service, the request must be received by the
 45.28 commissioner within five business days after the facility administrator received the order.

45.29 (b) The request for reconsideration must:

45.30 (1) specify the parts of the order that are alleged to be in error;

45.31 (2) explain why they are in error; and

45.32 (3) include documentation to support the allegation of error.

46.1 (c) Within five business days of receiving the facility administrator's timely request for
 46.2 reconsideration, the commissioner must review the request. For a review under subdivision
 46.3 5, paragraph (a), clause (2), the review must be limited solely to whether the temporary
 46.4 immediate suspension order should remain in effect pending the written response to the
 46.5 commissioner's notice of intent to issue a revocation order.

46.6 Subd. 7. **Appealing commissioner's reconsideration request.** (a) The commissioner's
 46.7 disposition of a request for reconsideration of a correction, conditional license, temporary
 46.8 immediate suspension, or revocation order is final and subject to appeal. Before a facility
 46.9 administrator may request an appeal under paragraph (b), the facility administrator must
 46.10 request reconsideration according to this section of any correction, conditional license,
 46.11 temporary immediate suspension, or revocation order.

46.12 (b) Within 60 days after the postmark date of the mailed notice of the commissioner's
 46.13 decision on a request for reconsideration, the facility administrator may appeal the decision
 46.14 by filing for a writ of certiorari with the court of appeals under section 606.01 and Minnesota
 46.15 Rules of Civil Appellate Procedure, Rule 115.

46.16 Subd. 8. **Public notice of restriction, revocation, or suspension.** If a facility's license
 46.17 is revoked or suspended under this section, a facility's use is restricted for any reason under

21.27 that may adversely affect the health or safety of individuals detained or housed in or served
 21.28 by the facility, staff, law enforcement, visitors, or the public.

21.29 (b) A notice stating the reasons for the temporary immediate suspension must be delivered
 21.30 by personal service to the facility administrator and the facility's governing board.

21.31 (c) A facility administrator and the facility's governing board must discontinue operating
 21.32 the facility upon receiving the commissioner's order to immediately suspend the license.

22.1 Subd. 6. **Requesting reconsideration of temporary immediate suspension.** (a) A
 22.2 facility administrator may request reconsideration of an order immediately suspending a
 22.3 license. The request for reconsideration must be made in writing and sent by certified mail
 22.4 or personal service as follows:

22.5 (1) if mailed, the request for reconsideration must be postmarked and sent to the
 22.6 commissioner within five business days after the facility administrator receives notice that
 22.7 the license has been immediately suspended; and

22.8 (2) if a request is made by personal service, the request must be received by the
 22.9 commissioner within five business days after the facility administrator received the order.

22.10 (b) The request for reconsideration must:

22.11 (1) specify the parts of the order that are alleged to be in error;

22.12 (2) explain why they are in error; and

22.13 (3) include documentation to support the allegation of error.

22.14 (c) Within five business days of receiving the facility administrator's timely request for
 22.15 reconsideration, the commissioner must review the request. For a review under subdivision
 22.16 5, paragraph (a), clause (2), the review must be limited solely to whether the temporary
 22.17 immediate suspension order should remain in effect pending the written response to the
 22.18 commissioner's notice of intent to issue a revocation order.

22.19 Subd. 7. **Appealing commissioner's reconsideration request.** (a) The commissioner's
 22.20 disposition of a request for reconsideration of a correction, conditional license, temporary
 22.21 immediate suspension, or revocation order is final and subject to appeal. Before a facility
 22.22 administrator may request an appeal under paragraph (b), the facility administrator must
 22.23 request reconsideration according to this section of any correction, conditional license,
 22.24 temporary immediate suspension, or revocation order.

22.25 (b) Within 60 days after the postmark date of the mailed notice of the commissioner's
 22.26 decision on a request for reconsideration, the facility administrator may appeal the decision
 22.27 by filing for a writ of certiorari with the court of appeals under section 606.01 and Minnesota
 22.28 Rules of Civil Appellate Procedure, Rule 115.

22.29 Subd. 8. **Public notice of restriction, revocation, or suspension.** If a facility's license
 22.30 is revoked or suspended under this section, a facility's use is restricted for any reason under

46.18 a conditional license order, or a correction order is issued to a facility, the commissioner
 46.19 must publicly post the following information on the department's website:

46.20 (1) the facility name;
 46.21 (2) the status of the facility's license;
 46.22 (3) the reason for the correction order, restriction, revocation, or suspension; and
 46.23 (4) any subsequent findings by the commissioner identifying satisfactory progress toward
 46.24 substantial compliance with minimum standards.

46.25 Sec. 3. [241.013] LICENSING AND INSPECTING LOCAL JUVENILE
 46.26 CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.

46.27 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** This section applies to local juvenile correctional facilities under
 46.28 section 241.011, subdivision 2, paragraph (g), licensed by the commissioner of corrections
 46.29 to detain or serve juveniles, including those providing residential or foster care facility
 46.30 placements under chapter 260C.

46.31 Subd. 2. **Facilities for children and youth; inspection and licensing.** (a)
 46.32 Notwithstanding any provisions in sections 245A.03; 245A.04; and 256.01, subdivision 2,
 47.1 paragraph (a), clause (2); and chapter 245C to the contrary, the commissioner must inspect
 47.2 all local juvenile correctional facilities under section 241.011, subdivision 3, except as
 47.3 provided under paragraph (c).

47.4 (b) The commissioner must grant a license for up to two years to a county, municipality,
 47.5 or facility:

47.6 (1) according to section 241.011, subdivision 5; and
 47.7 (2) if the commissioner is satisfied that the interests and well-being of children and youth
 47.8 are protected.

47.9 (c) For local juvenile correctional facilities licensed by the commissioner of human
 47.10 services, the commissioner of corrections may inspect and certify programs based on
 47.11 certification standards under Minnesota Rules. For purposes of this paragraph, "certification"
 47.12 has the meaning given in section 245A.02.

47.13 Subd. 3. **Commissioner consultation.** Local juvenile correctional facilities must consult
 47.14 with the commissioner as needed to strengthen services to children and youth.

47.15 Subd. 4. **Affected municipality; notice.** (a) The commissioner must not grant a license
 47.16 to a local juvenile correctional facility without giving 30 calendar days' written notice to
 47.17 any affected municipality or other political subdivision unless the facility:

47.18 (1) has a licensed capacity of six or fewer individuals; and
 47.19 (2) is occupied by either the licensee or a group foster home parent.

22.31 a conditional license order, or a correction order is issued to a facility, the commissioner
 22.32 must publicly post the following information on the department's website:

23.1 (1) the facility name;
 23.2 (2) the status of the facility's license;
 23.3 (3) the reason for the correction order, restriction, revocation, or suspension; and
 23.4 (4) any subsequent findings by the commissioner identifying satisfactory progress toward
 23.5 substantial compliance with minimum standards.

23.6 Sec. 18. [241.013] LICENSING AND INSPECTING LOCAL JUVENILE
 23.7 CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.

23.8 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** This section applies to local juvenile correctional facilities under
 23.9 section 241.011, subdivision 2, paragraph (g), licensed by the commissioner of corrections
 23.10 to detain or serve juveniles, including those providing residential or foster care facility
 23.11 placements under chapter 260C.

23.12 Subd. 2. **Facilities for children and youth; inspection and licensing.** (a)
 23.13 Notwithstanding any provisions in sections 245A.03; 245A.04; and 256.01, subdivision 2,
 23.14 paragraph (a), clause (2); and chapter 245C to the contrary, the commissioner must inspect
 23.15 all local juvenile correctional facilities under section 241.011, subdivision 3, except as
 23.16 provided under paragraph (c).

23.17 (b) The commissioner must grant a license for up to two years to a county, municipality,
 23.18 or facility:

23.19 (1) according to section 241.011, subdivision 5; and
 23.20 (2) if the commissioner is satisfied that the interests and well-being of children and youth
 23.21 are protected.

23.22 (c) For local juvenile correctional facilities licensed by the commissioner of human
 23.23 services, the commissioner of corrections may inspect and certify programs based on
 23.24 certification standards under Minnesota Rules. For purposes of this paragraph, "certification"
 23.25 has the meaning given in section 245A.02.

23.26 Subd. 3. **Commissioner consultation.** Local juvenile correctional facilities must consult
 23.27 with the commissioner as needed to strengthen services to children and youth.

23.28 Subd. 4. **Affected municipality; notice.** (a) The commissioner must not grant a license
 23.29 to a local juvenile correctional facility without giving 30 calendar days' written notice to
 23.30 any affected municipality or other political subdivision unless the facility:

23.31 (1) has a licensed capacity of six or fewer individuals; and
 24.1 (2) is occupied by either the licensee or a group foster home parent.

47.20 (b) The notification must be given before the license is first granted and annually
 47.21 thereafter if annual notification is requested in writing by the affected municipality or other
 47.22 political subdivision.

47.23 (c) State funds must not be made available to or be spent by an agency or department
 47.24 of state, county, or municipal government for payment to a foster care facility licensed under
 47.25 this section until the requirements under this subdivision have been met.

47.26 Subd. 5. **Licensing with juveniles from outside state.** The commissioner must not issue
 47.27 or renew a license to a facility under this section to operate a local juvenile correctional
 47.28 facility if:

47.29 (1) the facility accepts juveniles who reside outside Minnesota; and

47.30 (2) there is no agreement with the entity placing the juvenile at the facility that obligates
 47.31 the entity to pay the juvenile's educational expenses.

48.1 Subd. 6. **Licensing actions.** The licensing actions under section 241.012 apply to a
 48.2 facility licensed under this section.

48.3 Subd. 7. **Education for juveniles.** Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the education program
 48.4 offered in a state or local correctional facility for the placement, confinement, or incarceration
 48.5 of juveniles must be approved by the commissioner of education before the commissioner
 48.6 of corrections may grant a license to the facility.

48.7 Subd. 8. **Rulemaking.** (a) The commissioner must adopt rules for local juvenile
 48.8 correctional facilities according to Laws 1995, chapter 226, article 3, sections 50, 51, and
 48.9 60, as amended.

48.10 (b) The time limit to adopt rules under section 14.125 does not apply to amendments to
 48.11 Minnesota Rules, chapter 2960, in effect on the effective date of this section.

48.12 Sec. 4. **[241.014] SECURITY AUDITS FOR STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.**

48.13 Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** This section applies to state correctional facilities.

48.14 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
 48.15 meanings given.

48.16 (b) "Audit group" means the state correctional facilities security audit group under
 48.17 subdivision 5.

48.18 (c) "Corrections and detention confidential data" has the meaning given in section 13.85,
 48.19 subdivision 3.

48.20 (d) "Security information" has the meaning given in section 13.37, subdivision 1.

24.2 (b) The notification must be given before the license is first granted and annually
 24.3 thereafter if annual notification is requested in writing by the affected municipality or other
 24.4 political subdivision.

24.5 (c) State funds must not be made available to or be spent by an agency or department
 24.6 of state, county, or municipal government for payment to a foster care facility licensed under
 24.7 this section until the requirements under this subdivision have been met.

24.8 Subd. 5. **Licensing with juveniles from outside state.** The commissioner must not issue
 24.9 or renew a license to a facility under this section to operate a local juvenile correctional
 24.10 facility if:

24.11 (1) the facility accepts juveniles who reside outside Minnesota; and

24.12 (2) there is no agreement with the entity placing the juvenile at the facility that obligates
 24.13 the entity to pay the juvenile's educational expenses.

24.14 Subd. 6. **Licensing actions.** The licensing actions under section 241.012 apply to a
 24.15 facility licensed under this section.

24.16 Subd. 7. **Education for juveniles.** Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the education program
 24.17 offered in a state or local correctional facility for the placement, confinement, or incarceration
 24.18 of juveniles must be approved by the commissioner of education before the commissioner
 24.19 of corrections may grant a license to the facility.

24.20 Subd. 8. **Rulemaking.** (a) The commissioner must adopt rules for local juvenile
 24.21 correctional facilities according to Laws 1995, chapter 226, article 3, sections 50, 51, and
 24.22 60, as amended.

24.23 (b) The time limit to adopt rules under section 14.125 does not apply to amendments to
 24.24 Minnesota Rules, chapter 2960, in effect on the effective date of this section.

24.25 Sec. 19. **[241.014] SECURITY AUDITS FOR STATE CORRECTIONAL**
 24.26 **FACILITIES.**

24.27 Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** This section applies to state correctional facilities.

24.28 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
 24.29 meanings given.

24.30 (b) "Audit group" means the state correctional facilities security audit group under
 24.31 subdivision 5.

25.1 (c) "Corrections and detention confidential data" has the meaning given in section 13.85,
 25.2 subdivision 3.

25.3 (d) "Security information" has the meaning given in section 13.37, subdivision 1.

48.21 Subd. 3. **Biennial report and audit of security practices.** The department's inspection
 48.22 unit must conduct biennial security audits of each state correctional facility using the
 48.23 standards established by the audit group. The inspection unit must:

48.24 (1) prepare a report for each audit; and

48.25 (2) submit the report to the audit group within 30 days of completing the audit.

48.26 Subd. 4. **Data.** (a) Corrections and detention confidential data and security information
 48.27 contained in reports and records of the audit group:

48.28 (1) must maintain that classification, regardless of the data's classification in the hands
 48.29 of the person who provided the data; and

48.30 (2) are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in a civil or criminal action
 48.31 against the state arising out of any matter that the audit group is reviewing.

49.1 (b) Information, documents, and records otherwise available from other sources are not
 49.2 immune from discovery or use in a civil or criminal action solely because the information,
 49.3 documents, and records were acquired during an audit.

49.4 (c) Nothing in this subdivision limits a person who presented information to the audit
 49.5 group or who is an audit group member from testifying about matters within the person's
 49.6 knowledge. In a civil or criminal proceeding, a person must not be questioned about the
 49.7 person's good faith presentation of information to the audit group or opinions formed by
 49.8 the person as a result of an audit.

49.9 Subd. 5. **State correctional facilities security audit group.** (a) The commissioner must
 49.10 form a state correctional facilities security audit group. The audit group must consist of the
 49.11 following members:

49.12 (1) a department employee who is not assigned to the correctional institutions division,
 49.13 appointed by the commissioner;

49.14 (2) the ombudsperson for corrections or a designee;

49.15 (3) an elected sheriff or designee nominated by the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association,
 49.16 appointed by the commissioner;

49.17 (4) an individual with expertise in security related to infrastructure and operational
 49.18 logistics of correctional facilities who is not required to reside in Minnesota, appointed by
 49.19 the governor;

49.20 (5) the commissioner of health or a designee;

49.21 (6) the commissioner of administration or a designee;

49.22 (7) two senators, one appointed by the senate majority leader and one appointed by the
 49.23 senate minority leader; and

25.4 Subd. 3. **Biennial report and audit of security practices.** The department's inspection
 25.5 unit must conduct biennial security audits of each state correctional facility using the
 25.6 standards established by the audit group. The inspection unit must:

25.7 (1) prepare a report for each audit; and

25.8 (2) submit the report to the audit group within 30 days of completing the audit.

25.9 Subd. 4. **Data.** (a) Corrections and detention confidential data and security information
 25.10 contained in reports and records of the audit group:

25.11 (1) must maintain that classification, regardless of the data's classification in the hands
 25.12 of the person who provided the data; and

25.13 (2) are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in a civil or criminal action
 25.14 against the state arising out of any matter that the audit group is reviewing.

25.15 (b) Information, documents, and records otherwise available from other sources are not
 25.16 immune from discovery or use in a civil or criminal action solely because the information,
 25.17 documents, and records were acquired during an audit.

25.18 (c) Nothing in this subdivision limits a person who presented information to the audit
 25.19 group or who is an audit group member from testifying about matters within the person's
 25.20 knowledge. In a civil or criminal proceeding, a person must not be questioned about the
 25.21 person's good faith presentation of information to the audit group or opinions formed by
 25.22 the person as a result of an audit.

25.23 Subd. 5. **State correctional facilities security audit group.** (a) The commissioner must
 25.24 form a state correctional facilities security audit group. The audit group must consist of the
 25.25 following members:

25.26 (1) a department employee who is not assigned to the correctional institutions division,
 25.27 appointed by the commissioner;

25.28 (2) the ombudsperson for corrections or a designee;

25.29 (3) an elected sheriff or designee nominated by the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association,
 25.30 appointed by the commissioner;

26.1 (4) an individual with expertise in security related to infrastructure and operational
 26.2 logistics of correctional facilities who is not required to reside in Minnesota, appointed by
 26.3 the governor;

26.4 (5) the commissioner of health or a designee;

26.5 (6) the commissioner of administration or a designee;

26.6 (7) two senators, one appointed by the senate majority leader and one appointed by the
 26.7 senate minority leader; and

49.24 (8) two representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the house and one appointed
 49.25 by the minority leader of the house of representatives.

49.26 (b) The ombudsperson chairs the audit group. The audit group must establish security
 49.27 audit standards for state correctional facilities. In developing the standards, the audit group,
 49.28 or individual members of the audit group, may gather information from state correctional
 49.29 facilities and state correctional staff and inmates. The audit group must:

49.30 (1) periodically review and modify the standards as needed; and

50.1 (2) report the standards to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of
 50.2 representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance
 50.3 when the standards are modified.

50.4 (c) The audit group must meet twice annually to review facility audit reports submitted
 50.5 to the audit group by the department's inspection unit. Notwithstanding any law to the
 50.6 contrary, the audit group may review the full audit reports, including but not limited to
 50.7 corrections and detention confidential data and security information.

50.8 (d) Within 60 days of meeting to review an audit report from the department's inspection
 50.9 unit, the audit group must make recommendations to the commissioner. Within 45 days of
 50.10 receiving the audit group's recommendations, the commissioner must respond in writing to
 50.11 the audit group's findings and recommendations. The commissioner's response must explain:

50.12 (1) whether the commissioner will implement the audit group's recommendations;

50.13 (2) the timeline for implementing the recommendations; and

50.14 (3) if the commissioner will not implement the recommendations, why the commissioner
 50.15 will not or cannot implement the recommendations.

50.16 (e) The commissioner must include a written aggregate of the audit group's
 50.17 recommendations based on each security audit and assessment of a state correctional facility
 50.18 and the commissioner's responses to the recommendations in the biennial report under
 50.19 section 241.016, subdivision 1. The commissioner must not include corrections and detention
 50.20 confidential data and security information in the commissioner's report.

50.21 (f) The commissioner must provide staffing and administrative support to the audit
 50.22 group.

50.23 Subd. 6. **Compensation.** Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the terms,
 50.24 compensation, and removal of audit group members are governed by section 15.059. Audit
 50.25 group members serve without compensation but may receive expense reimbursement.

50.26 Subd. 7. **Expiration.** Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 6, the audit group
 50.27 does not expire.

50.28 Subd. 8. **Open meeting law.** The audit group is not subject to chapter 13D.

26.8 (8) two representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the house and one appointed
 26.9 by the minority leader of the house of representatives.

26.10 (b) The ombudsperson chairs the audit group. The audit group must establish security
 26.11 audit standards for state correctional facilities. In developing the standards, the audit group,
 26.12 or individual members of the audit group, may gather information from state correctional
 26.13 facilities and state correctional staff and inmates. The audit group must:

26.14 (1) periodically review and modify the standards as needed; and

26.15 (2) report the standards to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of
 26.16 representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance
 26.17 when the standards are modified.

26.18 (c) The audit group must meet twice annually to review facility audit reports submitted
 26.19 to the audit group by the department's inspection unit. Notwithstanding any law to the
 26.20 contrary, the audit group may review the full audit reports, including but not limited to
 26.21 corrections and detention confidential data and security information.

26.22 (d) Within 60 days of meeting to review an audit report from the department's inspection
 26.23 unit, the audit group must make recommendations to the commissioner. Within 45 days of
 26.24 receiving the audit group's recommendations, the commissioner must respond in writing to
 26.25 the audit group's findings and recommendations. The commissioner's response must explain:

26.26 (1) whether the commissioner will implement the audit group's recommendations;

26.27 (2) the timeline for implementing the recommendations; and

26.28 (3) if the commissioner will not implement the recommendations, why the commissioner
 26.29 will not or cannot implement the recommendations.

26.30 (e) The commissioner must include a written aggregate of the audit group's
 26.31 recommendations based on each security audit and assessment of a state correctional facility
 26.32 and the commissioner's responses to the recommendations in the biennial report under
 27.1 section 241.016, subdivision 1. The commissioner must not include corrections and detention
 27.2 confidential data and security information in the commissioner's report.

27.3 (f) The commissioner must provide staffing and administrative support to the audit
 27.4 group.

27.5 Subd. 6. **Compensation.** Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the terms,
 27.6 compensation, and removal of audit group members are governed by section 15.059. Audit
 27.7 group members serve without compensation but may receive expense reimbursement.

27.8 Subd. 7. **Expiration.** Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 6, the audit group
 27.9 does not expire.

27.10 Subd. 8. **Open meeting law.** The audit group is not subject to chapter 13D.

50.29 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 1, is amended
50.30 to read:

50.31 Subdivision 1. **Correctional facilities; inspection; licensing.** (a) ~~Except as provided~~
50.32 ~~in paragraph (b),~~ The commissioner of corrections shall inspect and license all ~~correctional~~
51.1 ~~facilities throughout the state~~ jails and lockups under chapters 641 and 642, whether public
51.2 or private, established and operated for the detention and confinement of persons confined
51.3 or incarcerated therein according to law except to the extent that they are inspected or
51.4 licensed by other state regulating agencies. The commissioner shall promulgate pursuant
51.5 to chapter 14, rules establishing minimum standards for these facilities with respect to their
51.6 management, operation, physical condition, and the security, safety, health, treatment, and
51.7 discipline of persons confined or incarcerated therein. These minimum standards shall
51.8 include but are not limited to specific guidance pertaining to:

51.9 (1) screening, appraisal, assessment, and treatment for persons confined or incarcerated
51.10 in correctional facilities with mental illness or substance use disorders;

51.11 (2) a policy on the involuntary administration of medications, including a process for
51.12 determining on intake whether a Jarvis Order is in place and ensuring it will be followed
51.13 during the confinement or incarceration;

51.14 (3) suicide prevention plans and training;

51.15 (4) verification of medications in a timely manner;

51.16 (5) well-being checks;

51.17 (6) discharge planning, including providing prescribed medications to persons confined
51.18 or incarcerated in correctional facilities upon release;

51.19 (7) a policy on referrals or transfers to medical or mental health care in a noncorrectional
51.20 institution;

51.21 (8) use of segregation and mental health checks;

51.22 (9) critical incident debriefings;

51.23 (10) clinical management of substance use disorders and opioid overdose emergency
51.24 procedures;

51.25 (11) a policy regarding identification of persons with special needs confined or
51.26 incarcerated in correctional facilities;

51.27 (12) a policy regarding the use of telehealth;

51.28 (13) self-auditing of compliance with minimum standards;

51.29 (14) information sharing with medical personnel and when medical assessment must be
51.30 facilitated;

27.11 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 1, is amended
27.12 to read:

27.13 Subdivision 1. **Correctional facilities; inspection; licensing.** (a) ~~Except as provided~~
27.14 ~~in paragraph (b),~~ The commissioner of corrections shall inspect and license all ~~correctional~~
27.15 ~~facilities throughout the state~~ jails and lockups under chapters 641 and 642, whether public
27.16 or private, established and operated for the detention and confinement of persons confined
27.17 or incarcerated therein according to law except to the extent that they are inspected or
27.18 licensed by other state regulating agencies. The commissioner shall promulgate pursuant
27.19 to chapter 14, rules establishing minimum standards for these facilities with respect to their
27.20 management, operation, physical condition, and the security, safety, health, treatment, and
27.21 discipline of persons confined or incarcerated therein. These minimum standards shall
27.22 include but are not limited to specific guidance pertaining to:

27.23 (1) screening, appraisal, assessment, and treatment for persons confined or incarcerated
27.24 in correctional facilities with mental illness or substance use disorders;

27.25 (2) a policy on the involuntary administration of medications, including a process for
27.26 determining on intake whether a Jarvis Order is in place and ensuring it will be followed
27.27 during the confinement or incarceration;

27.28 (3) suicide prevention plans and training;

27.29 (4) verification of medications in a timely manner;

27.30 (5) well-being checks;

27.31 (6) discharge planning, including providing prescribed medications to persons confined
27.32 or incarcerated in correctional facilities upon release;

28.1 (7) a policy on referrals or transfers to medical or mental health care in a noncorrectional
28.2 institution;

28.3 (8) use of segregation and mental health checks;

28.4 (9) critical incident debriefings;

28.5 (10) clinical management of substance use disorders and opioid overdose emergency
28.6 procedures;

28.7 (11) a policy regarding identification of persons with special needs confined or
28.8 incarcerated in correctional facilities;

28.9 (12) a policy regarding the use of telehealth;

28.10 (13) self-auditing of compliance with minimum standards;

28.11 (14) information sharing with medical personnel and when medical assessment must be
28.12 facilitated;

51.31 (15) a code of conduct policy for facility staff and annual training;

52.1 (16) a policy on death review of all circumstances surrounding the death of an individual
52.2 committed to the custody of the facility; and

52.3 (17) dissemination of a rights statement made available to persons confined or
52.4 incarcerated in licensed correctional facilities.

52.5 No individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, or other private
52.6 organization legally responsible for the operation of a correctional facility may operate the
52.7 facility unless it possesses a current license from the commissioner of corrections. Private
52.8 adult correctional facilities shall have the authority of section 624.714, subdivision 13, if
52.9 the Department of Corrections licenses the facility with the authority and the facility meets
52.10 requirements of section 243.52.

52.11 The commissioner shall review the correctional facilities described in this subdivision
52.12 at least once every two years, except as otherwise provided, to determine compliance with
52.13 the minimum standards established according to this subdivision or other Minnesota statute
52.14 related to minimum standards and conditions of confinement.

52.15 The commissioner shall grant a license to any facility found to conform to minimum
52.16 standards or to any facility which, in the commissioner's judgment, is making satisfactory
52.17 progress toward substantial conformity and the standards not being met do not impact the
52.18 interests and well-being of the persons confined or incarcerated in the facility. A limited
52.19 license under subdivision 1a may be issued for purposes of effectuating a facility closure.
52.20 The commissioner may grant licensure up to two years. Unless otherwise specified by
52.21 statute, all licenses issued under this chapter expire at 12:01 a.m. on the day after the
52.22 expiration date stated on the license.

52.23 The commissioner shall have access to the buildings, grounds, books, records, staff, and
52.24 to persons confined or incarcerated in these facilities. The commissioner may require the
52.25 officers in charge of these facilities to furnish all information and statistics the commissioner
52.26 deems necessary, at a time and place designated by the commissioner. Notwithstanding
52.27 chapter 13 or any other state law classifying or restricting access to data, the officers in
52.28 charge of these facilities must furnish all data available to the facility that the commissioner
52.29 deems necessary to conduct a review of any emergency or unusual occurrence at the facility.
52.30 Failure to provide or grant access to relevant information or statistics necessary to fulfill
52.31 inspection or emergency or unusual occurrence reviews, as requested by the commissioner,
52.32 may be grounds for the commissioner to take action against a correctional facility's license
52.33 under subdivision 1a, 1b, or 1c.

53.1 All facility administrators of correctional facilities are required to report all deaths of
53.2 individuals who died while committed to the custody of the facility, regardless of whether
53.3 the death occurred at the facility or after removal from the facility for medical care stemming
53.4 from an incident or need for medical care at the correctional facility, as soon as practicable,

28.13 (15) a code of conduct policy for facility staff and annual training;

28.14 (16) a policy on death review of all circumstances surrounding the death of an individual
28.15 committed to the custody of the facility; and

28.16 (17) dissemination of a rights statement made available to persons confined or
28.17 incarcerated in licensed correctional facilities.

28.18 No individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, or other private
28.19 organization legally responsible for the operation of a correctional facility may operate the
28.20 facility unless it possesses a current license from the commissioner of corrections. Private
28.21 adult correctional facilities shall have the authority of section 624.714, subdivision 13, if
28.22 the Department of Corrections licenses the facility with the authority and the facility meets
28.23 requirements of section 243.52.

28.24 The commissioner shall review the correctional facilities described in this subdivision
28.25 at least once every two years, except as otherwise provided, to determine compliance with
28.26 the minimum standards established according to this subdivision or other Minnesota statute
28.27 related to minimum standards and conditions of confinement.

28.28 The commissioner shall grant a license to any facility found to conform to minimum
28.29 standards or to any facility which, in the commissioner's judgment, is making satisfactory
28.30 progress toward substantial conformity and the standards not being met do not impact the
28.31 interests and well-being of the persons confined or incarcerated in the facility. A limited
28.32 license under subdivision 1a may be issued for purposes of effectuating a facility closure.
29.1 The commissioner may grant licensure up to two years. Unless otherwise specified by
29.2 statute, all licenses issued under this chapter expire at 12:01 a.m. on the day after the
29.3 expiration date stated on the license.

29.4 The commissioner shall have access to the buildings, grounds, books, records, staff, and
29.5 to persons confined or incarcerated in these facilities. The commissioner may require the
29.6 officers in charge of these facilities to furnish all information and statistics the commissioner
29.7 deems necessary, at a time and place designated by the commissioner. Notwithstanding
29.8 chapter 13 or any other state law classifying or restricting access to data, the officers in
29.9 charge of these facilities must furnish all data available to the facility that the commissioner
29.10 deems necessary to conduct a review of any emergency or unusual occurrence at the facility.
29.11 Failure to provide or grant access to relevant information or statistics necessary to fulfill
29.12 inspection or emergency or unusual occurrence reviews, as requested by the commissioner,
29.13 may be grounds for the commissioner to take action against a correctional facility's license
29.14 under subdivision 1a, 1b, or 1c.

29.15 All facility administrators of correctional facilities are required to report all deaths of
29.16 individuals who died while committed to the custody of the facility, regardless of whether
29.17 the death occurred at the facility or after removal from the facility for medical care stemming
29.18 from an incident or need for medical care at the correctional facility, as soon as practicable,

53.5 but no later than 24 hours of receiving knowledge of the death, including any demographic
53.6 information as required by the commissioner.

53.7 All facility administrators of correctional facilities are required to report all other
53.8 emergency or unusual occurrences as defined by rule, including uses of force by facility
53.9 staff that result in substantial bodily harm or suicide attempts, to the commissioner of
53.10 corrections within ten days from the occurrence, including any demographic information
53.11 as required by the commissioner. The commissioner of corrections shall consult with the
53.12 Minnesota Sheriffs' Association and a representative from the Minnesota Association of
53.13 Community Corrections Act Counties who is responsible for the operations of an adult
53.14 correctional facility to define "use of force" that results in substantial bodily harm for
53.15 reporting purposes.

53.16 The commissioner may require that any or all such information be provided through the
53.17 Department of Corrections detention information system. The commissioner shall post each
53.18 inspection report publicly and on the department's website within 30 days of completing
53.19 the inspection. The education program offered in a correctional facility for the confinement
53.20 or incarceration of juvenile offenders must be approved by the commissioner of education
53.21 before the commissioner of corrections may grant a license to the facility.

53.22 ~~(b) For juvenile facilities licensed by the commissioner of human services, the~~
53.23 ~~commissioner may inspect and certify programs based on certification standards set forth~~
53.24 ~~in Minnesota Rules. For the purpose of this paragraph, "certification" has the meaning given~~
53.25 ~~it in section 245A.02.~~

53.26 ~~(b)~~ (b) Any state agency which regulates, inspects, or licenses certain aspects of
53.27 correctional facilities shall, insofar as is possible, ensure that the minimum standards it
53.28 requires are substantially the same as those required by other state agencies which regulate,
53.29 inspect, or license the same aspects of similar types of correctional facilities, although at
53.30 different correctional facilities.

53.31 ~~(c)~~ (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the commissioner of corrections'
53.32 authority to promulgate rules establishing standards of eligibility for counties to receive
53.33 funds under chapter 401, or to require counties to comply with operating standards the
53.34 commissioner establishes as a condition precedent for counties to receive that funding.

54.1 ~~(d)~~ (d) The department's inspection unit must report directly to a division head outside
54.2 of the correctional institutions division.

54.3 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 1f, is amended to read:

54.4 Subd. 1f. **Report.** By February 15, 2022, and by February 15 each year thereafter, the
54.5 commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
54.6 house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public
54.7 safety and judiciary on the status of the implementation of the provisions in ~~this section~~
54.8 sections 241.011 to 241.021 over the prior year, particularly the health and safety of
54.9 individuals confined or incarcerated in a local adult correctional facilities under this section.

29.19 but no later than 24 hours of receiving knowledge of the death, including any demographic
29.20 information as required by the commissioner.

29.21 All facility administrators of correctional facilities are required to report all other
29.22 emergency or unusual occurrences as defined by rule, including uses of force by facility
29.23 staff that result in substantial bodily harm or suicide attempts, to the commissioner of
29.24 corrections within ten days from the occurrence, including any demographic information
29.25 as required by the commissioner. The commissioner of corrections shall consult with the
29.26 Minnesota Sheriffs' Association and a representative from the Minnesota Association of
29.27 Community Corrections Act Counties who is responsible for the operations of an adult
29.28 correctional facility to define "use of force" that results in substantial bodily harm for
29.29 reporting purposes.

29.30 The commissioner may require that any or all such information be provided through the
29.31 Department of Corrections detention information system. The commissioner shall post each
29.32 inspection report publicly and on the department's website within 30 days of completing
29.33 the inspection. The education program offered in a correctional facility for the confinement
29.34 or incarceration of juvenile offenders must be approved by the commissioner of education
29.35 before the commissioner of corrections may grant a license to the facility.

30.1 ~~(b) For juvenile facilities licensed by the commissioner of human services, the~~
30.2 ~~commissioner may inspect and certify programs based on certification standards set forth~~
30.3 ~~in Minnesota Rules. For the purpose of this paragraph, "certification" has the meaning given~~
30.4 ~~it in section 245A.02.~~

30.5 ~~(b)~~ (b) Any state agency which regulates, inspects, or licenses certain aspects of
30.6 correctional facilities shall, insofar as is possible, ensure that the minimum standards it
30.7 requires are substantially the same as those required by other state agencies which regulate,
30.8 inspect, or license the same aspects of similar types of correctional facilities, although at
30.9 different correctional facilities.

30.10 ~~(c)~~ (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the commissioner of corrections'
30.11 authority to promulgate rules establishing standards of eligibility for counties to receive
30.12 funds under chapter 401, or to require counties to comply with operating standards the
30.13 commissioner establishes as a condition precedent for counties to receive that funding.

30.14 ~~(d)~~ (d) The department's inspection unit must report directly to a division head outside
30.15 of the correctional institutions division.

30.16 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 1f, is amended to read:

30.17 Subd. 1f. **Report.** By February 15, 2022, and by February 15 each year thereafter, the
30.18 commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
30.19 house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public
30.20 safety and judiciary on the status of the implementation of the provisions in ~~this section~~
30.21 sections 241.011 to 241.021 over the prior year, particularly the health and safety of
30.22 individuals confined or incarcerated in a local adult correctional facilities under this section.

54.10 local correctional facilities under section 241.011, and state correctional ~~facility and a facility~~
 54.11 ~~licensed by the commissioner facilities~~. This report shall include but not be limited to data
 54.12 regarding:

54.13 (1) the number of confined or incarcerated persons who died while committed to the
 54.14 custody of the facility, regardless of whether the death occurred at the facility or after
 54.15 removal from the facility for medical care stemming from an incident or need for medical
 54.16 care at the correctional facility, including aggregated demographic information and the
 54.17 correctional facilities' most recent inspection reports and any corrective orders or conditional
 54.18 licenses ~~issued~~, revocations, or temporary immediate suspensions;

54.19 (2) the aggregated results of the death reviews by facility as required by subdivision 8,
 54.20 or section 241.011, subdivision 8, including any implemented policy changes;

54.21 (3) the number of uses of force by facility staff on persons confined or incarcerated in
 54.22 the correctional facility, including but not limited to whether those uses of force were
 54.23 determined to be justified by the facility, for which the commissioner of corrections shall
 54.24 consult with the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association and a representative from the Minnesota
 54.25 Association of Community Corrections Act Counties who is responsible for the operations
 54.26 of an adult correctional facility to develop criteria for reporting and define reportable uses
 54.27 of force;

54.28 (4) the number of suicide attempts, number of people transported to a medical facility,
 54.29 and number of people placed in segregation;

54.30 (5) the number of persons committed to the commissioner of corrections' custody that
 54.31 the commissioner is housing in facilities licensed under subdivision 1 and section 241.011,
 54.32 including but not limited to:

54.33 (i) aggregated demographic data of those individuals;

55.1 (ii) length of time spent housed in a licensed correctional facility; and

55.2 (iii) any contracts the Department of Corrections has with correctional facilities to provide
 55.3 housing; and

55.4 (6) summary data from state correctional facilities regarding complaints involving alleged
 55.5 on-duty staff misconduct, including but not limited to the:

55.6 (i) total number of misconduct complaints and investigations;

55.7 (ii) total number of complaints by each category of misconduct, as defined by the
 55.8 commissioner of corrections;

55.9 (iii) number of allegations dismissed as unfounded;

55.10 (iv) number of allegations dismissed on grounds that the allegation was unsubstantiated;
 55.11 and

30.23 local correctional facilities under section 241.011, and state correctional ~~facility and a facility~~
 30.24 ~~licensed by the commissioner facilities~~. This report shall include but not be limited to data
 30.25 regarding:

30.26 (1) the number of confined or incarcerated persons who died while committed to the
 30.27 custody of the facility, regardless of whether the death occurred at the facility or after
 30.28 removal from the facility for medical care stemming from an incident or need for medical
 30.29 care at the correctional facility, including aggregated demographic information and the
 30.30 correctional facilities' most recent inspection reports and any corrective orders or conditional
 30.31 licenses ~~issued~~, revocations, or temporary immediate suspensions;

30.32 (2) the aggregated results of the death reviews by facility as required by subdivision 8,
 30.33 or section 241.011, subdivision 8, including any implemented policy changes;

31.1 (3) the number of uses of force by facility staff on persons confined or incarcerated in
 31.2 the correctional facility, including but not limited to whether those uses of force were
 31.3 determined to be justified by the facility, for which the commissioner of corrections shall
 31.4 consult with the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association and a representative from the Minnesota
 31.5 Association of Community Corrections Act Counties who is responsible for the operations
 31.6 of an adult correctional facility to develop criteria for reporting and define reportable uses
 31.7 of force;

31.8 (4) the number of suicide attempts, number of people transported to a medical facility,
 31.9 and number of people placed in segregation;

31.10 (5) the number of persons committed to the commissioner of corrections' custody that
 31.11 the commissioner is housing in facilities licensed under subdivision 1 and section 241.011,
 31.12 including but not limited to:

31.13 (i) aggregated demographic data of those individuals;

31.14 (ii) length of time spent housed in a licensed correctional facility; and

31.15 (iii) any contracts the Department of Corrections has with correctional facilities to provide
 31.16 housing; and

31.17 (6) summary data from state correctional facilities regarding complaints involving alleged
 31.18 on-duty staff misconduct, including but not limited to the:

31.19 (i) total number of misconduct complaints and investigations;

31.20 (ii) total number of complaints by each category of misconduct, as defined by the
 31.21 commissioner of corrections;

31.22 (iii) number of allegations dismissed as unfounded;

31.23 (iv) number of allegations dismissed on grounds that the allegation was unsubstantiated;
 31.24 and

55.12 (v) number of allegations substantiated, any resulting disciplinary action, and the nature
55.13 of the discipline.

55.14 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 1i, is amended to read:

55.15 Subd. 1i. **Definition.** As used in this section, "correctional facility" means any ~~facility,~~
55.16 ~~including a group home, having a residential component, the primary purpose of which is~~
55.17 ~~to serve persons placed in facilities by a court, court services department, parole authority,~~
55.18 ~~or other correctional agency having dispositional power over persons charged with, convicted,~~
55.19 ~~or adjudicated guilty or delinquent jail or lockup under chapter 641 or 642.~~

55.20 Sec. 8. **RULEMAKING; DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS; LICENSED**
55.21 **JUVENILE FACILITIES.**

55.22 Subdivision 1. **Administrative and medical separation.** (a) The notification
55.23 requirements in this subdivision apply to juvenile facilities licensed by the commissioner
55.24 of corrections under Minnesota Statutes, sections 241.011 to 241.013.

55.25 (b) A facility's chief administrator must notify the commissioner according to Minnesota
55.26 Rules, part 2960.0270, subpart 12, if a resident is expected to be, or has been, in
55.27 administrative or medical separation for more than seven days.

55.28 (c) The notification under paragraph (b) must be within ten days of the resident's
55.29 placement, or expected placement, in administrative separation or medical separation for
55.30 more than seven days.

56.1 (d) This subdivision expires when the rules adopted under subdivision 2 are effective.

56.2 Subd. 2. **Rulemaking.** (a) The commissioner of corrections must amend Minnesota
56.3 Rules, parts 2960.0740, subpart 3, and 2960.0750, subpart 3, to require notification according
56.4 to subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) and (c).

56.5 (b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
56.6 section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this subdivision.

56.7 (c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Laws 1995, chapter 226, article 3, sections 50, 51, and
56.8 60, or any other law to the contrary, the joint rulemaking authority with the commissioners
56.9 of the Department of Human Services and other state agencies does not apply to rules
56.10 adopted under this subdivision.

56.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

56.12 Sec. 9. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

56.13 (a) The revisor of statutes must renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes listed in
56.14 column A with the number listed in column B.

31.25 (v) number of allegations substantiated, any resulting disciplinary action, and the nature
31.26 of the discipline.

31.27 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 1i, is amended to read:

31.28 Subd. 1i. **Definition.** As used in this section, "correctional facility" means any ~~facility,~~
31.29 ~~including a group home, having a residential component, the primary purpose of which is~~
31.30 ~~to serve persons placed in facilities by a court, court services department, parole authority,~~
32.1 ~~or other correctional agency having dispositional power over persons charged with, convicted,~~
32.2 ~~or adjudicated guilty or delinquent jail or lockup under chapter 641 or 642.~~

81.28 Sec. 92. **RULEMAKING; DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS; LICENSED**
81.29 **JUVENILE FACILITIES.**

81.30 Subdivision 1. **Administrative and medical separation.** (a) The notification
81.31 requirements in this subdivision apply to juvenile facilities licensed by the commissioner
81.32 of corrections under Minnesota Statutes, sections 241.011 to 241.013.

82.1 (b) A facility's chief administrator must notify the commissioner according to Minnesota
82.2 Rules, part 2960.0270, subpart 12, if a resident is expected to be, or has been, in
82.3 administrative or medical separation for more than seven days.

82.4 (c) The notification under paragraph (b) must be within ten days of the resident's
82.5 placement, or expected placement, in administrative separation or medical separation for
82.6 more than seven days.

82.7 (d) This subdivision expires when the rules adopted under subdivision 2 are effective.

82.8 Subd. 2. **Rulemaking.** (a) The commissioner of corrections must amend Minnesota
82.9 Rules, parts 2960.0740, subpart 3, and 2960.0750, subpart 3, to require notification according
82.10 to subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) and (c).

82.11 (b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
82.12 section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this subdivision.

82.13 (c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Laws 1995, chapter 226, article 3, sections 50, 51, and
82.14 60, or any other law to the contrary, the joint rulemaking authority with the commissioners
82.15 of the Department of Human Services and other state agencies does not apply to rules
82.16 adopted under this subdivision.

82.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

82.18 Sec. 93. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

82.19 (a) The revisor of statutes must renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes listed in
82.20 column A with the number listed in column B.

56.15	<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
56.16	<u>241.021, subdivision 4</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 1</u>
56.17	<u>241.021, subdivision 4a</u>	<u>241.39</u>
56.18	<u>241.021, subdivision 4b</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 2, paragraph (a)</u>
56.19	<u>241.021, subdivision 4c</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 2, paragraph (b)</u>
56.20	<u>241.021, subdivision 4d</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 3</u>
56.21	<u>241.021, subdivision 4e</u>	<u>241.254</u>
56.22	(b) As a result of amendments to Minnesota Statutes, sections 241.011 to 241.021, the	
56.23	revisor of statutes must work with the Department of Corrections to correct cross-references	
56.24	in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and make other necessary grammatical and	
56.25	technical changes.	
37.14	Sec. 6. REPEALER.	
37.15	<u>Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.12, is repealed.</u>	
56.26	Sec. 10. REPEALER.	
56.27	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2024, <u>section 241.021, subdivisions 1g, 1h, 2a, 2b, 3, and 6, are</u>	
56.28	<u>repealed.</u>	
56.29	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 2, is repealed.	
76.30	Sec. 9. REPEALER.	
76.31	<u>Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 3, is repealed.</u>	
57.1	ARTICLE 6	
57.2	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL	
57.3	HEALTH	
57.4	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:	
57.5	Subd. 4a. Substance use disorder treatment programs. All residential substance use	
57.6	disorder treatment programs operated by the commissioner of corrections to treat adults	
57.7	<u>individuals committed to the commissioner's custody shall or to treat juveniles in</u>	
57.8	<u>state-operated juvenile correctional facilities that have a correctional program services</u>	
57.9	<u>certification per Minnesota Rules, chapter 2960, must comply with the standards mandated</u>	
57.10	in chapter 245G for treatment programs operated by community-based treatment facilities.	

82.21	<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
82.22	<u>241.021, subdivision 4</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 1</u>
82.23	<u>241.021, subdivision 4a</u>	<u>241.39</u>
82.24	<u>241.021, subdivision 4b</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 2, paragraph (a)</u>
82.25	<u>241.021, subdivision 4c</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 2, paragraph (b)</u>
82.26	<u>241.021, subdivision 4d</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 3</u>
82.27	<u>241.021, subdivision 4e</u>	<u>241.254</u>
82.28	(b) As a result of amendments to Minnesota Statutes, sections 241.011 to 241.021, the	
82.29	revisor of statutes must work with the Department of Corrections to correct cross-references	
82.30	in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and make other necessary grammatical and	
82.31	technical changes.	
83.6	Sec. 95. REPEALER.	
83.7	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2024, <u>sections 241.021, subdivisions 1g, 1h, 2a, 2b, 3, and 6;</u>	
83.8	<u>299C.12; and 629.72, subdivision 3, are repealed.</u>	
83.9	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 2, is repealed.	
32.3	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:	
32.4	Subd. 4a. Substance use disorder treatment programs. All residential substance use	
32.5	disorder treatment programs operated by the commissioner of corrections to treat adults	
32.6	<u>individuals committed to the commissioner's custody shall or to treat juveniles in</u>	
32.7	<u>state-operated juvenile correctional facilities that have a correctional program services</u>	
32.8	<u>certification per Minnesota Rules, chapter 2960, must comply with the standards mandated</u>	
32.9	in chapter 245G for treatment programs operated by community-based treatment facilities.	

57.11 When the commissioners of corrections and human services agree that these established
 57.12 standards for community-based programs cannot reasonably apply to correctional facilities,
 57.13 alternative equivalent standards shall be developed by the commissioners and established
 57.14 through an interagency agreement.

57.15 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

57.16 Subdivision 1. **Authority; rules.** The commissioner of corrections shall, in accordance
 57.17 with applicable rules and standards prescribed by the Department of Human Services,
 57.18 establish, staff, equip, maintain, and operate in at least one of the adult correctional
 57.19 institutions under the commissioner's control a mental health unit for the care and treatment
 57.20 of those inmates of state correctional institutions who become mentally ill.

57.21 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

57.22 Subd. 3. **Transfer.** If the licensed mental health professional finds the person to be a
 57.23 person who is mentally ill and in need of short-term care, assessment, evaluation, or
 57.24 stabilization, the licensed mental health professional may recommend transfer by the
 57.25 commissioner of corrections to ~~the~~ a mental health unit established pursuant to subdivision
 57.26 1.

57.27 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

57.28 Subd. 4. **Commitment.** If the licensed mental health professional finds the person to be
 57.29 a person who is mentally ill and in need of long-term care in a hospital, ~~or if an inmate~~
 57.30 ~~transferred pursuant to subdivision 3 refuses to voluntarily participate in the treatment~~
 57.31 ~~program at the mental health unit~~, the director of psychological services of the institution
 57.32 or the mental health professional shall initiate proceedings for judicial commitment as
 58.1 provided in section 253B.07. Upon the recommendation of the licensed mental health
 58.2 professional and upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the court
 58.3 may commit the person to ~~the~~ a mental health unit established in subdivision 1 or to another
 58.4 hospital. A person confined in a state correctional institution for adults who has been
 58.5 adjudicated to be a person who is mentally ill and in need of treatment may be committed
 58.6 to the commissioner of corrections and placed in ~~the~~ a mental health unit established in
 58.7 subdivision 1.

58.8 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

58.9 Subd. 5. **Discharge.** The director of psychological services of ~~the~~ a mental health unit
 58.10 established under this section may, subject to the provisions of chapter 253B, provisionally
 58.11 discharge any inmate patient admitted as a person who is mentally ill without discharging
 58.12 the commitment and order the inmate patient's release into the general population of the
 58.13 institution from which admitted, subject to return to the facility for further treatment.

58.14 When the director of psychological services of the facility certifies that a patient is no
 58.15 longer in need of institutional care for mental illness the director of psychological services

32.10 When the commissioners of corrections and human services agree that these established
 32.11 standards for community-based programs cannot reasonably apply to correctional facilities,
 32.12 alternative equivalent standards shall be developed by the commissioners and established
 32.13 through an interagency agreement.

33.18 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

33.19 Subdivision 1. **Authority; rules.** The commissioner of corrections shall, in accordance
 33.20 with applicable rules and standards prescribed by the Department of Human Services,
 33.21 establish, staff, equip, maintain, and operate in at least one of the adult correctional
 33.22 institutions under the commissioner's control a mental health unit for the care and treatment
 33.23 of those inmates of state correctional institutions who become mentally ill.

33.24 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

33.25 Subd. 3. **Transfer.** If the licensed mental health professional finds the person to be a
 33.26 person who is mentally ill and in need of short-term care, assessment, evaluation, or
 33.27 stabilization, the licensed mental health professional may recommend transfer by the
 33.28 commissioner of corrections to ~~the~~ a mental health unit established pursuant to subdivision
 33.29 1.

33.30 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

33.31 Subd. 4. **Commitment.** If the licensed mental health professional finds the person to be
 33.32 a person who is mentally ill and in need of long-term care in a hospital, ~~or if an inmate~~
 34.1 ~~transferred pursuant to subdivision 3 refuses to voluntarily participate in the treatment~~
 34.2 ~~program at the mental health unit~~, the director of psychological services of the institution
 34.3 or the mental health professional shall initiate proceedings for judicial commitment as
 34.4 provided in section 253B.07. Upon the recommendation of the licensed mental health
 34.5 professional and upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the court
 34.6 may commit the person to ~~the~~ a mental health unit established in subdivision 1 or to another
 34.7 hospital. A person confined in a state correctional institution for adults who has been
 34.8 adjudicated to be a person who is mentally ill and in need of treatment may be committed
 34.9 to the commissioner of corrections and placed in ~~the~~ a mental health unit established in
 34.10 subdivision 1.

34.11 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

34.12 Subd. 5. **Discharge.** The director of psychological services of ~~the~~ a mental health unit
 34.13 established under this section may, subject to the provisions of chapter 253B, provisionally
 34.14 discharge any inmate patient admitted as a person who is mentally ill without discharging
 34.15 the commitment and order the inmate patient's release into the general population of the
 34.16 institution from which admitted, subject to return to the facility for further treatment.

34.17 When the director of psychological services of the facility certifies that a patient is no
 34.18 longer in need of institutional care for mental illness the director of psychological services

58.16 shall discharge the patient to the institution from which committed, and the discharge shall
58.17 also discharge the mental illness commitment.

58.18 A copy of the certification that the inmate is no longer in need of care for mental illness
58.19 shall be transmitted to the commissioner of corrections. The commissioner of corrections
58.20 shall give serious consideration to the aforementioned certification for purposes of their
58.21 supervision over the inmate upon the inmate's release.

58.22 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

58.23 Subd. 6. **Transfer upon expiration of sentence.** If the sentence of a person who has
58.24 been adjudicated to be mentally ill and committed to ~~the~~ a mental health unit established
58.25 under this section should expire before the person recovers and is discharged therefrom,
58.26 and, in the judgment of the director of psychological services of the unit, the person requires
58.27 further hospitalization for mental illness, the person shall be transferred by the commissioner
58.28 of corrections to a state hospital designated by the Direct Care and Treatment executive
58.29 board, there to be detained as in the case of other mentally ill persons under judicial
58.30 commitment.

ARTICLE 7

PRIVATE DETECTIVE AND PROTECTIVE AGENT LICENSING

59.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

59.4 Subd. 8. **Applicant.** "Applicant" means any individual, ~~partnership~~ or corporation who
59.5 has made application for a private detective or protective agent license.

59.6 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **License holder.** "License holder" means any individual, partnership as defined in section 323A.0101, clause (8), or corporation licensed to perform the duties of a private detective or a protective agent.

59.10 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 10a, is amended to read:

59.11 Subd. 10a. **Minnesota manager.** "Minnesota manager" means the member of a
59.12 ~~partnership or~~ corporation, who meets the qualifications for licensing as provided in sections
59.13 326.32 to 326.339. The Minnesota manager must be actively involved in the day to day
59.14 management and supervision of the licensed activity in the Minnesota office.

59.15 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 10c, is amended to read:

59.16 Subd. 10c. **Proprietary employer.** A "proprietary employer" means an individual;
59.17 ~~partnership, or a corporation that is not engaged in the business of providing protective~~
59.18 ~~agents but employs individuals to serve as security guards solely on the employer's property~~
59.19 ~~and its curtilage.~~

34.19 shall discharge the patient to the institution from which committed, and the discharge shall
34.20 also discharge the mental illness commitment.

34.21 A copy of the certification that the inmate is no longer in need of care for mental illness
34.22 shall be transmitted to the commissioner of corrections. The commissioner of corrections
34.23 shall give serious consideration to the aforementioned certification for purposes of their
34.24 supervision over the inmate upon the inmate's release.

34.25 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

34.26 Subd. 6. **Transfer upon expiration of sentence.** If the sentence of a person who has
34.27 been adjudicated to be mentally ill and committed to ~~the~~ a mental health unit established
34.28 under this section should expire before the person recovers and is discharged therefrom,
34.29 and, in the judgment of the director of psychological services of the unit, the person requires
34.30 further hospitalization for mental illness, the person shall be transferred by the commissioner
34.31 of corrections to a state hospital designated by the Direct Care and Treatment executive
34.32 board, there to be detained as in the case of other mentally ill persons under judicial
34.33 commitment.

47.1 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

47.2 Subd. 8. **Applicant.** "Applicant" means any individual, partnership or corporation who
47.3 has made application for a private detective or protective agent license.

47.4 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **License holder.** "License holder" means any individual, ~~partnership as defined~~
in section 323A.0101, clause (8), or corporation licensed to perform the duties of a private
detective or a protective agent.

47.8 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 10a, is amended to read:

47.9 Subd. 10a. **Minnesota manager.** "Minnesota manager" means the member of a
47.10 ~~partnership or corporation,~~ who meets the qualifications for licensing as provided in sections
47.11 326.32 to 326.339. The Minnesota manager must be actively involved in the day to day
47.12 management and supervision of the licensed activity in the Minnesota office.

47.13 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 10c, is amended to read:

47.14 Subd. 10c. **Proprietary employer.** A "proprietary employer" means an individual;
47.15 ~~partnership,~~ or a corporation that is not engaged in the business of providing protective
47.16 agents but employs individuals to serve as security guards solely on the employer's property
47.17 and its curtilage.

59.20 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

59.21 Subd. 12. **Qualified representative.** "Qualified representative" means the member of
 59.22 a ~~partnership or~~ corporation; who meets the qualifications for licensing as provided in
 59.23 sections 326.32 to 326.339. The qualified representative must be actively involved in the
 59.24 day to day management and supervision of the licensed activity.

59.25 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

59.26 Subdivision 1. **Members.** There is hereby created a Board of Private Detective and
 59.27 Protective Agent Services, consisting of the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal
 59.28 Apprehension or an assistant superintendent designated by the superintendent, and the
 59.29 following members appointed by the commissioner of public safety: a licensed protective
 60.1 agent, or qualified representative for a licensed protective agent ~~partnership or~~ corporation;
 60.2 a licensed private detective, or qualified representative for a licensed private detective
 60.3 ~~partnership or~~ corporation; and two public members. Filling of member vacancies shall be
 60.4 the responsibility of the commissioner of public safety. Membership terms, compensation
 60.5 of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies, and fiscal year and
 60.6 reporting requirements shall be as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09. The provision of
 60.7 staff, unless otherwise provided in sections 326.32 to 326.339; administrative services and
 60.8 office space; the review and processing of complaints; the setting of board fees, unless
 60.9 otherwise provided in sections 326.32 to 326.339; and other provisions relating to board
 60.10 operations shall be as provided in chapter 214.

60.11 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3381, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

60.12 Subd. 2. **Application procedure.** The board shall issue a license upon application to
 60.13 any person qualified under sections 326.32 to 326.339 and under the rules of the board to
 60.14 engage in the business of private detective or protective agent. The license shall remain
 60.15 effective for two years as long as the license holder complies with sections 326.32 to 326.339,
 60.16 the laws of Minnesota, and the rules of the board. Upon receipt of an application for private
 60.17 detective or protective agent license, the board shall:

60.18 (1) post notice of the application in its office for a period of 20 days, and notify all
 60.19 persons who have requested notification of applications;

60.20 (2) conduct an investigation as it considers necessary to determine the qualifications of
 60.21 the applicant, qualified representative, Minnesota manager, and, if appropriate, a ~~partner or~~
 60.22 corporate officer; and

60.23 (3) notify the applicant of the date on which the board will conduct a review of the
 60.24 license application.

60.25 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3381, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

60.26 Subd. 4. **Business entity applicant.** If the applicant for a license is a corporation ~~or~~
 60.27 ~~partnership, one member,~~ the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, the qualified
 60.28 representative, and the Minnesota manager, if one exists, of that corporation ~~or partnership~~

47.18 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

47.19 Subd. 12. **Qualified representative.** "Qualified representative" means the member of
 47.20 a ~~partnership or~~ corporation; who meets the qualifications for licensing as provided in
 47.21 sections 326.32 to 326.339. The qualified representative must be actively involved in the
 47.22 day to day management and supervision of the licensed activity.

47.23 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

47.24 Subdivision 1. **Members.** There is hereby created a Board of Private Detective and
 47.25 Protective Agent Services, consisting of the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal
 47.26 Apprehension or an assistant superintendent designated by the superintendent, and the
 47.27 following members appointed by the commissioner of public safety: a licensed protective
 47.28 agent, or qualified representative for a licensed protective agent ~~partnership or~~ corporation;
 47.29 a licensed private detective, or qualified representative for a licensed private detective
 47.30 ~~partnership or~~ corporation; and two public members. Filling of member vacancies shall be
 48.1 the responsibility of the commissioner of public safety. Membership terms, compensation
 48.2 of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies, and fiscal year and
 48.3 reporting requirements shall be as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09. The provision of
 48.4 staff, unless otherwise provided in sections 326.32 to 326.339; administrative services and
 48.5 office space; the review and processing of complaints; the setting of board fees, unless
 48.6 otherwise provided in sections 326.32 to 326.339; and other provisions relating to board
 48.7 operations shall be as provided in chapter 214.

48.8 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3381, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

48.9 Subd. 2. **Application procedure.** The board shall issue a license upon application to
 48.10 any person qualified under sections 326.32 to 326.339 and under the rules of the board to
 48.11 engage in the business of private detective or protective agent. The license shall remain
 48.12 effective for two years as long as the license holder complies with sections 326.32 to 326.339,
 48.13 the laws of Minnesota, and the rules of the board. Upon receipt of an application for private
 48.14 detective or protective agent license, the board shall:

48.15 (1) post notice of the application in its office for a period of 20 days, and notify all
 48.16 persons who have requested notification of applications;

48.17 (2) conduct an investigation as it considers necessary to determine the qualifications of
 48.18 the applicant, qualified representative, Minnesota manager, and, if appropriate, a ~~partner or~~
 48.19 corporate officer; and

48.20 (3) notify the applicant of the date on which the board will conduct a review of the
 48.21 license application.

48.22 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3381, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

48.23 Subd. 4. **Business entity applicant.** If the applicant for a license is a corporation ~~or~~
 48.24 ~~partnership, one member,~~ the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, the qualified
 48.25 representative, and the Minnesota manager, if one exists, of that corporation ~~or partnership~~

60.29 must meet the licensing requirements in sections 326.32 to 326.339, including the
60.30 requirements of subdivision 3, paragraph (b).

61.1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3382, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

61.2 Subdivision 1. **Application form.** (a) Application for a private detective or protective
61.3 agent license shall be made on a form prescribed by the board. Each applicant shall provide
61.4 the following information:

61.5 (1) the full name, date of birth, and sex of each person signing the application, and the
61.6 residences of those persons for the past five years;

61.7 (2) all past and present occupations and employers, length of employment, and the name,
61.8 address, and telephone numbers of supervisors for all persons signing the application;

61.9 (3) the address or a description indicating the location of the place of business of the
61.10 applicant;

61.11 (4) a statement indicating that each person signing the application has attained the age
61.12 of 18;

61.13 (5) if the applicant is a corporation, the name of the corporation, the date and place of
61.14 incorporation, and the location of its principal place of business or registered office in its
61.15 state of incorporation; and

61.16 (6) further facts as may be required by the board to show the good character, competency,
61.17 and integrity of each person signing the application; ~~and.~~

61.18 (b) Each application shall be signed and acknowledged as follows:

61.19 (1) if the applicant is an individual, by the individual; or

61.20 ~~(2) if the applicant is a partnership, by each partner, one of whom must be a qualified~~
61.21 ~~representative; or~~

61.22 ~~(2)~~ (2) if the applicant is a corporation, by the chief executive officer, chief financial
61.23 officer, and the qualified representative of the corporation. If the principal place of the
61.24 applicant's business is outside Minnesota, the application shall also include the signature
61.25 of the Minnesota manager.

61.26 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3382, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

61.27 Subd. 4. **License disqualification.** Unlicensed activity will not be considered as legitimate
61.28 experience for qualification in being licensed. An individual, ~~partnership,~~ a corporation, a
61.29 qualified representative, or a Minnesota manager engaged in the business of a private
61.30 detective or protective agent without a license issued by the board is prohibited from applying
61.31 for licensing for a period of one year from the date of a finding of the violation.

48.26 must meet the licensing requirements in sections 326.32 to 326.339, including the
48.27 requirements of subdivision 3, paragraph (b).

48.28 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3382, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

48.29 Subdivision 1. **Application form.** (a) Application for a private detective or protective
48.30 agent license shall be made on a form prescribed by the board. Each applicant shall provide
48.31 the following information:

49.1 (1) the full name, date of birth, and sex of each person signing the application, and the
49.2 residences of those persons for the past five years;

49.3 (2) all past and present occupations and employers, length of employment, and the name,
49.4 address, and telephone numbers of supervisors for all persons signing the application;

49.5 (3) the address or a description indicating the location of the place of business of the
49.6 applicant;

49.7 (4) a statement indicating that each person signing the application has attained the age
49.8 of 18;

49.9 (5) if the applicant is a corporation, the name of the corporation, the date and place of
49.10 incorporation, and the location of its principal place of business or registered office in its
49.11 state of incorporation; and

49.12 (6) further facts as may be required by the board to show the good character, competency,
49.13 and integrity of each person signing the application; ~~and.~~

49.14 (b) Each application shall be signed and acknowledged as follows:

49.15 (1) if the applicant is an individual, by the individual; or

49.16 ~~(2) if the applicant is a partnership, by each partner, one of whom must be a qualified~~
49.17 ~~representative; or~~

49.18 ~~(2)~~ (2) if the applicant is a corporation, by the chief executive officer, chief financial
49.19 officer, and the qualified representative of the corporation. If the principal place of the
49.20 applicant's business is outside Minnesota, the application shall also include the signature
49.21 of the Minnesota manager.

49.22 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3382, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

49.23 Subd. 4. **License disqualification.** Unlicensed activity will not be considered as legitimate
49.24 experience for qualification in being licensed. An individual, ~~partnership,~~ a corporation, a
49.25 qualified representative, or a Minnesota manager engaged in the business of a private
49.26 detective or protective agent without a license issued by the board is prohibited from applying
49.27 for licensing for a period of one year from the date of a finding of the violation.

62.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3385, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

62.2 Subd. 2. **Notice of successor.** (a) A corporate ~~or partnership~~ license holder shall, within
62.3 seven days of the death, resignation, or removal of a person signing the license application,
62.4 give written notice to the board of the change and the name and address of the successor in
62.5 the vacated position.

62.6 (b) Within seven days of the death, resignation, or removal of a person signing the license
62.7 application for a ~~partnership or~~ corporate license holder, the successor qualified
62.8 representative, ~~partner~~, Minnesota manager, chief executive officer, or chief financial officer
62.9 who shall qualify under the same procedure and criteria, ~~and~~ must submit the documents
62.10 required, as for an original application.

62.11 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3386, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

62.12 Subd. 3. **Designation fee.** When a licensed private detective or protective agent who is
62.13 a ~~partnership or~~ corporation; desires to designate a new qualified representative or Minnesota
62.14 manager, a fee equal to one-half of the license fee shall be submitted to the board.

62.15 **ARTICLE 8**

62.16 **REHABILITATION OF OFFENDERS**

62.17 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 364.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

62.18 Subd. 3. **Evidence of rehabilitation.** (a) A person who has been convicted of a crime
62.19 or crimes which directly relate to the public employment sought or to the occupation for
62.20 which a license is sought shall not be disqualified from the employment or occupation if
62.21 the person can show both competent evidence of sufficient rehabilitation and present fitness
62.22 to perform the duties of the public employment sought or the occupation for which the
62.23 license is sought.

62.24 (b) In determining whether the person has demonstrated competent evidence of sufficient
62.25 rehabilitation and present fitness, the licensing or hiring authority may be established by
62.26 the production of consider the following when making a determination:

62.27 (1) the person's most recent certified copy of a United States Department of Defense
62.28 form DD-214 showing the person's honorable discharge, or separation under honorable
62.29 conditions, from the United States armed forces for military service rendered following
62.30 conviction for any crime that would otherwise disqualify the person from the public
62.31 employment sought or the occupation for which the license is sought, ~~or;~~

62.32 ~~(+)~~ (2) a copy of the local, state, or federal release order; and

49.28 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3385, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

49.29 Subd. 2. **Notice of successor.** (a) A corporate ~~or partnership~~ license holder shall, within
49.30 seven days of the death, resignation, or removal of a person signing the license application,
50.1 give written notice to the board of the change and the name and address of the successor in
50.2 the vacated position.

50.3 (b) Within seven days of the death, resignation, or removal of a person signing the license
50.4 application for a ~~partnership or~~ corporate license holder, the successor qualified
50.5 representative, ~~partner~~, Minnesota manager, chief executive officer, or chief financial officer
50.6 who shall qualify under the same procedure and criteria, ~~and~~ must submit the documents
50.7 required, as for an original application.

50.8 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3386, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

50.9 Subd. 3. **Designation fee.** When a licensed private detective or protective agent who is
50.10 a ~~partnership or~~ corporation; desires to designate a new qualified representative or Minnesota
50.11 manager, a fee equal to one-half of the license fee shall be submitted to the board.

50.12 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 364.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

50.13 Subd. 3. **Evidence of rehabilitation.** (a) A person who has been convicted of a crime
50.14 or crimes which directly relate to the public employment sought or to the occupation for
50.15 which a license is sought shall not may be disqualified from the employment or occupation
50.16 if unless the person can show both:

50.17 (1) competent evidence of sufficient rehabilitation; and

50.18 (2) present fitness to perform the duties of the public employment sought or the
50.19 occupation for which the license is sought.

50.20 (b) In determining whether the person has demonstrated both competent evidence of
50.21 sufficient rehabilitation and present fitness to perform the relevant duties, the hiring or
50.22 licensing authority may be established by the production of consider:

50.23 (1) the person's most recent certified copy of a United States Department of Defense
50.24 form DD-214 showing the person's honorable discharge, or separation under honorable
50.25 conditions, from the United States armed forces for military service rendered following
50.26 conviction for any crime that would otherwise disqualify the person from the public
50.27 employment sought or the occupation for which the license is sought, ~~or;~~

50.28 ~~(+)~~ (2) a copy of the local, state, or federal release order; and

- 63.1 ~~(2)~~ evidence showing that at least one year has elapsed since release from any local,
 63.2 state, or federal correctional institution without subsequent conviction of a crime; and
 63.3 evidence showing compliance with all terms and conditions of probation or parole; ~~or~~
- 63.4 (3) a copy of the relevant Department of Corrections discharge order or other documents
 63.5 showing completion of probation or parole supervision;
- 63.6 ~~(b) In addition to the documentary evidence presented, the licensing or hiring authority~~
 63.7 ~~shall consider any evidence presented by the applicant regarding:~~
- 63.8 (4) evidence regarding:
- 63.9 ~~(+)~~ (i) the nature and seriousness of the crime or crimes for which convicted;
- 63.10 ~~(2)~~ (ii) all circumstances relative to the crime or crimes, including mitigating
 63.11 circumstances or social conditions surrounding the commission of the crime or crimes;
- 63.12 ~~(3)~~ (iii) the age of the person at the time the crime or crimes were committed; and
- 63.13 ~~(4)~~ (iv) the length of time elapsed since the crime or crimes were committed; and
- 63.14 (5) all other competent evidence of rehabilitation and present fitness presented, including,
 63.15 but not limited to, letters of reference by persons who have been in contact with the applicant
 63.16 since the applicant's release from any local, state, or federal correctional institution.
- 63.17 (c) The certified copy of a person's United States Department of Defense form DD-214
 63.18 showing the person's honorable discharge or separation under honorable conditions from
 63.19 the United States armed forces ceases to qualify as competent evidence of sufficient
 63.20 rehabilitation for purposes of this section upon the person's conviction for any gross
 63.21 misdemeanor or felony committed by the person subsequent to the effective date of that
 63.22 honorable discharge or separation from military service.
- 63.23 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 364.05, is amended to read:
- 63.24 **364.05 NOTIFICATION UPON DENIAL OF EMPLOYMENT OR**
 63.25 **DISQUALIFICATION FROM OCCUPATION.**
- 63.26 If a hiring or licensing authority denies an individual a position of public employment
 63.27 or disqualifies the individual from pursuing, practicing, or engaging in any occupation for
 63.28 which a license is required, solely or in part because of the individual's prior conviction of
 63.29 a crime, the hiring or licensing authority shall notify the individual in writing of the following:
- 63.30 (1) the grounds and reasons for the denial or disqualification;
- 63.31 (2) the applicable complaint and grievance procedure as set forth in section 364.06;

- 50.29 ~~(2)~~ evidence showing that at least one year has elapsed since release from any local,
 50.30 state, or federal correctional institution without subsequent conviction of a crime; and
 50.31 evidence showing compliance with all terms and conditions of probation or parole; ~~or~~
- 51.1 (3) a copy of the relevant Department of Corrections discharge order or other documents
 51.2 showing completion of probation or parole supervision;
- 51.3 ~~(b) In addition to the documentary evidence presented, the licensing or hiring authority~~
 51.4 ~~shall consider any evidence presented by the applicant regarding:~~
- 51.5 ~~(+)~~ (4) evidence regarding the nature and seriousness of the crime or crimes for which
 51.6 the person was convicted;
- 51.7 ~~(2)~~ (5) all circumstances relative to the crime or crimes, including mitigating
 51.8 circumstances or social conditions surrounding the commission of the crime or crimes;
- 51.9 ~~(3)~~ (6) the age of the person at the time the crime or crimes were committed;
- 51.10 ~~(4)~~ (7) the length of time elapsed since the crime or crimes were committed; and
- 51.11 ~~(5)~~ (8) all other competent evidence of rehabilitation and present fitness presented,
 51.12 including, but not limited to, proof that the person has completed a treatment program and
 51.13 letters of reference by persons who have been in contact with the applicant since the
 51.14 applicant's release from any local, state, or federal correctional institution.
- 51.15 (c) The certified copy of a person's United States Department of Defense form DD-214
 51.16 showing the person's honorable discharge or separation under honorable conditions from
 51.17 the United States armed forces ceases to qualify as competent evidence of sufficient
 51.18 rehabilitation for purposes of this section upon the person's conviction for any gross
 51.19 misdemeanor or felony committed by the person subsequent to the effective date of that
 51.20 honorable discharge or separation from military service.
- 51.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 51.22 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 364.05, is amended to read:
- 51.23 **364.05 NOTIFICATION UPON DENIAL OF EMPLOYMENT OR**
 51.24 **DISQUALIFICATION FROM OCCUPATION.**
- 51.25 If a hiring or licensing authority denies an individual a position of public employment
 51.26 or disqualifies the individual from pursuing, practicing, or engaging in any occupation for
 51.27 which a license is required, solely or in part because of the individual's prior conviction of
 51.28 a crime, the hiring or licensing authority shall notify the individual in writing of the following:
- 51.29 (1) the grounds and reasons for the denial or disqualification;
- 51.30 (2) the applicable complaint and grievance procedure as set forth in section 364.06;

- 64.1 (3) the earliest date the person may reapply for a position of public employment or a
64.2 license with a hiring or licensing authority; and
- 64.3 (4) that all competent evidence of rehabilitation presented upon reapplication will be
64.4 considered upon reapplication.

64.5 **ARTICLE 9**

64.6 **PROTECTIONS FOR JUDICIAL OFFICIALS**

- 64.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 480.40, subdivision 1, is amended
64.8 to read:
- 64.9 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section and section 480.45, the
64.10 following terms have the meanings given.
- 64.11 (b) "Judicial official" means:
- 64.12 (1) every Minnesota district court judge, senior judge, retired judge, and every judge of
64.13 the Minnesota Court of Appeals and every active, senior, recalled, or retired federal judge
64.14 who resides in Minnesota;
- 64.15 (2) a current or retired justice of the Minnesota Supreme Court;
- 64.16 (3) employees of the Minnesota judicial branch;
- 64.17 (4) judicial referees and magistrate judges; and
- 64.18 (5) current and retired judges and current employees of the Office of Administrative
64.19 Hearings, Department of Employment and Economic Development Unemployment Insurance
64.20 and Paid Leave Appeals Divisions, Department of Human Services Appeals Division,
64.21 Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals, and Tax Court.
- 64.22 (c) "Personal information" does not include publicly available information. Personal
64.23 information means:
- 64.24 (1) a residential address of a judicial official;
- 64.25 (2) a residential address of the spouse, domestic partner, or children of a judicial official;
- 64.26 (3) a nonjudicial branch issued telephone number or email address of a judicial official;
- 64.27 (4) the name of any child of a judicial official; and
- 64.28 (5) the name of any child care facility or school that is attended by a child of a judicial
64.29 official if combined with an assertion that the named facility or school is attended by the
64.30 child of a judicial official.

- 52.1 (3) the earliest date on which the person may reapply for a position of public employment
52.2 or a license with a hiring or licensing authority; and
- 52.3 (4) that the hiring or licensing authority will consider all competent evidence of
52.4 rehabilitation presented will be considered upon reapplication.
- 52.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 65.1 (d) "Publicly available information" means information that is lawfully made available
 65.2 through federal, state, or local government records or information that a business has a
 65.3 reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made available to the general public through widely
 65.4 distributed media, by a judicial official, or by a person to whom the judicial official has
 65.5 disclosed the information, unless the judicial official has restricted the information to a
 65.6 specific audience.
- 65.7 (e) "Law enforcement support organizations" do not include charitable organizations.
- 65.8 (f) "Real property records" has the meaning given in section 480.50, subdivision 1,
 65.9 paragraph (f).
- 65.10 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 480.50, subdivision 1, is amended
 65.11 to read:
- 65.12 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
 65.13 the meanings given.
- 65.14 (b) "County recorder" has the meaning given in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause
 65.15 (4).
- 65.16 (c) "Government entity" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 7a.
- 65.17 (d) "Judicial official" has the meaning given in section 480.40, subdivision 1, paragraph
 65.18 (b), except that it does not include: (1) employees of the Minnesota judicial branch, the
 65.19 Office of Administrative Hearings, the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals, or the
 65.20 Tax Court; ~~or~~ (2) judges or employees in the Department of Human Services Appeals
 65.21 Division; or (3) judges or employees in the Unemployment Insurance and Paid Leave
 65.22 Appeals Divisions.
- 65.23 (e) "Personal information" has the meaning given in section 480.40, subdivision 1,
 65.24 paragraph (c).
- 65.25 (f) "Real property records" means any of the following:
- 65.26 (1) real property records as defined in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause (5);
- 65.27 (2) Uniform Commercial Code filings and tax liens maintained by the Secretary of State;
 65.28 and
- 65.29 (3) any other records maintained by a county recorder or other government entity
 65.30 evidencing title to, or any lien, judgment, or other encumbrance on, real or personal property.
- 65.31 (g) "Responsible authority" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 16.

66.1 **ARTICLE 10**

66.2 **COMMUNITY SUPERVISION WORKING GROUP**

66.3 Section 1. **COMMUNITY SUPERVISION WORKING GROUP.**

66.4 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** A working group is established to study and make
 66.5 recommendations on statutory changes needed to provide clarity regarding the roles,
 66.6 responsibilities, and obligations of supervision delivery systems when a county transitions
 66.7 between state-operated and county-operated community supervision systems.

66.8 Subd. 2. **Membership.** The working group shall consist of the following members:

66.9 (1) four representatives appointed by the Association of Minnesota Counties, at least
 66.10 two of whom must be county administrators from counties that have experienced a transition
 66.11 between supervision delivery systems; and

66.12 (2) four representatives appointed by the commissioner of corrections, with expertise
 66.13 in human resources, finance, compensation plans, and agency administration.

66.14 Subd. 3. **Meetings.** The commissioner of corrections shall convene the first meeting of
 66.15 the working group no later than August 1, 2026, and shall provide meeting space and
 66.16 administrative assistance as necessary for the working group to conduct its work. The
 66.17 working group shall meet sufficiently enough to accomplish the tasks identified in this
 66.18 section.

66.19 Subd. 4. **Duties.** The working group shall study and develop recommendations on the
 66.20 following:

66.21 (1) the respective roles, responsibilities, and obligations of the sending and receiving
 66.22 entities when a transition occurs;

66.23 (2) the treatment of employee compensation, including but not limited to salary placement,
 66.24 benefits, and accrued leave;

66.25 (3) the allocation of financial responsibility between entities, including timing and
 66.26 method of payment for employee-related costs;

66.27 (4) differences between state and county employment systems, including compensation
 66.28 structures, leave systems, and benefit administration, and how those differences affect
 66.29 transitions;

66.30 (5) operations and administrative considerations, including timelines, fiscal year start
 66.31 dates, staffing transitions, data transfers, training needs, policy development, and continuity
 66.32 of supervision services;

67.1 (6) budgetary and fiscal impacts associated with transitions, including impacts on
 67.2 resources and positions shared between counties;

67.3 (7) any statutory ambiguities or gaps that create uncertainty or disputes during transitions;
67.4 and

67.5 (8) any other issues identified by the working group that are necessary to ensure clear,
67.6 consistent, and fair transition processes.

67.7 Subd. 5. **Consultation.** In carrying out its duties, the working group must consult with:

67.8 (1) the Minnesota Association of Community Corrections Act Counties;

67.9 (2) the Minnesota Association of Community Probation Officers;

67.10 (3) the Department of Corrections Field Services director and the director's leadership
67.11 team; and

67.12 (4) labor organizations representing affected employees.

67.13 Subd. 6. **Report.** By December 15, 2026, the working group shall submit a report to the
67.14 chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
67.15 public safety and judiciary policy and finance. The report must include recommended
67.16 statutory changes to address the issues identified in subdivision 4.

67.17 Subd. 7. **Expiration.** The working group expires upon submission of the report required
67.18 under subdivision 6.

67.19 **ARTICLE 11**

67.20 **INMATE MEDICATIONS**

67.21 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 4f, is
67.22 amended to read:

67.23 Subd. 4f. **Provision of medications in correctional facilities.** (a) Correctional facilities
67.24 licensed by the commissioner shall administer to confined and incarcerated persons the
67.25 same medications prescribed to those individuals prior to their confinement or incarceration
67.26 upon such prescriptions being verified as current and valid by the correctional facility based
67.27 on information reasonably available to the facility's staff at the time of intake and documented
67.28 in the person's medical records. A facility must make a reasonable attempt to verify a
67.29 prescription as current and valid and staff must document their efforts to verify the
67.30 prescription. A reasonable attempt will be considered to have been made if a licensed health
67.31 care professional or facility staff seeks to confirm the prescription through one or more
68.1 reliable sources, including but not limited to the confined or incarcerated person, prescription
68.2 records, pharmacies, health care providers, or prescription monitoring programs.

68.3 (b) Unless a confined or incarcerated person is subject to a Jarvis order, which is an
68.4 order issued under section 253B.092, subdivision 8, that dictates otherwise, paragraph (a)
68.5 does not apply when:

32.14 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 4f, is amended
32.15 to read:

32.16 Subd. 4f. **Provision of medications in correctional facilities.** (a) Correctional facilities
32.17 licensed by the commissioner shall administer to confined and incarcerated persons the
32.18 same medications prescribed to those individuals prior to their confinement or incarceration
32.19 upon such prescriptions being verified as current and valid by the correctional facility based
32.20 on information reasonably available to the facility's staff at the time of intake and documented
32.21 in the person's medical records. A facility must make a reasonable attempt to verify a
32.22 prescription as current and valid and staff must document their efforts to verify the
32.23 prescription. A reasonable attempt will be considered to have been made if a licensed health
32.24 care professional or facility staff seeks to confirm the prescription through one or more
32.25 reliable sources, including but not limited to the confined or incarcerated person, prescription
32.26 records, pharmacies, health care providers, or prescription monitoring programs.

32.27 (b) Unless a confined or incarcerated person is subject to a Jarvis order, which is an
32.28 order issued under section 253B.092, subdivision 8, that dictates otherwise, paragraph (a)
32.29 does not apply when:

68.6 (1) a licensed health care professional determines, after ~~consulting~~ making reasonable
68.7 efforts to consult with the ~~licensed~~ health care professional who prescribed the medication,
68.8 that the prescribed medication is not medically appropriate for the person based on the
68.9 person's current medical condition or status;

68.10 (2) a licensed health care professional determines ~~a~~ that the medication should be changed
68.11 to a different medication available to treat the condition that is at least as effective as the
68.12 current medication the person is prescribed is available to treat the condition and the licensed
68.13 health care professional who prescribed the current medication approves the change in
68.14 medications and reasonable attempts were made to consult the health care professional who
68.15 prescribed the medication; ~~or~~

68.16 (3) the physical or mental condition of the person creates a medical or mental health
68.17 emergency that requires an immediate medication change based on circumstances that either
68.18 exist or would be caused by the continuation of current medications when those circumstances
68.19 are identified and documented by a licensed health care professional; or

68.20 (4) the person ~~provides written notice to~~ informs the licensed health care professional
68.21 who is responsible for inmate health care at the correctional facility or the licensed health
68.22 care professional's designee that the person no longer desires to take the medication and the
68.23 decision is documented in the person's medical records.

68.24 (c) As used in this subdivision, "licensed health care professional" means a physician
68.25 licensed under chapter 147, physician assistant licensed under chapter 147A, or advanced
68.26 practice registered nurse as defined in section 148.171, subdivision 3.

68.27 **ARTICLE 12**

68.28 **COERCION CRIME**

68.29 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

68.30 Subd. 2. **Sentence.** (a) Whoever violates subdivision 1 may be sentenced as follows:

68.31 (1) to imprisonment for not more than 90 days or to payment of a fine of not more than
68.32 \$1,000, or both if neither the pecuniary gain received by the violator nor the loss suffered
69.1 by the person threatened or another as a result of the threat exceeds \$300, or the benefits
69.2 received or harm sustained are not susceptible of pecuniary measurement; or

69.3 (2) to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more
69.4 than \$10,000, or both, if such pecuniary gain or loss is more than \$300 but less than \$2,500;
69.5 or

69.6 (3) to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than
69.7 \$20,000, or both, if such pecuniary gain or loss is \$2,500, or more.

32.30 (1) a licensed health care professional determines, after ~~consulting~~ making reasonable
32.31 efforts to consult with the ~~licensed~~ health care professional who prescribed the medication,
32.32 that the prescribed medication is not medically appropriate for the person based on the
32.33 person's current medical condition or status;

33.1 (2) a licensed health care professional determines ~~a~~ that the medication should be changed
33.2 to a different medication available to treat the condition that is at least as effective as the
33.3 current medication the person is prescribed is available to treat the condition and the licensed
33.4 health care professional who prescribed the current medication approves the change in
33.5 medications and reasonable attempts were made to consult the health care professional who
33.6 prescribed the medication; ~~or~~

33.7 (3) the physical or mental condition of the person creates a medical or mental health
33.8 emergency that requires an immediate medication change based on circumstances that either
33.9 exist or would be caused by the continuation of current medications when those circumstances
33.10 are identified and documented by a licensed health care professional; or

33.11 (4) the person ~~provides written notice to~~ informs the licensed health care professional
33.12 who is responsible for inmate health care at the correctional facility or the licensed health
33.13 care professional's designee that the person no longer desires to take the medication and the
33.14 decision is documented in the person's medical records.

33.15 (c) As used in this subdivision, "licensed health care professional" means a physician
33.16 licensed under chapter 147, physician assistant licensed under chapter 147A, or advanced
33.17 practice registered nurse as defined in section 148.171, subdivision 3.

58.28 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

58.29 Subd. 2. **Sentence.** (a) Whoever violates subdivision 1 may be sentenced as follows:

58.30 (1) to imprisonment for not more than 90 days or to payment of a fine of not more than
58.31 \$1,000, or both if neither the pecuniary gain received by the violator nor the loss suffered
59.1 by the person threatened or another as a result of the threat exceeds \$300, or the benefits
59.2 received or harm sustained are not susceptible of pecuniary measurement; or

59.3 (2) to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more
59.4 than \$10,000, or both, if such pecuniary gain or loss is more than \$300 but less than \$2,500;
59.5 or

59.6 (3) to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than
59.7 \$20,000, or both, if such pecuniary gain or loss is \$2,500, or more.

69.8 (b) A person who violates subdivision 1, clause (6), may be sentenced to imprisonment
69.9 for not more than ten years, or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if
69.10 the violation is a substantial factor in the victim suffering great bodily harm.

69.11 (c) A person who violates subdivision 1, clause (6), may be sentenced to imprisonment
69.12 for not more than 15 years, or to payment of a fine of not more than \$30,000, or both, if the
69.13 violation is a substantial factor in the victim suffering death.

69.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
69.15 committed on or after that date.

69.16 **ARTICLE 13**

69.17 **DOMESTIC ABUSE**

69.18 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 299C.80, subdivision 6, is amended
69.19 to read:

69.20 Subd. 6. **Reporting.** (a) As provided for in chapter 13, the superintendent must make
69.21 all inactive investigative data for officer-involved death investigations that are public under
69.22 section 13.82, subdivision 7, or other applicable law available on the bureau's website within
69.23 30 days of the case becoming inactive as defined in section 13.82, subdivision 7, except
69.24 any video that does not record, describe, or otherwise document actions and circumstances
69.25 surrounding the officer-involved death.

69.26 (b) By February 1 of each year, the superintendent shall report to the commissioner, the
69.27 governor, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
69.28 jurisdiction over public safety finance and policy the following information about the unit:
69.29 the number of investigations initiated; the number of incidents that began with a law
69.30 enforcement response to a situation involving suspected or alleged domestic abuse, as
69.31 defined in section 626.5537, subdivision 1; the number of incidents investigated; the
69.32 outcomes or current status of each investigation; the charging decisions made by the
70.1 prosecuting authority of incidents investigated by the unit; the number of plea agreements
70.2 reached in incidents investigated by the unit; and any other information relevant to the unit's
70.3 mission.

70.4 (c) Nothing in this subdivision modifies the requirements of chapter 13 or the
70.5 classification of data.

70.6 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.0311, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

70.7 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given in section
70.8 518B.01, subdivision 2.

70.9 (b) "Domestic abuse case" means a prosecution for:

70.10 (1) a crime that involves domestic abuse;

59.8 (b) A person who violates subdivision 1, clause (6), may be sentenced to imprisonment
59.9 for not more than ten years, or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if
59.10 the violation is a substantial factor in the victim suffering great bodily harm.

59.11 (c) A person who violates subdivision 1, clause (6), may be sentenced to imprisonment
59.12 for not more than 15 years, or to payment of a fine of not more than \$30,000, or both, if the
59.13 violation is a substantial factor in the victim suffering death.

59.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
59.15 committed on or after that date.

46.11 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 299C.80, subdivision 6, is amended
46.12 to read:

46.13 Subd. 6. **Reporting.** (a) As provided for in chapter 13, the superintendent must make
46.14 all inactive investigative data for officer-involved death investigations that are public under
46.15 section 13.82, subdivision 7, or other applicable law available on the bureau's website within
46.16 30 days of the case becoming inactive as defined in section 13.82, subdivision 7, except
46.17 any video that does not record, describe, or otherwise document actions and circumstances
46.18 surrounding the officer-involved death.

46.19 (b) By February 1 of each year, the superintendent shall report to the commissioner, the
46.20 governor, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
46.21 jurisdiction over public safety finance and policy the following information about the unit:
46.22 the number of investigations initiated; the number of incidents that began with a law
46.23 enforcement response to a situation involving suspected or alleged domestic abuse, as
46.24 defined in section 626.5537, subdivision 1; the number of incidents investigated; the
46.25 outcomes or current status of each investigation; the charging decisions made by the
46.26 prosecuting authority of incidents investigated by the unit; the number of plea agreements
46.27 reached in incidents investigated by the unit; and any other information relevant to the unit's
46.28 mission.

46.29 (c) Nothing in this subdivision modifies the requirements of chapter 13 or the
46.30 classification of data.

69.25 Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.0311, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

69.26 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given in section
69.27 518B.01, subdivision 2.

69.28 (b) "Domestic abuse case" means a prosecution for:

69.29 (1) a crime that involves domestic abuse;

70.11 (2) violation of a condition of release following an arrest for a crime that involves
 70.12 domestic abuse; ~~or~~

70.13 (3) violation of a domestic abuse order for protection issued pursuant to section 518B.01;

70.14 (4) violation of a harassment restraining order issued pursuant to section 609.748
 70.15 committed against a family or household member by a family or household member;

70.16 (5) harassment or stalking within the meaning of section 609.749 committed against a
 70.17 family or household member by a family or household member; or

70.18 (6) violation of a domestic abuse no contact order issued pursuant to section 629.75.

70.19 Sec. 3. **[626.5537] DOMESTIC ABUSE; REPORTING.**

70.20 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
 70.21 the meanings given.

70.22 (b) "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision 2, paragraph
 70.23 (a), and also includes the following, if committed against a family or household member
 70.24 by a family or household member:

70.25 (1) violation of an order for protection within the meaning of section 518B.01, subdivision
 70.26 14;

70.27 (2) violation of a harassment restraining order within the meaning of section 609.748,
 70.28 subdivision 6;

70.29 (3) harassment or stalking within the meaning of section 609.749; and

71.1 (4) violation of a domestic abuse no contact order within the meaning of section 629.75,
 71.2 subdivision 2.

71.3 (c) "Family or household member" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision
 71.4 2, paragraph (b).

71.5 Subd. 2. **Collection of information; reporting.** The head of a local law enforcement
 71.6 agency or state law enforcement department that employs peace officers, as defined in
 71.7 section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), must report every incident a peace officer
 71.8 reasonably believes, or a victim alleges, constitutes an act of domestic abuse to the
 71.9 commissioner of public safety by January 15 each year. The superintendent of the Bureau
 71.10 of Criminal Apprehension must adopt a reporting form to be used by law enforcement
 71.11 agencies in making the reports required under this section. The reports must include all of
 71.12 the following for each incident:

71.13 (1) the date of the incident;

71.14 (2) the location of the incident;

69.30 (2) violation of a condition of release following an arrest for a crime that involves
 69.31 domestic abuse; ~~or~~

70.1 (3) violation of a domestic abuse order for protection issued pursuant to section 518B.01;

70.2 (4) violation of a harassment restraining order issued pursuant to section 609.748
 70.3 committed against a family or household member by a family or household member;

70.4 (5) harassment or stalking within the meaning of section 609.749 committed against a
 70.5 family or household member by a family or household member; or

70.6 (6) violation of a domestic abuse no contact order issued pursuant to section 629.75.

72.26 Sec. 84. **[626.5537] DOMESTIC ABUSE; REPORTING.**

72.27 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
 72.28 the meanings given.

72.29 (b) "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision 2, paragraph
 72.30 (a), and also includes the following, if committed against a family or household member
 72.31 by a family or household member:

73.1 (1) violation of an order for protection within the meaning of section 518B.01, subdivision
 73.2 14;

73.3 (2) violation of a harassment restraining order within the meaning of section 609.748,
 73.4 subdivision 6;

73.5 (3) harassment or stalking within the meaning of section 609.749; and

73.6 (4) violation of a domestic abuse no contact order within the meaning of section 629.75,
 73.7 subdivision 2.

73.8 (c) "Family or household member" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision
 73.9 2, paragraph (b).

73.10 Subd. 2. **Collection of information; reporting.** The head of a local law enforcement
 73.11 agency or state law enforcement department that employs peace officers, as defined in
 73.12 section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), must report every incident a peace officer
 73.13 reasonably believes, or a victim alleges, constitutes an act of domestic abuse to the
 73.14 commissioner of public safety by January 15 each year. The superintendent of the Bureau
 73.15 of Criminal Apprehension must adopt a reporting form to be used by law enforcement
 73.16 agencies in making the reports required under this section. The reports must include all of
 73.17 the following for each incident:

73.18 (1) the date of the incident;

73.19 (2) the location of the incident;

71.15 (3) the crime suspected to have been committed;
 71.16 (4) whether the response began as a call for service alleging an act of domestic abuse;
 71.17 (5) the perceived gender of the alleged victim and suspect;
 71.18 (6) the perceived race of the alleged victim and suspect;
 71.19 (7) whether a suspect was arrested at the time of the incident;
 71.20 (8) whether a suspect was arrested at a later date and, if so, the time between the incident
 71.21 and the arrest;
 71.22 (9) whether the alleged victim was arrested at the time of the incident and, if so, any
 71.23 alleged crime that formed the basis for the arrest;
 71.24 (10) whether the alleged offender possessed, or was reported to possess, a firearm at the
 71.25 time of the incident;
 71.26 (11) whether the case was referred for prosecution;
 71.27 (12) whether the determination that the incident constituted an act of domestic abuse
 71.28 was based on an officer's reasonable belief, the victim's allegation, or both; and
 71.29 (13) any additional information the superintendent deems necessary for the acquisition
 71.30 of accurate and relevant data.
 72.1 Subd. 3. **Annual report.** The commissioner of public safety must summarize and analyze
 72.2 the information received under subdivision 2 and provide an annual report to the chairs and
 72.3 ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety.
 72.4 The annual report may be included in the department's annual uniform crime report.
 72.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2028.
 72.6 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.341, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 72.7 Subdivision 1. **Arrest; referral for prosecution.** (a) Notwithstanding section 629.34
 72.8 or any other law or rule, a peace officer may arrest a person anywhere without a warrant,
 72.9 including at the person's residence, if the peace officer has probable cause to believe that
 72.10 within the preceding ~~72 hours~~ 28 days, exclusive of the day probable cause was established,
 72.11 the person has committed nonfelony domestic abuse, as defined in section 518B.01,
 72.12 subdivision 2. The arrest may be made even though the assault did not take place in the
 72.13 presence of the peace officer.
 72.14 (b) If a peace officer has probable cause to believe that a person has committed any act
 72.15 that constitutes harassing or stalking any person in violation of section 609.749; domestic
 72.16 abuse as defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2; violation of an order for protection as
 72.17 described in section 518B.01, subdivision 14; or violation of a domestic abuse no contact
 72.18 order as described in section 629.75 and the person was not arrested, the peace officer should

73.20 (3) the crime suspected to have been committed;
 73.21 (4) whether the response began as a call for service alleging an act of domestic abuse;
 73.22 (5) the perceived gender of the alleged victim and suspect;
 73.23 (6) the perceived race of the alleged victim and suspect;
 73.24 (7) whether a suspect was arrested at the time of the incident;
 73.25 (8) whether a suspect was arrested at a later date and, if so, the time between the incident
 73.26 and the arrest;
 73.27 (9) whether the alleged victim was arrested at the time of the incident and, if so, any
 73.28 alleged crime that formed the basis for the arrest;
 73.29 (10) whether the alleged offender possessed, or was reported to possess, a firearm at the
 73.30 time of the incident;
 73.31 (11) whether the case was referred for prosecution;
 74.1 (12) whether the determination that the incident constituted an act of domestic abuse
 74.2 was based on an officer's reasonable belief, the victim's allegation, or both; and
 74.3 (13) any additional information the superintendent deems necessary for the acquisition
 74.4 of accurate and relevant data.
 74.5 Subd. 3. **Annual report.** The commissioner of public safety must summarize and analyze
 74.6 the information received under subdivision 2 and provide an annual report to the chairs and
 74.7 ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety.
 74.8 The annual report may be included in the department's annual uniform crime report.
 74.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2028.
 77.12 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.341, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 77.13 Subdivision 1. **Arrest; referral for prosecution.** (a) Notwithstanding section 629.34
 77.14 or any other law or rule, a peace officer may arrest a person anywhere without a warrant,
 77.15 including at the person's residence, if the peace officer has probable cause to believe that
 77.16 within the preceding ~~72 hours~~ 28 days, exclusive of the day probable cause was established,
 77.17 the person has committed nonfelony domestic abuse, as defined in section 518B.01,
 77.18 subdivision 2. The arrest may be made even though the assault did not take place in the
 77.19 presence of the peace officer.
 77.20 (b) If a peace officer has probable cause to believe that a person has committed any act
 77.21 that constitutes harassing or stalking any person in violation of section 609.749; domestic
 77.22 abuse as defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2; violation of an order for protection as
 77.23 described in section 518B.01, subdivision 14; or violation of a domestic abuse no contact
 77.24 order as described in section 629.75 and the person was not arrested, the peace officer should

72.19 seek a warrant from a judge for the person's arrest without undue delay. A warrant issued
 72.20 under this paragraph is not subject to the limitations described in section 629.31.

72.21 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.341, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

72.22 Subd. 4. **Report required.** (a) Whenever a peace officer investigates an allegation that
 72.23 an incident described in subdivision 1 has occurred, whether or not an arrest is made, a
 72.24 person has committed a qualified domestic violence-related offense and the victim is a
 72.25 family or household member, the officer shall make a written police report of the alleged
 72.26 incident regardless of whether an arrest is made. The report must contain at least the following
 72.27 information: the name, address and telephone number of the victim, if provided by the
 72.28 victim, a statement as to whether an arrest occurred, the name of the arrested person, and a
 72.29 brief summary of the incident. Data that identify a victim who has made a request under
 72.30 section 13.82, subdivision 17, paragraph (d), and that are private data under that subdivision,
 72.31 shall be private in the report required by this section. A copy of this report must be provided
 72.32 upon request, at no cost, to the victim of domestic abuse, the victim's attorney, or
 72.33 organizations designated by the Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public
 73.1 Safety that are providing services to victims of domestic abuse. The officer shall submit the
 73.2 report to the officer's supervisor or other person to whom the employer's rules or policies
 73.3 require reports of similar allegations of criminal activity to be made.

73.4 (b) As used in this subdivision:

73.5 (1) "qualified domestic violence-related offense" has the meaning given in section 609.02,
 73.6 subdivision 16; and

73.7 (2) "family or household member" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision
 73.8 2, paragraph (b).

73.9 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

73.10 Subd. 1a. **Detention in lieu of citation; release.** (a) Notwithstanding any other law or
 73.11 rule, an arresting officer may not issue a citation in lieu of arrest and detention to an
 73.12 individual charged with harassing or stalking, domestic abuse, violation of an order for
 73.13 protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order.

73.14 (b) Notwithstanding any other law or rule, an individual who is arrested on a charge of
 73.15 harassing or stalking any person, domestic abuse, violation of an order for protection, or
 73.16 violation of a domestic abuse no contact order, must be brought to the police station or
 73.17 county jail. An individual who is arrested on a charge of violation of an order for protection
 73.18 or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order must be detained until the person's first
 73.19 court appearance as required under sections 518B.01, subdivision 14, paragraph (e), and
 73.20 629.75, subdivision 3. The officer in charge of the police station or the county sheriff in
 73.21 charge of the jail shall issue a citation in lieu of continued detention for a charge of harassing
 73.22 or stalking any person or for domestic abuse unless it reasonably appears to the officer or
 73.23 sheriff that release of the person (1) poses a threat to the alleged victim or another family
 73.24 or household member, (2) poses a threat to public safety, or (3) involves a substantial

77.25 seek a warrant from a judge for the person's arrest without undue delay. A warrant issued
 77.26 under this paragraph is not subject to the limitations described in section 629.31.

77.27 Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.341, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

77.28 Subd. 4. **Report required.** (a) Whenever a peace officer investigates an allegation that
 77.29 an incident described in subdivision 1 has occurred, whether or not an arrest is made, a
 77.30 person has committed a qualified domestic violence-related offense and the victim is a
 77.31 family or household member, the officer shall make a written police report of the alleged
 77.32 incident regardless of whether an arrest is made. The report must contain at least the following
 77.33 information: the name, address and telephone number of the victim, if provided by the
 78.1 victim, a statement as to whether an arrest occurred, the name of the arrested person, and a
 78.2 brief summary of the incident. Data that identify a victim who has made a request under
 78.3 section 13.82, subdivision 17, paragraph (d), and that are private data under that subdivision,
 78.4 shall be private in the report required by this section. A copy of this report must be provided
 78.5 upon request, at no cost, to the victim of domestic abuse, the victim's attorney, or
 78.6 organizations designated by the Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public
 78.7 Safety that are providing services to victims of domestic abuse. The officer shall submit the
 78.8 report to the officer's supervisor or other person to whom the employer's rules or policies
 78.9 require reports of similar allegations of criminal activity to be made.

78.10 (b) As used in this subdivision:

78.11 (1) "qualified domestic violence-related offense" has the meaning given in section 609.02,
 78.12 subdivision 16; and

78.13 (2) "family or household member" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision
 78.14 2, paragraph (b).

78.15 Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

78.16 Subd. 1a. **Detention in lieu of citation; release.** (a) Notwithstanding any other law or
 78.17 rule, an arresting officer may not issue a citation in lieu of arrest and detention to an
 78.18 individual charged with harassing or stalking, domestic abuse, violation of an order for
 78.19 protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order.

78.20 (b) Notwithstanding any other law or rule, an individual who is arrested on a charge of
 78.21 harassing or stalking any person, domestic abuse, violation of an order for protection, or
 78.22 violation of a domestic abuse no contact order, must be brought to the police station or
 78.23 county jail. An individual who is arrested on a charge of violation of an order for protection
 78.24 or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order must be detained until the person's first
 78.25 court appearance as required under sections 518B.01, subdivision 14, paragraph (e), and
 78.26 629.75, subdivision 3. The officer in charge of the police station or the county sheriff in
 78.27 charge of the jail shall issue a citation in lieu of continued detention for a charge of harassing
 78.28 or stalking any person or for domestic abuse unless it reasonably appears to the officer or
 78.29 sheriff that release of the person (1) poses a threat to the alleged victim or another family
 78.30 or household member, (2) poses a threat to public safety, or (3) involves a substantial

73.25 likelihood the arrested person will fail to appear at subsequent proceedings. In determining
 73.26 if the person poses a threat to the alleged victim or another family or household member,
 73.27 the officer in charge of the police station or the county sheriff in charge of the jail must
 73.28 consider the person's history of domestic violence, including but not limited to:

73.29 (1) any previous arrest or conviction for harassing or stalking any person, domestic
 73.30 abuse, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order;

73.31 (2) any order for protection, harassment restraining order, or domestic abuse no contact
 73.32 order in which the person was identified as the subject of the order; and

74.1 (3) any pending petitions for an order for protection or a harassment restraining order
 74.2 in which the person is a respondent.

74.3 (c) If the arrested person is not issued a citation by the officer in charge of the police
 74.4 station or the county sheriff, the arrested person must be brought before the nearest available
 74.5 judge of the district court in the county in which the alleged harassing or stalking, domestic
 74.6 abuse, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order
 74.7 took place without unnecessary delay as provided by court rule.

74.8 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

74.9 Subd. 2. **Judicial review; release; bail.** (a) The judge before whom the arrested person
 74.10 is brought shall review the facts surrounding the arrest and detention of a person arrested
 74.11 for domestic abuse, harassing or stalking, violation of an order for protection, or violation
 74.12 of a domestic abuse no contact order. The prosecutor or prosecutor's designee shall present
 74.13 relevant information involving the victim's or the victim's family's account of the alleged
 74.14 crime to the judge to be considered in determining the arrested person's release. If the person
 74.15 was arrested for violation of an order for protection or violation of a domestic abuse no
 74.16 contact order, the prosecutor or prosecutor's designee must describe the allegations in the
 74.17 underlying petition or criminal case. The prosecutor or prosecutor's designee may present
 74.18 information and bail recommendations in person or by filing it with the court through the
 74.19 appropriate electronic filing system. In making a decision concerning pretrial release
 74.20 conditions of a person arrested for domestic abuse, harassing or stalking, violation of an
 74.21 order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order, the judge shall review
 74.22 the facts of the arrest and detention of the person and the relevant information presented or
 74.23 filed by the prosecutor or prosecutor's designee and determine whether: (1) release of the
 74.24 person poses a threat to the alleged victim, another family or household member, or public
 74.25 safety; or (2) there is a substantial likelihood the person will fail to appear at subsequent
 74.26 proceedings. Before releasing a person arrested for or charged with a crime of domestic
 74.27 abuse, harassing or stalking, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic
 74.28 abuse no contact order, the judge shall make findings on the record, to the extent possible,
 74.29 concerning the determination made in accordance with the factors specified in clauses (1)
 74.30 and (2). The findings should describe whether the person:

78.31 likelihood the arrested person will fail to appear at subsequent proceedings. In determining
 78.32 if the person poses a threat to the alleged victim or another family or household member,
 78.33 the officer in charge of the police station or the county sheriff in charge of the jail must
 78.34 consider the person's history of domestic violence, including but not limited to:

79.1 (i) any previous arrest or conviction for harassing or stalking any person, domestic abuse,
 79.2 violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order;

79.3 (ii) any order for protection, harassment restraining order, or domestic abuse no contact
 79.4 order in which the person was identified as the subject of the order; and

79.5 (iii) any pending petitions for an order for protection or a harassment restraining order
 79.6 in which the person is a respondent.

79.7 (c) If the arrested person is not issued a citation by the officer in charge of the police
 79.8 station or the county sheriff, the arrested person must be brought before the nearest available
 79.9 judge of the district court in the county in which the alleged harassing or stalking, domestic
 79.10 abuse, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order
 79.11 took place without unnecessary delay as provided by court rule.

79.12 Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

79.13 Subd. 2. **Judicial review; release; bail.** (a) The judge before whom the arrested person
 79.14 is brought shall review the facts surrounding the arrest and detention of a person arrested
 79.15 for domestic abuse, harassing or stalking, violation of an order for protection, or violation
 79.16 of a domestic abuse no contact order. The prosecutor or prosecutor's designee shall present
 79.17 relevant information involving the victim's or the victim's family's account of the alleged
 79.18 crime to the judge to be considered in determining the arrested person's release. If the person
 79.19 was arrested for violation of an order for protection or violation of a domestic abuse no
 79.20 contact order, the prosecutor or prosecutor's designee must describe the allegations in the
 79.21 underlying petition or criminal case. The prosecutor or prosecutor's designee may present
 79.22 information and bail recommendations in person or by filing it with the court through the
 79.23 appropriate electronic filing system. In making a decision concerning pretrial release
 79.24 conditions of a person arrested for domestic abuse, harassing or stalking, violation of an
 79.25 order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order, the judge shall review
 79.26 the facts of the arrest and detention of the person and the relevant information presented or
 79.27 filed by the prosecutor or prosecutor's designee and determine whether: (1) release of the
 79.28 person poses a threat to the alleged victim, another family or household member, or public
 79.29 safety; or (2) there is a substantial likelihood the person will fail to appear at subsequent
 79.30 proceedings. Before releasing a person arrested for or charged with a crime of domestic
 79.31 abuse, harassing or stalking, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic
 79.32 abuse no contact order, the judge shall make findings on the record, to the extent possible,
 79.33 concerning the determination made in accordance with the factors specified in clauses (1)
 79.34 and (2). The findings should describe whether the person:

74.31 (1) was previously arrested for, or convicted of, harassing or stalking any person, domestic
 74.32 abuse, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order;

75.1 (2) has ever been the subject of an order for protection, harassment restraining order, or
 75.2 domestic abuse no contact order and, if so, the nature of the allegations or charges that gave
 75.3 rise to the order; and

75.4 (3) is the respondent in any pending petition for an order for protection or harassment
 75.5 restraining order and, if so, the nature of the allegations in any petition.

75.6 (b) The judge may impose conditions of release or bail, or both, on the person to protect
 75.7 the alleged victim or other family or household members and to ensure the appearance of
 75.8 the person at subsequent proceedings. These conditions may include an order:

75.9 (1) enjoining the person from threatening to commit or committing acts of domestic
 75.10 abuse or harassing or stalking against the alleged victim or other family or household
 75.11 members or from violating an order for protection or a domestic abuse no contact order;

75.12 (2) prohibiting the person from harassing, annoying, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise
 75.13 communicating with the alleged victim, either directly or indirectly;

75.14 (3) directing the person to vacate or stay away from the home of the alleged victim and
 75.15 to stay away from any other location where the alleged victim is likely to be;

75.16 (4) prohibiting the person from possessing a firearm or other weapon specified by the
 75.17 court;

75.18 (5) prohibiting the person from possessing or consuming alcohol or controlled substances;
 75.19 and

75.20 (6) specifying any other matter required to protect the safety of the alleged victim and
 75.21 to ensure the appearance of the person at subsequent proceedings.

75.22 (c) If conditions of release are imposed, the judge shall issue a written order for
 75.23 conditional release. The court administrator shall immediately distribute a copy of the order
 75.24 for conditional release to the agency having custody of the arrested person and shall provide
 75.25 the agency having custody of the arrested person with any available information on the
 75.26 location of the victim in a manner that protects the victim's safety. Either the court or its
 75.27 designee or the agency having custody of the arrested person shall serve upon the defendant
 75.28 a copy of the order. Failure to serve the arrested person with a copy of the order for
 75.29 conditional release does not invalidate the conditions of release.

75.30 (d) If the judge imposes as a condition of release a requirement that the person have no
 75.31 contact with the alleged victim, the judge may also, on its own motion or that of the
 75.32 prosecutor or on request of the victim, issue an ex parte temporary restraining order under
 75.33 section 609.748, subdivision 4, or an ex parte temporary order for protection under section
 76.1 518B.01, subdivision 7. Notwithstanding section 518B.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (b), or
 76.2 609.748, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), the temporary order is effective until the defendant

80.1 (i) was previously arrested for, or convicted of, harassing or stalking any person, domestic
 80.2 abuse, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order;

80.3 (ii) has ever been the subject of an order for protection, harassment restraining order, or
 80.4 domestic abuse no contact order and, if so, the nature of the allegations or charges that gave
 80.5 rise to the order; and

80.6 (iii) is the respondent in any pending petition for an order for protection or harassment
 80.7 restraining order and, if so, the nature of the allegations in any petition.

80.8 (b) The judge may impose conditions of release or bail, or both, on the person to protect
 80.9 the alleged victim or other family or household members and to ensure the appearance of
 80.10 the person at subsequent proceedings. These conditions may include an order:

80.11 (1) enjoining the person from threatening to commit or committing acts of domestic
 80.12 abuse or harassing or stalking against the alleged victim or other family or household
 80.13 members or from violating an order for protection or a domestic abuse no contact order;

80.14 (2) prohibiting the person from harassing, annoying, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise
 80.15 communicating with the alleged victim, either directly or indirectly;

80.16 (3) directing the person to vacate or stay away from the home of the alleged victim and
 80.17 to stay away from any other location where the alleged victim is likely to be;

80.18 (4) prohibiting the person from possessing a firearm or other weapon specified by the
 80.19 court;

80.20 (5) prohibiting the person from possessing or consuming alcohol or controlled substances;
 80.21 and

80.22 (6) specifying any other matter required to protect the safety of the alleged victim and
 80.23 to ensure the appearance of the person at subsequent proceedings.

80.24 (c) If conditions of release are imposed, the judge shall issue a written order for
 80.25 conditional release. The court administrator shall immediately distribute a copy of the order
 80.26 for conditional release to the agency having custody of the arrested person and shall provide
 80.27 the agency having custody of the arrested person with any available information on the
 80.28 location of the victim in a manner that protects the victim's safety. Either the court or its
 80.29 designee or the agency having custody of the arrested person shall serve upon the defendant
 80.30 a copy of the order. Failure to serve the arrested person with a copy of the order for
 80.31 conditional release does not invalidate the conditions of release.

81.1 (d) If the judge imposes as a condition of release a requirement that the person have no
 81.2 contact with the alleged victim, the judge may also, on its own motion or that of the
 81.3 prosecutor or on request of the victim, issue an ex parte temporary restraining order under
 81.4 section 609.748, subdivision 4, or an ex parte temporary order for protection under section
 81.5 518B.01, subdivision 7. Notwithstanding section 518B.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (b), or
 81.6 609.748, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), the temporary order is effective until the defendant

76.3 is convicted or acquitted, or the charge is dismissed, provided that upon request the defendant
76.4 is entitled to a full hearing on the restraining order under section 609.748, subdivision 5, or
76.5 on the order for protection under section 518B.01. The hearing must be held within seven
76.6 days of the defendant's request.

76.7 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

76.8 Subd. 6. **Notice; release of arrested person.** (a) Immediately after issuance of a citation
76.9 in lieu of continued detention under subdivision 1, or the entry of an order for release under
76.10 subdivision 2, but before the arrested person is released, the agency having custody of the
76.11 arrested person or its designee must make a reasonable and good faith effort to inform orally
76.12 the alleged victim, local law enforcement agencies known to be involved in the case, if
76.13 different from the agency having custody, and, at the victim's request any local battered
76.14 women's and domestic abuse programs established under section 611A.32 or sexual assault
76.15 programs of:

76.16 (1) the conditions of release, if any;

76.17 (2) the time of release;

76.18 (3) the time, date, and place of the next scheduled court appearance of the arrested person
76.19 and the victim's right to be present at the court appearance; and

76.20 (4) if the arrested person is charged with domestic abuse, the location and telephone
76.21 number of the area program that provides services to victims of domestic abuse as designated
76.22 by the Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public Safety.

76.23 (b) As soon as practicable after an order for conditional release is entered, the agency
76.24 having custody of the arrested person or its designee must personally deliver or mail to the
76.25 alleged victim a copy of the written order and written notice of the information in paragraph
76.26 (a), clauses (2) and (3).

76.27 (c) Data on the victim and the notice provided by the custodial authority are private data
76.28 on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and are accessible only to the
76.29 victim.

77.1 **ARTICLE 14**

77.2 **REVERSE-LOCATION AND REVERSE-KEYWORD DATA**

77.3 Section 1. **[626A.45] REVERSE-LOCATION AND REVERSE-KEYWORD DATA.**

77.4 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
77.5 the meanings given.

77.6 (b) "Government entity" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 7a.

77.7 (c) "Reverse-keyword court order" means a court order, including a search warrant or
77.8 subpoena, compelling the disclosure of records or information identifying any unnamed

81.7 is convicted or acquitted, or the charge is dismissed, provided that upon request the defendant
81.8 is entitled to a full hearing on the restraining order under section 609.748, subdivision 5, or
81.9 on the order for protection under section 518B.01. The hearing must be held within seven
81.10 days of the defendant's request.

77.9 persons, by name or other unique identifier, who electronically searched for a particular
 77.10 word, phrase, or website or who visited a particular website through a link generated by the
 77.11 search, regardless of whether or not the order is limited to a specific geographic area or time
 77.12 frame.

77.13 (d) "Reverse-keyword request" means a request, in the absence of a court order, by a
 77.14 government entity for the voluntary provision of records or information identifying any
 77.15 unnamed persons, by name or other unique identifier, who electronically searched for a
 77.16 particular word, phrase, or website or who visited a particular website through a link
 77.17 generated by the search, regardless of whether or not the request is limited to a specific
 77.18 geographic area or time frame.

77.19 (e) "Reverse-location court order" means a court order, including a search warrant or
 77.20 subpoena, compelling the disclosure of records or information pertaining to the location of
 77.21 unspecified electronic devices or the devices' unnamed users or owners, whose scope extends
 77.22 to an unknown number of electronic devices present in a given geographic area at a given
 77.23 time, whether the location is measured by global positioning system coordinates, cell tower
 77.24 connectivity, Wi-Fi positioning, or other forms of location detection.

77.25 (f) "Reverse-location request" means a request, in the absence of a court order, by a
 77.26 government entity for the voluntary provision of records or information pertaining to the
 77.27 location of unspecified electronic devices or the devices' unnamed users or owners, whose
 77.28 scope extends to an unknown number of electronic devices present in a given geographic
 77.29 area at a given time, whether the location is measured by global positioning system
 77.30 coordinates, cell tower connectivity, Wi-Fi positioning, or other forms of location detection.

77.31 (g) "Sudden emergency" means any of the following events for which the governor has
 77.32 declared a peacetime emergency under section 12.31:

77.33 (1) an act of nature;

78.1 (2) a technological failure or malfunction;

78.2 (3) a terrorist incident;

78.3 (4) an industrial accident; or

78.4 (5) a hazardous materials accident.

78.5 Subd. 2. **Prohibition on requests.** (a) Except in the event of a sudden emergency, no
 78.6 government entity or individual acting on behalf of the state or a local government agency
 78.7 or office shall:

78.8 (1) seek from a court a reverse-location court order or a reverse-keyword court order;

78.9 (2) seek, secure, obtain, borrow, or purchase information or data obtained through a
 78.10 reverse-location court order or a reverse-keyword court order;

- 78.11 (3) make a reverse-location request or a reverse-keyword request;
- 78.12 (4) seek, secure, obtain, borrow, or purchase information or data obtained through a
- 78.13 reverse-location request or a reverse-keyword request;
- 78.14 (5) seek the assistance of an agency of the federal government or an agency of the
- 78.15 government of another state or subdivision of that state to obtain information or data from
- 78.16 a reverse-location court order, reverse-keyword court order, reverse-location request, or
- 78.17 reverse-keyword request if the government entity would be barred from directly seeking
- 78.18 the information under this section; or
- 78.19 (6) enforce, assist with the enforcement of, or otherwise honor a reverse-keyword court
- 78.20 order, reverse-location court order, reverse-location request, or reverse-keyword request
- 78.21 issued in another state.
- 78.22 (b) No court shall issue a reverse-keyword court order or reverse-location court order,
- 78.23 or enforce, assist with the enforcement of, or otherwise honor a reverse-keyword court order
- 78.24 or reverse-location court order issued in another state except in the event of a sudden
- 78.25 emergency.
- 78.26 (c) The failure of a government entity or individual acting on behalf of a government
- 78.27 entity to comply with a reverse-keyword court order, reverse-location court order,
- 78.28 reverse-location request, or reverse-keyword request issued in or originating from Minnesota
- 78.29 or any other state must not be the basis for contempt under section 588.01.
- 78.30 Subd. 3. **Inadmissibility.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), evidence obtained in
- 78.31 violation of this section or derived from information obtained in violation of this section is
- 78.32 inadmissible in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding.
- 79.1 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, evidence is derived from information obtained in
- 79.2 violation of this section if the government entity would not have originally possessed the
- 79.3 information but for the act prohibited under subdivision 2. Evidence derived from information
- 79.4 obtained in violation of this section is inadmissible regardless of whether the information
- 79.5 is attenuated from the act prohibited under subdivision 2, would inevitably have been
- 79.6 discovered, or was subsequently obtained through other means.
- 79.7 (c) Evidence obtained in violation of this section is admissible for the purpose of proving
- 79.8 that a violation occurred under this section.
- 79.9 Subd. 4. **Notice; civil action.** (a) A government entity that obtains a person's identifying
- 79.10 information in violation of this section must notify the person in writing of the violation if
- 79.11 the government entity has access to the person's contact information. The notification must
- 79.12 include the legal recourse available to that person under paragraph (b).
- 79.13 (b) A person whose name or other identifying information was obtained by a government
- 79.14 entity in violation of this section may bring a civil action against the government entity and
- 79.15 the court may award the following relief:

79.16 (1) \$1,000 per violation or actual damages, whichever is greater;
79.17 (2) punitive damages consistent with section 549.191;
79.18 (3) injunctive or declaratory relief;
79.19 (4) reasonable attorney fees and costs to a prevailing plaintiff; and
79.20 (5) any other relief the court deems necessary.
79.21 (c) An action filed pursuant to this section may be commenced (1) in the county in which
79.22 the individual alleging damage or seeking relief resides, or (2) in the county wherein the
79.23 political subdivision exists or, in the case of the state, any county.

79.24 **ARTICLE 15**
79.25 **CROSSOVER GRANT TIME EXTENSION**

79.26 Section 1. Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 3, subdivision 8, as amended by Laws
79.27 2023, chapter 69, section 12, Laws 2024, chapter 123, article 1, section 11, Laws 2024,
79.28 chapter 123, article 9, section 3, and Laws 2025, chapter 35, article 2, section 24, is amended
79.29 to read:

79.30	Subd. 8. Office of Justice Programs	94,758,000	80,434,000
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80.1 Appropriations by Fund

80.2	General	94,662,000	80,338,000
80.3	State Government		
80.4	Special Revenue	96,000	96,000

80.5 (a) **Domestic and Sexual Violence Housing**

80.6 \$1,500,000 each year is to establish a
80.7 Domestic Violence Housing First grant
80.8 program to provide resources for survivors of
80.9 violence to access safe and stable housing and
80.10 for staff to provide mobile advocacy and
80.11 expertise in housing resources in their
80.12 community and a Minnesota Domestic and
80.13 Sexual Violence Transitional Housing
80.14 program to develop and support medium to
80.15 long term transitional housing for survivors
80.16 of domestic and sexual violence with
80.17 supportive services. The base for this

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3.11 Sec. 5. Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 3, subdivision 8, as amended by Laws
3.12 2023, chapter 69, section 12, Laws 2024, chapter 123, article 1, section 11, Laws 2024,
3.13 chapter 123, article 9, section 3, and Laws 2025, chapter 35, article 2, section 24, is amended
3.14 to read:

3.15	Subd. 8. Office of Justice Programs	94,758,000	80,434,000
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3.16 Appropriations by Fund

3.17	General	94,662,000	80,338,000
3.18	State Government		
3.19	Special Revenue	96,000	96,000

3.20 (a) **Domestic and Sexual Violence Housing**

3.21 \$1,500,000 each year is to establish a
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3.26 expertise in housing resources in their
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3.28 Sexual Violence Transitional Housing
3.29 program to develop and support medium to
3.30 long term transitional housing for survivors
3.31 of domestic and sexual violence with
3.32 supportive services. The base for this

80.18 appropriation is \$1,000,000 beginning in fiscal
80.19 year 2026.

80.20 **(b) Federal Victims of Crime Funding Gap**

80.21 \$11,000,000 each year is to fund services for
80.22 victims of domestic violence, sexual assault,
80.23 child abuse, and other crimes. This is a
80.24 onetime appropriation.

80.25 **(c) Office for Missing and Murdered Black**
80.26 **Women and Girls**

80.27 \$1,248,000 each year is to establish and
80.28 maintain the Minnesota Office for Missing
80.29 and Murdered Black Women and Girls.

80.30 **(d) Increased Staffing**

80.31 \$667,000 the first year and \$1,334,000 the
80.32 second year are to increase staffing in the
80.33 Office of Justice Programs for grant
80.34 monitoring and compliance; provide training
81.1 and technical assistance to grantees and
81.2 potential grantees; conduct community
81.3 outreach and engagement to improve the
81.4 experiences and outcomes of applicants, grant
81.5 recipients, and crime victims throughout
81.6 Minnesota; expand the Minnesota Statistical
81.7 Analysis Center; and increase staffing for the
81.8 crime victim reimbursement program and the
81.9 Crime Victim Justice Unit.

81.10 **(e) Office of Restorative Practices**

81.11 \$500,000 each year is to establish and
81.12 maintain the Office of Restorative Practices.

81.13 **(f) Crossover and Dual-Status Youth Model**
81.14 **Grants**

81.15 \$1,000,000 each year is to provide grants to
81.16 local units of government to initiate or expand
81.17 crossover youth practices model and
81.18 dual-status youth programs that provide
81.19 services for youth who are involved with or
81.20 at risk of becoming involved with both the
81.21 child welfare and juvenile justice systems, in

4.1 appropriation is \$1,000,000 beginning in fiscal
4.2 year 2026.

4.3 **(b) Federal Victims of Crime Funding Gap**

4.4 \$11,000,000 each year is to fund services for
4.5 victims of domestic violence, sexual assault,
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5.4 at risk of becoming involved with both the
5.5 child welfare and juvenile justice systems, in

81.22 accordance with the Robert F. Kennedy
81.23 National Resource Center for Juvenile Justice
81.24 model. This is a onetime appropriation. This
81.25 appropriation is available until December 15,
81.26 2026.

81.27 **(g) Restorative Practices Initiatives Grants**

81.28 \$4,000,000 each year is for grants to establish
81.29 and support restorative practices initiatives
81.30 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section
81.31 299A.95, subdivision 6, and for a restitution
81.32 grant program under Minnesota Statutes,
81.33 section 299A.955. This appropriation is
81.34 available until June 30, 2026. The base for this
82.1 appropriation is \$2,500,000 beginning in fiscal
82.2 year 2026.

82.3 **(h) Ramsey County Youth Treatment**
82.4 **Homes Acquisition and Betterment**

82.5 \$5,000,000 the first year is for a grant to
82.6 Ramsey County to establish, with input from
82.7 community stakeholders, including impacted
82.8 youth and families, up to seven intensive
82.9 trauma-informed therapeutic treatment homes
82.10 in Ramsey County that are licensed by the
82.11 Department of Human Services, that are
82.12 culturally specific, that are community-based,
82.13 and that can be secured. These residential
82.14 spaces must provide intensive treatment and
82.15 intentional healing for youth as ordered by the
82.16 court as part of the disposition of a case in
82.17 juvenile court. This appropriation is available
82.18 through June 30, 2027.

82.19 **(i) Ramsey County Violence Prevention**

82.20 \$5,000,000 the first year is for a grant to
82.21 Ramsey County to award grants to develop
82.22 new and further enhance existing
82.23 community-based organizational support
82.24 through violence prevention and community
82.25 wellness grants. Grantees must use the money
82.26 to create family support groups and resources
82.27 to support families during the time a young

5.6 accordance with the Robert F. Kennedy
5.7 National Resource Center for Juvenile Justice
5.8 model. This is a onetime appropriation. This
5.9 appropriation is available until December 15,
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5.29 Department of Human Services, that are
5.30 culturally specific, that are community-based,
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6.7 community-based organizational support
6.8 through violence prevention and community
6.9 wellness grants. Grantees must use the money
6.10 to create family support groups and resources
6.11 to support families during the time a young

82.28 person is placed out of home following a
82.29 juvenile delinquency adjudication and support
82.30 the family through the period of postplacement
82.31 reentry; create community-based respite
82.32 options for conflict or crisis de-escalation to
82.33 prevent incarceration or further systems
82.34 involvement for families; or establish
82.35 additional meaningful employment
83.1 opportunities for systems-involved youth. This
83.2 appropriation is available through June 30,
83.3 2027.

83.4 **(j) Office for Missing and Murdered**
83.5 **Indigenous Relatives**

83.6 \$274,000 each year is for increased staff and
83.7 operating costs of the Office for Missing and
83.8 Murdered Indigenous Relatives, the Missing
83.9 and Murdered Indigenous Relatives Advisory
83.10 Board, and the Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag
83.11 reward advisory group.

83.12 **(k) Youth Intervention Programs**

83.13 \$3,525,000 the first year and \$3,526,000 the
83.14 second year are for youth intervention
83.15 programs under Minnesota Statutes, section
83.16 299A.73. The base for this appropriation is
83.17 \$3,526,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$3,525,000
83.18 in fiscal year 2027.

83.19 **(l) Community Crime Intervention and**
83.20 **Prevention Grants**

83.21 \$750,000 each year is for community crime
83.22 intervention and prevention program grants,
83.23 authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section
83.24 299A.296. This is a onetime appropriation.

83.25 **(m) Resources for Victims of Crime**

83.26 \$1,000,000 each year is for general crime
83.27 victim grants to meet the needs of victims of
83.28 crime not covered by domestic violence,
83.29 sexual assault, or child abuse services. This is
83.30 a onetime appropriation.

6.12 person is placed out of home following a
6.13 juvenile delinquency adjudication and support
6.14 the family through the period of postplacement
6.15 reentry; create community-based respite
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6.22 2027.

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7.2 \$3,526,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$3,525,000
7.3 in fiscal year 2027.

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7.9 299A.296. This is a onetime appropriation.

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7.12 victim grants to meet the needs of victims of
7.13 crime not covered by domestic violence,
7.14 sexual assault, or child abuse services. This is
7.15 a onetime appropriation.

83.31 (n) **Prosecutor Training**

83.32 \$100,000 each year is for a grant to the

83.33 Minnesota County Attorneys Association to

84.1 be used for prosecutorial and law enforcement

84.2 training, including trial school training and

84.3 train-the-trainer courses. All training funded

84.4 with grant proceeds must contain blocks of

84.5 instruction on racial disparities in the criminal

84.6 justice system, collateral consequences to

84.7 criminal convictions, and trauma-informed

84.8 responses to victims. This is a onetime

84.9 appropriation.

84.10 The Minnesota County Attorneys Association

84.11 must report to the chairs and ranking minority

84.12 members of the legislative committees with

84.13 jurisdiction over public safety policy and

84.14 finance on the training provided with grant

84.15 proceeds, including a description of each

84.16 training and the number of prosecutors and

84.17 law enforcement officers who received

84.18 training. The report is due by February 15,

84.19 2025. The report may include trainings

84.20 scheduled to be completed after the date of

84.21 submission with an estimate of expected

84.22 participants.

84.23 (o) **Minnesota Heals**

84.24 \$500,000 each year is for the Minnesota Heals

84.25 grant program. This is a onetime

84.26 appropriation.

84.27 (p) **Sexual Assault Exam Costs**

84.28 \$3,967,000 the first year and \$3,767,000 the

84.29 second year are to reimburse qualified health

84.30 care providers for the expenses associated with

84.31 medical examinations administered to victims

84.32 of criminal sexual conduct as required under

84.33 Minnesota Statutes, section 609.35, and for

84.34 costs to administer the program. The base for

85.1 this appropriation is \$3,771,000 in fiscal year

85.2 2026 and \$3,776,000 in fiscal year 2027.

7.16 (n) **Prosecutor Training**

7.17 \$100,000 each year is for a grant to the

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7.25 criminal convictions, and trauma-informed

7.26 responses to victims. This is a onetime

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7.34 training and the number of prosecutors and

8.1 law enforcement officers who received

8.2 training. The report is due by February 15,

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8.5 submission with an estimate of expected

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8.18 costs to administer the program. The base for

8.19 this appropriation is \$3,771,000 in fiscal year

8.20 2026 and \$3,776,000 in fiscal year 2027.

85.3 (q) **First Responder Mental Health**
85.4 **Curriculum**

85.5 \$75,000 each year is for a grant to the Adler
85.6 graduate school. The grantee must use the
85.7 grant to develop a curriculum for a 24-week
85.8 certificate to train licensed therapists to
85.9 understand the nuances, culture, and stressors
85.10 of the work environments of first responders
85.11 to allow those therapists to provide effective
85.12 treatment to first responders in distress. The
85.13 grantee must collaborate with first responders
85.14 who are familiar with the psychological,
85.15 cultural, and professional issues of their field
85.16 to develop the curriculum and promote it upon
85.17 completion.

85.18 The grantee may provide the program online.

85.19 The grantee must seek to recruit additional
85.20 participants from outside the 11-county
85.21 metropolitan area.

85.22 The grantee must create a resource directory
85.23 to provide law enforcement agencies with
85.24 names of counselors who complete the
85.25 program and other resources to support law
85.26 enforcement professionals with overall
85.27 wellness. The grantee shall collaborate with
85.28 the Department of Public Safety and law
85.29 enforcement organizations to promote the
85.30 directory. This is a onetime appropriation.

85.31 (r) **Pathways to Policing**

85.32 \$400,000 each year is for reimbursement
85.33 grants to state and local law enforcement
85.34 agencies that operate pathway to policing
86.1 programs. Applicants for reimbursement
86.2 grants may receive up to 50 percent of the cost
86.3 of compensating and training program
86.4 participants. Reimbursement grants shall be
86.5 proportionally allocated based on the number
86.6 of grant applications approved by the
86.7 commissioner. This is a onetime appropriation.

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9.24 proportionally allocated based on the number
9.25 of grant applications approved by the
9.26 commissioner. This is a onetime appropriation.

86.8 **(s) Direct Assistance to Crime Victim**
86.9 **Survivors**

86.10 \$5,000,000 each year is to provide grants for
86.11 direct services and advocacy for victims of
86.12 sexual assault, general crime, domestic
86.13 violence, and child abuse. Funding must
86.14 support the direct needs of organizations
86.15 serving victims of crime by providing: direct
86.16 client assistance to crime victims; competitive
86.17 wages for direct service staff; hotel stays and
86.18 other housing-related supports and services;
86.19 culturally responsive programming; prevention
86.20 programming, including domestic abuse
86.21 transformation and restorative justice
86.22 programming; and for other needs of
86.23 organizations and crime victim survivors.
86.24 Services funded must include services for
86.25 victims of crime in underserved communities
86.26 most impacted by violence and reflect the
86.27 ethnic, racial, economic, cultural, and
86.28 geographic diversity of the state. The office
86.29 shall prioritize culturally specific programs,
86.30 or organizations led and staffed by persons of
86.31 color that primarily serve communities of
86.32 color, when allocating funds.

86.33 **(t) Racially Diverse Youth**

86.34 \$250,000 each year is for grants to
86.35 organizations to address racial disparity of
87.1 youth using shelter services in the Rochester
87.2 and St. Cloud regional areas. Of this amount,
87.3 \$125,000 each year is to address this issue in
87.4 the Rochester area and \$125,000 each year is
87.5 to address this issue in the St. Cloud area. A
87.6 grant recipient shall establish and operate a
87.7 pilot program connected to shelter services to
87.8 engage in community intervention outreach,
87.9 mobile case management, family reunification,
87.10 aftercare, and follow up when family members
87.11 are released from shelter services. A pilot
87.12 program must specifically address the high
87.13 number of racially diverse youth that enter

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10.30 aftercare, and follow up when family members
10.31 are released from shelter services. A pilot
10.32 program must specifically address the high
10.33 number of racially diverse youth that enter

87.14 shelters in the regions. This is a onetime
87.15 appropriation.

87.16 **(u) Violence Prevention Project Research**
87.17 **Center**

87.18 \$500,000 each year is for a grant to the
87.19 Violence Prevention Project Research Center,
87.20 operating as a 501(c)(3) organization, for
87.21 research focused on reducing violence in
87.22 society that uses data and analysis to improve
87.23 criminal justice-related policy and practice in
87.24 Minnesota. Research must place an emphasis
87.25 on issues related to deaths and injuries
87.26 involving firearms. This is a onetime
87.27 appropriation.

87.28 Beginning January 15, 2025, the Violence
87.29 Prevention Project Research Center must
87.30 submit an annual report to the chairs and
87.31 ranking minority members of the legislative
87.32 committees with jurisdiction over public safety
87.33 policy and finance on its work and findings.
87.34 The report must include a description of the
87.35 data reviewed, an analysis of that data, and
88.1 recommendations to improve criminal
88.2 justice-related policy and practice in
88.3 Minnesota with specific recommendations to
88.4 address deaths and injuries involving firearms.

88.5 **(v) Report on Approaches to Address Illicit**
88.6 **Drug Use in Minnesota**

88.7 \$118,000 each year is to enter into an
88.8 agreement with Rise Research LLC for a study
88.9 and set of reports on illicit drug use in
88.10 Minnesota describing current responses to that
88.11 use, reviewing alternative approaches utilized
88.12 in other jurisdictions, and making policy and
88.13 funding recommendations for a holistic and
88.14 effective response to illicit drug use and the
88.15 illicit drug trade. The agreement must establish
88.16 a budget and schedule with clear deliverables.
88.17 This appropriation is onetime.

10.34 shelters in the regions. This is a onetime
10.35 appropriation.

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11.2 **Center**

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11.21 recommendations to improve criminal
11.22 justice-related policy and practice in
11.23 Minnesota with specific recommendations to
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11.33 funding recommendations for a holistic and
11.34 effective response to illicit drug use and the
11.35 illicit drug trade. The agreement must establish
12.1 a budget and schedule with clear deliverables.
12.2 This appropriation is onetime.

88.18 The study must include a review of current
88.19 policies, practices, and funding; identification
88.20 of alternative approaches utilized effectively
88.21 in other jurisdictions; and policy and funding
88.22 recommendations for a response to illicit drug
88.23 use and the illicit drug trade that reduces and,
88.24 where possible, prevents harm and expands
88.25 individual and community health, safety, and
88.26 autonomy. Recommendations must consider
88.27 impacts on public safety, racial equity,
88.28 accessibility of health and ancillary supportive
88.29 social services, and the intersections between
88.30 drug policy and mental health, housing and
88.31 homelessness, overdose and infectious disease,
88.32 child welfare, and employment.

88.33 Rise Research may subcontract and coordinate
88.34 with other organizations or individuals to
89.1 conduct research, provide analysis, and
89.2 prepare the reports required by this section.

89.3 Rise Research shall submit reports to the
89.4 chairs and ranking minority members of the
89.5 legislative committees with jurisdiction over
89.6 public safety finance and policy, human
89.7 services finance and policy, health finance and
89.8 policy, and judiciary finance and policy. Rise
89.9 Research shall submit an initial report by
89.10 February 15, 2024, and a final report by March
89.11 1, 2025.

89.12 **(w) Legal Representation for Children**

89.13 \$150,000 each year is for a grant to an
89.14 organization that provides legal representation
89.15 for children in need of protection or services
89.16 and children in out-of-home placement. The
89.17 grant is contingent upon a match in an equal
89.18 amount from nonstate funds. The match may
89.19 be in kind, including the value of volunteer
89.20 attorney time, in cash, or a combination of the
89.21 two. These appropriations are in addition to
89.22 any other appropriations for the legal
89.23 representation of children. This appropriation
89.24 is onetime.

12.3 The study must include a review of current
12.4 policies, practices, and funding; identification
12.5 of alternative approaches utilized effectively
12.6 in other jurisdictions; and policy and funding
12.7 recommendations for a response to illicit drug
12.8 use and the illicit drug trade that reduces and,
12.9 where possible, prevents harm and expands
12.10 individual and community health, safety, and
12.11 autonomy. Recommendations must consider
12.12 impacts on public safety, racial equity,
12.13 accessibility of health and ancillary supportive
12.14 social services, and the intersections between
12.15 drug policy and mental health, housing and
12.16 homelessness, overdose and infectious disease,
12.17 child welfare, and employment.

12.18 Rise Research may subcontract and coordinate
12.19 with other organizations or individuals to
12.20 conduct research, provide analysis, and
12.21 prepare the reports required by this section.

12.22 Rise Research shall submit reports to the
12.23 chairs and ranking minority members of the
12.24 legislative committees with jurisdiction over
12.25 public safety finance and policy, human
12.26 services finance and policy, health finance and
12.27 policy, and judiciary finance and policy. Rise
12.28 Research shall submit an initial report by
12.29 February 15, 2024, and a final report by March
12.30 1, 2025.

12.31 **(w) Legal Representation for Children**

12.32 \$150,000 each year is for a grant to an
12.33 organization that provides legal representation
12.34 for children in need of protection or services
13.1 and children in out-of-home placement. The
13.2 grant is contingent upon a match in an equal
13.3 amount from nonstate funds. The match may
13.4 be in kind, including the value of volunteer
13.5 attorney time, in cash, or a combination of the
13.6 two. These appropriations are in addition to
13.7 any other appropriations for the legal
13.8 representation of children. This appropriation
13.9 is onetime.

89.25 (x) **Pretrial Release Study and Report**

89.26 \$250,000 each year are for a grant to the
89.27 Minnesota Justice Research Center to study
89.28 and report on pretrial release practices in
89.29 Minnesota and other jurisdictions, including
89.30 but not limited to the use of bail as a condition
89.31 of pretrial release. This appropriation is
89.32 onetime.

89.33 (y) **Intensive Comprehensive Peace Officer**
89.34 **Education and Training Program**

90.1 \$5,000,000 the first year is to implement the
90.2 intensive comprehensive peace officer
90.3 education and training program described in
90.4 Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8516. This
90.5 appropriation is available through June 30,
90.6 2027.

90.7 (z) **Youth Services Office**

90.8 \$250,000 each year is to operate the Youth
90.9 Services Office.

90.10 **ARTICLE 16**

90.11 **DOMESTIC ABUSE VICTIMS; RELEASE FROM SHARED WIRELESS PLANS**

90.12 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 518B.01, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

90.13 Subd. 6. **Relief by court.** (a) Upon notice and hearing, the court may provide relief as
90.14 follows:

90.15 (1) restrain the abusing party from committing acts of domestic abuse;

90.16 (2) exclude the abusing party from the dwelling which the parties share or from the
90.17 residence of the petitioner;

90.18 (3) exclude the abusing party from a reasonable area surrounding the dwelling or
90.19 residence, which area shall be described specifically in the order;

90.20 (4) award temporary custody or establish temporary parenting time with regard to minor
90.21 children of the parties on a basis which gives primary consideration to the safety of the
90.22 victim and the children. In addition to the primary safety considerations, the court may
90.23 consider particular best interest factors that are found to be relevant to the temporary custody
90.24 and parenting time award. Findings under section 257.025, 518.17, or 518.175 are not
90.25 required with respect to the particular best interest factors not considered by the court. If
90.26 the court finds that the safety of the victim or the children will be jeopardized by unsupervised

13.10 (x) **Pretrial Release Study and Report**

13.11 \$250,000 each year are for a grant to the
13.12 Minnesota Justice Research Center to study
13.13 and report on pretrial release practices in
13.14 Minnesota and other jurisdictions, including
13.15 but not limited to the use of bail as a condition
13.16 of pretrial release. This appropriation is
13.17 onetime.

13.18 (y) **Intensive Comprehensive Peace Officer**
13.19 **Education and Training Program**

13.20 \$5,000,000 the first year is to implement the
13.21 intensive comprehensive peace officer
13.22 education and training program described in
13.23 Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8516. This
13.24 appropriation is available through June 30,
13.25 2027.

13.26 (z) **Youth Services Office**

13.27 \$250,000 each year is to operate the Youth
13.28 Services Office.

90.27 or unrestricted parenting time, the court shall condition or restrict parenting time as to time,
 90.28 place, duration, or supervision, or deny parenting time entirely, as needed to guard the safety
 90.29 of the victim and the children. The court's decision on custody and parenting time shall in
 90.30 no way delay the issuance of an order for protection granting other relief provided for in
 90.31 this section. The court must not enter a parenting plan under section 518.1705 as part of an
 90.32 action for an order for protection;

91.1 (5) on the same basis as is provided in chapter 518 or 518A, establish temporary support
 91.2 for minor children or a spouse, and order the withholding of support from the income of
 91.3 the person obligated to pay the support according to chapter 518A;

91.4 (6) provide upon request of the petitioner counseling or other social services for the
 91.5 parties, if married, or if there are minor children;

91.6 (7) order the abusing party to participate in treatment or counseling services, including
 91.7 requiring the abusing party to successfully complete a domestic abuse counseling program
 91.8 or educational program under section 518B.02;

91.9 (8) award temporary use and possession of property and restrain one or both parties from
 91.10 transferring, encumbering, concealing, or disposing of property except in the usual course
 91.11 of business or for the necessities of life, and to account to the court for all such transfers,
 91.12 encumbrances, dispositions, and expenditures made after the order is served or communicated
 91.13 to the party restrained in open court;

91.14 (9) exclude the abusing party from the place of employment of the petitioner, or otherwise
 91.15 limit access to the petitioner by the abusing party at the petitioner's place of employment;

91.16 (10) order the abusing party to have no contact with the petitioner whether in person,
 91.17 by telephone, mail, or electronic mail or messaging, through a third party, or by any other
 91.18 means;

91.19 (11) order the abusing party to pay restitution to the petitioner;

91.20 (12) order the continuance of all currently available insurance coverage without change
 91.21 in coverage or beneficiary designation;

91.22 (13) order, in its discretion, other relief as it deems necessary for the protection of a
 91.23 family or household member, including orders or directives to the sheriff or other law
 91.24 enforcement or corrections officer as provided by this section;

91.25 (14) direct the care, possession, or control of a pet or companion animal owned,
 91.26 possessed, or kept by the petitioner or respondent or a child of the petitioner or respondent;
 91.27 ~~and~~

91.28 (15) direct the respondent to refrain from physically abusing or injuring any pet or
 91.29 companion animal, without legal justification, known to be owned, possessed, kept, or held

91.30 by either party or a minor child residing in the residence or household of either party as an
 91.31 indirect means of intentionally threatening the safety of such person; and

91.32 (16) if requested by the petitioner, issue a separate order under section 518B.03.

92.1 (b) Any relief granted by the order for protection shall be for a period not to exceed two
 92.2 years, except when the court determines a longer period is appropriate. When a referee
 92.3 presides at the hearing on the petition, the order granting relief becomes effective upon the
 92.4 referee's signature.

92.5 (c) An order granting the relief authorized in paragraph (a), clause (1), may not be vacated
 92.6 or modified in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage or legal separation, except that the
 92.7 court may hear a motion for modification of an order for protection concurrently with a
 92.8 proceeding for dissolution of marriage upon notice of motion and motion. The notice required
 92.9 by court rule shall not be waived. If the proceedings are consolidated and the motion to
 92.10 modify is granted, a separate order for modification of an order for protection shall be issued.

92.11 (d) An order granting the relief authorized in paragraph (a), clause (2) or (3), is not
 92.12 voided by the admittance of the abusing party into the dwelling from which the abusing
 92.13 party is excluded.

92.14 (e) If a proceeding for dissolution of marriage or legal separation is pending between
 92.15 the parties, the court shall provide a copy of the order for protection to the court with
 92.16 jurisdiction over the dissolution or separation proceeding for inclusion in its file.

92.17 (f) An order for restitution issued under this subdivision is enforceable as civil judgment.

92.18 (g) An order granting relief shall prohibit the abusing party from possessing firearms
 92.19 for the length the order is in effect if the order (1) restrains the abusing party from harassing,
 92.20 stalking, or threatening the petitioner or restrains the abusing party from engaging in other
 92.21 conduct that would place the petitioner in reasonable fear of bodily injury, and (2) includes
 92.22 a finding that the abusing party represents a credible threat to the physical safety of the
 92.23 petitioner or prohibits the abusing party from using, attempting to use, or threatening to use
 92.24 physical force against the petitioner. The order shall inform the abusing party of that party's
 92.25 prohibited status. Except as provided in paragraph (i), the court shall order the abusing party
 92.26 to transfer any firearms that the person possesses, within three business days, to a federally
 92.27 licensed firearms dealer, a law enforcement agency, or a third party who may lawfully
 92.28 receive them. The transfer may be permanent or temporary. A temporary firearm transfer
 92.29 only entitles the receiving party to possess the firearm. A temporary transfer does not transfer
 92.30 ownership or title. An abusing party may not transfer firearms to a third party who resides
 92.31 with the abusing party. If an abusing party makes a temporary transfer, a federally licensed
 92.32 firearms dealer or law enforcement agency may charge the abusing party a reasonable fee
 92.33 to store the person's firearms and may establish policies for disposal of abandoned firearms,
 92.34 provided such policies require that the person be notified via certified mail prior to disposal
 93.1 of abandoned firearms. For temporary firearms transfers under this paragraph, a law
 93.2 enforcement agency, federally licensed firearms dealer, or third party shall exercise due

93.3 care to preserve the quality and function of the transferred firearms and shall return the
 93.4 transferred firearms to the person upon request after the expiration of the prohibiting time
 93.5 period, provided the person is not otherwise prohibited from possessing firearms under state
 93.6 or federal law. The return of temporarily transferred firearms to an abusing party shall
 93.7 comply with state and federal law. If an abusing party permanently transfers the abusing
 93.8 party's firearms to a law enforcement agency, the agency is not required to compensate the
 93.9 abusing party and may charge the abusing party a reasonable processing fee. A law
 93.10 enforcement agency is not required to accept an abusing party's firearm under this paragraph.

93.11 (h) An abusing party who is ordered to transfer firearms under paragraph (g) must file
 93.12 proof of transfer as provided for in this paragraph. If the transfer is made to a third party,
 93.13 the third party must sign an affidavit under oath before a notary public either acknowledging
 93.14 that the abusing party permanently transferred the abusing party's firearms to the third party
 93.15 or agreeing to temporarily store the abusing party's firearms until such time as the abusing
 93.16 party is legally permitted to possess firearms. The affidavit shall indicate the serial number,
 93.17 make, and model of all firearms transferred by the abusing party to the third party. The third
 93.18 party shall acknowledge in the affidavit that the third party may be held criminally and
 93.19 civilly responsible under section 624.7144 if the abusing party gains access to a transferred
 93.20 firearm while the firearm is in the custody of the third party. If the transfer is to a law
 93.21 enforcement agency or federally licensed firearms dealer, the law enforcement agency or
 93.22 federally licensed firearms dealer shall provide proof of transfer to the abusing party. The
 93.23 proof of transfer must specify whether the firearms were permanently or temporarily
 93.24 transferred and include the name of the abusing party, date of transfer, and the serial number,
 93.25 make, and model of all transferred firearms. The abusing party shall provide the court with
 93.26 a signed and notarized affidavit or proof of transfer as described in this section within two
 93.27 business days of the firearms transfer. The court shall seal affidavits and proofs of transfer
 93.28 filed pursuant to this paragraph.

93.29 (i) When a court issues an order containing a firearms restriction provided for in paragraph
 93.30 (g), the court shall determine by a preponderance of evidence if an abusing party poses an
 93.31 imminent risk of causing another person substantial bodily harm. Upon a finding of imminent
 93.32 risk, the court shall order that the local law enforcement agency take immediate possession
 93.33 of all firearms in the abusing party's possession. The local law enforcement agency shall
 93.34 exercise due care to preserve the quality and function of the abusing party's firearms and
 93.35 shall return the firearms to the person upon request after the expiration of the prohibiting
 94.1 time period, provided the person is not otherwise prohibited from possessing firearms under
 94.2 state or federal law. The local law enforcement agency shall, upon written notice from the
 94.3 abusing party, transfer the firearms to a federally licensed firearms dealer or a third party
 94.4 who may lawfully receive them. Before a local law enforcement agency transfers a firearm
 94.5 under this paragraph, the agency shall require the third party or federally licensed firearms
 94.6 dealer receiving the firearm to submit an affidavit or proof of transfer that complies with
 94.7 the requirements for affidavits or proofs of transfer established in paragraph (h). The agency
 94.8 shall file all affidavits or proofs of transfer received with the court within two business days
 94.9 of the transfer. The court shall seal all affidavits or proofs of transfer filed pursuant to this

94.10 paragraph. A federally licensed firearms dealer or third party who accepts a firearm transfer
 94.11 pursuant to this paragraph shall comply with paragraphs (g) and (h) as if accepting transfer
 94.12 from the abusing party. If the law enforcement agency does not receive written notice from
 94.13 the abusing party within three business days, the agency may charge a reasonable fee to
 94.14 store the abusing party's firearms. A law enforcement agency may establish policies for
 94.15 disposal of abandoned firearms, provided such policies require that the abusing party be
 94.16 notified via certified mail prior to disposal of abandoned firearms.

94.17 Sec. 2. **[518B.03] TRANSFER OR RELEASE OF DOMESTIC ABUSE VICTIMS**
 94.18 **FROM SHARED WIRELESS PLANS.**

94.19 Subdivision 1. **Application.** The remedy in this section applies if the respondent and
 94.20 petitioner or a protected party subject to an order for protection under section 518B.01 share
 94.21 a wireless plan and the respondent is the account holder.

94.22 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section the following terms have the
 94.23 meanings given.

94.24 (b) "Wireless telecommunications service" has the same meaning as "commercial mobile
 94.25 radio service" as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 47, section 20.3.

94.26 (c) "Wireless telecommunications service provider" means a provider of wireless
 94.27 telecommunications service.

94.28 Subd. 3. **Court order; account transfer or release.** (a) If the petitioner is the protected
 94.29 party named in an order for protection granted under this chapter, a court may issue an order
 94.30 requiring a wireless telecommunications service provider, without charge, penalty, or fee,
 94.31 to:

94.32 (1) transfer the billing authority and all rights to the wireless telephone number or
 94.33 numbers of a shared wireless plan to the petitioner; or

95.1 (2) remove or release the petitioner from a shared wireless plan and assign a substitute
 95.2 telephone number or numbers.

95.3 (b) If the petitioner is not the protected party named in an order for protection granted
 95.4 under this chapter, a court may issue an order requiring a wireless telecommunications
 95.5 service provider, without charge, penalty, or fee, to:

95.6 (1) transfer the billing authority and rights to the wireless telephone number or numbers
 95.7 of a shared wireless plan;

95.8 (i) if the protected party is a minor, to a parent or legal guardian of the minor other than
 95.9 the respondent; or

95.10 (ii) if the protected party is not a minor, to another person who shall serve as the account
 95.11 holder with the protected party's approval; or

95.12 (2) remove or release the protected party from a shared wireless plan and assign a
 95.13 substitute telephone number or numbers and:

95.14 (i) if the protected party is a minor, order the parent or legal guardian of the minor, other
 95.15 than the respondent, to be the account holder for the substitute telephone number or numbers;
 95.16 or

95.17 (ii) if the protected party is not a minor, order another person, with the protected party's
 95.18 approval, to be the account holder for the substitute telephone number or numbers.

95.19 (c) At a protected party's request, the court may order a wireless telecommunications
 95.20 service provider to transfer without charge, penalty, or fee any and all devices associated
 95.21 with the petitioner or protected party's phone number to a substitute telephone number or
 95.22 numbers.

95.23 Subd. 4. **Separate order; content.** (a) The order issued pursuant to subdivision 3 must
 95.24 be a separate order from one issued under section 518B.01 that is directed to the wireless
 95.25 telecommunications service provider, but may be addressed in the same proceeding for an
 95.26 order under section 518B.01 or in a separate proceeding after an order under section 518B.01
 95.27 is issued.

95.28 (b) The order shall list the name and billing telephone number of the account holder,
 95.29 the name of the person to whom the telephone number or numbers are to be transferred,
 95.30 and each telephone number to be transferred.

95.31 Subd. 5. **Filing fee.** The filing fees for an order under this section are waived.

96.1 Subd. 6. **Hearing.** A hearing for an order under this section is not required unless the
 96.2 court declines to issue the requested relief or the petitioner requests a hearing. A hearing
 96.3 may be held concurrently with a hearing under section 518B.01 upon the petitioner's request
 96.4 and if the court deems it appropriate.

96.5 Subd. 7. **Deadline to transfer.** Upon receipt of an order issued under this section, a
 96.6 wireless telecommunications service provider must abide by the terms of the order by the
 96.7 end of the following billing cycle.

96.8 Subd. 8. **Confidentiality.** A wireless telecommunications service provider must treat
 96.9 an order and any supporting information received under this section as confidential and
 96.10 must not disclose the order or the information, except to the extent necessary to comply
 96.11 with the order.

96.12 Subd. 9. **Unpaid balance.** (a) A person who is the account holder before an order is
 96.13 issued under this section remains liable for an unpaid balance incurred before an account
 96.14 is transferred pursuant to an order issued under this section.

96.15 (b) A wireless telecommunications service provider must provide the petitioner or
 96.16 protected party with a partitioned telephone line and additional time to pay off the outstanding
 96.17 balance.

96.18 Subd. 10. **Immunity.** A cause of action shall not lie against a wireless telecommunications
 96.19 service provider or its officers, employees, or agents for the actions taken that are related
 96.20 to the transfer of the billing authority and rights to the wireless telephone number or numbers
 96.21 in accordance with the terms of a court order issued pursuant to this section.

96.22 **ARTICLE 17**

96.23 **HARASSMENT RESTRAINING ORDERS**

96.24 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.748, is amended by adding a subdivision
 96.25 to read:

96.26 Subd. 5d. **Notice to petitioner.** Upon a petitioner's request, before a sheriff, law
 96.27 enforcement officer, or other peace officer serves a respondent with a temporary restraining
 96.28 order or restraining order issued under this section, the sheriff or officer must make
 96.29 reasonable efforts to notify the petitioner at least 24 hours before service that the respondent
 96.30 will be served with the order. For purposes of this subdivision, reasonable efforts include
 96.31 but are not limited to texting, calling, or emailing the petitioner if the petitioner's contact
 96.32 information is available to the sheriff, law enforcement officer, or peace officer.

97.1 **ARTICLE 18**

97.2 **IDENTITY THEFT; FINANCIAL CRIMES**

97.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 299C.061, subdivision 3, is
 97.4 amended to read:

97.5 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The Financial Crimes and Fraud Section shall:

97.6 (1) review notices and reports of insurance fraud and related crimes submitted by
 97.7 authorized insurers, their employees, and agents or producers pursuant to sections 60A.951
 97.8 to 60A.956;

97.9 (2) initiate inquiries and conduct investigations when the Section has reason to believe
 97.10 that any of the following offenses have been or are being committed:

97.11 (i) fraud involving state-funded or administered programs or services in subdivision 1,
 97.12 paragraph (b);

97.13 (ii) insurance fraud and related crimes, as defined in sections 60A.951, subdivision 4,
 97.14 and 609.611, and support of those activities;

97.15 (iii) wage theft and related crimes; and

97.16 (iv) any other financial crimes; and

- 97.17 (3) operate the automobile theft prevention program under section 65B.84.
- 97.18 (b) For the purpose of investigating financial crimes and fraud, including but not limited
- 97.19 to fraud involving state funded or administered programs or services as defined in subdivision
- 97.20 1, paragraph (b), and insurance fraud as defined in section 609.611, the superintendent of
- 97.21 the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension may subpoena books, papers, correspondence,
- 97.22 memoranda, agreements, or other documents or records that the superintendent considers
- 97.23 relevant or material to the investigation. A subpoena issued under this subdivision must
- 97.24 state that the person to whom the subpoena is directed must not disclose that the subpoena
- 97.25 was issued or that the requested records have been given to law enforcement personnel
- 97.26 except:
- 97.27 (1) insofar as the disclosure is necessary to find and disclose the records; or
- 97.28 (2) pursuant to a court order.
- 97.29 (c) The commissioner must report crimes related to insurance fraud disclosed by the
- 97.30 Department of Commerce's investigations of civil insurance fraud to the Bureau of Criminal
- 97.31 Apprehension.

- 98.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.527, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 98.2 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
- 98.3 meanings given them in this subdivision.
- 98.4 (b) "Direct victim" means any person or entity described in section 611A.01, paragraph
- 98.5 (b), whose identity has been transferred, used, or possessed in violation of this section.
- 98.6 (c) "False pretense" means any false, fictitious, misleading, or fraudulent information
- 98.7 or pretense or pretext depicting or including or deceptively similar to the name, logo, website
- 98.8 address, email address, postal address, telephone number, or any other identifying information
- 98.9 of a for-profit or not-for-profit business or organization or of a government agency, to which
- 98.10 the user has no legitimate claim of right.
- 98.11 (d) "Financial institution" has the meaning given in section 13A.01, subdivision 2.
- 98.12 (e) "Identity" means any name, voice or likeness, number, or data transmission that may
- 98.13 be used, alone or in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific individual
- 98.14 or entity, including any of the following:
- 98.15 (1) a name, Social Security number, date of birth, official government-issued driver's
- 98.16 license or identification number, government passport number, or employer or taxpayer
- 98.17 identification number;
- 98.18 (2) forged digital likeness, meaning a visual representation of an actual and identifiable
- 98.19 individual, or an audio recording of an actual identifiable individual's voice that:

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- 61.18 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.527, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 61.19 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
- 61.20 meanings given them in this subdivision.
- 61.21 (b) "Direct victim" means any person or entity described in section 611A.01, paragraph
- 61.22 (b), whose identity has been transferred, used, or possessed in violation of this section.
- 61.23 (c) "False pretense" means any false, fictitious, misleading, or fraudulent information
- 61.24 or pretense or pretext depicting or including or deceptively similar to the name, logo, website
- 61.25 address, email address, postal address, telephone number, or any other identifying information
- 61.26 of a for-profit or not-for-profit business or organization or of a government agency, to which
- 61.27 the user has no legitimate claim of right.
- 61.28 (d) "Financial institution" has the meaning given in section 13A.01, subdivision 2.
- 62.9 ~~(e)~~ (f) "Identity" means any name, voice or likeness, number, or data transmission that
- 62.10 may be used, alone or in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific
- 62.11 individual or entity, including any of the following:
- 62.12 (1) a name, Social Security number, date of birth, official government-issued driver's
- 62.13 license or identification number, government passport number, or employer or taxpayer
- 62.14 identification number;
- 62.15 (2) a forged digital likeness;

98.20 (i) has been digitally created, adapted, altered, or modified in an attempt to be
 98.21 indistinguishable from a genuine visual representation or audio recording of the individual;

98.22 (ii) misrepresents the appearance, speech, or conduct of the individual; and

98.23 (iii) is likely to deceive a reasonable person into believing that the visual representation
 98.24 or audio recording is genuine.

98.25 ~~(2)~~ (3) unique electronic identification number, address, account number, or routing
 98.26 code; or

98.27 ~~(3)~~ (4) telecommunication identification information or access device.

98.28 (f) "Indirect victim" means any person or entity described in section 611A.01, paragraph
 98.29 (b), other than a direct victim.

98.30 (g) "Loss" means value obtained, as defined in section 609.52, subdivision 1, clause (3),
 98.31 and expenses incurred by a direct or indirect victim as a result of a violation of this section.

99.1 (h) "Unlawful activity" means:

99.2 (1) any felony violation of the laws of this state or any felony violation of a similar law
 99.3 of another state or the United States; and

99.4 (2) any nonfelony violation of the laws of this state involving theft, theft by swindle,
 99.5 forgery, fraud, or giving false information to a public official, or any nonfelony violation
 99.6 of a similar law of another state or the United States.

99.7 (i) "Scanning device" means a scanner, reader, or any other electronic device that is used
 99.8 to access, read, scan, obtain, memorize, or store, temporarily or permanently, information
 99.9 encoded on a computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card, driver's license,
 99.10 or state-issued identification card.

99.11 (j) "Reencoder" means an electronic device that places encoded information from the
 99.12 computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card, driver's license, or state-issued
 99.13 identification card, onto the computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a different payment
 99.14 card, driver's license, or state-issued identification card, or any electronic medium that
 99.15 allows an authorized transaction to occur.

99.16 (k) "Payment card" means a credit card, charge card, debit card, or any other card that:
 99.17 (1) is issued to an authorized card user; and

62.16 ~~(2)~~ (3) a unique electronic identification number, address, account number, or routing
 62.17 code; or

62.18 ~~(3)~~ (4) a telecommunication identification information or access device.

62.1 (e) "Forged digital likeness" means any video recording, motion-picture film, sound
 62.2 recording, electronic image, or photograph, or any technological representation of speech
 62.3 or conduct substantially derivative thereof that:

62.4 (1) was created, adapted, altered, or modified in a manner that was substantially dependent
 62.5 upon technical means;

62.6 (2) misrepresents the appearance, speech, or conduct of the individual; and

62.7 (3) is so realistic that a reasonable person would believe it depicts the image or speech
 62.8 of an actual individual.

62.19 ~~(f)~~ (g) "Indirect victim" means any person or entity described in section 611A.01,
 62.20 paragraph (b), other than a direct victim.

62.21 ~~(g)~~ (h) "Loss" means value obtained, as defined in section 609.52, subdivision 1, clause
 62.22 (3), and expenses incurred by a direct or indirect victim as a result of a violation of this
 62.23 section.

62.24 ~~(h)~~ (i) "Unlawful activity" means:

62.25 (1) any felony violation of the laws of this state or any felony violation of a similar law
 62.26 of another state or the United States; and

62.27 (2) any nonfelony violation of the laws of this state involving theft, theft by swindle,
 62.28 forgery, fraud, or giving false information to a public official, or any nonfelony violation
 62.29 of a similar law of another state or the United States.

62.30 ~~(i)~~ (j) "Scanning device" means a scanner, reader, or any other electronic device that is
 62.31 used to access, read, scan, obtain, memorize, or store, temporarily or permanently,
 63.1 information encoded on a computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card,
 63.2 driver's license, or state-issued identification card.

63.3 ~~(j)~~ (k) "Reencoder" means an electronic device that places encoded information from
 63.4 the computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card, driver's license, or
 63.5 state-issued identification card, onto the computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a
 63.6 different payment card, driver's license, or state-issued identification card, or any electronic
 63.7 medium that allows an authorized transaction to occur.

63.8 ~~(k)~~ (l) "Payment card" means a credit card, charge card, debit card, or any other card
 63.9 that:

63.10 (1) is issued to an authorized card user; and

99.18 (2) allows the user to obtain, purchase, or receive credit, money, a good, a service, or
 99.19 anything of value.

99.20 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 628.26, is amended to read:

99.21 **628.26 LIMITATIONS.**

99.22 (a) Indictments or complaints for any crime resulting in the death of the victim may be
 99.23 found or made at any time after the death of the person killed.

99.24 (b) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.25 may be found or made
 99.25 at any time after the commission of the offense.

99.26 (c) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 may be found or made at
 99.27 any time after the commission of the offense if the victim was under the age of 18 at the
 99.28 time of the offense.

99.29 (d) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 where the victim was 18
 99.30 years of age or older at the time of the offense, or 609.42, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2),
 100.1 shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within six years after the commission
 100.2 of the offense.

100.3 (e) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.322, 609.342 to 609.345, and
 100.4 609.3458 may be found or made at any time after the commission of the offense.

100.5 (f) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.561 shall be found or made
 100.6 and filed in the proper court within ten years after the commission of the offense.

100.7 (g) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.466 and 609.52, subdivision
 100.8 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), item (iii), shall be found or made and filed in the proper court
 100.9 within ~~six~~ ten years after the commission of the offense.

100.10 (h) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph
 100.11 (a), clause (3) or (4), where the property consists of public funds belonging to the state or
 100.12 to any political subdivision or agency shall be found or made and filed in the proper court
 100.13 within ten years after the commission of the offense.

100.14 ~~(h)~~ (i) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.2335, 609.52, subdivision
 100.15 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), items (i) and (ii), (4), (15), or (16), 609.631, or 609.821, where
 100.16 the property stolen did not consist of public funds and the value of the property or services
 100.17 stolen is more than \$35,000, or for violation of section 609.527 where the offense involves
 100.18 eight or more direct victims or the total combined loss to the direct and indirect victims is
 100.19 more than \$35,000, shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years
 100.20 after the commission of the offense.

63.11 (2) allows the user to obtain, purchase, or receive credit, money, a good, a service, or
 63.12 anything of value.

75.21 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 628.26, is amended to read:

75.22 **628.26 LIMITATIONS.**

75.23 (a) Indictments or complaints for any crime resulting in the death of the victim may be
 75.24 found or made at any time after the death of the person killed.

75.25 (b) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.25 may be found or made
 75.26 at any time after the commission of the offense.

75.27 (c) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 may be found or made at
 75.28 any time after the commission of the offense if the victim was under the age of 18 at the
 75.29 time of the offense.

75.30 (d) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 where the victim was 18
 75.31 years of age or older at the time of the offense, or 609.42, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2),
 76.1 shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within six years after the commission
 76.2 of the offense.

76.3 (e) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.322, 609.342 to 609.345, and
 76.4 609.3458 may be found or made at any time after the commission of the offense.

76.5 (f) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.561 shall be found or made
 76.6 and filed in the proper court within ten years after the commission of the offense.

76.7 (g) Indictments or complaints for violation of chapter 80A, or a rule adopted or order
 76.8 issued under that chapter, made as provided in section 80A.75 or for violation of section
 76.9 508.80; 609.465; 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (4); 609.53; or 609.645 shall
 76.10 be found or made and filed in the proper court within seven years after the commission of
 76.11 the offense.

76.12 ~~(g)~~ (h) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.466 and 609.52, subdivision
 76.13 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), item (iii), shall be found or made and filed in the proper court
 76.14 within six years after the commission of the offense.

76.15 ~~(h)~~ (i) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.2335, 609.52, subdivision
 76.16 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), items (i) and (ii), (4), (15), or (16), 609.631, or 609.821, where
 76.17 the value of the property or services stolen is more than \$35,000, or for violation of section
 76.18 609.527 where the offense involves eight or more direct victims or the total combined loss
 76.19 to the direct and indirect victims is more than \$35,000, shall be found or made and filed in
 76.20 the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

100.21 ~~(j)~~ (i) Except for violations relating to false material statements, representations or
100.22 omissions, indictments or complaints for violations of section 609.671 shall be found or
100.23 made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

100.24 ~~(j)~~ (k) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.562 and 609.563, shall be
100.25 found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the
100.26 offense.

100.27 ~~(k)~~ (l) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.746 shall be found or made
100.28 and filed in the proper court within the later of three years after the commission of the
100.29 offense or three years after the offense was reported to law enforcement authorities.

100.30 ~~(m)~~ (m) The statute of limitations for criminal offenses defined or referenced in section
100.31 80A.75; 508.80; 609.445; 609.465; 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (4); 609.53;
100.32 or 609.645, shall not begin to run until the victim or a law enforcement agency is aware of
101.1 the fraud, but in no event may the prosecution be commenced later than ten years after the
101.2 act has occurred.

101.3 ~~(n)~~ (n) In all other cases, indictments or complaints shall be found or made and filed in
101.4 the proper court within three years after the commission of the offense.

101.5 ~~(o)~~ (o) The limitations periods contained in this section shall exclude any period of time
101.6 during which the defendant was not an inhabitant of or usually resident within this state.

101.7 ~~(p)~~ (p) The limitations periods contained in this section for an offense shall not include
101.8 any period during which the alleged offender participated under a written agreement in a
101.9 pretrial diversion program relating to that offense.

101.10 ~~(q)~~ (q) The limitations periods contained in this section shall not include any period of
101.11 time during which physical evidence relating to the offense was undergoing DNA analysis,
101.12 as defined in section 299C.155, unless the defendant demonstrates that the prosecuting or
101.13 law enforcement agency purposefully delayed the DNA analysis process in order to gain
101.14 an unfair advantage.

101.15 **ARTICLE 19**

101.16 **AGE DECEPTION**

101.17 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.10, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

101.18 Subd. 5a. **Aggravating factors.** (a) As used in this section, "aggravating factors" include,
101.19 but are not limited to, situations where:

76.21 ~~(j)~~ (i) Except for violations relating to false material statements, representations or
76.22 omissions, indictments or complaints for violations of section 609.671 shall be found or
76.23 made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

76.24 ~~(j)~~ (k) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.562 and 609.563, shall be
76.25 found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the
76.26 offense.

76.27 ~~(k)~~ (l) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.746 shall be found or made
76.28 and filed in the proper court within the later of three years after the commission of the
76.29 offense or three years after the offense was reported to law enforcement authorities.

76.30 ~~(m)~~ (m) In all other cases, indictments or complaints shall be found or made and filed in
76.31 the proper court within three years after the commission of the offense.

76.32 ~~(n)~~ (n) The limitations periods contained in this section shall exclude any period of time
76.33 during which the defendant was not an inhabitant of or usually resident within this state.

77.1 ~~(o)~~ (o) The limitations periods contained in this section for an offense shall not include
77.2 any period during which the alleged offender participated under a written agreement in a
77.3 pretrial diversion program relating to that offense.

77.4 ~~(p)~~ (p) The limitations periods contained in this section shall not include any period of
77.5 time during which physical evidence relating to the offense was undergoing DNA analysis,
77.6 as defined in section 299C.155, unless the defendant demonstrates that the prosecuting or
77.7 law enforcement agency purposefully delayed the DNA analysis process in order to gain
77.8 an unfair advantage.

77.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
77.10 committed on or after that date and to crimes committed before that date if the limitations
77.11 period for the crime did not expire before August 1, 2026.

101.20 (1) the victim was particularly vulnerable due to age, infirmity, or reduced physical or
 101.21 mental capacity, which was known or should have been known to the offender;

101.22 (2) the victim was treated with particular cruelty for which the offender should be held
 101.23 responsible;

101.24 (3) the current conviction is for a criminal sexual conduct offense or an offense in which
 101.25 the victim was otherwise injured and there is a prior felony conviction for a criminal sexual
 101.26 conduct offense or an offense in which the victim was otherwise injured;

101.27 (4) the offense was a major economic offense, identified as an illegal act or series of
 101.28 illegal acts committed by other than physical means and by concealment or guile to obtain
 101.29 money or property, to avoid payment or loss of money or property, or to obtain business or
 101.30 professional advantage. The presence of two or more of the circumstances listed below are
 101.31 aggravating factors with respect to the offense:

102.1 (i) the offense involved multiple victims or multiple incidents per victim;

102.2 (ii) the offense involved an attempted or actual monetary loss substantially greater than
 102.3 the usual offense or substantially greater than the minimum loss specified in the statutes;

102.4 (iii) the offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a
 102.5 lengthy period of time;

102.6 (iv) the offender used the offender's position or status to facilitate the commission of
 102.7 the offense, including positions of trust, confidence, or fiduciary relationships; or

102.8 (v) the offender had been involved in other conduct similar to the current offense as
 102.9 evidenced by the findings of civil or administrative law proceedings or the imposition of
 102.10 professional sanctions;

102.11 (5) the offense was a major controlled substance offense, identified as an offense or
 102.12 series of offenses related to trafficking in controlled substances under circumstances more
 102.13 onerous than the usual offense. The presence of two or more of the circumstances listed
 102.14 below are aggravating factors with respect to the offense:

102.15 (i) the offense involved at least three separate transactions in which controlled substances
 102.16 were sold, transferred, or possessed with intent to do so;

102.17 (ii) the offense involved an attempted or actual sale or transfer of controlled substances
 102.18 in quantities substantially larger than for personal use;

102.19 (iii) the offense involved the manufacture of controlled substances for use by other
 102.20 parties;

102.21 (iv) the offender knowingly possessed a firearm during the commission of the offense;

102.22 (v) the circumstances of the offense reveal the offender to have occupied a high position
 102.23 in the drug distribution hierarchy;

- 102.24 (vi) the offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a
 102.25 lengthy period of time or involved a broad geographic area of disbursement; or
- 102.26 (vii) the offender used the offender's position or status to facilitate the commission of
 102.27 the offense, including positions of trust, confidence, or fiduciary relationships;
- 102.28 (6) the offender committed, for hire, a crime against the person;
- 102.29 (7) the offender is sentenced according to section 609.3455, subdivision 3a;
- 102.30 (8) the offender is a dangerous offender who committed a third violent crime, as described
 102.31 in section 609.1095, subdivision 2;
- 103.1 (9) the offender is a career offender as described in section 609.1095, subdivision 4;
- 103.2 (10) the offender committed the crime as part of a group of three or more persons who
 103.3 all actively participated in the crime;
- 103.4 (11) the offender intentionally selected the victim or the property against which the
 103.5 offense was committed, in whole or in part, because of the victim's, the property owner's,
 103.6 or another's actual or perceived race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, disability, age,
 103.7 or national origin;
- 103.8 (12) the offender used another's identity without authorization to commit a crime. This
 103.9 aggravating factor may not be used when the use of another's identity is an element of the
 103.10 offense;
- 103.11 (13) the offense was committed in the presence of a child; ~~and~~
- 103.12 (14) an adult offender intentionally deceived a minor victim into believing the offender
 103.13 was also a minor in order to facilitate the commission of the offense; and
- 103.14 ~~(14)~~ (15) the offense was committed in a location in which the victim had an expectation
 103.15 of privacy.
- 103.16 (b) Notwithstanding section 609.04 or 609.035, or other law to the contrary, when a
 103.17 court sentences an offender for a felony conviction, the court may order an aggravated
 103.18 sentence beyond the range specified in the sentencing guidelines grid based on any
 103.19 aggravating factor arising from the same course of conduct.
- 103.20 (c) Nothing in this section limits a court from ordering an aggravated sentence based on
 103.21 an aggravating factor not described in paragraph (a).
- 103.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
 103.23 committed on or after that date.

103.24 Sec. 2. **[609.099] DECEPTION REGARDING AGE AS SENTENCING FACTOR.**
103.25 When determining an appropriate sentence for a crime, a judge may consider as a relevant
103.26 factor whether an adult offender intentionally deceived a minor victim into believing the
103.27 offender was also a minor in order to facilitate the commission of the crime.
103.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
103.29 committed on or after that date.

104.1 **ARTICLE 20**
104.2 **BACKGROUND CHECKS**

104.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 299C.76, subdivision 1, is amended
104.4 to read:
104.5 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions
104.6 apply.
104.7 (b) "Federal tax information" means federal tax returns and return information or
104.8 information derived or created from federal tax returns, in possession of or control by the
104.9 requesting agency, that is covered by the safeguarding provisions of section 6103(p)(4) of
104.10 the Internal Revenue Code.
104.11 (c) "IRS Publication 1075" means Internal Revenue Service Publication 1075 that
104.12 provides guidance and requirements for the protection and confidentiality of federal tax
104.13 information as required in section 6103(p)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.
104.14 (d) "National criminal history record information" means the Federal Bureau of
104.15 Investigation identification records as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 28,
104.16 section 20.3(d).
104.17 (e) "Requesting agency" means the Department of Revenue; Department of Employment
104.18 and Economic Development; Department of Human Services; Department of Children,
104.19 Youth, and Families; board of directors of MNsure; Department of Information Technology
104.20 Services; attorney general; Office of the Legislative Auditor; and counties.

104.21 **ARTICLE 21**
104.22 **EXPEDITED EVICTIONS**

104.23 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 504B.321, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
104.24 Subd. 2. **Expedited procedure.** (a) In an eviction action brought under section 504B.171
104.25 or on the basis that the residential tenant engages in behavior that seriously endangers the
104.26 safety of other residents, assaults the landlord or the landlord's employee or contractor, or
104.27 intentionally and seriously damages the property of the landlord or a tenant, the person
104.28 filing the complaint shall file an affidavit stating specific facts and instances in support of

45.24 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 299C.76, subdivision 1, is amended
45.25 to read:
45.26 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions
45.27 apply.
45.28 (b) "Federal tax information" means federal tax returns and return information or
45.29 information derived or created from federal tax returns, in possession of or control by the
45.30 requesting agency, that is covered by the safeguarding provisions of section 6103(p)(4) of
45.31 the Internal Revenue Code.
46.1 (c) "IRS Publication 1075" means Internal Revenue Service Publication 1075 that
46.2 provides guidance and requirements for the protection and confidentiality of federal tax
46.3 information as required in section 6103(p)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.
46.4 (d) "National criminal history record information" means the Federal Bureau of
46.5 Investigation identification records as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 28,
46.6 section 20.3(d).
46.7 (e) "Requesting agency" means the Department of Revenue; Department of Employment
46.8 and Economic Development; Department of Human Services; Department of Children,
46.9 Youth, and Families; board of directors of MNsure; Department of Information Technology
46.10 Services; attorney general; Office of the Legislative Auditor; and counties.

104.29 why an expedited hearing is required. For the purposes of this subdivision, "assault" has
104.30 the meaning given in section 609.02, subdivision 10.

105.1 (b) The complaint and affidavit shall be reviewed by a referee or judge and scheduled
105.2 for an expedited hearing only if sufficient supporting facts are stated and they meet the
105.3 requirements of this paragraph.

105.4 (c) The appearance in an expedited hearing shall be not less than five days nor more
105.5 than seven days from the date the summons is issued. The summons, in an expedited hearing,
105.6 shall be served upon the residential tenant within 24 hours of issuance unless the court
105.7 orders otherwise for good cause shown.

105.8 (d) If the court determines that the person seeking an expedited hearing did so without
105.9 sufficient basis under the requirements of this subdivision, the court shall impose a civil
105.10 penalty of up to ~~\$500~~ \$750 for abuse of the expedited hearing process.

105.11 (e) The court may only consider allegations under paragraph (a) during an expedited
105.12 hearing. The court may not consolidate claims heard under the expedited procedure with
105.13 any additional claims, including but not limited to breach of lease, holding over under section
105.14 504B.285, or nonpayment of rent under section 504B.291.

105.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to eviction
105.16 actions filed on or after that date.

105.17 **ARTICLE 22**

105.18 **GIFT CARD FRAUD**

105.19 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.522, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

105.20 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
105.21 meanings given.

105.22 (b) "Closed-loop gift card" means a card, code, or device that is issued to a consumer
105.23 on a prepaid basis primarily for personal, family, or household purposes in a specified
105.24 amount, regardless of whether that amount may be increased or reloaded in exchange for
105.25 payment, and is redeemable upon presentation by a consumer at a single merchant or group
105.26 of affiliated merchants.

105.27 (c) "Gift card" means a physical or digital closed-loop gift card or open-loop gift card
105.28 that is either activated or not activated.

105.29 (d) "Open-loop gift card" means a card, code, or device that is issued to a consumer on
105.30 a prepaid basis primarily for personal, family, or household purposes in a specified amount,
105.31 regardless of whether that amount may be increased or reloaded in exchange for payment,
106.1 and is redeemable upon presentation at multiple unaffiliated merchants for goods or services
106.2 within the payment card network.

59.24 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.522, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

59.25 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
59.26 meanings given.

59.27 (b) "Closed-loop gift card" means a card, code, or device that is issued to a consumer
59.28 on a prepaid basis primarily for personal, family, or household purposes in a specified
59.29 amount, regardless of whether that amount may be increased or reloaded in exchange for
59.30 payment, and is redeemable upon presentation by a consumer at a single merchant or group
59.31 of affiliated merchants.

60.1 (c) "Gift card" means a physical or digital closed-loop gift card or open-loop gift card
60.2 that is either activated or not activated.

60.3 (d) "Open-loop gift card" means a card, code, or device that is issued to a consumer on
60.4 a prepaid basis primarily for personal, family, or household purposes in a specified amount,
60.5 regardless of whether that amount may be increased or reloaded in exchange for payment,
60.6 and is redeemable upon presentation at multiple unaffiliated merchants for goods or services
60.7 within the payment card network.

106.3 ~~(b)~~ (e) "Pattern of retail theft" means acts committed or directed by the defendant on at
 106.4 least two separate occasions in the preceding six months that would constitute a violation
 106.5 of:

106.6 (1) section 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1), (3), or (4), involving retail
 106.7 merchandise;

106.8 (2) section 609.521;

106.9 (3) section 609.53, subdivision 1, involving retail merchandise;

106.10 (4) section 609.582 when the building was a retail establishment; or

106.11 (5) section 609.59.

106.12 ~~(e)~~ (f) "Retail establishment" means the building where a retailer sells retail merchandise.

106.13 ~~(d)~~ (g) "Retail merchandise" means all forms of tangible property, without limitation,
 106.14 held out for sale by a retailer. Tangible property includes gift cards.

106.15 ~~(e)~~ (h) "Retail theft enterprise" means a group of two or more individuals with a shared
 106.16 goal involving the unauthorized removal of retail merchandise from a retailer. Retail theft
 106.17 enterprise does not require the membership of the enterprise to remain the same or that the
 106.18 same individuals participate in each offense committed by the enterprise.

106.19 ~~(f)~~ (i) "Retailer" means a person or entity that sells retail merchandise.

106.20 ~~(g)~~ (j) "Value" means:

106.21 (1) in the case of property, the retail market value at the time of the theft or, if the retail
 106.22 market value cannot be ascertained, the cost of replacement of the property within a
 106.23 reasonable time after the theft; or

106.24 (2) in the case of a gift card, the greatest amount of economic loss the owner of the
 106.25 property might reasonably suffer, including but not limited to the full monetary face value
 106.26 or potential value for variable-load gift cards.

106.27 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.522, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

106.28 Subd. 2. **Organized retail theft.** A person is guilty of organized retail theft if:

106.29 (1) the person is employed by or associated with a retail theft enterprise;

107.1 (2) the person has previously engaged in a pattern of retail theft and intentionally commits
 107.2 an act or directs another member of the retail theft enterprise to commit an act involving
 107.3 retail merchandise that would constitute a violation of:

107.4 (i) section 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1), (3), or (4); or

107.5 (ii) section 609.53, subdivision 1; and

60.8 ~~(b)~~ (e) "Pattern of retail theft" means acts committed or directed by the defendant on at
 60.9 least two separate occasions in the preceding six months that would constitute a violation
 60.10 of:

60.11 (1) section 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1), (3), or (4), involving retail
 60.12 merchandise;

60.13 (2) section 609.521;

60.14 (3) section 609.53, subdivision 1, involving retail merchandise;

60.15 (4) section 609.582 when the building was a retail establishment; or

60.16 (5) section 609.59.

60.17 ~~(e)~~ (f) "Retail establishment" means the building where a retailer sells retail merchandise.

60.18 ~~(d)~~ (g) "Retail merchandise" means all forms of tangible property, without limitation,
 60.19 held out for sale by a retailer and all gift cards.

60.20 ~~(e)~~ (h) "Retail theft enterprise" means a group of two or more individuals with a shared
 60.21 goal involving the unauthorized removal of retail merchandise from a retailer. Retail theft
 60.22 enterprise does not require the membership of the enterprise to remain the same or that the
 60.23 same individuals participate in each offense committed by the enterprise.

60.24 ~~(f)~~ (i) "Retailer" means a person or entity that sells retail merchandise.

60.25 ~~(g)~~ (j) "Value" means:

60.26 (1) in the case of property, the retail market value at the time of the theft or, if the retail
 60.27 market value cannot be ascertained, the cost of replacement of the property within a
 60.28 reasonable time after the theft; or

60.29 (2) in the case of a gift card, the greatest amount of economic loss the owner of the
 60.30 property might reasonably suffer, including but not limited to the full monetary face value
 60.31 or potential value for variable-load gift cards.

61.1 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.522, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

61.2 Subd. 2. **Organized retail theft.** A person is guilty of organized retail theft if:

61.3 (1) the person is employed by or associated with a retail theft enterprise;

61.4 (2) the person has previously engaged in a pattern of retail theft and intentionally commits
 61.5 an act or directs another member of the retail theft enterprise to commit an act involving
 61.6 retail merchandise that would constitute a violation of:

61.7 (i) section 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1), (3), or (4); or

61.8 (ii) section 609.53, subdivision 1; and

- 107.6 (3) the person or another member of the retail theft enterprise:
- 107.7 (i) resells or intends to resell the stolen retail merchandise;
- 107.8 (ii) advertises or displays any item of the stolen retail merchandise for sale; ~~or~~
- 107.9 (iii) returns any item of the stolen retail merchandise to a retailer for anything of value;
- 107.10 or
- 107.11 (iv) tampers with the stolen retail merchandise for the purpose of obtaining anything of
- 107.12 value from the retailer or any retail customer.
- 107.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
- 107.14 committed on or after that date.

107.15 **ARTICLE 23**

107.16 **CONTRACT FOR DEED INTEREST TERMINATION**

- 107.17 Section 1. **[559.206] ACTION TO TERMINATE AN INTEREST IN A CONTRACT**
- 107.18 **FOR DEED BY A VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.**
- 107.19 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
- 107.20 the meanings given.
- 107.21 (b) "Contract for deed" has the meaning given in section 507.235, subdivision 1a.
- 107.22 (c) "Criminal sexual assault" means conduct described in sections 609.342 to 609.3451.
- 107.23 (d) "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given under section 518B.01, subdivision 2.
- 107.24 (e) "Harassment" means the conduct described under sections 609.748, subdivision 1,
- 107.25 paragraph (a), clause (1), and 609.749, subdivision 2, paragraph (c).
- 107.26 (f) "Qualified third party" means a person, acting in an official capacity, who has provided
- 107.27 professional services to a petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner and is:
- 107.28 (1) a licensed health care professional operating within the scope of the license;
- 108.1 (2) a domestic abuse advocate, as that term is defined in section 595.02, subdivision 1,
- 108.2 paragraph (l); or
- 108.3 (3) a sexual assault counselor, as that term is defined in section 595.02, subdivision 1,
- 108.4 paragraph (k).
- 108.5 (g) "Qualifying document" means:
- 108.6 (1) a valid order for protection issued under chapter 518B;
- 108.7 (2) a no-contact order currently in effect, issued under section 629.75 or chapter 609;

- 61.9 (3) the person or another member of the retail theft enterprise:
- 61.10 (i) resells or intends to resell the stolen retail merchandise;
- 61.11 (ii) advertises or displays any item of the stolen retail merchandise for sale; ~~or~~
- 61.12 (iii) returns any item of the stolen retail merchandise to a retailer for anything of value;
- 61.13 or
- 61.14 (iv) tampers with the stolen retail merchandise or its packaging for the purpose of
- 61.15 obtaining anything of value from the retailer or any retail customer.
- 61.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
- 61.17 committed on or after that date.

108.8 (3) a writing produced and signed by a court official, acting in an official capacity,
 108.9 documenting that the petitioner, or a child who resides with the petitioner, is a victim of
 108.10 domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment and naming the
 108.11 perpetrator, if known;

108.12 (4) a writing produced and signed by a city, county, state, or Tribal law enforcement
 108.13 official, acting in an official capacity, documenting that the petitioner, or a child who resides
 108.14 with the petitioner, is a victim of domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion,
 108.15 or harassment and naming the perpetrator, if known; or

108.16 (5) a sworn written certification.

108.17 (h) "Petitioner" means a person who has a partial interest as a vendee in a contract for
 108.18 deed for the purchase of residential real property with the respondent, is seeking to have
 108.19 the respondent's interest terminated, and:

108.20 (1) is a victim of domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment;
 108.21 or

108.22 (2) resides with a child who is the victim of domestic abuse, criminal sexual conduct,
 108.23 sexual extortion, or harassment.

108.24 (i) "Respondent" means a person who has a partial interest as a vendee with the petitioner
 108.25 in a contract for deed for the purchase of residential real property and whose interest in the
 108.26 contract for deed is the subject of a petition under this section.

108.27 (j) "Sexual extortion" means the conduct described under section 609.3458.

108.28 (k) "Sworn written certification" means a statement by a qualified third party, in the
 108.29 following form:

108.30 "CERTIFICATION BY QUALIFIED THIRD PARTY

108.31 I, (name of qualified third party), do hereby verify as follows:

109.1 1. I am a licensed health care professional, domestic abuse advocate, as that term is
 109.2 defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 595.02, subdivision 1, paragraph (l), or sexual assault
 109.3 counselor, as that term is defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 595.02, subdivision 1,
 109.4 paragraph (k), who has provided professional services to (name of petitioner)
 109.5 or a child who resides with the petitioner.

109.6 2. I have a reasonable basis to believe (name of petitioner) or a child who
 109.7 resides with the petitioner is a victim of domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual
 109.8 extortion, or harassment by (name of respondent).

109.9 3. I understand that the person listed above may use this document as a basis for seeking
 109.10 a court order terminating the interest in the contract for deed of the respondent in a court
 109.11 action initiated by the petitioner, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 559.206.

- 109.12 I attest that the foregoing is true and correct.
- 109.13 (Printed name of qualified third party)
- 109.14 (Signature of qualified third party)
- 109.15 (Business address and business telephone number)
- 109.16 (Date)".
- 109.17 (l) "Vendee" means a person or entity who has entered into a contract for deed to purchase
- 109.18 residential real property under a contract for deed.
- 109.19 (m) "Vendor" means a person or entity selling residential real property under a contract
- 109.20 for deed. Vendor includes the vendor's successor and assignees.
- 109.21 Subd. 2. **Petition to terminate respondent's interest.** (a) A petitioner who is unmarried
- 109.22 may petition the court for an order to terminate the respondent's interest in the contract for
- 109.23 deed. The petition must allege that:
- 109.24 (1) the petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner has been subjected to domestic
- 109.25 abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment by the respondent;
- 109.26 (2) the respondent has ceased to physically occupy the property that is subject to the
- 109.27 contract for deed for the six consecutive months preceding the service of the summons; and
- 109.28 (3) the petitioner has made all payments due on the contract for deed during the six
- 109.29 consecutive months preceding the service of the summons.
- 109.30 (b) The petitioner must serve a summons that includes the petition and the legal
- 109.31 description of the property subject to the contract for deed on:
- 110.1 (1) the respondent;
- 110.2 (2) the current vendor;
- 110.3 (3) state and federal tax lienholders; and
- 110.4 (4) any judgment lienholders.
- 110.5 (c) The summons must be served in the manner provided to commence a civil lawsuit
- 110.6 under Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure. The respondent shall have 21 days after service
- 110.7 of the summons to answer.
- 110.8 (d) A notice of lis pendens must be recorded in the office of the county recorder or filed
- 110.9 in the office of the registrar of titles in the county in which the real property that is the
- 110.10 subject of the contract for deed is located.
- 110.11 Subd. 3. **Content of summons.** In addition to the requirements set forth under subdivision
- 110.12 2, the summons must contain the following information:

- 110.13 (1) the date the contract for deed was executed;
- 110.14 (2) the address of the property that is the subject of the contract for deed;
- 110.15 (3) the name of the vendor;
- 110.16 (4) the names of the vendees;
- 110.17 (5) the date of recordation of the contract for deed, the document number, and the county
- 110.18 in which it was recorded;
- 110.19 (6) the case name;
- 110.20 (7) the court file number; and
- 110.21 (8) the judicial district in which the property is located.
- 110.22 Subd. 4. **Jurisdiction.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the district court has
- 110.23 jurisdiction over petitions seeking termination of the interest of the respondent.
- 110.24 (b) Unless otherwise provided by applicable law, nothing in this section infringes upon
- 110.25 the jurisdiction of a Tribal court in the matter of a petition to terminate the interest of a
- 110.26 respondent in a contract for deed where at least one of the vendees is a member or descendent
- 110.27 of a member of the Tribe, the vendor is a member or a descendent of a member of the Tribe,
- 110.28 or the property that is the subject of the contract for deed is within the boundaries of Tribal
- 110.29 land.
- 111.1 Subd. 5. **Procedure.** (a) If the respondent, the vendor, or any lienholder has not filed an
- 111.2 answer within 21 days after service has been made, the court must grant the petition.
- 111.3 (b) If an answer is filed and the petition is contested, the court must hold a hearing. The
- 111.4 court must grant the petition if the petitioner demonstrates by a preponderance of the evidence
- 111.5 that:
- 111.6 (1) the petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner has been subjected to domestic
- 111.7 abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment by the respondent;
- 111.8 (2) the respondent has not physically occupied the property that is subject to the contract
- 111.9 for deed for the six consecutive months preceding the commencement of the action under
- 111.10 this section; and
- 111.11 (3) the petitioner has made all amounts required to be paid under the contract for deed
- 111.12 during the six consecutive months preceding the service of the summons.
- 111.13 (c) A petitioner demonstrates that the petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner
- 111.14 has been subjected to domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment
- 111.15 by the respondent if the petitioner:
- 111.16 (1) presents a qualifying document; or

111.17 (2) if the respondent has been convicted of or received a stay of adjudication for a
 111.18 violation of section 518B.01, 609.27, 609.282, 609.322, 609.342 to 609.3451, 609.3458,
 111.19 609.527, or 609.749 where the victim was the petitioner or a child who resides with the
 111.20 petitioner.

111.21 Subd. 6. **Defense; prejudice to the vendor.** A vendor may contest a petition filed under
 111.22 this section by demonstrating by a preponderance of the evidence that granting the petition
 111.23 to terminate the respondent's interest will prejudice the vendor. A court must not grant the
 111.24 petition if the court finds that the vendor will be prejudiced by a termination of the
 111.25 respondent's interest.

111.26 Subd. 7. **Order.** If the court grants the petition, the court shall issue an order terminating
 111.27 the interest of the respondent and finding that the petitioner has met the burden of showing:

111.28 (1) the petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner has been subjected to domestic
 111.29 abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment by the respondent;

111.30 (2) the respondent has not physically occupied the property that is subject to the contract
 111.31 for deed for the six consecutive months preceding the commencement of the action under
 111.32 this section; and

112.1 (3) the petitioner has made all amounts required to be paid under the contract during the
 112.2 six consecutive months preceding the service of the summons.

112.3 Subd. 8. **Contract for deed termination judgment.** (a) A court granting the requested
 112.4 relief shall direct the petitioner or the petitioner's legal counsel to prepare and submit to the
 112.5 court a proposed contract for deed termination judgment, which must provide that the
 112.6 respondent's interest is terminated and of no further force or effect. Upon approval by the
 112.7 court and filing of the contract for deed termination judgment with the court administrator,
 112.8 the court administrator must provide to any party upon request certified copies of the contract
 112.9 for deed termination judgment. The contract for deed termination judgment must contain
 112.10 the following information:

112.11 (1) the date of execution of the contract for deed;

112.12 (2) the date of recordation of the contract for deed and the county in which it was
 112.13 recorded;

112.14 (3) the date of entry of the judgment terminating the respondent's interest in the contract
 112.15 for deed;

112.16 (4) the names of the parties' attorneys or if any or all appeared pro se;

112.17 (5) whether and when the summons and petition were served upon the respondent and
 112.18 vendor as required under the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure;

112.19 (6) the name of the judge who signed the order;

- 112.20 (7) whether the judgment and decree resulted from a stipulation, a default, or a trial and
 112.21 the appearances at the default or trial;
- 112.22 (8) any former name of either party;
- 112.23 (9) the address and legal description of the property that is the subject of the contract
 112.24 for deed;
- 112.25 (10) if recorded, the document number of the contract for deed;
- 112.26 (11) if the property is registered land, the certificate of title number of the real property;
- 112.27 (12) the name or names of the persons awarded an interest in the real property and a
 112.28 description of the interest awarded;
- 112.29 (13) liens, mortgages, encumbrances, or other interests in the real estate described in
 112.30 the judgment and decree;
- 112.31 (14) the signature of the judge and date signed; and
- 113.1 (15) the signature of the court administrator and the date signed.
- 113.2 (b) Notwithstanding any provision contained in the contract for deed, a respondent whose
 113.3 interest has been terminated has no interest as a vendee in the contract for deed.
- 113.4 (c) The petitioner must record the contract for deed termination judgment with the county
 113.5 recorder or the registrar of titles, as applicable.
- 113.6 (d) A contract for deed termination judgment is binding on the interest of the vendor
 113.7 and all vendees under the contract for deed.
- 113.8 Subd. 9. **Effect of termination.** (a) The termination of the respondent's interest in the
 113.9 contract for deed does not terminate or invalidate any other provisions of the contract for
 113.10 deed. The respondent's interest that has been terminated under this section shall be transferred
 113.11 to the petitioner by operation of law.
- 113.12 (b) A respondent whose interest has been terminated under this section has no further
 113.13 liability on the contract for deed and a vendor shall have no cause of action against the
 113.14 terminated respondent for damages or performance.
- 113.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2026, and applies to contracts
 113.16 for deed entered into on or after that date.
- 113.17 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 559.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 113.18 read:
- 113.19 Subd. 10. **Applicability to vendee whose interest was terminated under section**
 113.20 **559.206.** Nothing in this section shall apply to a vendee whose interest was terminated under
 113.21 section 559.206.

113.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2026, and applies to contracts
113.23 for deed entered into on or after that date.

113.24 **ARTICLE 24**

113.25 **SEALED BATTERIES**

113.26 Section 1. **AMENDMENT TO STATE FIRE CODE.**

113.27 (a) The state fire marshal, in collaboration with stakeholders and other experts in the
113.28 field, shall consider amending the State Fire Code to require sealed batteries for smoke
113.29 alarms in dwelling units.

113.30 (b) By January 15, 2027, the fire marshal shall come to a decision on whether an
113.31 amendment to the State Fire Code is appropriate and, if so, begin the process to amend the
114.1 code so that the change is implemented in the next revision of the code. The fire marshal
114.2 shall notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
114.3 jurisdiction over fire safety on the fire marshal's decision after it is reached.

H1082-5

15.25 Sec. 7. Laws 2025, chapter 35, article 2, section 9, is amended to read:

15.26 Sec. 9. **OFFICE OF HIGHER EDUCATION** \$ 250,000 \$ -0-

15.27 **Use of Force Training**

15.28 \$250,000 the first year is to provide
15.29 reimbursement grants to eligible
15.30 postsecondary schools certified to provide
15.31 programs of professional peace officer
15.32 education for providing in-service training
15.33 programs on the use of force, including deadly
16.1 force, by peace officers. Of this amount, up
16.2 to 2.5 percent is for administration and
16.3 monitoring of the program. This appropriation
16.4 is available until June 30, 2027.

16.5 To be eligible for reimbursement, training
16.6 offered by a postsecondary school must:

16.7 (1) satisfy the requirements of Minnesota
16.8 Statutes, section 626.8452, and be approved
16.9 by the Board of Peace Officer Standards and
16.10 Training;

- 16.11 (2) utilize scenario-based training that
- 16.12 simulates real-world situations and involves
- 16.13 the use of real firearms that fire nonlethal
- 16.14 ammunition;
- 16.15 (3) include a block of instruction on the
- 16.16 physical and psychological effects of stress
- 16.17 before, during, and after a high-risk or
- 16.18 traumatic incident and the cumulative impact
- 16.19 of stress on the health of officers;
- 16.20 (4) include blocks of instruction on
- 16.21 de-escalation methods and tactics, bias
- 16.22 motivation, unknown risk training, defensive
- 16.23 tactics, and force-on-force training; and
- 16.24 (5) be offered to peace officers at no charge
- 16.25 to the peace officer or law enforcement
- 16.26 agency.
- 16.27 An eligible postsecondary school may apply
- 16.28 for reimbursement for the costs of offering the
- 16.29 training. Reimbursement shall be made at a
- 16.30 rate of \$450 for each officer who completes
- 16.31 the training. The postsecondary school must
- 16.32 submit the name and peace officer license
- 16.33 number of the peace officer who received the
- 16.34 training to the Office of Higher Education.
- 17.1 As used in this section:
- 17.2 (1) "law enforcement agency" has the meaning
- 17.3 given in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,
- 17.4 subdivision 1, paragraph (f); and
- 17.5 (2) "peace officer" has the meaning given in
- 17.6 Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,
- 17.7 subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
- 17.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 17.9 **ARTICLE 2**
- 17.10 **PUBLIC SAFETY**
- 17.11 Section 1. **[169.981] SALE OR TRANSFER OF LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE.**
- 17.12 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "law enforcement vehicle" means a
- 17.13 vehicle owned or leased by a state or local law enforcement agency.
- 17.14 Subd. 2. **Prohibition.** (a) A person must not sell or transfer a law enforcement vehicle
- 17.15 to the public unless the person first removes any equipment or insignia that could mislead
- 17.16 a reasonable person to believe that the vehicle is a law enforcement vehicle, including any:
- 17.17 (1) emergency lights;
- 17.18 (2) sirens;
- 17.19 (3) amber warning lights;
- 17.20 (4) grill lights;
- 17.21 (5) emblems; or
- 17.22 (6) outlines of emblems.
- 17.23 (b) The requirements in paragraph (a) do not apply to a sale or transfer to the federal
- 17.24 government, a state, or a political subdivision.
- 17.25 Subd. 3. **Certificate of compliance.** (a) Before consummating a sale or transfer of a law
- 17.26 enforcement vehicle that is subject to subdivision 2, paragraph (a), the vehicle owner must
- 17.27 provide a certificate of compliance to the buyer or transferee confirming that the vehicle
- 17.28 has had the law enforcement equipment and insignia removed.
- 18.1 (b) The commissioner of public safety must design a standard certificate of compliance
- 18.2 form and make the form publicly available without fee on the department's publicly accessible
- 18.3 website using existing appropriations.
- 18.4 Subd. 4. **Violations.** (a) A person who sells or transfers a law enforcement vehicle to
- 18.5 the public in violation of this section is liable for:
- 18.6 (1) damages proximately caused by the use of that vehicle during the commission of a
- 18.7 crime; and
- 18.8 (2) a civil penalty of \$2,500.
- 18.9 (b) Civil penalties collected under this subdivision must be deposited in the Minnesota
- 18.10 victims of crime account created in section 299A.708.
- 18.11 Subd. 5. **Enforcement.** A county or city attorney may bring an action to recover the
- 18.12 civil penalty established under subdivision 4.

18.13 Subd. 6. **Exemption.** Sales or transfers of law enforcement vehicles to members of the
18.14 public for the purpose of collection or display are exempt from the requirements of this
18.15 section if the vehicle is owned and operated solely as a collector's item and not for general
18.16 transportation purposes and is registered under section 168.10, subdivision 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d,
18.17 1g, or 1h.

18.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective October 1, 2026.

18.19 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to
18.20 read:

18.21 Subd. 1a. **Carcinogen.** "Carcinogen" means an agent that is: (1) classified by the
18.22 International Agency for Research on Cancer under Group 1 or Group 2A; and (2) reasonably
18.23 linked to an exposure-related cancer.

18.24 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to
18.25 read:

18.26 Subd. 2a. **Exposure-related cancer.** "Exposure-related cancer" means only the following:

18.27 (1) bladder cancer;

18.28 (2) brain cancer;

18.29 (3) breast cancer;

18.30 (4) cervical cancer;

19.1 (5) colon cancer;

19.2 (6) colorectal cancer;

19.3 (7) esophageal cancer;

19.4 (8) kidney cancer;

19.5 (9) leukemia;

19.6 (10) lung cancer;

19.7 (11) malignant melanoma;

19.8 (12) mesothelioma;

19.9 (13) multiple myeloma;

19.10 (14) non-Hodgkin lymphoma;

19.11 (15) ovarian cancer;

19.12 (16) prostate cancer;

- 19.13 (17) skin cancer;
- 19.14 (18) stomach cancer;
- 19.15 (19) testicular cancer; and
- 19.16 (20) thyroid cancer.
- 19.17 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 19.18 Subd. 3. **Killed in the line of duty.** (a) "Killed in the line of duty" does not include
- 19.19 deaths from natural causes, except as expressly provided in this subdivision. In the case of
- 19.20 a public safety officer, killed in the line of duty includes the death of a public safety officer
- 19.21 caused by accidental means while the public safety officer is acting in the course and scope
- 19.22 of duties as a public safety officer. Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety
- 19.23 officer dies as the direct and proximate result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture,
- 19.24 that officer shall be presumed to have died as the direct and proximate result of a personal
- 19.25 injury sustained in the line of duty if:
- 19.26 (1) that officer, while on duty:
- 19.27 (i) engaged in a situation, and that engagement involved nonroutine stressful or strenuous
- 19.28 physical activity in law enforcement, fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response,
- 20.1 emergency medical services, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response
- 20.2 activity; or
- 20.3 (ii) participated in a training exercise, and that participation involved nonroutine stressful
- 20.4 or strenuous physical activity;
- 20.5 (2) that officer died as a result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture suffered:
- 20.6 (i) while engaging or participating under clause (1);
- 20.7 (ii) while still on duty after engaging or participating under clause (1); or
- 20.8 (iii) not later than 24 hours after engaging or participating under clause (1); and
- 20.9 (3) the presumption is not overcome by competent medical evidence to the contrary.
- 20.10 (b) "Killed in the line of duty" also means that the officer includes a public safety officer
- 20.11 who died due to suicide:
- 20.12 (1) secondary to a diagnosis of posttraumatic stress disorder as described in the most
- 20.13 recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders published by
- 20.14 the American Psychiatric Association; or
- 20.15 (2) within 45 days of the end of exposure, while on duty, to a traumatic event.
- 20.16 (c) Killed in the line of duty also includes the death of a public safety officer as a result
- 20.17 of complications caused by exposure sustained in the line of duty to any of the following
- 20.18 infectious diseases, viruses, or bacteria, if medical records identify the disease, virus, or

- 20.19 bacteria as a cause of or contributing factor to the death: COVID-19, influenza, hepatitis
 20.20 B, hepatitis C, tuberculosis, HIV/AIDS, meningitis, MRSA, whooping cough, or
 20.21 streptococcus pneumoniae.
- 20.22 (d) Killed in the line of duty also means a public safety officer shall be presumed to have
 20.23 been killed in the line of duty if the officer died from an exposure-related cancer that was
 20.24 a result of exposure to a carcinogen when:
- 20.25 (1) the exposure occurred while the public safety officer was acting in the course and
 20.26 scope of duties as a public safety officer;
- 20.27 (2) the public safety officer began serving as a public safety officer not less than five
 20.28 years before the date of the public safety officer's diagnosis of exposure-related cancer;
- 20.29 (3) the public safety officer was diagnosed with exposure-related cancer not more than
 20.30 15 years after the public safety officer's last date of active service as a public safety officer;
 20.31 and
- 21.1 (4) the exposure-related cancer directly and proximately results in the death of the public
 21.2 safety officer.
- 21.3 (e) The presumption under paragraph (d) does not apply if competent medical evidence
 21.4 establishes that the exposure of the public safety officer to the carcinogen was not a
 21.5 substantial contributing factor in the death of the public safety officer.
- 21.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following
 21.7 final enactment and applies retroactively from February 1, 2020.
- 21.8 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 21.9 read:
- 21.10 Subd. 3a. **Nonroutine strenuous physical activity.** "Nonroutine strenuous physical
 21.11 activity" means line of duty activity that:
- 21.12 (1) is not an action of a clerical, administrative, or nonmanual nature;
- 21.13 (2) is not performed as a matter of routine; and
- 21.14 (3) entails an unusually high level of physical exertion.
- 21.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following
 21.16 final enactment and applies retroactively from February 1, 2020.
- 21.17 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 21.18 read:
- 21.19 Subd. 3b. **Nonroutine stressful or strenuous physical activity.** "Nonroutine stressful
 21.20 or strenuous physical activity" means nonroutine stressful physical activity or nonroutine
 21.21 strenuous physical activity.

- 21.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following
 21.23 final enactment and applies retroactively from February 1, 2020.
- 21.24 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 21.25 read:
- 21.26 Subd. 3c. **Nonroutine stressful physical activity.** "Nonroutine stressful physical activity"
 21.27 means line of duty activity that:
- 21.28 (1) is not an action of a clerical, administrative, or nonmanual nature;
- 21.29 (2) is not performed as a matter of routine;
- 22.1 (3) entails nonnegligible physical exertion; and
- 22.2 (4) occurs:
- 22.3 (i) with respect to a situation in which a public safety officer is engaged under
 22.4 circumstances that objectively and reasonably:
- 22.5 (A) pose or appear to pose significant dangers, threats, or hazards, or reasonably
 22.6 foreseeable risks thereof, not faced by similarly situated members of the public in the
 22.7 ordinary course; and
- 22.8 (B) provoke, cause, or occasion an unusually high level of alarm, fear, or anxiety; or
- 22.9 (ii) with respect to a training exercise in which a public safety officer participates under
 22.10 circumstances that objectively and reasonably:
- 22.11 (A) simulate in realistic fashion situations that pose significant dangers, threats, or
 22.12 hazards; and
- 22.13 (B) provoke, cause, or occasion an unusually high level of alarm, fear, or anxiety.
- 22.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following
 22.15 final enactment and applies retroactively from February 1, 2020.
- 22.16 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.41, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 22.17 Subd. 4. **Public safety officer.** "Public safety officer" includes:
- 22.18 (1) a peace officer defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c) or (d);
- 22.19 (2) a correction officer employed at a correctional facility and charged with maintaining
 22.20 the safety, security, discipline, and custody of inmates at the facility;
- 22.21 (3) a corrections staff person working in a public agency and supervising offenders in
 22.22 the community as defined in sections 243.05, subdivision 6; 244.19, subdivision 1; and
 22.23 401.01, subdivision 2;

- 22.24 (4) an individual employed on a full-time or part-time basis by the state or by a fire
22.25 department of a governmental subdivision of the state, who is engaged in any of the following
22.26 duties:
- 22.27 (i) firefighting;
- 22.28 (ii) emergency motor vehicle operation;
- 22.29 (iii) investigation into the cause and origin of fires;
- 22.30 (iv) the provision of emergency medical services; or
- 23.1 (v) hazardous material responder;
- 23.2 (5) a legally enrolled member of a volunteer or paid on-call fire department or member
23.3 of an independent nonprofit firefighting corporation who is engaged in the hazards of
23.4 firefighting;
- 23.5 (6) a good samaritan while complying with the request or direction of a public safety
23.6 officer to assist the officer;
- 23.7 (7) a reserve police officer or a reserve deputy sheriff while acting under the supervision
23.8 and authority of a political subdivision;
- 23.9 (8) a driver or attendant with a licensed basic or advanced life-support transportation
23.10 service who is engaged in providing emergency care;
- 23.11 (9) a first responder who is certified by the director of the Office of Emergency Medical
23.12 Services to perform basic emergency skills before the arrival of a licensed ambulance service
23.13 and who is a member of an organized service recognized by a local political subdivision to
23.14 respond to medical emergencies to provide initial medical care before the arrival of an
23.15 ambulance; ~~and~~
- 23.16 (10) a person, other than a state trooper, employed by the commissioner of public safety
23.17 and assigned to the State Patrol, whose primary employment duty is either Capitol security
23.18 or the enforcement of commercial motor vehicle laws and regulations; and
- 23.19 (11) a person formerly employed as a public safety officer under clauses (1) to (5) or
23.20 (7) to (10) if the person separated from service due to a duty disability, as defined in section
23.21 353.01, subdivision 41.
- 23.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following
23.23 final enactment and applies retroactively from February 1, 2020.
- 23.24 Sec. 9. **[299A.412] DETERMINING WHAT IS ROUTINE.**
- 23.25 Neither of the following is dispositive in determining whether an activity or action is
23.26 understood to have been performed as a matter of routine under section 299A.41:

- 23.27 (1) being generally described by the public safety agency as routine or ordinary; or
- 23.28 (2) the frequency with which the activity or action may be performed.
- 23.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following
- 23.30 final enactment and applies retroactively from February 1, 2020.
- 24.1 Sec. 10. **[299A.413] EXPOSURE-RELATED CANCER CLAIMS.**
- 24.2 (a) An individual may file a claim that is predicated upon a public safety officer's line
- 24.3 of duty death that is the direct and proximate result of an exposure-related cancer if the
- 24.4 death occurred on or after January 1, 2020.
- 24.5 (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person eligible to file a claim for an
- 24.6 exposure-related cancer line of duty death of a public safety officer that occurred after
- 24.7 January 1, 2020, but before final enactment of this act, has three years from the date of final
- 24.8 enactment of this act to file the claim.
- 24.9 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.45, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 24.10 Subd. 2. **Award amount.** (a) The amount of the award is the lesser of:
- 24.11 (1) the average tuition and fees charged by the institution; or
- 24.12 (2) the tuition maximums established by law for the state grant program under section
- 24.13 136A.121. The tuition maximum for graduate study is the maximum established by law for
- 24.14 the state grant program for four-year programs.
- 24.15 (b) An award under this subdivision must not affect a recipient's eligibility for a state
- 24.16 grant under section 136A.121.
- 24.17 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "fees" include only those fees that are mandatory
- 24.18 and charged to all students attending the institution.
- 24.19 (d) For the purpose of benefits awarded under this section, "full time" for a graduate
- 24.20 program is eight or more credits per term or the equivalent.
- 24.21 (e) If there are insufficient funds appropriated for this purpose, the commissioner shall
- 24.22 determine the award amounts for each eligible applicant from available resources.
- 30.17 Sec. 14. **TASK FORCE TO ESTABLISH A STATEWIDE NETWORK FUNDING**
- 30.18 **FOR PUBLIC SAFETY RADIO COMMUNICATIONS INFRASTRUCTURE.**
- 30.19 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The Task Force to Establish a Statewide Network Funding
- 30.20 for Public Safety Radio Communications Infrastructure is established to evaluate and make
- 30.21 recommendations regarding transitioning the Allied Radio Matrix for Emergency Response
- 30.22 (ARMER) network and related interoperable communications to a statewide, state-funded
- 30.23 framework.

- 30.24 Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The task force consists of the following members:
- 30.25 (1) one member of the house of representatives, appointed by the speaker of the house;
- 30.26 (2) one member of the house of representatives, appointed by the leader of the
- 30.27 Democratic-Farmer-Labor caucus;
- 30.28 (3) one member of the senate, appointed by the senate majority leader;
- 30.29 (4) one member of the senate, appointed by the senate minority leader;
- 30.30 (5) two county commissioners appointed by the Association of Minnesota Counties;
- 31.1 (6) one member from a greater Minnesota county with ARMER expertise, appointed by
- 31.2 the Association of Minnesota Counties;
- 31.3 (7) one member from a metro Minnesota county with ARMER expertise, appointed by
- 31.4 the Association of Minnesota Counties;
- 31.5 (8) three members from the telecommunications industry representing wireless, cable,
- 31.6 and telephone; appointed by the respective trade organizations;
- 31.7 (9) one representative from the city of Minneapolis, appointed by the Minneapolis City
- 31.8 Council;
- 31.9 (10) one representative from the city of St. Cloud, appointed by the St. Cloud City
- 31.10 Council;
- 31.11 (11) one peace officer, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84, subdivision 1,
- 31.12 paragraph (c), appointed by the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association;
- 31.13 (12) one peace officer, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84, subdivision 1,
- 31.14 paragraph (c), appointed by the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association;
- 31.15 (13) the commissioner of public safety, or designee;
- 31.16 (14) the commissioner of transportation, or designee;
- 31.17 (15) a member from the Department of Transportation Office of Statewide Radio;
- 31.18 (16) the executive director of the Metropolitan Emergency Services Board;
- 31.19 (17) the executive director of the Statewide Emergency Communications Board; and
- 31.20 (18) the Statewide Interoperability Coordinator (SWIC) for the State of Minnesota as
- 31.21 designated by the commissioner of public safety.
- 31.22 (b) Appointments must be made by July 1, 2026. Appointments made by an agency or
- 31.23 commissioner may also be made by a designee.
- 31.24 (c) Members of the task force serve without compensation.

- 31.25 (d) Members of the task force serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority or until
 31.26 the task force expires. Vacancies shall be filled by the appointing authority consistent with
 31.27 the qualifications of the vacating member required by this subdivision.
- 31.28 Subd. 3. **Officers; meetings.** (a) The commissioner of public safety shall convene the
 31.29 first meeting of the task force no later than August 1, 2026, and shall provide meeting space
 31.30 and administrative assistance as necessary for the task force to conduct its work.
- 32.1 (b) At its first meeting the task force must elect a chair from the members listed in
 32.2 subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clauses (5) to (18). The task force may elect a vice-chair and
 32.3 other officers as necessary.
- 32.4 (c) The task force shall meet at least monthly or upon the call of the chair. The task force
 32.5 shall meet sufficiently enough to accomplish the tasks identified in this section. Meetings
 32.6 of the task force are subject to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13D. The task force may meet
 32.7 by telephone or interactive technology consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 13D.015.
- 32.8 Subd. 4. **Duties.** (a) The task force must make findings and recommendations on:
 32.9 (1) transitioning to a statewide, state-funded ARMER network infrastructure and
 32.10 achieving interoperability standards;
 32.11 (2) a dedicated revenue source to ensure the statewide ARMER infrastructure and
 32.12 equipment is maintained, stable, and up-to-date. The task force is encouraged to evaluate:
 32.13 surcharges on telecommunications, public safety related fees, federal grants and matching
 32.14 funds, revenue from state asset forfeitures designated for public safety purposes, and other
 32.15 revenue sources deemed appropriate;
 32.16 (3) the roles of Minnesota Department of Transportation Office of Statewide Radio,
 32.17 Department of Public Safety, and Statewide Emergency Communications Board;
 32.18 (4) statewide performance metrics; and
 32.19 (5) any other related issues necessary to ensure a sustainable, statewide public safety
 32.20 communications system.
- 32.21 (b) The Department of Public Safety, Department of Transportation, the Statewide
 32.22 Emergency Communications Board, regional emergency communications or services boards,
 32.23 and local ARMER infrastructure owners must provide relevant data and research to the task
 32.24 force to facilitate the task force's work.
- 32.25 Subd. 5. **Report.** The task force must submit a report to the chairs, co-chairs, and ranking
 32.26 minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over ARMER
 32.27 funding by February 15, 2027.
- 32.28 Subd. 6. **Expiration.** The task force expires the day after submitting its final report under
 32.29 subdivision 5.

32.30 Subd. 7. **Funding.** The commissioner of public safety may request funds through the
32.31 Statewide Emergency Communications Board to support the work of the task force.

32.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

35.10 **ARTICLE 3**

35.11 **CORRECTIONS**

35.12 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.27, is amended by adding a subdivision
35.13 to read:

35.14 Subd. 1b. **Definition.** "Private business" means an entity organized under the laws of
35.15 this state or a foreign jurisdiction, but does not include a governmental unit.

35.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.27, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

35.17 Subd. 6. **Reports and financial statements.** (a) MINNCOR shall include its full costs
35.18 for inmate wages and the money it receives from the department for inmate confinement
35.19 costs in its annual financial statements and reports. In addition, MINNCOR shall disclose
35.20 in its annual report:

35.21 (1) how the money it receives from the department for inmate confinement costs affects
35.22 its profitability; and

35.23 (2) a calculation of the profitability of each contract MINNCOR has with private
35.24 businesses consistent with the requirements set forth in subdivision 7, paragraph (a).

35.25 (b) MINNCOR must post on the agency's public-facing website the Prison Industry
35.26 Enhancement Certification Program wage for each region of the state where MINNCOR is
35.27 contracting with a private business.

36.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.27, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

36.2 Subd. 7. **Interactions with private businesses.** (a) MINNCOR must participate in the
36.3 United States Bureau of Justice Assistance's Prison Industry Enhancement Certification
36.4 Program (PIECP). When implementing the PIECP, MINNCOR must:

36.5 (1) calculate the PIECP wage, which is the prevailing wage rate for each region of the
36.6 state where MINNCOR is contracting with a private business based on the Department of
36.7 Employment and Economic Development's wage survey, and set the rate at the 50th percentile
36.8 for each region;

36.9 (2) separately track wages paid to inmates at either the PIECP wage or the non-PIECP
36.10 wage, which is a wage rate that is exempt from the PIECP's prevailing wage requirement;

36.11 (3) not use a blended wage rate that combines PIECP wages and non-PIECP wages when
36.12 assessing and evaluating contract costs, profitability, and potential partnerships with private
36.13 businesses; and

- 36.14 (4) classify and document each inmate's MINNCOR position as either a PIECP wage
36.15 position or a non-PIECP wage position.
- 36.16 (b) MINNCOR must not subsidize private businesses, including but not limited to using
36.17 the costs of confinement to offset contract costs, to manipulate a contract's profitability
36.18 calculation, or to otherwise reduce a private business' operating expenses.
- 36.19 (c) MINNCOR must account for all labor, manufacturing, general, and administrative
36.20 costs when establishing standard contract rates.
- 36.21 (d) MINNCOR must recapture the fair market value for use of Department of Corrections
36.22 floor space and storage that is dedicated to a private business.
- 36.23 (e) When entering into a contract and calculating labor costs, MINNCOR must use the
36.24 prevailing wage rate for the industry in which the inmates are working as determined by
36.25 the Department of Employment and Economic Development.
- 36.26 (f) Before entering a contract with MINNCOR, a private business must disclose to
36.27 MINNCOR the total number of full-time equivalent positions the private business employs
36.28 and must update that number at least quarterly during the contract term. The number of
36.29 positions filled by incarcerated persons under a contract with the private business may not
36.30 exceed four incarcerated persons for every one full-time equivalent employee of the private
36.31 business.
- 37.1 ~~(a)~~ (g) MINNCOR shall use revenue contracts or purchase orders on forms approved
37.2 by the Department of Administration whenever it allows private businesses to use inmate
37.3 labor. MINNCOR shall determine whether to use a revenue contract or a purchase order
37.4 according to criteria that the Department of Corrections has approved having taken into
37.5 account the recommendations of the legislative auditor contained in its 2009 report on
37.6 MINNCOR.
- 37.7 ~~(b)~~ (h) MINNCOR shall develop a uniform method to report sales and expenditure data
37.8 related to individual labor arrangements with private businesses. MINNCOR shall review
37.9 the data annually to assess how the arrangements, both individually and collectively, affect
37.10 MINNCOR achieving its goals of high inmate participation in industry and profitability.
- 37.11 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.27, is amended by adding a subdivision to
37.12 read:
- 37.13 Subd. 9. **Displacement of private sector workers; verification.** The commissioner of
37.14 employment and economic development must verify that each PIECP contract MINNCOR
37.15 enters will not result in the displacement of employed private sector workers in the geographic
37.16 region where MINNCOR facilities are located and the geographic region where the private
37.17 business is located.

37.18 Sec. 5. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

50.19 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.5151, is amended to read:

50.20 **609.5151 DISSEMINATION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION ABOUT LAW**

50.21 **ENFORCEMENT CERTAIN PERSONS INVOLVED IN PUBLIC SAFETY**

50.22 **PROHIBITED; PENALTY.**

50.23 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

50.24 (1) "correctional officer" has the meaning given in section 241.026, subdivision 1,

50.25 paragraph (b);

50.26 (2) "family or household member" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision

50.27 2;

50.28 ~~(2)~~ (3) "law enforcement official" means both peace officers as defined in section 626.84,

50.29 subdivision 1, paragraph (c), and persons employed by a law enforcement agency as defined

50.30 in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (f); and

51.1 ~~(3)~~ (4) "personal information" means a home telephone number, personal cell number,

51.2 personal email address, name of the official's minor child, photographs of the official's

51.3 minor child, home address, directions to a home, or photographs of a home; and

51.4 (5) "public safety official" means a correctional officer or a law enforcement official.

51.5 Subd. 2. **Crime described.** (a) It is a misdemeanor for a person to knowingly and without

51.6 consent make publicly available, including but not limited to through the Internet, personal

51.7 information about a law enforcement public safety official or an official's family or household

51.8 member, if:

51.9 (1) the public availability of information poses an imminent and serious threat to the

51.10 official's safety or the safety of an official's family or household member; and

51.11 (2) the person making the information publicly available knows or reasonably should

51.12 know of the imminent and serious threat.

51.13 (b) A person who is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this section is

51.14 guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

51.15 (c) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor felony if the person violates paragraph

51.16 (a) and a law enforcement public safety official or an official's family or household member

51.17 suffers great bodily harm or death as a result of the violation.

51.18 ~~(c)~~ A person who is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this section is guilty

51.19 of a gross misdemeanor.

51.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes

51.21 committed on or after that date.

51.22 Sec. 3. **[626.97] PERSONAL INFORMATION; DISSEMINATION.**

51.23 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section and section 626.971, the
51.24 following terms have the meanings given.

51.25 (b) "Correctional officer" has the meaning given in section 241.026, subdivision 1,
51.26 paragraph (b).

51.27 (c) "Law enforcement support organizations" do not include charitable organizations.

51.28 (d) "Peace officer" has the meaning given in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph
51.29 (c).

51.30 (e) "Personal information" does not include publicly available information. Personal
51.31 information means:

52.1 (1) a residential address of a public safety officer;

52.2 (2) a residential address of the spouse, domestic partner, or children of a public safety
52.3 officer;

52.4 (3) a nonemployer-issued telephone number or email address of a public safety officer;

52.5 (4) the name of any child of a public safety officer;

52.6 (5) the name of any child care facility or school that is attended by a child of a public
52.7 safety officer if combined with an assertion that the named facility or school is attended by
52.8 the child of a public safety officer; and

52.9 (6) data about a public safety officer that is classified as private data on individuals under
52.10 section 13.43, subdivision 5, including but not limited to the officer's name.

52.11 (f) "Public safety officer" means a peace officer, a correctional officer, a former peace
52.12 officer, or a former correctional officer.

52.13 (g) "Publicly available information" means information that is lawfully made available
52.14 through federal, state, or local government records or information that a business has a
52.15 reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made available to the general public through widely
52.16 distributed media, by a public safety officer, or by a person to whom the public safety officer
52.17 has disclosed the information, unless the public safety officer has restricted the information
52.18 to a specific audience.

52.19 Subd. 2. **Dissemination of personal information.** Subject to the exceptions in
52.20 subdivision 3 and the requirements of section 626.971, no person, business, association, or
52.21 government entity shall knowingly publicly post, display, publish, sell, or otherwise make
52.22 available on the Internet the personal information of any public safety officer. Personal
52.23 information shall be kept in a secure manner to prevent unauthorized access. Personal

- 52.24 information may be disseminated pursuant to a specific authorization in law, rule, or with
 52.25 the written consent of the public safety officer.
- 52.26 Subd. 3. **Exceptions.** Subdivision 2 does not apply to:
- 52.27 (1) the dissemination of personal information if the information is relevant to and
 52.28 displayed as part of a news story, commentary, editorial, or other speech on a matter of
 52.29 public concern;
- 52.30 (2) personal information that the public safety officer voluntarily disseminates publicly
 52.31 after August 1, 2026;
- 53.1 (3) the dissemination of personal information made at the request of the public safety
 53.2 officer or that is necessary to effectuate the request of a public safety officer;
- 53.3 (4) a commercial entity using personal information internally, providing access to
 53.4 businesses under common ownership or affiliated by corporate control, or selling or providing
 53.5 data for a transaction or service requested by or concerning the individual whose personal
 53.6 information is being transferred;
- 53.7 (5) a commercial entity providing publicly available information through real-time or
 53.8 near real-time alert services for health or safety purposes;
- 53.9 (6) a commercial entity engaged in the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale,
 53.10 communication, or use of any personal information bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness,
 53.11 credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or
 53.12 mode of living by a consumer reporting agency, furnisher, or user that provides information
 53.13 for use in a consumer report, and by a user of a consumer report, but only to the extent that
 53.14 such activity is regulated by and authorized under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act,
 53.15 United States Code, title 15, section 1681, et seq.;
- 53.16 (7) a consumer reporting agency subject to the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, United
 53.17 States Code, title 15, section 1681, et seq.;
- 53.18 (8) a commercial entity using personal information collected, processed, sold, or disclosed
 53.19 in compliance with the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, United States Code,
 53.20 title 18, section 2721, et seq.;
- 53.21 (9) a commercial entity using personal information to prevent, detect, protect against,
 53.22 or respond to security incidents, identity theft, fraud, harassment, malicious or deceptive
 53.23 activities, or any illegal activity; preserve the integrity or security of systems; or investigate,
 53.24 report, or prosecute any person responsible for any such action;
- 53.25 (10) a financial institution, affiliate of a financial institution, or data subject to title V
 53.26 of the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, United States Code, title 15, section 6801, et seq.;

- 53.27 (11) a covered entity or business associate for purposes of the federal privacy regulations
 53.28 promulgated under the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996,
 53.29 specifically United States Code, title 42, section 1320d-2 note;
- 53.30 (12) insurance and insurance support organizations;
- 53.31 (13) law enforcement agencies or law enforcement support organizations and vendors
 53.32 that provide data support services to law enforcement agencies;
- 54.1 (14) the collection and sale or licensing of covered information incidental to conducting
 54.2 the activities described in clauses (4) to (13); and
- 54.3 (15) personal information contained in:
- 54.4 (i) real property records as defined in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause (5);
- 54.5 (ii) uniform commercial code filings and tax liens maintained by the secretary of state;
 54.6 and
- 54.7 (iii) any other records maintained by a government entity evidencing title to, or any lien,
 54.8 judgment, or other encumbrance on, real or personal property.
- 54.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026.
- 54.10 Sec. 4. **[626.971] REMOVAL OF PERSONAL INFORMATION.**
- 54.11 Subdivision 1. **Internet dissemination.** If personal information about a public safety
 54.12 officer is publicly posted to the Internet by a person, business, association, or government
 54.13 entity, the public safety officer may submit a sworn affidavit to the person, business,
 54.14 association, or government entity requesting that the publicly posted personal information
 54.15 be removed. The affidavit shall:
- 54.16 (1) state that the individual whose information was disseminated is a public safety officer
 54.17 as defined in section 626.97;
- 54.18 (2) describe with specificity the personal information that the public safety officer seeks
 54.19 to remove; and
- 54.20 (3) state the name of the publication, website, or otherwise identify where the public
 54.21 safety officer's personal information is available to the public.
- 54.22 Subd. 2. **Removal of personal information; exception.** (a) Upon receipt of an affidavit
 54.23 requesting removal of the personal information of a public safety officer that meets the
 54.24 requirements of subdivision 1, the person, business, association, or government entity shall
 54.25 remove the publicly posted personal information within 30 days. If the person, business,
 54.26 association, or government entity fails to remove the publicly posted personal information
 54.27 within 30 days after an affidavit is submitted, the public safety officer may file a civil action

54.28 in a court of competent jurisdiction seeking a court order compelling compliance, including
54.29 injunctive and declarative relief.

54.30 (b) Paragraph (a) shall not apply to personal information contained in:

54.31 (1) real property records as defined in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause (5);

55.1 (2) Uniform Commercial Code filings and tax liens maintained by the secretary of state;
55.2 and

55.3 (3) any other records maintained by a government entity evidencing title to, or any lien,
55.4 judgment, or other encumbrance on, real or personal property.

55.5 Subd. 3. **Penalties and damages.** If a person, business, association, or government entity
55.6 knowingly violates an order granting injunctive or declarative relief, the court issuing the
55.7 order may award to the public safety officer an amount equal to the actual damages sustained
55.8 by the public safety officer, and court costs and reasonable attorney fees.

55.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026.