2.8	ARTICLE 1	
2.9	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH FINANCE	

3.28	ARTICLE 1
3.29	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH FINANCE
3.30	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 62D.21, is amended to read:
3.31	62D.21 FEES.
3.32 3.33 3.34	Every health maintenance organization subject to sections 62D.01 to 62D.30 shall pay to the commissioner of health the following fees as prescribed by the commissioner of health pursuant to section 144.122 for the following:
3.35	(1) filing an application for a certificate of authority: \$10,000;
3.36	(2) filing an amendment to a certificate of authority: \$125;
3.37	(3) filing each annual report: \$400; and
3.38	(4) other filings, as specified by rule.
3.39	(4) filing each quarterly report: \$200; and
3.40 3.41	(5) filing annual plan review documents, amendments to plan documents, and quality plans: \$125.
4.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.
4.2	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 62D.211, is amended to read:
4.3	62D.211 RENEWAL FEE.
4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8	Each health maintenance organization subject to sections 62D.01 to 62D.30 shall submit to the commissioner of health each year before June 15 a certificate of authority renewal fee in the amount of \$10,000 \$30,000 each plus 20 88 cents per person enrolled in the health maintenance organization on December 31 of the preceding year. The commissioner may adjust the renewal fee in rule under the provisions of chapter 14.
4.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.
4.10	Sec. 3. [62J.8241] FACILITY FEES PROHIBITED.
4.11 4.12	<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
4.13	(b) "Control" has the meaning given in section 145D.01.
4.14 4.15 4.16 4.17	(c) "Facility fee" means any separate charge or billing by a provider-based clinic in addition to a professional fee for physicians' services that is intended to cover building, electronic medical records systems, billing, and other administrative and operational expenses.

4.18	(d) "Health care clearinghouse" has the meaning given in Code of Federal Regulations,
4.19	title 45, section 160.103.
4.20	(e) "Health care provider" has the meaning given in section 145B.02. Health care provide
4.21	does not include any hospital that:
4.22	(1) is certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services as a Medicare critical
4.23	access hospital; and
4.24	(2) is not affiliated, by governance or control, with a health system or other hospital.
4.25	(f) "NPI" means the standard, unique health identifier for health care providers that is
4.26	issued by the national provider system in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations,
4.27	title 45, section 162.
4.28	(g) "Provider-based clinic" means the site of an off-campus clinic or provider office,
4.29	located at least 250 yards from the main hospital buildings or as determined by the Centers
4.30	for Medicare and Medicaid Services, that is owned by a hospital licensed under chapter 144
5.1	or a health system that operates one or more hospitals licensed under chapter 144 and is
5.2	primarily engaged in providing diagnostic and therapeutic care, including medical history,
5.3	physical examinations, assessment of health status, and treatment monitoring. This definition
5.4	does not include clinics that are exclusively providing laboratory, x-ray, testing, therapy,
5.5	pharmacy, or educational services and does not include facilities designated as rural health
5.6	clinics.
5.7	Subd. 2. Provider-based clinic prohibition. (a) Health care providers are prohibited
5.8	from charging, billing, or collecting a facility fee for the following when provided at a
5.9	provider-based clinic: (1) services provided by telehealth as defined in section 62A.673,
5.10	subdivision 2, paragraph (h), when the patient is located outside the facility; and (2) the
5.11	provision of preventive items and services, as defined in section 62Q.46, subdivision 1.
5.12	(b) Health care providers are prohibited from charging, billing, or collecting a facility
5.13	fee directly from a patient for those services set forth in paragraph (a), clause (2).
5.14	Subd. 3. Unique NPI. (a) Provider-based clinics must apply for, obtain, and use on all
5.15	claims for reimbursement or payment for health services provided at the provider-based
5.16	clinic, a unique NPI that is distinct from the hospital's NPI.
5.17	(b) The provider-based clinic's unique NPI must be included on any claim for
5.18	reimbursement or payment for health services provided at the provider-based clinic,
5.19	regardless of whether the claim is filed or submitted by or through a central office of the
5.20	hospital or a health care clearinghouse.
5.21	Subd. 4. Notification. (a) If a hospital or health system charges a facility fee utilizing
5.22	a CPT evaluation and management code or assessment and management code for outpatient
5.23	services provided at a provider-based clinic where a professional fee is also expected to be

5.24	charged, the hospital or health system must provide the patient with a written notice that
5.25	includes the following information:
5.26	(1) that the provider-based clinic is part of a hospital or health system and that the hospital
5.27	or health system charges a facility fee that is in addition to and separate from the professional
5.28	fee charged by the provider;
5.29	(2) the amount of the patient's potential financial liability, including any facility fee
5.30	likely to be charged, and, where professional medical services are provided by an affiliated
5.31	provider, any professional fee likely to be charged, or, if the exact type and extent of the
5.32	professional medical services needed are not known or the terms of a patient's health
5.33	insurance coverage are not known with reasonable certainty, an estimate of the patient's
5.1	financial liability based on typical or average charges for visits to the provider-based clinic,
5.2	including the facility fee;
5.3	(3) a statement that the patient's actual financial liability will depend on the professional
5.4	medical services actually provided to the patient;
5.5	(4) an explanation that the patient may incur financial liability that is greater than the
5.6	patient would incur if the professional medical services were not provided by a
5.7	provider-based clinic;
5.8	(5) a telephone number the patient may call for additional information regarding the
5.9	patient's potential financial liability, including an estimate of the facility fee likely to be
5.10	charged based on the scheduled professional medical services; and
5.11	(6) that a patient covered by a health insurance policy should contact the health insurer
5.12	for additional information regarding the hospital's or health system's charges and fees,
5.13	including the patient's potential financial liability, if any, for the charges and fees.
5.14	(b) If a hospital or health system charges a facility fee without utilizing a CPT evaluation
5.15	and management code for outpatient services provided at a provider-based clinic, the hospital
5.16	or health system must provide the patient with a written notice that includes the following
5.17	information:
5.18	(1) that the provider-based clinic is part of a hospital or health system and that the hospital
5.19	or health system charges a facility fee that may be in addition to and separate from the
5.20	professional fee charged by a provider;
5.21	(2) a statement that the patient's actual financial liability will depend on the professional
5.22	medical services actually provided to the patient;
5.23	(3) an explanation that the patient may incur financial liability that is greater than the
5.24	patient would incur if the provider-based clinic was not hospital-based;

25	(4) a telephone number the patient may call for additional information regarding the
26	patient's potential financial liability, including an estimate of the facility fee likely to be
27	charged based on the scheduled professional medical services; and
28	(5) that a patient covered by a health insurance policy should contact the health insurer
29	for additional information regarding the hospital's or health system's charges and fees,
30	including the patient's potential financial liability, if any, for the charges and fees.
31	(c) Each initial billing statement that includes a facility fee must:
1	(1) clearly identify the fee as a facility fee that is billed in addition to, or separately from,
2	any professional fee billed by the provider;
3	(2) provide the corresponding Medicare facility fee reimbursement rate for the same
4	service as a comparison or, if there is no corresponding Medicare facility fee for the service:
5	(i) the approximate amount Medicare would have paid the hospital for the facility fee
6	on the billing statement; or
7	(ii) the percentage of the hospital's charges that Medicare would have paid the hospital
8	for the facility fee;
9	(3) include a statement that the facility fee is intended to cover the hospital's or health
10	system's operational expenses;
11	(4) inform the patient that the patient's financial liability may have been less if the services
12	had been provided at a facility not owned or operated by the hospital or health system; and
13	(5) include written notice of the patient's right to request a reduction in the facility fee
14	or any other portion of the bill and a telephone number that the patient may use to request
15	such a reduction without regard to whether the patient qualifies for, or is likely to be granted,
16	any reduction.
17	No later than October 15, 2025, and annually thereafter, each hospital, health system, and
18	provider-based clinic must submit to the commissioner of health a sample of a billing
19	statement issued by the hospital, health system, or provider-based clinic that complies with
20	the provisions of this paragraph and which represents the format of billing statements
21	received by patients. The billing statement must not contain patient identifying information.
22	(d) The written notices described in paragraphs (a) to (c) and (g) to (i) must be in plain
23	language and in a form that may be reasonably understood by a patient who does not possess
24	special knowledge regarding hospital or health system facility fee charges. On and after
25	October 1, 2025, the notices must include tag lines in at least the top 15 languages spoken
26	in Minnesota indicating that the notice is available in each of those top 15 languages. The
27	15 languages must be either the languages in the list published by the Department of Health
28	and Human Services in connection with section 1557 of the Patient Protection and Affordable

29	Care Act, P.L. 111-148, or, as determined by the hospital or health system, the top 15
30	languages in the geographic area of the provider-based clinic.
31	(e) For nonemergency care, if a patient's appointment is scheduled to occur ten or more
32	days after the appointment is made, such written notice must be sent to the patient by first
33	class mail, encrypted electronic mail, or a secure patient Internet portal not more than three
1	days after the appointment is made. If an appointment is scheduled to occur less than ten
	days after the appointment is made or if the patient arrives without an appointment, such
2	notice must be hand-delivered to the patient when the patient arrives at the provider-based
4	clinic. For emergency care, such written notice must be provided to the patient as soon as
5	practicable after the patient is stabilized in accordance with the federal Emergency Medical
6	Treatment and Active Labor Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395dd, as amended
7	from time to time, or is determined not to have an emergency medical condition and before
8	the patient leaves the provider-based clinic. If the patient is unconscious, under great duress,
9	or for any other reason unable to read the notice and understand and act on the patient's
10	rights, the notice must be provided to the patient's representative as soon as practicable.
11	(f) Paragraphs (a) to (e) do not apply if a patient is insured by Medicare or the medical
12	assistance program under chapter 256B or is receiving services under a workers'
13	compensation plan established to provide medical services.
14	(g) A provider-based clinic must prominently display written notice in locations that are
15	readily accessible to and visible by patients, including patient waiting or appointment
16	check-in areas, stating the following:
17	(1) that the provider-based clinic is part of a hospital or health system;
18	(2) the name of the hospital or health system; and
19	(3) that if the provider-based clinic charges a facility fee, the patient may incur a financial
20	liability greater than the patient would incur if the provider-based clinic was not
21	hospital-based.
22	On and after October 1, 2025, such notices must include tag lines in at least the top 15
23	languages spoken in Minnesota indicating that the notice is available in each of those top
23 24	15 languages. The 15 languages must be either the languages in the list published by the
25	Department of Health and Human Services in connection with section 1557 of the Patient
26	Protection and Affordable Care Act, P.L. 111-148, or, as determined by the hospital or
27	health system, the top 15 languages in the geographic area of the provider-based clinic. No
28	later than October 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, each provider-based clinic must submit
29	a copy of the written notice required by this paragraph to the commissioner of health.
30	(h) A provider-based clinic must identify itself to the public and payers as being
31	hospital-based, including, at a minimum, by stating the name of the hospital or health system
32	in its signage, marketing materials, websites, and stationery.

9.1 9.2	(i) A provider-based clinic must, when scheduling services for which a facility fee may be charged, inform the patient:
9.3	(1) that the provider-based clinic is part of a hospital or health system;
9.4	(2) of the name of the hospital or health system;
9.5	(3) that the hospital or health system may charge a facility fee in addition to and separate
9.6	from the professional fee charged by the provider; and
9.7 9.8	(4) of the telephone number the patient may call for additional information regarding such patient's potential financial liability.
9.9	(j) If any transaction described in section 145D.01, subdivision 2, results in the
9.10	establishment of a provider-based clinic where facility fees may be billed, the hospital or
9.11 9.12	health system that is the purchaser in the transaction must, no later than 30 days after the transaction, provide written notice by first class mail of the transaction to each patient served
9.13	within the three years preceding the date of the transaction by the health care facility that
9.14 9.15	has been purchased as part of the transaction. The notice must include the following information:
9.16	(1) a statement that the health care facility is now a provider-based clinic and is part of
9.17 9.18	a hospital or health system, the health care facility's full legal and business name, and the date of the facility's acquisition by a hospital or health system;
9.19	(2) the name, business address, and telephone number of the hospital or health system
9.20	that is the purchaser of the health care facility;
9.21	(3) a statement that the provider-based clinic bills, or is likely to bill, patients a facility
9.22 9.23	fee that may be in addition to, and separate from, any professional fee billed by a health care provider at the provider-based clinic;
9.24	(4) a statement that the patient's actual financial liability will depend on the professional
9.25 9.26	medical services actually provided to the patient and an explanation that the patient may incur financial liability that is greater than the patient would incur if the provider-based
9.27	clinic were not a provider-based clinic;
9.28	(5) the estimated amount or range of amounts the provider-based clinic may bill for a
9.29 9.30	facility fee or an example of the average facility fee billed at the provider-based clinic for the most common services provided at the provider-based clinic; and
9.31	(6) a statement that, before seeking services at the provider-based clinic, a patient covered
9.32 10.1	by a health insurance policy should contact the patient's health insurer for additional information regarding the provider-based clinic fees, including the patient's potential financial
10.1	liability, if any, for the fees.
10.3	A copy of the written notice provided to patients in accordance with this subdivision must
10.4	be filed with the commissioner of health. The Department of Health must post a link to the

10.5	notice on its website. A hospital, health system, or provider-based clinic must not collect a
10.6	facility fee for services provided at a provider-based clinic that is subject to the provisions
10.7	of this subdivision from the date of the transaction until at least 30 days after the written
10.8	notice required pursuant to this subdivision is mailed to the patient or a copy of the notice
10.9	is filed with the commissioner of health, whichever is later. By July 1, 2026, and annually
10.10	thereafter, each provider-based clinic that was the subject of a transaction, as described in
10.11	section 145D.01, subdivision 2, during the preceding calendar year must report to the
10.12	commissioner of health the number of patients served by the provider-based clinic in the
10.13	preceding three years.
10.14	Subd. 5. Reporting. (a) By January 15, 2027, and each year thereafter, hospitals licensed
10.15	under chapter 144 and health systems operating one or more hospitals licensed under chapter
10.16	144 must submit a report to the commissioner of health identifying facility fees charged,
10.17	billed, and collected during the preceding calendar year. The commissioner must publish
10.18	the information reported on a publicly accessible website. The report shall be in the format
10.19	prescribed by the commissioner of health.
10.20	(b) The report under this subdivision must include the following information for each
10.21	facility owned or operated by the hospital or health system providing services for which a
10.22	facility fee is charged, billed, or collected:
10.23	(1) the name and full address of each facility;
10.24	(2) the number of patient visits at each facility; and
10.25	(3) the number, total amount, and range of allowable facility fees paid at each facility
10.26	by Medicare, medical assistance, MinnesotaCare, and private insurance.
10.27	(c) The report under this subdivision must include the following information for the
10.28	entire hospital or health system:
10.29	(1) the total amount charged and billed for facility fees;
10.30	(2) the total amount collected from facility fees;
10.31	(3) the top ten procedures or services provided by the hospital or health system that
10.32	generated the greatest amount of facility fee gross revenue, the volume of each of these ten
10.33	procedures or services and the gross and net revenue totals for each procedure or service,
11.1	and the total net amount of revenue received by the hospital or health system derived from
11.2	facility fees;
11.3	(4) the top ten procedures or services, based on patient volume, provided by the hospital
11.4	or health system for which facility fees are charged, billed, or collected, based on patient
11.5	volume, including the gross and net revenue totals received for each such procedure or
11.6	service; and

11.7 11.8	(5) any other information related to facility fees that the commissioner of health may require.
11.9 11.10 11.11	Subd. 6. Interaction with medical assistance. The medical assistance program in chapter 256B is not required to comply with any provision of this section if compliance with the provision would:
11.12 11.13	(1) prevent the state from receiving federal financial participation for medical assistance coverage; or
11.14 11.15	(2) result in a lower level of coverage or reduced access to coverage for medical assistance enrollees.
11.16 11.17 11.18	Subd. 7. <b>Enforcement.</b> (a) A violation of this section is an unlawful business practice for purposes of section 8.31. The attorney general may enforce this section pursuant to section 8.31.
11.19 11.20 11.21 11.22	(b) In addition to penalties provided in paragraph (a), the commissioner of health may, pursuant to the procedures in sections 144.99 and 144.991, impose an administrative penalty on a health care provider for failure to comply with subdivision 6. The penalty must not exceed \$1,000 per occurrence.
11.23 11.24 11.25 11.26 11.27 11.28	(c) The commissioner of health or the commissioner's designee may audit any health care provider for compliance with the requirements of this section. A health care provider must make available, upon written request of the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, copies of any books, documents, records, or data that are necessary for the purposes of completing the audit for four years after the furnishing of any services for which a facility fee was charged, billed, or collected.
11.29 11.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2026, except that subdivision 2 is effective January 1, 2027.
12.1 12.2	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 62U.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6	Subd. 14. Unique NPI. Data submitted under this section relating to a provider-based clinic, as defined in section 62J.8241, and that includes an NPI, as defined in section 62J.8241, must include the provider-based clinic's unique NPI that is distinct from the hospital's NPI.
12.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2026.
12.8	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.101, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
12.9 12.10 12.11	Subd. 6. <b>Fees for variances.</b> The commissioner shall charge a nonrefundable application fee of \$275 \$325 to cover the administrative cost of processing a request for a variance or modification of rules adopted by the commissioner under this chapter.

12.12	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.208, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
12.13	Subdivision 1. Well notification fee. The well notification fee to be paid by a property
12.14	owner is:
12.15	(1) for construction of a water supply well, \$275 \( \) \( \) \( \) which includes the state core
12.16	function fee;
12.17	(2) for a well sealing, \$75 \$125 for each well or temporary boring, which includes the
12.18	state core function fee, except that: (i) a single notification and fee of $\$75$ $\$125$ is required
12.19	for all temporary borings on a single property and sealed within 72 hours of start of
12.20 12.21	construction; and (ii) temporary borings less than 25 feet in depth are exempt from the notification and fee requirements in this chapter;
12.21	•
12.22	(3) for construction of a dewatering well, $$275 $30$ , which includes the state core
12.23	function fee, for each dewatering well, except a dewatering project comprising five or more
12.24 12.25	dewatering wells shall be assessed a single fee of \$1,375 \[ \frac{\$1,620}{} \] for the dewatering wells recorded on the notification; and
12.23	Ź
12.26	(4) for construction of an environmental well, $\$275 \ \$330$ , which includes the state core
12.27	function fee, except that a single fee of \$275 is required for all environmental wells recorded
12.28	on the notification that are located on a single property, and except that no fee is required
12.29 12.30	for construction of a temporary boring for each environmental well, except an environmental well site project comprising five or more environmental wells shall be assessed a single fee
12.31	of \$1,620 for the environmental wells recorded on the notification.
13.1	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.208, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
13.2 13.3	Subd. 1a. <b>State core function fee.</b> The state core function fee to be collected by the state and delegated community health boards and used to support state core functions is:
13.3	state and delegated community hearth boards and used to support state core functions is.
13.4	(1) for a new well, $\frac{$20}{}$ $\frac{$40}{}$ ; and
13.5	(2) for a well sealing, \$\frac{\$5}{15}\$.
13.6	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.208, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
13.7	Subd. 2. <b>Permit fee.</b> (a) The permit fee to be paid by a property owner is:
13.8	(1) for a water supply well that is not in use under a maintenance permit, \$175 \$225
13.9	annually;
13.10	(2) for an environmental well that is unsealed under a maintenance permit, \$175 annually
13.11	except no fee is required for an environmental well owned by a federal agency, state agency,
13.12	or local unit of government that is unsealed under a maintenance permit. "Local unit of
13.13	government" means a statutory or home rule charter city, town, county, or soil and water
13.14	conservation district, a watershed district, an organization formed for the joint exercise of
13.15	powers under section 471.59, a community health board, or other special purpose district
13.16	or authority with local jurisdiction in water and related land resources management;

13.17 13.18	(3) for environmental wells on an environmental well site that are unsealed under a maintenance permit;
13.19 13.20	\$175 (i) \$225 annually for one to ten environmental wells per site regardless of the number of environmental wells located on site;
13.21	(ii) \$325 annually for 11 to 20 environmental wells per site; and
13.22	(iii) \$425 annually for 21 or more environmental wells per site;
13.23 13.24 13.25	(4) for a groundwater thermal exchange device, in addition to the notification fee for water supply wells, \$275 \$350 for systems using 20 gallons per minute or less and \$590 for systems using over 20 gallons per minute, which includes the state core function fee;
13.26 13.27	(5) for a bored geothermal heat exchanger with less than ten tons of heating/cooling capacity, \$275 \$350;
13.28 13.29	(6) for a bored geothermal heat exchanger with ten to 50 tons of heating/cooling capacity, $\$515$ $\$590$ ;
13.30 13.31	(7) for a bored geothermal heat exchanger with greater than 50 tons of heating/cooling capacity, \$740 \\$815;
14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4	(8) for a dewatering well that is unsealed under a maintenance permit, \$175 \$330 annually for each dewatering well, except a dewatering project comprising more than five or more dewatering wells shall be issued a single permit for \$875 \$1,620 annually for dewatering wells recorded on the permit;
14.5	(9) for an elevator boring, \$275 \squares 325 for each boring; and
14.6 14.7	(10) for a submerged closed loop heat exchanger system, in addition to the notification fee for water supply wells, \$3,250, which includes the state core function fee.
14.8 14.9 14.10	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, an environmental well site includes all of the environmental wells on a single property. A single property is considered one tax parcel or multiple contiguous parcels with the same owner.
14.11	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.235, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
14.12 14.13	Subdivision 1. <b>Disclosure of wells to buyer.</b> (a) Before signing an agreement to sell or transfer real property, the seller must disclose in writing to the buyer information about the
14.14	status and location of all known wells on the property, by delivering to the buyer either a
14.15	statement by the seller that the seller does not know of any wells on the property, or a
14.16	disclosure statement indicating the legal description and county, and a map drawn from
14.17 14.18	available information showing the location of each well to the extent practicable. In the disclosure statement, the seller must indicate, for each well, whether the well is in use, not
14.18	in use, or sealed.
1 1.17	

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4.20	(b) At the time of closing of the sale, the disclosure statement information, name and
4.21	mailing address of the buyer, and the quartile, section, township, and range in which each
4.22	well is located must be provided on a well disclosure certificate signed by the seller or a
4.23	person authorized to act on behalf of the seller.
4.24	(c) A well disclosure certificate need not be provided if the seller does not know of any
4.25	wells on the property and the deed or other instrument of conveyance contains the statement:
4.26	"The Seller certifies that the Seller does not know of any wells on the described real
4.27	property."
4.28	(d) If a deed is given pursuant to a contract for deed, the well disclosure certificate
4.29	required by this subdivision shall be signed by the buyer or a person authorized to act on
4.30	behalf of the buyer. If the buyer knows of no wells on the property, a well disclosure
4.31	certificate is not required if the following statement appears on the deed followed by the
4.32	signature of the grantee or, if there is more than one grantee, the signature of at least one
4.33	of the grantees: "The Grantee certifies that the Grantee does not know of any wells on the
5.1	described real property." The statement and signature of the grantee may be on the front or
5.2	back of the deed or on an attached sheet and an acknowledgment of the statement by the
5.3	grantee is not required for the deed to be recordable.
5.4	(e) This subdivision does not apply to the sale, exchange, or transfer of real property:
5.5	(1) that consists solely of a sale or transfer of severed mineral interests; or
5.6	(2) that consists of an individual condominium unit as described in chapters 515 and
5.7	515B.
5.8	(f) For an area owned in common under chapter 515 or 515B the association or other
5.9	responsible person must report to the commissioner by July 1, 1992, the location and status
5.10	of all wells in the common area. The association or other responsible person must notify
5.11	the commissioner within 30 days of any change in the reported status of wells.
5.12	(g) If the seller fails to provide a required well disclosure certificate, the buyer, or a
5.13	person authorized to act on behalf of the buyer, may sign a well disclosure certificate based
5.14	on the information provided on the disclosure statement required by this section or based
5.15	on other available information.
5.16	(h) A county recorder or registrar of titles may not record a deed or other instrument of
5.17	conveyance dated after October 31, 1990, for which a certificate of value is required under
5.18	section 272.115, or any deed or other instrument of conveyance dated after October 31,
5.19	1990, from a governmental body exempt from the payment of state deed tax, unless the
5.20	deed or other instrument of conveyance contains the statement made in accordance with
5.21	paragraph (c) or (d) or is accompanied by the well disclosure certificate containing all the
5.22	information required by paragraph (b) or (d). The county recorder or registrar of titles must
5.23	not accept a certificate unless it contains all the required information. The county recorder
5.24	or registrar of titles shall note on each deed or other instrument of conveyance accompanied by a well disclosure certificate that the well disclosure certificate was received. The notation
5 25	

15.26	must include the statement "No wells on property" if the disclosure certificate states there
15.27	are no wells on the property. The well disclosure certificate shall not be filed or recorded
15.28	in the records maintained by the county recorder or registrar of titles. After noting "No wells
15.29	on property" on the deed or other instrument of conveyance, the county recorder or registrar
15.30	of titles shall destroy or return to the buyer the well disclosure certificate. The county
15.31	recorder or registrar of titles shall collect from the buyer or the person seeking to record a
15.32	deed or other instrument of conveyance, a fee of \$50 \$54 for receipt of a completed well
15.33	disclosure certificate. By the tenth day of each month, the county recorder or registrar of
15.34	titles shall transmit the well disclosure certificates to the commissioner of health. By the
16.1	tenth day after the end of each calendar quarter, the county recorder or registrar of titles
16.2	shall transmit to the commissioner of health \$42.50 \$46.50 of the fee for each well disclosure
16.3	certificate received during the quarter. The commissioner shall maintain the well disclosure
16.4	certificate for at least six years. The commissioner may store the certificate as an electronic
16.5	image. A copy of that image shall be as valid as the original.
16.6	(i) No new well disclosure certificate is required under this subdivision if the buyer or
16.7	seller, or a person authorized to act on behalf of the buyer or seller, certifies on the deed or
16.8	other instrument of conveyance that the status and number of wells on the property have
16.9	not changed since the last previously filed well disclosure certificate. The following
16.10	statement, if followed by the signature of the person making the statement, is sufficient to
16.11	comply with the certification requirement of this paragraph: "I am familiar with the property
16.12	described in this instrument and I certify that the status and number of wells on the described
16.13	real property have not changed since the last previously filed well disclosure certificate."
16.14	The certification and signature may be on the front or back of the deed or on an attached
16.15	sheet and an acknowledgment of the statement is not required for the deed or other instrument
16.16	of conveyance to be recordable.
16.17	(j) The commissioner in consultation with county recorders shall prescribe the form for
16.18	a well disclosure certificate and provide well disclosure certificate forms to county recorders
16.19	and registrars of titles and other interested persons.
16.20	(k) Failure to comply with a requirement of this subdivision does not impair:
16.21	(1) the validity of a deed or other instrument of conveyance as between the parties to
16.22	the deed or instrument or as to any other person who otherwise would be bound by the deed
16.22	or instrument; or
10.23	
16.24	(2) the record, as notice, of any deed or other instrument of conveyance accepted for
16.25	filing or recording contrary to the provisions of this subdivision.
16.26	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.525, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
16.27	Subd. 2. Certification fee. (a) The application fee for certification as a representative
16.28	of a well contractor is \$75 \$100. The commissioner may not act on an application until the
16.29	application fee is paid.

16.30 16.31	(b) The renewal fee for certification as a representative of a well contractor is \$75 \unders100. The commissioner may not renew a certification until the renewal fee is paid.
16.32 16.33 17.1 17.2	(c) A certified representative must file an application and a renewal application fee to renew the certification by the date stated in the certification. The renewal application must include information that the certified representative has met continuing education requirements established by the commissioner by rule.
17.3	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.525, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
17.4	Subd. 6. License fee. The fee for a well contractor's license is \$250 \( \) \(
17.5	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.525, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
17.6 17.7	Subd. 8. <b>Renewal.</b> (a) A licensee must file an application and a renewal application fee to renew the license by the date stated in the license.
17.8	(b) The renewal application fee for a well contractor's license is \$250 \( \) \$300.
17.9 17.10 17.11	(c) The renewal application must include information that the certified representative of the applicant has met continuing education requirements established by the commissioner by rule.
17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15	(d) At the time of the renewal, the commissioner must have on file all properly completed well and boring construction reports, well and boring sealing reports, reports of elevator borings, water sample analysis reports, well and boring permits, and well notifications for work conducted by the licensee since the last license renewal.
17.16	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.531, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
17.17 17.18 17.19	Subd. 2. <b>Certification fee.</b> (a) The application fee for certification as a representative of a limited well/boring contractor is \$75 \\$100. The commissioner may not act on an application until the application fee is paid.
17.20 17.21	(b) The renewal fee for certification as a representative of a limited well/boring contractor is \$75 \$100. The commissioner may not renew a certification until the renewal fee is paid.
17.22	(c) The fee for three or more limited well/boring contractor certifications is \$225 \$275.
17.23 17.24 17.25 17.26	(d) A certified representative must file an application and a renewal application fee to renew the certification by the date stated in the certification. The renewal application must include information that the certified representative has met continuing education requirements established by the commissioner by rule.
17.27	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.531, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
17.28 17.29	Subd. 6. <b>License fee.</b> The fee for a limited well/boring contractor's license is \$75 \underset{100}. The fee for three or more limited well/boring contractor licenses is \underset{225} \underset{275}.

8.1	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.531, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
8.2 8.3	Subd. 8. <b>Renewal.</b> (a) A person must file an application and a renewal application fee to renew the limited well/boring contractor's license by the date stated in the license.
8.4	(b) The renewal application fee for a limited well/boring contractor's license is \$75 \square 100
8.5 8.6 8.7	(c) The renewal application must include information that the certified representative of the applicant has met continuing education requirements established by the commissioner by rule.
8.8 8.9 8.10 8.11	(d) At the time of the renewal, the commissioner must have on file all properly complete well and boring construction reports, well and boring sealing reports, well and boring permits, water quality sample reports, and well notifications for work conducted by the licensee since the last license renewal.
8.12	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.535, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
8.13 8.14 8.15	Subd. 2. <b>Certification fee.</b> (a) The application fee for certification as a representative of an elevator boring contractor is \$75 \subseteq 100. The commissioner may not act on an application until the application fee is paid.
8.16 8.17	(b) The renewal fee for certification as a representative of an elevator boring contractor is $\$75 \ \$100$ . The commissioner may not renew a certification until the renewal fee is paid.
8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21	(c) A certified representative must file an application and a renewal application fee to renew the certification by the date stated in the certification. The renewal application must include information that the certified representative has met continuing education requirements established by the commissioner by rule.
8.22	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.535, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
8.23	Subd. 6. License fee. The fee for an elevator boring contractor's license is $\$75 \ \$100$ .
8.24	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.535, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
8.25 8.26	Subd. 8. <b>Renewal.</b> (a) A person must file an application and a renewal application fee to renew the license by the date stated in the license.
8.27	(b) The renewal application fee for an elevator boring contractor's license is $\$75 \ \$100$ .
8.28 8.29 8.30	(c) The renewal application must include information that the certified representative of the applicant has met continuing education requirements established by the commissioner by rule.
9.1	(d) At the time of renewal, the commissioner must have on file all reports and permits

19.3	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.541, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
19.4 19.5 19.6 19.7 19.8	Subd. 2b. <b>Issuance of license.</b> If a person employs a certified representative, submits the bond under subdivision 3, and pays the license fee of $\$75$ $\$100$ for an environmental well contractor license, the commissioner shall issue an environmental well contractor license to the applicant. The fee for an individual registration is $\$75$ $\$100$ . The commissioner may not act on an application until the application fee is paid.
19.9	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.541, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:
19.10 19.11 19.12	Subd. 2c. <b>Certification fee.</b> (a) The application fee for certification as a representative of an environmental well contractor is \$75 \$100. The commissioner may not act on an application until the application fee is paid.
19.13 19.14 19.15	(b) The renewal fee for certification as a representative of an environmental well contractor is \$75 \\$100. The commissioner may not renew a certification until the renewal fee is paid.
19.16 19.17 19.18 19.19	(c) A certified representative must file an application and a renewal application fee to renew the certification by the date stated in the certification. The renewal application must include information that the certified representative has met continuing education requirements established by the commissioner by rule.
19.20	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.541, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
19.21 19.22	Subd. 4. <b>License renewal.</b> (a) A person must file an application and a renewal application fee to renew the license by the date stated in the license.
19.23 19.24	(b) The renewal application fee for an environmental well contractor's license is $\$75$ $\$100$ .
19.25 19.26 19.27	(c) The renewal application must include information that the certified representative of the applicant has met continuing education requirements established by the commissioner by rule.
19.28 19.29 19.30	(d) At the time of the renewal, the commissioner must have on file all well and boring construction reports, well and boring sealing reports, well permits, and notifications for work conducted by the licensed person since the last license renewal.
20.1	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.545, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
20.2 20.3 20.4	Subdivision 1. <b>Drilling machine.</b> (a) A person may not use a drilling machine such as a cable tool, rotary tool, hollow rod tool, or auger for a drilling activity requiring a license under this chapter unless the drilling machine is registered with the commissioner.
20.5 20.6	(b) A person must apply for the registration on forms prescribed by the commissioner and submit a \$75 \subseteq 125 registration fee.
20.7	(c) A registration is valid for one year.

0.8	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.545, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
0.9 0.10 0.11	Subd. 2. <b>Hoist.</b> (a) A person may not use a machine such as a hoist for an activity requiring a license under this chapter to repair wells or borings, seal wells or borings, or install pumps unless the machine is registered with the commissioner.
0.12 0.13	(b) A person must apply for the registration on forms prescribed by the commissioner and submit a $\$75$ $\$125$ registration fee.
0.14	(c) A registration is valid for one year.
0.15	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 103I.601, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
0.16 0.17 0.18 0.19	Subd. 2. License required to make borings. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (d), a person must not make an exploratory boring without an explorer's license. The fee for an explorer's license is $\$75$ 100. The explorer's license is valid until the date prescribed in the license by the commissioner.
0.20 0.21	(b) A person must file an application and renewal application fee to renew the explorer's license by the date stated in the license. The renewal application fee is $\$75$ $\$100$ .
0.22	(c) If the licensee submits an application fee after the required renewal date, the licensee
0.23	(1) must include a late fee of \$75; and
0.24 0.25 0.26	(2) may not conduct activities authorized by an explorer's license until the renewal application, renewal application fee, late fee, and sealing reports required in subdivision 9 are submitted.
0.27 0.28	(d) An explorer must designate a responsible individual to supervise and oversee the making of exploratory borings.
1.1 1.2 1.3	(1) Before an individual supervises or oversees an exploratory boring, the individual must file an application and application fee of $\$75$ $\$100$ to qualify as a certified responsible individual.
1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7	(2) The individual must take and pass an examination relating to construction, location, and sealing of exploratory borings. A professional engineer or geoscientist licensed under sections 326.02 to 326.15 or a professional geologist certified by the American Institute of Professional Geologists is not required to take the examination required in this subdivision, but must be certified as a responsible individual to supervise an exploratory boring.
1.9 1.10 1.11 1.12 1.13	(3) The individual must file an application and a renewal fee of \$75 \unders100 to renew the responsible individual's certification by the date stated in the certification. If the certified responsible individual submits an application fee after the renewal date, the certified responsible individual must include a late fee of \$75 and may not supervise or oversee exploratory borings until the renewal application, application fee, and late fee are submitted.

2.11	The commissioner of health shall establish the dementia services program to:
2.12	(1) facilitate the coordination and support of:
2.13 2.14	(i) state-funded policies and programs that relate to Alzheimer's disease or related forms of dementia;
2.15 2.16 2.17 2.18	(ii) outreach programs and services between state agencies, local public health departments, Tribal Nations, educational institutions, and community groups for the purpose of fostering public awareness and education regarding Alzheimer's disease and related forms of dementia; and
2.19 2.20 2.21 2.22	(iii) services and activities between groups that are interested in dementia research, programs, and services, including area agencies on aging, service providers, advocacy groups, legal services, emergency personnel, law enforcement, local public health departments, Tribal Nations, and state colleges and universities;
2.23 2.24	(2) facilitate the coordination, review, publication, and implementation of and updates to the Alzheimer's Disease State Plan;
2.25 2.26	$\underline{\text{(3)}}$ collect and analyze data related to the impact of Alzheimer's disease in Minnesota;
2.27 2.28	(4) incorporate early detection and risk reduction strategies into existing department-led public health programs.

Section 1. [144.063] DEMENTIA SERVICES PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.

2.10

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21.17	Sec. 23. Minimeson Statutes 2021, Section 1031.001, Subdivision 1, 15 unicided to read.
21.15	Subd. 4. Notification and map of borings. (a) By ten days before beginning exploratory
21.16	boring, an explorer must submit to the commissioner of health a notification of the proposed
21.17	boring map and a fee of $\frac{$275}{$325}$ for each boring constructed.
21.18	
	(b) By ten days before beginning exploratory boring, an explorer must submit to the
21.19	commissioners of health and natural resources a county road map on a single sheet of paper
21.20	that is 8-1/2 by 11 inches in size and having a scale of one-half inch equal to one mile, as
21.21	prepared by the Department of Transportation, or a 7.5 minute series topographic map
21.22	(1:24,000 scale), as prepared by the United States Geological Survey, showing the location
21.23	of each proposed exploratory boring to the nearest estimated 40 acre parcel. Exploratory
21.24	boring that is proposed on the map may not be commenced later than 180 days after
21.25	submission of the map, unless a new map is submitted.
21.26	Sec. 26. [144.063] DEMENTIA SERVICES PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.
21.27	The commissioner of health shall establish the dementia services program to:
21.28	(1) facilitate the coordination and support of:
21.29	(i) state-funded policies and programs that relate to Alzheimer's disease and related
21.30	forms of dementia;
21.31	(ii) outreach programs and services between state agencies, local public health
21.31	departments, Tribal Nations, educational institutions, and community groups for the purpose
22.1	of fostering public awareness and education regarding Alzheimer's disease and related forms
22.2	of dementia; and
22.3	(iii) services and activities between groups that are interested in dementia research,
22.4	programs, and services, including area agencies on aging, service providers, advocacy
22.5	groups, legal services, emergency personnel, law enforcement, local public health
22.6	departments, Tribal Nations, and state colleges and universities;
22.7	(2) facilitate the coordination, review, publication, and implementation of and updates
22.8	to the Minnesota Dementia Strategic Plan;
22.9	(3) use and share data related to the impact of Alzheimer's disease and related forms of
22.10	dementia in Minnesota to guide statewide action; and
22.11	(4) incorporate early detection and risk reduction strategies into existing department-led
22.12	public health programs.
22.13	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.064, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
22.14	Subd. 3. Commissioner duties. (a) The commissioner shall make available to health
22.15	care practitioners, women who may become pregnant, expectant parents, and parents of
22.16	infants up-to-date and evidence-based information about congenital CMV that has been

22.17 22.18	reviewed by experts with knowledge of the disease. The information shall include the following:
22.19 22.20 22.21 22.22	(1) the recommendation to consider testing for congenital CMV if the parent or legal guardian of the infant elected not to have newborn screening performed under section 144.125, the infant failed a newborn hearing screening, or pregnancy history suggests increased risk for congenital CMV infection;
22.23	(2) the incidence of CMV;
22.24	(3) the transmission of CMV to pregnant women and women who may become pregnant;
22.25	(4) birth defects caused by congenital CMV;
22.26 22.27	(5) available preventative measures to avoid the infection of women who are pregnant or may become pregnant; and
22.28	(6) resources available for families of children born with congenital CMV.
22.29 22.30 22.31	(b) The commissioner shall follow existing department practice, inclusive of community engagement, to ensure that the information in paragraph (a) is culturally and linguistically appropriate for all recipients.
23.1	(c) The commissioner shall establish an outreach program to:
23.2 23.3	(1) educate women who may become pregnant, expectant parents, and parents of infants about CMV; and
23.4	(2) raise awareness for CMV among health care practitioners.
23.5 23.6 23.7 23.8 23.9 23.10 23.11	(d) The Advisory Committee on Heritable and Congenital Disorders established under section 144.1255 shall review congenital CMV for inclusion on the list of tests to be performed under section 144.125. If the committee recommends and the commissioner approves the recommendation of adding congenital CMV to the newborn screening panel, the commissioner shall publish the addition in the State Register and the per specimen fee for screening under section 144.125, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), shall be increased by \$43, for a total of \$220 per specimen, effective upon publication in the State Register.
	THE FOLLOWING SECTION IS FROM UEH2435-1 ARTICLE 2
89.15	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.0758, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
89.16 89.17 89.18	Subd. 3. Eligible grantees. (a) Organizations eligible to receive grant funding under this section are Minnesota's Tribal Nations in accordance with paragraph (b) and urban American Indian community-based organizations in accordance with paragraph (c).
89.19 89.20	(b) Minnesota's Tribal Nations may choose to receive funding under this section according to a noncompetitive funding formula specified by the commissioner.

2.30 Subd. 3. Eligible grantees. (a) Organizations eligible to receive grant funding under

2.31 this section are Minnesota's Tribal Nations in accordance with paragraph (b) and urban

2.32 American Indian community-based organizations in accordance with paragraph (c).

(b) Minnesota's Tribal Nations may choose to receive funding under this section according
 to a noncompetitive funding formula specified by the commissioner.

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(c) Urban American Indian community-based organizations are eligible to apply for funding under this section by submitting a proposal for consideration by the commissioner.

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89.21 89.22	(c) Urban American Indian community-based organizations are eligible to apply for funding under this section by submitting a proposal for consideration by the commissioner.		
23.12	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.1205, subdivision 2, is amend	led to read:	
23.13 23.14	Subd. 2. <b>Initial and annual fee.</b> (a) A licensee must pay an initial fee that is equivalent to the annual fee upon issuance of the initial license.		
23.15 23.16	(b) A licensee must pay an annual fee at least 60 days before the anniversary date of the issuance of the license. The annual fee is as follows:		
23.17	ТҮРЕ	LICENSE FEE	
23.18 23.19	Academic broad scope - type A, B, or C	\$25,896 \$34,500	
<ul><li>23.20</li><li>23.21</li></ul>	Academic broad scope - type A, B, or C (4-8 locations)	\$31,075 \$41,400	
23.22 23.23	Academic broad scope - type A, B, or C (9 or more locations)	\$36,254 \$48,300	
23.24 23.25	Medical broad scope - type A	\$25,896 \$34,500	
23.26 23.27	Medical broad scope - type A (4-8 locations)	\$31,075 \$41,400	
23.28 23.29	Medical broad scope - type A (9 or more locations)	\$36,254 \$48,300	
23.30 23.31 23.32	Medical - diagnostic, diagnostic and therapeutic, mobile nuclear medicine, eye applicators, high dose rate afterloaders, and medical therapy emerging technologies	\$4,784 \$6,600	
23.33 23.34 23.35	Medical - diagnostic, diagnostic and therapeutic, mobile nuclear medicine, eye applicators, high dose rate afterloaders, and medical therapy emerging technologies (4-8 locations)	\$ <del>5,740</del> \$7,900	
23.36 23.37 23.38	Medical - diagnostic, diagnostic and therapeutic, mobile nuclear medicine, eye applicators, high dose rate afterloaders, and medical therapy emerging technologies (9 or more locations)	\$ <del>6,697</del> \$9,200	
24.1 24.2	Teletherapy	\$11,648 \$15,500	

24.3 24.4	Gamma knife	\$11,648 \$15,500
24.5 24.6	Veterinary medicine	\$2,600 \$3,500
24.7 24.8	In vitro testing lab	\$2,600 \$3,500
24.9 24.10	Nuclear pharmacy	\$11,440 \$15,300
24.11 24.12	Nuclear pharmacy (5 or more locations)	\$13,728 \$18,300
24.13 24.14	Radiopharmaceutical distribution (10 CFR 32.72)	\$4,992 \$6,700
24.15 24.16	Radiopharmaceutical processing and distribution (10 CFR 32.72)	\$11,440 \$15,300
24.17 24.18	Radiopharmaceutical processing and distribution (10 CFR 32.72) (5 or more locations)	\$13,728 \$18,300
24.19 24.20	Medical sealed sources - distribution (10 CFR 32.74)	\$4,992 \$6,700
24.21 24.22	Medical sealed sources - processing and distribution (10 CFR 32.74)	\$11,440 \$15,300
24.23 24.24	Medical sealed sources - processing and distribution (10 CFR 32.74) (5 or more locations)	\$13,728 \$18,300
24.25 24.26	Well logging - sealed sources	\$4,888 \$6,600
24.27 24.28	Measuring systems - (fixed gauge, portable gauge, gas chromatograph, other)	\$2,600 \$3,800
24.29 24.30	Measuring systems - (fixed gauge, portable gauge, gas chromatograph, other) (4-8 locations)	\$3,120 \$4,500
24.31 24.32	Measuring systems - (fixed gauge, portable gauge, gas chromatograph, other) (9 or more locations)	\$3,640 \$5,200

24.33 24.34	X-ray fluorescent analyzer	\$1,976 \$2,700
24.35 24.36	Manufacturing and distribution - type A broad scope	\$25,896 \$34,500
24.37 24.38	Manufacturing and distribution - type A broad scope (4-8 locations)	\$31,075 \$41,400
24.39 24.40	Manufacturing and distribution - type A broad scope (9 or more locations)	\$36,254 \$48,300
24.41 24.42	Manufacturing and distribution - type B or C broad scope	\$22,880 \$30,500
24.43 24.44	Manufacturing and distribution - type B or C broad scope (4-8 locations)	\$27,456 \$36,600
24.45 24.46	Manufacturing and distribution - type B or C broad scope (9 or more locations)	\$32,032 \$42,700
25.1 25.2	Manufacturing and distribution - other	\$6,864 \$9,200
25.3 25.4	Manufacturing and distribution - other (4-8 locations)	\$8,236 \$11,000
25.5 25.6	Manufacturing and distribution - other (9 or more locations)	\$9,609 \$12,800
25.7 25.8	Nuclear laundry	\$24,232 \$32,300
25.9 25.10	Decontamination services	\$6,448 \$8,600
25.11 25.12	Leak test services only	\$2,600 \$3,500
25.13 25.14	Instrument calibration service only	\$2,600 \$3,500
25.15 25.16	Service, maintenance, installation, source changes, etc.	\$6,448 \$8,600

25.17		\$7,800
25.18	Waste disposal service, prepackaged only	\$10,400
25.19		<del>\$10,816</del>
25.20	Waste disposal	\$14,400
25.21		<del>\$2,288</del>
25.22	Distribution - general licensed devices (sealed sources)	\$3,100
25.23		<del>\$1,456</del>
25.24	Distribution - general licensed material (unsealed sources)	\$2,000
25.25		<del>\$12,792</del>
25.26	Industrial radiography - fixed or temporary location	\$17,200
25.27	Industrial radiography - fixed or temporary location (5 or more	<del>\$16,629</del>
25.28	locations)	\$22,300
25.29		<del>\$3,744</del>
25.30	Irradiators, self-shielding	\$5,000
25.31		<del>\$6,968</del>
25.32	Irradiators, other, less than 10,000 curies	\$9,300
25.33		<del>\$12,376</del>
25.34	Research and development - type A, B, or C broad scope	\$16,500
25.35	Research and development - type A, B, or C broad scope (4-8	<del>\$14,851</del>
25.36	locations)	\$19,800
25.37	Research and development - type A, B, or C broad scope (9 or	<del>\$17,326</del>
25.38	more locations)	\$23,100
25.39		<del>\$5,824</del>
25.40	Research and development - other	\$7,800
25.41		<del>\$2,600</del>
25.42	Storage - no operations	\$3,500
25.43		<del>\$759</del>
25.44	Source material - shielding	\$1,100
25.45		<del>\$4,784</del>
25.46	Special nuclear material plutonium - neutron source in device	\$6,400

26.1 26.2	Pacemaker by-product and/or special nuclear material - medical (institution)	\$4,784 \$6,400
26.3 26.4	Pacemaker by-product and/or special nuclear material - manufacturing and distribution	<del>\$6,864</del> \$9,200
26.5 26.6	Accelerator-produced radioactive material	\$4,992 \$6,700
26.7 26.8	Nonprofit educational institutions	\$500 \$700
26.9	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.1205, subdivision 4, is a	amended to read:
26.10 26.11	Subd. 4. <b>Initial and renewal application fee.</b> A licensee must pay a renewal application fee according to this subdivision.	an initial and a
26.12	TYPE	APPLICATION FEE
26.13 26.14	Academic broad scope - type A, B, or C	\$6,808 \$9,100
26.15 26.16	Medical broad scope - type A	\$4,508 \$6,000
26.17	Medical - diagnostic, diagnostic and therapeutic, mobile nuclear	Ф1 740
26.18 26.19	medicine, eye applicators, high dose rate afterloaders, and medical therapy emerging technologies	\$1,748 \$2,350
26.20 26.21	Teletherapy	\$6,348 \$8,450
26.22 26.23	Gamma knife	\$6,348 \$8,450
26.24 26.25	Veterinary medicine	\$1,104 \$1,500
26.26 26.27	In vitro testing lab	\$1,104 \$1,500
26.28 26.29	Nuclear pharmacy	<del>\$5,612</del> \$7,500

26.30 26.31	Radiopharmaceutical distribution (10 CFR 32.72)	\$2,484 \$3,350
26.32 26.33	Radiopharmaceutical processing and distribution (10 CFR 32.72)	\$5,612 \$7,500
26.34 26.35	Medical sealed sources - distribution (10 CFR 32.74)	\$2,484 \$3,350
26.36 26.37	Medical sealed sources - processing and distribution (10 CFR 32.74)	\$5,612 \$7,500
26.38 26.39	Well logging - sealed sources	\$1,840 \$2,450
26.40 26.41	Measuring systems - (fixed gauge, portable gauge, gas chromatograph, other)	\$1,104 \$1,500
26.42 26.43	X-ray fluorescent analyzer	<del>\$671</del> \$900
27.1 27.2	Manufacturing and distribution - type A, B, and C broad scope	\$6,854 \$9,150
27.3 27.4	Manufacturing and distribution - other	\$2,668 \$3,550
27.5 27.6	Nuclear laundry	\$11,592 \$15,450
27.7 27.8	Decontamination services	\$3,036 \$4,050
27.9 27.10	Leak test services only	\$1,104 \$1,500
27.11 27.12	Instrument calibration service only	\$1,104 \$1,500
27.13 27.14	Service, maintenance, installation, source changes, etc.	\$3,036 \$4,050
27.15 27.16	Waste disposal service, prepackaged only	<del>\$2,576</del> \$3,450

27.17 27.18	Waste disposal	\$1,748 \$2,350
27.19 27.20	Distribution - general licensed devices (sealed sources)	\$1,012 \$1,350
27.21 27.22	Distribution - general licensed material (unsealed sources)	<del>\$598</del> \$800
27.23 27.24	Industrial radiography - fixed or temporary location	\$3,036 \$4,050
27.25 27.26	Irradiators, self-shielding	\$1,656 \$2,250
27.27 27.28	Irradiators, other, less than 10,000 curies	\$3,404 \$4,550
27.29 27.30	Research and development - type A, B, or C broad scope	\$5,704 \$7,600
27.31 27.32	Research and development - other	\$2,760 \$3,700
27.33 27.34	Storage - no operations	\$1,104 \$1,500
27.35 27.36	Source material - shielding	<del>\$156</del> \$250
27.37 27.38	Special nuclear material plutonium - neutron source in device	\$1,380 \$1,850
27.39 27.40	Pacemaker by-product and/or special nuclear material - medical (institution)	\$1,380 \$1,850
27.41 27.42	Pacemaker by-product and/or special nuclear material - manufacturing and distribution	\$2,668 \$3,550
27.43 27.44	Accelerator-produced radioactive material	\$4,715 \$6,300
27.45 27.46	Nonprofit educational institutions	\$345 \$500

28.1	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.1205, subdivision 8, is amended	to re	ad:
28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6	Subd. 8. <b>Reciprocity fee.</b> A licensee submitting an application for reciprocal of a materials license issued by another agreement state or the United States Nucl Regulatory Commission for a period of 180 days or less during a calendar year m \$2,400  \q	ear ust p	ay
28.7	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.1205, subdivision 9, is amended	to re	ad:
28.8 28.9	Subd. 9. <b>Fees for license amendments.</b> A licensee must pay a fee of \$600 \square\$ amend a license as follows:	800 1	to
28.10 28.11	(1) to amend a license requiring review including, but not limited to, addition procedure changes, new authorized users, or a new radiation safety officer; or	n of i	sotopes,
28.12 28.13	(2) to amend a license requiring review and a site visit including, but not limfacility move or addition of processes.	ited	to,
28.14	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.1205, subdivision 10, is amende	d to 1	read:
28.15 28.16 28.17	Subd. 10. <b>Fees for general license registrations.</b> A person required to regis licensed devices according to Minnesota Rules, part 4731.3215, must pay an annuregistration fee of \$450 \[ \frac{\$600}{}. \]	_	enerally
28.18	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, subdivision 1a, is amended	to re	ad:
28.19 28.20 28.21 28.22	Subd. 1a. Fees for ionizing radiation-producing equipment. (a) A facility radiation-producing equipment and other sources of ionizing radiation must pay a or annual renewal registration fee consisting of a base facility fee of \$100 \section 155 at additional fee for each x-ray tube, as follows:	n ini	tial
28.23 28.24	(1) medical or veterinary equipment	\$	100 130
28.25	(2) dental x-ray equipment	\$	<del>40</del>
28.26			60
28.27 28.28	(3) x-ray equipment not used on humans or animals	\$	100 130
28.29 28.30 28.31	(4) devices with sources of ionizing radiation not used on humans or animals	\$	100 130

28.32 28.33	(5) security screening system	\$	100 160
29.1	(6) radiation therapy and accelerator	\$	1,000
29.2	x-ray equipment	Ψ.	1,000
29.3	(7) industrial accelerator x-ray	\$	300
29.4	equipment	_	
29.5	(b) A facility with radiation therapy and accelerator equipment must pay an ir	itie	<del>ıl or</del>
29.6	annual registration fee of \$500. A facility with an industrial accelerator must pay a	n ii	<del>ritial</del>
29.7	or annual registration fee of \$150.		
29.8 29.9	(e) (b) Electron microscopy equipment is exempt from the registration fee registration.	uir	ements
	(d) (a) For assumages of this section a security someoning system making invision	~	
29.10	(d) (c) For purposes of this section, a security screening system means ionizing	_	1
29.11 29.12	radiation-producing equipment designed and used for security screening of human		
	are in the custody of a correctional or detention facility, and used by the facility to		
29.13	and identify contraband items concealed within or on all sides of a human body. For		
29.14	of this section, a correctional or detention facility is a facility licensed under section		
29.15	and operated by a state agency or political subdivision charged with detection, enfo		
29.16 29.17	or incarceration in respect to state criminal and traffic laws. The commissioner sharules to establish requirements for the use of security screening systems. Notwithst		
29.17	section 14.125, the authority to adopt these rules does not expire.	anc	ınıg
29.10	section 14.123, the authority to adopt these rules does not expire.		
29.19	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, is amended by adding a subo	livi	sion
29.20	to read:		
29.21	Subd. 1e. Fee for service provider of ionizing radiation-producing equipm	ien	t. A
29.22	service provider of ionizing radiation-producing equipment and other sources of ionizing equipment and ionizing equipment eq		
29.23	radiation must pay an initial or annual renewal fee of \$115.		
29.24	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, subdivision 2, is amended to	rea	ad:
29.25	Subd. 2. Inspections. Periodic radiation safety inspections of the x-ray equipment of x-ray equipment	ner	nt and
29.26	other sources of ionizing radiation shall be made by the commissioner of health. T	ne	
29.27	frequency of safety inspections shall be prescribed by the commissioner on the bas	is (	∍ <del>f</del>
29.28	based on the frequency of radiation exposure risk to occupational and public health	ı fr	om
29.29	use of the x-ray equipment and other source of ionizing radiation, provided that ea	eh :	source
29.30	shall be inspected at least once every four years.		
30.1	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, subdivision 5, is amended to	rea	ad:
30.2	Subd. 5. Examination for individual operating x-ray systems. (a) An indiv	idu	al in a
30.3	facility with x-ray systems for use on living humans that is registered under subdiv	isio	on 1

30.4 30.5	may not operate, nor may the facility allow the individual to operate, x-ray systems unless the individual has passed a national or state examination.
30.6	(b) Individuals who may operate x-ray systems include:
30.7 30.8	(1) an individual who has passed the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) registry for radiography examination;
30.9 30.10 30.11	(2) an individual who has passed the American Chiropractic Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ACRRT) registry examination and is limited to radiography of spines and extremities;
30.12 30.13 30.14	(3) a registered limited scope x-ray operator and a registered bone densitometry equipment operator who passed the examination requirements in paragraphs (d) and (e) and practices according to subdivision 5a;
30.15 30.16 30.17	(4) an x-ray operator who has the original certificate or the original letter of passing the examination that was required before January 1, 2008, under Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 144.121, subdivision 5a, paragraph (b), clause (1);
30.18 30.19	(5) an individual who has passed the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) registry for radiation therapy examination according to subdivision 5e;
30.20	(6) a cardiovascular technologist according to subdivision 5c;
30.21	(7) a nuclear medicine technologist according to subdivision 5d;
30.22 30.23	(8) an individual who has passed the examination for a dental hygienist under section 150A.06 and only operates dental x-ray systems;
30.24 30.25	(9) an individual who has passed the examination for a dental therapist under section 150A.06 and only operates dental x-ray systems;
30.26 30.27	(10) an individual who has passed the examination for a dental assistant under section 150A.06 and only operates dental x-ray systems;
30.28 30.29	(11) an individual who has passed the examination under Minnesota Rules, part 3100.8500, subpart 3 3100.1320, and only operates dental x-ray systems; and
30.30 30.31	(12) a qualified practitioner who is licensed by a health-related licensing board with active practice authority and is working within the practitioner's scope of practice.
31.1 31.2 31.3 31.4	(c) Except for individuals under clauses (3) and (4), an individual who is participating in a training or educational program in any of the occupations listed in paragraph (b) is exempt from the examination requirement within the scope and for the duration of the training or educational program.
31.5	(d) The Minnesota examination for limited scope x-ray operators must include:

1.6	(1) radiation protection, radiation physics and radiobiology, equipment operation and
1.7	quality assurance, image acquisition and technical evaluation, and patient interactions and
1.8	management; and
1.9	(2) at least one of the following regions of the human anatomy: chest, extremities, skull
1.10	and sinus, spine, or podiatry. The examinations must include the anatomy of, and radiographic
1.11	positions and projections for, the specific regions.
1.12	(e) The examination for bone densitometry equipment operators must include:
1.13	(1) osteoporosis, bone physiology, bone health and patient education, patient preparation
1.14	fundamental principals, biological effects of radiation, units of measurements, radiation
1.15	protection in bone densitometry, fundamentals of x-ray production, quality control, measuring
1.16	bone mineral testing, determining quality in bone mineral testing, file and database
1.17	management; and
1.18	(2) dual x-ray absorptiometry scanning of the lumbar spine, proximal femur, and forearn
1.19	The examination must include the anatomy, scan acquisition, and scan analysis for these
1.20	three procedures.
1.21	(f) A limited scope x-ray operator, and a bone densitometry equipment operator, who
1.22	are required to take an examination under this subdivision must submit to the commissioner
1.23	a registration application for the examination and a \$25 processing fee. The processing fee
1.24	shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government special revenue
1.25	fund.
1.26	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, is amended by adding a subdivision
1.27	to read:
1.28	Subd. 10. Service provider practice; service technician. (a) A service technician is a
1.29	service provider who performs one or more of the following, including but not limited to:
1.30	assembly, installation, calibration, equipment performance evaluation, preventive
1.31	maintenance, repair, replacement, or disabling of ionizing radiation-producing equipment
1.32	and other sources of ionizing radiation. A service technician may not perform an equipment
2.1	performance evaluation on computed tomography, medical cone beam computed tomography
2.2	and fluoroscopy equipment.
2.3	(b) In order to provide service technician services, a service provider must register with
2.4	the commissioner as a service technician, meet the applicable requirements in Minnesota
2.5	Rules, chapter 4732, and pay the fee in subdivision 1e.
2.6	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, is amended by adding a subdivision
2.7	to read:
2.8	Subd. 11. Service provider practice; vendor. (a) A vendor is a service provider who
2.9	performs one or more of the following services, including but not limited to: sales, leasing,
	r or the rest of the series, metading out her minted to bares, reading,

32.10	lending, transferring, disposal, or demonstration of ionizing radiation-producing equipment
32.11	and other sources of ionizing radiation.
32.12	(b) In order to provide vendor services, a service provider must register with the
32.13	commissioner as a vendor, meet the applicable requirements in Minnesota Rules, chapter
32.14	4732, and pay the fee in subdivision 1e.
32.15	Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, is amended by adding a subdivision
32.16	to read:
32.17	Subd. 12. Service provider practice; qualified medical physicist. (a) A qualified
32.18	medical physicist is a service provider who provides medical physics services and must be
32.19	certified in diagnostic medical physics, diagnostic radiological physics, radiological physics,
32.20	diagnostic imaging physics, or diagnostic radiology physics by the American Board of
32.21	Radiology, the American Board of Medical Physics, or the Canadian College of Physicists
32.22	in Medicine.
32.23	(b) In order to provide medical physics services a service provider must register with
32.24	the commissioner as a qualified medical physicist, meet the applicable requirements in
32.25	Minnesota Rules, chapter 4732, and pay the fee in subdivision 1e.
32.26	Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, is amended by adding a subdivision
32.27	to read:
32.28	Subd. 13. Service provider practice; qualified expert. (a) A qualified expert is a service
32.29	provider who provides expert physics services, and must be certified in the appropriate
32.30	fields or specialties in which physics services are provided by the American Board of Health
32.31	Physics, the American Board of Medical Physics, the American Board of Radiology, the
33.1	American Board of Science in Nuclear Medicine, or the Canadian College of Physicists in
33.2	Medicine.
33.3	(b) In order to provide health physics services, a service provider must register with the
33.4	commissioner as a qualified expert, meet the applicable requirements in Minnesota Rules,
33.5	chapter 4732, and pay the fee in subdivision 1e.
33.6	Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, is amended by adding a subdivision
33.7	to read:
33.8	
	Subd. 14. Service provider practice; physicist assistant. (a) A physicist assistant is a
33.9	Subd. 14. Service provider practice; physicist assistant. (a) A physicist assistant is a service provider who provides expert physics or medical physics services under the
33.9 33.10	
	service provider who provides expert physics or medical physics services under the supervision of a qualified expert or a qualified medical physicist and must be deemed competent by a qualified expert or a qualified medical physicist in the appropriate fields or
33.10	service provider who provides expert physics or medical physics services under the supervision of a qualified expert or a qualified medical physicist and must be deemed
33.10 33.11	service provider who provides expert physics or medical physics services under the supervision of a qualified expert or a qualified medical physicist and must be deemed competent by a qualified expert or a qualified medical physicist in the appropriate fields or

33.15	the commissioner as a physicist assistant, meet the applicable requirements in Minnesota
33.16	Rules, chapter 4732, and pay the fee under subdivision 1e.
33.17	(c) Supervision as used in this subdivision refers to either personal or general supervision
33.18	of a physicist assistant by a qualified expert or a qualified medical physicist according to
33.19	Minnesota Rules, chapter 4732.
33.20	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.121, is amended by adding a subdivision
33.21	to read:
33.22	Subd. 15. Service provider compliance. A service provider registered with the
33.23	commissioner under Minnesota Rules, chapter 4732, must, upon renewal of registration,
33.24	comply with the applicable requirements under this section and submit the fee under
33.25	subdivision 1e.
33.26	Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.1215, is amended by adding a subdivision
33.27	to read:
33.28	Subd. 5. Rulemaking authority. The commissioner shall adopt rules to implement this
33.29	section. Notwithstanding section 14.125, the authority to adopt these rules does not expire.
34.1	Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.1222, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
34.2	Subd. 1a. Fees. All plans and specifications for public pool and spa construction,
34.3	installation, or alteration or requests for a variance that are submitted to the commissioner
34.4	according to Minnesota Rules, part 4717.3975, shall be accompanied by the appropriate
34.5	fees. All public pool construction plans submitted for review after January 1, 2009, must
34.6	be certified by a professional engineer registered in the state of Minnesota. If the
34.7	commissioner determines, upon review of the plans, that inadequate fees were paid, the
34.8	necessary additional fees shall be paid before plan approval. For purposes of determining
34.9	fees, a project is defined as a proposal to construct or install a public pool, spa, special
34.10	purpose pool, or wading pool and all associated water treatment equipment and drains,
34.11	gutters, decks, water recreation features, spray pads, and those design and safety features
34.12	that are within five feet of any pool or spa. Plans submitted less than 30 days prior to
34.13	construction are subject to 50 percent of the original plan review fee. The commissioner
34.14	shall charge the following fees for plan review and inspection of public pools and spas and
34.15	for requests for variance from the public pool and spa rules:
34.16	(1) each pool, $\$1,500$ $\$1,600$ ;
34.17	(2) each spa pool, \$800 \\$900;
34.18	(3) each slide, \$\frac{\$600}{2}\$650;
34.19	(4) projects valued at \$250,000 or more, the greater of the sum of the fees in clauses (1),
34.20	(2), and (3) or 0.5 percent of the documented estimated project cost to a maximum fee of
34.21	\$15,000;

5.5	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.1222, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:
5.6 5.7 5.8	Subd. 2d. Hot tubs Spa pools on rental houseboats property. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "spa pool" has the meaning given in Minnesota Rules, part 4717.0250, subpart 9.
3.9 3.10 3.11 3.12 3.13	(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), a hot water spa pool intended for seated recreational use, including a hot tub or whirlpool, that is located on a houseboat that is rente to the public the property of a stand-alone, single-unit rental property, offered for rent by the property owner or through a resort, and that is only intended to be used by the occupants of the rental property:
5.14	(1) is not a public pool <del>and</del> ;
3.15 3.16	(2) is exempt from the requirements for public pools under <u>subdivisions 1 to 2c, 4, and 5 and Minnesota Rules</u> , chapter 4717, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph; and
3.17	(3) may be used by renters so long as:
5.18	(i) the water temperature in the spa pool does not exceed 106 degrees Fahrenheit;
3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22	(ii) prior to check-in by each new rental party, the resort or property owner tests the water in the spa pool for the concentration of chlorine or bromine, pH, and alkalinity and the water in the spa pool meets the requirements for disinfection residual, pH, and alkalinity in Minnesota Rules, part 4717.1750, subparts 4 to 6; and
3.23 3.24 3.25	(iii) at check-in, the resort or property owner provides each rental party with a notice that there is a spa pool on the property and that the spa pool is not subject to all of the requirements in state law and rules for public pools.
3.26 3.27	(b) (c) A spa pool intended for seated recreational use, including a hot tub or whirlpool that is located on a houseboat that is rented to the public:
3.28	(1) is not a public pool;
3.29	(2) is exempt from the requirements for public pools under subdivisions 1 to 2c, 4, and 5 and Minnesota Rules, chapter 4717; and
31	(3) is exempt from the requirements under paragraph (b) clause (3)

34.22 34.23	(5) alterations to an existing pool without changing the size or configuration of the pool, $\frac{600}{700}$ ;
34.24	(6) removal or replacement of pool disinfection equipment only, \$100 \$200; and
34.25	(7) request for variance from the public pool and spa rules, \$500 \square.
	THE FOLLOWING SECTION IS FROM UEH2435-1 ARTICLE 2
89.23	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.1222, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:
89.24 89.25 89.26	Subd. 2d. Hot tubs Spa pools on rental houseboats property. (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, "spa pool" has the meaning given in Minnesota Rules, part 4717.0250, subpart 9.
89.27 89.28 89.29 90.1 90.2	(a) (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), a hot water spa pool intended for seated recreational use, including a hot tub or whirlpool, that is located on a houseboat that is rented to the public the property of a stand-alone, single-unit rental property, offered for rent by the property owner or through a resort, and only intended to be used by the occupants of the rental property:
90.3	(1) is not a public pool and;
90.4 90.5	(2) is exempt from the requirements for public pools under <u>subdivisions 1 to 2c, 4, and 5 and Minnesota Rules</u> , chapter 4717, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph; and
90.6	(3) may be used by renters so long as:
90.7	(i) the water temperature in the spa pool does not exceed 106 degrees Fahrenheit; and
90.8 90.9 90.10 90.11	(ii) prior to check-in by each new rental party, the resort or property owner tests the water in the spa pool for the concentration of chlorine or bromine, pH, and alkalinity, and the water in the spa pool meets the requirements for disinfection residue, pH, and alkalinity in Minnesota Rules, part 4717.1750, subparts 4, 5, and 6.
90.12 90.13	(b) (c) A spa pool intended for seated recreational use, including a hot tub or whirlpool, that is located on a houseboat that is rented to the public:
90.14	(1) is not a public pool;
90.15 90.16	(2) is exempt from the requirements for public pools under subdivisions 1 to 2c, 4, and 5 and Minnesota Rules, chapter 4717; and
90.17	(3) is exempt from the requirements under paragraph (b), clause (3).

#### HHS Budget-Dept. of Health Finance House Language H2435-3

4.1	(d) A political subdivision must not adopt a local law, rule, or ordinance that prohibits
1.2	the operation of, or establishes additional requirements for, a spa pool that meets the criteria
1.3	in paragraph (b) or (c).
1.4	(e) A hot water spa pool under this subdivision must be conspicuously posted with the
1.5	following notice to renters:
4.6	"NOTICE
1.7	This spa is exempt from certain state and local sanitary requirements that prevent disea
1.8	transmission.
1.9	USE AT YOUR OWN RISK
4.10	This notice is required under Minnesota Statutes, section 144.1222, subdivision 2d."

4.11	Sec. 4. [144.124]	EDUCATION ON RECOGNIZING SIGNS OF PHYSICAL ABUSE
4.12	IN INFANTS.	

Subdivision 1. Education by health care providers. Family practice physicians, pediatricians, and other pediatric primary care providers must provide parents and primary caregivers of infants up to six months of age with materials on how to recognize the signs of physical abuse in infants and how to report suspected physical abuse of infants. These materials must be identified and approved by the commissioner of health according to subdivision 2 and must be provided to an infant's parents or primary caregivers at the infant's first well-baby visit after birth.

4.20 Subd. 2. Materials. The commissioner of health, in consultation with the commissioner
4.21 of children, youth, and families, must identify, approve, and make available to pediatric
4.22 primary care providers materials for pediatric primary care providers to use at well-baby
4.23 visits to educate parents and primary caregivers of infants up to six months of age on
4.24 recognizing the signs of physical abuse in infants and how to report suspected physical

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90.18 90.19 90.20	(d) A political subdivision must not adopt a local law, rule, or ordinance that prohibits the operation of, or establishes additional requirements for, a spa pool that meets the criteria in paragraph (b) or (c).
90.21 90.22	(e) A hot water spa pool under this subdivision must be conspicuously posted with the following notice and must be provided to renters upon check in:
90.23	"NOTICE
90.24 90.25 90.26	This spa is exempt from state and local <u>anti-entrapment and</u> sanitary requirements that prevent <u>disease transmission</u> waterborne diseases such as Legionnaires' disease, Pseudomonas folliculitis (hot tub rash), and chemical burns and is not subject to inspection.
90.27	USE AT YOUR OWN RISK
90.28	This notice is required under Minnesota Statutes, section 144.1222, subdivision 2d."
34.26 34.27	Sec. 45. [144.1223] REGISTERED SANITARIANS AND REGISTERED ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST APPLICATION FEES.
34.28	(a) Fees to be submitted with initial or renewal applications are as follows:
34.29	(1) initial application fee, \$55;
34.30	(2) biennial renewal application fee, \$55; and
35.1 35.2	(3) penalty for late submission of renewal application, \$20, if not renewed by designated renewal date.
35.3 35.4	(b) Additionally, a \$5 technology fee must be paid with the initial registration or registration renewal.

35.5

4.25	abuse of infants. The commissioner must make these materials available on the Department
4.26	of Health website.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.125, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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- Subdivision 1. **Duty to perform testing.** (a) It is the duty of (1) the administrative officer or other person in charge of each institution caring for infants 28 days or less of age, (2) the person required in pursuance of the provisions of section 144.215, to register the birth of a child, or (3) the nurse midwife or midwife in attendance at the birth, to arrange to have administered to every infant or child in its care tests for heritable and congenital disorders according to subdivision 2 and rules prescribed by the state commissioner of health.
- (b) Testing, recording of test results, reporting of test results, and follow-up of infants with heritable congenital disorders, including hearing loss detected through the early hearing detection and intervention program in section 144.966, shall be performed at the times and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner of health.
- (c) The fee to support the newborn screening program, including tests administered under this section and section 144.966, shall be \$177 \sum 184 per specimen. This fee amount shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government special revenue fund.
- (d) The fee to offset the cost of the support services provided under section 144.966, subdivision 3a, shall be \$15 per specimen. This fee shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.125, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Determination of tests to be administered.** (a) The commissioner shall periodically revise the list of tests to be administered for determining the presence of a heritable or congenital disorder. Revisions to the list shall reflect advances in medical science, new and improved testing methods, or other factors that will improve the public health. In determining whether a test must be administered, the commissioner shall take into consideration the adequacy of analytical methods to detect the heritable or congenital disorder, the ability to treat or prevent medical conditions caused by the heritable or congenital disorder, and the severity of the medical conditions caused by the heritable or congenital disorder. The list of tests to be performed may be revised if the changes are recommended by the advisory committee established under section 144.1255, approved by the commissioner, and published in the State Register. The revision is exempt from the rulemaking requirements in chapter 14, and sections 14.385 and 14.386 do not apply.
- (b) The commissioner shall revise the list of tests to be administered for determining the presence of a heritable or congenital disorder to include metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD).

Subdivision 1. **Duty to perform testing.** (a) It is the duty of (1) the administrative officer or other person in charge of each institution caring for infants 28 days or less of age, (2) the person required in pursuance of the provisions of section 144.215, to register the birth of a

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.125, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

child, or (3) the nurse midwife or midwife in attendance at the birth, to arrange to have

administered to every infant or child in its care tests for heritable and congenital disorders according to subdivision 2 and rules prescribed by the state commissioner of health.

- 35.12 (b) Testing, recording of test results, reporting of test results, and follow-up of infants
  35.13 with heritable congenital disorders, including hearing loss detected through the early hearing
  35.14 detection and intervention program in section 144.966, shall be performed at the times and
  35.15 in the manner prescribed by the commissioner of health.
- 35.16 (c) The fee to support the newborn screening program, including tests administered under this section and section 144.966, shall be \$\frac{\\$177}{184}\$ per specimen. This fee amount shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government special revenue fund.
- 35.20 (d) The fee to offset the cost of the support services provided under section 144.966, 35.21 subdivision 3a, shall be \$15 per specimen. This fee shall be deposited in the state treasury 35.22 and credited to the general fund.
- 35.23 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.125, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Determination of tests to be administered.** (a) The commissioner shall periodically revise the list of tests to be administered for determining the presence of a heritable or congenital disorder. Revisions to the list shall reflect advances in medical science, new and improved testing methods, or other factors that will improve the public health. In determining whether a test must be administered, the commissioner shall take into consideration the adequacy of analytical methods to detect the heritable or congenital disorder, the ability to treat or prevent medical conditions caused by the heritable or congenital disorder, and the severity of the medical conditions caused by the heritable or congenital disorder. The list of tests to be performed may be revised if the changes are recommended by the advisory committee established under section 144.1255, approved by the commissioner, and published in the State Register. The revision is exempt from the rulemaking requirements in chapter 14, and sections 14.385 and 14.386 do not apply.
  - (b) The commissioner shall revise the list of tests to be administered for determining the presence of a heritable or congenital disorder to include metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD).

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36.7	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.3	831, subdivision 1, is amended to read:		
36.8	Subdivision 1. Fee setting. The commissioner of health may assess an annual fee of			
36.9	\$9.72 \$15.22 for every service connection to a public water supply that is owned or operated			
36.10 36.11	by a home rule charter city, a statutory city, a city of the first class, or a town. The commissioner of health may also assess an annual fee for every service connection served			
36.11	by a water user district defined in section 110A.02	<b>y</b>		
36.13	Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.5	5, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:		
36.14	Subd. 1a. License fee. The annual license fee for outpatient surgical centers is \$1,512			
36.15	\$1,966.			
36.16	Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.5	54, is amended to read:		
36.17	144.554 HEALTH FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION PLAN SUBMITTAL AND			
36.18	FEES.			
36.19	For hospitals, nursing homes, assisted living	facilities, boarding care homes, residential		
36.20	hospices, supervised living facilities, freestanding outpatient surgical centers, and end-stage			
36.21	,			
36.22 36.23	architectural, mechanical, and electrical plans and specifications submitted before construction begins for each project relative to construction of new buildings, additions to			
36.24	existing buildings, or remodeling or alterations of existing buildings. All fees collected in			
36.25	this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government			
36.26	special revenue fund. Fees must be paid at the time of submission of final plans for review			
36.27	and are not refundable. The fee is calculated as fol	llows:		
36.28	Construction project total estimated cost	Fee		
36.29	\$0 - \$10,000	<del>\$30</del> _\$45_		
36.30	\$10,001 - \$50,000	<del>\$150</del> <u>\$225</u>		
36.31	\$50,001 - \$100,000	\$300 \$450		
36.32	\$100,001 - \$150,000	<del>\$450</del> \$675		
37.1	\$150,001 - \$200,000	<del>\$600</del> <u>\$900</u>		
37.2	\$200,001 - \$250,000	<del>\$750</del> \$1,125		
37.3	\$250,001 - \$300,000	\$900 <u>\$1,350</u>		
37.4	\$300,001 - \$350,000	\$1,050 \$1,575		
37.5	\$350,001 - \$400,000	\$ <del>1,200</del> \$1,800		

37.6	\$400,001 - \$450,000	\$1,350 <u>\$2,025</u>
37.7	\$450,001 - \$500,000	\$1,500 <u>\$2,250</u>
37.8	\$500,001 - \$550,000	\$1,650 <u>\$2,475</u>
37.9	\$550,001 - \$600,000	\$1, <del>800</del> \$2,700
37.10	\$600,001 - \$650,000	\$1,950 \$2,925
37.11	\$650,001 - \$700,000	\$2,100 <u>\$3,150</u>
37.12	\$700,001 - \$750,000	<del>\$2,250</del> <b>\$3,375</b>
37.13	\$750,001 - \$800,000	\$2,400 <u>\$3,600</u>
37.14	\$800,001 - \$850,000	<del>\$2,550</del> <u>\$3,825</u>
37.15	\$850,001 - \$900,000	\$2,700 <u>\$4,050</u>
37.16	\$900,001 - \$950,000	<del>\$2,850</del> <b>\$4,275</b>
37.17	\$950,001 - \$1,000,000	\$3,000 <u>\$4,500</u>
37.18	\$1,000,001 - \$1,050,000	<del>\$3,150</del> <u>\$4,725</u>
37.19	\$1,050,001 - \$1,100,000	\$3,300 <u>\$4,950</u>
37.20	\$1,100,001 - \$1,150,000	<del>\$3,450</del> <u>\$5,175</u>
37.21	\$1,150,001 - \$1,200,000	\$3,600 <u>\$5,400</u>
37.22	\$1,200,001 - \$1,250,000	\$3,750 <u>\$5,625</u>
37.23	\$1,250,001 - \$1,300,000	\$3,900 <u>\$5,850</u>
37.24	\$1,300,001 - \$1,350,000	<del>\$4,050</del> <u>\$6,075</u>
37.25	\$1,350,001 - \$1,400,000	<del>\$4,200</del> <u>\$6,300</u>
37.26	\$1,400,001 - \$1,450,000	<del>\$4,350</del> <u>\$6,525</u>
37.27	\$1,450,001 - \$1,500,000	<del>\$4,500</del> \$6,750
37.28	\$1,500,001 and over - \$2,000,000	<del>\$4,800</del> \$7,200
37.29	\$2,000,001 - \$3,000,000	\$7,650

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Subd. 2. Eligibility for license condition. (a) A hospital is not eligible to receive a license condition for swing beds unless (1) it either has a licensed bed capacity of less than 50 beds defined in the federal Medicare regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 482.66, or it has a licensed bed capacity of 50 beds or more and has swing beds that were approved for Medicare reimbursement before May 1, 1985, or it has a licensed bed capacity of less than 65 beds and the available nursing homes within 50 miles have had, in the aggregate, an average occupancy rate of 96 percent or higher in the most recent two years as documented on the statistical reports to the Department of Health; and (2) it is located in a rural area as defined in the federal Medicare regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 482.66.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.562, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- (b) Except for those critical access hospitals established under section 144.1483, clause (9), and section 1820 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395i-4, that have an attached nursing home or that owned a nursing home located in the same municipality as of May 1, 2005, eligible hospitals are allowed a total number of days of swing bed use per year as provided in paragraph (c). Critical access hospitals that have an attached nursing home or that owned a nursing home located in the same municipality as of May 1, 2005, are allowed swing bed use as provided in federal law. A critical access hospital described in section 144.5621 is allowed an unlimited number of days of swing bed use per year.
- (c) An eligible hospital is allowed a total of 3,000 days of swing bed use in calendar year 2020. Beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each subsequent calendar year until calendar year 2027, the total number of days of swing bed use per year is increased by 200 swing bed use days. Beginning in calendar year 2028, an eligible hospital is allowed a total of 4,500 days of swing bed use per year.
- (d) Days of swing bed use for medical care that an eligible hospital has determined are charity care shall not count toward the applicable limit in paragraph (b) or (c). For purposes of this paragraph, "charity care" means care that an eligible hospital provided for free or at a discount to persons who cannot afford to pay and for which the eligible hospital did not expect payment.

37.30	\$3,000,001 - \$4,000,000	\$8,100
37.31	\$4,000,001 - \$7,000,000	\$8,550
37.32	\$7,000,001 - \$15,000,000	\$9,000
37.33	\$15,000,001 - \$50,000,000	\$9,450
37.34	\$50,000,001 and over	\$9,900

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.562, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Eligibility for license condition. (a) A hospital is not eligible to receive a 38.2 license condition for swing beds unless (1) it either has a licensed bed capacity of less than 38.3 50 beds defined in the federal Medicare regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 482.66, or it has a licensed bed capacity of 50 beds or more and has swing beds that were approved for Medicare reimbursement before May 1, 1985, or it has a licensed bed capacity of less than 65 beds and the available nursing homes within 50 miles have had, in the aggregate, an average occupancy rate of 96 percent or higher in the most recent two years as documented on the statistical reports to the Department of Health; and (2) it is located in a rural area as defined in the federal Medicare regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 482.66.

- (b) Except for those critical access hospitals established under section 144.1483, clause 38.13 (9), and section 1820 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395i-4, that have an attached nursing home or that owned a nursing home located in the same municipality as of May 1, 2005, eligible hospitals are allowed a total number of days of swing bed use per year as provided in paragraph (c). Critical access hospitals that have an attached nursing home or that owned a nursing home located in the same municipality as of May 1, 2005, are allowed swing bed use as provided in federal law. A critical access hospital described in section 144.5621 is allowed an unlimited number of days of swing bed use per year.
- (c) An eligible hospital is allowed a total of 3,000 days of swing bed use in calendar 38.21 year 2020. Beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each subsequent calendar year until calendar year 2027, the total number of days of swing bed use per year is increased by 200 swing bed use days. Beginning in calendar year 2028, an eligible hospital is allowed a total of 4,500 days of swing bed use per year.
  - (d) Days of swing bed use for medical care that an eligible hospital has determined are charity care shall not count toward the applicable limit in paragraph (b) or (c). For purposes of this paragraph, "charity care" means care that an eligible hospital provided for free or at a discount to persons who cannot afford to pay and for which the eligible hospital did not expect payment.

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(e) Days of swing bed use for care of a person who has been denied admission to every
Medicare-certified skilled nursing facility within 25 miles of the eligible hospital shall not
count toward the applicable limit in paragraphs (b) and (c). Eligible hospitals must maintain
documentation that they have contacted each skilled nursing facility within 25 miles to
determine if any skilled nursing facility beds are available and if the skilled nursing facilities
are willing to admit the patient. Skilled nursing facilities that are contacted must admit the
patient or deny admission within 24 hours of being contacted by the eligible hospital. Failure
to respond within 24 hours is deemed a denial of admission.

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- (f) Except for critical access hospitals that have an attached nursing home or that owned a nursing home located in the same municipality as of May 1, 2005, the commissioner of health may approve swing bed use beyond 2,000 days as long as there are no Medicare certified skilled nursing facility beds available within 25 miles of that hospital that are willing to admit the patient and the patient agrees to the referral being sent to the skilled nursing facility. Critical access hospitals exceeding 2,000 swing bed days must maintain documentation that they have contacted skilled nursing facilities within 25 miles to determine if any skilled nursing facility beds are available that are willing to admit the patient and the patient agrees to the referral being sent to the skilled nursing facility. This paragraph expires January 1, 2020.
- (g) After reaching 2.000 days of swing bed use in a year, an eligible hospital to which this limit applies may admit six additional patients to swing beds each year without seeking approval from the commissioner or being in violation of this subdivision. These six swing bed admissions are exempt from the limit of 2,000 annual swing bed days for hospitals subject to this limit. This paragraph expires January 1, 2020.
- (h) A health care system that is in full compliance with this subdivision may allocate its total limit of swing bed days among the hospitals within the system, provided that no hospital in the system without an attached nursing home may exceed 2,000 swing bed days per year. This paragraph expires January 1, 2020.
- 7.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor 7.21 7.22 of statutes when federal approval is obtained.
  - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.562, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 7.24 Subd. 3. **Approval of license condition.** (a) The commissioner of health shall approve a license condition for swing beds if the hospital meets all of the criteria of this subdivision. 7.25
- 7.26 (b) The hospital must meet the eligibility criteria in subdivision 2.
- (c) The hospital must be in compliance with the Medicare conditions of participation 7.27 for swing beds under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 482.66. 7.28
- 7.29 (d) Except as provided in section 144.5621, the hospital must agree, in writing, to limit the length of stay of a patient receiving services in a swing bed to not more than 40 days,

38.31	(e) Days of swing bed use for care of a person who has been denied admission to every
38.32	Medicare-certified skilled nursing facility within 25 miles of the eligible hospital shall not
38.33	count toward the applicable limit in paragraphs (b) and (c). Eligible hospitals must maintain
38.34	documentation that they have contacted each skilled nursing facility within 25 miles to
39.1	determine if any skilled nursing facility beds are available and if the skilled nursing facilities
39.2	are willing to admit the patient. Skilled nursing facilities that are contacted must admit the
39.3	patient or deny admission within 24 hours of being contacted by the eligible hospital. Failure
39.4	to respond within 24 hours is deemed a denial of admission.

- (f) Except for critical access hospitals that have an attached nursing home or that owned a nursing home located in the same municipality as of May 1, 2005, the commissioner of health may approve swing bed use beyond 2,000 days as long as there are no Medicare certified skilled nursing facility beds available within 25 miles of that hospital that are willing to admit the patient and the patient agrees to the referral being sent to the skilled nursing facility. Critical access hospitals exceeding 2,000 swing bed days must maintain 39.10 documentation that they have contacted skilled nursing facilities within 25 miles to determine if any skilled nursing facility beds are available that are willing to admit the patient and the patient agrees to the referral being sent to the skilled nursing facility. This paragraph expires 39.13 January 1, 2020. 39.14
- 39.15 (g) After reaching 2.000 days of swing bed use in a year, an eligible hospital to which this limit applies may admit six additional patients to swing beds each year without seeking approval from the commissioner or being in violation of this subdivision. These six swing bed admissions are exempt from the limit of 2,000 annual swing bed days for hospitals subject to this limit. This paragraph expires January 1, 2020.
- 39.20 (h) A health care system that is in full compliance with this subdivision may allocate its total limit of swing bed days among the hospitals within the system, provided that no hospital in the system without an attached nursing home may exceed 2,000 swing bed days per year. This paragraph expires January 1, 2020. 39.23
- 39.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor 39.25 39.26 of statutes when federal approval is obtained.
- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.562, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 39.27
- 39.28 Subd. 3. **Approval of license condition.** (a) The commissioner of health shall approve a license condition for swing beds if the hospital meets all of the criteria of this subdivision. 39.29
- 39.30 (b) The hospital must meet the eligibility criteria in subdivision 2.
- (c) The hospital must be in compliance with the Medicare conditions of participation 39.31 for swing beds under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 482.66.
- (d) Except as provided in section 144.5621, the hospital must agree, in writing, to limit 40.1 the length of stay of a patient receiving services in a swing bed to not more than 40 days,

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7.31 7.32 7.33 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 8.8	or the duration of Medicare eligibility, unless the commissioner of health approves a greater length of stay in an emergency situation. To determine whether an emergency situation exists, the commissioner shall require the hospital to provide documentation that continued services in the swing bed are required by the patient; that no skilled nursing facility beds are available within 25 miles from the patient's home, or in some more remote facility of the resident's choice, that can provide the appropriate level of services required by the patient; and that other alternative services are not available to meet the needs of the patient. If the commissioner approves a greater length of stay, the hospital shall develop a plan providing for the discharge of the patient upon the availability of a nursing home bed or other services that meet the needs of the patient. Permission to extend a patient's length of stay must be requested by the hospital at least ten days prior to the end of the maximum length of stay.
8.10 8.11 8.12 8.13	(e) Except as provided in section 144.5621, the hospital must agree, in writing, to limit admission to a swing bed only to (1) patients who have been hospitalized and not yet discharged from the facility, or (2) patients who are transferred directly from an acute care hospital.
8.14 8.15 8.16 8.17 8.18 8.19	(f) The hospital must agree, in writing, to report to the commissioner of health by December 1, 1985, and annually thereafter, in a manner required by the commissioner (1) the number of patients readmitted to a swing bed within 60 days of a patient's discharge from the facility, (2) the hospital's charges for care in a swing bed during the reporting period with a description of the care provided for the rate charged, and (3) the number of beds used by the hospital for transitional care and similar subacute inpatient care.
8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24	(g) The hospital must agree, in writing, to report statistical data on the utilization of the swing beds on forms supplied by the commissioner. The data must include the number of swing beds, the number of admissions to and discharges from swing beds, Medicare reimbursed patient days, total patient days, and other information required by the commissioner to assess the utilization of swing beds.
8.25 8.26 8.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.
8.28	Sec. 9. [144.5621] SWING BED APPROVAL; EXCEPTIONS.
8.29 8.30	Subdivision 1. <b>Swing bed exemption.</b> (a) The conditions and limitations in section 144.562, paragraphs (d) and (e), do not apply to any hospital located in Cook County that:
8.31 8.32	(1) is designated as a critical access hospital under section 144.1483, clause (9), and United States Code, title 42, section 1395i-4; and
8.33	(2) has an attached nursing home.

0.3	or the duration of Medicare eligibility, unless the commissioner of health approves a greater
).4	length of stay in an emergency situation. To determine whether an emergency situation
).5	exists, the commissioner shall require the hospital to provide documentation that continued
).6	services in the swing bed are required by the patient; that no skilled nursing facility beds
).7	are available within 25 miles from the patient's home, or in some more remote facility of
8.0	the resident's choice, that can provide the appropriate level of services required by the
).9	patient; and that other alternative services are not available to meet the needs of the patient.
0.10	If the commissioner approves a greater length of stay, the hospital shall develop a plan
).11	providing for the discharge of the patient upon the availability of a nursing home bed or
).12	other services that meet the needs of the patient. Permission to extend a patient's length of
).13	stay must be requested by the hospital at least ten days prior to the end of the maximum
).14	length of stay.
).15	(e) Except as provided in section 144.5621, the hospital must agree, in writing, to limit
).16	admission to a swing bed only to (1) patients who have been hospitalized and not yet
).17	discharged from the facility, or (2) patients who are transferred directly from an acute care
).18	hospital.
	nospiui.
).19	(f) The hospital must agree, in writing, to report to the commissioner of health by
0.20	December 1, 1985, and annually thereafter, in a manner required by the commissioner (1)
0.21	the number of patients readmitted to a swing bed within 60 days of a patient's discharge
).22	from the facility, (2) the hospital's charges for care in a swing bed during the reporting
).23	period with a description of the care provided for the rate charged, and (3) the number of
).24	beds used by the hospital for transitional care and similar subacute inpatient care.
).25	(g) The hospital must agree, in writing, to report statistical data on the utilization of the
).26	swing beds on forms supplied by the commissioner. The data must include the number of
).27	swing beds on forms supplied by the commissioner. The data must include the number of swing beds, the number of admissions to and discharges from swing beds, Medicare
).28	reimbursed patient days, total patient days, and other information required by the
).29	commissioner to assess the utilization of swing beds.
,.2)	commissioner to assess the attrization of swing ocus.

40.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval,
40.31 whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor
40.32 of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

# Sec. 53. [144.5621] SWING BED APPROVAL; EXCEPTIONS.

- The conditions and limitations in section 144.562, paragraphs (d) and (e), do not apply to any hospital located in Cook County that:
- 41.4 (1) is designated as a critical access hospital under section 144.1483, clause (9), and
  41.5 United States Code, title 42, section 1395i-4; and
- 41.6 (2) has an attached nursing home.

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9.1 9.2	(b) Any swing bed located in a hospital described in this section may be used to provide nursing care without requiring a prior hospital stay.
9.3 9.4	(c) The nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed is a covered medical assistance service under section 256B.0625, subdivision 2b.
9.5 9.6 9.7	Subd. 2. Application of the health care bill of rights. A patient in a swing bed located in a hospital described in this section is a resident of a nursing home for the purposes of section 144.651.
9.8 9.9 9.10	Subd. 3. Comprehensive resident assessment. A patient in a swing bed located in a hospital described in this section is a resident of a nursing home for the purposes of Minnesota Rules, part 4658.0400.
9.11 9.12 9.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.
9.14	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.563, is amended to read:
9.15 9.16	144.563 NURSING SERVICES PROVIDED IN A HOSPITAL; PROHIBITED PRACTICES.
9.17 9.18 9.19 9.20 9.21 9.22 9.23 9.24	A hospital that has been granted a license condition under section 144.562 or 144.5621 must not provide to patients not reimbursed by Medicare or medical assistance the types of services that would be usually and customarily provided and reimbursed under medical assistance or Medicare as services of a skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility for more than 42 days and only for patients who have been hospitalized and no longer require an acute level of care. Permission to extend a patient's length of stay may be granted by the commissioner if requested by the physician at least ten days prior to the end of the maximum length of stay.
9.25 9.26 9.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.
9.28	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.608, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
9.29 9.30 9.31	Subd. 2. <b>Council administration.</b> (a) The council must meet at least twice a year but may meet more frequently at the call of the chair, a majority of the council members, or the commissioner.
10.1 10.2	(b) The terms, compensation, and removal of members of the council are governed by section 15.059. The council expires June 30, 2025 2035.

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Any swing bed located in a hospital described in this section may be used to provide nursing care without requiring a prior hospital stay. The nursing care provided to a patient in a swing

bed is a covered medical assistance service under section 256B.0625, subdivision 2b.

1.10 1.11 1.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.  Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.563, is amended to read:
1.14	144.563 NURSING SERVICES PROVIDED IN A HOSPITAL; PROHIBITED PRACTICES.
1.16 1.17 1.18 1.19 1.20 1.21 1.22	A hospital that has been granted a license condition under section 144.562 or 144.5621 must not provide to patients not reimbursed by Medicare or medical assistance the types of services that would be usually and customarily provided and reimbursed under medical assistance or Medicare as services of a skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility for more than 42 days and only for patients who have been hospitalized and no longer require an acute level of care. Permission to extend a patient's length of stay may be granted by the commissioner if requested by the physician at least ten days prior to the end of the maximum length of stay.
1.24 1.25 1.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.
	THE FOLLOWING TWO SECTIONS ARE FROM UEH2435-1 ARTICLE 2
3.14	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.608, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
3.15 3.16 3.17	Subd. 2. Council administration. (a) The council must meet at least twice a year but may meet more frequently at the call of the chair, a majority of the council members, or the commissioner.
3.18 3.19	(b) The terms, compensation, and removal of members of the council are governed by section 15.059. The council expires June 30, 2025 2035.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.966, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 10.8 Subd. 2. Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Committee. (a) The commissioner of health shall establish a Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Committee to advise and 10.9 assist the Department of Health; Department of Children, Youth, and Families; and the Department of Education in:

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- (1) developing protocols and timelines for screening, rescreening, and diagnostic 10.12 10.13 audiological assessment and early medical, audiological, and educational intervention services for children who are deaf or hard-of-hearing; 10.14
- (2) designing protocols for tracking children from birth through age three that may have 10.15 10.16 passed newborn screening but are at risk for delayed or late onset of permanent hearing 10.17 loss:
  - (3) designing a technical assistance program to support facilities implementing the screening program and facilities conducting rescreening and diagnostic audiological assessment;
    - (4) designing implementation and evaluation of a system of follow-up and tracking; and
- (5) evaluating program outcomes to increase effectiveness and efficiency and ensure 10.22 culturally appropriate services for children with a confirmed hearing loss and their families.
- 10.24 (b) The commissioner of health shall appoint at least one member from each of the following groups with no less than two of the members being deaf or hard-of-hearing:
- (1) a representative from a consumer organization representing culturally deaf persons; 10.26
- (2) a parent with a child with hearing loss representing a parent organization; 10.27
- (3) a consumer from an organization representing oral communication options; 10.28
- (4) a consumer from an organization representing cued speech communication options; 10.29
- 10.30 (5) an audiologist who has experience in evaluation and intervention of infants and 10.31 young children;
- (6) a speech-language pathologist who has experience in evaluation and intervention of 11.1 infants and young children; 11.2
- (7) two primary care providers who have experience in the care of infants and young 11.3 children, one of which shall be a pediatrician; 11.4
- 11.5 (8) a representative from the early hearing detection intervention teams;

93.20 93.21 93.22 93.23	(c) The council may appoint subcommittees and work groups. Subcommittees shall consist of council members. Work groups may include noncouncil members. Noncouncil members shall be compensated for work group activities under section 15.059, subdivision 3, but shall receive expenses only.
93.24	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.966, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
93.25 93.26 93.27 93.28	Subd. 2. <b>Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Committee.</b> (a) The commissione of health shall establish a Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Committee to advise an assist the Department of Health; Department of Children, Youth, and Families; and the Department of Education in:
93.29 93.30 93.31	(1) developing protocols and timelines for screening, rescreening, and diagnostic audiological assessment and early medical, audiological, and educational intervention services for children who are deaf or hard-of-hearing;
94.1 94.2 94.3	(2) designing protocols for tracking children from birth through age three that may he passed newborn screening but are at risk for delayed or late onset of permanent hearing loss;
94.4 94.5 94.6	(3) designing a technical assistance program to support facilities implementing the screening program and facilities conducting rescreening and diagnostic audiological assessment;
94.7	(4) designing implementation and evaluation of a system of follow-up and tracking;
94.8 94.9	(5) evaluating program outcomes to increase effectiveness and efficiency and ensure culturally appropriate services for children with a confirmed hearing loss and their familie
94.10 94.11	(b) The commissioner of health shall appoint at least one member from each of the following groups with no less than two of the members being deaf or hard-of-hearing:
94.12	(1) a representative from a consumer organization representing culturally deaf person
94.13	(2) a parent with a child with hearing loss representing a parent organization;
94.14	(3) a consumer from an organization representing oral communication options;

3.22 3.23	members shall be compensated for work group activities under section 15.059, subdivision 3, but shall receive expenses only.
3.24	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.966, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
3.25 3.26 3.27 3.28	Subd. 2. <b>Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Committee.</b> (a) The commissioner of health shall establish a Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Committee to advise and assist the Department of Health; Department of Children, Youth, and Families; and the Department of Education in:
3.29 3.30 3.31	(1) developing protocols and timelines for screening, rescreening, and diagnostic audiological assessment and early medical, audiological, and educational intervention services for children who are deaf or hard-of-hearing;
4.1 4.2 4.3	(2) designing protocols for tracking children from birth through age three that may have passed newborn screening but are at risk for delayed or late onset of permanent hearing loss;
4.4 4.5 4.6	(3) designing a technical assistance program to support facilities implementing the screening program and facilities conducting rescreening and diagnostic audiological assessment;
4.7	(4) designing implementation and evaluation of a system of follow-up and tracking; and
4.8 4.9	(5) evaluating program outcomes to increase effectiveness and efficiency and ensure culturally appropriate services for children with a confirmed hearing loss and their families.
4.10 4.11	(b) The commissioner of health shall appoint at least one member from each of the following groups with no less than two of the members being deaf or hard-of-hearing:
4.12	(1) a representative from a consumer organization representing culturally deaf persons;
4.13	(2) a parent with a child with hearing loss representing a parent organization;
4.14	(3) a consumer from an organization representing oral communication options;
4.15	(4) a consumer from an organization representing cued speech communication options;
4.16 4.17	(5) an audiologist who has experience in evaluation and intervention of infants and young children;
4.18 4.19	(6) a speech-language pathologist who has experience in evaluation and intervention of infants and young children;
4.20 4.21	(7) two primary care providers who have experience in the care of infants and young children, one of which shall be a pediatrician;
4.22	(8) a representative from the early hearing detection intervention teams;

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11.6 11.7	(9) a representative from the Department of Education resource center for the deaf and hard-of-hearing or the representative's designee;
11.8	(10) a representative of the Commission of the Deaf, DeafBlind and Hard of Hearing;
11.9 11.10	(11) a representative from the Department of Human Services Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Services Division;
11.11 11.12 11.13	(12) one or more of the Part C coordinators from the Department of Education; the Department of Health; the Department of Children, Youth, and Families; or the Department of Human Services or the department's designees;
11.14	(13) the Department of Health early hearing detection and intervention coordinators;
11.15	(14) two birth hospital representatives from one rural and one urban hospital;
11.16	(15) a pediatric geneticist;
11.17	(16) an otolaryngologist;
11.18 11.19	(17) a representative from the Newborn Screening Advisory Committee under this subdivision;
11.20	(18) a representative of the Department of Education regional low-incidence facilitators;
11.21	(19) a representative from the deaf mentor program; and
11.22 11.23	(20) a representative of the Minnesota State Academy for the Deaf from the Minnesota State Academies staff.
11.24 11.25 11.26	The commissioner must complete the initial appointments required under this subdivision by September 1, 2007, and the initial appointments under clauses (19) and (20) by September 1, 2019.
11.27 11.28 11.29 11.30 11.31 12.1 12.2	(c) The Department of Health member shall chair the first meeting of the committee. At the first meeting, the committee shall elect a chair from its membership. The committee shall meet at the call of the chair, at least four times a year. The committee shall adopt written bylaws to govern its activities. The Department of Health shall provide technical and administrative support services as required by the committee. These services shall include technical support from individuals qualified to administer infant hearing screening, rescreening, and diagnostic audiological assessments.
12.3 12.4 12.5	Members of the committee shall receive no compensation for their service, but shall be reimbursed as provided in section 15.059 for expenses incurred as a result of their duties as members of the committee.
12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9	(d) By February 15, 2015, and by February 15 of the odd-numbered years after that date, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and data privacy on the activities of the committee that have occurred during the past two years.

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94.23 94.24	(9) a representative from the Department of Education resource center for the deaf and hard-of-hearing or the representative's designee;
4.25	(10) a representative of the Commission of the Deaf, DeafBlind and Hard of Hearing;
)4.26 )4.27	(11) a representative from the Department of Human Services Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Services Division;
94.28 94.29 94.30	(12) one or more of the Part C coordinators from the Department of Education; the Department of Health; the Department of Children, Youth, and Families; or the Department of Human Services or the department's designees;
5.1	(13) the Department of Health early hearing detection and intervention coordinators;
5.2	(14) two birth hospital representatives from one rural and one urban hospital;
5.3	(15) a pediatric geneticist;
5.4	(16) an otolaryngologist;
95.5 95.6	(17) a representative from the Newborn Screening Advisory Committee under this subdivision;
5.7	(18) a representative of the Department of Education regional low-incidence facilitators;
5.8	(19) a representative from the deaf mentor program; and
95.9 95.10	(20) a representative of the Minnesota State Academy for the Deaf from the Minnesota State Academies staff.
95.11 95.12 95.13	The commissioner must complete the initial appointments required under this subdivision by September 1, 2007, and the initial appointments under clauses (19) and (20) by September 1, 2019.
95.14 95.15 95.16 95.17 95.18 95.19 95.20	(c) The Department of Health member shall chair the first meeting of the committee. At the first meeting, the committee shall elect a chair from its membership. The committee shall meet at the call of the chair, at least four times a year. The committee shall adopt written bylaws to govern its activities. The Department of Health shall provide technical and administrative support services as required by the committee. These services shall include technical support from individuals qualified to administer infant hearing screening, rescreening, and diagnostic audiological assessments.
05.21 05.22 05.23	Members of the committee shall receive no compensation for their service, but shall be reimbursed as provided in section 15.059 for expenses incurred as a result of their duties as members of the committee.
05.24 05.25 05.26 05.27	(d) By February 15, 2015, and by February 15 of the odd-numbered years after that date, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and data privacy on the activities of the committee that have occurred during the past two years.

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12.10	(e) This subdivision expires June 30, 2025.
12.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment or
12.12	June 30, 2025, whichever is earlier.

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95.28	(e) This subdivision expires June 30, 2025.
95.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment or
95.30	June 30, 2025, whichever is earlier.
	SECTIONS 55 AND 56 WERE REMOVED TO THE H2435-3 ARTICLE 6 SIDE BY SIDE.
44.24	Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144G.45, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
44.25 44.26	Subd. 6. <b>New construction; plans.</b> (a) For all new licensure and construction beginning on or after August 1, 2021, the following must be provided to the commissioner:
44.27 44.28 44.29 44.30	(1) architectural and engineering plans and specifications for new construction must be prepared and signed by architects and engineers who are registered in Minnesota. Final working drawings and specifications for proposed construction must be submitted to the commissioner for review and approval;
45.1 45.2	(2) final architectural plans and specifications must include elevations and sections through the building showing types of construction, and must indicate dimensions and
45.3	assignments of rooms and areas, room finishes, door types and hardware, elevations and
45.4	details of nurses' work areas, utility rooms, toilet and bathing areas, and large-scale layouts
45.5	of dietary and laundry areas. Plans must show the location of fixed equipment and sections
45.6	and details of elevators, chutes, and other conveying systems. Fire walls and smoke partitions
45.7	must be indicated. The roof plan must show all mechanical installations. The site plan must
45.8	indicate the proposed and existing buildings, topography, roadways, walks and utility service
45.9	lines; and
45.10	(3) final mechanical and electrical plans and specifications must address the complete
45.11	layout and type of all installations, systems, and equipment to be provided. Heating plans
45.12	must include heating elements, piping, thermostatic controls, pumps, tanks, heat exchangers,
45.13	boilers, breeching, and accessories. Ventilation plans must include room air quantities,
45.14	ducts, fire and smoke dampers, exhaust fans, humidifiers, and air handling units. Plumbing
45.15	plans must include the fixtures and equipment fixture schedule; water supply and circulating
45.16	piping, pumps, tanks, riser diagrams, and building drains; the size, location, and elevation
45.17	of water and sewer services; and the building fire protection systems. Electrical plans must
45.18	include fixtures and equipment, receptacles, switches, power outlets, circuits, power and
45.19	light panels, transformers, and service feeders. Plans must show location of nurse call signals,
45.20	cable lines, fire alarm stations, and fire detectors and emergency lighting.
45.21	(b) Unless construction is begun within one year after approval of the final working
45.22	drawing and specifications, the drawings must be resubmitted for review and approval.
45.23	(c) The commissioner must be notified within 30 days before completion of construction
45.24	so that the commissioner can make arrangements for a final inspection by the commissioner.
45.25	(d) At least one set of complete life safety plans, including changes resulting from
45.26	remodeling or alterations, must be kept on file in the facility.

		45.27 45.28	(e) For new construction beginning on or after July 1, 2025, the licensee must comply with section 144.554 to submit applicable construction plans and fees to the commissioner.
			THE FOLLOWING SECTION IS FROM UEH2435-1 ARTICLE 2
12.13	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 145.8811, is amended to read:	97.7	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 145.8811, is amended to read:
12.14 12.15	145.8811 MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH ADVISORY <del>TASK FORCE</del> <u>COMMITTEE</u> .	97.8 97.9	145.8811 MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH ADVISORY TASK FORCE COMMITTEE.
12.16 12.17 12.18	Subdivision 1. <b>Composition of </b> task force committee. The commissioner shall establish and appoint a Maternal and Child Health Advisory Task Force Committee consisting of 15 members who will provide equal representation from:	97.10 97.11 97.12	Subdivision 1. <b>Composition of </b> task force committee. The commissioner shall establish and appoint a Maternal and Child Health Advisory Task Force Committee consisting of 15 members who will provide equal representation from:
12.19	(1) professionals with expertise in maternal and child health services;	97.13	(1) professionals with expertise in maternal and child health services;
12.20 12.21	(2) representatives of community health boards as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 5; and	97.14 97.15	(2) representatives of community health boards as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision $5$ ; and
12.22	(3) consumer representatives interested in the health of mothers and children.	97.16	(3) consumer representatives interested in the health of mothers and children.
12.23 12.24 12.25 12.26	No members shall be employees of the Minnesota Department of Health. Section 15.059 governs the Maternal and Child Health Advisory Task Force Committee. Notwithstanding section 15.059, the Maternal and Child Health Advisory Task Force Committee does not expire.	97.17 97.18 97.19 97.20	No members shall be employees of the Minnesota Department of Health. Section 15.059 governs the Maternal and Child Health Advisory Task Force Committee. Notwithstanding section 15.059, the Maternal and Child Health Advisory Task Force Committee does not expire.
12.27 12.28	Subd. 2. <b>Duties.</b> The advisory task force committee shall meet on a regular basis to perform the following duties:	97.21 97.22	Subd. 2. <b>Duties.</b> The advisory task force committee shall meet on a regular basis to perform the following duties:
12.29 12.30	(1) review and report on the health care needs of mothers and children throughout the state of Minnesota;	97.23 97.24	(1) review and report on the health care needs of mothers and children throughout the state of Minnesota;
13.1 13.2 13.3	(2) review and report on the type, frequency, and impact of maternal and child health care services provided to mothers and children under existing maternal and child health care programs, including programs administered by the commissioner of health;	97.25 97.26 97.27	(2) review and report on the type, frequency, and impact of maternal and child health care services provided to mothers and children under existing maternal and child health care programs, including programs administered by the commissioner of health;
13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7	(3) establish, review, and report to the commissioner a list of program guidelines and criteria which the advisory task force committee considers essential to providing an effective maternal and child health care program to low-income populations and high-risk persons and fulfilling the purposes defined in section 145.88;	97.28 97.29 97.30 97.31	(3) establish, review, and report to the commissioner a list of program guidelines and criteria which the advisory task force committee considers essential to providing an effective maternal and child health care program to low-income populations and high-risk persons and fulfilling the purposes defined in section 145.88;
13.8 13.9	(4) make recommendations to the commissioner for the use of other federal and state funds available to meet maternal and child health needs;	98.1 98.2	(4) make recommendations to the commissioner for the use of other federal and state funds available to meet maternal and child health needs;
13.10 13.11	(5) make recommendations to the commissioner of health on priorities for funding the following maternal and child health services:	98.3 98.4	(5) make recommendations to the commissioner of health on priorities for funding the following maternal and child health services:
13.12	(i) prenatal, delivery, and postpartum care;	98.5	(i) prenatal, delivery, and postpartum care;

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3.13	(ii) comprehensive health care for children, especially from birth through five years of age;
3.15	(iii) adolescent health services;
3.16	(iv) family planning services;
3.17	(v) preventive dental care;
3.18	(vi) special services for chronically ill and disabled children; and
3.19	(vii) any other services that promote the health of mothers and children; and
3.20	(6) establish in consultation with the commissioner statewide outcomes that will improve the health status of mothers and children.

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98.6 98.7	(ii) comprehensive health care for children, especially from birth through five years of age;
98.8	(iii) adolescent health services;
98.9	(iv) family planning services;
98.10	(v) preventive dental care;
98.11	(vi) special services for chronically ill and disabled children; and
98.12	(vii) any other services that promote the health of mothers and children; and
98.13 98.14	(6) establish in consultation with the commissioner statewide outcomes that will improve the health status of mothers and children.
98.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2025.
45.29 45.30	Sec. 58. [145.9231] EPILEPSY AND RELATED SEIZURE DISORDERS; DATA COLLECTION AND STATE COORDINATION PLAN.
45.31 45.32 46.1 46.2	Subdivision 1. <b>Data collection.</b> The commissioner of health must collect, analyze, and report data on epilepsy and related seizure disorders in Minnesota. The data must include number of diagnoses, clinical outcomes, mortality rates, and related population health data for each calendar year. Deidentified data must be made publicly available.
46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6 46.7 46.8 46.9	Subd. 2. State coordination plan. The commissioner of health must use the data on epilepsy and seizure disorders to inform statewide efforts and build coordinated systems and partnerships to support community-led and culturally responsive strategies to ensure that Minnesotans at risk for or living with epilepsy and seizure disorders and their caregivers have equitable access to opportunities and resources to support their well-being and quality of life. The commissioner of health must use the data to identify areas of need and recommend strategies to address gaps.
	SECTIONS 59 AND 60 WERE REMOVED TO MATCH WITH H2435-3 ARTICLE 3 SECTIONS 4 AND 5, RESPECTIVELY.
48.19	Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 157.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
48.20 48.21	Subd. 2. <b>License renewal</b> . Initial and renewal licenses for all food and beverage service establishments, youth camps, hotels, motels, lodging establishments, public pools, and
48.22	resorts shall be issued on an annual basis. Any person who operates a place of business after
48.23	the expiration date of a license or without having submitted an application and paid the fee
48.24	shall be deemed to have violated the provisions of this chapter and shall be subject to
48.25	enforcement action, as provided in the Health Enforcement Consolidation Act, sections
48.26	144.989 to 144.993. In addition, a penalty of $\frac{$60}{11111}$ shall be added to the total of the
48.27	license fee for any food and beverage service establishment operating without a license as
48.28	a mobile food unit, a seasonal temporary or seasonal permanent food stand, or a special
48.29	event food stand, and a penalty of \$120 \$200 shall be added to the total of the license fee

48.30	for all restaurants, food carts, hotels, motels, lodging establishments, youth camps, public
48.31	pools, and resorts operating without a license for a period of up to 30 days. A late fee of
48.32	$\frac{$360}{40}$ shall be added to the license fee for establishments operating more than 30 days
48.33	without a license.
49.1	Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 157.16, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
49.2	Subd. 2a. Food manager certification. An applicant for certification or certification
49.3	renewal as a food manager must submit to the commissioner a \$35 \u221445 nonrefundable
49.4	certification fee payable to the Department of Health. The commissioner shall issue a
49.5	duplicate certificate to replace a lost, destroyed, or mutilated certificate if the applicant
49.6	submits a completed application on a form provided by the commissioner for a duplicate
49.7	certificate and pays \$20 \$25 to the department for the cost of duplication. In addition, a \$5
49.8	technology fee must be paid with the initial certification, certification renewal, or duplicate
49.9	certificate application.
49.10	Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 157.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
49.11	Subd. 3. Establishment fees; definitions. (a) The following fees are required for food
49.12	and beverage service establishments, youth camps, hotels, motels, lodging establishments,
49.13	public pools, and resorts licensed under this chapter. Food and beverage service
49.14	establishments must pay the highest applicable fee under paragraph (d), clause (1), (2), (3),
49.15	or (4). The license fee for new operators previously licensed under this chapter for the same
49.16	calendar year is one-half of the appropriate annual license fee, plus any penalty that may
49.17	be required. The license fee for operators opening on or after October 1 is one-half of the
49.18	appropriate annual license fee, plus any penalty that may be required.
49.19	(b) All food and beverage service establishments, except special event food stands, and
49.20	all hotels, motels, lodging establishments, public pools, and resorts shall pay an annual base
49.21	fee of \$165 \( \frac{\$300}{} \).
49.22	(c) A special event food stand shall pay a flat fee of \$55 \$75 annually. "Special event
49.23	food stand" means a fee category where food is prepared or served in conjunction with
49.24	celebrations, county fairs, or special events from a special event food stand as defined in
49.25	section 157.15.
49.26	(d) In addition to the base fee in paragraph (b), each food and beverage service
49.27	establishment, other than a special event food stand and a school concession stand, and each
49.28	hotel, motel, lodging establishment, public pool, and resort shall pay an additional annual
49.29	fee for each fee category, additional food service, or required additional inspection specified
49.30	in this paragraph:
49.31	(1) Category 1 establishment, \$\frac{\\$110}{110}\$\$185. "Category 1 establishment" means a fee
49.32	category that provides one or more of the following items or is one of the listed
49.33	establishments or facilities:
50.1	(i) serves prepackaged food that is served in the package;

).2	(ii) serves a continental breakfast such as rolls, coffee, juice, milk, and cold cereal;
0.3	(iii) serves soft drinks, coffee, or nonalcoholic beverages;
).4 ).5	(iv) provides cleaning for eating, drinking, or cooking utensils, when the only food served is prepared off site;
).6 ).7	(v) a food establishment where the method of food preparation meets the definition of a low-risk establishment in section 157.20; or
).8 ).9	(vi) operates as a child care facility licensed under section $142B.05$ and Minnesota Rules, chapter $9503$ .
0.10 0.11	(2) Category 2 establishment, \$245 \[ \$430. \] "Category 2 establishment" means an establishment that is not a Category 1 establishment and is either:
0.12	(i) a food establishment where the method of food preparation meets the definition of a medium-risk establishment in section 157.20; or
).14	(ii) an elementary or secondary school as defined in section 120A.05.
).15 ).16	(3) Category 3 establishment, \$385 \underset{\$670}\$. "Category 3 establishment" means an establishment that is not a Category 1 or Category 2 establishment and is either:
).17 ).18	(i) a food establishment where the method of food preparation meets the definition of a high-risk establishment in section 157.20; or
0.19	(ii) an establishment where 500 or more meals are prepared per day and served at one or more separate locations.
0.21	(4) Other food and beverage service, including food carts, mobile food units, seasonal temporary food stands, and seasonal permanent food stands, \$85 \$150.
).23 ).24 ).25 ).26 ).27	(5) Lodging per sleeping accommodation unit, $$11 \ $15$ , including hotels, motels, lodging establishments, and resorts, up to a maximum of $$1,100 \ $1,500$ . "Lodging per sleeping accommodation unit" means a fee category including the number of guest rooms, cottages, or other rental units of a hotel, motel, lodging establishment, or resort; or the number of beds in a dormitory.
0.28	(6) First public pool, \$355 \( \) 4455; each additional public pool, \$200 \( \) 300. "Public pool" means a fee category that has the meaning given in section 144.1222, subdivision 4.
0.30	(7) First spa, \$200 \$300; each additional spa, \$110 \$200. "Spa pool" means a fee category that has the meaning given in Minnesota Rules, part 4717.0250, subpart 9.
1.1	(8) Private sewer or water, \$60 \$85. "Individual private water" means a fee category with a water supply other than a community public water supply as defined in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4720. "Individual private sewer" means a fee category with an individual servers treatment and disposal.

51.5 51.6 51.7 51.8	a food service establishment,	ice, \$175_\$250. "Additional food service" means a location at other than the primary food preparation and service area, used or food to the public. Additional food service does not apply	
51.9 51.10 51.11 51.12	conduct the second inspection	on fee, \$250 \$350. "Additional inspection fee" means a fee to a each year for elementary and secondary education facility required by the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch	
51.13 51.14 51.15	category for a business that p	n, \$175 \$225. "HACCP verification" means an annual fee erforms one or more specialized process that requires an hapter 31 and Minnesota Rules, chapter 4626.	
51.16 51.17 51.18 51.19 51.20 51.21 51.22	for restaurants, hotels, motels mobile food units. Plans subr percent of the original plan re processing must be submitted	onstruction plans must accompany the initial license application is, lodging establishments, resorts, seasonal food stands, and mitted less than 30 days prior to construction are subject to 50 eview fee. A fee for review of an HACCP plan for specialized and approved prior to preparing and serving the specialized insumption. The fees for construction plan reviews and HACCP	
51.23	Service Area	Туре	Fee
51.24 51.25	Food	category 1 establishment	\$400 \$550
51.26 51.27		category 2 establishment	\$450 \$750
51.28 51.29		category 3 food establishment	\$500 \$800
51.30 51.31		additional food service	\$250 \$400
51.32 51.33		HACCP Plan Review	\$500 \$600
51.34 51.35	Transient food service	food cart	\$250 \$500
51.36 51.37		seasonal permanent food stand	\$250 \$500

51.37

52.1 52.2		reasonal towns around for ad atom d	\$250 \$500
52.2		seasonal temporary food stand	\$500
52.3			<del>\$350</del>
52.4		mobile food unit	\$700
52.5			<del>\$375</del>
52.6	Lodging	less than 25 rooms	\$450
52.7			<del>\$400</del>
52.8		25 to less than 100 rooms	\$500
52.0			Φ <i>E</i> ΩΩ
52.9 52.10		100 rooms or more	\$500 \$600
32.10		Too rooms of more	
52.11			\$350
52.12		less than five cabins	\$400
52.13			<del>\$400</del>
52.14		five to less than ten cabins	\$450
52.15			<del>\$450</del>
52.16		ten cabins or more	\$500
52.17	(f) When existing food a	nd beverage service establishments, hotels, motels, lodging	
52.17	( )	nal food stands, and mobile food units are extensively	
52.19		mitted with the remodeling plans. The fee for this construction	
52.19	plan review is as follows:	mitted with the remodering plans. The fee for this construction	
	•		
52.21	Service Area	Туре	Fee
52.22			<del>\$300</del>
52.23	Food	category 1 establishment	\$450
52.24			<del>\$350</del>
52.25		category 2 establishment	\$500
52.26			\$400
52.26 52.27		category 3 establishment	\$400 \$550
		category 5 coatonomical	
52.28			\$250
52.29		additional food service	\$400

52.30 52.31	Transient food service	food cart	\$250 \$400
52.32 52.33		seasonal permanent food stand	\$250 \$400
52.34 52.35		seasonal temporary food stand	\$250 \$400
52.36 52.37		mobile food unit	\$250 \$400
52.38 52.39	Lodging	less than 25 rooms	\$250 \$300
52.40 52.41		25 to less than 100 rooms	\$300 \$350
52.42 52.43		100 rooms or more	\$450 \$500
53.1 53.2		less than five cabins	\$250 \$300
53.3 53.4		five to less than ten cabins	\$350 \$400
53.5 53.6		ten cabins or more	\$400 \$450
53.7 53.8	(g) Special event food st for review.	ands are not required to submit construction or remodeling plans	S
53.9	(h) Youth camps shall pa	y an annual single fee for food and lodging as follows:	
53.10	(1) camps with up to 99	campers, <del>\$325</del> <u>\$375</u> ;	
53.11	(2) camps with 100 to 19	9 campers, \$550 <u>\$600</u> ; and	
53.12	(3) camps with 200 or m	ore campers, \$750 \\$800.	
53.13 53.14	(i) A youth camp which paragraph (h).	pays fees under paragraph (d) is not required to pay fees under	
53.15	Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes	s 2024, section 157.16, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:	
53.16 53.17		pitality fee. Every person, firm, or corporation that operates a ent, food and beverage service establishment, seasonal temporary	y

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Subd. 2. **Skilled and intermediate nursing care.** (a) Medical assistance covers skilled nursing home services and services of intermediate care facilities, including training and habilitation services, as defined in section 252.41, subdivision 3, for persons with developmental disabilities who are residing in intermediate care facilities for persons with developmental disabilities. Medical assistance must not be used to pay the costs of nursing eare provided to a patient in a swing bed as defined in section 144.562, unless (1) the facility in which the swing bed is located is eligible as a sole community provider, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 412.92, or the facility is a public hospital owned by a governmental entity with 15 or fewer licensed acute care beds; (2) the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services approves the necessary state plan amendments; (3) the patient was screened as provided by law; (4) the patient no longer requires acute care services; and (5) no nursing home beds are available within 25 miles of the facility. The commissioner shall exempt a facility from compliance with the sole community provider requirement in clause (1) if, as of January 1, 2004, the facility had an agreement with the commissioner to provide medical assistance swing bed services.

(b) Medical assistance also covers up to ten days of nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed if: (1) the patient's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant certifies that the patient has a terminal illness or condition that is likely to result in death within 30 days and that moving the patient would not be in the best interests of the patient and patient's family; (2) no open nursing home beds are available within 25 miles of the facility; and (3) no open beds are available in any Medicare hospice program within 50 miles of the facility. The daily medical assistance payment for nursing care for the patient in the swing bed is the statewide average medical assistance skilled nursing care per diem as computed annually by the commissioner on July 1 of each year.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

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53.18 or permanent food stand, special event food stand, mobile food unit, food cart, resort, hotel,

3.19	motel, or lodging establishment in Minnesota must submit to the commissioner a \$40 \$50
3.20	annual statewide hospitality fee for each licensed activity. The fee for establishments licensed
3.21	by the Department of Health is required at the same time the licensure fee is due. For
3.22	establishments licensed by local governments, the fee is due by July 1 of each year.
3.22	establishments needsed by local governments, the fee is due by stry 1 of each year.
3.23	Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 157.16, is amended by adding a subdivision to
3.24	read:
3.25	Subd. 2h. Taahnalagu faa Eyyaru faad and hayaraga sarujaa astahlishmant, yauth aann
3.26	Subd. 3b. <b>Technology fee.</b> Every food and beverage service establishment, youth camp, hotel, motel, lodging establishment, public pool, and resort licensed under this chapter must
3.20	pay a \$5 technology fee for each licensed activity for the initial license and with each
3.28	renewal.
3.29	Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256B.0625, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
3.30	Subd. 2. Skilled and intermediate nursing care. (a) Medical assistance covers skilled
3.31	nursing home services and services of intermediate care facilities, including training and
3.32	habilitation services, as defined in section 252.41, subdivision 3, for persons with
4.1	developmental disabilities who are residing in intermediate care facilities for persons with
4.2	developmental disabilities. Medical assistance must not be used to pay the costs of nursing
4.3	care provided to a patient in a swing bed as defined in section 144.562, unless (1) the facility
4.4	in which the swing bed is located is eligible as a sole community provider, as defined in
4.5	Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 412.92, or the facility is a public hospital
4.6	owned by a governmental entity with 15 or fewer licensed acute care beds; (2) the Centers
4.7	for Medicare and Medicaid Services approves the necessary state plan amendments; (3) the
4.8	patient was screened as provided by law; (4) the patient no longer requires acute care
4.9	services; and (5) no nursing home beds are available within 25 miles of the facility. The
4.10	commissioner shall exempt a facility from compliance with the sole community provider
4.11	requirement in clause (1) if, as of January 1, 2004, the facility had an agreement with the
4.12	commissioner to provide medical assistance swing bed services.
4.13	(b) Medical assistance also covers up to ten days of nursing care provided to a patient
4.14	in a swing bed if: (1) the patient's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician
4.15	assistant certifies that the patient has a terminal illness or condition that is likely to result
4.16	in death within 30 days and that moving the patient would not be in the best interests of the
4.17	patient and patient's family; (2) no open nursing home beds are available within 25 miles
4.18	of the facility; and (3) no open beds are available in any Medicare hospice program within
4.19	50 miles of the facility. The daily medical assistance payment for nursing care for the patient
4.20	in the swing bed is the statewide average medical assistance skilled nursing care per diem
4.21	as computed annually by the commissioner on July 1 of each year.
4.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval,
4.23	whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor
4.24	of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

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14.19 14.20	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
14.21 14.22 14.23	Subd. 2b. Nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed. (a) Medical assistance must not be used to pay the costs of nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed as defined in section 144.562, unless:
14.24 14.25 14.26	(1) the facility in which the swing bed is located is eligible as a sole community provider, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 412.92, or the facility is a public hospital owned by a governmental entity with 25 or fewer licensed acute care beds;
14.27 14.28	(2) the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services approves the necessary state plan amendments;
14.29	(3) the patient was screened as provided by law;
14.30	(4) the patient no longer requires acute care services; and
14.31	(5) no nursing home beds are available within 25 miles of the facility.
15.1 15.2 15.3	(b) The commissioner shall exempt a facility from compliance with the sole community provider requirement in paragraph (a), clause (1), if, as of January 1, 2004, the facility had an agreement with the commissioner to provide medical assistance swing bed services.
15.4 15.5	(c) Medical assistance also covers up to ten days of nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed if:
15.6 15.7 15.8 15.9	(1) the patient's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant certifies that the patient has a terminal illness or condition that is likely to result in death within 30 days and that moving the patient would not be in the best interests of the patient and patient's family;
15.10	(2) no open nursing home beds are available within 25 miles of the facility; and
15.11 15.12	(3) no open beds are available in any Medicare hospice program within 50 miles of the facility.
15.13 15.14 15.15 15.16	(d) The commissioner shall exempt any facility described under section 144.5621 from compliance with the requirements of paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (5), and paragraph (c), and medical assistance covers an unlimited number of days of nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed at a facility described under section 144.5621.
15.17	(e) The daily medical assistance payment for nursing care for the patient in the swing

annually by the commissioner on July 1 of each year.

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1.25 1.26	Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
1.27 1.28 1.29	Subd. 2b. Nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed. (a) Medical assistance must not be used to pay the costs of nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed as defined in section 144.562, unless:
4.30 4.31 4.32	(1) the facility where the swing bed is located is eligible as a sole community provider, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 412.92, or the facility is a public hospital owned by a governmental entity with 15 or fewer licensed acute care beds;
1.33 1.34	(2) the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services approves the necessary state plan amendments;
5.1	(3) the patient was screened as provided by law;
5.2	(4) the patient no longer requires acute care services; and
5.3	(5) no nursing home beds are available within 25 miles of the facility.
5.4 5.5 5.6	(b) The commissioner shall exempt a facility from compliance with the sole community provider requirement in paragraph (a), clause (1), if, as of January 1, 2004, the facility had an agreement with the commissioner to provide medical assistance swing bed services.
5.7 5.8	(c) Medical assistance also covers up to ten days of nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed if:
5.9 5.10 5.11 5.12	(1) the patient's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant certifies that the patient has a terminal illness or condition that is likely to result in death within 30 days and that moving the patient would not be in the best interests of the patient and patient's family;
5.13	(2) no open nursing home beds are available within 25 miles of the facility; and
5.14 5.15	(3) no open beds are available in any Medicare hospice program within 50 miles of the <u>facility.</u>
5.16 5.17 5.18 5.19	(d) The commissioner shall exempt any facility described under section 144.5621 from compliance with the requirements of paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (5), and paragraph (c), and medical assistance covers an unlimited number of days of nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed at a facility described under section 144.5621.
5.20 5.21 5.22	(e) The daily medical assistance payment for nursing care for the patient in the swing bed is the statewide average medical assistance skilled nursing care per diem as computed annually by the commissioner on July 1 of each year

# HHS Budget-Dept. of Health Finance House Language H2435-3

15.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

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55.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval,
55.24	whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor
55.25	of statutes when federal approval is obtained.
55.26	Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256B.692, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
55.27	Subd. 2. Duties of commissioner of health. (a) Notwithstanding chapters 62D and 62N,
55.28	a county that elects to purchase medical assistance in return for a fixed sum without regard
55.29	to the frequency or extent of services furnished to any particular enrollee is not required to
55.30	obtain a certificate of authority under chapter 62D or 62N. The county board of
55.31	commissioners is the governing body of a county-based purchasing program. In a multicounty
55.32	arrangement, the governing body is a joint powers board established under section 471.59.
56.1	(b) A county that elects to purchase medical assistance services under this section must
56.2	satisfy the commissioner of health that the requirements for assurance of consumer protection,
56.3	provider protection, and fiscal solvency of chapter 62D, applicable to health maintenance
56.4	organizations will be met according to the following schedule:
56.5	(1) for a county-based purchasing plan approved on or before June 30, 2008, the plan
56.6	must have in reserve:
30.0	
56.7	(i) at least 50 percent of the minimum amount required under chapter 62D as of January
56.8	1, 2010;
56.9	(ii) at least 75 percent of the minimum amount required under chapter 62D as of January
56.10	1, 2011;
56.11	(iii) at least 87.5 percent of the minimum amount required under chapter 62D as of
56.12	January 1, 2012; and
56.13	(iv) at least 100 percent of the minimum amount required under chapter 62D as of January
56.14	1, 2013; and
56.15	(2) for a county-based purchasing plan first approved after June 30, 2008, the plan must
56.16	have in reserve:
30.10	
56.17	(i) at least 50 percent of the minimum amount required under chapter 62D at the time
56.18	the plan begins enrolling enrollees;
56.19	(ii) at least 75 percent of the minimum amount required under chapter 62D after the first
56.20	full calendar year;
56.21	(iii) at least 87.5 percent of the minimum amount required under chapter 62D after the
56.22	second full calendar year; and
56.23	(iv) at least 100 percent of the minimum amount required under chapter 62D after the
56.24	third full calendar year.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256R.01, is amended by adding a subdivision

whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval,

Subd. 1a. Payment rates for nursing care provided to a patient in a swing

bed. Payment rates paid to any hospital for nursing care provided to a patient in a swing bed must be those rates established pursuant section 256B.0625, subdivision 2b.

of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

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15.24 to read:

36.23	(c) Ontil a plan is required to have reserves equaling at least 100 percent of the minimum
56.26	amount required under chapter 62D, the plan may demonstrate its ability to cover any losses
56.27	by satisfying the requirements of chapter 62N. A county-based purchasing plan must also
56.28	assure the commissioner of health that the requirements of sections 62J.041; 62J.48; 62J.71
56.29	to 62J.73; all applicable provisions of chapter 62Q, including sections 62Q.075; 62Q.1055;
56.30	62Q.106; 62Q.12; 62Q.135; 62Q.14; 62Q.19; 62Q.23, paragraph (c); 62Q.43; 62Q.47;
56.31	62Q.50; 62Q.52 to 62Q.56; 62Q.58; 62Q.68 to 62Q.72; and 72A.201 will be met.
57.1	(d) All enforcement and rulemaking powers available under chapters 62D, 62J, 62N,
57.2	and 62Q are hereby granted to the commissioner of health with respect to counties that
57.3	purchase medical assistance services under this section.
57.4	(e) The commissioner, in consultation with county government, shall develop
57.5	administrative and financial reporting requirements for county-based purchasing programs
57.6	relating to sections 62D.041, 62D.042, 62D.045, 62D.08, 62N.28, 62N.29, and 62N.31,
57.7	and other sections as necessary, that are specific to county administrative, accounting, and
57.8	reporting systems and consistent with other statutory requirements of counties.
57.9	(f) The commissioner shall collect from a county-based purchasing plan under this
57.10	section the following fees:
57.11	(1) fees attributable to the costs of audits and other examinations of plan financial
57.12	operations. These fees are subject to the provisions of Minnesota Rules, part 4685.2800,
57.13	subpart 1, item F; and
57.14	(2) an annual fee of \$21,500 \$30,000, to be paid by June 15 of each calendar year.
57.15	All fees collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the state government special
57.16	revenue fund.
57.17	Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256R.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
57.17	to read:
57.19	Subd. 1a. Payment rates for nursing care provided to a patient in a swing
57.20	bed. Payment rates paid to any hospital for nursing care provided to a patient in a swing
57.21	bed must be those rates established pursuant to section 256B.0625, subdivision 2b.
57.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026, or upon federal approval,
57.23	whichever is later. The commissioners of health and human services shall inform the revisor
57.24	of statutes when federal approval is obtained.
57.25	Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.72, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
57.26	Subdivision 1. When license required. A person within the state intending to directly
57.27	perform or cause to be performed through subcontracting or similar delegation any
57.28	asbestos-related work either for financial gain or with respect to the person's own property

57.30 57.31	writing, be dated when issued, contain an expiration date, be signed by the commissioner, and give the name and address of the person to whom it is issued.
58.1 58.2	The domiciled owner of a single family residence is not required to hold a license or pay a project permit fee to conduct asbestos related work in the domiciled residence.
58.3 58.4 58.5 58.6 58.7	Any person performing any asbestos-related work within the state must be licensed by the commissioner, whether directly performing asbestos work or causing it to be performed through subcontracting or similar delegation. A domiciled owner of a single-family residence is not required to hold a license or pay a project permit fee to conduct asbestos-related work in the domiciled residence.
58.8	Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
58.9 58.10 58.11 58.12 58.13 58.14 58.15	Subd. 3. <b>Permit fee.</b> Five calendar days before beginning asbestos-related work, a person shall pay a project permit fee to the commissioner equal to two three percent of the total costs of the asbestos-related work. For asbestos-related work performed in single or multifamily residences, of greater than ten but less than 260 linear feet of asbestos-containing material on pipes, or greater than six but less than 160 square feet of asbestos-containing material on other facility components, a person shall pay a project permit fee of \$35 to the commissioner.
58.16	Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.75, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
58.17 58.18 58.19 58.20 58.21	Subd. 3a. Asbestos-related training course permit fee. The commissioner shall establish by rule a permit fee to be paid by A training course provider shall pay the commissioner a fee of \$500 on application for a training course permit or and \$250 for the renewal of a permit of each asbestos-related training course required for certification or registration.  Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 327.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
58.22 58.23 58.24 58.25 58.26 58.27 58.28 58.29 58.30 58.31 58.32	Subd. 2. License renewal. Initial and renewal licenses for all manufactured home parks and recreational camping areas shall be issued annually and shall have an expiration date included on the license. Any person who operates a manufactured home park or recreational camping area after the expiration date of a license or without having submitted an application and paid the fee shall be deemed to have violated the provisions of this chapter and shall be subject to enforcement action, as provided in the Health Enforcement Consolidation Act, sections 144.989 to 144.993. In addition, a penalty of \$120 \$200 shall be added to the total of the license fee for any manufactured home park or recreational camping area operating without a license for a period of up to 30 days. A late fee of \$360 \$450 shall be added to the license fee for any manufactured home park or recreational camping area operating more than 30 days without a license.
59.1	Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 327.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
59.2 59.3 59.4	Subd. 3. Fees, manufactured home parks and recreational camping areas. (a) The following fees are required for manufactured home parks and recreational camping areas licensed under this chapter. Fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the state

59.5 59.6 59.7 59.8	government special revenue fund. Recreational camping areas and manufactured home parks shall pay the highest applicable base fee under paragraph (b). The license fee for new operators of a manufactured home park or recreational camping area previously licensed under this chapter for the same calendar year is one-half of the appropriate annual license
59.9 59.10 59.11	fee, plus any penalty that may be required. The license fee for operators opening on or after October 1 is one-half of the appropriate annual license fee, plus any penalty that may be required.
59.12 59.13	(b) All manufactured home parks and recreational camping areas shall pay the following annual base fee:
59.14	(1) a manufactured home park, $\frac{$165}{280}$ ; and
59.15	(2) a recreational camping area with:
59.16	(i) 24 or less sites, $\$55 \ \$100$ ;
59.17	(ii) 25 to 99 sites, \$\frac{\$230}{2} \frac{\$410}{2}; and
59.18	(iii) 100 or more sites, \$330 \( \frac{\$610}{} \).
59.19 59.20 59.21 59.22 59.23	In addition to the base fee, manufactured home parks and recreational camping areas shall pay \$5 \section 8 for each licensed site. This paragraph does not apply to special event recreational camping areas. Operators of a manufactured home park or a recreational camping area also licensed under section 157.16 for the same location shall pay only one base fee, whichever is the highest of the base fees found in this section or section 157.16.
59.24 59.25 59.26	(c) In addition to the fee in paragraph (b), each manufactured home park or recreational camping area shall pay an additional annual fee for each fee category specified in this paragraph:
59.27 59.28	(1) Manufactured home parks and recreational camping areas with public swimming pools and spas shall pay the appropriate fees specified in section 157.16.
59.29 59.30 59.31 59.32	(2) Individual private sewer or water, \$60 \$85. "Individual private water" means a fee category with a water supply other than a community public water supply as defined in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4720. "Individual private sewer" means a fee category with a subsurface sewage treatment system which uses subsurface treatment and disposal.
60.1 60.2	(d) The following fees must accompany a plan review application for initial construction of a manufactured home park or recreational camping area:
60.3	(1) for initial construction of less than 25 sites, \$375 \$400;
60.4	(2) for initial construction of 25 to 99 sites, \$400 \$425; and
60.5	(3) for initial construction of 100 or more sites, \$500 \$525.
60.6 60.7	(e) The following fees must accompany a plan review application when an existing manufactured home park or recreational camping area is expanded:

60.8	(1) for expansion of less than 25 sites, \$\frac{\$250}{250}\$;
60.9	(2) for expansion of 25 to 99 sites, \$\frac{\$300}{20}\$; and
60.10	(3) for expansion of 100 or more sites, \$450 \\$500.
60.11	Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 327.15, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
60.12 60.13	Subd. 4. Fees, special event recreational camping areas. (a) The following fees are required for special event recreational camping areas licensed under this chapter.
60.14 60.15	(b) All special event recreational camping areas shall pay an annual fee of $\frac{$150}{250}$ plus $\frac{$1}{9}$ for each licensed site.
60.16 60.17	(c) A special event recreational camping area shall pay a late fee of $\frac{$360}{$450}$ for failing to obtain a license prior to operating.
60.18 60.19	(d) The following fees must accompany a plan review application for initial construction of a special event recreational camping area:
60.20 60.21	(1) for initial construction of less than 25 special event recreational camping sites, $\$375$ $\$475$ ;
60.22	(2) for initial construction of 25 to 99 sites, \$\frac{\$400}{20}\$; and
60.23	(3) for initial construction of 100 or more sites, \$500 \\$600.
60.24 60.25	(e) The following fees must accompany a plan review application for expansion of a special event recreational camping area:
60.26	(1) for expansion of less than 25 sites, \$250 \$300;
60.27	(2) for expansion of 25 to 99 sites, \$\frac{\$300}{}\$ and
60.28	(3) for expansion of 100 or more sites, \$450 \\$500.
61.1 61.2	Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 327.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
61.3 61.4 61.5	<u>Subd. 5.</u> <b>Technology fee.</b> All manufactured home parks, recreational camping areas, and special event camping areas must pay a \$5 technology fee at initial licensing and upon each renewal.
61.6	Sec. 77. SPOKEN LANGUAGE HEALTH CARE INTERPRETER WORK GROUP.
61.7 61.8	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
61.9	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health

16.1	Sec. 17	7. SPOKEN	LANGUAGE	HEALTH	CARE INTE	RPRETER W	ORK GROUP

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

16.4 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

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16.5 16.6	(c) "Common languages" means the 15 most common languages without regard to dialect in Minnesota.
16.7 16.8	(d) "Registered interpreter" means a spoken language interpreter who is listed on the Department of Health's spoken language health care interpreter roster.
16.9 16.10	(e) "Work group" means the spoken language health care interpreter work group established in this section.
16.11 16.12 16.13	Subd. 2. Composition. The commissioner, after receiving work group candidate applications, must appoint 15 members to the work group consisting of the following members:
16.14 16.15	(1) three members who are interpreters listed on the Department of Health's spoken language health care interpreter roster and who are Minnesota residents. Of these members:
16.16	(i) each must be an interpreter for a different language;
	(e)
16.17	(ii) at least one must have a national certification credential; and
16.17 16.18 16.19	(ii) at least one must have a national certification credential; and (iii) at least one must have been listed on the roster as an interpreter in a language other than the common languages and must have completed a nationally recognized training
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22 16.23	(ii) at least one must have a national certification credential; and  (iii) at least one must have been listed on the roster as an interpreter in a language other than the common languages and must have completed a nationally recognized training program for health care interpreters that is, at a minimum, 40 hours in length;  (2) three members representing limited English proficiency (LEP) individuals. Of these members, two must represent LEP individuals who are proficient in a common language other than English and one must represent LEP individuals who are proficient in a language
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22 16.23 16.24	(ii) at least one must have a national certification credential; and  (iii) at least one must have been listed on the roster as an interpreter in a language other than the common languages and must have completed a nationally recognized training program for health care interpreters that is, at a minimum, 40 hours in length;  (2) three members representing limited English proficiency (LEP) individuals. Of these members, two must represent LEP individuals who are proficient in a common language other than English and one must represent LEP individuals who are proficient in a language that is not one of the common languages;
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22 16.23 16.24 16.25	(ii) at least one must have a national certification credential; and  (iii) at least one must have been listed on the roster as an interpreter in a language other than the common languages and must have completed a nationally recognized training program for health care interpreters that is, at a minimum, 40 hours in length;  (2) three members representing limited English proficiency (LEP) individuals. Of these members, two must represent LEP individuals who are proficient in a common language other than English and one must represent LEP individuals who are proficient in a language that is not one of the common languages;  (3) one member representing a health plan company;  (4) one member who is not an interpreter and who is representing a Minnesota health

(7) one member representing the Department of Human Services;

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1.10	(c) "Common languages" means the 15 most frequent languages without regard to dialect
1.11	in Minnesota.
1.12	(d) "Registered interpreter" means a spoken language interpreter who is listed on the
1.13	Department of Health's spoken language health care interpreter roster.
1.14	(e) "Work group" means the spoken language health care interpreter work group
1.15	established in subdivision 2.
1.16	Subd. 2. Composition. The commissioner shall, after receiving work group candidate
1.17	applications, appoint 15 members to the work group consisting of the following members:
1.18	(1) three members who are interpreters listed on the Department of Health's spoken
1.19	language health care interpreter roster and who are Minnesota residents. Of these members:
1.20	(i) each must be an interpreter for a different language; (ii) at least one must have a national
51.21 51.22	certification credential; and (iii) at least one must have been listed on the roster as an interpreter in a language other than the common languages and must have completed a
51.23	nationally recognized training program for health care interpreters that is, at a minimum,
1.24	40 hours in length;
1.25	(2) three members representing limited English proficiency (LEP) individuals. Of these
1.26	members, two must represent LEP individuals who are not proficient in a common language
1.27	and one must represent LEP individuals who are proficient in a language that is not one of
1.28	the common languages;
1.29	(3) one member representing a health plan company;
51.30	(4) one member representing a Minnesota health system who is not an interpreter;
11.50	(4) one memoer representing a primitesota heathr system who is not an interpreter,
2.1	(5) true manula are nonnescentino intermenten a consider includino and manula nonnescentino
52.1	(5) two members representing interpreter agencies, including one member representing agencies whose main office is located outside the seven-county metropolitan area and one
52.3	member representing agencies whose main office is located within the seven-county
52.4	metropolitan area;
52.5	(6) one member representing the Department of Health;
2.6	(7) one member representing the Department of Human Services;

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17.3 17.4	(8) one member representing an interpreter training program or postsecondary education institution program providing interpreter courses or skills assessment;
17.5 17.6	(9) one member who is affiliated with a Minnesota-based or Minnesota chapter of a national or international organization representing interpreters; and
17.7	(10) one member who is a licensed health care provider.
17.8 17.9 17.10	Subd. 3. <b>Duties.</b> The work group must compile a list of recommendations to support and improve access to the critical health care interpreting services provided across the state, including but not limited to:
17.11 17.12 17.13	(1) changing requirements for registered and certified interpreters to reflect changing needs of the Minnesota health care community and emerging national standards of training, competency, and testing;
17.14 17.15	(2) addressing barriers for interpreters to gain access to the roster, including barriers for interpreters of languages other than common languages and interpreters in rural areas;
17.16	(3) reimbursing spoken language health care interpreting;
17.17 17.18	(4) identifying gaps in interpreter services in rural areas and recommending ways to address interpreter training and funding needs;
17.19	(5) training, certification, and continuing education programs;
17.20 17.21 17.22	(6) convening a meeting of public and private sector representatives of the spoken language health care interpreter community to identify ongoing sources of financial assistance to aid individual interpreters in meeting interpreter training and testing requirements;
17.23 17.24	(7) conducting surveys of people receiving and providing interpreter services to understand changing needs and consumer quality of care; and
17.25 17.26	(8) suggesting changes in requirements and qualifications on telehealth or remote interpreting.
17.27 17.28	Subd. 4. Compensation; expense reimbursement. Compensation shall be offered to work group members not being compensated for their participation in work group activities

(6) convening a meeting of public and private sector representatives of the spoken
language health care interpreter community to identify ongoing sources of financial assistar
to aid individual interpreters in meeting interpreter training and testing requirements;
(7) conducting surveys of people receiving and providing interpreter services to
understand changing needs and consumer quality of care; and
(8)
(8) suggesting changes in requirements and qualifications on telehealth or remote
interpreting.
Subd. 4. Compensation; expense reimbursement. Compensation shall be offered to
work group members not being compensated for their participation in work group activities
as part of their existing job duties. Work group members shall be compensated and
reimbursed for expenses for work group activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.059
subdivision 3.
Subd. 5. Administrative support; meeting space, meeting facilitation. The
Subd. 5. Administrative support; meeting space, meeting facilitation. The commissioner must provide meeting space and administrative support for the work group.
commissioner must provide meeting space and administrative support for the work group.

17.29 17.30 17.31 18.1 18.2

18.3 18.4

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2.7	(8) one member representing an interpreter training program or postsecondary education
2.8	institution program providing interpreter courses or skills assessment;
2.9	(9) one member who is affiliated with a Minnesota-based or Minnesota chapter of a
2.10	national or international organization representing interpreters; and
2.11	(10) one member who is a licensed direct care health provider.
2.12	Subd. 3. Duties. The work group must compile a list of recommendations to support
2.13 2.14	and improve access to the critical health care interpreting services provided across the state, including but not limited to:
2.15 2.16	(1) changing requirements for registered and certified interpreters to reflect changing needs of the Minnesota health care community and emerging national standards of training,
2.16	competency, and testing;
2.18	
2.18	(2) addressing barriers for interpreters to gain access to the roster, including barriers to interpreters of uncommon languages and interpreters in rural areas;
2.20	(3) reimbursing spoken language health care interpreting;
2.21 2.22	(4) identifying gaps in interpreter services in rural areas and recommending ways to address interpreter training and funding needs;
2.23	(5) providing training, certification, and continuing education programs;
2.24	(6) convening a meeting of public and private sector representatives of the spoken
2.25 2.26	language health care interpreters community to identify ongoing sources of financial assistance to aid individual interpreters in meeting interpreter training and testing registry
2.27	requirements;
2.28	(7) conducting surveys of people receiving and providing interpreter services to
2.28	understand changing needs and consumer quality care; and
2.30	(8) suggesting changes in requirements and qualifications on telehealth or remote
2.31	interpreting.
3.1	Subd. 4. Compensation; expense reimbursement. Compensation shall be offered to
3.2	work group members not being compensated for their participation in work group activities
3.3	as part of their existing job duties. Work group members shall be compensated and
3.4	reimbursed for expenses for work group activities under section 15.059, subdivision 3.
3.5 3.6	Subd. 5. Administrative support; meeting space, meeting facilitation. The commissioner must provide meeting space and administrative support for the work group.
3.7	The commissioner may contract with a neutral independent consultant to provide this
3.8	administrative support and to facilitate and lead the meetings of the work group.

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8.5	Subd. 6. Deadline for appointments. The commissioner must appoint members to the
8.6	work group by August 15, 2025.
8.7	Subd. 7. Expiration. The work group and this section expire on November 2, 2026, or
8.8	upon submission of the report required under subdivision 9, whichever is earlier.
8.9	Subd. 8. <b>Initial work group meetings.</b> The commissioner must convene the first meeting
8.10	of the work group by October 1, 2025. Prior to the first meeting, work group members must
8.11	receive survey results and evidence-based research on interpreter services in Minnesota.
8.12	During the first meetings, work group members must receive survey results and consult
8.13	with subject matter experts, including but not limited to signed language interpreting experts,
8.14	academic experts with knowledge of interpreting research, and academic health experts to
8.15	address specific gaps in spoken language health care interpreting. The work group must
8.16	provide a minimum of two opportunities for public comment. These opportunities shall be
8.17	announced with at least four weeks' notice, with publicity in the five most common languages
8.18	in Minnesota. Interpreters for those same languages shall be provided during the public
8.19	comment opportunities.
8.20	Subd. 9. Report. By November 1, 2026, the commissioner must provide the chairs and
8.21	ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health care
8.22	interpreter services with recommendations, including draft legislation and any statutory
8.23	changes needed to implement the recommendations, to improve and support access to health
8.24	care interpreting services statewide.
8.25	Sec. 18. TITLE.
8.26	The amendments to Minnesota Statutes, section 144.1222, subdivision 2d, in this act
8.27	may be cited as the "Free the Hot Tub Act."

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63.9

3.9	Subd. 6. Deadline for appointments. The commissioner must appoint members to the
3.10	work group by August 15, 2025.
3.11	Subd. 7. Expiration. This section expires on November 2, 2026, or upon submission
3.12	of the report required under subdivision 9, whichever is earlier.
3.13	Subd. 8. Initial spoken language health care interpreter work group meetings. The
3.14	commissioner shall convene the first meeting of the work group by October 1, 2025. Prior
3.15	to the first meeting, work group members must receive results from previously conducted
3.16	surveys and gather evidence-based research on interpreter services in Minnesota. During
3.17	the first meetings, work group members may consult with subject matter experts, including
3.18	but not limited to signed language interpreting experts, academic experts with knowledge
3.19	of interpreting research, and academic health experts to address specific gaps in spoken
3.20 3.21	language health care interpreting. The work group shall provide a minimum of two opportunities for public comment. These opportunities shall be announced with at least four
3.22	weeks' notice, with publicity in the five most common languages in Minnesota. Interpreters
3.23	for those same languages shall be provided during the public comment opportunities.
3.24	Subd. 9. Report. The commissioner must provide the chairs and ranking minority
3.25	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health care interpreter services
3.26 3.27	with recommendations, including draft legislation and any statutory changes needed to implement the recommendations, to improve and support access to health care interpreting
3.28	services statewide by November 1, 2026.
13.20	Services statewide by November 1, 2020.
3.29	Sec. 78. AFRICAN AMERICAN-FOCUSED HOMEPLACE GRANT PROGRAM,
3.30	(a) The commissioner of health must establish a grant program to strengthen and
53.31	implement the current model of the African American-focused Homeplace in Hennepin
3.32	County. The purpose of the model is to improve access to culturally centered healing and
54.1	care during pregnancy and the postpartum period, with the goal of improving maternal and
4.2	child health outcomes.
4.3	(b) By December 15, 2026, the grantee must submit a report to the commissioner of
4.4	health on the implementation and progress of Homeplace in Hennepin County. The report
54.5 54.6	must outline outcomes achieved and recommendations for future funding and program expansion.
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	SECTION 79 WAS REMOVED TO THE H2435-3 ARTICLE 6 SIDE BY SIDE.

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18.28 Sec. 19. **REPEALER.** 

Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 145.361, is repealed.

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68.4	Sec. 80. RULEMAKING.
68.5	The Department of Health must adopt rules using the expedited process under Minnesota
68.6	Statutes, section 14.389, to amend certain parts in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4695, to conform
68.7	with the changes made in this act.
68.8	Sec. 81. REPEALER.
68.9	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 62J.824; and 103I.550, are repealed.
68.10	(b) Minnesota Rules, part 4695.2900, is repealed.