

84.5 **ARTICLE 6**

84.6 **PUBLIC SAFETY AND CRIME VICTIMS**

84.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.6586, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

84.8 Subd. 2. **Contents of notice.** The commissioners of health and public safety, in
84.9 consultation with sexual assault victim advocates and health care professionals, shall develop
84.10 the notice required by subdivision 1. The notice must inform the victim, at a minimum, of:

84.11 (1) the obligation under section 609.35 of the ~~county where the criminal sexual conduct~~
84.12 ~~occurred~~ state to pay for the examination performed for the purpose of gathering evidence,
84.13 that payment is not contingent on the victim reporting the criminal sexual conduct to law
84.14 enforcement, and that the victim may incur expenses for treatment of injuries;

84.15 (2) the victim's rights if the crime is reported to law enforcement, including the victim's
84.16 right to apply for reparations under sections 611A.51 to 611A.68, information on how to
84.17 apply for reparations, and information on how to obtain an order for protection or a
84.18 harassment restraining order; and

84.19 (3) the opportunity under section 611A.27 to obtain status information about an
84.20 unrestricted sexual assault examination kit, as defined in section 299C.106, subdivision 1,
84.21 paragraph (h).

84.22 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 145.4712, is amended to read:

84.23 **145.4712 EMERGENCY CARE TO SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIMS.**

84.24 Subdivision 1. **Emergency care to female sexual assault victims.** (a) It shall be the
84.25 standard of care for all hospitals and other health care providers that provide emergency
84.26 care to, at a minimum:

84.27 (1) provide each female sexual assault victim with medically and factually accurate and
84.28 unbiased written and oral information about emergency contraception from the American
84.29 College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and distributed to all hospitals by the Department
84.30 of Health;

85.1 (2) orally inform each female sexual assault victim of the option of being provided with
85.2 emergency contraception at the hospital or other health care facility; and

85.3 (3) immediately provide emergency contraception to each sexual assault victim who
85.4 requests it provided it is not medically contraindicated and is ordered by a legal prescriber.
85.5 Emergency contraception shall be administered in accordance with current medical protocols
85.6 regarding timing and dosage necessary to complete the treatment.

85.7 (b) A hospital or health care provider may administer a pregnancy test. If the pregnancy
85.8 test is positive, the hospital or health care provider does not have to comply with the
85.9 provisions in paragraph (a).

41.6 **ARTICLE 3**

41.7 **PUBLIC SAFETY**

42.27 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.6586, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

42.28 Subd. 2. **Contents of notice.** The commissioners of health and public safety, in
42.29 consultation with sexual assault victim advocates and health care professionals, shall develop
42.30 the notice required by subdivision 1. The notice must inform the victim, at a minimum, of:

43.1 (1) the obligation under section 609.35 of the ~~county where the criminal sexual conduct~~
43.2 ~~occurred~~ state to pay for the examination performed for the purpose of gathering evidence,
43.3 that payment is not contingent on the victim reporting the criminal sexual conduct to law
43.4 enforcement, and that the victim may incur expenses for treatment of injuries;

43.5 (2) the victim's rights if the crime is reported to law enforcement, including the victim's
43.6 right to apply for reparations under sections 611A.51 to 611A.68, information on how to
43.7 apply for reparations, and information on how to obtain an order for protection or a
43.8 harassment restraining order; and

43.9 (3) the opportunity under section 611A.27 to obtain status information about an
43.10 unrestricted sexual assault examination kit, as defined in section 299C.106, subdivision 1,
43.11 paragraph (h).

43.12 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 145.4712, is amended to read:

43.13 **145.4712 EMERGENCY CARE TO SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIMS.**

43.14 Subdivision 1. **Emergency care to female sexual assault victims.** (a) It shall be the
43.15 standard of care for all hospitals and other health care providers that provide emergency
43.16 care to, at a minimum:

43.17 (1) provide each female sexual assault victim with medically and factually accurate and
43.18 unbiased written and oral information about emergency contraception from the American
43.19 College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and distributed to all hospitals by the Department
43.20 of Health;

43.21 (2) orally inform each female sexual assault victim of the option of being provided with
43.22 emergency contraception at the hospital or other health care facility; and

43.23 (3) immediately provide emergency contraception to each sexual assault victim who
43.24 requests it provided it is not medically contraindicated and is ordered by a legal prescriber.
43.25 Emergency contraception shall be administered in accordance with current medical protocols
43.26 regarding timing and dosage necessary to complete the treatment.

43.27 (b) A hospital or health care provider may administer a pregnancy test. If the pregnancy
43.28 test is positive, the hospital or health care provider does not have to comply with the
43.29 provisions in paragraph (a).

85.10 Subd. 2. **Emergency care to male and female sexual assault victims.** It shall be the
85.11 standard of care for all hospitals and health care providers that provide emergency care to,
85.12 at a minimum:

85.13 (1) provide each sexual assault victim with factually accurate and unbiased written and
85.14 oral medical information about prophylactic antibiotics for treatment of sexually transmitted
85.15 ~~diseases~~ infections;

85.16 (2) orally inform each sexual assault victim of the option of being provided prophylactic
85.17 antibiotics for treatment of sexually transmitted ~~diseases~~ infections at the hospital or other
85.18 health care facility; and

85.19 (3) immediately provide prophylactic antibiotics for treatment of sexually transmitted
85.20 ~~diseases~~ infections to each sexual assault victim who requests it, provided it is not medically
85.21 contraindicated and is ordered by a legal prescriber.

85.22 Sec. 3. **[260B.020] OFFICE OF RESTORATIVE PRACTICES.**

85.23 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "restorative practices" means programs,
85.24 practices, and policies that incorporate core principles, including but not limited to
85.25 voluntariness, prioritization of agreement by the people closest to the harm on what is needed
85.26 to repair the harm, reintegration into the community, honesty, and respect. Further, restorative
85.27 practices are rooted in community values and create meaningful outcomes that may include
85.28 but are not limited to:

85.29 (1) establishing and meeting goals related to increasing connection to community,
85.30 restoring relationships, and increasing empathy, perspective taking, and taking responsibility
85.31 for impact of actions by all parties involved;

85.32 (2) addressing the needs of those who have been harmed;

86.1 (3) recognizing and addressing the underlying issues of behavior;

86.2 (4) engaging with those most directly affected by an incident and including community
86.3 members that reflect the diversity of the child's environment;

86.4 (5) having broad authority to determine the complete and appropriate responses to
86.5 specific incidents through the use of a collaborative process;

86.6 (6) providing solutions and approaches that affirm and are tailored to specific cultures;
86.7 and

86.8 (7) implementing policies and procedures that are informed by the science of the social,
86.9 emotional, and cognitive development of children.

86.10 Subd. 2. **Establishment.** The Office of Restorative Practices is established within the
86.11 Department of Public Safety. The Office of Restorative Practices shall have the powers and
86.12 duties described in this section.

43.30 Subd. 2. **Emergency care to male and female sexual assault victims.** It shall be the
43.31 standard of care for all hospitals and health care providers that provide emergency care to,
43.32 at a minimum:

44.1 (1) provide each sexual assault victim with factually accurate and unbiased written and
44.2 oral medical information about prophylactic antibiotics for treatment of sexually transmitted
44.3 ~~diseases~~ infections;

44.4 (2) orally inform each sexual assault victim of the option of being provided prophylactic
44.5 antibiotics for treatment of sexually transmitted ~~diseases~~ infections at the hospital or other
44.6 health care facility; and

44.7 (3) immediately provide prophylactic antibiotics for treatment of sexually transmitted
44.8 ~~diseases~~ infections to each sexual assault victim who requests it, provided it is not medically
44.9 contraindicated and is ordered by a legal prescriber.

86.13 Subd. 3. **Department of Children, Youth, and Family; automatic transfer.** In the
86.14 event that a Department of Children, Youth, and Family is created as an independent agency,
86.15 the Office of Restorative Practices shall be transferred to that department pursuant to section
86.16 15.039 effective six months following the effective date for legislation creating that
86.17 department.

86.18 Subd. 4. **Director; other staff.** (a) The commissioner of public safety shall appoint a
86.19 director of the Office of Restorative Practices. The director should have qualifications that
86.20 include or are similar to the following:

86.21 (1) experience in the many facets of restorative justice and practices such as peacemaking
86.22 circles, sentencing circles, community conferencing, community panels, and family group
86.23 decision making;

86.24 (2) experience in victim-centered and trauma-informed practices;

86.25 (3) knowledge of the range of social problems that bring children and families to points
86.26 of crisis such as poverty, racism, unemployment, and unequal opportunity;

86.27 (4) knowledge of the many ways youth become involved in other systems such as truancy,
86.28 juvenile delinquency, child protection; and

86.29 (5) understanding of educational barriers.

86.30 (b) The director shall hire additional staff to perform the duties of the Office of
86.31 Restorative Practices. The staff shall be in the classified service of the state and their
86.32 compensation shall be established pursuant to chapter 43A.

87.1 Subd. 5. **Duties.** (a) The Office of Restorative Practices shall promote the use of
87.2 restorative practices across multiple disciplines, including but not limited to:

87.3 (1) pretrial diversion programs established pursuant to section 388.24;

87.4 (2) delinquency, criminal justice, child welfare, and education systems; and

87.5 (3) community violence prevention practices.

87.6 (b) The Office of Restorative Practices shall collaborate with Tribal communities,
87.7 counties, multicounty agencies, other state agencies, nonprofit agencies, and other
87.8 jurisdictions, and with existing restorative practices initiatives in those jurisdictions to
87.9 establish new restorative practices initiatives, support existing restorative practices initiatives,
87.10 and identify effective restorative practices initiatives.

87.11 (c) The Office of Restorative Practices shall encourage collaboration between jurisdictions
87.12 by creating a statewide network, led by restorative practitioners, to share effective methods
87.13 and practices.

87.14 (d) The Office of Restorative Practices shall create a statewide directory of restorative
87.15 practices initiatives. The office shall make this directory available to all restorative practices

87.16 initiatives, counties, multicounty agencies, nonprofit agencies, and Tribes in order to facilitate
87.17 referrals to restorative practices initiatives and programs.

87.18 (e) The Office of Restorative Practices shall work throughout the state to build capacity
87.19 for the use of restorative practices in all jurisdictions and shall encourage every county to
87.20 have at least one available restorative practices initiative.

87.21 (f) The Office of Restorative Practices shall engage restorative practitioners in discerning
87.22 ways to measure the effectiveness of restorative efforts throughout the state.

87.23 (g) The Office of Restorative Practices shall oversee the coordination and establishment
87.24 of local restorative practices advisory committees. The office shall oversee compliance with
87.25 the conditions of this funding program. If a complaint or concern about a local advisory
87.26 committee or a grant recipient is received, the Office of Restorative Practices shall exercise
87.27 oversight as provided in this section.

87.28 (h) The Office of Restorative Practices shall provide information to local restorative
87.29 practices advisory committees, or restorative practices initiatives in Tribal communities and
87.30 governments, counties, multicounty agencies, other state agencies, and other jurisdictions
87.31 about best practices that are developmentally tailored to youth, trauma-informed, and
87.32 healing-centered, and provide technical support. Providing information includes but is not
87.33 limited to sharing data on successful practices in other jurisdictions, sending notification
88.1 about available training opportunities, and sharing known resources for financial support.
88.2 The Office of Restorative Practices shall also provide training and technical support to local
88.3 restorative practices advisory committees. Training includes but is not limited to the use
88.4 and scope of restorative practices, victim-centered restorative practices, and trauma-informed
88.5 care.

88.6 (i) The Office of Restorative Practices shall annually establish minimum requirements
88.7 for the grant application process.

88.8 (j) The Office of Restorative Practices shall work with Tribes, counties, multicounty
88.9 agencies, and nonprofit agencies throughout the state to educate those entities about the
88.10 application process for grants and encourage applications.

88.11 Subd. 6. **Grants.** (a) Within available appropriations, the director shall award grants to
88.12 establish and support restorative practices initiatives. An approved applicant must receive
88.13 a grant of up to \$500,000 each year.

88.14 (b) On an annual basis, the Office of Restorative Practices shall establish a minimum
88.15 number of applications that must be received during the application process. If the minimum
88.16 number of applications is not received, the office must reopen the application process.

88.17 (c) Grants may be awarded to private and public nonprofit agencies; local units of
88.18 government, including cities, counties, and townships; local educational agencies; and Tribal
88.19 governments. A restorative practices advisory committee may support multiple entities
88.20 applying for grants based on community needs, the number of youth and families in the

88.21 jurisdiction, and the number of restorative practices available to the community. Budgets
88.22 supported by grant funds can include contracts with partner agencies.

88.23 (d) Applications must include the following:

88.24 (1) a list of willing restorative practices advisory committee members;

88.25 (2) letters of support from potential restorative practices advisory committee members;

88.26 (3) a description of the planning process that includes:

88.27 (i) a description of the origins of the initiative, including how the community provided
88.28 input; and

88.29 (ii) an estimated number of participants to be served; and

88.30 (4) a formal document containing a project description that outlines the proposed goals,
88.31 activities, and outcomes of the initiative including, at a minimum:

89.1 (i) a description of how the initiative meets the minimum eligibility requirements of the
89.2 grant;

89.3 (ii) the roles and responsibilities of key staff assigned to the initiative;

89.4 (iii) identification of any key partners, including a summary of the roles and
89.5 responsibilities of those partners;

89.6 (iv) a description of how volunteers and other community members are engaged in the
89.7 initiative; and

89.8 (v) a plan for evaluation and data collection.

89.9 (e) In determining the appropriate amount of each grant, the Office of Restorative
89.10 Practices shall consider the number of individuals likely to be served by the local restorative
89.11 practices initiative.

89.12 Subd. 7. **Restorative practices advisory committees; membership and duties.** (a)
89.13 Restorative practices advisory committees must include:

89.14 (1) a judge of the judicial district that will be served by the restorative practices initiative;

89.15 (2) the county attorney of a county that will be served by the restorative practices initiative
89.16 or a designee;

89.17 (3) the chief district public defender in the district that will be served by the local
89.18 restorative justice program or a designee;

89.19 (4) a representative from the children's unit of a county social services agency assigned
89.20 to the area that will be served by the restorative practices initiative;

- 89.21 (5) a representative from the local probation department or community corrections
89.22 agency that works with youth in the area that will be served by the restorative practices
89.23 initiative;
- 89.24 (6) a representative from a local law enforcement agency that operates in the area that
89.25 will be served by the restorative practices initiative;
- 89.26 (7) a school administrator or designee from a school or schools that operate in the area
89.27 that will be served by the restorative practices initiative;
- 89.28 (8) multiple community members that reflect the racial, socioeconomic, and other
89.29 diversity of the population of a county that will be served by the local restorative justice
89.30 program and the individuals most frequently involved in the truancy, juvenile offender, and
89.31 juvenile safety and placement systems;
- 90.1 (9) restorative practitioners, including restorative practitioners from within the community
90.2 if available and, if not, from nearby communities;
- 90.3 (10) parents, youth, and justice-impacted participants; and
- 90.4 (11) at least one representative from a victims advocacy group.
- 90.5 (b) Community members described in paragraph (a), clause (8), must make up at least
90.6 one-third of the restorative practices advisory committee.
- 90.7 (c) Community members, parents, youth, and justice-impacted participants participating
90.8 in the advisory committee may receive a per diem from grant funds in the amount determined
90.9 by the General Services Administration.
- 90.10 (d) The restorative practices advisory committees must utilize restorative practices in
90.11 their decision-making process and come to consensus when developing, expanding, and
90.12 maintaining restorative practices criteria and referral processes for their communities.
- 90.13 (e) Restorative practices advisory committees shall be responsible for establishing
90.14 eligibility requirements for referrals to the local restorative practices initiative. Once
90.15 restorative practices criteria and referral processes are developed, children, families, and
90.16 cases, depending upon the point of prevention or intervention, must be referred to the local
90.17 restorative practices initiatives or programs that serve the county, local community, or Tribal
90.18 community where the child and family reside.
- 90.19 (f) Referrals may be made under circumstances, including but not limited to:
- 90.20 (1) as an alternative to arrest as outlined in section 260B.1755;
- 90.21 (2) for a juvenile petty offense;
- 90.22 (3) for a juvenile traffic offense;

90.23 (4) for a juvenile delinquency offense, including before and after a delinquency petition
90.24 has been filed;

90.25 (5) for a child protection case, including before and after adjudication;

90.26 (6) for a children's mental health case;

90.27 (7) for a juvenile status offense, including but not limited to truancy or running away;

90.28 (8) for substance use issues;

90.29 (9) for situations involving transition to or from the community; and

90.30 (10) through self-referral.

91.1 Subd. 8. **Oversight of restorative practices advisory committees.** (a) Complaints by
91.2 restorative practices advisory committee members, community members, restorative practices
91.3 initiatives, or restorative practices practitioners regarding concerns about grant recipients
91.4 may be made to the Office of Restorative Practices.

91.5 (b) The Office of Restorative Practices may prescribe the methods by which complaints
91.6 to the office are to be made, reviewed, and acted upon.

91.7 (c) The Office of Restorative Practices shall establish and use a restorative process to
91.8 respond to complaints so that grant recipients are being held to their agreed upon
91.9 responsibilities and continue to meet the minimum eligibility requirements for grants to
91.10 local restorative practices initiatives for the duration of the grant.

91.11 Subd. 9. **Report.** By February 15 of each year, the director shall report to the chairs and
91.12 ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over
91.13 public safety, human services, and education, on the work of the Office of Restorative
91.14 Practices, any grants issued pursuant to this section, and the status of local restorative
91.15 practices initiatives in the state that were reviewed in the previous year.

91.16 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297I.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

91.17 Subdivision 1. **Insurance policies surcharge.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in
91.18 subdivision 2, each licensed insurer engaged in writing policies of homeowner's insurance
91.19 authorized in section 60A.06, subdivision 1, clause (1)(c), or commercial fire policies or
91.20 commercial nonliability policies shall collect a surcharge as provided in this paragraph.
91.21 ~~Through June 30, 2013, The surcharge is equal to 0.65 percent of the gross premiums and~~
91.22 ~~assessments, less return premiums, on direct business received by the company, or by its~~
91.23 ~~agents for it, for homeowner's insurance policies, commercial fire policies, and commercial~~
91.24 ~~nonliability insurance policies in this state. Beginning July 1, 2013, the surcharge is 0.5~~
91.25 ~~percent.~~

91.26 (b) The surcharge amount collected under paragraph (a) or subdivision 2, paragraph (b),
91.27 may not be considered premium for any other purpose. The surcharge amount under

49.16 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297I.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

49.17 Subdivision 1. **Insurance policies surcharge.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in
49.18 subdivision 2, each licensed insurer engaged in writing policies of homeowner's insurance
49.19 authorized in section 60A.06, subdivision 1, clause (1)(c), or commercial fire policies or
49.20 commercial nonliability policies shall collect a surcharge as provided in this paragraph.
49.21 ~~Through June 30, 2013, The surcharge is equal to 0.65 percent of the gross premiums and~~
49.22 ~~assessments, less return premiums, on direct business received by the company, or by its~~
49.23 ~~agents for it, for homeowner's insurance policies, commercial fire policies, and commercial~~
49.24 ~~nonliability insurance policies in this state. Beginning July 1, 2013, the surcharge is 0.5~~
49.25 ~~percent.~~

49.26 (b) The surcharge amount collected under paragraph (a) or subdivision 2, paragraph (b),
49.27 may not be considered premium for any other purpose. The surcharge amount under

91.28 paragraph (a) must be separately stated on either a billing or policy declaration or document
91.29 containing similar information sent to an insured.

91.30 (c) Amounts collected by the commissioner under this section must be deposited in the
91.31 fire safety account established pursuant to subdivision 3.

92.1 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.38, is amended to read:

92.2 **299A.38 SOFT BODY ARMOR REIMBURSEMENT.**

92.3 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

92.4 ~~(a)~~ (1) "commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety;

92.5 (2) "firefighter" means a volunteer, paid on-call, part-time, or career firefighter serving
92.6 a general population within the boundaries of the state;

92.7 ~~(b)~~ (3) "peace officer" means a person who is licensed under section 626.84, subdivision
92.8 1, paragraph (c);

92.9 (4) "public safety officer" means a firefighter or qualified emergency medical service
92.10 provider;

92.11 (5) "qualified emergency medical service provider" means a person certified under
92.12 section 144E.101 who is actively employed by a Minnesota licensed ambulance service;
92.13 and

92.14 ~~(e)~~ (6) "vest" means bullet-resistant soft body armor that is flexible, concealable, and
92.15 custom fitted to the peace officer to provide ballistic and trauma protection.

92.16 Subd. 2. **State and local reimbursement.** Peace officers and heads of local law
92.17 enforcement agencies and public safety officers and heads of agencies and entities who buy
92.18 vests for the use of peace officer employees, public safety officer employees, or both may
92.19 apply to the commissioner for reimbursement of funds spent to buy vests. On approving an
92.20 application for reimbursement, the commissioner shall pay the applicant an amount equal
92.21 to the lesser of one-half of the vest's purchase price or \$600, as adjusted according to
92.22 subdivision 2a. The political subdivision, agency, or entity that employs the peace officer
92.23 or public safety officer shall pay at least the lesser of one-half of the vest's purchase price
92.24 or \$600, as adjusted according to subdivision 2a. The political subdivision, agency, or entity
92.25 may not deduct or pay its share of the vest's cost from any clothing, maintenance, or similar
92.26 allowance otherwise provided to the peace officer by the law enforcement agency or public
92.27 safety officer by the employing agency or entity.

92.28 Subd. 2a. **Adjustment of reimbursement amount.** On October 1, 2006, the
92.29 commissioner of public safety shall adjust the \$600 reimbursement amounts specified in
92.30 subdivision 2, and in each subsequent year, on October 1, the commissioner shall adjust the
92.31 reimbursement amount applicable immediately preceding that October 1 date. The adjusted
92.32 rate must reflect the annual percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban

49.28 paragraph (a) must be separately stated on either a billing or policy declaration or document
49.29 containing similar information sent to an insured.

49.30 (c) Amounts collected by the commissioner under this section must be deposited in the
49.31 fire safety account established pursuant to subdivision 3.

50.1 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.38, is amended to read:

50.2 **299A.38 SOFT BODY ARMOR REIMBURSEMENT.**

50.3 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

50.4 (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety;

50.5 (b) "Firefighter" means a volunteer, paid on-call, part-time, or career firefighter serving
50.6 a general population within the boundaries of the state;

50.7 ~~(b)~~ (c) "Peace officer" means a person who is licensed under section 626.84, subdivision
50.8 1, paragraph (c);

50.9 (d) "Public safety officer" means a peace officer, firefighter, or qualified emergency
50.10 medical service provider;

50.11 (e) "Qualified emergency medical service provider" means a person certified under
50.12 section 144E.28 who is actively employed by a Minnesota licensed ambulance service;

50.13 ~~(e)~~ (f) "Vest" means bullet-resistant soft body armor that is flexible, concealable, and
50.14 custom fitted to the peace public safety officer to provide ballistic and trauma protection.

50.15 Subd. 2. **State and local reimbursement.** Peace Public safety officers and heads of
50.16 local law enforcement agencies and entities who buy vests for the use of peace public safety
50.17 officer employees may apply to the commissioner for reimbursement of funds spent to buy
50.18 vests. On approving an application for reimbursement, the commissioner shall pay the
50.19 applicant an amount equal to the lesser of one-half of the vest's purchase price or \$600, as
50.20 adjusted according to subdivision 2a. The political subdivision agency or entity that employs
50.21 the peace public safety officer shall pay at least the lesser of one-half of the vest's purchase
50.22 price or \$600, as adjusted according to subdivision 2a. The political subdivision employer
50.23 may not deduct or pay its share of the vest's cost from any clothing, maintenance, or similar
50.24 allowance otherwise provided to the peace public safety officer by the law enforcement
50.25 agency employer.

50.26 Subd. 2a. **Adjustment of reimbursement amount.** On October 1, 2006, the
50.27 commissioner of public safety shall adjust the \$600 reimbursement amounts specified in
50.28 subdivision 2, and in each subsequent year, on October 1, the commissioner shall adjust the
50.29 reimbursement amount applicable immediately preceding that October 1 date. The adjusted
50.30 rate must reflect the annual percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban

93.1 consumers, published by the federal Bureau of Labor Statistics, occurring in the one-year
93.2 period ending on the preceding June 1.

93.3 Subd. 3. **Eligibility requirements.** (a) Only vests that either meet or exceed the
93.4 requirements of standard 0101.03 of the National Institute of Justice or that meet or exceed
93.5 the requirements of that standard, except wet armor conditioning, are eligible for
93.6 reimbursement.

93.7 (b) Eligibility for reimbursement is limited to vests bought after December 31, 1986, by
93.8 or for peace officers (1) who did not own a vest meeting the requirements of paragraph (a)
93.9 before the purchase, or (2) who owned a vest that was at least five years old.

93.10 (c) The requirement set forth in paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2), shall not apply to any
93.11 peace officer who purchases a vest constructed from a zylon-based material, provided that
93.12 the peace officer provides proof of purchase or possession of the vest prior to July 1, 2005.

93.13 Subd. 4. **Rules.** The commissioner may adopt rules under chapter 14 to administer this
93.14 section.

93.15 Subd. 5. **Limitation of liability.** A state agency, political subdivision of the state, ~~or~~
93.16 state or local government employee, or other entity that provides reimbursement for purchase
93.17 of a vest under this section is not liable to a peace officer or the peace officer's heirs or a
93.18 public safety officer or the public safety officer's heirs for negligence in the death of or
93.19 injury to the ~~peace~~ officer because the vest was defective or deficient.

93.20 Subd. 6. **Right to benefits unaffected.** A peace officer or public safety officer who is
93.21 reimbursed for the purchase of a vest under this section and who suffers injury or death
93.22 because the officer failed to wear the vest, or because the officer wore a vest that was
93.23 defective or deficient, may not lose or be denied a benefit or right, including a benefit under
93.24 section 299A.44, to which the officer, or the officer's heirs, is otherwise entitled.

93.25 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

93.26 Subd. 3. **Killed in the line of duty.** "Killed in the line of duty" does not include deaths
93.27 from natural causes, except as provided in this subdivision. In the case of a public safety
93.28 officer, killed in the line of duty includes the death of a public safety officer caused by
93.29 accidental means while the public safety officer is acting in the course and scope of duties
93.30 as a public safety officer. Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety officer dies
93.31 as the direct and proximate result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture, that officer
93.32 shall be presumed to have died as the direct and proximate result of a personal injury
93.33 sustained in the line of duty if:

50.31 consumers, published by the federal Bureau of Labor Statistics, occurring in the one-year
50.32 period ending on the preceding June 1.

51.1 Subd. 3. **Eligibility requirements.** (a) Only vests that either meet or exceed the
51.2 requirements of standard 0101.03 of the National Institute of Justice or that meet or exceed
51.3 the requirements of that standard, except wet armor conditioning, are eligible for
51.4 reimbursement.

51.5 (b) Eligibility for reimbursement is limited to vests bought after December 31, 1986, by
51.6 or for peace public safety officers (1) who did not own a vest meeting the requirements of
51.7 paragraph (a) before the purchase, or (2) who owned a vest that was at least five years old.

51.8 (c) The requirement set forth in paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2), shall not apply to any
51.9 peace public safety officer who purchases a vest constructed from a zylon-based material,
51.10 provided that the peace public safety officer provides proof of purchase or possession of
51.11 the vest prior to July 1, 2005.

51.12 Subd. 4. **Rules.** The commissioner may adopt rules under chapter 14 to administer this
51.13 section.

51.14 Subd. 5. **Limitation of liability.** A state agency, political subdivision of the state, ~~or~~
51.15 state or local government employee, or other entity that provides reimbursement for purchase
51.16 of a vest under this section is not liable to a peace public safety officer or the peace public
51.17 safety officer's heirs for negligence in the death of or injury to the peace public safety officer
51.18 because the vest was defective or deficient.

51.19 Subd. 6. **Right to benefits unaffected.** A peace public safety officer who is reimbursed
51.20 for the purchase of a vest under this section and who suffers injury or death because the
51.21 officer failed to wear the vest, or because the officer wore a vest that was defective or
51.22 deficient, may not lose or be denied a benefit or right, including a benefit under section
51.23 299A.44, to which the officer, or the officer's heirs, is otherwise entitled.

51.24 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

51.25 Subd. 3. **Killed in the line of duty.** (a) "Killed in the line of duty" does not include
51.26 deaths from natural causes, except as provided in this subdivision. In the case of a public
51.27 safety officer, killed in the line of duty includes the death of a public safety officer caused
51.28 by accidental means while the public safety officer is acting in the course and scope of
51.29 duties as a public safety officer.

51.30 (b) Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety officer dies as the direct and
51.31 proximate result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture, that officer shall be presumed
51.32 to have died as the direct and proximate result of a personal injury sustained in the line of
51.33 duty if:

94.1 (1) that officer, while on duty:

94.2 (i) engaged in a situation, and that engagement involved nonroutine stressful or strenuous

94.3 physical law enforcement, fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency

94.4 medical services, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity; or

94.5 (ii) participated in a training exercise, and that participation involved nonroutine stressful

94.6 or strenuous physical activity;

94.7 (2) that officer died as a result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture suffered:

94.8 (i) while engaging or participating under clause (1);

94.9 (ii) while still on duty after engaging or participating under clause (1); or

94.10 (iii) not later than 24 hours after engaging or participating under clause (1); ~~and~~

94.11 (3) that officer died due to suicide secondary to a diagnosis of posttraumatic stress

94.12 disorder as described in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of

94.13 Mental Disorders published by the American Psychiatric Association;

94.14 (4) within 45 days of the end of exposure, while on duty, to a traumatic event. As used

94.15 in this section, "traumatic event" means an officer exposed to an event that is:

94.16 (i) a homicide, suicide, or the violent or gruesome death of another individual, including

94.17 but not limited to a death resulting from a mass casualty event, mass fatality event, or mass

94.18 shooting;

94.19 (ii) a harrowing circumstance posing an extraordinary and significant danger or threat

94.20 to the life of or of serious bodily harm to any individual, including but not limited to a death

94.21 resulting from a mass casualty event, mass fatality event, or mass shooting; or

52.1 (1) that officer, while on duty:

52.2 (i) engaged in a situation, and that engagement involved nonroutine stressful or strenuous

52.3 physical law enforcement, fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency

52.4 medical services, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity; or

52.5 (ii) participated in a training exercise, and that participation involved nonroutine stressful

52.6 or strenuous physical activity;

52.7 (2) that officer died as a result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture suffered:

52.8 (i) while engaging or participating under clause (1);

52.9 (ii) while still on duty after engaging or participating under clause (1); or

52.10 (iii) not later than 24 hours after engaging or participating under clause (1); ~~and~~

52.16 (c) Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety officer dies as a result of suicide

52.17 when:

52.18 (1) a licensed mental health provider previously diagnosed the officer with post-traumatic

52.19 stress disorder; and

52.20 (2) the officer's mental health provider determined the post-traumatic stress disorder

52.21 resulted from the officer's work as a public safety officer.

52.11 (3) that officer died as a result of a disabling cancer of a type caused by exposure to

52.12 heat, radiation, or a known or suspected carcinogen, as defined by the International Agency

52.13 for Research on Cancer, and the carcinogen is reasonably linked to the disabling cancer;

52.14 and

52.15 (4) the presumption is not overcome by competent medical evidence to the contrary.

94.22 (iii) an act of criminal sexual violence committed against any individual; and
94.23 ~~(2)~~ (5) the presumption is not overcome by competent medical evidence to the contrary.

52.22 As used in this paragraph, "public safety officer" includes only the individuals described
52.23 in subdivision 4, clauses (1) to (4) and (6) to (9).
52.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2017.
52.25 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision
52.26 to read:
52.27 Subd. 3a. **Post-traumatic stress disorder.** "Post-traumatic stress disorder" means the
52.28 condition as described in the most recently published edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical
52.29 Manual of Mental Disorders by the American Psychiatric Association.
52.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2017.

53.1 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.41, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
53.2 Subd. 4. **Public safety officer.** Except as provided in subdivision 3, paragraph (c),
53.3 "public safety officer" includes:
53.4 (1) a peace officer defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c) or (d);
53.5 (2) a correction officer employed at a correctional facility and charged with maintaining
53.6 the safety, security, discipline, and custody of inmates at the facility;
53.7 (3) an individual employed on a full-time basis by the state or by a fire department of a
53.8 governmental subdivision of the state, who is engaged in any of the following duties:
53.9 (i) firefighting;
53.10 (ii) emergency motor vehicle operation;
53.11 (iii) investigation into the cause and origin of fires;
53.12 (iv) the provision of emergency medical services; or
53.13 (v) hazardous material responder;
53.14 (4) a legally enrolled member of a volunteer fire department or member of an independent
53.15 nonprofit firefighting corporation who is engaged in the hazards of firefighting;
53.16 (5) a good samaritan while complying with the request or direction of a public safety
53.17 officer to assist the officer;

53.18 (6) a reserve police officer or a reserve deputy sheriff while acting under the supervision
53.19 and authority of a political subdivision;

53.20 (7) a driver or attendant with a licensed basic or advanced life-support transportation
53.21 service who is engaged in providing emergency care;

53.22 (8) a first responder who is certified by the emergency medical services regulatory board
53.23 to perform basic emergency skills before the arrival of a licensed ambulance service and
53.24 who is a member of an organized service recognized by a local political subdivision to
53.25 respond to medical emergencies to provide initial medical care before the arrival of an
53.26 ambulance; and

53.27 (9) a person, other than a state trooper, employed by the commissioner of public safety
53.28 and assigned to the State Patrol, whose primary employment duty is either Capitol security
53.29 or the enforcement of commercial motor vehicle laws and regulations.

53.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2017.

96.30 Sec. 61. **EXCEPTION TO TOLLING PERIOD.**

96.31 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.47, a claim for benefits may be made
96.32 from the public safety officer's death benefit account by or on behalf of a survivor of a
96.33 public safety officer who died by suicide between January 1, 2017, and June 30, 2023,
97.1 within two years of the effective date of this act if the officer is considered killed in the line
97.2 of duty under the changes made to Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.41, in this act.

54.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.52, is amended to read:

54.2 **299A.52 RESPONSIBLE PERSON PARTY.**

54.3 Subdivision 1. **Response liability.** A responsible ~~person~~ party, as described in section
54.4 115B.03, is liable for the reasonable and necessary costs, including legal and administrative
54.5 costs, of response to a hazardous materials incident or explosives sweep as defined in section
54.6 299C.063 incurred by a ~~regional~~ hazardous materials response team or local unit of
54.7 government. For the purposes of this section, "hazardous substance" as used in section
54.8 115B.03 means "hazardous material" as defined in section 299A.49.

54.9 Subd. 2. **Expense recovery.** The commissioner shall assess the responsible ~~person~~ party
54.10 for the ~~regional~~ state bomb disposal unit or hazardous materials response team costs of
54.11 response. The commissioner may bring an action for recovery of unpaid costs, reasonable
54.12 attorney fees, and any additional court costs. Any funds received by the commissioner under
54.13 this subdivision are appropriated to the commissioner to pay for costs for which the funds
54.14 were received. Any remaining funds at the end of the biennium shall be transferred to the
54.15 ~~Fire Safety Account~~ general fund.

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5.17 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.52, is amended to read:

5.18 **299A.52 RESPONSIBLE PERSON PARTY.**

5.19 Subdivision 1. **Response liability.** A responsible person party, as described in section
5.20 115B.03, is liable for the reasonable and necessary costs, including legal and administrative
5.21 costs, of response to ~~a hazardous materials~~ an emergency response incident or explosives
5.22 disposal under section 299C.063 incurred by a ~~regional hazardous materials response team~~
5.23 state emergency response asset or local unit of government. For the purposes of this section,
5.24 "hazardous substance" as used in section 115B.03 means "hazardous material" as defined
5.25 in section 299A.49.

5.26 Subd. 2. **Expense recovery.** The commissioner shall assess the responsible person party
5.27 for ~~the regional hazardous materials response team~~ an emergency response asset's costs of
5.28 response. The commissioner may bring an action for recovery of unpaid costs, reasonable
5.29 attorney fees, and any additional court costs. Any funds received by the commissioner under
5.30 this subdivision are appropriated to the commissioner to pay for costs for which the funds
5.31 were received. Any remaining funds at the end of the biennium shall be transferred to the
5.32 ~~Fire Safety Account~~ general fund.

6.1 Subd. 3. **Attempted avoidance of liability.** For purposes of sections 299A.48 to 299A.52
6.2 and 299K.095, a responsible person party may not avoid liability by conveying any right,
6.3 title, or interest in real property or by any indemnification, hold harmless agreement, or
6.4 similar agreement.

54.16 Subd. 3. **Attempted avoidance of liability.** For purposes of sections 299A.48 to 299A.52
54.17 and 299K.095, a responsible person party may not avoid liability by conveying any right,
54.18 title, or interest in real property or by any indemnification, hold harmless agreement, or
54.19 similar agreement.

54.20 Sec. 19. **[299A.53] NONRESPONSIBLE PARTY FUND.**

54.21 In the event that there is no identified responsible party as defined in section 115B.03,
54.22 a special account, to be known as the nonresponsible party fund, shall be created in the state
54.23 treasury. The legislature intends that all money in the nonresponsible party fund be
54.24 appropriated to the commissioner of public safety to reimburse all reasonable and necessary
54.25 costs, including legal and administrative costs, of response to a hazardous materials incident
54.26 or explosives sweep as defined in section 299C.063 when there is no identified responsible
54.27 party as described in section 299A.52. Any remaining funds at the end of the biennium shall
54.28 be transferred to the general fund.

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11.6 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.52, is amended to read:

11.7 **299A.52 RESPONSIBLE PERSON PARTY.**

11.8 Subdivision 1. **Response liability.** A responsible person party, as described in section
11.9 115B.03, is liable for the reasonable and necessary costs, including legal and administrative
11.10 costs, of response to ~~a hazardous materials~~ an emergency response incident or explosives
11.11 disposal under section 299C.063 incurred by a ~~regional hazardous materials response team~~
11.12 state emergency response asset or local unit of government. For the purposes of this section,
11.13 "hazardous substance" as used in section 115B.03 means "hazardous material" as defined
11.14 in section 299A.49.

11.15 Subd. 2. **Expense recovery.** The commissioner shall assess the responsible person party
11.16 for ~~the regional hazardous materials response team~~ an emergency response asset's costs of
11.17 response. The commissioner may bring an action for recovery of unpaid costs, reasonable
11.18 attorney fees, and any additional court costs. Any funds received by the commissioner under
11.19 this subdivision are appropriated to the commissioner to pay for costs for which the funds
11.20 were received. Any remaining funds at the end of the biennium shall be transferred to the
11.21 ~~Fire Safety Account~~ general fund.

11.22 Subd. 3. **Attempted avoidance of liability.** For purposes of sections 299A.48 to 299A.52
11.23 and 299K.095, a responsible person party may not avoid liability by conveying any right,
11.24 title, or interest in real property or by any indemnification, hold harmless agreement, or
11.25 similar agreement.

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54.29 Sec. 20. **[299A.625] PUBLIC SAFETY INNOVATION BOARD.**

54.30 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The Public Safety Innovation Board is established in the
54.31 Office of Justice Programs within the Department of Public Safety. The board has the powers
54.32 and duties described in this section.

55.1 Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The Public Safety Innovation Board is composed of the
55.2 following members:

55.3 (1) three individuals with experience conducting research in the areas of crime, policing,
55.4 or sociology while employed by an academic or nonprofit entity, appointed by the governor;

55.5 (2) five individuals appointed by the governor of whom:

55.6 (i) one shall be a victim of a crime or an advocate for victims of crime;

55.7 (ii) one shall be a person impacted by the criminal justice system or an advocate for
55.8 defendants in criminal cases; and

55.9 (iii) one shall have a background in social work;

55.10 (3) four members representing the community-specific boards established under sections
55.11 3.922 and 15.0145, with one appointment made by each board; and

55.12 (4) three members representing law enforcement, with one appointment by the Minnesota
55.13 Sheriffs' Association, one by the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association, and one by the
55.14 Minnesota Police and Peace Officers Association.

55.15 (b) The members of the board shall elect one member to serve as chair.

55.16 Subd. 3. **Terms; removal; vacancy.** (a) Members are appointed to serve three-year
55.17 terms following the initial staggered-term lot determination and may be reappointed.

55.18 (b) Initial appointment of members must take place by August 1, 2023. The initial term
55.19 of members appointed under paragraph (a) shall be determined by lot by the secretary of
55.20 state and shall be as follows:

55.21 (1) five members shall serve one-year terms;

55.22 (2) five members shall serve two-year terms; and

55.23 (3) five members shall serve three-year terms.

55.24 (c) A member may be removed by the appointing authority at any time for cause, after
55.25 notice and hearing.

55.26 (d) If a vacancy occurs, the appointing authority shall appoint a new qualifying member
55.27 within 90 days.

- 55.28 (e) Compensation of board members is governed by section 15.0575.
- 56.1 Subd. 4. **Powers and duties.** The board shall improve public safety by increasing the
- 56.2 efficiency, effectiveness, and capacity of public safety providers and has the following
- 56.3 powers and duties:
- 56.4 (1) monitoring trends in crime within Minnesota;
- 56.5 (2) reviewing research on criminal justice and public safety;
- 56.6 (3) providing information on criminal trends and research to the commissioner,
- 56.7 municipalities, and the legislature;
- 56.8 (4) providing advice on awarding grants;
- 56.9 (5) providing advice on evaluating grant applications to assure compliance with
- 56.10 evidence-based practices;
- 56.11 (6) providing advice on assuring an efficient and expeditious distribution of grant funds;
- 56.12 and
- 56.13 (7) working with the Minnesota Statistical Analysis Center to identify appropriate
- 56.14 outcomes to track on an annual basis for both programs receiving grants and local
- 56.15 communities for the purpose of monitoring trends in public safety and the impact of specific
- 56.16 programmatic models.
- 56.17 Subd. 5. **Meetings.** The board shall meet at least monthly. Meetings of the board are
- 56.18 subject to chapter 13D.
- 56.19 Subd. 6. **Report.** Each year by January 15, the board shall report to the legislative
- 56.20 committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety on the work of the board
- 56.21 conducted pursuant to subdivision 4.
- 56.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 56.23 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.642, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- 56.24 Subd. 15. **Required reports.** By February 1 of each year, the commissioner of public
- 56.25 safety shall submit the following reports to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
- 56.26 senate and house of representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over
- 56.27 criminal justice policy and funding:
- 56.28 (1) a report containing a summary of all audits conducted on multijurisdictional entities
- 56.29 under subdivision 4;
- 56.30 (2) a report on the results of audits conducted on data submitted to the criminal gang
- 56.31 investigative data system under section 299C.091; and
- 57.1 (3) a report on the activities and goals of the coordinating council; and

- 57.2 (4) a report on how the funds in the violent crime investigation team account were
57.3 distributed and how those funds were used by violent crime investigation teams.
- 57.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 57.5 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.73, is amended by adding a subdivision
57.6 to read:
- 57.7 Subd. 3a. **Report.** On or before March 31 of each year, the Minnesota Youth Intervention
57.8 Programs Association shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
57.9 committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance on the
57.10 implementation, use, and administration of the grant program created under this section.
57.11 The report shall include information sent by agencies administering youth intervention
57.12 programs to the Minnesota Youth Intervention Programs Association and the Office of
57.13 Justice Programs. At a minimum, the report must identify:
- 57.14 (1) the grant recipients;
- 57.15 (2) the geographic location of the grant recipients;
- 57.16 (3) the total number of individuals served by all grant recipients, disaggregated by race,
57.17 ethnicity, and gender;
- 57.18 (4) the total number of individuals served by all grant recipients who successfully
57.19 completed programming, disaggregated by age, race, ethnicity, and gender;
- 57.20 (5) the total amount of money awarded in grants and the total amount remaining to be
57.21 awarded from each appropriation;
- 57.22 (6) the amount of money granted to each recipient;
- 57.23 (7) grantee workplan objectives;
- 57.24 (8) how the grant was used based on grantee quarterly narrative reports and financial
57.25 reports; and
- 57.26 (9) summarized relevant youth intervention program outcome survey data measuring
57.27 the developmental assets of participants, based on Search Institute's Developmental Assets
57.28 Framework.

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- 94.24 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.85, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 94.25 Subd. 6. **Reports.** The office must report on measurable outcomes achieved to meet its
94.26 statutory duties, along with specific objectives and outcome measures proposed for the
94.27 following year. The report must include data and statistics on missing and murdered
94.28 Indigenous women, children, and Two-Spirit relatives in Minnesota, including names, dates
94.29 of disappearance, and dates of death, to the extent the data is publicly available. The report
94.30 must also identify and describe the work of any reward advisory group and itemize the

94.31 expenditures of the Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag reward account, if any. The office must
95.1 submit the report by January 15 each year to the chairs and ranking minority members of
95.2 the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over public safety.

95.3 Sec. 8. **[299A.90] OFFICE FOR MISSING AND MURDERED BLACK WOMEN**
95.4 **AND GIRLS.**

95.5 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The commissioner shall establish and maintain an office
95.6 dedicated to preventing and ending the targeting of Black women and girls within the
95.7 Minnesota Office of Justice Programs.

95.8 Subd. 2. **Director; staff.** (a) The commissioner must appoint a director who is a person
95.9 closely connected to the Black community and who is highly knowledgeable about criminal
95.10 investigations. The commissioner is encouraged to consider candidates for appointment
95.11 who are recommended by members of the Black community.

95.12 (b) The director may select, appoint, and compensate out of available funds assistants
95.13 and employees as necessary to discharge the office's responsibilities.

95.14 (c) The director and full-time staff shall be members of the Minnesota State Retirement
95.15 Association.

95.16 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The office has the following duties:

95.17 (1) advocate in the legislature for legislation that will facilitate the accomplishment of
95.18 mandates identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African
95.19 American Women;

95.20 (2) advocate for state agencies to take actions to facilitate the accomplishment of mandates
95.21 identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African American
95.22 Women;

95.23 (3) develop recommendations for legislative and agency actions to address injustice in
95.24 the criminal justice system's response to cases of missing and murdered Black women and
95.25 girls;

95.26 (4) facilitate research to refine the mandates in the report of the Task Force on Missing
95.27 and Murdered African American Women and to assess the potential efficacy, feasibility,
95.28 and impact of the recommendations;

95.29 (5) collect data on missing person and homicide cases involving Black women and girls,
95.30 including the total number of cases, the rate at which the cases are solved, the length of time
95.31 the cases remain open, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
95.32 groups;

59.16 Sec. 24. **[299A.90] OFFICE FOR MISSING AND MURDERED BLACK WOMEN**
59.17 **AND GIRLS.**

59.18 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The commissioner shall establish and maintain an office
59.19 dedicated to preventing and ending the targeting of Black women and girls within the
59.20 Minnesota Office of Justice Programs.

59.21 Subd. 2. **Director; staff.** (a) The commissioner must appoint a director who is a person
59.22 closely connected to the Black community and who is highly knowledgeable about criminal
59.23 investigations. The commissioner is encouraged to consider candidates for appointment
59.24 who are recommended by members of the Black community.

59.25 (b) The director may select, appoint, and compensate out of available funds assistants
59.26 and employees as necessary to discharge the office's responsibilities.

59.27 (c) The director and full-time staff shall be members of the Minnesota State Retirement
59.28 Association.

59.29 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The office has the following duties:

59.30 (1) advocate in the legislature for legislation that will facilitate the accomplishment of
59.31 mandates identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African
59.32 American Women;

60.1 (2) advocate for state agencies to take actions to facilitate the accomplishment of mandates
60.2 identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African American
60.3 Women;

60.4 (3) develop recommendations for legislative and agency actions to address injustice in
60.5 the criminal justice system's response to cases of missing and murdered Black women and
60.6 girls;

60.7 (4) facilitate research to refine the mandates in the report of the Task Force on Missing
60.8 and Murdered African American Women and to assess the potential efficacy, feasibility,
60.9 and impact of the recommendations;

60.10 (5) collect data on missing person and homicide cases involving Black women and girls,
60.11 including the total number of cases, the rate at which the cases are solved, the length of time
60.12 the cases remain open, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
60.13 groups;

96.1 (6) collect data on Amber Alerts, including the total number of Amber Alerts issued,
96.2 the total number of Amber Alerts that involve Black girls, and the outcome of cases involving
96.3 Amber Alerts disaggregated by the child's race and sex;

96.4 (7) collect data on reports of missing Black girls, including the number classified as
96.5 voluntary runaways, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
96.6 groups;

96.7 (8) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered
96.8 Black women and girls and labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

96.9 (9) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
96.10 the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and
96.11 labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

96.12 (10) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women
96.13 and girls and domestic violence, including prior instances of domestic violence within the
96.14 family or relationship, whether an offender had prior convictions for domestic assault or
96.15 related offenses, and whether the offender used a firearm in the murder or any prior instances
96.16 of domestic assault;

96.17 (11) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
96.18 the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women and girls and domestic
96.19 violence;

96.20 (12) develop tools and processes to evaluate the implementation and impact of the efforts
96.21 of the office;

96.22 (13) track and collect Minnesota data on missing and murdered Black women and girls,
96.23 and provide statistics upon public or legislative inquiry;

96.24 (14) facilitate technical assistance for local and Tribal law enforcement agencies during
96.25 active cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

96.26 (15) conduct case reviews and report on the results of case reviews for the following
96.27 types of cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls: cold cases for
96.28 missing Black women and girls and death investigation review for cases of Black women
96.29 and girls ruled as suicide or overdose under suspicious circumstances;

96.30 (16) conduct case reviews of the prosecution and sentencing for cases where a perpetrator
96.31 committed a violent or exploitative crime against a Black woman or girl. These case reviews
96.32 must identify those cases where the perpetrator is a repeat offender;

97.1 (17) prepare draft legislation as necessary to allow the office access to the data necessary
97.2 for the office to conduct the reviews required in this section and advocate for passage of
97.3 that legislation;

60.14 (6) collect data on Amber Alerts, including the total number of Amber Alerts issued,
60.15 the total number of Amber Alerts that involve Black girls, and the outcome of cases involving
60.16 Amber Alerts disaggregated by the child's race and sex;

60.17 (7) collect data on reports of missing Black girls, including the number classified as
60.18 voluntary runaways, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
60.19 groups;

60.20 (8) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered
60.21 Black women and girls and labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

60.22 (9) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
60.23 the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and
60.24 labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

60.25 (10) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women
60.26 and girls and domestic violence, including prior instances of domestic violence within the
60.27 family or relationship, whether an offender had prior convictions for domestic assault or
60.28 related offenses, and whether the offender used a firearm in the murder or any prior instances
60.29 of domestic assault;

60.30 (11) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
60.31 the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women and girls and domestic
60.32 violence;

61.1 (12) develop tools and processes to evaluate the implementation and impact of the efforts
61.2 of the office;

61.3 (13) track and collect Minnesota data on missing and murdered Black women and girls,
61.4 and provide statistics upon public or legislative inquiry;

61.5 (14) facilitate technical assistance for local and Tribal law enforcement agencies during
61.6 active cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

61.7 (15) conduct case reviews and report on the results of case reviews for the following
61.8 types of cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls: cold cases for
61.9 missing Black women and girls and death investigation review for cases of Black women
61.10 and girls ruled as suicide or overdose under suspicious circumstances;

61.11 (16) conduct case reviews of the prosecution and sentencing for cases where a perpetrator
61.12 committed a violent or exploitative crime against a Black woman or girl. These case reviews
61.13 must identify those cases where the perpetrator is a repeat offender;

61.14 (17) prepare draft legislation as necessary to allow the office access to the data necessary
61.15 for the office to conduct the reviews required in this section and advocate for passage of
61.16 that legislation;

97.4 (18) review sentencing guidelines for crimes related to missing and murdered Black
97.5 women and girls, recommend changes if needed, and advocate for consistent implementation
97.6 of the guidelines across Minnesota courts;

97.7 (19) develop and maintain communication with relevant divisions in the Department of
97.8 Public Safety, including but not limited to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, regarding
97.9 any cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and on procedures for
97.10 investigating cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

97.11 (20) consult with the Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage established in section
97.12 15.0145; and

97.13 (21) coordinate, as relevant, with federal efforts, and efforts in neighboring states and
97.14 Canada.

97.15 (b) As used in this subdivision:

97.16 (1) "labor trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.281, subdivision 5; and

97.17 (2) "sex trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.321, subdivision 7a.

97.18 Subd. 4. **Coordination with other organizations.** In fulfilling its duties, the office may
97.19 coordinate, as useful, with stakeholder groups that were represented on the Task Force on
97.20 Missing and Murdered African American Women and state agencies that are responsible
97.21 for the systems that play a role in investigating, prosecuting, and adjudicating cases involving
97.22 violence committed against Black women and girls; those who have a role in supporting or
97.23 advocating for missing or murdered Black women and girls and the people who seek justice
97.24 for them; and those who represent the interests of Black people. This includes the following
97.25 entities: Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association; Minnesota Sheriffs' Association; Bureau
97.26 of Criminal Apprehension; Minnesota Police and Peace Officers Association; Tribal law
97.27 enforcement; Minnesota County Attorneys Association; United States Attorney's Office;
97.28 juvenile courts; Minnesota Coroners' and Medical Examiners' Association; United States
97.29 Coast Guard; state agencies, including the Departments of Health, Human Services,
97.30 Education, Corrections, and Public Safety; service providers who offer legal services,
97.31 advocacy, and other services to Black women and girls; Black women and girls who are
97.32 survivors; and organizations and leadership from urban and statewide Black communities.

98.1 Subd. 5. **Reports.** The office must report on measurable outcomes achieved to meet its
98.2 statutory duties, along with specific objectives and outcome measures proposed for the
98.3 following year. The report must include data and statistics on missing and murdered Black
98.4 women and girls in Minnesota, including names, dates of disappearance, and dates of death,
98.5 to the extent the data is publicly available. The office must submit the report by January 15
98.6 each year to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
98.7 primary jurisdiction over public safety.

98.8 Subd. 6. **Acceptance of gifts and receipt of grants.** (a) A missing and murdered Black
98.9 women and girls account is established in the special revenue fund. Money in the account,

61.17 (18) review sentencing guidelines for crimes related to missing and murdered Black
61.18 women and girls, recommend changes if needed, and advocate for consistent implementation
61.19 of the guidelines across Minnesota courts;

61.20 (19) develop and maintain communication with relevant divisions in the Department of
61.21 Public Safety, including but not limited to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, regarding
61.22 any cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and on procedures for
61.23 investigating cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

61.24 (20) consult with the Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage established in section
61.25 15.0145; and

61.26 (21) coordinate, as relevant, with federal efforts, and efforts in neighboring states and
61.27 Canada.

61.28 (b) As used in this subdivision:

61.29 (1) "labor trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.281, subdivision 5; and

61.30 (2) "sex trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.321, subdivision 7a.

61.31 Subd. 4. **Coordination with other organizations.** In fulfilling its duties, the office may
61.32 coordinate, as useful, with stakeholder groups that were represented on the Task Force on
62.1 Missing and Murdered African American Women and state agencies that are responsible
62.2 for the systems that play a role in investigating, prosecuting, and adjudicating cases involving
62.3 violence committed against Black women and girls; those who have a role in supporting or
62.4 advocating for missing or murdered Black women and girls and the people who seek justice
62.5 for them; and those who represent the interests of Black people. This includes the following
62.6 entities: Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association; Minnesota Sheriffs' Association; Bureau
62.7 of Criminal Apprehension; Minnesota Police and Peace Officers Association; Tribal law
62.8 enforcement; Minnesota County Attorneys Association; United States Attorney's Office;
62.9 juvenile courts; Minnesota Coroners' and Medical Examiners' Association; United States
62.10 Coast Guard; state agencies, including the Departments of Health, Human Services,
62.11 Education, Corrections, and Public Safety; service providers who offer legal services,
62.12 advocacy, and other services to Black women and girls; Black women and girls who are
62.13 survivors; and organizations and leadership from urban and statewide Black communities.

62.14 Subd. 5. **Reports.** The office must report on measurable outcomes achieved to meet its
62.15 statutory duties, along with specific objectives and outcome measures proposed for the
62.16 following year. The report must include data and statistics on missing and murdered Black
62.17 women and girls in Minnesota, including names, dates of disappearance, and dates of death,
62.18 to the extent the data is publicly available. The office must submit the report by January 15
62.19 each year to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
62.20 primary jurisdiction over public safety.

62.21 Subd. 6. **Acceptance of gifts and receipt of grants.** (a) A missing and murdered Black
62.22 women and girls account is established in the special revenue fund. Money in the account,

98.10 including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes of carrying out the
98.11 office's duties, including but not limited to issuing grants to community-based organizations.

98.12 (b) Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept funds
98.13 contributed by individuals and may apply for and receive grants from public and private
98.14 entities. The funds accepted or received under this subdivision must be deposited in the
98.15 missing and murdered Black women and girls account created under paragraph (a).

98.16 Subd. 7. **Grants to organizations.** (a) The office shall issue grants to community-based
98.17 organizations that provide services designed to prevent or end the targeting of Black women
98.18 or girls, or to provide assistance to victims of offenses that targeted Black women or girls.

98.19 (b) Grant recipients must use money to:

98.20 (1) provide services designed to reduce or prevent crimes or other negative behaviors
98.21 that target Black women or girls;

98.22 (2) provide training to the community about how to handle situations and crimes involving
98.23 the targeting of Black women and girls, including but not limited to training for law
98.24 enforcement officers, county attorneys, city attorneys, judges, and other criminal justice
98.25 partners; or

98.26 (3) provide services to Black women and girls who are victims of crimes or other offenses,
98.27 or to the family members of missing and murdered Black women and girls.

98.28 (c) Applicants must apply in a form and manner established by the office.

98.29 (d) Grant recipients must provide an annual report to the office that includes:

98.30 (1) the services provided by the grant recipient;

98.31 (2) the number of individuals served in the previous year; and

98.32 (3) any other information required by the office.

99.1 (e) On or before February 1 of each year, the office shall report to the legislative
99.2 committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety on the work of grant recipients,
99.3 including a description of the number of entities awarded grants, the amount of those grants,
99.4 and the number of individuals served by the grantees.

99.5 (f) The office **may** enter into agreements with the Office of Justice Programs for the
99.6 administration of grants issued under this subdivision.

99.7 Subd. 8. **Access to data.** Notwithstanding section 13.384 or 13.85, the director has access
99.8 to corrections and detention data and medical data maintained by an agency and classified

62.23 including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes of carrying out the
62.24 office's duties, including but not limited to issuing grants to community-based organizations.

62.25 (b) Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept funds
62.26 contributed by individuals and may apply for and receive grants from public and private
62.27 entities. The funds accepted or received under this subdivision must be deposited in the
62.28 missing and murdered Black women and girls account created under paragraph (a).

62.29 Subd. 7. **Grants to organizations.** (a) The **commissioner in consultation with the** office
62.30 shall issue grants to community-based organizations that provide services designed to prevent
62.31 or end the targeting of Black women or girls, or to provide assistance to victims of offenses
62.32 that targeted Black women or girls.

62.33 (b) Grant recipients must use money to:

63.1 (1) provide services designed to reduce or prevent crimes or other negative behaviors
63.2 that target Black women or girls;

63.3 (2) provide training to the community about how to handle situations and crimes involving
63.4 the targeting of Black women and girls, including but not limited to training for law
63.5 enforcement officers, county attorneys, city attorneys, judges, and other criminal justice
63.6 partners; or

63.7 (3) provide services to Black women and girls who are victims of crimes or other offenses,
63.8 or to the family members of missing and murdered Black women and girls.

63.9 (c) Applicants must apply in a form and manner established by the **commissioner in**
63.10 **consultation with the** office.

63.11 (d) Grant recipients must provide an annual report to the office that includes:

63.12 (1) the services provided by the grant recipient;

63.13 (2) the number of individuals served in the previous year; and

63.14 (3) any other information required by the office.

63.15 (e) On or before February 1 of each year, the office shall report to the legislative
63.16 committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety on the work of grant recipients,
63.17 including a description of the number of entities awarded grants, the amount of those grants,
63.18 and the number of individuals served by the grantees.

63.19 (f) The office **shall** enter into agreements with the Office of Justice Programs for the
63.20 administration of grants issued under this subdivision.

63.21 Subd. 8. **Access to data.** Notwithstanding section 13.384 or 13.85, the director has access
63.22 to corrections and detention data and medical data maintained by an agency and classified

99.9 as private data on individuals or confidential data on individuals to the extent the data is
99.10 necessary for the office to perform its duties under this section.

99.11 **Sec. 9. [299C.055] LEGISLATIVE REPORT ON FUSION CENTER ACTIVITIES.**

99.12 (a) The superintendent must prepare an annual report for the public and the legislature
99.13 on the Minnesota Fusion Center (MNFC) that includes general information about the MNFC;
99.14 the types of activities it monitors; the scale of information it collects; the local, state, and
99.15 federal agencies with which it shares information; and the quantifiable benefits it produces.
99.16 None of the reporting requirements in this section supersede chapter 13 or any other state
99.17 or federal law. The superintendent must report on activities for the preceding calendar year
99.18 unless another time period is specified. The report must include the following information,
99.19 to the extent allowed by other law:

99.20 (1) the MNFC's operating budget for the current biennium, number of staff, and staff
99.21 duties;

99.22 (2) the number of publications generated and an overview of the type of information
99.23 provided in the publications, including products such as law enforcement briefs, partner
99.24 briefs, risk assessments, threat assessments, and operational reports;

99.25 (3) a summary of audit findings for the MNFC and what corrective actions were taken
99.26 pursuant to audits;

99.27 (4) the number of data requests received by the MNFC and a general description of those
99.28 requests;

99.29 (5) the types of surveillance and data analysis technologies utilized by the MNFC, such
99.30 as artificial intelligence or social media analysis tools;

99.31 (6) a description of the commercial and governmental databases utilized by the MNFC
99.32 to the extent permitted by law;

100.1 (7) the number of suspicious activity reports (SARs) received and processed by the
100.2 MNFC;

100.3 (8) the number of SARs received and processed by the MNFC that were converted into
100.4 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension case files, that were referred to the Federal Bureau of
100.5 Investigation, or that were referred to local law enforcement agencies;

100.6 (9) the number of SARs received and processed by the MNFC that involve an individual
100.7 on the Terrorist Screening Center watchlist;

100.8 (10) the number of requests for information (RFIs) that the MNFC received from law
100.9 enforcement agencies and the number of responses to federal requests for RFIs;

63.23 as private data on individuals or confidential data on individuals to the extent the data is
63.24 necessary for the office to perform its duties under this section.

63.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023.**

63.26 **Sec. 25. [299C.055] LEGISLATIVE REPORT ON FUSION CENTER ACTIVITIES.**

63.27 (a) The superintendent must prepare an annual report for the public and the legislature
63.28 on the Minnesota Fusion Center (MNFC) that includes general information about the MNFC;
63.29 the types of activities it monitors; the scale of information it collects; the local, state, and
63.30 federal agencies with which it shares information; and the quantifiable benefits it produces.
63.31 None of the reporting requirements in this section supersede chapter 13 or any other state
64.1 or federal law. The superintendent must report on activities for the preceding calendar year
64.2 unless another time period is specified. The report must include the following information,
64.3 to the extent allowed by other law:

64.4 (1) the MNFC's operating budget for the current biennium, number of staff, and staff
64.5 duties;

64.6 (2) the number of publications generated and an overview of the type of information
64.7 provided in the publications, including products such as law enforcement briefs, partner
64.8 briefs, risk assessments, threat assessments, and operational reports;

64.9 (3) a summary of audit findings for the MNFC and what corrective actions were taken
64.10 pursuant to audits;

64.11 (4) the number of data requests received by the MNFC and a general description of those
64.12 requests;

64.13 (5) the types of surveillance and data analysis technologies utilized by the MNFC, such
64.14 as artificial intelligence or social media analysis tools;

64.15 (6) a description of the commercial and governmental databases utilized by the MNFC
64.16 to the extent permitted by law;

64.17 (7) the number of suspicious activity reports (SARs) received and processed by the
64.18 MNFC;

64.19 (8) the number of SARs received and processed by the MNFC that were converted into
64.20 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension case files, that were referred to the Federal Bureau of
64.21 Investigation, or that were referred to local law enforcement agencies;

64.22 (9) the number of SARs received and processed by the MNFC that involve an individual
64.23 on the Terrorist Screening Center watchlist;

64.24 (10) the number of requests for information (RFIs) that the MNFC received from law
64.25 enforcement agencies and the number of responses to federal requests for RFIs;

100.10 (11) the names of the federal agencies the MNFC received data from or shared data
100.11 with;
100.12 (12) the names of the agencies that submitted SARs;
100.13 (13) a summary description of the MNFC's activities with the Joint Terrorism Task
100.14 Force; and
100.15 (14) the number of investigations aided by the MNFC's use of SARs and RFIs.
100.16 (b) The report shall be provided to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
100.17 committees of the house of representatives and senate with jurisdiction over data practices
100.18 and public safety issues, and shall be posted on the MNFC website by February 15 each
100.19 year beginning on February 15, 2024.
100.20 Sec. 10. **[299C.061] STATE FRAUD UNIT.**
100.21 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings
100.22 provided:
100.23 (1) "fraud" includes any violation of sections 609.466, 609.611, 609.651, 609.7475, or
100.24 609.821;
100.25 (2) "peace officer" has the meaning given in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph
100.26 (c);
100.27 (3) "state agency" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 17;
100.28 (4) "superintendent" means the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension;
100.29 and
100.30 (5) "unit" means the State Fraud Unit housed at the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.
101.1 Subd. 2. **State Fraud Unit.** The superintendent shall form a State Fraud Unit within the
101.2 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to conduct investigations into fraud involving state-funded
101.3 programs or services subject to availability of funds.
101.4 Subd. 3. **Mandatory referral; duty to investigate.** A state agency shall refer all
101.5 suspected fraudulent activity under the provisions noted within subdivision 1, clause (1),
101.6 equaling \$100,000 or more, to the unit for evaluation and investigation or appropriate
101.7 referral. Upon receipt of this referral, the unit shall review and, where appropriate, conduct
101.8 criminal investigations into such allegations. The unit has sole discretion as to which
101.9 allegations are investigated further, referred back to the reporting agency for appropriate
101.10 regulatory investigation, or referred to another law enforcement agency with appropriate
101.11 jurisdiction.

64.26 (11) the names of the federal agencies the MNFC received data from or shared data
64.27 with;
64.28 (12) the names of the agencies that submitted SARs;
64.29 (13) a summary description of the MNFC's activities with the Joint Terrorism Task
64.30 Force; and
64.31 (14) the number of investigations aided by the MNFC's use of SARs and RFIs.
65.1 (b) The report shall be provided to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
65.2 committees of the house of representatives and senate with jurisdiction over data practices
65.3 and public safety issues, and shall be posted on the MNFC website by February 15 each
65.4 year beginning on February 15, 2024.
65.5 Sec. 26. **[299C.061] STATE FRAUD UNIT.**
65.6 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
65.7 meanings provided.
65.8 (1) "Fraud" includes any violation of sections 609.466, 609.611, 609.651, 609.7475, or
65.9 609.821;
65.10 (2) "Peace officer" has the meaning given in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph
65.11 (c);
65.12 (3) "State agency" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 17;
65.13 (4) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.
65.14 (5) "Unit" means the State Fraud Unit housed at the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.
65.15 Subd. 2. **State Fraud Unit.** The superintendent shall form a State Fraud Unit within the
65.16 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to conduct investigations into fraud involving state-funded
65.17 programs or services subject to availability of funds.
65.18 Subd. 3. **Mandatory referral; duty to investigate.** A state agency shall refer all
65.19 suspected fraudulent activity under the provisions noted within subdivision 1, clause (1),
65.20 equaling \$100,000 or more, to the unit for evaluation and investigation or appropriate
65.21 referral. Upon receipt of this referral, the unit shall review and, where appropriate, conduct
65.22 criminal investigations into such allegations. The unit has sole discretion as to which
65.23 allegations are investigated further, referred back to the reporting agency for appropriate
65.24 regulatory investigation, or referred to another law enforcement agency with appropriate
65.25 jurisdiction.

101.12 Subd. 4. **Discretionary referral.** (a) A state agency may refer suspected fraudulent
101.13 activity related to any state-funded programs or services equaling less than \$100,000 to the
101.14 unit for investigation. Upon referral, the unit shall:

101.15 (1) accept the referral and, where appropriate, conduct criminal investigations into the
101.16 allegations and make appropriate referrals for criminal prosecution; or

101.17 (2) redirect the referral to another appropriate law enforcement agency or civil
101.18 investigative authority, offering assistance where appropriate.

101.19 Subd. 5. **State agency reporting.** By January 15 of each year, each state agency must
101.20 report all suspected fraudulent activities equaling \$10,000 or more to the unit to be
101.21 summarized in the report under subdivision 6.

101.22 Subd. 6. **State Fraud Unit annual report.** By February 1 of each odd-numbered year,
101.23 the superintendent shall report to the commissioner, the governor, and the chairs and ranking
101.24 minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety finance
101.25 and policy the following information about the unit:

101.26 (1) the number of investigations initiated;

101.27 (2) the number of allegations investigated;

101.28 (3) the outcomes or current status of each investigation;

101.29 (4) the charging decisions made by the prosecuting authority of incidents investigated
101.30 by the unit;

101.31 (5) the number of plea agreements reached in incidents investigated by the unit;

101.32 (6) the number of reports received under subdivision 5; and

102.1 (7) any other information relevant to the unit's mission.

102.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1, 3, 5, and 6 are effective July 1, 2023. Subdivisions
102.3 3 and 4 are effective January 1, 2024.

102.4 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.106, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

102.5 Subd. 3. **Submission and storage of sexual assault examination kits.** (a) Within 60
102.6 days of receiving an unrestricted sexual assault examination kit, a law enforcement agency
102.7 shall submit the kit for testing to a forensic laboratory. The testing laboratory shall return
102.8 unrestricted sexual assault examination kits to the submitting agency for storage after testing
102.9 is complete. The submitting agency must store unrestricted sexual assault examination kits
102.10 indefinitely.

102.11 (b) Within 60 days of a hospital preparing a restricted sexual assault examination kit or
102.12 a law enforcement agency receiving a restricted sexual assault examination kit from a
102.13 hospital, the hospital or the agency shall submit the kit to the Bureau of Criminal
102.14 Apprehension a forensic laboratory. The bureau laboratory shall store all restricted sexual

65.26 Subd. 4. **Discretionary referral.** (a) A state agency may refer suspected fraudulent
65.27 activity related to any state-funded programs or services equaling less than \$100,000 to the
65.28 unit for investigation. Upon referral, the unit shall:

65.29 (1) accept the referral and, where appropriate, conduct criminal investigations into the
65.30 allegations and make appropriate referrals for criminal prosecution; or

65.31 (2) redirect the referral to another appropriate law enforcement agency or civil
65.32 investigative authority, offering assistance where appropriate.

66.1 Subd. 5. **State agency reporting.** By January 15 of each year, each state agency must
66.2 report all suspected fraudulent activities equaling \$10,000 or more to the unit to be
66.3 summarized in the report under subdivision 6.

66.4 Subd. 6. **State Fraud Unit annual report.** By February 1 of each odd-numbered year,
66.5 the superintendent shall report to the commissioner, the governor, and the chairs and ranking
66.6 minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety finance
66.7 and policy the following information about the unit:

66.8 (1) the number of investigations initiated;

66.9 (2) the number of allegations investigated;

66.10 (3) the outcomes or current status of each investigation;

66.11 (4) the charging decisions made by the prosecuting authority of incidents investigated
66.12 by the unit;

66.13 (5) the number of plea agreements reached in incidents investigated by the unit;

66.14 (6) the number of reports received under subdivision 5; and

66.15 (7) any other information relevant to the unit's mission.

66.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Referrals to the unit under subdivisions 3 and 4 may begin on
66.17 January 1, 2024.

66.18 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.106, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

66.19 Subd. 3. **Submission and storage of sexual assault examination kits.** (a) Within 60
66.20 days of receiving an unrestricted sexual assault examination kit, a law enforcement agency
66.21 shall submit the kit for testing to a forensic laboratory. The testing laboratory shall return
66.22 unrestricted sexual assault examination kits to the submitting agency for storage after testing
66.23 is complete. The submitting agency must store unrestricted sexual assault examination kits
66.24 indefinitely.

66.25 (b) Within 60 days of a hospital preparing a restricted sexual assault examination kit or
66.26 a law enforcement agency receiving a restricted sexual assault examination kit from a
66.27 hospital, the hospital or the agency shall submit the kit to the Bureau of Criminal
66.28 Apprehension a forensic laboratory. The bureau laboratory shall store all restricted sexual

102.15 assault examination kits collected by hospitals or law enforcement agencies in the state.
102.16 The ~~bureau~~ laboratory shall retain a restricted sexual assault examination kit for at least 30
102.17 months from the date the ~~bureau~~ laboratory receives the kit.

102.18 (c) The receiving forensic laboratory must test the sexual assault examination kit within
102.19 90 days of receipt from a hospital or law enforcement agency. Upon completion of testing,
102.20 the forensic laboratory will update the kit-tracking database to indicate that testing is
102.21 complete. The forensic laboratory must notify the submitting agency when any kit testing
102.22 does not meet the 90-day deadline and provide an estimated time frame for testing
102.23 completion.

102.24 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.53, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

102.25 Subd. 3. **Missing and endangered persons.** The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
102.26 must operate a missing person alert program. If the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
102.27 receives a report from a law enforcement agency indicating that a person is missing and
102.28 endangered, the superintendent must originate an alert. The superintendent may assist the
102.29 law enforcement agency in conducting the preliminary investigation, offer resources, and
102.30 assist the agency in helping implement the investigation policy with particular attention to
102.31 the need for immediate action. The law enforcement agency shall promptly notify all
102.32 appropriate law enforcement agencies in the state and is required to issue a missing person
102.33 alert utilizing the Crime Alert Network as prescribed in section 299A.61 and, if deemed
103.1 appropriate, law enforcement agencies in adjacent states or jurisdictions of any information
103.2 that may aid in the prompt location and safe return of a missing and endangered person.
103.3 The superintendent shall provide guidance on issuing alerts using this system and provide
103.4 the system for law enforcement agencies to issue these alerts. The Bureau of Criminal
103.5 Apprehension may provide assistance to agencies in issuing missing person alerts as required
103.6 by this section.

103.7 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

103.8 Subdivision 1. **Hotel inspection.** (a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner of public
103.9 safety to inspect, or cause to be inspected, at least once every three years, every hotel in
103.10 this state; and, for that purpose, the commissioner, or the commissioner's deputies or
103.11 designated alternates or agents, shall have the right to enter or have access thereto at any
103.12 reasonable hour; and, when, upon such inspection, it shall be found that the hotel so inspected
103.13 does not conform to or is not being operated in accordance with the provisions of sections
103.14 157.011 and 157.15 to 157.22, in so far as the same relate to fire prevention or fire protection
103.15 of hotels, or the rules promulgated thereunder, or is being maintained or operated in such
103.16 manner as to violate the Minnesota State Fire Code promulgated pursuant to section 326B.02,
103.17 subdivision 6, 299F.51, or any other law of this state relating to fire prevention and fire
103.18 protection of hotels, the commissioner and the deputies or designated alternates or agents
103.19 shall report such a situation to the hotel inspector who shall proceed as provided for in
103.20 chapter 157.

66.29 assault examination kits collected by hospitals or law enforcement agencies in the state.
66.30 The ~~bureau~~ laboratory shall retain a restricted sexual assault examination kit for at least 30
66.31 months from the date the ~~bureau~~ laboratory receives the kit.

67.1 (c) The receiving forensic laboratory must test the sexual assault examination kit within
67.2 90 days of receipt from a hospital or law enforcement agency. Upon completion of testing,
67.3 the forensic laboratory will update the kit-tracking database to indicate that testing is
67.4 complete. The forensic laboratory must notify the submitting agency when any kit testing
67.5 does not meet the 90-day deadline and provide an estimated time frame for testing
67.6 completion.

67.7 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.53, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

67.8 Subd. 3. **Missing and endangered persons.** The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
67.9 must operate a missing person alert program. If the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
67.10 receives a report from a law enforcement agency indicating that a person is missing and
67.11 endangered, the superintendent must originate an alert. The superintendent may assist the
67.12 law enforcement agency in conducting the preliminary investigation, offer resources, and
67.13 assist the agency in helping implement the investigation policy with particular attention to
67.14 the need for immediate action. The law enforcement agency shall promptly notify all
67.15 appropriate law enforcement agencies in the state and is required to issue a missing person
67.16 alert utilizing the Crime Alert Network as prescribed in section 299A.61 and, if deemed
67.17 appropriate, law enforcement agencies in adjacent states or jurisdictions of any information
67.18 that may aid in the prompt location and safe return of a missing and endangered person.
67.19 The superintendent shall provide guidance on issuing alerts using this system and provide
67.20 the system for law enforcement agencies to issue these alerts. The Bureau of Criminal
67.21 Apprehension may provide assistance to agencies in issuing missing person alerts as required
67.22 by this section.

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23.25 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

23.26 Subdivision 1. **Hotel inspection.** (a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner of public
23.27 safety to inspect, or cause to be inspected, at least once every three years, every hotel in
23.28 this state; and, for that purpose, the commissioner, or the commissioner's deputies or
23.29 designated alternates or agents, shall have the right to enter or have access thereto at any
23.30 reasonable hour; and, when, upon such inspection, it shall be found that the hotel so inspected
23.31 does not conform to or is not being operated in accordance with the provisions of sections
23.32 157.011 and 157.15 to 157.22, in so far as the same relate to fire prevention or fire protection
24.1 of hotels, or the rules promulgated thereunder, or is being maintained or operated in such
24.2 manner as to violate the Minnesota State Fire Code promulgated pursuant to section 326B.02,
24.3 subdivision 6, 299F.51, or any other law of this state relating to fire prevention and fire
24.4 protection of hotels, the commissioner and the deputies or designated alternates or agents
24.5 shall report such a situation to the hotel inspector who shall proceed as provided for in
24.6 chapter 157.

103.21 (b) The word "hotel", as used in this subdivision, has the meaning given in section
103.22 299F.391.

103.23 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.50, is amended by adding a subdivision
103.24 to read:

103.25 Subd. 11. **Hotel.** "Hotel" means any building, or portion thereof, containing six or more
103.26 guest rooms intended or designed to be used, or which are used, rented, or hired out to be
103.27 occupied, or which are occupied for sleeping purposes by guests.

103.28 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.50, is amended by adding a subdivision
103.29 to read:

103.30 Subd. 12. **Lodging house.** "Lodging house" means any building, or portion thereof,
103.31 containing not more than five guest rooms which are used or are intended to be used for
103.32 sleeping purposes by guests and where rent is paid in money, goods, labor, or otherwise.

104.1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

104.2 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) Every ~~single family~~ single-family dwelling and every
104.3 dwelling unit in a multifamily dwelling must have an approved and operational carbon
104.4 monoxide alarm installed within ten feet of each room lawfully used for sleeping purposes.

104.5 (b) Every guest room in a hotel or lodging house must have an approved and operational
104.6 carbon monoxide alarm installed in each room lawfully used for sleeping purposes.

104.7 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

104.8 Subd. 2. **Owner's duties.** (a) The owner of a multifamily dwelling unit which is required
104.9 to be equipped with one or more approved carbon monoxide alarms must:

104.10 (1) provide and install one approved and operational carbon monoxide alarm within ten
104.11 feet of each room lawfully used for sleeping; and

104.12 (2) replace any required carbon monoxide alarm that has been stolen, removed, found
104.13 missing, or rendered inoperable during a prior occupancy of the dwelling unit and which
104.14 has not been replaced by the prior occupant prior to the commencement of a new occupancy
104.15 of a dwelling unit.

104.16 (b) The owner of a hotel or lodging house that is required to be equipped with one or
104.17 more approved carbon monoxide alarms must:

104.18 (1) provide and install one approved and operational carbon monoxide alarm in each
104.19 room lawfully used for sleeping; and

104.20 (2) replace any required carbon monoxide alarm that has been stolen, removed, found
104.21 missing, or rendered inoperable during a prior occupancy and that has not been replaced by

24.7 (b) The word "hotel", as used in this subdivision, has the meaning given in section
24.8 299F.391.

24.9 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.50, is amended by adding a subdivision to
24.10 read:

24.11 Subd. 11. **Hotel.** "Hotel" means any building, or portion thereof, containing six or more
24.12 guest rooms intended or designed to be used, or which are used, rented, or hired out to be
24.13 occupied, or which are occupied for sleeping purposes by guests.

24.14 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.50, is amended by adding a subdivision to
24.15 read:

24.16 Subd. 12. **Lodging house.** "Lodging house" means any building, or portion thereof,
24.17 containing not more than five guest rooms which are used or are intended to be used for
24.18 sleeping purposes by guests and where rent is paid in money, goods, labor, or otherwise.

24.19 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

24.20 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) Every ~~single family~~ single-family dwelling and every
24.21 dwelling unit in a multifamily dwelling must have an approved and operational carbon
24.22 monoxide alarm installed within ten feet of each room lawfully used for sleeping purposes.

24.23 (b) Every guest room in a hotel or lodging house must have an approved and operational
24.24 carbon monoxide alarm installed in each room lawfully used for sleeping purposes.

24.25 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

24.26 Subd. 2. **Owner's duties.** (a) The owner of a multifamily dwelling unit which is required
24.27 to be equipped with one or more approved carbon monoxide alarms must:

24.28 (1) provide and install one approved and operational carbon monoxide alarm within ten
24.29 feet of each room lawfully used for sleeping; and

25.1 (2) replace any required carbon monoxide alarm that has been stolen, removed, found
25.2 missing, or rendered inoperable during a prior occupancy of the dwelling unit and which
25.3 has not been replaced by the prior occupant prior to the commencement of a new occupancy
25.4 of a dwelling unit.

25.5 (b) The owner of a hotel or lodging house that is required to be equipped with one or
25.6 more approved carbon monoxide alarms must:

25.7 (1) provide and install one approved and operational carbon monoxide alarm in each
25.8 room lawfully used for sleeping; and

25.9 (2) replace any required carbon monoxide alarm that has been stolen, removed, found
25.10 missing, or rendered inoperable during a prior occupancy and that has not been replaced by

104.22 the prior occupant prior to the commencement of a new occupancy of a hotel guest room
104.23 or lodging house.

104.24 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

104.25 Subd. 5. **Exceptions; certain multifamily dwellings and state-operated facilities.** (a)
104.26 In lieu of requirements of subdivision 1, multifamily dwellings may have approved and
104.27 operational carbon monoxide ~~alarms~~ detectors installed between 15 and 25 feet of carbon
104.28 monoxide-producing central fixtures and equipment, provided there is a centralized alarm
104.29 system or other mechanism for responsible parties to hear the alarm at all times.

104.30 (b) An owner of a multifamily dwelling that contains minimal or no sources of carbon
104.31 monoxide may be exempted from the requirements of subdivision 1, provided that such
105.1 owner certifies to the commissioner of public safety that such multifamily dwelling poses
105.2 no foreseeable carbon monoxide risk to the health and safety of the dwelling units.

105.3 (c) The requirements of this section do not apply to facilities owned or operated by the
105.4 state of Minnesota.

105.5 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, is amended by adding a subdivision
105.6 to read:

105.7 Subd. 6. **Safety warning.** A first violation of this section shall not result in a penalty,
105.8 but is punishable by a safety warning. A second or subsequent violation is a petty
105.9 misdemeanor.

105.10 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299M.10, is amended to read:

105.11 **299M.10 MONEY CREDITED TO GENERAL FUND.**

105.12 The fees and penalties collected under this chapter, except as provided in section
105.13 299M.07, must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund. Money
105.14 received by the State Fire Marshal Division in the form of gifts, grants, reimbursements, or
105.15 appropriation from any source for the administration of this chapter must also be deposited
105.16 in the state treasury and credited to the general fund. state fire marshal account, which is
105.17 established in the special revenue fund. Money in the state fire marshal account is annually
105.18 appropriated to the commissioner of public safety to administer the programs under this
105.19 chapter.

25.11 the prior occupant prior to the commencement of a new occupancy of a hotel guest room
25.12 or lodging house.

25.13 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

25.14 Subd. 5. **Exceptions; certain multifamily dwellings and state-operated facilities.** (a)
25.15 In lieu of requirements of subdivision 1, multifamily dwellings may have approved and
25.16 operational carbon monoxide ~~alarms~~ detectors installed between 15 and 25 feet of carbon
25.17 monoxide-producing central fixtures and equipment, provided there is a centralized alarm
25.18 system or other mechanism for responsible parties to hear the alarm at all times.

25.19 (b) An owner of a multifamily dwelling that contains minimal or no sources of carbon
25.20 monoxide may be exempted from the requirements of subdivision 1, provided that such
25.21 owner certifies to the commissioner of public safety that such multifamily dwelling poses
25.22 no foreseeable carbon monoxide risk to the health and safety of the dwelling units.

25.23 (c) The requirements of this section do not apply to facilities owned or operated by the
25.24 state of Minnesota.

25.25 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.51, is amended by adding a subdivision
25.26 to read:

25.27 Subd. 6. **Safety warning.** A first violation of this section shall not result in a penalty,
25.28 but is punishable by a safety warning. A second or subsequent violation is a petty
25.29 misdemeanor.

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67.23 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299N.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

67.24 Subd. 3. **Powers and duties.** (a) The board shall:

67.25 (1) review fire service training needs and make recommendations on training to Minnesota
67.26 fire service organizations;

105.20 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326.32, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

105.21 Subd. 10. **License holder.** "License holder" means any individual, partnership as defined

105.22 in section 323A.0101, clause (8), or corporation licensed to perform the duties of a private

105.23 detective or a protective agent.

67.27 (2) establish standards for educational programs for the fire service and develop

67.28 procedures for continuing oversight of the programs;

67.29 (3) establish qualifications for fire service training instructors in programs established

67.30 under clause (2);

67.31 (4) maintain a list of instructors that have met the qualifications established under clause

67.32 (3), subject to application procedures and requirements established by the board; and

68.1 (5) license full-time firefighters and volunteer firefighters under this chapter.

68.2 (b) The board may:

68.3 (1) hire or contract for technical or professional services according to section 15.061;

68.4 (2) pay expenses necessary to carry out its duties;

68.5 (3) apply for, receive, and accept grants, gifts, devises, and endowments that any entity

68.6 may make to the board for the purposes of this chapter and may use any money given to it

68.7 consistent with the terms and conditions under which the money was received and for the

68.8 purposes stated;

68.9 (4) accept funding from the fire safety account and allocate funding to Minnesota fire

68.10 departments in the form of reimbursements that are consistent with the board's

68.11 recommendations and the Department of Public Safety firefighter training;

68.12 (5) accept funding from the general fund and allocate funding to Minnesota Board of

68.13 Firefighter Training and Education for reimbursements that are consistent with the board's

68.14 recommendations and the Department of Public Safety firefighter training;

68.15 ~~(5)~~ (6) set guidelines regarding how the allocated reimbursement funds must be disbursed;

68.16 ~~(6)~~ (7) set and make available to the fire service standards governing the use of funds

68.17 reimbursed under this section;

68.18 ~~(7)~~ (8) make recommendations to the legislature to improve the quality of firefighter

68.19 training;

68.20 ~~(8)~~ (9) collect and provide data, subject to section 13.03;

68.21 ~~(9)~~ (10) conduct studies and surveys and make reports; and

68.22 ~~(10)~~ (11) conduct other activities necessary to carry out its duties.

68.23 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326.32, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

68.24 Subd. 10. **License holder.** "License holder" means any individual, partnership as defined

68.25 in section 323A.0101, clause (8), or corporation licensed to perform the duties of a private

68.26 detective or a protective agent.

105.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

105.25 Sec. 22. **[604.32] CAUSE OF ACTION FOR NONCONSENSUAL DISSEMINATION**
105.26 **OF A DEEP FAKE DEPICTING INTIMATE PARTS OR SEXUAL ACTS.**

105.27 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
105.28 meanings given.

106.1 (b) "Deep fake" means any video recording, motion-picture film, sound recording,
106.2 electronic image, or photograph, or any technological representation of speech or conduct
106.3 substantially derivative thereof:

106.4 (1) which appears to authentically depict any speech or conduct of an individual who
106.5 did not in fact engage in such speech or conduct; and

68.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

68.28 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326.3381, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

68.29 Subd. 3. **Disqualification.** (a) No person is qualified to hold a license who has:

69.1 (1) been convicted of (i) a felony by the courts of this or any other state or of the United
69.2 States; (ii) acts which, if done in Minnesota, would be criminal sexual conduct; assault;
69.3 theft; larceny; burglary; robbery; unlawful entry; extortion; defamation; buying or receiving
69.4 stolen property; using, possessing, manufacturing, or carrying weapons unlawfully; using,
69.5 possessing, or carrying burglary tools unlawfully; escape; possession, production, sale, or
69.6 distribution of narcotics unlawfully; or (iii) in any other country of acts which, if done in
69.7 Minnesota, would be a felony or would be any of the other offenses provided in this clause
69.8 and for which a full pardon or similar relief has not been granted;

69.9 (2) made any false statement in an application for a license or any document required
69.10 to be submitted to the board; or

69.11 (3) failed to demonstrate to the board good character, honesty, and integrity.

69.12 (b) Upon application for a license, the applicant shall submit, as part of the application,
69.13 a full set of fingerprints and the applicant's written consent that their fingerprints shall be
69.14 submitted to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension (BCA) and the Federal Bureau of
69.15 Investigation (FBI) to determine whether that person has a criminal record. The BCA shall
69.16 promptly forward the fingerprints to the FBI and request that the FBI conduct a criminal
69.17 history check of each prospective licensee. The Minnesota Board of Private Detective and
69.18 Protective Agents Services shall determine if the FBI report indicates that the prospective
69.19 licensee or licensee was convicted of a disqualifying offense. The submission to the FBI
69.20 shall be coordinated through the BCA. The results of the criminal record check shall be
69.21 provided to the board who will determine if the applicant is disqualified from holding a
69.22 license under this subdivision.

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38.22 Sec. 3. **[604.32] CAUSE OF ACTION FOR NONCONSENSUAL DISSEMINATION**
38.23 **OF A DEEP FAKE DEPICTING INTIMATE PARTS OR SEXUAL ACTS.**

38.24 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
38.25 meanings given.

38.26 (b) "Deep fake" means any video recording, motion-picture film, sound recording,
38.27 electronic image, or photograph, or any technological representation of speech or conduct
38.28 substantially derivative thereof:

38.29 (1) that is so realistic that a reasonable person would believe it depicts speech or conduct
38.30 of an individual; and

106.6 (2) the production of which was substantially dependent upon technical means, rather
106.7 than the ability of another individual to physically or verbally impersonate such individual.

106.8 (c) "Depicted individual" means an individual in a deep fake who appears to be engaging
106.9 in speech or conduct in which the individual did not engage.

106.10 (d) "Intimate parts" means the genitals, pubic area, partially or fully exposed nipple, or
106.11 anus of an individual.

106.12 (e) "Personal information" means any identifier that permits communication or in-person
106.13 contact with a person, including:

106.14 (1) a person's first and last name, first initial and last name, first name and last initial,
106.15 or nickname;

106.16 (2) a person's home, school, or work address;

106.17 (3) a person's telephone number, email address, or social media account information; or

106.18 (4) a person's geolocation data.

106.19 (f) "Sexual act" means either sexual contact or sexual penetration.

106.20 (g) "Sexual contact" means the intentional touching of intimate parts or intentional
106.21 touching with seminal fluid or sperm onto another person's body.

106.22 (h) "Sexual penetration" means any of the following acts:

106.23 (1) sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio, or anal intercourse; or

106.24 (2) any intrusion, however slight, into the genital or anal openings of an individual by
106.25 another's body part or an object used by another for this purpose.

106.26 Subd. 2. **Nonconsensual dissemination of a deep fake.** (a) A cause of action against a
106.27 person for the nonconsensual dissemination of a deep fake exists when:

106.28 (1) a person disseminated a deep fake without the consent of the depicted individual;

106.29 (2) the deep fake realistically depicts any of the following:

107.1 (i) the intimate parts of another individual presented as the intimate parts of the depicted
107.2 individual;

107.3 (ii) artificially generated intimate parts presented as the intimate parts of the depicted
107.4 individual; or

107.5 (iii) the depicted individual engaging in a sexual act; and

107.6 (3) the depicted individual is identifiable;

39.1 (2) the production of which was substantially dependent upon technical means, rather
39.2 than the ability of another individual to physically or verbally impersonate such individual.

39.3 (c) "Depicted individual" means an individual in a deep fake who appears to be engaging
39.4 in speech or conduct in which the individual did not engage.

39.5 (d) "Intimate parts" means the genitals, pubic area, partially or fully exposed nipple, or
39.6 anus of an individual.

39.7 (e) "Personal information" means any identifier that permits communication or in-person
39.8 contact with a person, including:

39.9 (1) a person's first and last name, first initial and last name, first name and last initial,
39.10 or nickname;

39.11 (2) a person's home, school, or work address;

39.12 (3) a person's telephone number, email address, or social media account information; or

39.13 (4) a person's geolocation data.

39.14 (f) "Sexual act" means either sexual contact or sexual penetration.

39.15 (g) "Sexual contact" means the intentional touching of intimate parts or intentional
39.16 touching with seminal fluid or sperm onto another person's body.

39.17 (h) "Sexual penetration" means any of the following acts:

39.18 (1) sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio, or anal intercourse; or

39.19 (2) any intrusion, however slight, into the genital or anal openings of an individual by
39.20 another's body part or an object used by another for this purpose.

39.21 Subd. 2. **Nonconsensual dissemination of a deep fake.** (a) A cause of action against a
39.22 person for the nonconsensual dissemination of a deep fake exists when:

39.23 (1) a person disseminated a deep fake with knowledge that the depicted individual did
39.24 not consent to its public dissemination;

39.25 (2) the deep fake realistically depicts any of the following:

39.26 (i) the intimate parts of another individual presented as the intimate parts of the depicted
39.27 individual;

39.28 (ii) artificially generated intimate parts presented as the intimate parts of the depicted
39.29 individual; or

39.30 (iii) the depicted individual engaging in a sexual act; and

40.1 (3) the depicted individual is identifiable;

107.7 (i) from the deep fake itself, by the depicted individual or by another person; or
107.8 (ii) from the personal information displayed in connection with the deep fake.
107.9 (b) The fact that the depicted individual consented to the creation of the deep fake or to
107.10 the voluntary private transmission of the deep fake is not a defense to liability for a person
107.11 who has disseminated the deep fake without consent.

107.12 Subd. 3. **Damages.** The court may award the following damages to a prevailing plaintiff
107.13 from a person found liable under subdivision 2:

107.14 (1) general and special damages, including all finance losses due to the dissemination
107.15 of the deep fake and damages for mental anguish;

107.16 (2) an amount equal to any profit made from the dissemination of the deep fake by the
107.17 person who intentionally disclosed the deep fake;

107.18 (3) a civil penalty awarded to the plaintiff of an amount up to \$10,000; and
107.19 (4) court costs, fees, and reasonable attorney fees.

107.20 Subd. 4. **Injunction; temporary relief.** (a) A court may issue a temporary or permanent
107.21 injunction or restraining order to prevent further harm to the plaintiff.

107.22 (b) The court may issue a civil fine for the violation of a court order in an amount up to
107.23 \$1,000 per day for failure to comply with an order granted under this section.

107.24 Subd. 5. **Confidentiality.** The court shall allow confidential filings to protect the privacy
107.25 of the plaintiff in cases filed under this section.

107.26 Subd. 6. **Liability; exceptions.** (a) No person shall be found liable under this section
107.27 when:

107.28 (1) the dissemination is made for the purpose of a criminal investigation or prosecution
107.29 that is otherwise lawful;

108.1 (2) the dissemination is for the purpose of, or in connection with, the reporting of unlawful
108.2 conduct;

108.3 (3) the dissemination is made in the course of seeking or receiving medical or mental
108.4 health treatment, and the image is protected from further dissemination;

108.5 (4) the deep fake was obtained in a commercial setting for the purpose of the legal sale
108.6 of goods or services, including the creation of artistic products for sale or display, and the
108.7 depicted individual knew that a deep fake would be created and disseminated in a commercial
108.8 setting;

108.9 (5) the deep fake relates to a matter of public interest and dissemination serves a lawful
108.10 public purpose and the person disseminating the deep fake as a matter of public interest

40.2 (i) from the deep fake itself, by the depicted individual or by another person; or
40.3 (ii) from the personal information displayed in connection with the deep fake.
40.4 (b) The fact that the depicted individual consented to the creation of the deep fake or to
40.5 the voluntary private transmission of the deep fake is not a defense to liability for a person
40.6 who has disseminated the deep fake with knowledge that the depicted individual did not
40.7 consent to its public dissemination.

40.8 Subd. 3. **Damages.** The court may award the following damages to a prevailing plaintiff
40.9 from a person found liable under subdivision 2:

40.10 (1) general and special damages, including all finance losses due to the dissemination
40.11 of the deep fake and damages for mental anguish;

40.12 (2) an amount equal to any profit made from the dissemination of the deep fake by the
40.13 person who intentionally disclosed the deep fake;

40.14 (3) a civil penalty awarded to the plaintiff of an amount up to \$10,000; and
40.15 (4) court costs, fees, and reasonable attorney fees.

40.16 Subd. 4. **Injunction; temporary relief.** (a) A court may issue a temporary or permanent
40.17 injunction or restraining order to prevent further harm to the plaintiff.

40.18 (b) The court may issue a civil fine for the violation of a court order in an amount up to
40.19 \$1,000 per day for failure to comply with an order granted under this section.

40.20 Subd. 5. **Confidentiality.** The court shall allow confidential filings to protect the privacy
40.21 of the plaintiff in cases filed under this section.

40.22 Subd. 6. **Liability; exceptions.** (a) No person shall be found liable under this section
40.23 when:

40.24 (1) the dissemination is made for the purpose of a criminal investigation or prosecution
40.25 that is otherwise lawful;

40.26 (2) the dissemination is for the purpose of, or in connection with, the reporting of unlawful
40.27 conduct;

40.28 (3) the dissemination is made in the course of seeking or receiving medical or mental
40.29 health treatment, and the image is protected from further dissemination;

40.30 (4) the deep fake was obtained in a commercial setting for the purpose of the legal sale
40.31 of goods or services, including the creation of artistic products for sale or display, and the
41.1 depicted individual knew that a deep fake would be created and disseminated in a commercial
41.2 setting;

41.3 (5) the deep fake relates to a matter of public interest; dissemination serves a lawful
41.4 public purpose; the person disseminating the deep fake as a matter of public interest clearly

108.11 clearly identifies that the video recording, motion-picture film, sound recording, electronic
108.12 image, or photograph, or other item is a deep fake; and acts in good faith to prevent further
108.13 dissemination of the deep fake;

108.14 (6) the dissemination is for legitimate scientific research or educational purposes and
108.15 the deep fake is clearly identified as such, and the person acts in good faith to minimize the
108.16 risk that the deep fake will be further disseminated; or

108.17 (7) the dissemination is made for legal proceedings and is consistent with common
108.18 practice in civil proceedings necessary for the proper functioning of the criminal justice
108.19 system, or protected by court order which prohibits any further dissemination.

108.20 (b) This section does not alter or amend the liabilities and protections granted by United
108.21 States Code, title 47, section 230, and shall be construed in a manner consistent with federal
108.22 law.

108.23 (c) A cause of action arising under this section does not prevent the use of any other
108.24 cause of action or remedy available under the law.

108.25 Subd. 7. **Jurisdiction.** A court has jurisdiction over a cause of action filed pursuant to
108.26 this section if the plaintiff or defendant resides in this state.

108.27 Subd. 8. **Venue.** A cause of action arising under this section may be filed in either:

108.28 (1) the county of residence of the defendant or plaintiff or in the jurisdiction of the
108.29 plaintiff's designated address if the plaintiff participates in the address confidentiality program
108.30 established by chapter 5B; or

108.31 (2) the county where any deep fake is produced, reproduced, or stored in violation of
108.32 this section.

109.1 Subd. 9. **Discovery of dissemination.** In a civil action brought under subdivision 2, the
109.2 statute of limitations is tolled until the plaintiff discovers the deep fake has been disseminated.

109.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023, and applies to
109.4 dissemination of a deep fake that takes place on or after that date.

41.5 identifies that the video recording, motion-picture film, sound recording, electronic image,
41.6 photograph, or other item is a deep fake; and the person acts in good faith to prevent further
41.7 dissemination of the deep fake;

41.8 (6) the dissemination is for legitimate scientific research or educational purposes; the
41.9 deep fake is clearly identified as such, and the person acts in good faith to minimize the risk
41.10 that the deep fake will be further disseminated;

41.11 (7) the dissemination is made for legal proceedings and is consistent with common
41.12 practice in civil proceedings necessary for the proper functioning of the criminal justice
41.13 system, or protected by court order which prohibits any further dissemination;

41.14 (8) the dissemination involves parody, satire, commentary, or criticism; or

41.15 (9) the dissemination involves works of political or newsworthy value.

41.16 (b) This section does not alter or amend the liabilities and protections granted by United
41.17 States Code, title 47, section 230, and shall be construed in a manner consistent with federal
41.18 law.

41.19 (c) A cause of action arising under this section does not prevent the use of any other
41.20 cause of action or remedy available under the law.

41.21 Subd. 7. **Jurisdiction.** A court has jurisdiction over a cause of action filed pursuant to
41.22 this section if the plaintiff or defendant resides in this state.

41.23 Subd. 8. **Venue.** A cause of action arising under this section may be filed in either:

41.24 (1) the county of residence of the defendant or plaintiff or in the jurisdiction of the
41.25 plaintiff's designated address if the plaintiff participates in the address confidentiality program
41.26 established by chapter 5B; or

41.27 (2) the county where any deep fake is produced, reproduced, or stored in violation of
41.28 this section.

41.29 Subd. 9. **Discovery of dissemination.** In a civil action brought under subdivision 2, the
41.30 statute of limitations is tolled until the plaintiff discovers the deep fake has been disseminated.

41.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023, and applies to
41.32 dissemination of a deep fake that takes place on or after that date.

26.26 Sec. 12. **Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.2247, is amended by adding a subdivision**
26.27 **to read:**

26.28 Subd. 3. **Medical examination; costs.** Costs incurred by a county, city, or private hospital
26.29 or other emergency medical facility or by a private physician for the examination of a victim

109.5 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.35, is amended to read:

109.6 **609.35 COSTS OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION.**

109.7 (a) Costs incurred by a ~~county, city, or private~~ hospital or other emergency medical
109.8 facility or by a ~~private~~ physician, sexual assault nurse examiner, forensic nurse, or other
109.9 licensed health care provider for the examination of a victim of criminal sexual conduct
109.10 when the examination is performed for the purpose of gathering evidence that occurred in
109.11 the state shall be paid by the county in which the criminal sexual conduct occurred state.
109.12 These costs include, but are not limited to, the full cost of the rape kit medical forensic
109.13 examination, associated tests and treatments relating to the complainant's sexually transmitted
109.14 disease status infection, and pregnancy status, including emergency contraception. A hospital,
109.15 emergency medical facility, or health care provider shall submit the costs for examination
109.16 and any associated tests and treatment to the Office of Justice Programs for payment. Upon
109.17 receipt of the costs, the commissioner shall provide payment to the facility or health care
109.18 provider. The cost of the examination and any associated test and treatments shall not exceed
109.19 the amount of \$1,400. Beginning on January 1, 2024, the maximum amount of an award
109.20 shall be adjusted annually by the inflation rate.

109.21 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the duties, responsibilities, or
109.22 liabilities of any insurer, whether public or private. ~~However, a county~~ The hospital or other
109.23 licensed health care provider performing the examination may seek insurance reimbursement
109.24 from the victim's insurer only if authorized by the victim. This authorization may only be
109.25 sought after the examination is performed. When seeking this authorization, the ~~county~~
109.26 hospital or other licensed health care provider shall inform the victim that if the victim does
109.27 not authorize this, the ~~county~~ state is required by law to pay for the examination and that
109.28 the victim is in no way liable for these costs or obligated to authorize the reimbursement.

109.29 (c) The applicability of this section does not depend upon whether the victim reports
109.30 the offense to law enforcement or the existence or status of any investigation or prosecution.

109.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to any
109.32 examination that occurs on or after that date.

110.1 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.211, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

110.2 Subdivision 1. **Grants.** The commissioner of public safety shall award grants to programs
110.3 which provide support services or emergency shelter and housing supports as defined by
110.4 section 611A.31 to victims of sexual assault. The commissioner shall also award grants for
110.5 training, technical assistance, and the development and implementation of education programs

26.30 of domestic assault by strangulation when the examination is performed for the purpose of
26.31 gathering evidence are subject to the payment and reimbursement provisions in section
26.32 609.35.

26.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2023.

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74.15 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.35, is amended to read:

74.16 **609.35 COSTS OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION.**

74.17 (a) Costs incurred by a ~~county, city, or private~~ hospital or other emergency medical
74.18 facility or by a ~~private~~ physician, sexual assault nurse examiner, forensic nurse, or other
74.19 licensed health care provider for the examination of a victim of criminal sexual conduct
74.20 when the examination is performed for the purpose of gathering evidence that occurred in
74.21 the state shall be paid by the county in which the criminal sexual conduct occurred state.
74.22 These costs include, but are not limited to, the full cost of the rape kit medical forensic
74.23 examination, associated tests and treatments relating to the complainant's sexually transmitted
74.24 disease status infection, and pregnancy status, including emergency contraception. A hospital,
74.25 emergency medical facility, or health care provider shall submit the costs for examination
74.26 and any associated tests and treatment to the Office of Justice Programs for payment. Upon
74.27 receipt of the costs, the commissioner shall provide payment to the facility or health care
74.28 provider. Reimbursement for an examination and any associated test and treatments shall
74.29 not exceed \$1,400. Beginning on January 1, 2024, the maximum amount of an award shall
74.30 be adjusted annually by the inflation rate.

74.31 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the duties, responsibilities, or
74.32 liabilities of any insurer, whether public or private. ~~However, a county~~ The hospital or other
74.33 licensed health care provider performing the examination may seek insurance reimbursement
75.1 from the victim's insurer only if authorized by the victim. This authorization may only be
75.2 sought after the examination is performed. When seeking this authorization, the ~~county~~
75.3 hospital or other licensed health care provider shall inform the victim that if the victim does
75.4 not authorize this, the ~~county~~ state is required by law to pay for the examination and that
75.5 the victim is in no way liable for these costs or obligated to authorize the reimbursement.

75.6 (c) The applicability of this section does not depend upon whether the victim reports
75.7 the offense to law enforcement or the existence or status of any investigation or prosecution.

75.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to any
75.9 examination that occurs on or after that date.

85.3 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.211, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

85.4 Subdivision 1. **Grants.** The commissioner of public safety shall award grants to programs
85.5 which provide support services or emergency shelter and housing supports as defined by
85.6 section 611A.31 to victims of sexual assault. The commissioner shall also award grants for
85.7 training, technical assistance, and the development and implementation of education programs

110.6 to increase public awareness of the causes of sexual assault, the solutions to preventing and
110.7 ending sexual assault, and the problems faced by sexual assault victims.

110.8 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

110.9 Subd. 2. ~~Battered woman~~ **Domestic abuse victim.** ~~"Battered woman"~~ "Domestic abuse
110.10 victim" means a ~~woman~~ person who is being or has been victimized by domestic abuse as
110.11 defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2.

110.12 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

110.13 Subd. 3. **Emergency shelter services.** "Emergency shelter services" include, but are
110.14 not limited to, secure crisis shelters for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims and housing
110.15 networks for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims.

110.16 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.31, is amended by adding a subdivision
110.17 to read:

110.18 Subd. 3a. **Housing supports.** "Housing supports" means services and supports used to
110.19 enable victims to secure and maintain transitional and permanent housing placement. Housing
110.20 supports include but are not limited to rental assistance and financial assistance to maintain
110.21 housing stability. Transitional housing placements may take place in communal living,
110.22 clustered site or scattered site programs, or other transitional housing models.

110.23 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.32, is amended to read:

110.24 **611A.32 BATTERED WOMEN DOMESTIC ABUSE PROGRAMS.**

110.25 Subdivision 1. **Grants awarded.** The commissioner shall award grants to programs
110.26 which provide emergency shelter services ~~to battered women~~, housing supports, and support
110.27 services to ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse victims and their children. The commissioner
110.28 shall also award grants for training, technical assistance, and for the development and
110.29 implementation of education programs to increase public awareness of the causes of ~~battering~~
110.30 domestic abuse, the solutions to preventing and ending domestic violence, and the problems
110.31 faced by ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse victims. Grants shall be awarded in a manner
111.1 that ensures that they are equitably distributed to programs serving metropolitan and
111.2 nonmetropolitan populations. ~~By July 1, 1995, community-based domestic abuse advocacy~~
111.3 ~~and support services programs must be established in every judicial assignment district.~~

111.4 Subd. 1a. **Program for American Indian ~~women~~ domestic abuse victims.** The
111.5 commissioner shall establish at least one program under this section to provide emergency
111.6 shelter services and support services to ~~battered~~ American Indian ~~women~~ domestic abuse
111.7 victims and their children. The commissioner shall grant continuing operating expenses to
111.8 the program established under this subdivision in the same manner as operating expenses
111.9 are granted to programs established under subdivision 1.

111.10 Subd. 2. **Applications.** Any public or private nonprofit agency may apply to the
111.11 commissioner for a grant to provide emergency shelter services ~~to battered women~~, housing

85.8 to increase public awareness of the causes of sexual assault, the solutions to preventing and
85.9 ending sexual assault, and the problems faced by sexual assault victims.

85.10 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

85.11 Subd. 2. ~~Battered woman~~ **Domestic abuse victim.** ~~"Battered woman"~~ "Domestic abuse
85.12 victim" means a ~~woman~~ person who is being or has been victimized by domestic abuse as
85.13 defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2.

85.14 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

85.15 Subd. 3. **Emergency shelter services.** "Emergency shelter services" include, but are
85.16 not limited to, secure crisis shelters for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims and housing
85.17 networks for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims.

85.18 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.31, is amended by adding a subdivision
85.19 to read:

85.20 Subd. 3a. **Housing supports.** "Housing supports" means services and supports used to
85.21 enable victims to secure and maintain transitional and permanent housing placement. Housing
85.22 supports include but are not limited to rental assistance and financial assistance to maintain
85.23 housing stability. Transitional housing placements may take place in communal living,
85.24 clustered site or scattered site programs, or other transitional housing models.

85.25 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 611A.32, is amended to read:

85.26 **611A.32 BATTERED WOMEN DOMESTIC ABUSE PROGRAMS.**

85.27 Subdivision 1. **Grants awarded.** The commissioner shall award grants to programs
85.28 which provide emergency shelter services ~~to battered women~~, housing supports, and support
85.29 services to ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse victims and their children. The commissioner
85.30 shall also award grants for training, technical assistance, and for the development and
86.1 implementation of education programs to increase public awareness of the causes of ~~battering~~
86.2 domestic abuse, the solutions to preventing and ending domestic violence, and the problems
86.3 faced by ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse victims. Grants shall be awarded in a manner
86.4 that ensures that they are equitably distributed to programs serving metropolitan and
86.5 nonmetropolitan populations. ~~By July 1, 1995, community-based domestic abuse advocacy~~
86.6 ~~and support services programs must be established in every judicial assignment district.~~

86.7 Subd. 1a. **Program for American Indian ~~women~~ domestic abuse victims.** The
86.8 commissioner shall establish at least one program under this section to provide emergency
86.9 shelter services and support services to ~~battered~~ American Indian ~~women~~ domestic abuse
86.10 victims and their children. The commissioner shall grant continuing operating expenses to
86.11 the program established under this subdivision in the same manner as operating expenses
86.12 are granted to programs established under subdivision 1.

86.13 Subd. 2. **Applications.** Any public or private nonprofit agency may apply to the
86.14 commissioner for a grant to provide emergency shelter services ~~to battered women~~, housing

111.12 ~~supports, support services, and one or more of these services and supports to domestic abuse~~
111.13 ~~victims, or both, to battered women and their children. The application shall be submitted~~
111.14 ~~in a form approved by the commissioner by rule adopted under chapter 14 and shall include:~~

111.15 (1) a proposal for the provision of emergency shelter services ~~for battered women,~~
111.16 ~~housing supports, support services, and one or more of these services and supports for~~
111.17 ~~domestic abuse victims, or both, for battered women and their children;~~

111.18 (2) a proposed budget;

111.19 (3) the agency's overall operating budget, including documentation on the retention of
111.20 financial reserves and availability of additional funding sources;

111.21 (4) evidence of an ability to integrate into the proposed program the uniform method of
111.22 data collection and program evaluation established under section 611A.33;

111.23 (5) evidence of an ability to represent the interests of ~~battered women and~~ domestic
111.24 abuse victims and their children to local law enforcement agencies and courts, county welfare
111.25 agencies, and local boards or departments of health;

111.26 (6) evidence of an ability to do outreach to unserved and underserved populations and
111.27 to provide culturally and linguistically appropriate services; and

111.28 (7) any other content the commissioner may require by rule adopted under chapter 14;
111.29 ~~after considering the recommendations of the advisory council.~~

111.30 Programs which have been approved for grants in prior years may submit materials
111.31 which indicate changes in items listed in clauses (1) to (7), in order to qualify for renewal
111.32 funding. Nothing in this subdivision may be construed to require programs to submit
111.33 complete applications for each year of renewal funding.

112.1 Subd. 3. **Duties of grantees.** Every public or private nonprofit agency which receives
112.2 a grant to provide emergency shelter services ~~to battered women and~~, housing supports, or
112.3 support services to ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse victims shall comply with all rules
112.4 of the commissioner related to the administration of the ~~pilot~~ programs.

112.5 Subd. 5. **Classification of data collected by grantees.** Personal history information and
112.6 other information collected, used or maintained by a grantee from which the identity or
112.7 location of any victim of domestic abuse may be determined is private data on individuals,
112.8 as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and the grantee shall maintain the data in
112.9 accordance with the provisions of chapter 13.

112.10 Sec. 29. **RULES; SOFT BODY ARMOR REIMBURSEMENT.**

112.11 The commissioner of public safety shall amend rules adopted under Minnesota Statutes,
112.12 section 299A.38, subdivision 4, to reflect the soft body armor reimbursement for public
112.13 safety officers under that section.

86.15 ~~supports, support services, and one or more of these services and supports to domestic abuse~~
86.16 ~~victims, or both, to battered women and their children. The application shall be submitted~~
86.17 ~~in a form approved by the commissioner by rule adopted under chapter 14 and shall include:~~

86.18 (1) a proposal for the provision of emergency shelter services ~~for battered women,~~
86.19 ~~housing supports, support services, and one or more of these services and supports for~~
86.20 ~~domestic abuse victims, or both, for battered women and their children;~~

86.21 (2) a proposed budget;

86.22 (3) the agency's overall operating budget, including documentation on the retention of
86.23 financial reserves and availability of additional funding sources;

86.24 (4) evidence of an ability to integrate into the proposed program the uniform method of
86.25 data collection and program evaluation established under section 611A.33;

86.26 (5) evidence of an ability to represent the interests of ~~battered women and~~ domestic
86.27 abuse victims and their children to local law enforcement agencies and courts, county welfare
86.28 agencies, and local boards or departments of health;

86.29 (6) evidence of an ability to do outreach to unserved and underserved populations and
86.30 to provide culturally and linguistically appropriate services; and

86.31 (7) any other content the commissioner may require by rule adopted under chapter 14;
86.32 ~~after considering the recommendations of the advisory council.~~

87.1 Programs which have been approved for grants in prior years may submit materials
87.2 which indicate changes in items listed in clauses (1) to (7), in order to qualify for renewal
87.3 funding. Nothing in this subdivision may be construed to require programs to submit
87.4 complete applications for each year of renewal funding.

87.5 Subd. 3. **Duties of grantees.** Every public or private nonprofit agency which receives
87.6 a grant to provide emergency shelter services ~~to battered women and~~, housing supports, or
87.7 support services to ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse victims shall comply with all rules
87.8 of the commissioner related to the administration of the ~~pilot~~ programs.

87.9 Subd. 5. **Classification of data collected by grantees.** Personal history information and
87.10 other information collected, used or maintained by a grantee from which the identity or
87.11 location of any victim of domestic abuse may be determined is private data on individuals,
87.12 as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and the grantee shall maintain the data in
87.13 accordance with the provisions of chapter 13.

97.10 Sec. 63. **RULES; SOFT BODY ARMOR REIMBURSEMENT.**

97.11 The commissioner of public safety shall amend rules adopted under Minnesota Statutes,
97.12 section 299A.38, subdivision 4, to reflect the soft body armor reimbursement for public
97.13 safety officers under that section.

112.14 Sec. 30. **GAAGIGE-MIKWENDAAGOZIWAG REWARD ACCOUNT FOR**
112.15 **INFORMATION ON MISSING AND MURDERED INDIGENOUS RELATIVES.**

112.16 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

112.17 (1) "Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag" means "they will be remembered forever";

112.18 (2) "missing and murdered Indigenous relatives" means missing and murdered Indigenous
112.19 people from or descended from a federally recognized Indian Tribe; and

112.20 (3) "Two-Spirit" means cultural, spiritual, sexual, and gender identity as reflected in
112.21 complex Indigenous understandings of gender roles, spirituality, and the long history of
112.22 gender diversity in Indigenous cultures.

112.23 Subd. 2. **Account created.** An account for rewards for information on missing and
112.24 murdered Indigenous women, girls, boys, and Two-Spirit relatives is created in the special
112.25 revenue fund. Money deposited into the account is appropriated to the commissioner of
112.26 public safety to pay rewards and for the purposes provided under this section.

112.27 Subd. 3. **Reward.** The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous
112.28 Relatives, in consultation with the Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag reward advisory group:

112.29 (1) shall determine the eligibility criteria and procedures for granting rewards under this
112.30 section; and

113.1 (2) is authorized to pay a reward to any person who provides relevant information relating
113.2 to a missing and murdered Indigenous woman, girl, boy, and Two-Spirit relative
113.3 investigation.

113.4 Subd. 4. **Reward advisory group.** (a) The director of the Office for Missing and
113.5 Murdered Indigenous Relatives, in consultation with the stakeholder groups described in
113.6 Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.85, subdivision 5, shall appoint an advisory group to make
113.7 recommendations on:

113.8 (1) paying rewards under this section;

113.9 (2) supporting community-based efforts through funding community-led searches and
113.10 search kits, including but not limited to global position system devices and vests;
113.11 community-led communications, including but not limited to flyers, staples, and duct tape;
113.12 and other justice-related expenses;

113.13 (3) funding for community-led communications and outreach, including but not limited
113.14 to billboards and other media-related expenses;

58.1 Sec. 23. **[299A.86] REWARD ACCOUNT FOR INFORMATION ON MISSING**
58.2 **AND MURDERED INDIGENOUS RELATIVES.**

59.13 Subd. 6. **Definition.** As used in this section, "missing and murdered Indigenous relatives"
59.14 means missing and murdered Indigenous people from or descended from one of the United
59.15 States' federally recognized American Indian Tribes.

58.3 Subdivision 1. **Account created.** An account for rewards for information on missing
58.4 and murdered Indigenous relatives is created in the special revenue fund. Money deposited
58.5 into the account is appropriated to the commissioner of public safety to pay rewards and
58.6 for other purposes as authorized under this section.

58.7 Subd. 2. **Reward.** The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous
58.8 Relatives, in consultation with the reward advisory group established under subdivision 3:

58.9 (1) shall determine the eligibility criteria and procedures for granting rewards under this
58.10 section; and

58.11 (2) is authorized to pay a reward to any person who provides relevant information relating
58.12 to a missing and murdered Indigenous relative investigation.

113.15 (4) funding activities and programs to gather information on missing and murdered
113.16 Indigenous women, girls, boys, and Two-Spirit relatives and to partner with and support
113.17 community-led efforts;

113.18 (5) developing, implementing, and coordinating prevention and awareness programming
113.19 based on best practices and data-driven research; and

113.20 (6) any other funding activities and needs.

113.21 (b) The advisory group shall consist of the following individuals:

113.22 (1) a representative from the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives;

113.23 (2) a representative from a Tribal, statewide, or local organization that provides legal
113.24 services to Indigenous women and girls;

113.25 (3) a representative from a Tribal, statewide, or local organization that provides advocacy
113.26 or counseling for Indigenous women and girls who have been victims of violence;

113.27 (4) a representative from a Tribal, statewide, or local organization that provides services
113.28 to Indigenous women and girls;

113.29 (5) a Tribal peace officer who works for or resides on a federally recognized American
113.30 Indian reservation in Minnesota;

113.31 (6) a representative from the Minnesota Human Trafficking Task Force; and

114.1 (7) a survivor or family member of a missing and murdered Indigenous woman, girl,
114.2 boy, or Two-Spirit relative.

114.3 (c) Each member shall serve as long as the member occupies the position which made
114.4 the member eligible for the appointment. Vacancies shall be filled by the appointing authority.

114.5 (d) The advisory group shall meet as necessary but at a minimum twice per year to carry
114.6 out its duties and shall elect a chair from among its members at its first meeting. The director
114.7 shall convene the group's first meeting. The director shall provide necessary office space
114.8 and administrative support to the group. Members of the group serve without compensation
114.9 but shall receive expense reimbursement as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.059.

58.13 Subd. 3. **Reward advisory group.** (a) The director of the Office for Missing and
58.14 Murdered Indigenous Relatives, in consultation with the stakeholder groups described in
58.15 section 299A.85, subdivision 5, shall appoint an advisory group to make recommendations
58.16 on paying rewards under this section. The advisory group shall consist of the following
58.17 individuals:

58.18 (1) a representative from the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives;

58.19 (2) a representative from a Tribal, statewide, or local organization that provides legal
58.20 services to Indigenous women and girls;

58.21 (3) a representative from a Tribal, statewide, or local organization that provides advocacy
58.22 or counseling for Indigenous women and girls who have been victims of violence;

58.23 (4) a representative from a Tribal, statewide, or local organization that provides services
58.24 to Indigenous women and girls;

58.25 (5) a Tribal peace officer who works for or resides on a federally recognized American
58.26 Indian reservation in Minnesota; and

58.27 (6) a representative from the Minnesota Human Trafficking Task Force.

58.28 (b) Members serve a term of four years. The advisory group shall meet as necessary but
58.29 at a minimum twice per year to carry out its duties. The group shall elect a chair from among
58.30 its members. The chair shall serve a term of two years. The director shall provide necessary
58.31 office space and administrative support to the group. Members of the group serve without
58.32 compensation but shall receive expense reimbursement as provided in section 15.059.

- 114.10 (e) The representative from the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives
114.11 may fully participate in the advisory group's activities but may not vote on issues before
114.12 the group.
- 114.13 Subd. 5. **Advertising.** The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous
114.14 Relatives, in consultation with the reward advisory group, may spend up to four percent of
114.15 available funds on an advertising or public relations campaign to increase public awareness
114.16 on the availability of rewards under this section.
- 114.17 Subd. 6. **Grants; donations.** The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered
114.18 Indigenous Relatives, in consultation with the reward advisory group, may apply for and
114.19 accept grants and donations from the public and from public and private entities to implement
114.20 this section. The commissioner of public safety shall deposit any grants or donations received
114.21 under this subdivision into the account established under subdivision 1.
- 114.22 Subd. 7. **Expiration.** This section expires on June 30, 2025.

- 114.23 Sec. 31. **REPEALER.**
- 114.24 Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.80, subdivision 7, is repealed.

- 59.1 (c) The representative from the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives
59.2 may fully participate in the advisory group's activities but may not vote on issues before
59.3 the group.
- 59.4 Subd. 4. **Advertising.** The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous
59.5 Relatives, in consultation with the reward advisory group, may spend up to four percent of
59.6 available funds on an advertising or public relations campaign to increase public awareness
59.7 on the availability of rewards under this section.
- 59.8 Subd. 5. **Grants; donations.** The director of the Office for Missing and Murdered
59.9 Indigenous Relatives, in consultation with the reward advisory group, may apply for and
59.10 accept grants and donations from the public and from public and private entities to implement
59.11 this section. The commissioner of public safety shall deposit any grants or donations received
59.12 under this subdivision into the account established under subdivision 1.

- 97.3 Sec. 62. **INITIAL APPOINTMENT AND FIRST MEETING FOR THE REWARD**
97.4 **ADVISORY GROUP FOR THE OFFICE OF MISSING AND MURDERED**
97.5 **INDIGENOUS RELATIVES.**
- 97.6 The Director of the Office of Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives must appoint
97.7 the first members to the reward advisory group under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.86,
97.8 subdivision 3, by August 15, 2023, and must convene the first meeting of the group by
97.9 October 1, 2023. The group must elect a chair at its first meeting.
- 97.14 Sec. 64. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**
- 97.15 The revisor of statutes shall make necessary changes to statutory cross-references to
97.16 reflect the changes made to Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.38, in this act.
- 97.17 Sec. 65. **REPEALER.**
- 97.18 Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299C.80, subdivision 7, is repealed.