

289.3 **ARTICLE 6**289.4 **PRESCRIPTION DRUGS**

289.5 Section 1. **Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62A.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:**

289.6 Subdivision 1. **Filing.** For purposes of this section, "health plan" means a health plan  
289.7 as defined in section 62A.011 or a policy of accident and sickness insurance as defined in  
289.8 section 62A.01. No health plan shall be issued or delivered to any person in this state, nor  
289.9 shall any application, rider, or endorsement be used in connection with the health plan, until  
289.10 a copy of its form and of the classification of risks and the premium rates pertaining to the  
289.11 form have been filed with the commissioner. **The filing must include the health plan's**  
289.12 **prescription drug formulary. Proposed revisions to the health plan's prescription drug**  
289.13 **formulary must be filed with the commissioner no later than August 1 of the application**  
289.14 **year. The filing for nongroup health plan forms shall include a statement of actuarial reasons**  
289.15 **and data to support the rate. For health benefit plans as defined in section 62L.02, and for**  
289.16 **health plans to be issued to individuals, the health carrier shall file with the commissioner**  
289.17 **the information required in section 62L.08, subdivision 8. For group health plans for which**  
289.18 **approval is sought for sales only outside of the small employer market as defined in section**  
289.19 **62L.02, this section applies only to policies or contracts of accident and sickness insurance.**  
289.20 **All forms intended for issuance in the individual or small employer market must be**  
289.21 **accompanied by a statement as to the expected loss ratio for the form. Premium rates and**  
289.22 **forms relating to specific insureds or proposed insureds, whether individuals or groups,**  
289.23 **need not be filed, unless requested by the commissioner.**

289.24 Sec. 2. **Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 62J.497, subdivision 1, is amended**  
289.25 **to read:**

289.26 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have  
289.27 **the meanings given.**

289.28 (b) "Dispense" or "dispensing" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision  
289.29 30. Dispensing does not include the direct administering of a controlled substance to a  
289.30 patient by a licensed health care professional.

289.31 (c) "Dispenser" means a person authorized by law to dispense a controlled substance,  
289.32 pursuant to a valid prescription.

290.1 (d) "Electronic media" has the meaning given under Code of Federal Regulations, title  
290.2 45, part 160.103.

290.3 (e) "E-prescribing" means the transmission using electronic media of prescription or  
290.4 prescription-related information between a prescriber, dispenser, pharmacy benefit manager,  
290.5 or group purchaser, either directly or through an intermediary, including an e-prescribing  
290.6 network. E-prescribing includes, but is not limited to, two-way transmissions between the  
290.7 point of care and the dispenser and two-way transmissions related to eligibility, formulary,  
290.8 and medication history information.

- 290.9 (f) "Electronic prescription drug program" means a program that provides for
- 290.10 e-prescribing.
- 290.11 (g) "Group purchaser" has the meaning given in section 62J.03, subdivision 6.
- 290.12 (h) "HL7 messages" means a standard approved by the standards development
- 290.13 organization known as Health Level Seven.
- 290.14 (i) "National Provider Identifier" or "NPI" means the identifier described under Code
- 290.15 of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162.406.
- 290.16 (j) "NCPDP" means the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs, Inc.
- 290.17 (k) "NCPDP Formulary and Benefits Standard" means the most recent version of the
- 290.18 National Council for Prescription Drug Programs Formulary and Benefits Standard or the
- 290.19 most recent standard adopted by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for
- 290.20 e-prescribing under Medicare Part D as required by section 1860D-4(e)(4)(D) of the Social
- 290.21 Security Act and regulations adopted under it. The standards shall be implemented according
- 290.22 to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services schedule for compliance.
- 290.23 (l) "NCPDP Real-Time Prescription Benefit Standard" means the most recent National
- 290.24 Council for Prescription Drug Programs Real-Time Prescription Benefit Standard adopted
- 290.25 by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for e-prescribing under Medicare Part
- 290.26 D as required by section 1860D-4(e)(2) of the Social Security Act and regulations adopted
- 290.27 under it.
- 290.28 ~~(n)~~ (m) "NCPDP SCRIPT Standard" means the most recent version of the National
- 290.29 Council for Prescription Drug Programs SCRIPT Standard, or the most recent standard
- 290.30 adopted by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for e-prescribing under Medicare
- 290.31 Part D as required by section 1860D-4(e)(4)(D) of the Social Security Act, and regulations
- 290.32 adopted under it. The standards shall be implemented according to the Centers for Medicare
- 290.33 and Medicaid Services schedule for compliance.
- 291.1 ~~(n)~~ (n) "Pharmacy" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 2.
- 291.2 (o) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the meaning given in section 62W.02, subdivision
- 291.3 15.
- 291.4 ~~(n)~~ (p) "Prescriber" means a licensed health care practitioner, other than a veterinarian,
- 291.5 as defined in section 151.01, subdivision 23.
- 291.6 ~~(n)~~ (q) "Prescription-related information" means information regarding eligibility for
- 291.7 drug benefits, medication history, or related health or drug information.
- 291.8 ~~(n)~~ (r) "Provider" or "health care provider" has the meaning given in section 62J.03,
- 291.9 subdivision 8.
- 291.10 (s) "Real-time prescription benefit tool" means a tool that is capable of being integrated
- 291.11 into a prescriber's e-prescribing system and that provides a prescriber with up-to-date and

291.12 patient-specific formulary and benefit information at the time the prescriber submits a  
291.13 prescription.

291.14 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 62J.497, subdivision 3, is amended  
291.15 to read:

291.16 Subd. 3. **Standards for electronic prescribing.** (a) Prescribers and dispensers must use  
291.17 the NCPDP SCRIPT Standard for the communication of a prescription or prescription-related  
291.18 information.

291.19 (b) Providers, group purchasers, prescribers, and dispensers must use the NCPDP SCRIPT  
291.20 Standard for communicating and transmitting medication history information.

291.21 (c) Providers, group purchasers, prescribers, and dispensers must use the NCPDP  
291.22 Formulary and Benefits Standard for communicating and transmitting formulary and benefit  
291.23 information.

291.24 (d) Providers, group purchasers, prescribers, and dispensers must use the national provider  
291.25 identifier to identify a health care provider in e-prescribing or prescription-related transactions  
291.26 when a health care provider's identifier is required.

291.27 (e) Providers, group purchasers, prescribers, and dispensers must communicate eligibility  
291.28 information and conduct health care eligibility benefit inquiry and response transactions  
291.29 according to the requirements of section 62J.536.

291.30 (f) Group purchasers and pharmacy benefit managers must use a real-time prescription  
291.31 benefit tool that complies with the NCPDP Real-Time Prescription Benefit Standard and  
291.32 that, at a minimum, notifies a prescriber:

292.1 (1) if a prescribed drug is covered by the patient's group purchaser or pharmacy benefit  
292.2 manager;

292.3 (2) if a prescribed drug is included on the formulary or preferred drug list of the patient's  
292.4 group purchaser or pharmacy benefit manager;

292.5 (3) of any patient cost-sharing for the prescribed drug;

292.6 (4) if prior authorization is required for the prescribed drug; and

292.7 (5) of a list of any available alternative drugs that are in the same class as the drug  
292.8 originally prescribed and for which prior authorization is not required.

292.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2023.

292.10 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, as amended by Laws 2021, chapter 30,  
292.11 article 3, sections 5 to 9, is amended to read:

292.12 **62J.84 PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICE TRANSPARENCY.**

292.13 Subdivision 1. **Short title.** This section may be cited as the "Prescription Drug Price  
292.14 Transparency Act."

292.15 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision  
292.16 have the meanings given.

292.17 (b) "Biosimilar" means a drug that is produced or distributed pursuant to a biologics  
292.18 license application approved under United States Code, title 42, section 262(K)(3).

292.19 (c) "Brand name drug" means a drug that is produced or distributed pursuant to:

292.20 (1) an original, new drug application approved under United States Code, title 21, section  
292.21 355(c), except for a generic drug as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42,  
292.22 section 447.502; or

292.23 (2) a biologics license application approved under United States Code, title ~~45~~ 42, section  
292.24 262(a)(c).

292.25 (d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

292.26 (e) "Course of treatment" means the total dosage of a single prescription for a prescription  
292.27 drug recommended by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved prescribing  
292.28 label. If the FDA-approved prescribing label includes more than one recommended dosage  
292.29 for a single course of treatment, the course of treatment is the maximum recommended  
292.30 dosage on the FDA-approved prescribing label.

293.1 ~~(f)~~ (f) "Generic drug" means a drug that is marketed or distributed pursuant to:

293.2 (1) an abbreviated new drug application approved under United States Code, title 21,  
293.3 section 355(j);

293.4 (2) an authorized generic as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title ~~45~~ 42,  
293.5 section 447.502; or

293.6 (3) a drug that entered the market the year before 1962 and was not originally marketed  
293.7 under a new drug application.

293.8 ~~(g)~~ (g) "Manufacturer" means a drug manufacturer licensed under section 151.252.

293.9 (h) "National Drug Code" means the three-segment code maintained by the FDA that  
293.10 includes a labeler code, a product code, and a package code for a drug product and that has  
293.11 been converted to an 11-digit format consisting of five digits in the first segment, four digits  
293.12 in the second segment, and two digits in the third segment. A three-segment code shall be  
293.13 considered converted to an 11-digit format when, as necessary, at least one "0" has been

- 293.14 added to the front of each segment containing less than the specified number of digits so  
293.15 that each segment contains the specified number of digits.
- 293.16 ~~(g)~~ (i) "New prescription drug" or "new drug" means a prescription drug approved for  
293.17 marketing by the United States Food and Drug Administration for which no previous  
293.18 wholesale acquisition cost has been established for comparison.
- 293.19 ~~(h)~~ (j) "Patient assistance program" means a program that a manufacturer offers to the  
293.20 public in which a consumer may reduce the consumer's out-of-pocket costs for prescription  
293.21 drugs by using coupons, discount cards, prepaid gift cards, manufacturer debit cards, or by  
293.22 other means.
- 293.23 ~~(i)~~ (k) "Prescription drug" or "drug" has the meaning provided in section 151.441,  
293.24 subdivision 8.
- 293.25 ~~(j)~~ (l) "Price" means the wholesale acquisition cost as defined in United States Code,  
293.26 title 42, section 1395w-3a(c)(6)(B).
- 293.27 (m) "Rebate" means a discount, chargeback, or other price concession that affects the  
293.28 price of a prescription drug product, regardless of whether conferred through regular  
293.29 aggregate payments, on a claim-by-claim basis at the point of sale, as part of retrospective  
293.30 financial reconciliations including reconciliations that also reflect other contractual  
293.31 arrangements, or by any other method. Rebate does not mean a bona fide service fee, as the  
293.32 term is defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 447.502.
- 294.1 (n) "30-day supply" means the total daily dosage units of a prescription drug  
294.2 recommended by the prescribing label approved by the FDA for 30 days. If the  
294.3 FDA-approved prescribing label includes more than one recommended daily dosage, the  
294.4 30-day supply is based on the maximum recommended daily dosage on the FDA-approved  
294.5 prescribing label.
- 294.6 Subd. 3. **Prescription drug price increases reporting.** (a) Beginning January 1, 2022,  
294.7 a drug manufacturer must submit to the commissioner the information described in paragraph  
294.8 (b) for each prescription drug for which the price was \$100 or greater for a 30-day supply  
294.9 or for a course of treatment lasting less than 30 days and:
- 294.10 (1) for brand name drugs where there is an increase of ten percent or greater in the price  
294.11 over the previous 12-month period or an increase of 16 percent or greater in the price over  
294.12 the previous 24-month period; and
- 294.13 (2) for generic or biosimilar drugs where there is an increase of 50 percent or greater in  
294.14 the price over the previous 12-month period.
- 294.15 (b) For each of the drugs described in paragraph (a), the manufacturer shall submit to  
294.16 the commissioner no later than 60 days after the price increase goes into effect, in the form  
294.17 and manner prescribed by the commissioner, the following information, if applicable:

- 294.18 (1) the name, description, and price of the drug and the net increase, expressed as a
- 294.19 percentage, with the following listed separately:
- 294.20 (i) National Drug Code;
- 294.21 (ii) product name;
- 294.22 (iii) dosage form;
- 294.23 (iv) strength; and
- 294.24 (v) package size;
- 294.25 (2) the factors that contributed to the price increase;
- 294.26 (3) the name of any generic version of the prescription drug available on the market;
- 294.27 (4) the introductory price of the prescription drug when it was introduced for sale in the
- 294.28 United States and the price of the drug on the last day of each of the five calendar years
- 294.29 preceding the price increase when it was approved for marketing by the Food and Drug
- 294.30 Administration and the net yearly increase, by calendar year, in the price of the prescription
- 294.31 drug during the previous five years;
- 295.1 (5) the direct costs incurred during the previous 12-month period by the manufacturer
- 295.2 that are associated with the prescription drug, listed separately:
- 295.3 (i) to manufacture the prescription drug;
- 295.4 (ii) to market the prescription drug, including advertising costs; and
- 295.5 (iii) to distribute the prescription drug;
- 295.6 (6) the number of units of the prescription drug sold during the previous 12-month period;
- 295.7 (7) the total rebate payable amount accrued for the prescription drug during the previous
- 295.8 12-month period;
- 295.9 ~~(6)~~ (8) the total sales revenue for the prescription drug during the previous 12-month
- 295.10 period;
- 295.11 ~~(7)~~ (9) the manufacturer's net profit attributable to the prescription drug during the
- 295.12 previous 12-month period;
- 295.13 ~~(8)~~ (10) the total amount of financial assistance the manufacturer has provided through
- 295.14 patient prescription assistance programs during the previous 12-month period, if applicable;
- 295.15 ~~(9)~~ (11) any agreement between a manufacturer and another entity contingent upon any
- 295.16 delay in offering to market a generic version of the prescription drug;
- 295.17 ~~(10)~~ (12) the patent expiration date of the prescription drug if it is under patent;

- 295.18 ~~(11)~~ (13) the name and location of the company that manufactured the drug; ~~and~~
- 295.19 ~~(12)~~ (14) if a brand name prescription drug, the ten highest prices paid for the prescription
- 295.20 drug during the previous calendar year in ~~any country other than~~ the ten countries, excluding
- 295.21 the United States, that charged the highest single price for the prescription drug; and
- 295.22 (15) if the prescription drug was acquired by the manufacturer during the previous
- 295.23 12-month period, all of the following information:
- 295.24 (i) price at acquisition;
- 295.25 (ii) price in the calendar year prior to acquisition;
- 295.26 (iii) name of the company from which the drug was acquired;
- 295.27 (iv) date of acquisition; and
- 295.28 (v) acquisition price.
- 295.29 (c) The manufacturer may submit any documentation necessary to support the information
- 295.30 reported under this subdivision.
- 296.1 Subd. 4. **New prescription drug price reporting.** (a) Beginning January 1, 2022, no
- 296.2 later than 60 days after a manufacturer introduces a new prescription drug for sale in the
- 296.3 United States that is a new brand name drug with a price that is greater than the tier threshold
- 296.4 established by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for specialty drugs in the
- 296.5 Medicare Part D program for a 30-day supply or for a course of treatment lasting less than
- 296.6 30 days or a new generic or biosimilar drug with a price that is greater than the tier threshold
- 296.7 established by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for specialty drugs in the
- 296.8 Medicare Part D program for a 30-day supply or for a course of treatment lasting less than
- 296.9 30 days and is not at least 15 percent lower than the referenced brand name drug when the
- 296.10 generic or biosimilar drug is launched, the manufacturer must submit to the commissioner,
- 296.11 in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, the following information, if
- 296.12 applicable:
- 296.13 (1) the description of the drug, with the following listed separately:
- 296.14 (i) National Drug Code;
- 296.15 (ii) product name;
- 296.16 (iii) dosage form;
- 296.17 (iv) strength; and
- 296.18 (v) package size;
- 296.19 ~~(1)~~ (2) the price of the prescription drug;
- 296.20 ~~(2)~~ (3) whether the Food and Drug Administration granted the new prescription drug a
- 296.21 breakthrough therapy designation or a priority review;

- 296.22 ~~(3)~~ (4) the direct costs incurred by the manufacturer that are associated with the  
296.23 prescription drug, listed separately:
- 296.24 (i) to manufacture the prescription drug;
- 296.25 (ii) to market the prescription drug, including advertising costs; and
- 296.26 (iii) to distribute the prescription drug; and
- 296.27 ~~(4)~~ (5) the patent expiration date of the drug if it is under patent.
- 296.28 (b) The manufacturer may submit documentation necessary to support the information  
296.29 reported under this subdivision.
- 296.30 ~~Subd. 5. Newly acquired prescription drug price reporting.~~ (a) Beginning January  
296.31 1, 2022, the acquiring drug manufacturer must submit to the commissioner the information  
297.1 described in paragraph (b) for each newly acquired prescription drug for which the price  
297.2 was \$100 or greater for a 30-day supply or for a course of treatment lasting less than 30  
297.3 days and:
- 297.4 (1) for a newly acquired brand-name drug where there is an increase of ten percent or  
297.5 greater in the price over the previous 12-month period or an increase of 16 percent or greater  
297.6 in price over the previous 24-month period; and
- 297.7 (2) for a newly acquired generic drug where there is an increase of 50 percent or greater  
297.8 in the price over the previous 12-month period.
- 297.9 (b) For each of the drugs described in paragraph (a), the acquiring manufacturer shall  
297.10 submit to the commissioner no later than 60 days after the acquiring manufacturer begins  
297.11 to sell the newly acquired drug, in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner,  
297.12 the following information, if applicable:
- 297.13 (1) the price of the prescription drug at the time of acquisition and in the calendar year  
297.14 prior to acquisition;
- 297.15 (2) the name of the company from which the prescription drug was acquired, the date  
297.16 acquired, and the purchase price;
- 297.17 (3) the year the prescription drug was introduced to market and the price of the  
297.18 prescription drug at the time of introduction;
- 297.19 (4) the price of the prescription drug for the previous five years;
- 297.20 (5) any agreement between a manufacturer and another entity contingent upon any delay  
297.21 in offering to market a generic version of the manufacturer's drug; and
- 297.22 (6) the patent expiration date of the drug if it is under patent.



297.23 (c) The manufacturer may submit any documentation necessary to support the information  
297.24 reported under this subdivision.

297.25 Subd. 6. **Public posting of prescription drug price information.** (a) The commissioner  
297.26 shall post on the department's website, or may contract with a private entity or consortium  
297.27 that satisfies the standards of section 62U.04, subdivision 6, to meet this requirement, the  
297.28 following information:

297.29 (1) a list of the prescription drugs reported under subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, and the  
297.30 manufacturers of those prescription drugs; and

297.31 (2) information reported to the commissioner under subdivisions 3, 4, and 5.

298.1 (b) The information must be published in an easy-to-read format and in a manner that  
298.2 identifies the information that is disclosed on a per-drug basis and must not be aggregated  
298.3 in a manner that prevents the identification of the prescription drug.

298.4 (c) The commissioner shall not post to the department's website or a private entity  
298.5 contracting with the commissioner shall not post any information described in this section  
298.6 if the information is not public data under section 13.02, subdivision 8a; or is trade secret  
298.7 information under section 13.37, subdivision 1, paragraph (b); or is trade secret information  
298.8 pursuant to the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016, United States Code, title 18, section  
298.9 1836, as amended. If a manufacturer believes information should be withheld from public  
298.10 disclosure pursuant to this paragraph, the manufacturer must clearly and specifically identify  
298.11 that information and describe the legal basis in writing when the manufacturer submits the  
298.12 information under this section. If the commissioner disagrees with the manufacturer's request  
298.13 to withhold information from public disclosure, the commissioner shall provide the  
298.14 manufacturer written notice that the information will be publicly posted 30 days after the  
298.15 date of the notice.

298.16 (d) If the commissioner withholds any information from public disclosure pursuant to  
298.17 this subdivision, the commissioner shall post to the department's website a report describing  
298.18 the nature of the information and the commissioner's basis for withholding the information  
298.19 from disclosure.

298.20 (e) To the extent the information required to be posted under this subdivision is collected  
298.21 and made available to the public by another state, by the University of Minnesota, or through  
298.22 an online drug pricing reference and analytical tool, the commissioner may reference the  
298.23 availability of this drug price data from another source including, within existing  
298.24 appropriations, creating the ability of the public to access the data from the source for  
298.25 purposes of meeting the reporting requirements of this subdivision.

298.26 Subd. 7. **Consultation.** (a) The commissioner may consult with a private entity or  
298.27 consortium that satisfies the standards of section 62U.04, subdivision 6, the University of  
298.28 Minnesota, or the commissioner of commerce, as appropriate, in issuing the form and format  
298.29 of the information reported under this section; in posting information pursuant to subdivision  
298.30 6; and in taking any other action for the purpose of implementing this section.

298.31 (b) The commissioner may consult with representatives of the manufacturers to establish  
298.32 a standard format for reporting information under this section and may use existing reporting  
298.33 methodologies to establish a standard format to minimize administrative burdens to the state  
298.34 and manufacturers.

299.1 Subd. 8. **Enforcement and penalties.** (a) A manufacturer may be subject to a civil  
299.2 penalty, as provided in paragraph (b), for:

299.3 (1) failing to submit timely reports or notices as required by this section;

299.4 (2) failing to provide information required under this section; or

299.5 (3) providing inaccurate or incomplete information under this section.

299.6 (b) The commissioner shall adopt a schedule of civil penalties, not to exceed \$10,000  
299.7 per day of violation, based on the severity of each violation.

299.8 (c) The commissioner shall impose civil penalties under this section as provided in  
299.9 section 144.99, subdivision 4.

299.10 (d) The commissioner may remit or mitigate civil penalties under this section upon terms  
299.11 and conditions the commissioner considers proper and consistent with public health and  
299.12 safety.

299.13 (e) Civil penalties collected under this section shall be deposited in the health care access  
299.14 fund.

299.15 Subd. 9. **Legislative report.** (a) No later than May 15, 2022, and by January 15 of each  
299.16 year thereafter, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members  
299.17 of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over commerce and health and human services  
299.18 policy and finance on the implementation of this section, including but not limited to the  
299.19 effectiveness in addressing the following goals:

299.20 (1) promoting transparency in pharmaceutical pricing for the state and other payers;

299.21 (2) enhancing the understanding on pharmaceutical spending trends; and

299.22 (3) assisting the state and other payers in the management of pharmaceutical costs.

299.23 (b) The report must include a summary of the information submitted to the commissioner  
299.24 under subdivisions 3, 4, and 5.

299.25 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

299.26 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section and section 62J.841, the terms  
299.27 defined in this subdivision have the meanings given.

299.28 (b) "Biosimilar" means a drug that is produced or distributed pursuant to a biologics  
299.29 license application approved under United States Code, title 42, section 262(K)(3).

299.30 (c) "Brand name drug" means a drug that is produced or distributed pursuant to:

300.1 (1) an original, new drug application approved under United States Code, title 21, section  
300.2 355(c), except for a generic drug as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42,  
300.3 section 447.502; or

300.4 (2) a biologics license application approved under United States Code, title 45, section  
300.5 262(a)(c).

300.6 (d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

300.7 (e) "Generic drug" means a drug that is marketed or distributed pursuant to:

300.8 (1) an abbreviated new drug application approved under United States Code, title 21,  
300.9 section 355(j);

300.10 (2) an authorized generic as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section  
300.11 447.502; or

300.12 (3) a drug that entered the market the year before 1962 and was not originally marketed  
300.13 under a new drug application.

300.14 (f) "Manufacturer" means a drug manufacturer licensed under section 151.252.

300.15 (g) "New prescription drug" or "new drug" means a prescription drug approved for  
300.16 marketing by the United States Food and Drug Administration for which no previous  
300.17 wholesale acquisition cost has been established for comparison.

300.18 (h) "Patient assistance program" means a program that a manufacturer offers to the public  
300.19 in which a consumer may reduce the consumer's out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs  
300.20 by using coupons, discount cards, prepaid gift cards, manufacturer debit cards, or by other  
300.21 means.

300.22 (i) "Prescription drug" or "drug" has the meaning provided in section 151.441, subdivision  
300.23 8.

300.24 (j) "Price" means the wholesale acquisition cost as defined in United States Code, title  
300.25 42, section 1395w-3a(c)(6)(B).

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301.3 section 447.502; or

- 301.4 (2) a biologics license application approved under United States Code, title 45, section  
301.5 262(a)(c).
- 301.6 (d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.
- 301.7 (e) "Drug product family" means a group of one or more prescription drugs that share  
301.8 a unique generic drug description or nontrade name and dosage form.
- 301.9 ~~(e)~~ (f) "Generic drug" means a drug that is marketed or distributed pursuant to:
- 301.10 (1) an abbreviated new drug application approved under United States Code, title 21,  
301.11 section 355(j);
- 301.12 (2) an authorized generic as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section  
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301.18 marketing by the United States Food and Drug Administration for which no previous  
301.19 wholesale acquisition cost has been established for comparison.
- 301.20 ~~(h)~~ (i) "Patient assistance program" means a program that a manufacturer offers to the  
301.21 public in which a consumer may reduce the consumer's out-of-pocket costs for prescription  
301.22 drugs by using coupons, discount cards, prepaid gift cards, manufacturer debit cards, or by  
301.23 other means.
- 301.24 (j) "Pharmacy" or "pharmacy provider" means a place of business licensed by the Board  
301.25 of Pharmacy under section 151.19 in which prescription drugs are prepared, compounded,  
301.26 or dispensed under the supervision of a pharmacist.
- 301.27 (k) "Pharmacy benefits manager (PBM)" means an entity licensed to act as a pharmacy  
301.28 benefits manager under section 62W.03.
- 301.29 ~~(i)~~ (l) "Prescription drug" or "drug" has the meaning provided in section 151.441,  
301.30 subdivision 8.
- 302.1 ~~(j)~~ (m) "Price" means the wholesale acquisition cost as defined in United States Code,  
302.2 title 42, section 1395w-3a(c)(6)(B).
- 302.3 (n) "Pricing Unit" means the smallest dispensable amount of a prescription drug product  
302.4 that could be dispensed.
- 302.5 (o) "Reporting entity" means any manufacturer, pharmacy, pharmacy benefits manager,  
302.6 wholesale drug distributor, or any other entity required to submit data under this section.

- 302.7 (p) "Wholesale drug distributor" or "wholesaler" means an entity that:
- 302.8 (1) is licensed to act as a wholesale drug distributor under section 151.47; and
- 302.9 (2) distributes prescription drugs, of which it is not the manufacturer, to persons or
- 302.10 entities other than a consumer or patient in the state.
- 302.11 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 62J.84, subdivision 6, is amended
- 302.12 to read:
- 302.13 Subd. 6. **Public posting of prescription drug price information.** (a) The commissioner
- 302.14 shall post on the department's website, or may contract with a private entity or consortium
- 302.15 that satisfies the standards of section 62U.04, subdivision 6, to meet this requirement, the
- 302.16 following information:
- 302.17 (1) a list of the prescription drugs reported under subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, and the
- 302.18 manufacturers of those prescription drugs; ~~and~~
- 302.19 (2) information reported to the commissioner under subdivisions 3, 4, and 5; and
- 302.20 (3) information reported to the commissioner under section 62J.841, subdivision 2.
- 302.21 (b) The information must be published in an easy-to-read format and in a manner that
- 302.22 identifies the information that is disclosed on a per-drug basis and must not be aggregated
- 302.23 in a manner that prevents the identification of the prescription drug.
- 302.24 (c) The commissioner shall not post to the department's website or a private entity
- 302.25 contracting with the commissioner shall not post any information described in this section
- 302.26 if the information is not public data under section 13.02, subdivision 8a; or is trade secret
- 302.27 information under section 13.37, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), subject to section 62J.841,
- 302.28 subdivision 2, paragraph (e); or is trade secret information pursuant to the Defend Trade
- 302.29 Secrets Act of 2016, United States Code, title 18, section 1836, as amended, subject to
- 302.30 section 62J.841, subdivision 2, paragraph (e). If a manufacturer believes information should
- 302.31 be withheld from public disclosure pursuant to this paragraph, the manufacturer must clearly
- 302.32 and specifically identify that information and describe the legal basis in writing when the
- 303.1 manufacturer submits the information under this section. If the commissioner disagrees
- 303.2 with the manufacturer's request to withhold information from public disclosure, the
- 303.3 commissioner shall provide the manufacturer written notice that the information will be
- 303.4 publicly posted 30 days after the date of the notice.
- 303.5 (d) If the commissioner withholds any information from public disclosure pursuant to
- 303.6 this subdivision, the commissioner shall post to the department's website a report describing
- 303.7 the nature of the information and the commissioner's basis for withholding the information
- 303.8 from disclosure.
- 303.9 (e) To the extent the information required to be posted under this subdivision is collected
- 303.10 and made available to the public by another state, by the University of Minnesota, or through
- 303.11 an online drug pricing reference and analytical tool, the commissioner may reference the

303.12 availability of this drug price data from another source including, within existing  
303.13 appropriations, creating the ability of the public to access the data from the source for  
303.14 purposes of meeting the reporting requirements of this subdivision.

303.15 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 62J.84, subdivision 6, is amended  
303.16 to read:

303.17 Subd. 6. **Public posting of prescription drug price information.** (a) The commissioner  
303.18 shall post on the department's website, or may contract with a private entity or consortium  
303.19 that satisfies the standards of section 62U.04, subdivision 6, to meet this requirement, the  
303.20 following information:

303.21 (1) a list of the prescription drugs reported under subdivisions 3, 4, ~~and 5~~, 11, 12, 13,  
303.22 and 14 and the manufacturers of those prescription drugs; and

303.23 (2) information reported to the commissioner under subdivisions 3, 4, ~~and 5~~, 11, 12, 13,  
303.24 and 14.

303.25 (b) The information must be published in an easy-to-read format and in a manner that  
303.26 identifies the information that is disclosed on a per-drug basis and must not be aggregated  
303.27 in a manner that prevents the identification of the prescription drug.

303.28 (c) The commissioner shall not post to the department's website or a private entity  
303.29 contracting with the commissioner shall not post any information described in this section  
303.30 if the information is not public data under section 13.02, subdivision 8a; or is trade secret  
303.31 information under section 13.37, subdivision 1, paragraph (b); or is trade secret information  
303.32 pursuant to the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016, United States Code, title 18, section  
303.33 1836, as amended. If a manufacturer believes information should be withheld from public  
304.1 disclosure pursuant to this paragraph, the manufacturer must clearly and specifically identify  
304.2 that information and describe the legal basis in writing when the manufacturer submits the  
304.3 information under this section. If the commissioner disagrees with the manufacturer's request  
304.4 to withhold information from public disclosure, the commissioner shall provide the  
304.5 manufacturer written notice that the information will be publicly posted 30 days after the  
304.6 date of the notice.

304.7 (d) If the commissioner withholds any information from public disclosure pursuant to  
304.8 this subdivision, the commissioner shall post to the department's website a report describing  
304.9 the nature of the information and the commissioner's basis for withholding the information  
304.10 from disclosure.

304.11 (e) To the extent the information required to be posted under this subdivision is collected  
304.12 and made available to the public by another state, by the University of Minnesota, or through  
304.13 an online drug pricing reference and analytical tool, the commissioner may reference the  
304.14 availability of this drug price data from another source including, within existing  
304.15 appropriations, creating the ability of the public to access the data from the source for  
304.16 purposes of meeting the reporting requirements of this subdivision.

304.17 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

304.18 Subd. 7. **Consultation.** (a) The commissioner may consult with a private entity or  
304.19 consortium that satisfies the standards of section 62U.04, subdivision 6, the University of  
304.20 Minnesota, or the commissioner of commerce, as appropriate, in issuing the form and format  
304.21 of the information reported under this section and section 62J.841; in posting information  
304.22 pursuant to subdivision 6; and in taking any other action for the purpose of implementing  
304.23 this section and section 62J.841.

304.24 (b) The commissioner may consult with representatives of the manufacturers to establish  
304.25 a standard format for reporting information under this section and section 62J.841 and may  
304.26 use existing reporting methodologies to establish a standard format to minimize  
304.27 administrative burdens to the state and manufacturers.

304.28 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

304.29 Subd. 7. **Consultation.** (a) The commissioner may consult with a private entity or  
304.30 consortium that satisfies the standards of section 62U.04, subdivision 6, the University of  
304.31 Minnesota, or the commissioner of commerce, as appropriate, in issuing the form and format  
304.32 of the information reported under this section; in posting information pursuant to subdivision  
304.33 6; and in taking any other action for the purpose of implementing this section.

305.1 (b) The commissioner may consult with representatives of the ~~manufacturers~~ reporting  
305.2 entities to establish a standard format for reporting information under this section and may  
305.3 use existing reporting methodologies to establish a standard format to minimize  
305.4 administrative burdens to the state and ~~manufacturers~~ reporting entities.

305.5 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

305.6 Subd. 8. **Enforcement and penalties.** (a) A manufacturer may be subject to a civil  
305.7 penalty, as provided in paragraph (b), for:

305.8 (1) failing to submit timely reports or notices as required by this section and section  
305.9 62J.841;

305.10 (2) failing to provide information required under this section and section 62J.841; ~~or~~

305.11 (3) providing inaccurate or incomplete information under this section and section 62J.841;  
305.12 or

305.13 (4) failing to comply with section 62J.841, subdivisions 2, paragraph (e), and 4.

305.14 (b) The commissioner shall adopt a schedule of civil penalties, not to exceed \$10,000  
305.15 per day of violation, based on the severity of each violation.

305.16 (c) The commissioner shall impose civil penalties under this section and section 62J.841  
305.17 as provided in section 144.99, subdivision 4.

305.18 (d) The commissioner may remit or mitigate civil penalties under this section and section  
305.19 62J.481 upon terms and conditions the commissioner considers proper and consistent with  
305.20 public health and safety.

305.21 (e) Civil penalties collected under this section and section 62J.841 shall be deposited in  
305.22 the health care access fund.

305.23 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

305.24 Subd. 8. **Enforcement and penalties.** (a) A ~~manufacturer~~ reporting entity may be subject  
305.25 to a civil penalty, as provided in paragraph (b), for:

305.26 (1) failing to register under subdivision 15;

305.27 ~~(2)~~ (2) failing to submit timely reports or notices as required by this section;

305.28 ~~(3)~~ (3) failing to provide information required under this section; or

305.29 ~~(4)~~ (4) providing inaccurate or incomplete information under this section.

306.1 (b) The commissioner shall adopt a schedule of civil penalties, not to exceed \$10,000  
306.2 per day of violation, based on the severity of each violation.

306.3 (c) The commissioner shall impose civil penalties under this section as provided in  
306.4 section 144.99, subdivision 4.

306.5 (d) The commissioner may remit or mitigate civil penalties under this section upon terms  
306.6 and conditions the commissioner considers proper and consistent with public health and  
306.7 safety.

306.8 (e) Civil penalties collected under this section shall be deposited in the health care access  
306.9 fund.

306.10 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 62J.84, subdivision 9, is amended  
306.11 to read:

306.12 Subd. 9. **Legislative report.** (a) No later than May 15, 2022, and by January 15 of each  
306.13 year thereafter, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members  
306.14 of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over commerce and health and human services  
306.15 policy and finance on the implementation of this section and section 62J.841, including but  
306.16 not limited to the effectiveness in addressing the following goals:

306.17 (1) promoting transparency in pharmaceutical pricing for the state, health carriers, and  
306.18 other payers;

306.19 (2) enhancing the understanding on pharmaceutical spending trends; and

306.20 (3) assisting the state, health carriers, and other payers in the management of  
306.21 pharmaceutical costs and limiting formulary changes due to prescription drug cost increases  
306.22 during a coverage year.



306.23 (b) The report must include a summary of the information submitted to the commissioner  
306.24 under subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, and section 62J.841.

306.25 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 62J.84, subdivision 9, is amended  
306.26 to read:

306.27 Subd. 9. **Legislative report.** (a) No later than May 15, 2022, and by January 15 of each  
306.28 year thereafter, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members  
306.29 of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over commerce and health and human services  
306.30 policy and finance on the implementation of this section, including but not limited to the  
306.31 effectiveness in addressing the following goals:

- 307.1 (1) promoting transparency in pharmaceutical pricing for the state and other payers;
- 307.2 (2) enhancing the understanding on pharmaceutical spending trends; and
- 307.3 (3) assisting the state and other payers in the management of pharmaceutical costs.

307.4 (b) The report must include a summary of the information submitted to the commissioner  
307.5 under subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, 11, 12, 13, and 14.

307.6 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
307.7 read:

307.8 Subd. 10. **Notice of prescription drugs of substantial public interest.** (a) No later than  
307.9 January 31, 2023, and quarterly thereafter, the commissioner shall produce and post on the  
307.10 department's website a list of prescription drugs that the department determines to represent  
307.11 a substantial public interest and for which the department intends to request data under  
307.12 subdivisions 11, 12, 13, and 14, subject to paragraph (c). The department shall base its  
307.13 inclusion of prescription drugs on any information the department determines is relevant  
307.14 to providing greater consumer awareness of the factors contributing to the cost of prescription  
307.15 drugs in the state, and the department shall consider drug product families that include  
307.16 prescription drugs:

- 307.17 (1) that triggered reporting under subdivisions 3, 4, or 5 during the previous calendar  
307.18 quarter;
- 307.19 (2) for which average claims paid amounts exceeded 125 percent of the price as of the  
307.20 claim incurred date during the most recent calendar quarter for which claims paid amounts  
307.21 are available; or
- 307.22 (3) that are identified by members of the public during a public comment period process.

307.23 (b) No sooner than 30 days after publicly posting the list of prescription drugs under  
307.24 paragraph (a), the department shall notify, via e-mail, reporting entities registered with the  
307.25 department of the requirement to report under subdivisions 11, 12, 13, and 14.

307.26 (c) No more than 500 prescription drugs may be designated as having a substantial public  
307.27 interest in any one notice.

308.1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
308.2 read:

308.3 Subd. 11. Manufacturer prescription drug substantial public interest reporting. (a)  
308.4 Beginning January 1, 2023, a manufacturer must submit to the commissioner the information  
308.5 described in paragraph (b) for any prescription drug:

308.6 (1) included in a notification to report issued to the manufacturer by the department  
308.7 under subdivision 10;

308.8 (2) which the manufacturer manufactures or repackages;

308.9 (3) for which the manufacturer sets the wholesale acquisition cost; and

308.10 (4) for which the manufacturer has not submitted data under subdivisions 3 or 5 during  
308.11 the 120-day period prior to the date of the notification to report.

308.12 (b) For each of the drugs described in paragraph (a), the manufacturer shall submit to  
308.13 the commissioner no later than 60 days after the date of the notification to report, in the  
308.14 form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, the following information, if applicable:

308.15 (1) a description of the drug with the following listed separately:

308.16 (i) National Drug Code;

308.17 (ii) product name;

308.18 (iii) dosage form;

308.19 (iv) strength; and

308.20 (v) package size;

308.21 (2) the price of the drug product on the later of:

308.22 (i) the day one year prior to the date of the notification to report;

308.23 (ii) the introduced to market date; or

308.24 (iii) the acquisition date;

308.25 (3) the price of the drug product on the date of the notification to report;

308.26 (4) the introductory price of the prescription drug when it was introduced for sale in the  
308.27 United States and the price of the drug on the last day of each of the five calendar years  
308.28 preceding the date of the notification to report;

- 308.29 (5) the direct costs incurred during the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification
- 308.30 to report by the manufacturer that are associated with the prescription drug, listed separately:
- 309.1 (i) to manufacture the prescription drug;
- 309.2 (ii) to market the prescription drug, including advertising costs; and
- 309.3 (iii) to distribute the prescription drug;
- 309.4 (6) the number of units of the prescription drug sold during the 12-month period prior
- 309.5 to the date of the notification to report;
- 309.6 (7) the total sales revenue for the prescription drug during the 12-month period prior to
- 309.7 the date of the notification to report;
- 309.8 (8) the total rebate payable amount accrued for the prescription drug during the 12-month
- 309.9 period prior to the date of the notification to report;
- 309.10 (9) the manufacturer's net profit attributable to the prescription drug during the 12-month
- 309.11 period prior to the date of the notification to report;
- 309.12 (10) the total amount of financial assistance the manufacturer has provided through
- 309.13 patient prescription assistance programs during the 12-month period prior to the date of the
- 309.14 notification to report, if applicable;
- 309.15 (11) any agreement between a manufacturer and another entity contingent upon any
- 309.16 delay in offering to market a generic version of the prescription drug;
- 309.17 (12) the patent expiration date of the prescription drug if it is under patent;
- 309.18 (13) the name and location of the company that manufactured the drug;
- 309.19 (14) if a brand name prescription drug, the ten countries other than the United States
- 309.20 that paid the highest prices for the prescription drug during the previous calendar year and
- 309.21 their prices; and
- 309.22 (15) if the prescription drug was acquired by the manufacturer within the 12-month
- 309.23 period prior to the date of the notification to report, all of the following information:
- 309.24 (i) price at acquisition;
- 309.25 (ii) price in the calendar year prior to acquisition;
- 309.26 (iii) name of the company from which the drug was acquired;
- 309.27 (iv) date of acquisition; and
- 309.28 (v) acquisition price.

309.29 (c) The manufacturer may submit any documentation necessary to support the information  
309.30 reported under this subdivision.

310.1 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
310.2 read:

310.3 Subd. 12. Pharmacy prescription drug substantial public interest reporting. (a)  
310.4 Beginning January 1, 2023, a pharmacy must submit to the commissioner the information  
310.5 described in paragraph (b) for any prescription drug included in a notification to report  
310.6 issued to the pharmacy by the department under subdivision 10.

310.7 (b) For each of the drugs described in paragraph (a), the pharmacy shall submit to the  
310.8 commissioner no later than 60 days after the date of the notification to report in the form  
310.9 and manner prescribed by the commissioner the following information, if applicable:

310.10 (1) a description of the drug with the following listed separately:

310.11 (i) National Drug Code;

310.12 (ii) product name;

310.13 (iii) dosage form;

310.14 (iv) strength; and

310.15 (v) package size;

310.16 (2) the number of units of the drug acquired during the 12-month period prior to the date  
310.17 of the notification to report;

310.18 (3) the total spent before rebates by the pharmacy to acquire the drug during the 12-month  
310.19 period prior to the date of the notification to report;

310.20 (4) the total rebate receivable amount accrued by the pharmacy for the drug during the  
310.21 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report;

310.22 (5) the number of pricing units of the drug dispensed by the pharmacy during the  
310.23 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report;

310.24 (6) the total payment receivable by the pharmacy for dispensing the drug, including  
310.25 ingredient cost, dispensing fee, and administrative fees, during the 12-month period prior  
310.26 to the date of the notification to report;

310.27 (7) the total rebate payable amount accrued by the pharmacy for the drug during the  
310.28 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report; and

310.29 (8) the average cash price paid by consumers per pricing unit for prescriptions dispensed  
310.30 where no claim was submitted to a health care service plan or health insurer during the  
310.31 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report.

- 311.1 (c) The pharmacy may submit any documentation necessary to support the information  
311.2 reported under this subdivision.
- 311.3 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
311.4 read:
- 311.5 Subd. 13. **Pharmacy benefit manager (PBM) prescription drug substantial public**  
311.6 **interest reporting.** (a) Beginning January 1, 2023, a PBM as defined in section 62W.02,  
311.7 subdivision 14, must submit to the commissioner the information described in paragraph  
311.8 (b) for any prescription drug included in a notification to report issued to the PBM by the  
311.9 department under subdivision 10.
- 311.10 (b) For each of the drugs described in paragraph (a), the PBM shall submit to the  
311.11 commissioner no later than 60 days after the date of the notification to report, in the form  
311.12 and manner prescribed by the commissioner, the following information, if applicable:
- 311.13 (1) a description of the drug with the following listed separately:
- 311.14 (i) National Drug Code;
- 311.15 (ii) product name;
- 311.16 (iii) dosage form;
- 311.17 (iv) strength; and
- 311.18 (v) package size;
- 311.19 (2) the number of pricing units of the drug product filled for which the PBM administered  
311.20 claims during the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report;
- 311.21 (3) the total reimbursement amount accrued and payable to pharmacies for pricing units  
311.22 of the drug product filled for which the PBM administered claims during the 12-month  
311.23 period prior to the date of the notification to report;
- 311.24 (4) the total reimbursement or administrative fee amount or both accrued and receivable  
311.25 from payers for pricing units of the drug product filled for which the PBM administered  
311.26 claims during the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report;
- 311.27 (5) the total rebate receivable amount accrued by the PBM for the drug product during  
311.28 the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report; and
- 311.29 (6) the total rebate payable amount accrued by the PBM for the drug product during the  
311.30 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report.
- 312.1 (c) The PBM may submit any documentation necessary to support the information  
312.2 reported under this subdivision.

312.3 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
312.4 read:

312.5 Subd. 14. **Wholesaler prescription drug substantial public interest reporting.** (a)  
312.6 Beginning January 1, 2023, a wholesaler must submit to the commissioner the information  
312.7 described in paragraph (b) for any prescription drug included in a notification to report  
312.8 issued to the wholesaler by the department under subdivision 10.

312.9 (b) For each of the drugs described in paragraph (a), the wholesaler shall submit to the  
312.10 commissioner no later than 60 days after the date of the notification to report, in the form  
312.11 and manner prescribed by the commissioner, the following information, if applicable:

312.12 (1) a description of the drug with the following listed separately:

312.13 (i) National Drug Code;

312.14 (ii) product name;

312.15 (iii) dosage form;

312.16 (iv) strength; and

312.17 (v) package size;

312.18 (2) the number of units of the drug product acquired by the wholesale drug distributor  
312.19 during the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report;

312.20 (3) the total spent before rebates by the wholesale drug distributor to acquire the drug  
312.21 product during the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report;

312.22 (4) the total rebate receivable amount accrued by the wholesale drug distributor for the  
312.23 drug product during the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report;

312.24 (5) the number of units of the drug product sold by the wholesale drug distributor during  
312.25 the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report;

312.26 (6) gross revenue from sales in the United States generated by the wholesale drug  
312.27 distributor for the drug product during the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification  
312.28 to report; and

312.29 (7) total rebate payable amount accrued by the wholesale drug distributor for the drug  
312.30 product during the 12-month period prior to the date of the notification to report.

313.1 (c) The wholesaler may submit any documentation necessary to support the information  
313.2 reported under this subdivision.

313.3 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
313.4 read:

313.5 Subd. 15. **Registration requirement.** Beginning January 1, 2023, a reporting entity  
313.6 subject to this chapter shall register with the department in a form and manner prescribed  
313.7 by the commissioner.

313.8 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.84, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
313.9 read:

313.10 Subd. 16. **Rulemaking.** For the purposes of this section, the commissioner may use the  
313.11 expedited rulemaking process under section 14.389.

313.12 Sec. 22. **[62J.841] REPORTING PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICES; FORMULARY**  
313.13 **DEVELOPMENT AND PRICE STABILITY.**

313.14 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision  
313.15 have the meanings given.

313.16 (b) "Average wholesale price" means the customary reference price for sales by a drug  
313.17 wholesaler to a retail pharmacy, as established and published by the manufacturer.

313.18 (c) "National drug code" means the numerical code maintained by the United States  
313.19 Food and Drug Administration and includes the label code, product code, and package code.

313.20 (d) "Unit" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 42, section 1395w-3a(b)(2).

313.21 (e) "Wholesale acquisition cost" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 42,  
313.22 section 1395w-3a(c)(6)(B).

313.23 Subd. 2. **Price reporting.** (a) Beginning July 31, 2023, and by July 31 each year  
313.24 thereafter, a manufacturer must report to the commissioner the information in paragraph  
313.25 (b) for every drug with a wholesale acquisition cost of \$100 or more for a 30-day supply  
313.26 or for a course of treatment lasting less than 30 days, as applicable to the next calendar year.

313.27 (b) A manufacturer shall report a drug's:

313.28 (1) national drug code, labeler code, and the manufacturer name associated with the  
313.29 labeler code;

313.30 (2) brand name, if applicable;

314.1 (3) generic name, if applicable;

314.2 (4) wholesale acquisition cost for one unit;

314.3 (5) measure that constitutes a wholesale acquisition cost unit;

314.4 (6) average wholesale price; and

- 314.5 (7) status as brand name or generic.
- 314.6 (c) The effective date of the information described in paragraph (b) must be included in
- 314.7 the report to the commissioner.
- 314.8 (d) A manufacturer must report the information described in this subdivision in the form
- 314.9 and manner specified by the commissioner.
- 314.10 (e) Information reported under this subdivision is classified as public data not on
- 314.11 individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 14, and must not be classified by the
- 314.12 manufacturer as trade secret information, as defined in section 13.37, subdivision 1, paragraph
- 314.13 (b).
- 314.14 (f) A manufacturer's failure to report the information required by this subdivision is
- 314.15 grounds for disciplinary action under section 151.071, subdivision 2.
- 314.16 Subd. 3. **Public posting of prescription drug price information.** By October 1 of each
- 314.17 year, beginning October 1, 2023, the commissioner must post the information reported
- 314.18 under subdivision 2 on the department website, as required by section 62J.84, subdivision
- 314.19 6.
- 314.20 Subd. 4. **Price change.** (a) If a drug subject to price reporting under subdivision 2 is
- 314.21 included in the formulary of a health plan submitted to and approved by the commissioner
- 314.22 of commerce for the next calendar year under section 62A.02, subdivision 1, the manufacturer
- 314.23 may increase the wholesale acquisition cost of the drug for the next calendar year only after
- 314.24 providing the commissioner with at least 90 days' written notice.
- 314.25 (b) A manufacturer's failure to meet the requirements of paragraph (a) is grounds for
- 314.26 disciplinary action under section 151.071, subdivision 2.
- 314.27 Sec. 23. **[62J.841] DEFINITIONS.**
- 314.28 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For purposes of sections 62J.841 to 62J.845, the following
- 314.29 definitions apply.
- 314.30 Subd. 2. **Consumer Price Index.** "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price
- 314.31 Index, Annual Average, for All Urban Consumers, CPI-U: U.S. City Average, All Items,
- 315.1 reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, or its
- 315.2 successor or, if the index is discontinued, an equivalent index reported by a federal authority
- 315.3 or, if no such index is reported, "Consumer Price Index" means a comparable index chosen
- 315.4 by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- 315.5 Subd. 3. **Generic or off-patent drug.** "Generic or off-patent drug" means any prescription
- 315.6 drug for which any exclusive marketing rights granted under the Federal Food, Drug, and
- 315.7 Cosmetic Act; section 351 of the federal Public Health Service Act; and federal patent law
- 315.8 have expired, including any drug-device combination product for the delivery of a generic
- 315.9 drug.



- 315.10 Subd. 4. **Manufacturer.** "Manufacturer" has the meaning provided in section 151.01,  
315.11 subdivision 14a.
- 315.12 Subd. 5. **Prescription drug.** "Prescription drug" means a drug for human use subject  
315.13 to United States Code, title 21, section 353(b)(1).
- 315.14 Subd. 6. **Wholesale acquisition cost.** "Wholesale acquisition cost" has the meaning  
315.15 provided in United States Code, title 42, section 1395w-3a.
- 315.16 Subd. 7. **Wholesale distributor.** "Wholesale distributor" has the meaning provided in  
315.17 section 151.441, subdivision 14.
- 315.18 Sec. 24. **[62J.842] EXCESSIVE PRICE INCREASES PROHIBITED.**
- 315.19 Subdivision 1. **Prohibition.** No manufacturer shall impose, or cause to be imposed, an  
315.20 excessive price increase, whether directly or through a wholesale distributor, pharmacy, or  
315.21 similar intermediary, on the sale of any generic or off-patent drug sold, dispensed, or  
315.22 delivered to any consumer in the state.
- 315.23 Subd. 2. **Excessive price increase.** A price increase is excessive for purposes of this  
315.24 section when:
- 315.25 (1) the price increase, adjusted for inflation utilizing the Consumer Price Index, exceeds:  
315.26 (i) 15 percent of the wholesale acquisition cost over the immediately preceding calendar  
315.27 year; or
- 315.28 (ii) 40 percent of the wholesale acquisition cost over the immediately preceding three  
315.29 calendar years; and
- 315.30 (2) the price increase, adjusted for inflation utilizing the Consumer Price Index, exceeds  
315.31 \$30 for:
- 316.1 (i) a 30-day supply of the drug; or
- 316.2 (ii) a course of treatment lasting less than 30 days.
- 316.3 Subd. 3. **Exemption.** It is not a violation of this section for a wholesale distributor or  
316.4 pharmacy to increase the price of a generic or off-patent drug if the price increase is directly  
316.5 attributable to additional costs for the drug imposed on the wholesale distributor or pharmacy  
316.6 by the manufacturer of the drug.
- 316.7 Sec. 25. **[62J.843] REGISTERED AGENT AND OFFICE WITHIN THE STATE.**
- 316.8 Any manufacturer that sells, distributes, delivers, or offers for sale any generic or  
316.9 off-patent drug in the state is required to maintain a registered agent and office within the  
316.10 state.

316.11 Sec. 26. **[62J.844] ENFORCEMENT.**

316.12 Subdivision 1. **Notification.** The commissioner of management and budget and any  
316.13 other state agency that provides or purchases a pharmacy benefit, except the Department  
316.14 of Human Services, and any entity under contract with a state agency to provide a pharmacy  
316.15 benefit other than an entity under contract with the Department of Human Services, shall  
316.16 notify the manufacturer of a generic or off-patent drug, the attorney general, and the Board  
316.17 of Pharmacy of any price increase in violation of section 62J.842.

316.18 Subd. 2. **Submission of drug cost statement and other information by manufacturer;**  
316.19 **investigation by attorney general.** (a) Within 45 days of receiving a notice under subdivision  
316.20 1, the manufacturer of the generic or off-patent drug shall submit a drug cost statement to  
316.21 the attorney general. The statement must:

316.22 (1) itemize the cost components related to production of the drug;

316.23 (2) identify the circumstances and timing of any increase in materials or manufacturing  
316.24 costs that caused any increase during the preceding calendar year, or preceding three calendar  
316.25 years as applicable, in the price of the drug; and

316.26 (3) provide any other information that the manufacturer believes to be relevant to a  
316.27 determination of whether a violation of section 62J.842 has occurred.

316.28 (b) The attorney general may investigate whether a violation of section 62J.842 has  
316.29 occurred, is occurring, or is about to occur, in accordance with section 8.31, subdivision 2.

316.30 Subd. 3. **Petition to court.** (a) On petition of the attorney general, a court may issue an  
316.31 order:

317.1 (1) compelling the manufacturer of a generic or off-patent drug to:

317.2 (i) provide the drug cost statement required under subdivision 2, paragraph (a); and

317.3 (ii) answer interrogatories, produce records or documents, or be examined under oath,  
317.4 as required by the attorney general under subdivision 2, paragraph (b);

317.5 (2) restraining or enjoining a violation of sections 62J.841 to 62J.845, including issuing  
317.6 an order requiring that drug prices be restored to levels that comply with section 62J.842;

317.7 (3) requiring the manufacturer to provide an accounting to the attorney general of all  
317.8 revenues resulting from a violation of section 62J.842;

317.9 (4) requiring the manufacturer to repay to all consumers, including any third-party payers,  
317.10 any money acquired as a result of a price increase that violates section 62J.842;

317.11 (5) notwithstanding section 16A.151, if a manufacturer is unable to determine the  
317.12 individual transactions necessary to provide the repayments described in clause (4), requiring  
317.13 that all revenues generated from a violation of section 62J.842 be remitted to the state and

- 317.14 deposited into a special fund to be used for initiatives to reduce the cost to consumers of  
317.15 acquiring prescription drugs;
- 317.16 (6) imposing a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 per day for each violation of section 62J.842;
- 317.17 (7) providing for the attorney general's recovery of its costs and disbursements incurred  
317.18 in bringing an action against a manufacturer found in violation of section 62J.842, including  
317.19 the costs of investigation and reasonable attorney's fees; and
- 317.20 (8) providing any other appropriate relief, including any other equitable relief as  
317.21 determined by the court.
- 317.22 (b) For purposes of paragraph (a), clause (6), every individual transaction in violation  
317.23 of section 62J.842 must be considered a separate violation.
- 317.24 Subd. 4. **Private right of action.** Any action brought pursuant to section 8.31, subdivision  
317.25 3a, by a person injured by a violation of this section is for the benefit of the public.
- 317.26 Sec. 27. **[62J.845] PROHIBITION ON WITHDRAWAL OF GENERIC OR**  
317.27 **OFF-PATENT DRUGS FOR SALE.**
- 317.28 Subdivision 1. **Prohibition.** A manufacturer of a generic or off-patent drug is prohibited  
317.29 from withdrawing that drug from sale or distribution within this state for the purpose of  
317.30 avoiding the prohibition on excessive price increases under section 62J.842.
- 318.1 Subd. 2. **Notice to board and attorney general.** Any manufacturer that intends to  
318.2 withdraw a generic or off-patent drug from sale or distribution within the state shall provide  
318.3 a written notice of withdrawal to the Board of Pharmacy and the attorney general at least  
318.4 180 days prior to the withdrawal.
- 318.5 Subd. 3. **Financial penalty.** The attorney general shall assess a penalty of \$500,000 on  
318.6 any manufacturer of a generic or off-patent drug that it determines has failed to comply  
318.7 with the requirements of this section.
- 318.8 Sec. 28. **[62J.846] SEVERABILITY.**
- 318.9 If any provision of sections 62J.841 to 62J.845 or the application thereof to any person  
318.10 or circumstance is held invalid for any reason in a court of competent jurisdiction, the  
318.11 invalidity does not affect other provisions or any other application of sections 62J.841 to  
318.12 62J.845 that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
- 318.13 Sec. 29. **[62J.85] CITATION.**
- 318.14 Sections 62J.85 to 62J.95 may be cited as the "Prescription Drug Affordability Act."
- 318.15 Sec. 30. **[62J.86] DEFINITIONS.**
- 318.16 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of sections 62J.85 to 62J.95, the following  
318.17 terms have the meanings given.

- 318.18 Subd. 2. **Advisory council.** "Advisory council" means the Prescription Drug Affordability  
318.19 Advisory Council established under section 62J.88.
- 318.20 Subd. 3. **Biologic.** "Biologic" means a drug that is produced or distributed in accordance  
318.21 with a biologics license application approved under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42,  
318.22 section 447.502.
- 318.23 Subd. 4. **Biosimilar.** "Biosimilar" has the meaning provided in section 62J.84, subdivision  
318.24 2, paragraph (b).
- 318.25 Subd. 5. **Board.** "Board" means the Prescription Drug Affordability Board established  
318.26 under section 62J.87.
- 318.27 Subd. 6. **Brand name drug.** "Brand name drug" has the meaning provided in section  
318.28 62J.84, subdivision 2, paragraph (c).
- 318.29 Subd. 7. **Generic drug.** "Generic drug" has the meaning provided in section 62J.84,  
318.30 subdivision 2, paragraph (e).
- 319.1 Subd. 8. **Group purchaser.** "Group purchaser" has the meaning given in section 62J.03,  
319.2 subdivision 6, and includes pharmacy benefit managers as defined in section 62W.02,  
319.3 subdivision 15.
- 319.4 Subd. 9. **Manufacturer.** "Manufacturer" means an entity that:  
319.5 (1) engages in the manufacture of a prescription drug product or enters into a lease with  
319.6 another manufacturer to market and distribute a prescription drug product under the entity's  
319.7 own name; and  
319.8 (2) sets or changes the wholesale acquisition cost of the prescription drug product at  
319.9 manufacturers or markets.
- 319.10 Subd. 10. **Prescription drug product.** "Prescription drug product" means a brand name  
319.11 drug, a generic drug, a biologic, or a biosimilar.
- 319.12 Subd. 11. **Wholesale acquisition cost or WAC.** "Wholesale acquisition cost" or "WAC"  
319.13 has the meaning given in United States Code, title 42, section 1395W-3a(c)(6)(B).
- 319.14 Sec. 31. **[62J.87] PRESCRIPTION DRUG AFFORDABILITY BOARD.**
- 319.15 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The commissioner of commerce shall establish the  
319.16 Prescription Drug Affordability Board, which shall be governed as a board under section  
319.17 15.012, paragraph (a), to protect consumers, state and local governments, health plan  
319.18 companies, providers, pharmacies, and other health care system stakeholders from  
319.19 unaffordable costs of certain prescription drugs.
- 319.20 Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The Prescription Drug Affordability Board consists of nine  
319.21 members appointed as follows:

- 319.22 (1) seven voting members appointed by the governor;
- 319.23 (2) one nonvoting member appointed by the majority leader of the senate; and
- 319.24 (3) one nonvoting member appointed by the speaker of the house.
- 319.25 (b) All members appointed must have knowledge and demonstrated expertise in  
319.26 pharmaceutical economics and finance or health care economics and finance. A member  
319.27 must not be an employee of, a board member of, or a consultant to a manufacturer or trade  
319.28 association for manufacturers or a pharmacy benefit manager or trade association for  
319.29 pharmacy benefit managers.
- 319.30 (c) Initial appointments must be made by January 1, 2023.
- 320.1 Subd. 3. **Terms.** (a) Board appointees shall serve four-year terms, except that initial  
320.2 appointees shall serve staggered terms of two, three, or four years as determined by lot by  
320.3 the secretary of state. A board member shall serve no more than two consecutive terms.
- 320.4 (b) A board member may resign at any time by giving written notice to the board.
- 320.5 Subd. 4. **Chair; other officers.** (a) The governor shall designate an acting chair from  
320.6 the members appointed by the governor. The acting chair shall convene the first meeting  
320.7 of the board.
- 320.8 (b) The board shall elect a chair to replace the acting chair at the first meeting of the  
320.9 board by a majority of the members. The chair shall serve for one year.
- 320.10 (c) The board shall elect a vice-chair and other officers from its membership as it deems  
320.11 necessary.
- 320.12 Subd. 5. **Staff; technical assistance.** (a) The board shall hire an executive director and  
320.13 other staff, who shall serve in the unclassified service. The executive director must have  
320.14 knowledge and demonstrated expertise in pharmacoeconomics, pharmacology, health policy,  
320.15 health services research, medicine, or a related field or discipline. The board may employ  
320.16 or contract for professional and technical assistance as the board deems necessary to perform  
320.17 the board's duties.
- 320.18 (b) The attorney general shall provide legal services to the board.
- 320.19 Subd. 6. **Compensation.** The board members shall not receive compensation but may  
320.20 receive reimbursement for expenses as authorized under section 15.059, subdivision 3.
- 320.21 Subd. 7. **Meetings.** (a) Meetings of the board are subject to chapter 13D. The board shall  
320.22 meet publicly at least every three months to review prescription drug product information  
320.23 submitted to the board under section 62J.90. If there are no pending submissions, the chair  
320.24 of the board may cancel or postpone the required meeting. The board may meet in closed  
320.25 session when reviewing proprietary information as determined under the standards developed  
320.26 in accordance with section 62J.91, subdivision 4.

320.27 (b) The board shall announce each public meeting at least two weeks prior to the  
320.28 scheduled date of the meeting. Any materials for the meeting must be made public at least  
320.29 one week prior to the scheduled date of the meeting.

320.30 (c) At each public meeting, the board shall provide the opportunity for comments from  
320.31 the public, including the opportunity for written comments to be submitted to the board  
320.32 prior to a decision by the board.

321.1 Sec. 32. **[62J.88] PRESCRIPTION DRUG AFFORDABILITY ADVISORY**  
321.2 **COUNCIL.**

321.3 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The governor shall appoint a 12-member stakeholder  
321.4 advisory council to provide advice to the board on drug cost issues and to represent  
321.5 stakeholders' views. The members of the advisory council shall be appointed based on their  
321.6 knowledge and demonstrated expertise in one or more of the following areas: the  
321.7 pharmaceutical business; practice of medicine; patient perspectives; health care cost trends  
321.8 and drivers; clinical and health services research; and the health care marketplace.

321.9 Subd. 2. **Membership.** The council's membership shall consist of the following:

- 321.10 (1) two members representing patients and health care consumers;
- 321.11 (2) two members representing health care providers;
- 321.12 (3) one member representing health plan companies;
- 321.13 (4) two members representing employers, with one member representing large employers  
321.14 and one member representing small employers;
- 321.15 (5) one member representing government employee benefit plans;
- 321.16 (6) one member representing pharmaceutical manufacturers;
- 321.17 (7) one member who is a health services clinical researcher;
- 321.18 (8) one member who is a pharmacologist; and
- 321.19 (9) one member representing the commissioner of health with expertise in health  
321.20 economics.

321.21 Subd. 3. **Terms.** (a) The initial appointments to the advisory council must be made by  
321.22 January 1, 2023. The initial appointed advisory council members shall serve staggered terms  
321.23 of two, three, or four years determined by lot by the secretary of state. Following the initial  
321.24 appointments, the advisory council members shall serve four-year terms.

321.25 (b) Removal and vacancies of advisory council members are governed by section 15.059.

321.26 Subd. 4. **Compensation.** Advisory council members may be compensated according to  
321.27 section 15.059.

321.28 Subd. 5. **Meetings.** Meetings of the advisory council are subject to chapter 13D. The  
 321.29 advisory council shall meet publicly at least every three months to advise the board on drug  
 321.30 cost issues related to the prescription drug product information submitted to the board under  
 321.31 section 62J.90.

322.1 Subd. 6. **Exemption.** Notwithstanding section 15.059, the advisory council shall not  
 322.2 expire.

322.3 Sec. 33. **[62J.89] CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.**

322.4 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** (a) For purposes of this section, "conflict of interest" means  
 322.5 a financial or personal association that has the potential to bias or have the appearance of  
 322.6 biasing a person's decisions in matters related to the board or the advisory council, or in the  
 322.7 conduct of the board's or council's activities.

322.8 (b) A conflict of interest includes any instance in which a person or a person's immediate  
 322.9 family member has received or could receive a direct or indirect financial benefit of any  
 322.10 amount deriving from the result or findings of a decision or determination of the board.

322.11 (c) For purposes of this section, a person's immediate family member includes a spouse,  
 322.12 parent, child, or other legal dependent, or an in-law of any of the preceding individuals.

322.13 (d) For purposes of this section, a financial benefit includes honoraria, fees, stock, the  
 322.14 value of stock holdings, and any direct financial benefit deriving from the finding of a review  
 322.15 conducted under sections 62J.85 to 62J.95.

322.16 (e) Ownership of securities is not a conflict of interest if the securities are: (1) part of a  
 322.17 diversified mutual or exchange traded fund; or (2) in a tax-deferred or tax-exempt retirement  
 322.18 account that is administered by an independent trustee.

322.19 Subd. 2. **General.** (a) A board or advisory council member, board staff member, or  
 322.20 third-party contractor must disclose any conflicts of interest to the appointing authority or  
 322.21 the board prior to the acceptance of an appointment, an offer of employment, or a contractual  
 322.22 agreement. The information disclosed must include the type, nature, and magnitude of the  
 322.23 interests involved.

322.24 (b) A board member, board staff member, or third-party contractor with a conflict of  
 322.25 interest relating to any prescription drug product under review must recuse themselves from  
 322.26 any discussion, review, decision, or determination made by the board relating to the  
 322.27 prescription drug product.

322.28 (c) Any conflict of interest must be disclosed in advance of the first meeting after the  
 322.29 conflict is identified or within five days after the conflict is identified, whichever is earlier.

322.30 Subd. 3. **Prohibitions.** Board members, board staff, or third-party contractors are  
 322.31 prohibited from accepting gifts, bequeaths, or donations of services or property that raise

323.1 the specter of a conflict of interest or have the appearance of injecting bias into the activities  
323.2 of the board.

323.3 Sec. 34. [62J.90] PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICE INFORMATION; DECISION  
323.4 TO CONDUCT COST REVIEW.

323.5 Subdivision 1. Drug price information from the commissioner of health and other  
323.6 sources. (a) The commissioner of health shall provide to the board the information reported  
323.7 to the commissioner by drug manufacturers under section 62J.84, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5.  
323.8 The commissioner shall provide this information to the board within 30 days of the date the  
323.9 information is received from drug manufacturers.

323.10 (b) The board shall subscribe to one or more prescription drug pricing files, such as  
323.11 Medispan or FirstDatabank, or as otherwise determined by the board.

323.12 Subd. 2. Identification of certain prescription drug products. (a) The board, in  
323.13 consultation with the advisory council, shall identify the following prescription drug products:

323.14 (1) brand name drugs or biologics for which the WAC increases by more than ten percent  
323.15 or by more than \$10,000 during any 12-month period or course of treatment if less than 12  
323.16 months, after adjusting for changes in the consumer price index (CPI);

323.17 (2) brand name drugs or biologics introduced at a WAC of \$30,000 or more per calendar  
323.18 year or per course of treatment;

323.19 (3) biosimilar drugs introduced at a WAC that is not at least 15 percent lower than the  
323.20 referenced brand name biologic at the time the biosimilar is introduced; and

323.21 (4) generic drugs for which the WAC:

323.22 (i) is \$100 or more, after adjusting for changes in the CPI, for:

323.23 (A) a 30-day supply lasting a patient for a period of 30 consecutive days based on the  
323.24 recommended dosage approved for labeling by the United States Food and Drug  
323.25 Administration (FDA);

323.26 (B) a supply lasting a patient for fewer than 30 days based on recommended dosage  
323.27 approved for labeling by the FDA; or

323.28 (C) one unit of the drug if the labeling approved by the FDA does not recommend a  
323.29 finite dosage; and

324.1 (ii) has increased by 200 percent or more during the immediate preceding 12-month  
324.2 period, as determined by the difference between the resulting WAC and the average of the  
324.3 WAC reported over the preceding 12 months, after adjusting for changes in the CPI.

324.4 (b) The board, in consultation with the advisory council, shall identify prescription drug  
324.5 products not described in paragraph (a) that may impose costs that create significant



324.6 affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients, including but not  
324.7 limited to drugs to address public health emergencies.

324.8 (c) The board shall make available to the public the names and related price information  
324.9 of the prescription drug products identified under this subdivision, with the exception of  
324.10 information determined by the board to be proprietary under the standards developed by  
324.11 the board under section 62J.91, subdivision 4.

324.12 Subd. 3. **Determination to proceed with review.** (a) The board may initiate a cost  
324.13 review of a prescription drug product identified by the board under this section.

324.14 (b) The board shall consider requests by the public for the board to proceed with a cost  
324.15 review of any prescription drug product identified under this section.

324.16 (c) If there is no consensus among the members of the board on whether or not to initiate  
324.17 a cost review of a prescription drug product, any member of the board may request a vote  
324.18 to determine whether or not to review the cost of the prescription drug product.

324.19 Sec. 35. **[62J.91] PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRODUCT REVIEWS.**

324.20 Subdivision 1. **General.** Once the board decides to proceed with a cost review of a  
324.21 prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as  
324.22 to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization  
324.23 that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or  
324.24 standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges for the state health  
324.25 care system or for patients.

324.26 Subd. 2. **Review considerations.** In reviewing the cost of a prescription drug product,  
324.27 the board may consider the following factors:

324.28 (1) the price at which the prescription drug product has been and will be sold in the state;

324.29 (2) the average monetary price concession, discount, or rebate the manufacturer provides  
324.30 to a group purchaser in this state as reported by the manufacturer and the group purchaser,  
324.31 expressed as a percent of the WAC for the prescription drug product under review;

324.32 (3) the price at which therapeutic alternatives have been or will be sold in the state;

325.1 (4) the average monetary price concession, discount, or rebate the manufacturer provides  
325.2 or is expected to provide to a group purchaser or group purchasers in the state for therapeutic  
325.3 alternatives;

325.4 (5) the cost to group purchasers based on patient access consistent with the FDA-labeled  
325.5 indications;

325.6 (6) the impact on patient access resulting from the cost of the prescription drug product  
325.7 relative to insurance benefit design;

- 325.8 (7) the current or expected dollar value of drug-specific patient access programs supported  
325.9 by manufacturers;
- 325.10 (8) the relative financial impacts to health, medical, or other social services costs that  
325.11 can be quantified and compared to baseline effects of existing therapeutic alternatives;
- 325.12 (9) the average patient co-pay or other cost-sharing for the prescription drug product in  
325.13 the state;
- 325.14 (10) any information a manufacturer chooses to provide; and
- 325.15 (11) any other factors as determined by the board.
- 325.16 Subd. 3. **Further review factors.** If, after considering the factors described in subdivision  
325.17 2, the board is unable to determine whether a prescription drug product will produce or has  
325.18 produced an affordability challenge, the board may consider:
- 325.19 (1) manufacturer research and development costs, as indicated on the manufacturer's  
325.20 federal tax filing for the most recent tax year, in proportion to the manufacturer's sales in  
325.21 the state;
- 325.22 (2) the portion of direct-to-consumer marketing costs eligible for favorable federal tax  
325.23 treatment in the most recent tax year that is specific to the prescription drug product under  
325.24 review, multiplied by the ratio of total manufacturer in-state sales to total manufacturer  
325.25 sales in the United States for the product under review;
- 325.26 (3) gross and net manufacturer revenues for the most recent tax year;
- 325.27 (4) any information and research related to the manufacturer's selection of the introductory  
325.28 price or price increase, including but not limited to:
- 325.29 (i) life cycle management;
- 325.30 (ii) market competition and context; and
- 325.31 (iii) projected revenue; and
- 326.1 (5) any additional factors determined by the board to be relevant.
- 326.2 Subd. 4. **Public data; proprietary information.** (a) Any submission made to the board  
326.3 related to a drug cost review must be made available to the public with the exception of  
326.4 information determined by the board to be proprietary.
- 326.5 (b) The board shall establish the standards for the information to be considered proprietary  
326.6 under paragraph (a) and section 62J.90, subdivision 2, including standards for heightened  
326.7 consideration of proprietary information for submissions for a cost review of a drug that is  
326.8 not yet approved by the FDA.

326.9 (c) Prior to the board establishing the standards under paragraph (b), the public must be  
326.10 provided notice and the opportunity to submit comments.

326.11 Sec. 36. **[62J.92] DETERMINATIONS; COMPLIANCE; REMEDIES.**

326.12 Subdivision 1. **Upper payment limit.** (a) In the event the board finds that the spending  
326.13 on a prescription drug product reviewed under section 62J.91 creates an affordability  
326.14 challenge for the state health care system or for patients, the board shall establish an upper  
326.15 payment limit after considering:

326.16 (1) the cost of administering the drug;

326.17 (2) the cost of delivering the drug to consumers;

326.18 (3) the range of prices at which the drug is sold in the United States according to one or  
326.19 more pricing files accessed under section 62J.90, subdivision 1, and the range at which  
326.20 pharmacies are reimbursed in Canada; and

326.21 (4) any other relevant pricing and administrative cost information for the drug.

326.22 (b) The upper payment limit must apply to all public and private purchases, payments,  
326.23 and payer reimbursements for the prescription drug products received by an individual in  
326.24 the state in person, by mail, or by other means.

326.25 Subd. 2. **Noncompliance.** (a) The failure of an entity to comply with an upper payment  
326.26 limit established by the board under this section shall be referred to the Office of the Attorney  
326.27 General.

326.28 (b) If the Office of the Attorney General finds that an entity was noncompliant with the  
326.29 upper payment limit requirements, the attorney general may pursue remedies consistent  
326.30 with chapter 8 or appropriate criminal charges if there is evidence of intentional profiteering.

327.1 (c) An entity that obtains price concessions from a drug manufacturer that result in a  
327.2 lower net cost to the stakeholder than the upper payment limit established by the board must  
327.3 not be considered to be in noncompliance.

327.4 (d) The Office of the Attorney General may provide guidance to stakeholders concerning  
327.5 activities that could be considered noncompliant.

327.6 Subd. 3. **Appeals.** (a) Persons affected by a decision of the board may request an appeal  
327.7 of the board's decision within 30 days of the date of the decision. The board shall hear the  
327.8 appeal and render a decision within 60 days of the hearing.

327.9 (b) All appeal decisions are subject to judicial review in accordance with chapter 14.

327.10 Sec. 37. **[62J.93] REPORTS.**

327.11 Beginning March 1, 2023, and each March 1 thereafter, the board shall submit a report  
327.12 to the governor and legislature on general price trends for prescription drug products and  
327.13 the number of prescription drug products that were subject to the board's cost review and

327.14 analysis, including the result of any analysis and the number and disposition of appeals and  
327.15 judicial reviews.

327.16 Sec. 38. **[62J.94] ERISA PLANS AND MEDICARE DRUG PLANS.**

327.17 (a) Nothing in sections 62J.85 to 62J.95 shall be construed to require ERISA plans or  
327.18 Medicare Part D plans to comply with decisions of the board. ERISA plans or Medicare  
327.19 Part D plans may choose to exceed the upper payment limit established by the board under  
327.20 section 62J.92.

327.21 (b) Providers who dispense and administer drugs in the state must bill all payers no more  
327.22 than the upper payment limit without regard to whether or not an ERISA plan or Medicare  
327.23 Part D plan chooses to reimburse the provider in an amount greater than the upper payment  
327.24 limit established by the board.

327.25 (c) For purposes of this section, an ERISA plan or group health plan is an employee  
327.26 welfare benefit plan established or maintained by an employer or an employee organization,  
327.27 or both, that provides employer sponsored health coverage to employees and the employee's  
327.28 dependents and is subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA).

327.29 Sec. 39. **[62J.95] SEVERABILITY.**

327.30 If any provision of sections 62J.85 to 62J.94 or the application thereof to any person or  
327.31 circumstance is held invalid for any reason in a court of competent jurisdiction, the invalidity  
328.1 does not affect other provisions or any other application of sections 62J.85 to 62J.94 that  
328.2 can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

328.3 Sec. 40. **[62Q.1842] PROHIBITION ON USE OF STEP THERAPY FOR**  
328.4 **ANTIRETROVIRAL DRUGS.**

328.5 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions  
328.6 apply.

328.7 (b) "Health plan" has the meaning given in section 62Q.01, subdivision 3, and includes  
328.8 health coverage provided by a managed care plan or a county-based purchasing plan  
328.9 participating in a public program under chapter 256B or 256L or an integrated health  
328.10 partnership under section 256B.0755.

328.11 (c) "Step therapy protocol" has the meaning given in section 62Q.184.

328.12 Subd. 2. **Prohibition on use of step therapy protocols.** A health plan that covers  
328.13 antiretroviral drugs that are medically necessary for the prevention of HIV/AIDS, including  
328.14 preexposure prophylaxis and postexposure prophylaxis, must not limit or exclude coverage  
328.15 for the antiretroviral drugs by requiring prior authorization or by requiring an enrollee to  
328.16 follow a step therapy protocol.

328.17 Sec. 41. **[62Q.481] COST-SHARING FOR PRESCRIPTION DRUGS AND RELATED**  
328.18 **MEDICAL SUPPLIES TO TREAT CHRONIC DISEASE.**

328.19 Subdivision 1. **Cost-sharing limits.** (a) A health plan must limit the amount of any  
328.20 enrollee cost-sharing for prescription drugs prescribed to treat a chronic disease to no more  
328.21 than \$25 per one-month supply for each prescription drug and to no more than \$50 per  
328.22 month in total for all related medical supplies. Coverage under this section must not be  
328.23 subject to any deductible.

328.24 (b) If application of this section before an enrollee has met their plan's deductible would  
328.25 result in health savings account ineligibility under United States Code, title 26, section 223,  
328.26 then this section must apply to that specific prescription drug or related medical supply only  
328.27 after the enrollee has met their plan's deductible.

328.28 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the  
328.29 meanings given.

328.30 (b) "Chronic disease" means diabetes, asthma, and allergies requiring the use of  
328.31 epinephrine auto-injectors.

329.1 (c) "Cost-sharing" means co-payments and coinsurance.

329.2 (d) "Related medical supplies" means syringes, insulin pens, insulin pumps, epinephrine  
329.3 auto-injectors, test strips, glucometers, continuous glucose monitors, and other medical  
329.4 supply items necessary to effectively and appropriately administer a prescription drug  
329.5 prescribed to treat a chronic disease.

329.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2023, and applies to health  
329.7 plans offered, issued, or renewed on or after that date.

329.8 Sec. 42. **[62Q.524] COVERAGE FOR DRUGS TO PREVENT THE ACQUISITION**  
329.9 **OF HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS.**

329.10 (a) A health plan that provides prescription drug coverage must provide coverage in  
329.11 accordance with this section for:

329.12 (1) any antiretroviral drug approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration  
329.13 (FDA) for preventing the acquisition of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) that is  
329.14 prescribed, dispensed, or administered by a pharmacist who meets the requirements described  
329.15 in section 151.37, subdivision 17; and

329.16 (2) any laboratory testing necessary for therapy that uses the drugs described in clause  
329.17 (1) that is ordered, performed, and interpreted by a pharmacist who meets the requirements  
329.18 described in section 151.37, subdivision 17.

329.19 (b) A health plan must provide the same terms of prescription drug coverage for drugs  
329.20 to prevent the acquisition of HIV that are prescribed or administered by a pharmacist if the  
329.21 pharmacist meets the requirements described in section 151.37, subdivision 17, as would

329.22 apply had the drug been prescribed or administered by a physician, physician assistant, or  
329.23 advanced practice registered nurse. The health plan may require pharmacists or pharmacies  
329.24 to meet reasonable medical management requirements when providing the services described  
329.25 in paragraph (a) if other providers are required to meet the same requirements.

329.26 (c) A health plan must reimburse an in-network pharmacist or pharmacy for the drugs  
329.27 and testing described in paragraph (a) at a rate equal to the rate of reimbursement provided  
329.28 to a physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse if providing similar  
329.29 services.

329.30 (d) A health plan is not required to cover the drugs and testing described in paragraph  
329.31 (a) if provided by a pharmacist or pharmacy that is out-of-network unless the health plan  
329.32 covers similar services provided by out-of-network providers. A health plan must ensure  
330.1 that the health plan's provider network includes in-network pharmacies that provide the  
330.2 services described in paragraph (a).

330.3 **Sec. 43. [62Q.83] PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT TRANSPARENCY AND**  
330.4 **MANAGEMENT.**

330.5 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have  
330.6 the meanings given.

330.7 (b) "Drug" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 5.

330.8 (c) "Enrollee contract term" means the 12-month term during which benefits associated  
330.9 with health plan company products are in effect. For managed care plans and county-based  
330.10 purchasing plans under section 256B.69 and chapter 256L, enrollee contract term means a  
330.11 single calendar quarter.

330.12 (d) "Formulary" means a list of prescription drugs developed by clinical and pharmacy  
330.13 experts that represents the health plan company's medically appropriate and cost-effective  
330.14 prescription drugs approved for use.

330.15 (e) "Health plan company" has the meaning given in section 62Q.01, subdivision 4, and  
330.16 includes an entity that performs pharmacy benefits management for the health plan company.  
330.17 For purposes of this paragraph, "pharmacy benefits management" means the administration  
330.18 or management of prescription drug benefits provided by the health plan company for the  
330.19 benefit of the plan's enrollees and may include but is not limited to procurement of  
330.20 prescription drugs, clinical formulary development and management services, claims  
330.21 processing, and rebate contracting and administration.

330.22 (f) "Prescription" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 16a.

330.23 Subd. 2. **Prescription drug benefit disclosure.** (a) A health plan company that provides  
330.24 prescription drug benefit coverage and uses a formulary must make the plan's formulary  
330.25 and related benefit information available by electronic means and, upon request, in writing  
330.26 at least 30 days before annual renewal dates.

330.27 (b) Formularies must be organized and disclosed consistent with the most recent version  
330.28 of the United States Pharmacopeia's (USP) Model Guidelines.

330.29 (c) For each item or category of items on the formulary, the specific enrollee benefit  
330.30 terms must be identified, including enrollee cost-sharing and expected out-of-pocket costs.

330.31 **Subd. 3. Formulary changes.** (a) Once a formulary has been established, a health plan  
330.32 company may, at any time during the enrollee's contract term:

331.1 (1) expand its formulary by adding drugs to the formulary;

331.2 (2) reduce co-payments or coinsurance; or

331.3 (3) move a drug to a benefit category that reduces an enrollee's cost.

331.4 (b) A health plan company may remove a brand name drug from the plan's formulary  
331.5 or place a brand name drug in a benefit category that increases an enrollee's cost only upon  
331.6 the addition to the formulary of a generic or multisource brand name drug rated as  
331.7 therapeutically equivalent according to the FDA Orange Book or a biologic drug rated as  
331.8 interchangeable according to the FDA Purple Book at a lower cost to the enrollee, and upon  
331.9 at least a 60-day notice to prescribers, pharmacists, and affected enrollees.

331.10 (c) A health plan company may change utilization review requirements or move drugs  
331.11 to a benefit category that increases an enrollee's cost during the enrollee's contract term  
331.12 upon at least a 60-day notice to prescribers, pharmacists, and affected enrollees, provided  
331.13 that these changes do not apply to enrollees who are currently taking the drugs affected by  
331.14 these changes for the duration of the enrollee's contract term.

331.15 (d) A health plan company may remove any drugs from the plan's formulary that have  
331.16 been deemed unsafe by the Food and Drug Administration; that have been withdrawn by  
331.17 either the Food and Drug Administration or the product manufacturer; or when an  
331.18 independent source of research, clinical guidelines, or evidence-based standards has issued  
331.19 drug-specific warnings or recommended changes in drug usage.

331.20 (e) The state employee group insurance program and coverage offered through that  
331.21 program are exempt from the requirements of this subdivision.

331.22 **Subd. 4. Not severable.** (a) The provisions of this section are not severable from the  
331.23 amendments and enactments in this act to sections 62A.02, subdivision 1; 62J.84,  
331.24 subdivisions 2, 6, 7, 8, and 9; 62J.841; and 151.071, subdivision 2.

331.25 (b) If any amendment or enactment listed in paragraph (a) or its application to any  
331.26 individual, entity, or circumstance is found to be void for any reason, this section is also  
331.27 void.

331.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to health  
331.29 plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date.

331.30 Sec. 44. **[62W.0751] ALTERNATIVE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS.**

331.31 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have  
331.32 the meanings given.

332.1 (b) "Biological product" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 40.

332.2 (c) "Biosimilar" or "biosimilar product" has the meaning given in section 151.01,  
332.3 subdivision 43.

332.4 (d) "Interchangeable biological product" has the meaning given in section 151.01,  
332.5 subdivision 41.

332.6 (e) "Reference biological product" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision  
332.7 44.

332.8 Subd. 2. **Pharmacy and provider choice related to dispensing reference biological**  
332.9 **products, interchangeable biological products, or biosimilar products.** (a) Except as  
332.10 provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), a pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier must not  
332.11 require or demonstrate a preference for a reference biological product administered to a  
332.12 patient by a physician or health care provider or any product that is biosimilar or  
332.13 interchangeable to the reference biological product administered to a patient by a physician  
332.14 or health care provider.

332.15 (b) If a pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier elects coverage of a product listed  
332.16 in paragraph (a), and there are two or less biosimilar or interchangeable biological products  
332.17 available relative to the reference product, the pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier  
332.18 must elect equivalent coverage for all of the products that are biosimilar or interchangeable  
332.19 to the reference biological product.

332.20 (c) If a pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier elects coverage of a product listed  
332.21 in paragraph (a), and there are greater than two biosimilar or interchangeable biological  
332.22 products available relative to the reference product, the pharmacy benefit manager or health  
332.23 carrier must elect preferential coverage for all of the products that are biosimilar or  
332.24 interchangeable to the reference biological product.

332.25 (d) A pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier must not impose limits on access to a  
332.26 product required to be covered under paragraph (b) that are more restrictive than limits  
332.27 imposed on access to a product listed in paragraph (a), or that otherwise have the same  
332.28 effect as giving preferred status to a product listed in paragraph (a) over the product required  
332.29 to be covered under paragraph (b).

332.30 (e) This section only applies to new administrations of a reference biological product.  
332.31 Nothing in this section requires switching from a prescribed reference biological product  
332.32 for a patient on an active course of treatment.



333.1 Subd. 3. **Exemption.** The state employee group insurance program, and coverage offered  
333.2 through that program, are exempt from the requirements of this section.

333.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2023.

333.4 Sec. 45. **[62W.15] CLINICIAN-ADMINISTERED DRUGS.**

333.5 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have  
333.6 the meanings given.

333.7 (b) "Affiliated pharmacy" means a pharmacy in which a pharmacy benefit manager or  
333.8 health carrier has an ownership interest either directly or indirectly, or through an affiliate  
333.9 or subsidiary.

333.10 (c) "Clinician-administered drug" means an outpatient prescription drug other than a  
333.11 vaccine that:

333.12 (1) cannot reasonably be self-administered by the patient to whom the drug is prescribed  
333.13 or by an individual assisting the patient with self-administration; and

333.14 (2) is typically administered:

333.15 (i) by a health care provider authorized to administer the drug, including when acting  
333.16 under a physician's delegation and supervision; and

333.17 (ii) in a physician's office, hospital outpatient infusion center, or other clinical setting.

333.18 Subd. 2. **Prohibition on requiring coverage as a pharmacy benefit.** A pharmacy  
333.19 benefit manager or health carrier shall not require that a clinician-administered drug or the  
333.20 administration of a clinician-administered drug be covered as a pharmacy benefit.

333.21 Subd. 3. **Enrollee choice.** A pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier:

333.22 (1) shall permit an enrollee to obtain a clinician-administered drug from a health care  
333.23 provider authorized to administer the drug, or a pharmacy;

333.24 (2) shall not interfere with the enrollee's right to obtain a clinician-administered drug  
333.25 from their provider or pharmacy of choice, and shall not offer financial or other incentives  
333.26 to influence the enrollee's choice of a provider or pharmacy;

333.27 (3) shall not require clinician-administered drugs to be dispensed by a pharmacy selected  
333.28 by the pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier; and

333.29 (4) shall not limit or exclude coverage for a clinician-administered drug when it is not  
333.30 dispensed by a pharmacy selected by the pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier, if the  
333.31 drug would otherwise be covered.

334.1 Subd. 4. **Cost-sharing and reimbursement.** A pharmacy benefit manager or health  
334.2 carrier:

334.3 (1) may impose coverage or benefit limitations on an enrollee who obtains a  
 334.4 clinician-administered drug from a health care provider authorized to administer the drug,  
 334.5 or a pharmacy, only if these limitations would also be imposed were the drug to be obtained  
 334.6 from an affiliated pharmacy or a pharmacy selected by the pharmacy benefit manager or  
 334.7 health carrier; and

334.8 (2) may impose cost-sharing requirements on an enrollee who obtains a  
 334.9 clinician-administered drug from a health care provider authorized to administer the drug,  
 334.10 or a pharmacy, only if these requirements would also be imposed were the drug to be obtained  
 334.11 from an affiliated pharmacy or a pharmacy selected by the pharmacy benefit manager or  
 334.12 health carrier.

334.13 Subd. 5. **Other requirements.** A pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier:

334.14 (1) shall not require or encourage the dispensing of a clinician-administered drug to an  
 334.15 enrollee in a manner that is inconsistent with the supply chain security controls and chain  
 334.16 of distribution set by the federal Drug Supply Chain Security Act, United States Code, title  
 334.17 21, section 360eee, et seq.;

334.18 (2) shall not require a specialty pharmacy to dispense a clinician-administered medication  
 334.19 directly to a patient with the intention that the patient will transport the medication to a  
 334.20 health care provider for administration; and

334.21 (3) may offer, but shall not require:

334.22 (i) the use of a home infusion pharmacy to dispense or administer clinician-administered  
 334.23 drugs to enrollees; and

334.24 (ii) the use of an infusion site external to the enrollee's provider office or clinic.

334.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2023.

334.26 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.01, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

334.27 Subd. 23. **Practitioner.** "Practitioner" means a licensed doctor of medicine, licensed  
 334.28 doctor of osteopathic medicine duly licensed to practice medicine, licensed doctor of  
 334.29 dentistry, licensed doctor of optometry, licensed podiatrist, licensed veterinarian, licensed  
 334.30 advanced practice registered nurse, or licensed physician assistant. For purposes of sections  
 334.31 151.15, subdivision 4; 151.211, subdivision 3; 151.252, subdivision 3; 151.37, subdivision  
 334.32 2, paragraph (b); and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a dental therapist authorized to  
 335.1 dispense and administer under chapter 150A. For purposes of sections 151.252, subdivision  
 335.2 3, and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a pharmacist authorized to prescribe  
 335.3 self-administered hormonal contraceptives, nicotine replacement medications, or opiate  
 335.4 antagonists under section 151.37, subdivision 14, 15, or 16, or authorized to prescribe drugs  
 335.5 to prevent the acquisition of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) under section 151.37,  
 335.6 subdivision 17.

MINNESOTA STATUTES, SECTION 151.01, SUBDIVISION 27, IS ALSO AMENDED IN UES4401-2, ARTICLE 5, SECTION 18.

- 335.7 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.01, subdivision 27, is amended to read:
- 335.8 Subd. 27. **Practice of pharmacy.** "Practice of pharmacy" means:
- 335.9 (1) interpretation and evaluation of prescription drug orders;
- 335.10 (2) compounding, labeling, and dispensing drugs and devices (except labeling by a
- 335.11 manufacturer or packager of nonprescription drugs or commercially packaged legend drugs
- 335.12 and devices);
- 335.13 (3) participation in clinical interpretations and monitoring of drug therapy for assurance
- 335.14 of safe and effective use of drugs, including the performance of laboratory tests that are
- 335.15 waived under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act of 1988, United States Code,
- 335.16 title 42, section 263a et seq., provided that a pharmacist may interpret the results of laboratory
- 335.17 tests but may modify drug therapy only pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice
- 335.18 agreement;
- 335.19 (4) participation in drug and therapeutic device selection; drug administration for first
- 335.20 dosage and medical emergencies; intramuscular and subcutaneous administration used for
- 335.21 the treatment of alcohol or opioid dependence; drug regimen reviews; and drug or
- 335.22 drug-related research;
- 335.23 (5) drug administration, through intramuscular and subcutaneous administration used
- 335.24 to treat mental illnesses as permitted under the following conditions:
- 335.25 (i) upon the order of a prescriber and the prescriber is notified after administration is
- 335.26 complete; or
- 335.27 (ii) pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement as defined by section
- 335.28 151.01, subdivisions 27b and 27c, and participation in the initiation, management,
- 335.29 modification, administration, and discontinuation of drug therapy is according to the protocol
- 335.30 or collaborative practice agreement between the pharmacist and a dentist, optometrist,
- 335.31 physician, podiatrist, or veterinarian, or an advanced practice registered nurse authorized
- 335.32 to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. Any changes in drug therapy
- 335.33 or medication administration made pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement
- 336.1 must be documented by the pharmacist in the patient's medical record or reported by the
- 336.2 pharmacist to a practitioner responsible for the patient's care;
- 336.3 (6) participation in administration of influenza vaccines and vaccines approved by the
- 336.4 United States Food and Drug Administration related to COVID-19 or SARS-CoV-2 to all
- 336.5 eligible individuals six years of age and older and all other vaccines to patients 13 years of
- 336.6 age and older by written protocol with a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician
- 336.7 assistant authorized to prescribe drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice registered
- 336.8 nurse authorized to prescribe drugs under section 148.235, provided that:
- 336.9 (i) the protocol includes, at a minimum:
- 336.10 (A) the name, dose, and route of each vaccine that may be given;

- 336.11 (B) the patient population for whom the vaccine may be given;
- 336.12 (C) contraindications and precautions to the vaccine;
- 336.13 (D) the procedure for handling an adverse reaction;
- 336.14 (E) the name, signature, and address of the physician, physician assistant, or advanced  
336.15 practice registered nurse;
- 336.16 (F) a telephone number at which the physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice  
336.17 registered nurse can be contacted; and
- 336.18 (G) the date and time period for which the protocol is valid;
- 336.19 (ii) the pharmacist has successfully completed a program approved by the Accreditation  
336.20 Council for Pharmacy Education specifically for the administration of immunizations or a  
336.21 program approved by the board;
- 336.22 (iii) the pharmacist utilizes the Minnesota Immunization Information Connection to  
336.23 assess the immunization status of individuals prior to the administration of vaccines, except  
336.24 when administering influenza vaccines to individuals age nine and older;
- 336.25 (iv) the pharmacist reports the administration of the immunization to the Minnesota  
336.26 Immunization Information Connection; and
- 336.27 (v) the pharmacist complies with guidelines for vaccines and immunizations established  
336.28 by the federal Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, except that a pharmacist  
336.29 does not need to comply with those portions of the guidelines that establish immunization  
336.30 schedules when administering a vaccine pursuant to a valid, patient-specific order issued  
336.31 by a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician assistant authorized to prescribe  
336.32 drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice registered nurse authorized to prescribe  
337.1 drugs under section 148.235, provided that the order is consistent with the United States  
337.2 Food and Drug Administration approved labeling of the vaccine;
- 337.3 (7) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation of  
337.4 drug therapy according to a written protocol or collaborative practice agreement between:  
337.5 (i) one or more pharmacists and one or more dentists, optometrists, physicians, podiatrists,  
337.6 or veterinarians; or (ii) one or more pharmacists and one or more physician assistants  
337.7 authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A, or advanced practice  
337.8 registered nurses authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235.  
337.9 Any changes in drug therapy made pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement  
337.10 must be documented by the pharmacist in the patient's medical record or reported by the  
337.11 pharmacist to a practitioner responsible for the patient's care;
- 337.12 (8) participation in the storage of drugs and the maintenance of records;
- 337.13 (9) patient counseling on therapeutic values, content, hazards, and uses of drugs and  
337.14 devices;

337.15 (10) offering or performing those acts, services, operations, or transactions necessary  
337.16 in the conduct, operation, management, and control of a pharmacy;

337.17 (11) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation of  
337.18 therapy with opiate antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1, pursuant to:

337.19 (i) a written protocol as allowed under clause (7); or

337.20 (ii) a written protocol with a community health board medical consultant or a practitioner  
337.21 designated by the commissioner of health, as allowed under section 151.37, subdivision 13;  
337.22 and

337.23 (12) prescribing self-administered hormonal contraceptives; nicotine replacement  
337.24 medications; and opiate antagonists for the treatment of an acute opiate overdose pursuant  
337.25 to section 151.37, subdivision 14, 15, or 16;

337.26 (13) prescribing, dispensing, and administering drugs for preventing the acquisition of  
337.27 human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) if the pharmacist meets the requirements under  
337.28 section 151.37, subdivision 17; and

337.29 (14) ordering, conducting, and interpreting laboratory tests necessary for therapies that  
337.30 use drugs for preventing the acquisition of HIV, if the pharmacist meets the requirements  
337.31 under section 151.37, subdivision 17.

338.1 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
338.2 read:

338.3 Subd. 43. **Biosimilar product.** "Biosimilar product" or "interchangeable biologic product"  
338.4 means a biological product that the United States Food and Drug Administration has licensed  
338.5 and determined to be biosimilar under United States Code, title 42, section 262(i)(2).

338.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2023.

338.7 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
338.8 read:

338.9 Subd. 44. **Reference biological product.** "Reference biological product" means the  
338.10 single biological product for which the United States Food and Drug Administration has  
338.11 approved an initial biological product license application, against which other biological  
338.12 products are evaluated for licensure as biosimilar products or interchangeable biological  
338.13 products.

338.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2023.

338.15 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.071, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

338.16 Subdivision 1. **Forms of disciplinary action.** When the board finds that a licensee,  
338.17 registrant, or applicant has engaged in conduct prohibited under subdivision 2, it may do  
338.18 one or more of the following:

338.19 (1) deny the issuance of a license or registration;

338.20 (2) refuse to renew a license or registration;

338.21 (3) revoke the license or registration;

338.22 (4) suspend the license or registration;

338.23 (5) impose limitations, conditions, or both on the license or registration, including but  
338.24 not limited to: the limitation of practice to designated settings; the limitation of the scope  
338.25 of practice within designated settings; the imposition of retraining or rehabilitation  
338.26 requirements; the requirement of practice under supervision; the requirement of participation  
338.27 in a diversion program such as that established pursuant to section 214.31 or the conditioning  
338.28 of continued practice on demonstration of knowledge or skills by appropriate examination  
338.29 or other review of skill and competence;

338.30 (6) impose a civil penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for each separate violation, except that  
338.31 a civil penalty not exceeding \$25,000 may be imposed for each separate violation of section  
339.1 62J.842, the amount of the civil penalty to be fixed so as to deprive a licensee or registrant  
339.2 of any economic advantage gained by reason of the violation, to discourage similar violations  
339.3 by the licensee or registrant or any other licensee or registrant, or to reimburse the board  
339.4 for the cost of the investigation and proceeding, including but not limited to, fees paid for  
339.5 services provided by the Office of Administrative Hearings, legal and investigative services  
339.6 provided by the Office of the Attorney General, court reporters, witnesses, reproduction of  
339.7 records, board members' per diem compensation, board staff time, and travel costs and  
339.8 expenses incurred by board staff and board members; and

339.9 (7) reprimand the licensee or registrant.

339.10 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.071, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

339.11 Subd. 2. **Grounds for disciplinary action.** The following conduct is prohibited and is  
339.12 grounds for disciplinary action:

339.13 (1) failure to demonstrate the qualifications or satisfy the requirements for a license or  
339.14 registration contained in this chapter or the rules of the board. The burden of proof is on  
339.15 the applicant to demonstrate such qualifications or satisfaction of such requirements;

339.16 (2) obtaining a license by fraud or by misleading the board in any way during the  
339.17 application process or obtaining a license by cheating, or attempting to subvert the licensing  
339.18 examination process. Conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert the licensing examination  
339.19 process includes, but is not limited to: (i) conduct that violates the security of the examination  
339.20 materials, such as removing examination materials from the examination room or having  
339.21 unauthorized possession of any portion of a future, current, or previously administered  
339.22 licensing examination; (ii) conduct that violates the standard of test administration, such as  
339.23 communicating with another examinee during administration of the examination, copying  
339.24 another examinee's answers, permitting another examinee to copy one's answers, or

339.25 possessing unauthorized materials; or (iii) impersonating an examinee or permitting an  
339.26 impersonator to take the examination on one's own behalf;

339.27 (3) for a pharmacist, pharmacy technician, pharmacist intern, applicant for a pharmacist  
339.28 or pharmacy license, or applicant for a pharmacy technician or pharmacist intern registration,  
339.29 conviction of a felony reasonably related to the practice of pharmacy. Conviction as used  
339.30 in this subdivision includes a conviction of an offense that if committed in this state would  
339.31 be deemed a felony without regard to its designation elsewhere, or a criminal proceeding  
339.32 where a finding or verdict of guilt is made or returned but the adjudication of guilt is either  
339.33 withheld or not entered thereon. The board may delay the issuance of a new license or  
340.1 registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony until the matter has been  
340.2 adjudicated;

340.3 (4) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed or registered by the board, if an owner  
340.4 or applicant is convicted of a felony reasonably related to the operation of the facility. The  
340.5 board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if the owner or applicant has  
340.6 been charged with a felony until the matter has been adjudicated;

340.7 (5) for a controlled substance researcher, conviction of a felony reasonably related to  
340.8 controlled substances or to the practice of the researcher's profession. The board may delay  
340.9 the issuance of a registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony until the matter  
340.10 has been adjudicated;

340.11 (6) disciplinary action taken by another state or by one of this state's health licensing  
340.12 agencies;

340.13 (i) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against a  
340.14 license or registration in another state or jurisdiction, failure to report to the board that  
340.15 charges or allegations regarding the person's license or registration have been brought in  
340.16 another state or jurisdiction, or having been refused a license or registration by any other  
340.17 state or jurisdiction. The board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if an  
340.18 investigation or disciplinary action is pending in another state or jurisdiction until the  
340.19 investigation or action has been dismissed or otherwise resolved; and

340.20 (ii) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against a  
340.21 license or registration issued by another of this state's health licensing agencies, failure to  
340.22 report to the board that charges regarding the person's license or registration have been  
340.23 brought by another of this state's health licensing agencies, or having been refused a license  
340.24 or registration by another of this state's health licensing agencies. The board may delay the  
340.25 issuance of a new license or registration if a disciplinary action is pending before another  
340.26 of this state's health licensing agencies until the action has been dismissed or otherwise  
340.27 resolved;

340.28 (7) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacy technician, or pharmacist intern, violation of  
340.29 any order of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules of the board or

- 340.30 violation of any federal, state, or local law or rule reasonably pertaining to the practice of  
340.31 pharmacy;
- 340.32 (8) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed by the board, violations of any order  
340.33 of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the board or violation  
340.34 of any federal, state, or local law relating to the operation of the facility;
- 341.1 (9) engaging in any unethical conduct; conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the  
341.2 public, or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of  
341.3 a patient; or pharmacy practice that is professionally incompetent, in that it may create  
341.4 unnecessary danger to any patient's life, health, or safety, in any of which cases, proof of  
341.5 actual injury need not be established;
- 341.6 (10) aiding or abetting an unlicensed person in the practice of pharmacy, except that it  
341.7 is not a violation of this clause for a pharmacist to supervise a properly registered pharmacy  
341.8 technician or pharmacist intern if that person is performing duties allowed by this chapter  
341.9 or the rules of the board;
- 341.10 (11) for an individual licensed or registered by the board, adjudication as mentally ill  
341.11 or developmentally disabled, or as a chemically dependent person, a person dangerous to  
341.12 the public, a sexually dangerous person, or a person who has a sexual psychopathic  
341.13 personality, by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or without this state. Such  
341.14 adjudication shall automatically suspend a license for the duration thereof unless the board  
341.15 orders otherwise;
- 341.16 (12) for a pharmacist or pharmacy intern, engaging in unprofessional conduct as specified  
341.17 in the board's rules. In the case of a pharmacy technician, engaging in conduct specified in  
341.18 board rules that would be unprofessional if it were engaged in by a pharmacist or pharmacist  
341.19 intern or performing duties specifically reserved for pharmacists under this chapter or the  
341.20 rules of the board;
- 341.21 (13) for a pharmacy, operation of the pharmacy without a pharmacist present and on  
341.22 duty except as allowed by a variance approved by the board;
- 341.23 (14) for a pharmacist, the inability to practice pharmacy with reasonable skill and safety  
341.24 to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type  
341.25 of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through  
341.26 the aging process or loss of motor skills. In the case of registered pharmacy technicians,  
341.27 pharmacist interns, or controlled substance researchers, the inability to carry out duties  
341.28 allowed under this chapter or the rules of the board with reasonable skill and safety to  
341.29 patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type  
341.30 of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through  
341.31 the aging process or loss of motor skills;
- 341.32 (15) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, medical gas  
341.33 dispenser, or controlled substance researcher, revealing a privileged communication from  
341.34 or relating to a patient except when otherwise required or permitted by law;



- 342.1 (16) for a pharmacist or pharmacy, improper management of patient records, including  
342.2 failure to maintain adequate patient records, to comply with a patient's request made pursuant  
342.3 to sections 144.291 to 144.298, or to furnish a patient record or report required by law;
- 342.4 (17) fee splitting, including without limitation:
- 342.5 (i) paying, offering to pay, receiving, or agreeing to receive, a commission, rebate,  
342.6 kickback, or other form of remuneration, directly or indirectly, for the referral of patients;
- 342.7 (ii) referring a patient to any health care provider as defined in sections 144.291 to  
342.8 144.298 in which the licensee or registrant has a financial or economic interest as defined  
342.9 in section 144.6521, subdivision 3, unless the licensee or registrant has disclosed the  
342.10 licensee's or registrant's financial or economic interest in accordance with section 144.6521;  
342.11 and
- 342.12 (iii) any arrangement through which a pharmacy, in which the prescribing practitioner  
342.13 does not have a significant ownership interest, fills a prescription drug order and the  
342.14 prescribing practitioner is involved in any manner, directly or indirectly, in setting the price  
342.15 for the filled prescription that is charged to the patient, the patient's insurer or pharmacy  
342.16 benefit manager, or other person paying for the prescription or, in the case of veterinary  
342.17 patients, the price for the filled prescription that is charged to the client or other person  
342.18 paying for the prescription, except that a veterinarian and a pharmacy may enter into such  
342.19 an arrangement provided that the client or other person paying for the prescription is notified,  
342.20 in writing and with each prescription dispensed, about the arrangement, unless such  
342.21 arrangement involves pharmacy services provided for livestock, poultry, and agricultural  
342.22 production systems, in which case client notification would not be required;
- 342.23 (18) engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of the  
342.24 federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws or rules;
- 342.25 (19) engaging in conduct with a patient that is sexual or may reasonably be interpreted  
342.26 by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually demeaning  
342.27 to a patient;
- 342.28 (20) failure to make reports as required by section 151.072 or to cooperate with an  
342.29 investigation of the board as required by section 151.074;
- 342.30 (21) knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related to the  
342.31 care of a patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the dispensing and  
342.32 administration of a placebo;
- 343.1 (22) aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as  
343.2 established by any of the following:
- 343.3 (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in violation  
343.4 of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;

- 343.5 (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an injunction  
343.6 issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;
- 343.7 (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215,  
343.8 subdivision 5; or
- 343.9 (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2.  
343.10 The board must investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1  
343.11 or 2;
- 343.12 (23) for a pharmacist, practice of pharmacy under a lapsed or nonrenewed license. For  
343.13 a pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, or controlled substance researcher, performing  
343.14 duties permitted to such individuals by this chapter or the rules of the board under a lapsed  
343.15 or nonrenewed registration. For a facility required to be licensed under this chapter, operation  
343.16 of the facility under a lapsed or nonrenewed license or registration; ~~and~~
- 343.17 (24) for a pharmacist, pharmacist intern, or pharmacy technician, termination or discharge  
343.18 from the health professionals services program for reasons other than the satisfactory  
343.19 completion of the program; and
- 343.20 (25) for a drug manufacturer, failure to comply with section 62J.841.
- 343.21 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.071, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 343.22 Subd. 2. **Grounds for disciplinary action.** The following conduct is prohibited and is  
343.23 grounds for disciplinary action:
- 343.24 (1) failure to demonstrate the qualifications or satisfy the requirements for a license or  
343.25 registration contained in this chapter or the rules of the board. The burden of proof is on  
343.26 the applicant to demonstrate such qualifications or satisfaction of such requirements;
- 343.27 (2) obtaining a license by fraud or by misleading the board in any way during the  
343.28 application process or obtaining a license by cheating, or attempting to subvert the licensing  
343.29 examination process. Conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert the licensing examination  
343.30 process includes, but is not limited to: (i) conduct that violates the security of the examination  
343.31 materials, such as removing examination materials from the examination room or having  
343.32 unauthorized possession of any portion of a future, current, or previously administered  
344.1 licensing examination; (ii) conduct that violates the standard of test administration, such as  
344.2 communicating with another examinee during administration of the examination, copying  
344.3 another examinee's answers, permitting another examinee to copy one's answers, or  
344.4 possessing unauthorized materials; or (iii) impersonating an examinee or permitting an  
344.5 impersonator to take the examination on one's own behalf;
- 344.6 (3) for a pharmacist, pharmacy technician, pharmacist intern, applicant for a pharmacist  
344.7 or pharmacy license, or applicant for a pharmacy technician or pharmacist intern registration,  
344.8 conviction of a felony reasonably related to the practice of pharmacy. Conviction as used  
344.9 in this subdivision includes a conviction of an offense that if committed in this state would  
344.10 be deemed a felony without regard to its designation elsewhere, or a criminal proceeding

344.11 where a finding or verdict of guilt is made or returned but the adjudication of guilt is either  
344.12 withheld or not entered thereon. The board may delay the issuance of a new license or  
344.13 registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony until the matter has been  
344.14 adjudicated;

344.15 (4) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed or registered by the board, if an owner  
344.16 or applicant is convicted of a felony reasonably related to the operation of the facility. The  
344.17 board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if the owner or applicant has  
344.18 been charged with a felony until the matter has been adjudicated;

344.19 (5) for a controlled substance researcher, conviction of a felony reasonably related to  
344.20 controlled substances or to the practice of the researcher's profession. The board may delay  
344.21 the issuance of a registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony until the matter  
344.22 has been adjudicated;

344.23 (6) disciplinary action taken by another state or by one of this state's health licensing  
344.24 agencies;

344.25 (i) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against a  
344.26 license or registration in another state or jurisdiction, failure to report to the board that  
344.27 charges or allegations regarding the person's license or registration have been brought in  
344.28 another state or jurisdiction, or having been refused a license or registration by any other  
344.29 state or jurisdiction. The board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if an  
344.30 investigation or disciplinary action is pending in another state or jurisdiction until the  
344.31 investigation or action has been dismissed or otherwise resolved; and

344.32 (ii) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against a  
344.33 license or registration issued by another of this state's health licensing agencies, failure to  
344.34 report to the board that charges regarding the person's license or registration have been  
345.1 brought by another of this state's health licensing agencies, or having been refused a license  
345.2 or registration by another of this state's health licensing agencies. The board may delay the  
345.3 issuance of a new license or registration if a disciplinary action is pending before another  
345.4 of this state's health licensing agencies until the action has been dismissed or otherwise  
345.5 resolved;

345.6 (7) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacy technician, or pharmacist intern, violation of  
345.7 any order of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules of the board or  
345.8 violation of any federal, state, or local law or rule reasonably pertaining to the practice of  
345.9 pharmacy;

345.10 (8) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed by the board, violations of any order  
345.11 of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the board or violation  
345.12 of any federal, state, or local law relating to the operation of the facility;

345.13 (9) engaging in any unethical conduct; conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the  
345.14 public, or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of  
345.15 a patient; or pharmacy practice that is professionally incompetent, in that it may create

- 345.16 unnecessary danger to any patient's life, health, or safety, in any of which cases, proof of  
345.17 actual injury need not be established;
- 345.18 (10) aiding or abetting an unlicensed person in the practice of pharmacy, except that it  
345.19 is not a violation of this clause for a pharmacist to supervise a properly registered pharmacy  
345.20 technician or pharmacist intern if that person is performing duties allowed by this chapter  
345.21 or the rules of the board;
- 345.22 (11) for an individual licensed or registered by the board, adjudication as mentally ill  
345.23 or developmentally disabled, or as a chemically dependent person, a person dangerous to  
345.24 the public, a sexually dangerous person, or a person who has a sexual psychopathic  
345.25 personality, by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or without this state. Such  
345.26 adjudication shall automatically suspend a license for the duration thereof unless the board  
345.27 orders otherwise;
- 345.28 (12) for a pharmacist or pharmacy intern, engaging in unprofessional conduct as specified  
345.29 in the board's rules. In the case of a pharmacy technician, engaging in conduct specified in  
345.30 board rules that would be unprofessional if it were engaged in by a pharmacist or pharmacist  
345.31 intern or performing duties specifically reserved for pharmacists under this chapter or the  
345.32 rules of the board;
- 345.33 (13) for a pharmacy, operation of the pharmacy without a pharmacist present and on  
345.34 duty except as allowed by a variance approved by the board;
- 346.1 (14) for a pharmacist, the inability to practice pharmacy with reasonable skill and safety  
346.2 to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type  
346.3 of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through  
346.4 the aging process or loss of motor skills. In the case of registered pharmacy technicians,  
346.5 pharmacist interns, or controlled substance researchers, the inability to carry out duties  
346.6 allowed under this chapter or the rules of the board with reasonable skill and safety to  
346.7 patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type  
346.8 of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through  
346.9 the aging process or loss of motor skills;
- 346.10 (15) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, medical gas  
346.11 dispenser, or controlled substance researcher, revealing a privileged communication from  
346.12 or relating to a patient except when otherwise required or permitted by law;
- 346.13 (16) for a pharmacist or pharmacy, improper management of patient records, including  
346.14 failure to maintain adequate patient records, to comply with a patient's request made pursuant  
346.15 to sections 144.291 to 144.298, or to furnish a patient record or report required by law;
- 346.16 (17) fee splitting, including without limitation:
- 346.17 (i) paying, offering to pay, receiving, or agreeing to receive, a commission, rebate,  
346.18 kickback, or other form of remuneration, directly or indirectly, for the referral of patients;

346.19 (ii) referring a patient to any health care provider as defined in sections 144.291 to  
346.20 144.298 in which the licensee or registrant has a financial or economic interest as defined  
346.21 in section 144.6521, subdivision 3, unless the licensee or registrant has disclosed the  
346.22 licensee's or registrant's financial or economic interest in accordance with section 144.6521;  
346.23 and

346.24 (iii) any arrangement through which a pharmacy, in which the prescribing practitioner  
346.25 does not have a significant ownership interest, fills a prescription drug order and the  
346.26 prescribing practitioner is involved in any manner, directly or indirectly, in setting the price  
346.27 for the filled prescription that is charged to the patient, the patient's insurer or pharmacy  
346.28 benefit manager, or other person paying for the prescription or, in the case of veterinary  
346.29 patients, the price for the filled prescription that is charged to the client or other person  
346.30 paying for the prescription, except that a veterinarian and a pharmacy may enter into such  
346.31 an arrangement provided that the client or other person paying for the prescription is notified,  
346.32 in writing and with each prescription dispensed, about the arrangement, unless such  
346.33 arrangement involves pharmacy services provided for livestock, poultry, and agricultural  
346.34 production systems, in which case client notification would not be required;

347.1 (18) engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of the  
347.2 federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws or rules;

347.3 (19) engaging in conduct with a patient that is sexual or may reasonably be interpreted  
347.4 by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually demeaning  
347.5 to a patient;

347.6 (20) failure to make reports as required by section 151.072 or to cooperate with an  
347.7 investigation of the board as required by section 151.074;

347.8 (21) knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related to the  
347.9 care of a patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the dispensing and  
347.10 administration of a placebo;

347.11 (22) aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as  
347.12 established by any of the following:

347.13 (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in violation  
347.14 of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;

347.15 (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an injunction  
347.16 issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;

347.17 (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215,  
347.18 subdivision 5; or

347.19 (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2.  
347.20 The board must investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1  
347.21 or 2;

347.22 (23) for a pharmacist, practice of pharmacy under a lapsed or nonrenewed license. For  
347.23 a pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, or controlled substance researcher, performing  
347.24 duties permitted to such individuals by this chapter or the rules of the board under a lapsed  
347.25 or nonrenewed registration. For a facility required to be licensed under this chapter, operation  
347.26 of the facility under a lapsed or nonrenewed license or registration; ~~and~~

347.27 (24) for a pharmacist, pharmacist intern, or pharmacy technician, termination or discharge  
347.28 from the health professionals services program for reasons other than the satisfactory  
347.29 completion of the program; and

347.30 (25) for a manufacturer, a violation of section 62J.842 or 62J.845.

348.1 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 151.335, is amended to read:

348.2 **151.335 DELIVERY THROUGH COMMON CARRIER; COMPLIANCE WITH**  
348.3 **TEMPERATURE REQUIREMENTS.**

348.4 In addition to complying with the requirements of Minnesota Rules, part 6800.3000, a  
348.5 mail order or specialty pharmacy that employs the United States Postal Service or other  
348.6 common carrier to deliver a filled prescription directly to a patient must ensure that the drug  
348.7 is delivered in compliance with temperature requirements established by the manufacturer  
348.8 of the drug. The methods used to ensure compliance must include but are not limited to  
348.9 enclosing in each medication's packaging a device recognized by the United States  
348.10 Pharmacopeia by which the patient can easily detect improper storage or temperature  
348.11 variations. The pharmacy must develop written policies and procedures that are consistent  
348.12 with United States Pharmacopeia, chapters 1079 and 1118, and with nationally recognized  
348.13 standards issued by standard-setting or accreditation organizations recognized by the board  
348.14 through guidance. The policies and procedures must be provided to the board upon request.

348.15 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
348.16 read:

348.17 Subd. 17. **Drugs for preventing the acquisition of HIV.** (a) A pharmacist is authorized  
348.18 to prescribe and administer drugs to prevent the acquisition of human immunodeficiency  
348.19 virus (HIV) in accordance with this subdivision.

348.20 (b) By January 1, 2023, the board of pharmacy shall develop a standardized protocol  
348.21 for a pharmacist to follow in prescribing the drugs described in paragraph (a). In developing  
348.22 the protocol, the board may consult with community health advocacy groups, the board of  
348.23 medical practice, the board of nursing, the commissioner of health, professional pharmacy  
348.24 associations, and professional associations for physicians, physician assistants, and advanced  
348.25 practice registered nurses.

348.26 (c) Before a pharmacist is authorized to prescribe a drug described in paragraph (a), the  
348.27 pharmacist must successfully complete a training program specifically developed for  
348.28 prescribing drugs for preventing the acquisition of HIV that is offered by a college of  
348.29 pharmacy, a continuing education provider that is accredited by the Accreditation Council

348.30 for Pharmacy Education, or a program approved by the board. To maintain authorization  
348.31 to prescribe, the pharmacist shall complete continuing education requirements as specified  
348.32 by the board.

349.1 (d) Before prescribing a drug described in paragraph (a), the pharmacist shall follow the  
349.2 appropriate standardized protocol developed under paragraph (b) and, if appropriate, may  
349.3 dispense to a patient a drug described in paragraph (a).

349.4 (e) Before dispensing a drug described under paragraph (a) that is prescribed by the  
349.5 pharmacist, the pharmacist must provide counseling to the patient on the use of the drugs  
349.6 and must provide the patient with a fact sheet that includes the indications and  
349.7 contraindications for the use of these drugs, the appropriate method for using these drugs,  
349.8 the need for medical follow up, and any other additional information listed in Minnesota  
349.9 Rules, part 6800.0910, subpart 2, that is required to be provided to a patient during the  
349.10 counseling process.

349.11 (f) A pharmacist is prohibited from delegating the prescribing authority provided under  
349.12 this subdivision to any other person. A pharmacist intern registered under section 151.101  
349.13 may prepare the prescription, but before the prescription is processed or dispensed, a  
349.14 pharmacist authorized to prescribe under this subdivision must review, approve, and sign  
349.15 the prescription.

349.16 (g) Nothing in this subdivision prohibits a pharmacist from participating in the initiation,  
349.17 management, modification, and discontinuation of drug therapy according to a protocol as  
349.18 authorized in this section and in section 151.01, subdivision 27.

349.19 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.555, as amended by Laws 2021, chapter  
349.20 30, article 5, sections 2 to 5, is amended to read:

349.21 **151.555 PRESCRIPTION DRUG MEDICATION REPOSITORY PROGRAM.**

349.22 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this  
349.23 subdivision have the meanings given.

349.24 (b) "Central repository" means a wholesale distributor that meets the requirements under  
349.25 subdivision 3 and enters into a contract with the Board of Pharmacy in accordance with this  
349.26 section.

349.27 (c) "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by administering or dispensing.

349.28 (d) "Donor" means:

349.29 (1) a health care facility as defined in this subdivision;

349.30 (2) a skilled nursing facility licensed under chapter 144A;

349.31 (3) an assisted living facility licensed under chapter 144G;

350.1 (4) a pharmacy licensed under section 151.19, and located either in the state or outside  
350.2 the state;

350.3 (5) a drug wholesaler licensed under section 151.47;

350.4 (6) a drug manufacturer licensed under section 151.252; or

350.5 (7) an individual at least 18 years of age, provided that the drug or medical supply that  
350.6 is donated was obtained legally and meets the requirements of this section for donation.

350.7 (e) "Drug" means any prescription drug that has been approved for medical use in the  
350.8 United States, is listed in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary, and  
350.9 meets the criteria established under this section for donation; or any over-the-counter  
350.10 medication that meets the criteria established under this section for donation. This definition  
350.11 includes cancer drugs and antirejection drugs, but does not include controlled substances,  
350.12 as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4, or a prescription drug that can only be dispensed  
350.13 to a patient registered with the drug's manufacturer in accordance with federal Food and  
350.14 Drug Administration requirements.

350.15 (f) "Health care facility" means:

350.16 (1) a physician's office or health care clinic where licensed practitioners provide health  
350.17 care to patients;

350.18 (2) a hospital licensed under section 144.50;

350.19 (3) a pharmacy licensed under section 151.19 and located in Minnesota; or

350.20 (4) a nonprofit community clinic, including a federally qualified health center; a rural  
350.21 health clinic; public health clinic; or other community clinic that provides health care utilizing  
350.22 a sliding fee scale to patients who are low-income, uninsured, or underinsured.

350.23 (g) "Local repository" means a health care facility that elects to accept donated drugs  
350.24 and medical supplies and meets the requirements of subdivision 4.

350.25 (h) "Medical supplies" or "supplies" means any prescription ~~and~~ or nonprescription  
350.26 medical supplies needed to administer a ~~prescription~~ drug.

350.27 (i) "Original, sealed, unopened, tamper-evident packaging" means packaging that is  
350.28 sealed, unopened, and tamper-evident, including a manufacturer's original unit dose or  
350.29 unit-of-use container, a repackager's original unit dose or unit-of-use container, or unit-dose  
350.30 packaging prepared by a licensed pharmacy according to the standards of Minnesota Rules,  
350.31 part 6800.3750.

351.1 (j) "Practitioner" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 23, except that  
351.2 it does not include a veterinarian.

351.3 Subd. 2. **Establishment; contract and oversight.** (a) By January 1, 2020, the Board of  
351.4 Pharmacy shall establish a ~~drug~~ medication repository program, through which donors may



- 351.5 donate a drug or medical supply for use by an individual who meets the eligibility criteria  
351.6 specified under subdivision 5.
- 351.7 (b) The board shall contract with a central repository that meets the requirements of  
351.8 subdivision 3 to implement and administer the ~~prescription drug~~ medication repository  
351.9 program. The contract must:
- 351.10 (1) require the board to transfer to the central repository any money appropriated by the  
351.11 legislature for the purpose of operating the medication repository program and require the  
351.12 central repository to spend any money transferred only for purposes specified in the contract;
- 351.13 (2) require the central repository to report the following performance measures to the  
351.14 board:
- 351.15 (i) the number of individuals served and the types of medications these individuals  
351.16 received;
- 351.17 (ii) the number of clinics, pharmacies, and long-term care facilities with which the central  
351.18 repository partnered;
- 351.19 (iii) the number and cost of medications accepted for inventory, disposed of, and  
351.20 dispensed to individuals in need; and
- 351.21 (iv) locations within the state to which medications are shipped or delivered; and
- 351.22 (3) require the board to annually audit the expenditure by the central repository of any  
351.23 funds appropriated by the legislature and transferred by the board to ensure that this funding  
351.24 is used only for purposes specified in the contract.
- 351.25 Subd. 3. **Central repository requirements.** (a) The board may publish a request for  
351.26 proposal for participants who meet the requirements of this subdivision and are interested  
351.27 in acting as the central repository for the ~~drug~~ medication repository program. If the board  
351.28 publishes a request for proposal, it shall follow all applicable state procurement procedures  
351.29 in the selection process. The board may also work directly with the University of Minnesota  
351.30 to establish a central repository.
- 352.1 (b) To be eligible to act as the central repository, the participant must be a wholesale  
352.2 drug distributor located in Minnesota, licensed pursuant to section 151.47, and in compliance  
352.3 with all applicable federal and state statutes, rules, and regulations.
- 352.4 (c) The central repository shall be subject to inspection by the board pursuant to section  
352.5 151.06, subdivision 1.
- 352.6 (d) The central repository shall comply with all applicable federal and state laws, rules,  
352.7 and regulations pertaining to the ~~drug~~ medication repository program, drug storage, and  
352.8 dispensing. The facility must maintain in good standing any state license or registration that  
352.9 applies to the facility.

352.10 Subd. 4. **Local repository requirements.** (a) To be eligible for participation in the drug  
352.11 medication repository program, a health care facility must agree to comply with all applicable  
352.12 federal and state laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to the drug medication repository  
352.13 program, drug storage, and dispensing. The facility must also agree to maintain in good  
352.14 standing any required state license or registration that may apply to the facility.

352.15 (b) A local repository may elect to participate in the program by submitting the following  
352.16 information to the central repository on a form developed by the board and made available  
352.17 on the board's website:

352.18 (1) the name, street address, and telephone number of the health care facility and any  
352.19 state-issued license or registration number issued to the facility, including the issuing state  
352.20 agency;

352.21 (2) the name and telephone number of a responsible pharmacist or practitioner who is  
352.22 employed by or under contract with the health care facility; and

352.23 (3) a statement signed and dated by the responsible pharmacist or practitioner indicating  
352.24 that the health care facility meets the eligibility requirements under this section and agrees  
352.25 to comply with this section.

352.26 (c) Participation in the drug medication repository program is voluntary. A local  
352.27 repository may withdraw from participation in the drug medication repository program at  
352.28 any time by providing written notice to the central repository on a form developed by the  
352.29 board and made available on the board's website. The central repository shall provide the  
352.30 board with a copy of the withdrawal notice within ten business days from the date of receipt  
352.31 of the withdrawal notice.

353.1 Subd. 5. **Individual eligibility and application requirements.** (a) To be eligible for  
353.2 the drug medication repository program, an individual must submit to a local repository an  
353.3 intake application form that is signed by the individual and attests that the individual:

353.4 (1) is a resident of Minnesota;

353.5 (2) is uninsured and is not enrolled in the medical assistance program under chapter  
353.6 256B or the MinnesotaCare program under chapter 256L, has no prescription drug coverage,  
353.7 or is underinsured;

353.8 (3) acknowledges that the drugs or medical supplies to be received through the program  
353.9 may have been donated; and

353.10 (4) consents to a waiver of the child-resistant packaging requirements of the federal  
353.11 Poison Prevention Packaging Act.

353.12 (b) Upon determining that an individual is eligible for the program, the local repository  
353.13 shall furnish the individual with an identification card. The card shall be valid for one year  
353.14 from the date of issuance and may be used at any local repository. A new identification card  
353.15 may be issued upon expiration once the individual submits a new application form.

353.16 (c) The local repository shall send a copy of the intake application form to the central  
353.17 repository by regular mail, facsimile, or secured e-mail within ten days from the date the  
353.18 application is approved by the local repository.

353.19 (d) The board shall develop and make available on the board's website an application  
353.20 form and the format for the identification card.

353.21 Subd. 6. **Standards and procedures for accepting donations of drugs and supplies.** (a)

353.22 A donor may donate ~~prescription~~ drugs or medical supplies to the central repository or a  
353.23 local repository if the drug or supply meets the requirements of this section as determined  
353.24 by a pharmacist or practitioner who is employed by or under contract with the central  
353.25 repository or a local repository.

353.26 (b) A ~~prescription~~ drug is eligible for donation under the ~~drug~~ medication repository  
353.27 program if the following requirements are met:

353.28 (1) the donation is accompanied by a ~~drug~~ medication repository donor form described  
353.29 under paragraph (d) that is signed by an individual who is authorized by the donor to attest  
353.30 to the donor's knowledge in accordance with paragraph (d);

353.31 (2) the drug's expiration date is at least six months after the date the drug was donated.  
353.32 If a donated drug bears an expiration date that is less than six months from the donation  
354.1 date, the drug may be accepted and distributed if the drug is in high demand and can be  
354.2 dispensed for use by a patient before the drug's expiration date;

354.3 (3) the drug is in its original, sealed, unopened, tamper-evident packaging that includes  
354.4 the expiration date. Single-unit-dose drugs may be accepted if the single-unit-dose packaging  
354.5 is unopened;

354.6 (4) the drug or the packaging does not have any physical signs of tampering, misbranding,  
354.7 deterioration, compromised integrity, or adulteration;

354.8 (5) the drug does not require storage temperatures other than normal room temperature  
354.9 as specified by the manufacturer or United States Pharmacopoeia, unless the drug is being  
354.10 donated directly by its manufacturer, a wholesale drug distributor, or a pharmacy located  
354.11 in Minnesota; and

354.12 (6) the ~~prescription~~ drug is not a controlled substance.

354.13 (c) A medical supply is eligible for donation under the ~~drug~~ medication repository  
354.14 program if the following requirements are met:

354.15 (1) the supply has no physical signs of tampering, misbranding, or alteration and there  
354.16 is no reason to believe it has been adulterated, tampered with, or misbranded;

354.17 (2) the supply is in its original, unopened, sealed packaging;

354.18 (3) the donation is accompanied by a drug medication repository donor form described  
354.19 under paragraph (d) that is signed by an individual who is authorized by the donor to attest  
354.20 to the donor's knowledge in accordance with paragraph (d); and

354.21 (4) if the supply bears an expiration date, the date is at least six months later than the  
354.22 date the supply was donated. If the donated supply bears an expiration date that is less than  
354.23 six months from the date the supply was donated, the supply may be accepted and distributed  
354.24 if the supply is in high demand and can be dispensed for use by a patient before the supply's  
354.25 expiration date.

354.26 (d) The board shall develop the drug medication repository donor form and make it  
354.27 available on the board's website. The form must state that to the best of the donor's knowledge  
354.28 the donated drug or supply has been properly stored under appropriate temperature and  
354.29 humidity conditions and that the drug or supply has never been opened, used, tampered  
354.30 with, adulterated, or misbranded.

354.31 (e) Donated drugs and supplies may be shipped or delivered to the premises of the central  
354.32 repository or a local repository, and shall be inspected by a pharmacist or an authorized  
355.1 practitioner who is employed by or under contract with the repository and who has been  
355.2 designated by the repository to accept donations. A drop box must not be used to deliver  
355.3 or accept donations.

355.4 (f) The central repository and local repository shall inventory all drugs and supplies  
355.5 donated to the repository. For each drug, the inventory must include the drug's name, strength,  
355.6 quantity, manufacturer, expiration date, and the date the drug was donated. For each medical  
355.7 supply, the inventory must include a description of the supply, its manufacturer, the date  
355.8 the supply was donated, and, if applicable, the supply's brand name and expiration date.

355.9 Subd. 7. **Standards and procedures for inspecting and storing donated prescription**  
355.10 **drugs and supplies.** (a) A pharmacist or authorized practitioner who is employed by or  
355.11 under contract with the central repository or a local repository shall inspect all donated  
355.12 prescription drugs and supplies before the drug or supply is dispensed to determine, to the  
355.13 extent reasonably possible in the professional judgment of the pharmacist or practitioner,  
355.14 that the drug or supply is not adulterated or misbranded, has not been tampered with, is safe  
355.15 and suitable for dispensing, has not been subject to a recall, and meets the requirements for  
355.16 donation. The pharmacist or practitioner who inspects the drugs or supplies shall sign an  
355.17 inspection record stating that the requirements for donation have been met. If a local  
355.18 repository receives drugs and supplies from the central repository, the local repository does  
355.19 not need to reinspect the drugs and supplies.

355.20 (b) The central repository and local repositories shall store donated drugs and supplies  
355.21 in a secure storage area under environmental conditions appropriate for the drug or supply  
355.22 being stored. Donated drugs and supplies may not be stored with nondonated inventory.

355.23 (c) The central repository and local repositories shall dispose of all ~~prescription~~ drugs  
355.24 and medical supplies that are not suitable for donation in compliance with applicable federal  
355.25 and state statutes, regulations, and rules concerning hazardous waste.

355.26 (d) In the event that controlled substances or ~~prescription~~ drugs that can only be dispensed  
355.27 to a patient registered with the drug's manufacturer are shipped or delivered to a central or  
355.28 local repository for donation, the shipment delivery must be documented by the repository  
355.29 and returned immediately to the donor or the donor's representative that provided the drugs.

355.30 (e) Each repository must develop drug and medical supply recall policies and procedures.  
355.31 If a repository receives a recall notification, the repository shall destroy all of the drug or  
355.32 medical supply in its inventory that is the subject of the recall and complete a record of  
355.33 destruction form in accordance with paragraph (f). If a drug or medical supply that is the  
355.34 subject of a Class I or Class II recall has been dispensed, the repository shall immediately  
356.1 notify the recipient of the recalled drug or medical supply. A drug that potentially is subject  
356.2 to a recall need not be destroyed if its packaging bears a lot number and that lot of the drug  
356.3 is not subject to the recall. If no lot number is on the drug's packaging, it must be destroyed.

356.4 (f) A record of destruction of donated drugs and supplies that are not dispensed under  
356.5 subdivision 8, are subject to a recall under paragraph (e), or are not suitable for donation  
356.6 shall be maintained by the repository for at least two years. For each drug or supply destroyed,  
356.7 the record shall include the following information:

356.8 (1) the date of destruction;

356.9 (2) the name, strength, and quantity of the drug destroyed; and

356.10 (3) the name of the person or firm that destroyed the drug.

356.11 Subd. 8. **Dispensing requirements.** (a) Donated drugs and supplies may be dispensed  
356.12 if the drugs or supplies are prescribed by a practitioner for use by an eligible individual and  
356.13 are dispensed by a pharmacist or practitioner. A repository shall dispense drugs and supplies  
356.14 to eligible individuals in the following priority order: (1) individuals who are uninsured;  
356.15 (2) individuals with no prescription drug coverage; and (3) individuals who are underinsured.  
356.16 A repository shall dispense donated ~~prescription~~ drugs in compliance with applicable federal  
356.17 and state laws and regulations for dispensing ~~prescription~~ drugs, including all requirements  
356.18 relating to packaging, labeling, record keeping, drug utilization review, and patient  
356.19 counseling.

356.20 (b) Before dispensing or administering a drug or supply, the pharmacist or practitioner  
356.21 shall visually inspect the drug or supply for adulteration, misbranding, tampering, and date  
356.22 of expiration. Drugs or supplies that have expired or appear upon visual inspection to be  
356.23 adulterated, misbranded, or tampered with in any way must not be dispensed or administered.

356.24 (c) Before a drug or supply is dispensed or administered to an individual, the individual  
356.25 must sign a drug repository recipient form acknowledging that the individual understands

- 356.26 the information stated on the form. The board shall develop the form and make it available  
356.27 on the board's website. The form must include the following information:
- 356.28 (1) that the drug or supply being dispensed or administered has been donated and may  
356.29 have been previously dispensed;
- 356.30 (2) that a visual inspection has been conducted by the pharmacist or practitioner to ensure  
356.31 that the drug or supply has not expired, has not been adulterated or misbranded, and is in  
356.32 its original, unopened packaging; and
- 357.1 (3) that the dispensing pharmacist, the dispensing or administering practitioner, the  
357.2 central repository or local repository, the Board of Pharmacy, and any other participant of  
357.3 the drug medication repository program cannot guarantee the safety of the drug or medical  
357.4 supply being dispensed or administered and that the pharmacist or practitioner has determined  
357.5 that the drug or supply is safe to dispense or administer based on the accuracy of the donor's  
357.6 form submitted with the donated drug or medical supply and the visual inspection required  
357.7 to be performed by the pharmacist or practitioner before dispensing or administering.
- 357.8 Subd. 9. **Handling fees.** (a) The central or local repository may charge the individual  
357.9 receiving a drug or supply a handling fee of no more than 250 percent of the medical  
357.10 assistance program dispensing fee for each drug or medical supply dispensed or administered  
357.11 by that repository.
- 357.12 (b) A repository that dispenses or administers a drug or medical supply through the drug  
357.13 repository program shall not receive reimbursement under the medical assistance program  
357.14 or the MinnesotaCare program for that dispensed or administered drug or supply.
- 357.15 Subd. 10. **Distribution of donated drugs and supplies.** (a) The central repository and  
357.16 local repositories may distribute drugs and supplies donated under the drug repository  
357.17 program to other participating repositories for use pursuant to this program.
- 357.18 (b) A local repository that elects not to dispense donated drugs or supplies must transfer  
357.19 all donated drugs and supplies to the central repository. A copy of the donor form that was  
357.20 completed by the original donor under subdivision 6 must be provided to the central  
357.21 repository at the time of transfer.
- 357.22 Subd. 11. **Forms and record-keeping requirements.** (a) The following forms developed  
357.23 for the administration of this program shall be utilized by the participants of the program  
357.24 and shall be available on the board's website:
- 357.25 (1) intake application form described under subdivision 5;
- 357.26 (2) local repository participation form described under subdivision 4;
- 357.27 (3) local repository withdrawal form described under subdivision 4;
- 357.28 (4) drug medication repository donor form described under subdivision 6;
- 357.29 (5) record of destruction form described under subdivision 7; and

- 357.30 (6) ~~drug~~ medication repository recipient form described under subdivision 8.
- 357.31 (b) All records, including drug inventory, inspection, and disposal of donated ~~prescription~~  
357.32 drugs and medical supplies, must be maintained by a repository for a minimum of two years.
- 358.1 Records required as part of this program must be maintained pursuant to all applicable  
358.2 practice acts.
- 358.3 (c) Data collected by the ~~drug~~ medication repository program from all local repositories  
358.4 shall be submitted quarterly or upon request to the central repository. Data collected may  
358.5 consist of the information, records, and forms required to be collected under this section.
- 358.6 (d) The central repository shall submit reports to the board as required by the contract  
358.7 or upon request of the board.
- 358.8 Subd. 12. **Liability.** (a) The manufacturer of a drug or supply is not subject to criminal  
358.9 or civil liability for injury, death, or loss to a person or to property for causes of action  
358.10 described in clauses (1) and (2). A manufacturer is not liable for:
- 358.11 (1) the intentional or unintentional alteration of the drug or supply by a party not under  
358.12 the control of the manufacturer; or
- 358.13 (2) the failure of a party not under the control of the manufacturer to transfer or  
358.14 communicate product or consumer information or the expiration date of the donated drug  
358.15 or supply.
- 358.16 (b) A health care facility participating in the program, a pharmacist dispensing a drug  
358.17 or supply pursuant to the program, a practitioner dispensing or administering a drug or  
358.18 supply pursuant to the program, or a donor of a drug or medical supply is immune from  
358.19 civil liability for an act or omission that causes injury to or the death of an individual to  
358.20 whom the drug or supply is dispensed and no disciplinary action by a health-related licensing  
358.21 board shall be taken against a pharmacist or practitioner so long as the drug or supply is  
358.22 donated, accepted, distributed, and dispensed according to the requirements of this section.  
358.23 This immunity does not apply if the act or omission involves reckless, wanton, or intentional  
358.24 misconduct, or malpractice unrelated to the quality of the drug or medical supply.
- 358.25 Subd. 13. **Drug returned for credit.** Nothing in this section allows a long-term care  
358.26 facility to donate a drug to a central or local repository when federal or state law requires  
358.27 the drug to be returned to the pharmacy that initially dispensed it, so that the pharmacy can  
358.28 credit the payer for the amount of the drug returned.
- 358.29 Subd. 14. **Cooperation.** The central repository, as approved by the Board of Pharmacy,  
358.30 may enter into an agreement with another state that has an established drug repository or  
358.31 drug donation program if the other state's program includes regulations to ensure the purity,  
358.32 integrity, and safety of the drugs and supplies donated, to permit the central repository to  
358.33 offer to another state program inventory that is not needed by a Minnesota resident and to  
359.1 accept inventory from another state program to be distributed to local repositories and  
359.2 dispensed to Minnesota residents in accordance with this program.

359.3 Subd. 15. **Funding.** The central repository may seek grants and other funds from nonprofit  
 359.4 charitable organizations, the federal government, and other sources to fund the ongoing  
 359.5 operations of the medication repository program.

359.6 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 152.125, is amended to read:

359.7 **152.125 INTRACTABLE PAIN.**

359.8 Subdivision 1. **Definition Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this  
 359.9 subdivision have the meanings given.

359.10 (b) "Drug diversion" means the unlawful transfer of prescription drugs from their licit  
 359.11 medical purpose to the illicit marketplace.

359.12 (c) "Intractable pain" means a pain state in which the cause of the pain cannot be removed  
 359.13 or otherwise treated with the consent of the patient and in which, in the generally accepted  
 359.14 course of medical practice, no relief or cure of the cause of the pain is possible, or none has  
 359.15 been found after reasonable efforts. Examples of conditions associated with intractable pain  
 359.16 sometimes but do not always include cancer and the recovery period, sickle cell disease,  
 359.17 noncancer pain, rare diseases, orphan diseases, severe injuries, and health conditions requiring  
 359.18 the provision of palliative care or hospice care. Reasonable efforts for relieving or curing  
 359.19 the cause of the pain may be determined on the basis of, but are not limited to, the following:

359.20 (1) when treating a nonterminally ill patient for intractable pain, an evaluation conducted  
 359.21 by the attending physician and one or more physicians specializing in pain medicine or the  
 359.22 treatment of the area, system, or organ of the body confirmed or perceived as the source of  
 359.23 the intractable pain; or

359.24 (2) when treating a terminally ill patient, an evaluation conducted by the attending  
 359.25 physician who does so in accordance with the standard of care and the level of care, skill,  
 359.26 and treatment that would be recognized by a reasonably prudent physician under similar  
 359.27 conditions and circumstances.

359.28 (d) "Palliative care" has the meaning provided in section 144A.75, subdivision 12.

359.29 (e) "Rare disease" means a disease, disorder, or condition that affects fewer than 200,000  
 359.30 individuals in the United States and is chronic, serious, life altering, or life threatening.

360.1 Subd. 1a. **Criteria for the evaluation and treatment of intractable pain.** The evaluation  
 360.2 and treatment of intractable pain when treating a nonterminally ill patient is governed by  
 360.3 the following criteria:

360.4 (1) a diagnosis of intractable pain by the treating physician and either by a physician  
 360.5 specializing in pain medicine or a physician treating the area, system, or organ of the body  
 360.6 that is the source of the pain is sufficient to meet the definition of intractable pain; and

SEC. 27. MINNESOTA STATUTES 2020, SECTION 152.125, AMENDMENT  
 MOVED FROM S4410-3, ARTICLE 14, SECTION 27, TO MATCH UES4410-2,  
 ARTICLE 6, SECTION 56.

417.3 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 152.125, is amended to read:

417.4 **152.125 INTRACTABLE PAIN.**

417.5 Subdivision 1. **Definition Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this  
 417.6 subdivision have the meanings given.

417.7 (b) "Drug diversion" means the unlawful transfer of prescription drugs from their licit  
 417.8 medical purpose to the illicit marketplace.

417.9 (c) "Intractable pain" means a pain state in which the cause of the pain cannot be removed  
 417.10 or otherwise treated with the consent of the patient and in which, in the generally accepted  
 417.11 course of medical practice, no relief or cure of the cause of the pain is possible, or none has  
 417.12 been found after reasonable efforts. Conditions associated with intractable pain include but  
 417.13 are not limited to cancer and the recovery period, sickle cell disease, noncancer pain, rare  
 417.14 diseases, orphan diseases, severe injuries, and health conditions requiring the provision of  
 417.15 palliative care or hospice care. Reasonable efforts for relieving or curing the cause of the  
 417.16 pain may be determined on the basis of, but are not limited to, the following:

417.17 (1) when treating a nonterminally ill patient for intractable pain, an evaluation conducted  
 417.18 by the attending physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant and  
 417.19 one or more physicians, advanced practice registered nurses, or physician assistants  
 417.20 specializing in pain medicine or the treatment of the area, system, or organ of the body  
 417.21 confirmed or perceived as the source of the intractable pain; or

417.22 (2) when treating a terminally ill patient, an evaluation conducted by the attending  
 417.23 physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant who does so in  
 417.24 accordance with the standard of care and the level of care, skill, and treatment that would  
 417.25 be recognized by a reasonably prudent physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or  
 417.26 physician assistant under similar conditions and circumstances.

417.27 (d) "Palliative care" has the meaning provided in section 144A.75, subdivision 12.

417.28 (e) "Rare disease" means a disease, disorder, or condition that affects fewer than 200,000  
 417.29 individuals in the United States and is chronic, serious, life altering, or life threatening.

417.30 Subd. 1a. **Criteria for the evaluation and treatment of intractable pain.** The evaluation  
 417.31 and treatment of intractable pain when treating a nonterminally ill patient is governed by  
 417.32 the following criteria:



360.7 (2) the cause of the diagnosis of intractable pain must not interfere with medically  
 360.8 necessary treatment including but not limited to prescribing or administering a controlled  
 360.9 substance in Schedules II to V of section 152.02.

360.10 Subd. 2. **Prescription and administration of controlled substances for intractable**  
 360.11 **pain.** (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a physician, advanced practice  
 360.12 registered nurse, or physician assistant may prescribe or administer a controlled substance  
 360.13 in Schedules II to V of section 152.02 to ~~an individual~~ a patient in the course of the  
 360.14 physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's treatment of the  
 360.15 ~~individual~~ patient for a diagnosed condition causing intractable pain. No physician, advanced  
 360.16 practice registered nurse, or physician assistant shall be subject to disciplinary action by  
 360.17 the Board of Medical Practice or Board of Nursing for appropriately prescribing or  
 360.18 administering a controlled substance in Schedules II to V of section 152.02 in the course  
 360.19 of treatment of ~~an individual~~ a patient for intractable pain, provided the physician, advanced  
 360.20 practice registered nurse, or physician assistant:

360.21 (1) keeps accurate records of the purpose, use, prescription, and disposal of controlled  
 360.22 substances, writes accurate prescriptions, and prescribes medications in conformance with  
 360.23 chapter 147- or 148 or in accordance with the current standard of care; and

360.24 (2) enters into a patient-provider agreement that meets the criteria in subdivision 5.

360.25 (b) No physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant, acting in  
 360.26 good faith and based on the needs of the patient, shall be subject to any civil or criminal  
 360.27 action or investigation, disenrollment, or termination by the commissioner of health or  
 360.28 human services solely for prescribing a dosage that equates to an upward deviation from  
 360.29 morphine milligram equivalent dosage recommendations or thresholds specified in state or  
 360.30 federal opioid prescribing guidelines or policies, including but not limited to the Guideline  
 360.31 for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain issued by the Centers for Disease Control and  
 360.32 Prevention, Minnesota opioid prescribing guidelines, the Minnesota opioid prescribing  
 360.33 improvement program, and the Minnesota quality improvement program established under  
 360.34 section 256B.0638.

361.1 (c) A physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant treating  
 361.2 intractable pain by prescribing, dispensing, or administering a controlled substance in  
 361.3 Schedules II to V of section 152.02 that includes but is not opioid analgesics must not taper  
 361.4 a patient's medication dosage solely to meet a predetermined morphine milligram equivalent  
 361.5 dosage recommendation or threshold if the patient is stable and compliant with the treatment  
 361.6 plan, is experiencing no serious harm from the level of medication currently being prescribed  
 361.7 or previously prescribed, and is in compliance with the patient-provider agreement as  
 361.8 described in subdivision 5.

361.9 (d) A physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's decision  
 361.10 to taper a patient's medication dosage must be based on factors other than a morphine  
 361.11 milligram equivalent recommendation or threshold.

418.1 (1) a diagnosis of intractable pain by the treating physician, advanced practice registered  
 418.2 nurse, or physician assistant and either by a physician, advanced practice registered nurse,  
 418.3 or physician assistant specializing in pain medicine or a physician, advanced practice  
 418.4 registered nurse, or physician assistant treating the area, system, or organ of the body that  
 418.5 is the source of the pain is sufficient to meet the definition of intractable pain; and

418.6 (2) the cause of the diagnosis of intractable pain must not interfere with medically  
 418.7 necessary treatment including but not limited to prescribing or administering a controlled  
 418.8 substance in Schedules II to V of section 152.02.

418.9 Subd. 2. **Prescription and administration of controlled substances for intractable**  
 418.10 **pain.** (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a physician, advanced practice  
 418.11 registered nurse, or physician assistant may prescribe or administer a controlled substance  
 418.12 in Schedules II to V of section 152.02 to ~~an individual~~ a patient in the course of the  
 418.13 physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's treatment of the  
 418.14 ~~individual~~ patient for a diagnosed condition causing intractable pain. No physician, advanced  
 418.15 practice registered nurse, or physician assistant shall be subject to disciplinary action by  
 418.16 the Board of Medical Practice or Board of Nursing for appropriately prescribing or  
 418.17 administering a controlled substance in Schedules II to V of section 152.02 in the course  
 418.18 of treatment of ~~an individual~~ a patient for intractable pain, provided the physician, advanced  
 418.19 practice registered nurse, or physician assistant:

418.20 (1) keeps accurate records of the purpose, use, prescription, and disposal of controlled  
 418.21 substances, writes accurate prescriptions, and prescribes medications in conformance with  
 418.22 chapter 147- or 148 or in accordance with the current standard of care; and

418.23 (2) enters into a patient-provider agreement that meets the criteria in subdivision 5.

418.24 (b) No physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant, acting in  
 418.25 good faith and based on the needs of the patient, shall be subject to disenrollment or  
 418.26 termination by the commissioner of health or human services solely for prescribing a dosage  
 418.27 that equates to an upward deviation from morphine milligram equivalent dosage  
 418.28 recommendations or thresholds specified in state or federal opioid prescribing guidelines  
 418.29 or policies, including but not limited to the Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic  
 418.30 Pain issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Minnesota opioid prescribing  
 418.31 guidelines, the Minnesota opioid prescribing improvement program, and the Minnesota  
 418.32 quality improvement program established under section 256B.0638.

418.33 (c) A physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant treating  
 418.34 intractable pain by prescribing, dispensing, or administering a controlled substance in  
 419.1 Schedules II to V of section 152.02 that includes but is not limited to opioid analgesics must  
 419.2 not taper a patient's medication dosage solely to meet a predetermined morphine milligram  
 419.3 equivalent dosage recommendation or threshold if the patient is stable and compliant with  
 419.4 the treatment plan, is experiencing no serious harm from the level of medication currently

361.12 (e) No pharmacist, health plan company, or pharmacy benefit manager shall refuse to  
 361.13 fill a prescription for an opiate issued by a licensed practitioner with the authority to prescribe  
 361.14 opiates solely based on the prescription exceeding a predetermined morphine milligram  
 361.15 equivalent dosage recommendation or threshold. Health plan companies that participate in  
 361.16 Minnesota health care programs under chapters 256B and 256L, and pharmacy benefit  
 361.17 managers under contract with these health plan companies, must comply with section 1004  
 361.18 of the federal SUPPORT Act, Public Law 115-271, when providing services to medical  
 361.19 assistance and MinnesotaCare enrollees.

361.20 Subd. 3. **Limits on applicability.** This section does not apply to:

361.21 (1) a physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's treatment  
 361.22 of ~~an individual~~ a patient for chemical dependency resulting from the use of controlled  
 361.23 substances in Schedules II to V of section 152.02;

361.24 (2) the prescription or administration of controlled substances in Schedules II to V of  
 361.25 section 152.02 to ~~an individual~~ a patient whom the physician, advanced practice registered  
 361.26 nurse, or physician assistant knows to be using the controlled substances for nontherapeutic  
 361.27 or drug diversion purposes;

361.28 (3) the prescription or administration of controlled substances in Schedules II to V of  
 361.29 section 152.02 for the purpose of terminating the life of ~~an individual~~ a patient having  
 361.30 intractable pain; or

361.31 (4) the prescription or administration of a controlled substance in Schedules II to V of  
 361.32 section 152.02 that is not a controlled substance approved by the United States Food and  
 361.33 Drug Administration for pain relief.

362.1 Subd. 4. **Notice of risks.** Prior to treating ~~an individual~~ a patient for intractable pain in  
 362.2 accordance with subdivision 2, a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician  
 362.3 assistant shall discuss with the ~~individual~~ patient or the patient's legal guardian, if applicable,  
 362.4 the risks associated with the controlled substances in Schedules II to V of section 152.02  
 362.5 to be prescribed or administered in the course of the physician's, advanced practice registered  
 362.6 nurse's, or physician assistant's treatment of ~~an individual~~ a patient, and document the  
 362.7 discussion in the ~~individual's~~ patient's record as required in the patient-provider agreement  
 362.8 described in subdivision 5.

362.9 Subd. 5. **Patient-provider agreement.** (a) Before treating a patient for intractable pain,  
 362.10 a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant and the patient or the  
 362.11 patient's legal guardian, if applicable, must mutually agree to the treatment and enter into  
 362.12 a provider-patient agreement. The agreement must include a description of the prescriber's  
 362.13 and the patient's expectations, responsibilities, and rights according to best practices and  
 362.14 current standards of care.

419.5 being prescribed or previously prescribed, and is in compliance with the patient-provider  
 419.6 agreement as described in subdivision 5.

419.7 (d) A physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's decision  
 419.8 to taper a patient's medication dosage must be based on factors other than a morphine  
 419.9 milligram equivalent recommendation or threshold.

419.10 (e) No pharmacist, health plan company, or pharmacy benefit manager shall refuse to  
 419.11 fill a prescription for an opiate issued by a licensed practitioner with the authority to prescribe  
 419.12 opiates solely based on the prescription exceeding a predetermined morphine milligram  
 419.13 equivalent dosage recommendation or threshold.

419.14 Subd. 3. **Limits on applicability.** This section does not apply to:

419.15 (1) a physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's treatment  
 419.16 of ~~an individual~~ a patient for chemical dependency resulting from the use of controlled  
 419.17 substances in Schedules II to V of section 152.02;

419.18 (2) the prescription or administration of controlled substances in Schedules II to V of  
 419.19 section 152.02 to ~~an individual~~ a patient whom the physician, advanced practice registered  
 419.20 nurse, or physician assistant knows to be using the controlled substances for nontherapeutic  
 419.21 or drug diversion purposes;

419.22 (3) the prescription or administration of controlled substances in Schedules II to V of  
 419.23 section 152.02 for the purpose of terminating the life of ~~an individual~~ a patient having  
 419.24 intractable pain; or

419.25 (4) the prescription or administration of a controlled substance in Schedules II to V of  
 419.26 section 152.02 that is not a controlled substance approved by the United States Food and  
 419.27 Drug Administration for pain relief.

419.28 Subd. 4. **Notice of risks.** Prior to treating ~~an individual~~ a patient for intractable pain in  
 419.29 accordance with subdivision 2, a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician  
 419.30 assistant shall discuss with the ~~individual~~ patient or the patient's legal guardian, if applicable,  
 419.31 the risks associated with the controlled substances in Schedules II to V of section 152.02  
 419.32 to be prescribed or administered in the course of the physician's, advanced practice registered  
 419.33 nurse's, or physician assistant's treatment of ~~an individual~~ a patient, and document the  
 420.1 discussion in the ~~individual's~~ patient's record as required in the patient-provider agreement  
 420.2 described in subdivision 5.

420.3 Subd. 5. **Patient-provider agreement.** (a) Before treating a patient for intractable pain,  
 420.4 a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant and the patient or the  
 420.5 patient's legal guardian, if applicable, must mutually agree to the treatment and enter into  
 420.6 a provider-patient agreement. The agreement must include a description of the prescriber's  
 420.7 and the patient's expectations, responsibilities, and rights according to best practices and  
 420.8 current standards of care.

362.15 (b) The agreement must be signed by the patient or the patient's legal guardian, if  
362.16 applicable, and the physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant and  
362.17 included in the patient's medical records. A copy of the signed agreement must be provided  
362.18 to the patient.

362.19 (c) The agreement must be reviewed by the patient and the physician, advanced practice  
362.20 registered nurse, or physician assistant annually. If there is a change in the patient's treatment  
362.21 plan, the agreement must be updated and a revised agreement must be signed by the patient  
362.22 or the patient's legal guardian. A copy of the revised agreement must be included in the  
362.23 patient's medical record and a copy must be provided to the patient.

362.24 (d) A patient-provider agreement is not required in an emergency or inpatient hospital  
362.25 setting.

362.26 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 256B.0625, subdivision 13, is  
362.27 amended to read:

362.28 Subd. 13. **Drugs.** (a) Medical assistance covers drugs, except for fertility drugs when  
362.29 specifically used to enhance fertility, if prescribed by a licensed practitioner and dispensed  
362.30 by a licensed pharmacist, by a physician enrolled in the medical assistance program as a  
362.31 dispensing physician, or by a physician, a physician assistant, or an advanced practice  
362.32 registered nurse employed by or under contract with a community health board as defined  
362.33 in section 145A.02, subdivision 5, for the purposes of communicable disease control.

363.1 (b) The dispensed quantity of a prescription drug must not exceed a 34-day supply,  
363.2 unless authorized by the commissioner or the drug appears on the 90-day supply list published  
363.3 by the commissioner. The 90-day supply list shall be published by the commissioner on the  
363.4 department's website. The commissioner may add to, delete from, and otherwise modify  
363.5 the 90-day supply list after providing public notice and the opportunity for a 15-day public  
363.6 comment period. The 90-day supply list may include cost-effective generic drugs and shall  
363.7 not include controlled substances.

363.8 (c) For the purpose of this subdivision and subdivision 13d, an "active pharmaceutical  
363.9 ingredient" is defined as a substance that is represented for use in a drug and when used in  
363.10 the manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug becomes an active ingredient of the  
363.11 drug product. An "excipient" is defined as an inert substance used as a diluent or vehicle  
363.12 for a drug. The commissioner shall establish a list of active pharmaceutical ingredients and  
363.13 excipients which are included in the medical assistance formulary. Medical assistance covers  
363.14 selected active pharmaceutical ingredients and excipients used in compounded prescriptions  
363.15 when the compounded combination is specifically approved by the commissioner or when  
363.16 a commercially available product:

363.17 (1) is not a therapeutic option for the patient;

363.18 (2) does not exist in the same combination of active ingredients in the same strengths  
363.19 as the compounded prescription; and

420.9 (b) The agreement must be signed by the patient or the patient's legal guardian, if  
420.10 applicable, and the physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant and  
420.11 included in the patient's medical records. A copy of the signed agreement must be provided  
420.12 to the patient.

420.13 (c) The agreement must be reviewed by the patient and the physician, advanced practice  
420.14 registered nurse, or physician assistant annually. If there is a change in the patient's treatment  
420.15 plan, the agreement must be updated and a revised agreement must be signed by the patient  
420.16 or the patient's legal guardian. A copy of the revised agreement must be included in the  
420.17 patient's medical record and a copy must be provided to the patient.

420.18 (d) A patient-provider agreement is not required in an emergency or inpatient hospital  
420.19 setting.

363.20 (3) cannot be used in place of the active pharmaceutical ingredient in the compounded  
363.21 prescription.

363.22 (d) Medical assistance covers the following over-the-counter drugs when prescribed by  
363.23 a licensed practitioner or by a licensed pharmacist who meets standards established by the  
363.24 commissioner, in consultation with the board of pharmacy: antacids, acetaminophen, family  
363.25 planning products, aspirin, insulin, products for the treatment of lice, vitamins for adults  
363.26 with documented vitamin deficiencies, vitamins for children under the age of seven and  
363.27 pregnant or nursing women, and any other over-the-counter drug identified by the  
363.28 commissioner, in consultation with the Formulary Committee, as necessary, appropriate,  
363.29 and cost-effective for the treatment of certain specified chronic diseases, conditions, or  
363.30 disorders, and this determination shall not be subject to the requirements of chapter 14. A  
363.31 pharmacist may prescribe over-the-counter medications as provided under this paragraph  
363.32 for purposes of receiving reimbursement under Medicaid. When prescribing over-the-counter  
363.33 drugs under this paragraph, licensed pharmacists must consult with the recipient to determine  
364.1 necessity, provide drug counseling, review drug therapy for potential adverse interactions,  
364.2 and make referrals as needed to other health care professionals.

364.3 (e) Effective January 1, 2006, medical assistance shall not cover drugs that are coverable  
364.4 under Medicare Part D as defined in the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and  
364.5 Modernization Act of 2003, Public Law 108-173, section 1860D-2(e), for individuals eligible  
364.6 for drug coverage as defined in the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and  
364.7 Modernization Act of 2003, Public Law 108-173, section 1860D-1(a)(3)(A). For these  
364.8 individuals, medical assistance may cover drugs from the drug classes listed in United States  
364.9 Code, title 42, section 1396r-8(d)(2), subject to this subdivision and subdivisions 13a to  
364.10 13g, except that drugs listed in United States Code, title 42, section 1396r-8(d)(2)(E), shall  
364.11 not be covered.

364.12 (f) Medical assistance covers drugs acquired through the federal 340B Drug Pricing  
364.13 Program and dispensed by 340B covered entities and ambulatory pharmacies under common  
364.14 ownership of the 340B covered entity. Medical assistance does not cover drugs acquired  
364.15 through the federal 340B Drug Pricing Program and dispensed by 340B contract pharmacies.

364.16 (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), medical assistance covers self-administered hormonal  
364.17 contraceptives prescribed and dispensed by a licensed pharmacist in accordance with section  
364.18 151.37, subdivision 14; nicotine replacement medications prescribed and dispensed by a  
364.19 licensed pharmacist in accordance with section 151.37, subdivision 15; and opiate antagonists  
364.20 used for the treatment of an acute opiate overdose prescribed and dispensed by a licensed  
364.21 pharmacist in accordance with section 151.37, subdivision 16.

364.22 (h) Medical assistance coverage of, and reimbursement for, antiretroviral drugs to prevent  
364.23 the acquisition of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and any laboratory testing necessary  
364.24 for therapy that uses these drugs must meet the requirements that would otherwise apply to  
364.25 a health plan under section 62Q.524.

364.26 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 256B.0625, subdivision 13f, is amended to read:

364.27 Subd. 13f. **Prior authorization.** (a) The Formulary Committee shall review and  
364.28 recommend drugs which require prior authorization. The Formulary Committee shall  
364.29 establish general criteria to be used for the prior authorization of brand-name drugs for  
364.30 which generically equivalent drugs are available, but the committee is not required to review  
364.31 each brand-name drug for which a generically equivalent drug is available.

364.32 (b) Prior authorization may be required by the commissioner before certain formulary  
364.33 drugs are eligible for payment. The Formulary Committee may recommend drugs for prior  
365.1 authorization directly to the commissioner. The commissioner may also request that the  
365.2 Formulary Committee review a drug for prior authorization. Before the commissioner may  
365.3 require prior authorization for a drug:

365.4 (1) the commissioner must provide information to the Formulary Committee on the  
365.5 impact that placing the drug on prior authorization may have on the quality of patient care  
365.6 and on program costs, information regarding whether the drug is subject to clinical abuse  
365.7 or misuse, and relevant data from the state Medicaid program if such data is available;

365.8 (2) the Formulary Committee must review the drug, taking into account medical and  
365.9 clinical data and the information provided by the commissioner; and

365.10 (3) the Formulary Committee must hold a public forum and receive public comment for  
365.11 an additional 15 days.

365.12 The commissioner must provide a 15-day notice period before implementing the prior  
365.13 authorization.

365.14 (c) Except as provided in subdivision 13j, prior authorization shall not be required or  
365.15 utilized for any atypical antipsychotic drug prescribed for the treatment of mental illness  
365.16 if:

365.17 (1) there is no generically equivalent drug available; and

365.18 (2) the drug was initially prescribed for the recipient prior to July 1, 2003; or

365.19 (3) the drug is part of the recipient's current course of treatment.

365.20 This paragraph applies to any multistate preferred drug list or supplemental drug rebate  
365.21 program established or administered by the commissioner. Prior authorization shall  
365.22 automatically be granted for 60 days for brand name drugs prescribed for treatment of mental  
365.23 illness within 60 days of when a generically equivalent drug becomes available, provided  
365.24 that the brand name drug was part of the recipient's course of treatment at the time the  
365.25 generically equivalent drug became available.

365.26 (d) The commissioner may require prior authorization for brand name drugs whenever  
365.27 a generically equivalent product is available, even if the prescriber specifically indicates

365.28 "dispense as written-brand necessary" on the prescription as required by section 151.21,  
365.29 subdivision 2.

365.30 (e) Notwithstanding this subdivision, the commissioner may automatically require prior  
365.31 authorization, for a period not to exceed 180 days, for any drug that is approved by the  
365.32 United States Food and Drug Administration on or after July 1, 2005. The 180-day period  
366.1 begins no later than the first day that a drug is available for shipment to pharmacies within  
366.2 the state. The Formulary Committee shall recommend to the commissioner general criteria  
366.3 to be used for the prior authorization of the drugs, but the committee is not required to  
366.4 review each individual drug. In order to continue prior authorizations for a drug after the  
366.5 180-day period has expired, the commissioner must follow the provisions of this subdivision.

366.6 (f) Prior authorization under this subdivision shall comply with ~~section~~ sections 62Q.184  
366.7 and 62Q.1842.

366.8 (g) Any step therapy protocol requirements established by the commissioner must comply  
366.9 with ~~section~~ sections 62Q.1841 and 62Q.1842.

366.10 Sec. 59. **STUDY OF PHARMACY AND PROVIDER CHOICE OF BIOLOGICAL**  
366.11 **PRODUCTS.**

366.12 The commissioner of health, within the limits of existing resources, shall analyze the  
366.13 effect of Minnesota Statutes, section 62W.0751, on the net price for different payors of  
366.14 biological products, interchangeable biological products, and biosimilar products. The  
366.15 commissioner of health shall report findings to the chairs and ranking minority members  
366.16 of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services finance and  
366.17 policy and insurance by December 15, 2024.