2.46	ARTICLE 1								
2.47	PUBLIC SAFETY APPROPRIATIONS								
2.48	Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.								
2.49 2.50 2.51 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2020" and "2021" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, or June 30, 2021, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2020. "The second year" is fiscal year 2021. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2020 and 2021. Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, are effective the day following final enactment.								
3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9	2019 ARTICLE 17 JUDICIARY APPROPRIATIONS	APPROPRIATION Available for the Ye Ending June 30 2020							
	Sec. 2. SUPREME COURT								
239.17 239.18	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.	<u>59,131,000</u> §	61,304,000						
239.20	Subd. 2. Supreme Court Operations	43,608,000	44,858,000						
239.23 239.24	(a) Contingent Account \$5,000 each year is for a contingent account for expenses necessary for the normal operation of the court for which no other reimbursement is provided.								
239.27	(b) Judges' Compensation Judges' compensation is increased by three percent each year.								

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1.16	ARTICI	Æ 1							
1.17	APPROPRIATIONS								
1.18	Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.								
1.19 1.20 1.21 1.22 1.23 1.24 1.25	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2020" and "2021" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, or June 30, 2021, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2020. "The second year" is fiscal year 2021. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2020 and 2021.								
1.26 1.27 1.28 1.29			APPROPRIATIO Available for the Ending June 3 2020	Year					
2.1	Sec. 2. SUPREME COURT								
2.2	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>54,014,000</u> <u>\$</u>	54,302,000					
2.3 2.4 2.5	The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.								
2.6	Subd. 2. Supreme Court Operations		40,076,000	40,364,000					
2.7	(a) Contingent Account								
2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11	\$5,000 each year is for a contingent account for expenses necessary for the normal operation of the court for which no other reimbursement is provided.								

2.12

(b) Health Insurance

\$213,000 the first year and \$501,000 the

			2.14	second year are for health insurance increases.		
			2.15	This is a onetime appropriation.		
239.29 (c) Cybersecurity Program						
239.30 \$2,500,000 each year is for a cybersecurity program.						
239.32 (d) Early Neutral Evaluation						
 \$50,000 the first year is to contract with the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for its Extension Service to develop and conduct a survey of all early neutral evaluation participants and provide a report to the legislature pursuant to article 2, section 8. 						
240.8 Subd. 3. Civil Legal Services	15,523,000	16,446,000	2.16	Subd. 3. Civil Legal Services	13,938,000	13,938,000
			2.17 2.18	(a) Legal Services to Low-Income Clients in Family Law Matters		
240.9 Legal Services to Low-Income Clients in			2.19	\$1,062,000 the first year and \$1,125,000 the		
240.10 Family Law Matters. \$1,062,000 the first			2.20	second year are to improve the access of		
year and \$1,125,000 the second year are to			2.21	low-income clients to legal representation in		
240.12 improve the access of low-income clients to			2.22	family law matters. This appropriation must		
240.13 legal representation in family law matters.			2.23	be distributed under Minnesota Statutes,		
240.14 This appropriation must be distributed under			2.24	section 480.242, to the qualified legal services		
240.15 Minnesota Statutes, section 480.242, to the			2.25	program described in Minnesota Statutes,		
240.16 qualified legal services program described in			2.26	section 480.242, subdivision 2, paragraph (a).		
240.17 Minnesota Statutes, section 480.242,			2.27	Any unencumbered balance remaining in the		
240.18 subdivision 2, paragraph (a). Any			2.28	first year does not cancel and is available in		
240.19 unencumbered balance remaining in the first 240.20 year does not cancel and is available in the			2.29	the second year.		
240.20 year does not cancer and is available in the 240.21 second year.						
			2.30	(b) Health Insurance		
			2.31	\$218,000 each year is for health insurance		
			2.32	increases. This is a onetime appropriation.		

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240.22 Sec. 3. COURT OF APPEALS	<u>\$</u>	<u>12,878,000</u> <u>\$</u>	13,258,000	3.1	Sec. 3. COURT OF APPEALS	<u>\$</u>	<u>12,588,000</u> <u>\$</u>	12,670,000
240.23 Judges' Compensation. Judges' compensation is increased by three percent each year.								
				3.2	Health Insurance			
				3.3 3.4	\$60,000 the first year and \$142,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This			
				3.5	is a onetime appropriation.			
ARTICLE 1 PUBLIC SAFETY APPROPI	RIATION	NS						
26.14 Sec. 8. DISTRICT COURT	<u>\$</u>	259,000 \$	379,000					
26.15 \$259,000 the first year and \$379,000 the								
26.16 second year are for costs related to petitions 26.17 for an order of relief from one or more								
26.18 <u>collateral sanctions.</u>								
ARTICLE 17 JUDICIARY APPROPRIAT	TIONS							
240.25 Sec. 4. DISTRICT COURTS	<u>\$</u>	<u>311,201,000</u> §	321,140,000	3.6	Sec. 4. DISTRICT COURTS	<u>\$</u>	<u>301,555,000</u> <u>\$</u>	304,048,000
240.26 (a) Judges' Compensation								
Judges' compensation is increased by fourpercent each year.								
240.28 percent each year.								
				3.7	Health Insurance			
				3.8	\$1,839,000 the first year and \$4,332,000 the			
				3.9 3.10	second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation.			
240.29 (b) New Trial Judges				5.10	and the second appropriation.			
240.30 \$912,000 the first year and \$846,000 the								
second year are for two new trial court judgeunits in the Seventh Judicial District.								
240.33 (c) Mandated Psychological Services								

241.1 \$1,070,000 each year is for mandated court services. 241.2 (d) Treatment Courts Stability 241.4 \$306,000 each year is for treatment courts stability. 241.5 (e) Gun Violence Prevention 241.7 \$81,000 each year is to process petitions for extreme risk protection orders. 241.9 Sec. 5. GUARDIAN AD LITEM BOARD 241.10 Compliance Positions. \$4,205,000 the first year and \$4,443,000 the second year are for new positions to maintain compliance with federal and state mandates.	<u>\$</u>	<u>21,876,000</u> <u>\$</u>	22,578,000	3.11	Sec. 5. GUARDIAN AD LITEM BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>16,967,000</u> <u>\$</u>	17,069,000
				3.12 3.13 3.14 3.15	\$183,000 the first year and \$285,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation.			
241.14 Sec. 6. <u>TAX COURT</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,807,000</u> §	<u>1,808,000</u>	3.16	Sec. 6. TAX COURT	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,682,000</u> §	1,682,000
241.15 Sec. 7. UNIFORM LAWS COMMISSION	<u>\$</u>	<u>98,000</u> <u>\$</u>	98,000	3.17	Sec. 7. UNIFORM LAWS COMMISSION	<u>\$</u>	<u>98,000</u> <u>\$</u>	98,000
241.16 Sec. 8. BOARD ON JUDICIAL STANDARDS	<u>\$</u>	<u>535,000</u> <u>\$</u>	509,000	3.18	Sec. 8. BOARD ON JUDICIAL STANDARDS	<u>\$</u>	<u>530,000</u> <u>\$</u>	509,000
241.17 Major Disciplinary Actions. \$125,000 each 241.18 year is for special investigative and hearing 241.19 costs for major disciplinary actions undertaken 241.20 by the board. This appropriation does not 241.21 cancel. Any unencumbered and unspent 241.22 balances remain available for these 241.23 expenditures until June 30, 2023.				3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26	Major Disciplinary Actions \$125,000 each year is for special investigative and hearing costs for major disciplinary actions undertaken by the board. This appropriation does not cancel. Any unencumbered and unspent balances remain available for these expenditures until June 30, 2023.			
241.24 Sec. 9. BOARD OF PUBLIC DEFENSE	<u>\$</u>	99,904,000 \$	111,657,000	3.27	Sec. 9. BOARD OF PUBLIC DEFENSE	<u>\$</u>	<u>89,335,000</u> <u>\$</u>	90,042,000

241.25	(a) New Positions			
241.27	\$3,296,000 the first year and \$9,472,000 the second year are contingent on participation in veteran's specialty courts.			
241.29	(b) Base Adjustment			
	The general fund base is increased by \$108,000 beginning in fiscal year 2022.			
	ARTICLE 1 PUBLIC SAFETY APPRO	OPRIATION	S	
26.8	Sec. 7. PUBLIC DEFENSE BOARD	\$	164,000 \$	204,000
26.9 26.10 26.11 26.12 26.13	\$164,000 the first year and \$204,000 the second year are for additional staffing necessitated by changes to criminal vehicular homicide and criminal vehicular operation offenses.	LATIONS		
	ARTICLE 17 JUDICIARY APPROPR	IAHONS		
242.1	Sec. 10. HUMAN RIGHTS	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,421,000</u> <u>\$</u>	6,698,000
242.2 242.3 242.4	\$10,000 the second year is for a microgrant program for capacity building by local units of government and local groups.			
242.5	Sec. 11. BUREAU OF MEDIATION			
242.6	SERVICES	\$	2,200,000 \$	413,000
242.7 242.8 242.9 242.10 242.11 242.12 242.13	private divorce program must be made available on the Bureau of Mediation Services			

- 3.29 \$699,000 the first year and \$1,406,000 the
- second year are for health insurance increases.
- This is a onetime appropriation.

12.7 Sec. 14. HUMAN RIGHTS

4,322,000 \$

<u>\$</u>

4,322,000

	Sec. 12. LEGISLATIVE COORDINATIN COMMISSION	<u>NG</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>7,000</u> <u>\$</u>	7,000						
242.17	\$7,000 each year is for the Legislative Commission on Intelligence and Technolog under article 4, section 1.	-	. To							
2.10	ARTICLE 1 PUBLIC SAFETY AP			999 000		G 10 CENTERNODIC C	HIDEL INEC	Ф	270 000 ft	×07.000
3.10	Sec. 2. <u>SENTENCING GUIDELINES</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,330,000 \$	<u>988,000</u>	4.1	Sec. 10. SENTENCING G	<u>UIDELINES</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>679,000</u> <u>\$</u>	687,000
3.11 3.12 3.13 3.14	second year are to establish early discharge targets. The base for this program is \$223,000									
	ARTICLE 17 JUDICIARY APPRO	PRIATIONS								
242.19	Sec. 13. PUBLIC SAFETY	\$	125,000 \$	-0-						
242.21	\$125,000 the first year is to convene, administer, and implement the Forfeiture Reform Task Force. ARTICLE 1 PUBLIC SAFETY AP	PROPRIATIO	NS							
3.15	Sec. 3. PUBLIC SAFETY				4.2	Sec. 11. PUBLIC SAFETY	, <u>, </u>			
3.16 3.17	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation §	<u>160,000</u> §	203,148,000 \$	202,132,000	4.3	Subdivision 1. Total Appro	<u>priation</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>194,000,000</u> §	194,142,000
3.18	Appropriations b	y Fund			4.4	Appropria	tions by Fund			
3.19	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>		4.5		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		
3.20	General <u>160,000</u>	108,572,000	107,600,000		4.6	General	100,494,000	100,636,000		
3.21	Special Revenue	14,321,000	14,277,000		4.7	Special Revenue	13,251,000	13,251,000		
3.22 3.23	State Government Special Revenue	103,000	103,000		4.8 4.9	State Government Special Revenue	103,000	103,000		
3.24	Environmental	73,000	73,000		4.10	Environmental	73,000	73,000		

3.25	Trunk Highway	2,429,000	2,429,000		4.11	Trunk Highway	2,429,000	2,429,000		
3.26	911 Fund	77,650,000	77,650,000		4.12	911 Fund	77,650,000	77,650,000		
3.27 3.28 3.29	The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.				4.13 4.14 4.15	The amounts that may purpose are specified i subdivisions.				
3.30	Subd. 2. Deficiency									
3.31 3.32 3.33 3.34	\$160,000 in fiscal year 2019 is to pay systems costs related to license reinstatement fee changes, driver diversion programs, and ignition interlock.	l								
3.35	Subd. 3. Emergency Management		5,343,000	5,093,000	4.16	Subd. 2. Emergency M	<u> Management</u>		3,715,000	3,715,000
4.1	Appropriations by Fund				4.17	Appr	opriations by Fund			
4.2	<u>General</u> <u>3,745,000</u>	3,495,000			4.18	General	2,792,000	2,792,000		
4.3	Environmental 73,000	73,000			4.19	Environmental	73,000	73,000		
4.4 4.5	Special Revenue Fund 1,525,000	1,525,000			4.20 4.21	Special Revenue Fund	<u>850,000</u>	850,000		
4.6 4.7	(a) Hazmat and Chemical Assessment Teams				4.22 4.23	(a) Hazmat and Chen Teams	nical Assessment			
4.8 4.9 4.10 4.11 4.12 4.13 4.14	account in the special revenue fund. These amounts must be used to fund the hazardous materials and chemical assessment teams. Of this amount, \$100,000 the first year is for cases for which there is no identified				4.24 4.25 4.26 4.27 4.28 4.29 4.30	account in the special revenue fund. These amounts must be used to fund the hazardous materials and chemical assessment teams. Of this amount, \$100,000 the first year is for cases for which there is no identified				
4.15	(b) Supplemental Nonprofit Security Grant	<u>s</u>			4.31		profit Security Grant	t <u>s</u>		
4.16 4.17	\$300,000 each year is for supplemental nonprofit security grants under this paragraph	<u>.</u>			4.32 4.33	\$150,000 each year is nonprofit security gran	for supplemental ts.			
4.18 4.19 4.20	Nonprofit organizations whose applications for funding through the Federal Emergency Management Agency's nonprofit security gran	<u>nt</u>			5.1 5.2 5.3	Nonprofit organization for funding through the Management Agency's		<u>nt</u>		

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4.21	program have been approved by the Division
4.22	of Homeland Security and Emergency
4.23	Management are eligible for grants under this
4.24	paragraph. No additional application shall be
4.25	required for grants under this paragraph, and
4.26	an application for a grant from the federal
4.27	program is also an application for funding
4.28	from the state supplemental program.
4.29	Eligible organizations may receive grants of
4.30	up to \$75,000, except that the total received
4.31	by any individual from both the federal
4.32	nonprofit security grant program and the state
4.33	supplemental nonprofit security grant program
4.34	shall not exceed \$75,000. Grants shall be
4.35	awarded in an order consistent with the
5.1	ranking given to applicants for the federal
5.2	nonprofit security grant program. No grants
5.3	under the state supplemental nonprofit security
5.4	grant program shall be awarded until the
5.5	announcement of the recipients and the
5.6	amount of the grants awarded under the federal
5.7	nonprofit security grant program.
5.8	The commissioner may use up to one percent
5.9	of the appropriation received under this
5.10	paragraph to pay costs incurred by the
5.11	department in administering the supplemental
5.12	nonprofit security grant program. This
5.13	program shall have a base of \$150,000 in fiscal
5.14	year 2022 and \$0 in fiscal year 2023.
5.15	(c) Emergency Responder Training; Autism
5.16	Spectrum Disorder
5.17	\$250,000 the first year is for a grant or grants
5.18	to a person or entity to train emergency
5.19	responders and utilize applications for cell
5.20	phones and mobile electronic devices to
5.21	improve and de-escalate emergency
5.22	encounters and crisis situations with
5.23	individuals who have an autism spectrum
5.24	disorder or related disability, or other
5.25	nonvisible health issue, and to acquire these

5.4	program have been approved by the Division
5.5	of Homeland Security and Emergency
5.6	Management are eligible for grants under this
5.7	paragraph. No additional application shall be
5.8	required for grants, and an application for a
5.9	grant from the federal program is also an
5.10	application for funding from the state
5.11	supplemental program.
5.12	Organizations meeting the eligibility
5.12	
	requirements of this paragraph may receive
5.14	grants of up to \$75,000, except that the total
5.15	received by any individual from both the
5.16	federal nonprofit security grant program and
5.17	the state supplemental nonprofit security grant
5.18	program shall not exceed \$75,000. Grants shall
5.19	be awarded in an order consistent with the
5.20	ranking given to applicants for the federal
5.21	nonprofit security grant program. No grants
5.22	under the state supplemental nonprofit security
5.23	grant program shall be awarded until the
5.24	announcement of the recipients and the
5.25	amount of the grants awarded under the federal
5.26	nonprofit security grant program.
5.27	The commissioner may use up to one percent,
5.28	on an annual basis, of the appropriation
5.29	received under this paragraph to pay costs
5.30	incurred by the department in administering
5.31	the supplemental nonprofit security grant
5.32	program. This is a onetime appropriation.
	program. Time to a chestime appropriation.

5.30 5.31

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	By February	
5.26		

- 5.27 commissioner shall report to the chairs and
- 5.28 ranking minority members of the senate and
- 5.29 house of representatives committees and
- 5.30 divisions having jurisdiction over criminal
- justice policy and finance on how this
- 5.32 appropriation was spent and what results were
- 5.33 achieved.

- 5.34 (d) Local Government Emergency
- 5.35 **Management**
- \$300,000 each year is for the director of the
- 6.2 Homeland Security and Emergency
- 6.3 Management Division (HSEM) to award
- grants to emergency management departments
- 6.5 for planning and preparedness activities
- 6.6 including capital purchases.
- 6.7 A grant in the amount of \$20,000 shall be
- awarded each fiscal year to each of the
- 6.9 following, subject to HSEM's final approval:
- 6.10 (1) 12 counties with two counties
- 6.11 recommended by each Homeland Security
- 6.12 Emergency Management Region;
- 6.13 (2) two tribal governments recommended by
- 6.14 the Indian Affairs Council; and
- 6.15 (3) one city of the first class chosen by HSEM.

5.33	(c) Kapidan	Township

- \$340,000 the first year is for distribution to
- 5.35 Rapidan Township under Minnesota Statutes,
- 6.1 section 12A.03, subdivision 2, for costs
- 6.2 incurred from flooding that resulted in
- Presidential Disaster Declaration DR-1941.
- 6.4 Of this amount, \$237,906.91 is for
- 6.5 reimbursement of the Federal Emergency
- 6.6 Management Agency (FEMA) Public
- 6.7 Assistance Program. This appropriation is
- 6.8 available until June 30, 2020.

6 16	Current local funding for emergency						
6.16 6.17	management and preparedness activities may						
6.18	not be supplanted by these additional state						
6.19	funds. These appropriations are onetime.						
6.20	(e) Bomb Squad Reimbursements						
6.21	\$50,000 each year is for reimbursements to						
6.22	local governments for bomb squad services.						
6.23	(f) School Safety Center						
6.24	\$250,000 each year is to hire two additional						
6.25	school safety specialists in the school safety						
6.26	center.						
6.27	(g) Emergency Response Teams						
6.28	\$675,000 each year is to maintain four						
6.29	emergency response teams: one under the						
6.30	jurisdiction of the St. Cloud Fire Department						
6.31	or a similarly located fire department if necessary; one under the jurisdiction of the						
6.32 7.1	Duluth Fire Department; one under the						
7.2	jurisdiction of the St. Paul Fire Department;						
7.3	and one under the jurisdiction of the Moorhead						
7.4	Fire Department. The commissioner must						
7.5	allocate the appropriation as follows:						
7.6	(1) \$225,000 each year to the St. Cloud Fire						
7.7	Department;						
7.8	(2) \$225,000 each year to the Duluth Fire						
7.9	Department;						
7.10	(3) \$125,000 each year to the St. Paul Fire						
7.11	Department; and						
7.12	(4) \$100,000 each year to the Moorhead Fire						
7.12	Department.						
7.14	These are onetime appropriations.						
7.15	Subd. 4. Criminal Apprehension	63,229,000	62,974,000	6.9	Subd. 3. Criminal Apprehension	58,444,000	58,577,000
1.13	Outou. T. Criminal Apprenension	03,227,000	04,773,000	0.7	Suod. 5. Criminal Apprenension	50,777,000	56,577,000

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7.16	App	ropriations by Fund	
7.17	General	60,793,000	60,538,000
7.18 7.19	State Government Special Revenue	<u>7,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>
7.20	Trunk Highway	2,429,000	<u>2,429,000</u>
7.21 7.22	(a) DWI Lab Analysi Fund	s; Trunk Highway	
7.23 7.24 7.25 7.26 7.27	161.20, subdivision 3,	way fund for laboratory	
7.28	(b) FBI Cybersecurit	y Compliance	
7.29 7.30 7.31 7.32 7.33	second year are for sta	ear and \$1,325,000 the off and technology costs writy requirements. The 22 and thereafter is	
8.1 8.2	(c) Automated Finge System	rprint Identification	
8.3 8.4 8.5	\$1,500,000 each year automated fingerprint with a new leased tech		
8.6	(d) Equipment		
8.7 8.8 8.9 8.10	\$50,000 the first year technology to receive to complaints made ag officer.		1
8.11	(e) Base Adjustment		
8.12 8.13 8.14	-	e adjustments provided 211, article 21, section eneral fund base is	

6.10	Appro	opriations by Fund	
6.11	General	56,008,000	56,141,000
6.12 6.13	State Government Special Revenue	<u>7,000</u>	7,000
6.14	Trunk Highway	<u>2,429,000</u>	2,429,000
6.15 6.16	(a) DWI Lab Analysis Fund	; Trunk Highway	
6.17	Notwithstanding Minne	esota Statutes, section	
6.18	161.20, subdivision 3, 5		
6.19	is from the trunk highw	ay fund for laboratory	
6.20	analysis related to drivi	ng-while-impaired	
6.21	cases.		

(b) Base Adjustment

- To account for the base adjustments provided in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section 6.24
- 1, paragraph (a), the general fund base is

8.15 8.16	increased by \$131,000 in fiscal years 2022 and 2023.				6.26 6.27	increased by \$131,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023.		
8.17	Subd. 5. Fire Marshal		6,622,000	6,622,000	6.28	Subd. 4. Fire Marshal	6,622,000	6,622,000
8.18	Appropriations by Fund							
8.19	Special Revenue <u>6,622,000</u> 6	6,622,000						
8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23	The special revenue fund appropriation is from the fire safety account in the special revenue fund and is for activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.012.				6.29 6.30 6.31 6.32	The special revenue fund appropriation is from the fire safety account in the special revenue fund and is for activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.012.		
8.24 8.25	Inspections. \$300,000 each year is for inspection of nursing homes and boarding care				6.33	<u>Inspections</u>		
8.26	facilities.				7.1 7.2	\$300,000 each year is for inspection of nursing homes and boarding care facilities.		
8.27 8.28	Subd. 6. Firefighter Training and Education Board		5,015,000	5,015,000	7.3 7.4	Subd. 5. Firefighter Training and Education Board	5,015,000	5,015,000
8.29	Appropriations by Fund							
8.30	Special Revenue 5,015,000	5,015,000						
8.31 8.32 9.1 9.2	The special revenue fund appropriation is from the fire safety account in the special revenue fund and is for activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.012.				7.5 7.6 7.7 7.8	The special revenue fund appropriation is from the fire safety account in the special revenue fund and is for activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.012.		
9.3	(a) Firefighter Training and Education				7.9	(a) Firefighter Training and Education		
9.4 9.5	\$4,265,000 each year is for firefighter training and education.				7.10 7.11	\$4,265,000 each year is for firefighter training and education.		
9.6	(b) Task Force 1				7.12	(b) Task Force 1		
9.7 9.8	\$500,000 each year is for the Minnesota Task Force 1.				7.13 7.14	\$500,000 each year is for the Minnesota Task Force 1.		
9.9	(c) Air Rescue				7.15	(c) Air Rescue		
9.10 9.11	\$250,000 each year is for the Minnesota Air Rescue Team.				7.16 7.17	\$250,000 each year is for the Minnesota Air Rescue Team.		

9.12	(d) Unappropriated Revenue			7.18	(d) Unappropriated Revenue
9.13 9.14 9.15 9.16 9.17 9.18 9.19	Any additional unappropriated money collected in fiscal year 2019 is appropriated to the commissioner of public safety for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.012. The commissioner may transfer appropriations and base amounts between activities in this subdivision.			7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22 7.23 7.24 7.25	Any additional unappropriated money collected in fiscal year 2019 is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.012. The commissioner may transfer appropriations and base amounts between activities in this subdivision.
9.20	Subd. 7. Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement	2,929,000	<u>2,927,000</u>	7.26	Subd. 6. Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement 2,754,000 2,762,000
9.21	Appropriations by Fund			7.27	Appropriations by Fund
9.22	<u>General</u> <u>2,165,000</u> <u>2,163,000</u>			7.28	<u>General</u> <u>1,990,000</u> <u>1,998,000</u>
9.23	<u>Special Revenue</u> <u>764,000</u> <u>764,000</u>			7.29	<u>Special Revenue</u> <u>764,000</u> <u>764,000</u>
9.24 9.25 9.26 9.27 9.28 9.29 9.30 9.31 10.1	\$694,000 each year is from the alcohol enforcement account in the special revenue fund. Of this appropriation, \$500,000 each year shall be transferred to the general fund. \$70,000 each year is from the lawful gambling regulation account in the special revenue fund. \$175,000 the first year and \$165,000 the second year are for costs related to enforcement of laws regulating out-of-state direct wine shippers.			7.30 7.31 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4	\$694,000 each year is from the alcohol enforcement account in the special revenue fund. Of this appropriation, \$500,000 each year shall be transferred to the general fund. \$70,000 each year is from the lawful gambling regulation account in the special revenue fund.
10.3 10.4 10.5 10.6 10.7	To account for the base adjustments provided in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section 1, paragraph (a), the general fund base is increased by \$8,000 in fiscal years 2022 and 2023.	41.715.000	M1 M00 000	8.5 8.6 8.7 8.8 8.9 8.10	To account for the base adjustments provided in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section 1, paragraph (a), the general fund base is increased by \$8,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023.
10.8	Subd. 8. Office of Justice Programs	41,715,000	41,400,000	8.11	<u>Subd. 7. Office of Justice Programs</u> <u>39,800,000</u> <u>39,801,000</u>

8.12	<u>App</u>	ropriations by Fund	
8.13	General	39,704,000	39,705,000
8.14 8.15	State Government Special Revenue	96,000	96,000
8.16	(a) Base Adjustment		
8.17 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21	To account for the bas in Laws 2018, chapter 1, paragraph (a), the g increased by \$2,000 in 2022 and 2023.	e adjustments provided 211, article 21, section eneral fund base is each of fiscal years	
8.22	(b) Administration C	Costs	
8.23 8.24 8.25 8.26		ne grant funds bdivision may be used to administer the grant	

(c) Domestic Abuse Prevention Grants

8.28	\$398,000 each year is for a grant to a domestic
8.29	abuse prevention program that provides
8.30	interdisciplinary, trauma-informed treatment
8.31	and evidence-informed intervention for
8.32	veterans and current or former service
8.33	members and their whole families affected by
9.1	domestic violence. The grantee must offer a
9.2	combination of services for perpetrators of
9.3	domestic violence and their families, including

9.3

11.11	research of programming, and short- and
11.12	long-term case management services to ensure
11.13	stabilization and increase their overall mental
11.14	health functioning and well-being. These
11.15	appropriations are onetime.
11.16	(d) Criminal Sexual Conduct Statutory
11.17	Reform Working Group
11.18	\$20,000 the first year and \$14,000 the second
11.19	year are to convene, administer, and
11.20	implement the criminal sexual conduct
11.21	statutory reform working group.
11.22	(e) Legal Representation for Children
11.23	\$150,000 each year is for a grant to an
11.24	organization that provides legal representation
11.25	for children in need of protection or services
11.26	and children in out-of-home placement. The
11.27	grant is contingent upon a match in an equal
11.28	amount from nonstate funds. The match may
11.29	be in kind, including the value of volunteer
11.30	attorney time, or in cash, or a combination of
11.31	the two. These appropriations are onetime.
11.32	(f) Youth Intervention Programs
11.33	\$500,000 each year is for youth intervention
11.34	programs under Minnesota Statutes, section
12.1	299A.73. One-half of the money is for
12.2	community-based youth intervention programs
12.3	that work with African American and African
12.4	immigrant youth.
12.5	These appropriations are onetime.
12.6	(g) Domestic Abuse Transformation
12.7	Programs
12.8	\$868,000 each year is for grants to domestic
12.9	abuse transformation programs that
12.10	demonstrate meaningful and effective
12.11	programming to reduce and eliminate domestic
12.12	abuse within intimate partner relationships.
12.13	The requirements for grant recipients shall be

11.10 individual and group therapy, evaluation and

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- 9.4 <u>individual and group therapy, evaluation and</u>
- 9.5 research of programming, and short- and
- 9.6 long-term case management services to ensure
- 9.7 stabilization and increase in their overall
- 9.8 mental health functioning and well-being.

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12.14	developed by the Office of Justice Programs
12.15	in consultation with stakeholders impacted by
12.16	domestic abuse and working to end domestic
12.17	abuse. The base in fiscal year 2022 is \$0.
12.18	(h) Peace Officer Community Policing
12.19	Excellence Report Database
12.20	(1) \$200,000 the first year is for a grant to a
12.21	qualified community-based research
12.22	organization to develop a system to classify
12.23	and report peace officer discipline by category
12.24	severity, type, demographic data of those
12.25	involved in the incident, and any other factor
12.26	determined to be appropriate by the Peace
12.27	Officers Standards and Training Board. As
12.28	part of the system, the grant recipient must
12.29	develop and incorporate:
12.30	(i) a protocol to assign a unique identifier for
12.31	each peace officer;
12.32	(ii) safeguards to protect personal identifying
12.32	information of peace officers; and
	•
13.1	(iii) guidelines for data retention and user aud
13.2	trails.
13.3	(2) The grant recipient, in consultation with
13.4	the stakeholder group identified in clause (3),
13.5	may recommend changes on how to adapt the
13.6	system under clause (1) to collect additional
13.7	policing data that corresponds with peace
13.8	officer interactions with the public generally
13.9	and suspects, arrests, and victims specifically.
13.10	(3) In developing the system described in
13.11	clause (1), the grant recipient shall consult
13.12	with:

dit 13.13 (i) the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension; 13.15 (ii) the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board;

13.17 13.18	(iii) the Minnesota Police and Peace Officers Association;
13.19	(iv) the Minnesota Sheriff's Association;
13.20	(v) the Minnesota Chiefs of Police
13.21	Association; and
13.22	(vi) six community members appointed by the
13.23	commissioner of public safety, of which:
13.24	(A) at least two members must be from
13.25	communities represented by boards established
13.26	under section 257.0768;
13.27	(B) at least two members must be mental
13.28	health advocates; and
13.29	(C) at least two members must be advocates
13.30	for domestic abuse victims.
13.31	(4) The grant recipient and citizens must be
13.32	permitted ongoing direct access to the data
14.1	maintained in the system. Access to the data
14.2	under this clause must be strictly regulated
14.3	and monitored to ensure compliance with the
14.4	data privacy classifications assigned to the
14.5	data.
14.6	(i) Sex Trafficking Investigations
14.7	Coordinator
14.8	\$100,000 each year is for a statewide Sex
14.9	Trafficking Investigations Coordinator.
14.10	(j) Cannabis Task Force
14.11	\$100,000 the first year is to provide support
14.12	staff, office space, and administrative services
14.13	for the Cannabis Task Force.
14.14	(k) Safe and Secure Storage of Firearms
14.15	\$100,000 each year is for grants to local or
14.16	state law enforcement agencies to support the
14.17	safe and secure storage of firearms.

14.18 14.19	(l) Community Policing Database Maintenance						
14.20	\$50,000 the second year is for the Bureau of						
14.21	Criminal Apprehension to maintain the community policing database. Any unused						
14.22 14.23	amount remaining in the account on June 1 is						
14.24	for a grant to a community-based research						
14.25	organization to maintain and update software						
14.26	to monitor peace officer discipline.						
14.27	Subd. 9. Emergency Communication Networks	<u>77,750,000</u>	77,750,000	9.9	Subd. 8. Emergency Communication Networks	77,650,000	77,650,000
14.28	Appropriations by Fund						
14.29	General 100,000 100,000						
14.30	<u>Special Revenue</u> <u>77,650,000</u> <u>77,650,000</u>						
14.31	This appropriation is from the state			9.10	This appropriation is from the state		
14.32	government special revenue fund for 911			9.11	government special revenue fund for 911		
14.33	emergency telecommunications services.			9.12	emergency telecommunications services.		
15.1	This appropriation includes funds for			9.13	This appropriation includes funds for		
15.2	information technology project services and			9.14	information technology project services and		
15.3 15.4	support subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 16E.0466. Any ongoing			9.15 9.16	support subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 16E.0466. Any ongoing		
15.5	information technology costs will be			9.17	information technology costs will be		
15.6	incorporated into the service level agreement			9.18	incorporated into the service level agreement		
15.7	and will be paid to the Office of MN.IT			9.19	and will be paid to the Office of MN.IT		
15.8	Services by the Department of Public Safety			9.20	Services by the Department of Public Safety		
15.9	under the rates and mechanism specified in that agreement.			9.21 9.22	under the rates and mechanism specified in that agreement.		
15.10	that agreement.			9.22	that agreement.		
15.11	(a) Public Safety Answering Points			9.23	(a) Public Safety Answering Points		
15.12	\$13,664,000 each year is to be distributed as			9.24	\$13,664,000 each year is to be distributed as		
15.13	provided in Minnesota Statutes, section			9.25	provided in Minnesota Statutes, section		
15.14	403.113, subdivision 2.			9.26	403.113, subdivision 2.		
15.15	(b) Medical Resource Communication Centers			9.27	(b) Medical Resource Communication Centers		
15.16	\$683,000 each year is for grants to the			9.28	\$683,000 each year is for grants to the		
15.17	Minnesota Emergency Medical Services			9.29	Minnesota Emergency Medical Services		
15.18	Regulatory Board for the Metro East and			9.30	Regulatory Board for the Metro East and		

15.19 15.20 15.21	Metro West Medical Resource Communication Centers that were in operation before January 1, 2000.	9.31 9.32 9.33
15.22	(c) Medical Resource Control Centers	
15.23 15.24 15.25 15.26 15.27 15.28 15.29 15.30	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for grants to the Minnesota Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board for the East Metro and West Metro Medical Resource Control Centers that were in operation before January 1, 2000. These appropriations are onetime.	
15.31	(d) ARMER Debt Service	9.34
15.32 15.33 16.1 16.2	\$23,261,000 each year is transferred to the commissioner of management and budget to pay debt service on revenue bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 403.275.	10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4
16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9 16.10	Any portion of this appropriation not needed to pay debt service in a fiscal year may be used by the commissioner of public safety to pay cash for any of the capital improvements for which bond proceeds were appropriated by Laws 2005, chapter 136, article 1, section 9, subdivision 8; or Laws 2007, chapter 54, article 1, section 10, subdivision 8.	10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12
16.11 16.12	(e) ARMER State Backbone Operating Costs	10.13 10.14
16.13 16.14 16.15 16.16	\$9,675,000 each year is transferred to the commissioner of transportation for costs of maintaining and operating the statewide radio system backbone.	10.15 10.16 10.17 10.18
16.17	(f) ARMER Improvements	10.19
16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21	\$1,000,000 each year is to the Statewide Emergency Communications Board for improvements to those elements of the statewide public safety radio and	10.20 10.21 10.22 10.23
16.22	communication system that support mutual	10.24

9.31	Metro West Medical Resource
9.32	Communication Centers that were in operation
9.33	before January 1, 2000.
9.34	(c) ARMER Debt Service
10.1	\$23,261,000 each year is transferred to the
10.2	commissioner of management and budget to
10.3	pay debt service on revenue bonds issued
10.4	under Minnesota Statutes, section 403.275.
10.5	Any portion of this appropriation not needed
10.6	to pay debt service in a fiscal year may be used
10.7	by the commissioner of public safety to pay
10.8	cash for any of the capital improvements for
10.9	which bond proceeds were appropriated by
10.10	Laws 2005, chapter 136, article 1, section 9,
10.11	subdivision 8; or Laws 2007, chapter 54,
10.12	article 1, section 10, subdivision 8.
10.13	(d) ARMER State Backbone Operating
10.14	Costs
10.15	\$0.675,000 and year is transferred to the
10.15 10.16	\$9,675,000 each year is transferred to the commissioner of transportation for costs of
10.10	maintaining and operating the statewide radio
10.17	system backbone.
10.19	(e) ARMER Improvements
10.20	\$1,000,000 each year is to the Statewide
10.21	Emergency Communications Board for
10.22	improvements to those elements of the
10.23	statewide public safety radio and
10.24	communication system that support mutual

16.23	aid communications and emergency medical
16.24	services or provide interim enhancement of
16.25	public safety communication interoperability
16.26	in those areas of the state where the statewide
16.27	public safety radio and communication system
16.28	is not yet implemented, and grants to local
16.29	units of government to further the strategic
16.30	goals set forth by the Statewide Emergency
16.31	Communications Board strategic plan.
16.32	(g) Telephone Cardiopulmonary
16.33	Resuscitation Program
	<u></u>
17.1	\$50,000 the first year is appropriated from the
17.2	general fund for grants to reimburse public
17.3	safety answering points for the cost of 911
17.4	telecommunicator cardiopulmonary
17.5	resuscitation training. This is a onetime
17.6	appropriation.
17.7	Subd. 10. Traffic Safety
1 / . /	Subd. 10. Hame Salety
17.7	Subd. 10. Italic Saicty
17.8	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the
	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that
17.8 17.9 17.10	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality,
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be obtained by a certified drug recognition expert
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be obtained by a certified drug recognition expert and may only be collected with the express
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be obtained by a certified drug recognition expert and may only be collected with the express voluntary consent of the person stopped or
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be obtained by a certified drug recognition expert and may only be collected with the express voluntary consent of the person stopped or arrested for suspicion of driving while
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be obtained by a certified drug recognition expert and may only be collected with the express voluntary consent of the person stopped or arrested for suspicion of driving while impaired. The commissioner of public safety
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be obtained by a certified drug recognition expert and may only be collected with the express voluntary consent of the person stopped or arrested for suspicion of driving while impaired. The commissioner of public safety shall report to the chairs and ranking members
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be obtained by a certified drug recognition expert and may only be collected with the express voluntary consent of the person stopped or arrested for suspicion of driving while impaired. The commissioner of public safety shall report to the chairs and ranking members of the committees or divisions of the house of
17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23	\$100,000 the first year is for a study on the use of roadside screening instruments that determine the presence of controlled substances, including marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, in individuals stopped or arrested for driving while impaired. The study shall determine the practicality, accuracy, and efficacy of those screening instruments. All oral fluid samples obtained for the purpose of this pilot project shall be obtained by a certified drug recognition expert and may only be collected with the express voluntary consent of the person stopped or arrested for suspicion of driving while impaired. The commissioner of public safety shall report to the chairs and ranking members

100,000

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aid communications and emergency medical
services or provide interim enhancement of
public safety communication interoperability
in those areas of the state where the statewide
public safety radio and communication system
is not yet implemented, and grants to local
units of government to further the strategic
goals set forth by the Statewide Emergency
Communications Board strategic plan.

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11.11 Subd. 2. Excess Amounts Transferred

The special revenue fund appropriation is from the peace officer training account. Any new receipts credited to that account in the first year in excess of \$4,156,000 must be

transferred and credited to the general fund.
Any new receipts credited to that account in

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17.27	Subd. 11. Driver and Vehicle Services		395,000	351,000
17.28 17.29 17.30 17.31 17.32	\$395,000 the first year and \$351,000 the second year from the driver services account in the special revenue fund are for costs associated with additional participants in the ignition interlock program.			
17.33 17.34	Sec. 4. PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AND TRAINING (POST) BOARD			
18.1 18.2	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$ 500,000	<u>\$</u>	10,419,000 \$	10,316,000
18.3 18.4 18.5	The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.			

Subd. 2. Deficiency

in operating expenses.

18.7

18.8

\$500,000 in fiscal year 2019 is from the

general fund to pay for a projected deficiency

Subdivision 1.	Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	7,156,000 \$	7,156,00
	Appropriations by Fu	nd		
	2020	2021		
General	3,000,0	3,000,000		
Special Revenu	<u>4,156,0</u>	4,156,000		
	at may be spent for each	<u>n</u>		

18.10	Subd. 3. Peace Officer Training Reimbursements
10.11	\$2.850,000 and area in familiar and a
18.11	\$2,859,000 each year is for reimbursements
18.12	to local governments for peace officer training
18.13	costs.
10 14	Sund A Dogge Officer Training Assistance
18.14	Subd. 4. Peace Officer Training Assistance
18.15	(a) \$6,000,000 the first year is from the
18.16	general fund to the Peace Officer Standards
18.17	and Training Board for grants to support and
18.18	strengthen law enforcement training and
18.19	implement best practices. After January 2,
18.20	2021, these funds may only be used to
18.21	reimburse training expenses for peace officers
18.22	who are employed by law enforcement
18.23	agencies that the superintendent of the Bureau
18.24	of Criminal Apprehension has certified are:
	(1)
18.25	(1) compliant with the Federal Bureau of
18.26	Investigation's National Incident-Based Report
18.27	System (NIBRS), which requires recording
18.28	the age, sex, and race of the arrestee and the
18.29	relationship of the arrestee and victim if this
18.30	information is known to the officer;
18.31	(2) in compliance with the peace officer
18.32	discipline reporting requirements established
18.33	in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8435;
19.1	(3) in compliance with the Bureau of Criminal
19.2	Apprehension's use of force data collection
19.3	policy to include reporting whether the
19.4	incident was officer generated or in response
19.5	to a call for assistance; and
10.6	
196	(4) in compliance with the report required by
19.6 19.7	(4) in compliance with the report required by Minnesota Statutes, sections 299C 22
19.6 19.7 19.8	(4) in compliance with the report required by Minnesota Statutes, sections 299C.22, subdivision 2, and 626.553, subdivision 2.

Investigation's use of force data collection and

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11.18 11.19	the second year in excess of \$4,156,000 must be transferred and credited to the general fund.
11.20	Subd. 3. Peace Officer Training Reimbursements
11.21 11.22	\$2,859,000 each year is from the peace officer training account in the special revenue fund

- 11.23 for reimbursements to local governments for
- peace officer training costs.
- 11.25 Subd. 4. Peace Officer Training Assistance
- 11.26 \$3,000,000 each year is from the general fund
- to support and strengthen law enforcement
- training and implement best practices. The
- base for this activity is \$0 in fiscal year 2022
- and thereafter. 11.30

19.11	whether the incident was officer generated or
19.12	in response to a request for service.
19.13	The base for this activity is \$6,000,000 in
19.13	fiscal years 2020, 2021, 2022, and 2023 and
19.15	\$0 in fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.
19.16	(b) The superintendent of the Bureau of
19.17	Criminal Apprehension may grant up to one
19.18	additional year for an agency to become
19.19	substantially compliant with NIBRS if the
19.20	agency establishes good cause for delayed
19.21	compliance.
19.22	(c) The superintendent of the Bureau of
19.23	Criminal Apprehension shall modify the
19.24	Supplemental Reporting System on the agency
19.25	submissions page to provide fields for
19.26	agencies to report the data required under
19.27	paragraph (a), clause (3).
	·
19.28	Subd. 5. De-escalation Training
19.29	\$100,000 each year is for training state and
19.30	local community safety personnel in the use
19.31	of crisis de-escalation techniques. When
19.32	selecting a service provider for this training,
19.33	the board may consult with any postsecondary
19.34	institution, any state or local government
20.1	official, or any nongovernment authority the
20.2	board determines to be relevant. Among any
20.3	other criteria the board may establish, the
20.4 20.5	training provider must have a demonstrated
	understanding of the transitions and challenges
20.6	that veterans may experience during their re-entry into society following combat service.
20.7	The board must ensure that training
∠∪.0	
20.9	opportunities provided are reasonably

distributed statewide.

1.31 Subd. 5. De-escalation Traini	1.31	Subd. :	5.	De-escalation	Trainir
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- \$100,000 each year is from the peace officer training account in the special revenue fund
- for training state and local community safety
- personnel in the use of crisis de-escalation
- techniques. The board must ensure that
- training opportunities provided are reasonably 12.4
- 12.5 distributed statewide.

20.11	Subd. 6. Peace Officer Excellence Task Force									
20.12 20.13 20.14	\$106,000 the first year is to provide support staff, office space, and administrative services for the Peace Officer Excellence Task Force.									
20.15	Sec. 5. PRIVATE DETECTIVE BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>277,000</u> <u>\$</u>	277,000	12.6	1	Sec. 13. PRIVATE DETECTIVE BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>192,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>192,000</u>
20.16	Sec. 6. CORRECTIONS				12.8	1	Sec. 15. CORRECTIONS			
20.17	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	632,707,000 \$	654,687,000	12.9	!	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>600,299,000</u> <u>\$</u>	607,054,000
20.18 20.19 20.20	The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.				12.10 12.11 12.12	1	The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.			
20.21	Subd. 2. Correctional Institutions		459,604,000	474,769,000	12.13	3	Subd. 2. Correctional Institutions		441,008,000	446,950,000
20.22	(a) Base Adjustment				12.14	4	(a) Base Adjustment			
20.23 20.24 20.25 20.26 20.27	To account for the base adjustments provided in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section 1, paragraph (a), the base is increased by \$2,342,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$2,342,000 in fiscal year 2023.				12.15 12.16 12.17 12.18 12.19	6 i 7 : 8 i	To account for the base adjustments provided in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section 1, paragraph (a), the general fund base is increased by \$2,342,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023.			
					12.20	0	(b) Health Insurance			
					12.21 12.22 12.23	2	\$2,402,000 the first year and \$5,672,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation.			
20.28	(b) Prison Population									
20.29 20.30 20.31 20.32	To account for projected prison population changes, the base is increased by \$1,910,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$3,641,000 in fiscal year 2023.									
21.1	(c) Facility Staff Positions				12.24	4	(c) Facility Staff Positions			
21.2 21.3 21.4 21.5	\$2,518,000 the first year and \$5,980,000 the second year are to add up to 110 full-time equivalent positions for correctional officers and six full-time equivalent positions for				12.25 12.26 12.27 12.28	6 5	\$2,762,000 the first year and \$4,762,000 the second year are for additional correctional officers and other positions deemed critical to facility safety and security. The base for this			

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21.6	corrections lieutenants located in correctional
21.7	facilities by fiscal year 2023. The base is
21.8	increased to \$7,707,000 in fiscal year 2022
21.9	and \$8,418,000 in fiscal year 2023.
21.10	(d) Staffing Recruitment and Retention
21.11	\$4,000,000 each year is for staffing
21.12	recruitment and retention.
21.13	(e) Offender Health Care
21.14	\$2,072,000 the first year and \$3,272,000 the
21.15	second year are to maintain full funding of the
21.16	offender health care contract.
21.17	(f) Security
21.18	\$5,250,000 the first year and \$3,935,000 the
21.19	second year are to upgrade critical security
21.20	infrastructure and modernize critical security
21.21	systems. Of the second year amount,
21.22	\$3,335,000 is onetime funding.
21.23	(g) Safety and Security Staff
21.24	\$891,000 the first year and \$1,426,000 the
21.25	second year are to add full-time equivalent
21.26	positions deemed critical to facility safety and
21.27	security.
21.28	(h) Office of Ombudsperson for Corrections
21.29	\$900,000 each year is to reestablish and
21.30	operate the Office of Ombudsperson for
21.31	Corrections.
21.32	(i) Restrictive Housing Reform
22.1	\$844,000 the first year and \$1,688,000 the
22.2	second year are to implement restrictive
22.3	housing reforms that will reduce the risk of
22.4	future misconduct and comply with federal

guidelines and accreditation standards.

(j) Offender Medical Services

22.5

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- 12.29 <u>activity is \$11,240,000 in fiscal year 2022 and</u> 12.30 <u>\$11,241,000 in fiscal year 2023.</u>

- 12.31 **(d) Security**
- 13.1 \$2,000,000 the first year is to upgrade critical security infrastructure and modernize critical
- 13.3 security systems.

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22.7 22.8	\$879,000 the first year and \$2,160,000 the second year are to expand and improve		
22.9	offender medical services.		
22.10	(k) Juvenile Correction Management		
22.11	\$544,000 the first year and \$206,000 the		
22.12	second year are to replace the Juvenile		
22.13	Correctional Management System. These are		
22.14	onetime appropriations.		
22.15	Subd. 3. Community Services	141,145,000	146,459,000
22.16	(a) Base Adjustment		
22.17	To account for the base adjustments provided		
22.18	in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section		
22.19	1, paragraph (a), the base is increased by		
22.20	\$168,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$168,000 in		
22.21	fiscal year 2023.		
22.22	(b) Pretrial Services and Supervision		
22.23	\$617,000 the first year and \$1,234,000 the		
22.24	second year are to provide pretrial services		
22.25	and pretrial supervision to offenders.		
22.26	(c) Community Corrections Act Subsidy		
22.27	\$1,044,000 the first year and \$2,088,000 the		
22.28	second year are added to the Community		
22.29	Corrections Act subsidy, as described in		
22.30	Minnesota Statutes, section 401.14, to provide		
22.31 22.32	pretrial services and pretrial supervision to offenders.		
23.1	\$1,588,000 the first year and \$3,176,000 the		
23.2	second year are added to the Community		
23.3	Corrections Act subsidy, as described in		

Minnesota Statutes, section 401.14, to provide

13.4	Subd. 3. Community Services	130,900,000	131,487,000
13.5	(a) Base Adjustment		
13.6 13.7 13.8 13.9 13.10	To account for the base adjustments provided in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section 1, paragraph (a), the general fund base is increased by \$168,000 in each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023.		
13.11	(b) Health Insurance		
13.12 13.13 13.14	\$311,000 the first year and \$734,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation.		

23.5	intensive supervised release to offenders in
23.6	the community.
23.7	(d) County Probation Officers
23.8	\$64,000 the first year and \$128,000 the second
23.9	year are for county probation officers
23.10	reimbursement as described in Minnesota
23.11	Statutes, section 244.19, subdivision 6, to
23.12	provide pretrial services and pretrial
23.13	supervision to offenders.
23.14	(e) Intensive Supervision Agents
23.15	\$912,000 the first year and \$1,824,000 the
23.16	second year are to increase the number of
23.17	supervision agents for offenders on intensive
23.18	supervised release through the Department of
23.19	Corrections.
23.20	(f) Integrated Offender Case Management
23.21	Services
23.22	\$321,000 the first year and \$831,000 the
23.23	second year are to expand and improve
23.24	integrated offender case management services.
23.25	\$193,000 is added to the base in each of fiscal
23.26	years 2022 and 2023.
23.27	(g) Victim Notification System Replacement
23.28	\$300,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
23.29	second year are to complete the replacement
23.30	of the Department of Corrections' Victim
23.31	Notification System. These appropriations are
23.32	onetime.
23.33	(h) High-Risk Offenders
24.1	\$1,500,000 each year is to provide electronic
24.2	monitoring services and transitional housing
24.3	for high-risk offenders under supervision by
24.4	the Department of Corrections.
24.5	(i) Transportation Services to Children of

Incarcerated Parents

24.7	\$150,000 each year is for grants to nonprofit
24.8	organizations to provide transportation
24.9	services to children of incarcerated parents at
24.10	up to three correctional facilities.
24.11	(i) Culturally Specific Reintegration
24.12	Services for Adult American Indian
24.13	Offenders
24.14	\$425,000 each year is for grants to
24.15	community-based providers to deliver
24.16	culturally specific reintegration services for
24.17	adult American Indian offenders.
24.18	(k) Parenting Skills
24.19	\$425,000 each year is to improve parenting
24.20	skills at four correctional facilities.
24.21	(l) Juvenile Justice Reform
24.22	(1) \$280,000 each year is to provide juvenile
24.23	justice services and resources to Minnesota
24.24	counties.
24.25	(2) \$220,000 each year is for grants to local
24.26	agencies to establish juvenile detention
24.27	alternatives.
24.28	(m) Alternatives to Incarceration
24.29	\$240,000 each year is for grants to counties
24.30	that are not metropolitan counties as defined
24.31	in Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121,
24.32	subdivision 4, to facilitate access to
25.1	community treatment options under the
25.2	alternatives to incarceration program. These
25.3	appropriations are onetime.
25.4	(n) Mental Health Community Supervision
25.5	\$400,000 each year is to award grants to two
25.6	or more counties for establishment of a mental
25.7	health community supervision caseload pilot
25.8	project. These appropriations are onetime.

(o) Exit from Supervised Release

25.9

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31,958,000

33,459,000

25.10	\$200,000 each year is for grants to government
25.11	agencies that supervise offenders placed on
25.12	probation to be used to connect offenders with
25.13	community treatment options including, but
25.14	not limited to, inpatient chemical dependency
25.15	treatment for the purpose of addressing and
25.16	correcting behavior that is, or is likely to result
25.17	in, a violation of the terms and conditions of
25.18	probation. Each fiscal year, these funds are
25.19	available only to entities outside the
25.20	seven-county metropolitan area until March
25.21	15. After March 15, entities inside the
25.22	seven-county metropolitan area also may apply
25.23	for grants. These appropriations are onetime.
25.24	Subd. 4. Operations Support
25.25	(a) Base Adjustment
25.26	To account for the base adjustments provided
25.27	in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section
25.28	1, paragraph (a), the base is increased by
25.29	\$64,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$64,000 in
25.30	fiscal year 2023.
25.31	(b) Critical Technology Needs
26.1	\$3,100,000 the first year and \$4,300,000 the
26.2	second year are to support critical technology
26.3	needs.
26.4	(c) Staff Recruiting
26.5	\$160,000 each year is to fund positions
26.6	responsible for recruiting staff to work for the
26.7	Department of Corrections.
26.9	\$164,000 the first year and \$204,000 the
26.10	second year are for additional staffing

necessitated by changes to criminal vehicular

13.15	Subd. 4.	Operations	Support

28,391,000 28,617,000

13.16 (a) Base Adjustment

13.17 To account for the base adjustments provided in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section

- 13.19 1, paragraph (a), the general fund base is increased by \$64,000 in each of fiscal years
- 2022 and 2023. 13.21
- (b) Health Insurance
- \$122,000 the first year and \$288,000 the
- second year are for health insurance increases.
- 13.25 This is a onetime appropriation.

26.12	homicide and criminal vehicular operation			
26.13	offenses.			
26.19	Sec. 9. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN			
26.20	SERVICES	<u>\$</u>	404,000 \$	461,000
26.21	\$404,000 the first year and \$461,000 the			
26.22	second year are for costs related to petitions			
26.23	for an order of relief from one or more			
26.24	collateral sanctions.			

ARTICLE 16 DISASTER ASSISTANCE

238.26	Section 1. DISASTER ASSISTANCE CONTINGENCY ACCOUNT; TRANSFER.
238.27	\$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 are transferred from
238.28	the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for deposit in the disaster assistance
238.29	contingency account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 12.221, subdivision 6.
238.30	These are onetime transfers.

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2.21	Sec. 3. APPROPRIATION.
2.22	\$62,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$45,000 in fiscal year 2021 are appropriated from the
2.23	state government special revenue fund to the commissioner of health for security screening
2.24	system licensing activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 144.121. The base for this
2.25	appropriation is \$23,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$23,000 in fiscal year 2023.
	50002.2
	S0802-3
13.26	Sec. 16. TRANSFER; DISASTER ASSISTANCE CONTINGENCY ACCOUNT.
13.27	(a) If the fiscal year 2019 final closing balance in the general fund exceeds the closing
13.28	balance projected at the end of the 2019 legislative session by at least \$20,000,000, the
13.29	commissioner of management and budget must transfer \$20,000,000 from the general fund
13.30	to the disaster assistance contingency account established under Minnesota Statutes, section
13.31	12.221, subdivision 6.
14.1	(b) If the fiscal year 2019 final closing balance in the general fund exceeds the closin
14.1	balance projected at the end of the 2019 legislative session by less than \$20,000,000, the
14.2	commissioner of management and budget must transfer an amount equal to the difference
14.3	between the fiscal year 2019 final closing balance and the closing balance projected at the
14.5	end of the 2019 legislative session from the general fund to the disaster assistance
14.6	contingency account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 12.221, subdivision 6.
14.7	(c) If a transfer is required under this section, the transfer must be completed before
14.8	September 30, 2019.

ARTICLE 2 PUBLIC SAFETY

26.26	Subd. 7. Office of Justice Programs	39,580,000	40,036,000	
26.25	Sec. 10. Laws 2017, chapter 95, article 1, section 11, subdivision 7, is amended to read:			
75.7 75.8 75.9 75.10 75.11 75.12 75.13	(d) If the Ramsey County Board of Commissioners authorizes imposition of the additional \$1 surcharge provided for in subdivision 6, paragraph (a), the court administrator in the Second Judicial District shall transmit the surcharge to the commissioner of management and budget. The \$1 special surcharge is deposited in a Ramsey County surcharge account in the special revenue fund and amounts in the account are appropriated to the trial courts for the administration of the petty misdemeanor diversion program operated by the Second Judicial District Ramsey County Violations Bureau.			
75.4 75.5 75.6	(c) In addition to any amounts credited under paragraph (a), the commissioner of management and budget shall credit \$47 of each surcharge received under subdivision 6 and section 97A.065, subdivision 2, and the \$12 parking surcharge, to the general fund.			
75.1 75.2 75.3	(3) 60 (2) 99 percent shall be credited to the general fund. (b) The commissioner of management and budget shall credit \$3 of each surcharge received under subdivision 6 and section 97A.065, subdivision 2, to the general fund.			
74.30 74.31 75.1	(2) 39 percent shall be credited to the peace officers training account in the special revenue fund; and			
74.26 74.27 74.28 74.29	(1) one percent shall be credited to the peace officer training account in the game and fish fund to provide peace officer training for employees of the Department of Natural Resources who are licensed under sections 626.84 to 626.863, and who possess peace officer authority for the purpose of enforcing game and fish laws; and			
74.22 74.23 74.24 74.25	Subd. 7. Disbursement of surcharges by commissioner of management and budget. (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b), (e), and to (d), the commissioner of management and budget shall disburse surcharges received under subdivision 6 and section 97A.065, subdivision 2, as follows:			
74.21	ARTICLE 4 LAW ENFORCEMENT Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 357.021, subd	ivision 7, is amended to read:		
29.22 29.23 29.24	Subd. 6. Annual transfer. In fiscal year 2019 and each year thereafter, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer \$461,000 from the general fund to the community justice reinvestment account.			
29.20 29.21	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 299A.707, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:			

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Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 299A.707, is amended by adding a subdivision

14.10	to read:
14.11 14.12 14.13	Subd. 6. Annual transfer. In fiscal year 2019 and each year thereafter, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer \$461,000 from the general fund to the community justice reinvestment account.
14.14	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 357.021, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
14.15 14.16 14.17 14.18	Subd. 7. Disbursement of surcharges by commissioner of management and budget. (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), the commissioner of management and budget shall disburse surcharges received under subdivision 6 and section 97A.065, subdivision 2, as follows:
14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22	(1) one percent shall be credited to the peace officer training account in the game and fish fund to provide peace officer training for employees of the Department of Natural Resources who are licensed under sections 626.84 to 626.863, and who possess peace officer authority for the purpose of enforcing game and fish laws;
14.23 14.24	(2) $\frac{39}{62}$ percent shall be credited to the peace officers training account in the special revenue fund; and
14.25	(3) 60 37 percent shall be credited to the general fund.
14.26 14.27	(b) The commissioner of management and budget shall credit \$3 of each surcharge received under subdivision 6 and section 97A.065, subdivision 2, to the general fund.
14.28 14.29 14.30	(c) In addition to any amounts credited under paragraph (a), the commissioner of management and budget shall credit \$47 of each surcharge received under subdivision 6 and section 97A.065, subdivision 2, and the \$12 parking surcharge, to the general fund.
15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 15.5 15.6 15.7	(d) If the Ramsey County Board of Commissioners authorizes imposition of the additional \$1 surcharge provided for in subdivision 6, paragraph (a), the court administrator in the Second Judicial District shall transmit the surcharge to the commissioner of management and budget. The \$1 special surcharge is deposited in a Ramsey County surcharge account in the special revenue fund and amounts in the account are appropriated to the trial courts for the administration of the petty misdemeanor diversion program operated by the Second Judicial District Ramsey County Violations Bureau.

26.27	Appro	opriations by Fund		
26.28	General	39,484,000	39,940,000	
26.29 26.30	State Government Special Revenue	96,000	96,000	
26.31	(a) OJP Administration		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
20.31	(a) OJI Aummstratio	on Costs		
27.1	Up to 2.5 percent of the	e grant funds		
27.2	appropriated in this subdivision may be used			
27.3	by the commissioner to administer the grant			
27.4	program.			
27.5	(b) Combating Terror	ism Recruitment		
27.6	\$250,000 each year is f	or grants to local law		
27.7	enforcement agencies to develop strategies			
27.8	and make efforts to combat the recruitment of			
27.9	Minnesota residents by terrorist organizations			
27.10	such as ISIS and al-Shabaab. This is a onetime			
27.11	appropriation.			
27.12	(c) Sex Trafficking Pr	evention Grants		
27.13	\$180,000 each year is f	or grants to state and		
27.14	local units of government for the following			
27.15	purposes:			
27.16	(1) to support new or ex	xisting		
27.17	multijurisdictional enti	ties to investigate sex		
27.18	trafficking crimes; and			
27.19	(2) to provide technical	assistance, including		
27.20	training and case consu	ıltation, to law		
27.21	enforcement agencies s	tatewide.		
27.22	(d) Pathway to Policin	g Reimbursement Gr	ants	
27.23	\$400,000 the second ye	ear is for reimbursemen	ıt	
27.24	grants to local units of government that operate			
27.25	pathway to policing programs intended to			
27.26	bring persons with non	traditional backgrounds	S	
27.27	into law enforcement.	Applicants for		

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27.28	reimbursement grants may receive up to 50
7.29	percent of the cost of compensating and
7.30	training pathway to policing participants.
27.31	Reimbursement grants shall be proportionally
27.32	allocated based on the number of grant
27.33	applications approved by the commissioner.
27.34	This is a onetime appropriation.
28.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
28.2	Sec. 11. TRANSFER.
28.3	\$830,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$825,000 in fiscal year 2021 and annually thereafter
28.4	are appropriated to the commissioner of management and budget for transfer to the driver
28.5	services account in the special revenue fund.
	ARTICLE 17 JUDICIARY APPROPRIATIONS
42.23	Sec. 14. TRANSFER.
42.24	\$10,000 the first year and \$20,000 the second year and annually thereafter are
42.25	appropriated to the commissioner of management and budget for transfer to the special
42.26	revenue fund for use by the displaced homemaker program.
	ARTICLE 1 PUBLIC SAFETY APPROPRIATIONS
28.6	Sec. 12. INTERPRETATION.
28.7	If an appropriation in this act is enacted more than once in the 2019 regular legislative
28.8	session, the appropriation must be given effect only once.