1020.1	ARTICLE 19
1020.2	MISCELLANEOUS
1020.3	Section 1. [10.584] MATERNAL MENTAL HEALTH AWARENESS MONTH.
1020.4	The month of May is designated as Maternal Mental Health Awareness Month in
1020.5	recognition of the state's desire to recognize the prevalence of pregnancy and postpartum
1020.6	mental health issues and educate the people of the state about identifying symptoms and
1020.7	seeking treatment options. Up to one-third of mothers report having symptoms of pregnancy
1020.8	and postpartum mood and anxiety disorders each year. Many more cases go unreported due
1020.9	to misunderstanding. Pregnancy and postpartum mood disorders are widespread but treatable
1020.10	illnesses. Left untreated, pregnancy and postpartum mood and anxiety disorders can lead
1020.11	to negative effects on birth outcomes, infant development, and the well-being of mothers
1020.12	and families. The state declares that in order to educate the public, the governor may promote
1020.13	and encourage the observance of Maternal Mental Health Awareness Month.

ADTICLE 10

1020.14 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.142, is amended to read: 1020.15 124D.142 OUALITY RATING AND IMPROVEMENT SYSTEM.

- (a) There is established a quality rating and improvement system (QRIS) framework to 1020.17 ensure that Minnesota's children have access to high-quality early learning and care programs 1020.18 in a range of settings so that they are fully ready for kindergarten by 2020. Creation of a 1020.19 The standards-based voluntary quality rating and improvement system includes:
- (1) quality opportunities in order to improve the educational outcomes of children so 1020.21 that they are ready for school. The framework shall be based on the Minnesota quality rating 1020.22 system rating tool and a common set of child outcome and program standards and informed 1020.23 by evaluation results;
- (2) a tool to increase the number of publicly funded and regulated early learning and 1020.25 care services in both public and private market programs that are high quality. If a program 1020.26 or provider chooses to participate, the program or provider will be rated and may receive 1020.27 public funding associated with the rating. The state shall develop a plan to link future early 1020.28 learning and care state funding to the framework in a manner that complies with federal 1020.29 requirements; and
- (3) tracking progress toward statewide access to high-quality early learning and care 1020.31 programs, progress toward the number of low-income children whose parents can access 1020.32 quality programs, and progress toward increasing the number of children who are fully 1020.33 prepared to enter kindergarten.

ARTICLE 2:

May 04, 2019

79.18	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.142, is amended to read:
79 19	124D 142 OHALITY RATING AND IMPROVEMENT SYSTEM

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** (a) There is established a quality rating and improvement 79.20 79.21 system (QRIS) framework to ensure that Minnesota's children have access to high-quality early learning and care programs in a range of settings so that they are fully ready for kindergarten by 2020. Creation of a standards-based voluntary quality rating and improvement system includes:

- (1) quality opportunities in order to improve the educational outcomes of children so 79.25 79.26 that they are ready for school. The framework shall be based on the Minnesota quality rating system rating tool and a common set of child outcome and program standards and informed by evaluation results;
- (2) a tool to increase the number of publicly funded and regulated early learning and 79.29 care services in both public and private market programs that are high quality. If a program or provider chooses to participate, the program or provider will be rated and may receive public funding associated with the rating. The state shall develop a plan to link future early learning and care state funding to the framework in a manner that complies with federal 80.2 requirements; and
- (3) tracking progress toward statewide access to high-quality early learning and care 80.3 programs, progress toward the number of low-income children whose parents can access quality programs, and progress toward increasing the number of children who are fully prepared to enter kindergarten.

Article 19 - Miscellaneous

House Language H2414-2

May 04, 2019

Senate Language UEH2414-1

1021.1 (b) In planning a statewide quality rating and improvement system framework in
1021.2 paragraph (a), the state shall use evaluation results of the Minnesota quality rating system
1021.3 rating tool in use in fiscal year 2008 to recommend:
1021.4 (1) a framework of a common set of child outcome and program standards for a voluntary
1021.5 statewide quality rating and improvement system;
1021.6 (2) a plan to link future funding to the framework described in paragraph (a), clause (2);
1021.7 and
1021.0 (2) a plan for how the state will realize a wisting state and federal administrative resources
1021.8 (3) a plan for how the state will realign existing state and federal administrative resources to implement the voluntary quality rating and improvement system framework. The state
1021.10 shall provide the recommendation in this paragraph to the early childhood education finance
1021.11 committees of the legislature by March 15, 2011.
1021.12 (e) Prior to the creation of a statewide quality rating and improvement system in paragraph
1021.13 (a), the state shall employ the Minnesota quality rating system rating tool in use in fiscal
1021.14 year 2008 in the original Minnesota Early Learning Foundation pilot areas and additional
1021.15 pilot areas supported by private or public funds with its modification as a result of the
1021.16 evaluation results of the pilot project.
1021.17 (b) A child care provider who has a quality rating under this section and is disqualified
1021.18 from receiving child care assistance program reimbursement under chapter 119B, as provided
1021.19 under section 256.98, subdivision 8, paragraph (c), must also have the quality rating
1021.20 <u>rescinded</u> .
1021.21 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 124D.165, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Early childhood program eligibility. (a) In order to be eligible to accept an 1021.23 <u>for</u> early learning scholarship <u>funds</u> , a program must:
1021.24 (1) participate in the quality rating and improvement system under section 124D.142;
1021.25 and
1021.26 (2) beginning July 1, 2020, have a three- or four-star rating in the quality rating and
1021.20 (2) 005mining sary 1, 2020, have a time of four sair family in the quality family and

1021.27 improvement system.

30.7 30.8 30.9	(b) In planning a statewide quality rating and improvement system framework in paragraph (a), the state shall use evaluation results of the Minnesota quality rating system rating tool in use in fiscal year 2008 to recommend:
30.10 30.11	(1) a framework of a common set of child outcome and program standards for a voluntary statewide quality rating and improvement system;
30.12 30.13	(2) a plan to link future funding to the framework described in paragraph (a), clause (2); and
30.14 30.15 30.16 30.17	(3) a plan for how the state will realign existing state and federal administrative resources to implement the voluntary quality rating and improvement system framework. The state shall provide the recommendation in this paragraph to the early childhood education finance committees of the legislature by March 15, 2011.
30.18 30.19 30.20 30.21 30.22	(c) Prior to the creation of a statewide quality rating and improvement system in paragraph (a), the state shall employ the Minnesota quality rating system rating tool in use in fiscal year 2008 in the original Minnesota Early Learning Foundation pilot areas and additional pilot areas supported by private or public funds with its modification as a result of the evaluation results of the pilot project.

80.23 Subd. 2. Ratings. (a) All providers that choose to participate in the quality rating and improvement system shall be rated through a formal process that evaluates a common set of child outcome and program standards. No provider shall receive a rating without being evaluated through the formal rating process.

80.27 (b) Failure to comply with licensing requirements for completing training and background studies may result in a one-star reduction of a provider's rating.

80.29 (c) Failure to comply with technical requirements that do not affect the quality of care or early learning programming shall not reduce a provider's rating.

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- 1021.28 (b) Any program accepting scholarships must use the revenue to supplement and not 1021.29 supplant federal funding.
- 1021.30 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), all Minnesota early learning foundation scholarship 1021.31 program pilot sites are eligible to accept an early learning scholarship under this section.
- (d) A program is not eligible for early learning scholarship funds if:
- 1022.1 (1) it is disqualified from receiving payment for child care services from the child care
- 1022.2 assistance program under chapter 119B, as provided under section 256.98, subdivision 8,
- 1022.3 paragraph (c); or
- 1022.4 (2) the commissioner of human services refuses to issue a child care authorization,
- 1022.5 revokes an existing child care authorization, stops payment issued to a program, or refuses
- to pay a bill under section 119B.13, subdivision 6, paragraph (d), clause (2).
- 1022.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019.
- 1022.8 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 125A.515, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 1022.9 Subdivision 1. Approval of on-site education programs. The commissioner shall
- 1022.10 approve on-site education programs for placement of children and youth in residential
- 1022.11 facilities including detention centers, before being licensed by the Department of Human
- 1022.12 Services or the Department of Corrections. Education programs in these facilities shall
- 1022.13 conform to state and federal education laws including the Individuals with Disabilities
- 1022.14 Education Act (IDEA). This section applies only to placements in children's residential
- 1022.15 facilities and psychiatric residential treatment facilities, as defined in section 256B.0625,
- 1022.16 subdivision 45a, licensed by the Department of Human Services or the Department of
- 1022.17 Corrections. For purposes of this section, "on-site education program" means the educational
- 1022.18 services provided directly on the grounds of the children's residential facility or psychiatric
- 1022.19 residential treatment facility to children and youth placed for care and treatment.
- 1022.20 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 125A.515, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 1022.21 Subd. 3. **Responsibilities for providing education.** (a) The district in which the children's
- 1022.22 residential facility or psychiatric residential treatment facility is located must provide
- 1022.23 education services, including special education if eligible, to all students placed in a facility.
- 1022.24 (b) For education programs operated by the Department of Corrections, the providing
- 1022.25 district shall be the Department of Corrections. For students remanded to the commissioner
- 1022.26 of corrections, the providing and resident district shall be the Department of Corrections.
- 1022.27 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 125A.515, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 1022.28 Subd. 4. **Education services required.** (a) Education services must be provided to a
- 1022.29 student beginning within three business days after the student enters the children's residential
- 1022,30 facility or psychiatric residential treatment facility. The first four days of the student's
- 1022.31 placement may be used to screen the student for educational and safety issues.

1023.1 (b) If the student does not meet the eligibility criteria for special education, regular education services must be provided to that student.
1023.3 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 125A.515, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Education programs for students placed in children's residential facilities. (a) When a student is placed in a children's residential facility or psychiatric residential treatment facility under this section that has an on-site education program, the providing district, upon notice from the children's residential facility, must contact the resident district within one business day to determine if a student has been identified as having a disability, and to request at least the student's transcript, and for students with disabilities, the most recent individualized education program (IEP) and evaluation report. The resident district must send a facsimile copy to the providing district within two business days of receiving the request.
1023.13 (b) If a student placed under this section has been identified as having a disability and 1023.14 has an individualized education program in the resident district:
1023.15 (1) the providing agency must conduct an individualized education program meeting to 1023.16 reach an agreement about continuing or modifying special education services in accordance 1023.17 with the current individualized education program goals and objectives and to determine if 1023.18 additional evaluations are necessary; and
1023.19 (2) at least the following people shall receive written notice or documented phone call 1023.20 to be followed with written notice to attend the individualized education program meeting:
1023.21 (i) the person or agency placing the student;
1023.22 (ii) the resident district;
1023.23 (iii) the appropriate teachers and related services staff from the providing district;
1023.24 (iv) appropriate staff from the children's residential facility or psychiatric residential 1023.25 treatment facility;
1023.26 (v) the parents or legal guardians of the student; and
1023.27 (vi) when appropriate, the student.
1023.28 (c) For a student who has not been identified as a student with a disability, a screening 1023.29 must be conducted by the providing districts as soon as possible to determine the student's 1023.30 educational and behavioral needs and must include a review of the student's educational 1023.31 records.
1024.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 125A.515, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Minimum educational services required. When a student is placed in a children's residential facility or psychiatric residential treatment facility under this section, at a minimum, the providing district is responsible for:

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1024.5 (1) the education necessary, including summer school services, for a student who is not 1024.6 performing at grade level as indicated in the education record or IEP; and
1024.7 (2) a school day, of the same length as the school day of the providing district, unless 1024.8 the unique needs of the student, as documented through the IEP or education record in 1024.9 consultation with treatment providers, requires an alteration in the length of the school day.
1024.10 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 125A.515, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Placement, services, and due process. When a student's treatment and 1024.12 educational needs allow, education shall be provided in a regular educational setting. The 1024.13 determination of the amount and site of integrated services must be a joint decision between 1024.14 the student's parents or legal guardians and the treatment and education staff. When 1024.15 applicable, educational placement decisions must be made by the IEP team of the providing 1024.16 district. Educational services shall be provided in conformance with the least restrictive 1024.17 environment principle of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. The providing 1024.18 district and children's residential facility or psychiatric residential treatment facility shall 1024.19 cooperatively develop discipline and behavior management procedures to be used in 1024.20 emergency situations that comply with the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act and other 1024.21 relevant state and federal laws and regulations.
1024.22 Sec. 10. [137.68] ADVISORY COUNCIL ON RARE DISEASES.
Subdivision 1. Establishment. The University of Minnesota is requested to establish 1024.24 an advisory council on rare diseases to provide advice on research, diagnosis, treatment, 1024.25 and education related to rare diseases. For purposes of this section, "rare disease" has the 1024.26 meaning given in United States Code, title 21, section 360bb. The council shall be called 1024.27 the Chloe Barnes Advisory Council on Rare Diseases.
Subd. 2. Membership. (a) The advisory council may consist of public members appointed 1024.29 by the Board of Regents or a designee according to paragraph (b) and four members of the 1024.30 legislature appointed according to paragraph (c).
1024.31 (b) The Board of Regents or a designee is requested to appoint the following public 1024.32 members:
1025.1 (1) three physicians licensed and practicing in the state with experience researching, diagnosing, or treating rare diseases. At least one physician appointed under this clause must be a pediatrician;
1025.4 (2) one registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse licensed and practicing in the state with experience treating rare diseases;
1025.6 (3) at least two hospital administrators, or their designees, from hospitals in the state 1025.7 that provide care to persons diagnosed with a rare disease. One administrator or designee 1025.8 appointed under this clause must represent a hospital in which the scope of service focuses 1025.9 on rare diseases of pediatric patients;

1025.10 (4) three persons age 18 or older who either have a rare disease or are a caregiver of a 1025.11 person with a rare disease;
1025.12 (5) a representative of a rare disease patient organization that operates in the state;
1025.13 (6) a social worker with experience providing services to persons diagnosed with a rare 1025.14 disease;
1025.15 (7) a pharmacist with experience with drugs used to treat rare diseases;
1025.16 (8) a dentist licensed and practicing in the state with experience treating rare diseases;
1025.17 (9) a representative of the biotechnology industry;
1025.18 (10) a representative of health plan companies;
1025.19 (11) a medical researcher with experience conducting research on rare diseases; and
1025.20 (12) a genetic counselor with experience providing services to persons diagnosed with 1025.21 a rare disease or caregivers of those persons.
1025.22 (c) The advisory council shall include two members of the senate, one appointed by the 1025.23 majority leader and one appointed by the minority leader; and two members of the house 1025.24 of representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the house and one appointed by the 1025.25 minority leader.
1025.26 (d) The commissioner of health or a designee, a representative of Mayo Medical School
1025.27 and a representative of the University of Minnesota Medical School, shall serve as ex officion 1025.28 nonvoting members of the advisory council.
1025.28 nonvoting members of the advisory council. 1025.29 (e) Initial appointments to the advisory council shall be made no later than September 1025.30 1, 2019. Members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall serve for a term of three years, 1025.31 except that the initial members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall have an initial 1026.1 term of two, three, or four years determined by lot by the chairperson. Members appointed
1025.28 nonvoting members of the advisory council. 1025.29 (e) Initial appointments to the advisory council shall be made no later than September 1025.30 1, 2019. Members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall serve for a term of three years, 1025.31 except that the initial members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall have an initial term of two, three, or four years determined by lot by the chairperson. Members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall serve until their successors have been appointed. 1026.3 Subd. 3. Meetings. The Board of Regents or a designee is requested to convene the first meeting of the advisory council no later than October 1, 2019. The advisory council shall
1025.28 nonvoting members of the advisory council. 1025.29 (e) Initial appointments to the advisory council shall be made no later than September 1025.30 1, 2019. Members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall serve for a term of three years, 1025.31 except that the initial members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall have an initial term of two, three, or four years determined by lot by the chairperson. Members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall serve until their successors have been appointed. 1026.3 Subd. 3. Meetings. The Board of Regents or a designee is requested to convene the first meeting of the advisory council no later than October 1, 2019. The advisory council shall meet at the call of the chairperson or at the request of a majority of advisory council member

1026.13 (ii) identifying best practices for rare disease care implemented in other states, at the 1026.14 national level, and at the international level, that will improve rare disease care in the state
1026.15 and seeking opportunities to partner with similar organizations in other states and countries;
1026.16 (iii) identifying problems faced by patients with a rare disease when changing health 1026.17 plans, including recommendations on how to remove obstacles faced by these patients to 1026.18 finding a new health plan and how to improve the ease and speed of finding a new health 1026.19 plan that meets the needs of patients with a rare disease; and
1026.20 (iv) identifying best practices to ensure health care providers are adequately informed 1026.21 of the most effective strategies for recognizing and treating rare diseases; and
1026.22 (2) advising, consulting, and cooperating with the Department of Health, the Advisory 1026.23 Committee on Heritable and Congenital Disorders, and other agencies of state government 1026.24 in developing information and programs for the public and the health care community 1026.25 relating to diagnosis, treatment, and awareness of rare diseases.
1026.26 (b) The advisory council shall collect additional topic areas for study and evaluation 1026.27 from the general public. In order for the advisory council to study and evaluate a topic, the 1026.28 topic must be approved for study and evaluation by the advisory council.
1026.29 Subd. 5. Conflict of interest. Advisory council members are subject to the Board of 1026.30 Regents policy on conflicts of interest.
Subd. 6. Annual report. By January 1 of each year, beginning January 1, 2020, the 1026.32 advisory council shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over higher education and health care policy on the advisory council's activities under subdivision 4 and other issues on which the advisory council may choose to report.
1027.4 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.05, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:
Subd. 1c. Rate increases. An agency may not increase the rates negotiated for housing support above those in effect on June 30, 1993, except as provided in paragraphs (a) to (f).
1027.7 (a) An agency may increase the rates for room and board to the MSA equivalent rate 1027.8 for those settings whose current rate is below the MSA equivalent rate.
(b) An agency may increase the rates for residents in adult foster care whose difficulty 1027.10 of care has increased. The total housing support rate for these residents must not exceed the 1027.11 maximum rate specified in subdivisions 1 and 1a. Agencies must not include nor increase 1027.12 difficulty of care rates for adults in foster care whose difficulty of care is eligible for funding 1027.13 by home and community-based waiver programs under title XIX of the Social Security Act.
1027.14 (c) The room and board rates will be increased each year when the MSA equivalent rate 1027.15 is adjusted for SSI cost-of-living increases by the amount of the annual SSI increase, less 1027.16 the amount of the increase in the medical assistance personal needs allowance under section 1027.17 256B.35.

House Language H2414-2

1027.18	(d) When housing support pays for an individual's room and board, or other costs
1027.19 neces	sary to provide room and board, the rate payable to the residence must continue for
1027.20 up to	18 calendar days per incident that the person is temporarily absent from the residence
1027.21 not to	exceed 60 days in a calendar year, if the absence or absences have received the prior
1027.22 appro	wal of the county agency's social service staff. Prior approval is not required for
1027.23 emers	gency absences due to crisis, illness, or injury.

- 1027.24 (e) For facilities meeting substantial change criteria within the prior year. Substantial 1027.25 change criteria exists if the establishment experiences a 25 percent increase or decrease in 1027.26 the total number of its beds, if the net cost of capital additions or improvements is in excess 1027.27 of 15 percent of the current market value of the residence, or if the residence physically 1027.28 moves, or changes its licensure, and incurs a resulting increase in operation and property 1027.29 costs.
- (f) Until June 30, 1994, an agency may increase by up to five percent the total rate paid 1027.31 for recipients of assistance under sections 256D.01 to 256D.21 or 256D.33 to 256D.54 who 1027.32 reside in residences that are licensed by the commissioner of health as a boarding care home, 1027.33 but are not certified for the purposes of the medical assistance program. However, an increase under this clause must not exceed an amount equivalent to 65 percent of the 1991 medical assistance reimbursement rate for nursing home resident class A, in the geographic grouping in which the facility is located, as established under Minnesota Rules, parts 9549.0051 to 9549.0058.
- 1028.5 (g) An agency may increase the rates by \$100 per month for residents in settings under 1028.6 sections 144D.025 and 256I.04, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), clause (2).

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386.26 386.27	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 525A.11, is amended to read: 525A.11 PERSONS THAT MAY RECEIVE ANATOMICAL GIFT; PURPOSE
386.28	OF ANATOMICAL GIFT.
386.29	(a) An anatomical gift may be made to the following persons named in the document
386.30	of gift:
387.1	(1) a hospital; accredited medical school, dental school, college, or university; organ
387.2	procurement organization; or nonprofit organization in medical education or research, for
387.3	research or education;
387.4	(2) subject to paragraph (b), an individual designated by the person making the anatomical
387.5	gift if the individual is the recipient of the part; and
387.6	(3) an eye bank or tissue bank.

Senate Language UEH2414-1

87.7 87.8	(b) If an anatomical gift to an individual under paragraph (a), clause (2), cannot be transplanted into the individual, the part passes in accordance with paragraph (g) in the
87.9	absence of an express, contrary indication by the person making the anatomical gift.
87.10	
87.10	(c) If an anatomical gift of one or more specific parts or of all parts is made in a document of gift that does not name a person described in paragraph (a) but identifies the purpose for
87.12	which an anatomical gift may be used, the following rules apply:
87.13	(1) if the part is an eye and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy, the
87.14	gift passes to the appropriate eye bank;
87.15	(2) if the part is tissue and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy, the
87.16	gift passes to the appropriate tissue bank;
87.17	(3) if the part is an organ and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy,
87.18	the gift passes to the appropriate organ procurement organization as custodian of the organ;
87.19	and
87.20	(4) if the part is an organ, an eye, or tissue and the gift is for the purpose of research or
87.21	education, the gift passes to the appropriate procurement organization.
87.22	(d) For the number of newscraph (e) if there is more than one numbers of an enotomical
87.23	(d) For the purpose of paragraph (c), if there is more than one purpose of an anatomical gift set forth in the document of gift but the purposes are not set forth in any priority, the
87.24	gift must be used for transplantation or therapy, if suitable. If the gift cannot be used for
87.25	transplantation or therapy, the gift may be used for research or education.
87.26 87.27	(e) If an anatomical gift of one or more specific parts is made in a document of gift that does not name a person described in paragraph (a) and does not identify the purpose of the
87.28	gift, the gift may be used only for transplantation or therapy, and the gift passes in accordance
87.29	with paragraph (g).
87.30 87.31	(f) If a document of gift specifies only a general intent to make an anatomical gift by words such as "donor," "organ donor," or "body donor," or by a symbol or statement of
88.1	similar import, the gift may be used only for transplantation or therapy, and the gift passes
88.2	in accordance with paragraph (g).
88.3	(g) For purposes of paragraphs (b), (e), and (f), the following rules apply:
88.4	(1) if the part is an eye, the gift passes to the appropriate eye bank;
88.5	(2) if the part is tissue, the gift passes to the appropriate tissue bank; and
88.6	(3) if the part is an organ, the gift passes to the appropriate organ procurement
88.7	organization as custodian of the organ.
88.8	(h) An anatomical gift of an organ for transplantation or therapy, other than an anatomical
88.9	gift under paragraph (a), clause (2), passes to the organ procurement organization as custodian
88 10	of the organ

Senate Language UEH2414-1

388.11	(i) If an anatomical gift does not pass pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (h) or the decedent's
388.12	body or part is not used for transplantation, therapy, research, or education, custody of the
388.13	body or part passes to the person under obligation to dispose of the body or part.
388.14	(j) A person may not accept an anatomical gift if the person knows that the gift was not
388.15	effectively made under section 525A.05 or 525A.10 or if the person knows that the decedent
388.16	made a refusal under section 525A.07 that was not revoked. For purposes of this paragraph,
388.17	if a person knows that an anatomical gift was made on a document of gift, the person is
388.18	deemed to know of any amendment or revocation of the gift or any refusal to make an
388.19	anatomical gift on the same document of gift.
388.20	(k) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a), clause (2), nothing in this chapter
388.21	affects the allocation of organs for transplantation or therapy.
388.22	(1) For purposes of paragraphs (c), clauses (1) and (4), and (g), no gift of an eye or a par
388.23	of an eye shall be directly or indirectly processed by or distributed to a for profit entity, and
388 24	no gift shall be sold or distributed for profit